

**2000  
Data Handbook**



**PHILIPS**

*Let's make things better.*

## **QUALITY ASSURED**

Our quality system focuses on the continuing high quality of our components and the best possible service for our customers. We have a three-sided quality strategy: we apply a system of total quality control and assurance; we operate customer-oriented dynamic improvement programmes; and we promote a partnering relationship with our customers and suppliers.

## **PRODUCT SAFETY**

In striving for state-of-the-art perfection, we continuously improve components and processes with respect to environmental demands. Our components offer no hazard to the environment in normal use when operated or stored within the limits specified in the data sheet.

Some components unavoidably contain substances that, if exposed by accident or misuse, are potentially hazardous to health. Users of these components are informed of the danger by warning notices in the data sheets supporting the components. Where necessary the warning notices also indicate safety precautions to be taken and disposal instructions to be followed. Obviously users of these components, in general the set-making industry, assume responsibility towards the consumer with respect to safety matters and environmental demands.

All used or obsolete components should be disposed of according to the regulations applying at the disposal location. Depending on the location, electronic components are considered to be 'chemical', 'special' or sometimes 'industrial' waste. Disposal as domestic waste is usually not permitted.



# Soft Ferrites and Accessories

## CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTION	4
QUALITY	12
ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS OF SOFT FERRITES	19
ORDERING INFORMATION	20
APPLICATIONS	21
LITERATURE AND REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS	60
FERRITE MATERIALS SURVEY AND SPECIFICATIONS	63
– Ferrite materials survey	65
– Ferrite materials specifications	67
E CORES AND ACCESSORIES	147
PLANAR E CORES	255
EC CORES AND ACCESSORIES	313
EFD CORES AND ACCESSORIES	331
EP CORES AND ACCESSORIES	361
EQ CORES AND ACCESSORIES	391
ER CORES AND ACCESSORIES	397
ETD CORES AND ACCESSORIES	421
FRAME AND BAR CORES AND ACCESSORIES	447
INTEGRATED INDUCTIVE COMPONENTS	463

P, P/I, PT AND PTS CORES AND ACCESSORIES	471
PH CORES	559
PQ CORES AND ACCESSORIES	565
RM, RM/I AND RM/ILP CORES AND ACCESSORIES	587
U, I CORES AND ACCESSORIES	675
UR CORES AND ACCESSORIES	699
EMI-SUPPRESSION PRODUCTS	705
– Bobbin cores (BC)	707
– Cable shields (CS, CSU, CSF)	709
– EMI-suppression beads (BD)	715
– EMI-suppression beads on wire (BDW)	716
– Multihole cores (MHC, MHB, MHR)	717
– Multilayer suppressors (MLS)	719
– Rods (ROD)	729
– SMD beads (BDS)	730
– SMD common mode chokes (CMS)	735
– SMD wideband chokes (WBS)	742
– Tubes (TUB)	747
– Wideband chokes (WBC)	748
FERRITE RING CORES (TOROIDS)	753
IRON POWDER RING CORES (TOROIDS)	825
SPECIALTY FERRITES	835
– Machined ferrites	837
– Ferrites for particle accelerators	839




## DATA SHEET STATUS DEFINITIONS

DATA SHEET STATUS	PRODUCT STATUS	DEFINITIONS
Preliminary specification	Development	This data sheet contains preliminary data. Philips Components reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.
Product specification	Production	This data sheet contains final specifications. Philips Components reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.

## DISCLAIMER

**Life support applications** — These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips Components customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips Components for any damages resulting from such application.

## PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

STATUS	INDICATION	DEFINITION
Prototype		These are products that have been made as development samples for the purposes of technical evaluation only. The data for these types is provisional and is subject to change.
Design-in		These products are recommended for new designs.
Preferred		These products are recommended for use in current designs and are available via our sales channels.
Support		These products are <b>not</b> recommended for new designs and may not be available through all of our sales channels. Customers are advised to check for availability.



## Soft Ferrites

## Introduction

### THE NATURE OF SOFT FERRITES

#### Composition

Ferrites are dark grey or black ceramic materials. They are very hard, brittle and chemically inert. Most modern magnetically soft ferrites have a cubic (spinel) structure.

The general composition of such ferrites is  $\text{MeFe}_2\text{O}_4$  where Me represents one or several of the divalent transition metals such as manganese (Mn), zinc (Zn), nickel (Ni), cobalt (Co), copper (Cu), iron (Fe) or magnesium (Mg).

The most popular combinations are manganese and zinc (MnZn) or nickel and zinc (NiZn). These compounds exhibit good magnetic properties below a certain temperature, called the Curie Temperature ( $T_C$ ). They can easily be magnetized and have a rather high intrinsic resistivity. These materials can be used up to very high frequencies without laminating, as is the normal requirement for magnetic metals.

NiZn ferrites have a very high resistivity and are most suitable for frequencies over 1 MHz, however, MnZn ferrites exhibit higher permeability ( $\mu_i$ ) and saturation induction levels ( $B_s$ ) and are suitable up to 3 MHz.

For certain special applications, single crystal ferrites can be produced, but the majority of ferrites are manufactured as polycrystalline ceramics.

#### Manufacturing process

The following description of the production process is typical for the manufacture of our range of soft ferrites, which is marketed under the trade name 'Ferroxcube'.

#### RAW MATERIALS

The raw materials used are oxides or carbonates of the constituent metals. The final material grade determines the necessary purity of the raw materials used, which, as a result is reflected in the overall cost.

#### PROPORTIONS OF THE COMPOSITION

The base materials are weighed into the correct proportions required for the final composition.

#### MIXING

The powders are mixed to obtain a uniform distribution of the components.

#### PRE-SINTERING

The mixed oxides are calcined at approximately 1000 °C. A solid state reaction takes place between the constituents and, at this stage, a ferrite is already formed.

Pre-sintering is not essential but provides a number of advantages during the remainder of the production process.

#### MILLING AND GRANULATION

The pre-sintered material is milled to a specific particle size, usually in a slurry with water. A small proportion of organic binder is added, and then the slurry is spray-dried to form granules suitable for the forming process.

#### FORMING

Most ferrite parts are formed by pressing. The granules are poured into a suitable die and then compressed. The organic binder acts in a similar way to an adhesive and a so-called 'green' product is formed. It is still very fragile and requires sintering to obtain the final ferrite properties.

For some products, for example, long rods or tubes, the material is mixed into a dough and extruded through a suitable orifice. The final products are cut to the required length before or after sintering.

#### SINTERING

The 'green' cores are loaded on refractory plates and sintered at a temperature between 1150 °C and 1300 °C depending on the ferrite grade. A linear shrinkage of up to 20% (50% in volume) takes place. The sintering may take place in tunnel kilns having a fixed temperature and atmosphere distribution or in box kilns where temperature and atmosphere are computer controlled as a function of time. The latter type is more suitable for high grade ferrites which require a very stringent control in conditions.

#### FINISHING

After sintering, the ferrite core has the required magnetic properties. It can easily be magnetized by an external field (see Fig.2), exhibiting the well-known hysteresis effect (see Fig.1). Dimensions are typically within 2% of nominal due to 10- 20% shrinkage. If this tolerance is too large or if some surfaces require a smooth finish (e.g. mating faces between core halves) a grinding operation is necessary. Usually diamond-coated wheels are used. For high permeability materials, very smooth, lapped, mating surfaces are required. If an air-gap is required in the application, it may be provided by centre pole grinding.

**Magnetism in ferrites**

A sintered ferrite consists of small crystals, typically 10 to 20  $\mu\text{m}$  in dimension. Domains exist within these crystals (Weiss domains) in which the molecular magnets are already aligned (ferrimagnetism). When a driving magnetic field (H) is applied to the material the domains progressively align with it, as shown in Fig.2.

During this magnetization process energy barriers have to be overcome. Therefore the magnetization will always lag behind the field. A so-called hysteresis loop (see Fig.1) is the result.

If the resistance against magnetization is small, a large induced flux will result at a given magnetic field. The value of the permeability is high. The shape of the hysteresis loop also has a marked influence on other properties, for example power losses.

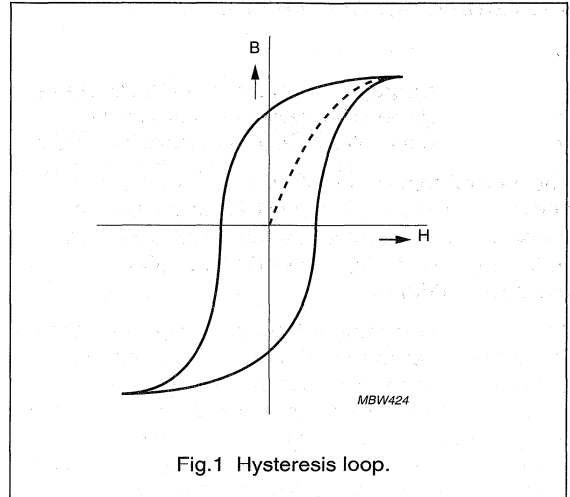


Fig.1 Hysteresis loop.

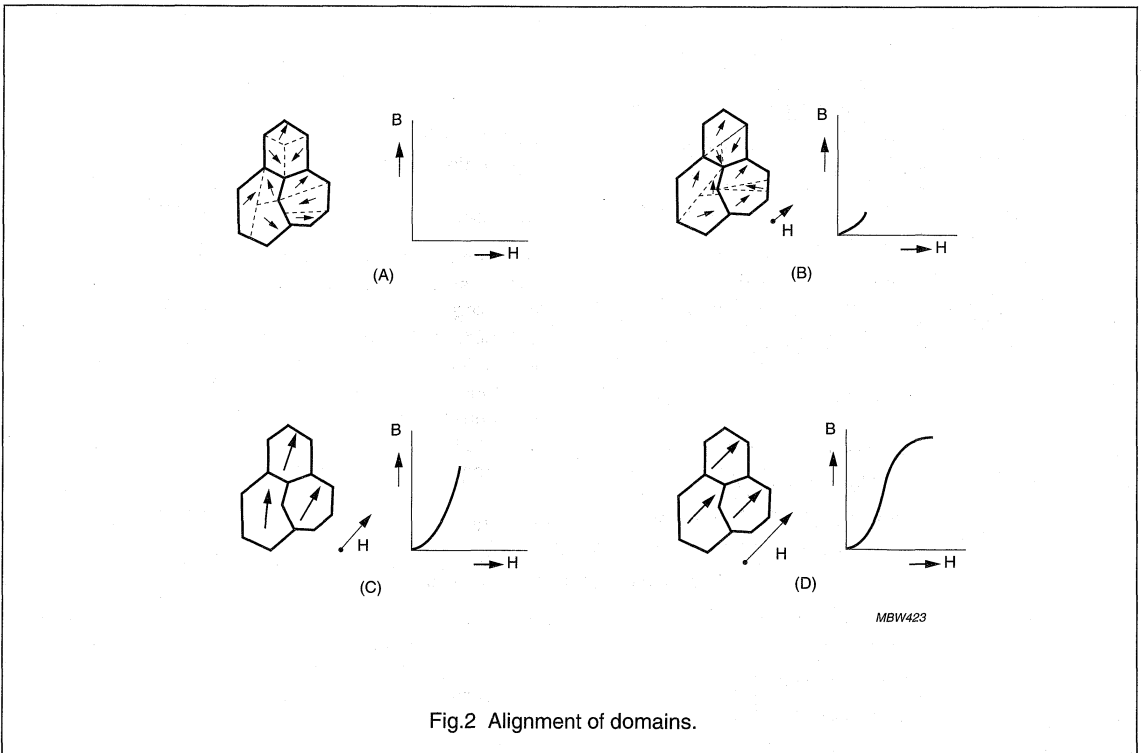


Fig.2 Alignment of domains.

## EXPLANATION OF TERMS AND FORMULAE

## Symbols and units

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
$A_e$	effective cross-sectional area of a core	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum cross-sectional area of a core	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_L$	inductance factor	nH
$B$	magnetic flux density	T
$B_r$	remanence	T
$B_s$	saturation flux density	T
$\hat{B}$	peak flux density	T
$C$	capacitance	F
$D_F$	disaccommodation factor	–
$f$	frequency	Hz
$G$	gap length	μm
$H$	magnetic field strength	A/m
$H_c$	coercivity	A/m
$\hat{H}$	peak magnetic field strength	A/m
$I$	current	A
$l_e$	effective magnetic path length	mm
$L$	inductance	H
$N$	number of turns	–
$P_v$	specific power loss of core material	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$Q$	quality factor	–
$T_c$	Curie temperature	°C
$V_e$	effective volume of core	mm <sup>3</sup>
$\alpha_F$	temperature factor of permeability	K <sup>-1</sup>
$\frac{\tan \delta}{\mu_i}$	loss factor	–
$\eta_B$	hysteresis material constant	T <sup>-1</sup>
$\mu$	absolute permeability	–
$\mu_0$	magnetic constant ( $4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ )	Hm <sup>-1</sup>
$\mu_s'$	real component of complex series permeability	–
$\mu_s''$	imaginary component of complex series permeability	–
$\mu_a$	amplitude permeability	–
$\mu_e$	effective permeability	–
$\mu_i$	initial permeability	–
$\mu_r$	relative permeability	–
$\mu_\Delta$	incremental permeability	–
$\rho$	resistivity	Ωm
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	mm <sup>-1</sup>



**Definition of terms**

**PERMEABILITY**

When a magnetic field is applied to a soft magnetic material, the resulting flux density is composed of that of free space plus the contribution of the aligned domains.

$$B = \mu_0 H + J \quad \text{or} \quad B = \mu_0 (H + M) \quad (1)$$

where  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7}$  H/m, J is the magnetic polarization and M is the magnetization.

The ratio of flux density and applied field is called absolute permeability.

$$\frac{B}{H} = \mu_0 \left( 1 + \frac{M}{H} \right) = \mu_{\text{absolute}} \quad (2)$$

It is usual to express this absolute permeability as the product of the magnetic constant of free space and the relative permeability ( $\mu_r$ ).

$$\frac{B}{H} = \mu_0 \mu_r \quad (3)$$

Since there are several versions of  $\mu_r$  depending on conditions the index 'r' is generally removed and replaced by the applicable symbol e.g.  $\mu_i$ ,  $\mu_a$ ,  $\mu_\Delta$  etc.

**INITIAL PERMEABILITY**

The initial permeability is measured in a closed magnetic circuit (ring core) using a very low field strength.

$$\mu_i = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \times \frac{\Delta B}{\Delta H} \quad (\Delta H \rightarrow 0) \quad (4)$$

Initial permeability is dependent on temperature and frequency.

**EFFECTIVE PERMEABILITY**

If the air-gap is introduced in a closed magnetic circuit, magnetic polarization becomes more difficult. As a result, the flux density for a given magnetic field strength is lower.

Effective permeability is dependent on the initial permeability of the soft magnetic material and the dimensions of air-gap and circuit.

$$\mu_e = \frac{\mu_i}{1 + \frac{G \times \mu_i}{l_e}} \quad (5)$$

where G is the gap length and  $l_e$  is the effective length of magnetic circuit. This simple formula is a good approximation only for small air-gaps. For longer air-gaps some flux will cross the gap outside its normal area (stray flux) causing an increase of the effective permeability.

**AMPLITUDE PERMEABILITY**

The relationship between higher field strength and flux densities without the presence of a bias field, is given by the amplitude permeability.

$$\mu_a = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \times \frac{\hat{B}}{\hat{H}} \quad (6)$$

Since the BH loop is far from linear, values depend on the applied field peak strength.

**INCREMENTAL PERMEABILITY**

The permeability observed when an alternating magnetic field is superimposed on a static bias field, is called the incremental permeability.

$$\mu_\Delta = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \left[ \frac{\Delta B}{\Delta H} \right]_{H_{DC}} \quad (7)$$

If the amplitude of the alternating field is negligibly small, the permeability is then called the reversible permeability ( $\mu_{\text{rev}}$ ).

**COMPLEX PERMEABILITY**

A coil consisting of windings on a soft magnetic core will never be an ideal inductance with a phase angle of 90°. There will always be losses of some kind, causing a phase shift, which can be represented by a series or parallel resistance as shown in Figs 3 and 4.

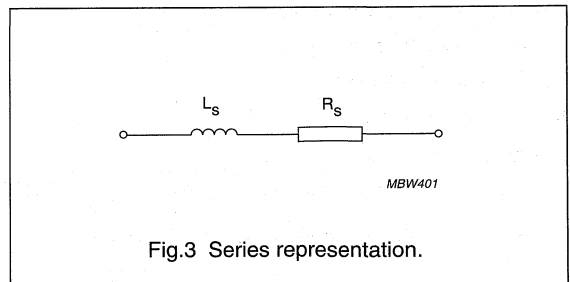


Fig.3 Series representation.

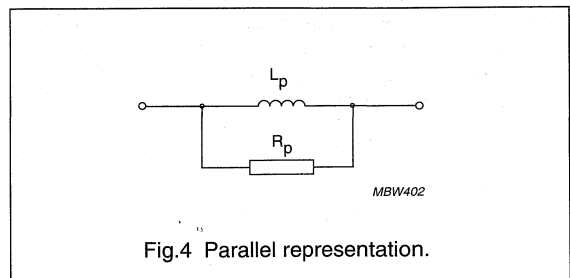


Fig.4 Parallel representation.

For series representation

$$\bar{Z} = j\omega L_s + R_s \quad (8)$$

and for parallel representation,

$$\bar{Z} = \frac{1}{1/(j\omega L_p) + 1/R_p} \quad (9)$$

the magnetic losses are accounted for if a resistive term is added to the permeability.

$$\mu = \mu'_s - j\mu''_s \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{1}{\mu'_p} - \frac{j}{\mu''_p} \quad (10)$$

The phase shift caused by magnetic losses is given by:

$$\tan \delta_m = \frac{R_s}{\omega L_s} = \frac{\mu''_s}{\mu'_s} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\omega L_p}{R_p} = \frac{\mu'_p}{\mu''_p} \quad (11)$$

For calculations on inductors and also to characterize ferrites, the series representation is generally used ( $\mu'_s$  and  $\mu''_s$ ). In some applications e.g. signal transformers, the use of the parallel representation ( $\mu'_p$  and  $\mu''_p$ ) is more convenient.

The relationship between the representations is given by:

$$\mu'_p = \mu'_s(1 + \tan^2 \delta^2) \quad \text{and} \quad \mu''_p = \mu''_s \left(1 + \frac{1}{\tan^2 \delta^2}\right) \quad (12)$$

**LOSS FACTOR**

The magnetic losses which cause the phase shift can be split up into three components:

1. Hysteresis losses
2. Eddy current losses
3. Residual losses.

This gives the formula:

$$\tan \delta_m = \tan \delta_h + \tan \delta_r + \tan \delta_e \quad (13)$$

Figure 5 shows the magnetic losses as a function of frequency.

Hysteresis losses vanish at very low field strengths. Eddy current losses increase with frequency and are negligible at very low frequency. The remaining part is called residual loss. It can be proven that for a gapped magnetic circuit, the following relationship is valid:

$$\frac{(\tan \delta_m)_{\text{gapped}}}{\mu_e - 1} = \frac{\tan \delta_m}{\mu_i - 1} \quad (14)$$

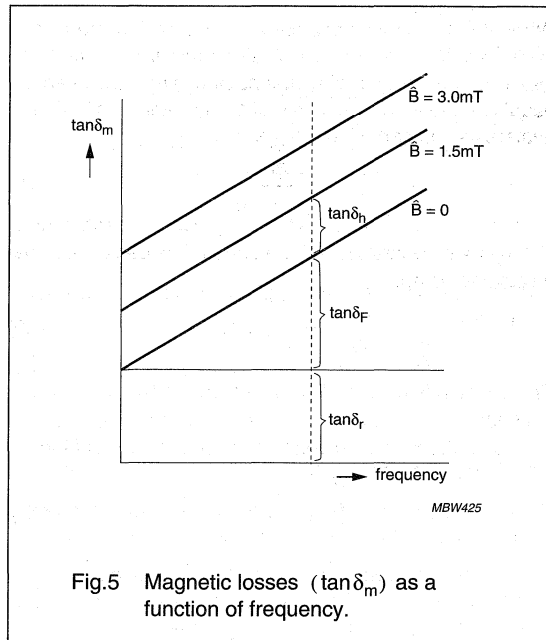


Fig.5 Magnetic losses ( $\tan \delta_m$ ) as a function of frequency.

Since  $\mu_i$  and  $\mu_e$  are usually much greater than 1, a good approximation is:

$$\frac{(\tan \delta_m)_{\text{gapped}}}{\mu_e} = \frac{\tan \delta_m}{\mu_i} \quad (15)$$

From this formula, the magnetic losses in a gapped circuit can be derived from:

$$(\tan \delta_m)_{\text{gapped}} = \frac{\tan \delta_m}{\mu_i} \times \mu_e \quad (16)$$

Normally, the index 'm' is dropped when material properties are discussed:

$$(\tan \delta)_{\text{gapped}} = \frac{\tan \delta}{\mu_i} \times \mu_e \quad (17)$$

In material specifications, the loss factor ( $\tan \delta / \mu_i$ ) is used to describe the magnetic losses. These include residual and eddy current losses, but not hysteresis losses.

For inductors used in filter applications, the quality factor (Q) is often used as a measure of performance. It is defined as:

$$Q = \frac{1}{\tan \delta} = \frac{\omega L}{R_{\text{tot}}} = \frac{\text{reactance}}{\text{total resistance}} \quad (18)$$

The total resistance includes the effective resistance of the winding at the design frequency.

## HYSTERESIS MATERIAL CONSTANT

When the flux density of a core is increased, hysteresis losses are more noticeable. Their contribution to the total losses can be obtained by means of two measurements, usually at the induction levels of 1.5 mT and 3 mT. The hysteresis constant is found from:

$$\eta_B = \frac{\Delta \tan \delta_m}{\mu_e \times \Delta \hat{B}} \quad (19)$$

The hysteresis loss factor for a certain flux density can be calculated using:

$$\frac{\tan \delta_h}{\mu_e} = \eta_B \times \hat{B} \quad (20)$$

This formula is also the IEC definition for the hysteresis constant.

## EFFECTIVE CORE DIMENSIONS

To facilitate calculations on a non-uniform soft magnetic cores, a set of effective dimensions is given on each data sheet. These dimensions, effective area ( $A_e$ ), effective length ( $l_e$ ) and effective volume ( $V_e$ ) define a hypothetical ring core which would have the same magnetic properties as the non-uniform core.

The reluctance of the ideal ring core would be:

$$\frac{l_e}{\mu \times A_e} \quad (21)$$

For the non-uniform core shapes, this is usually written as:

$$\frac{1}{\mu_e} \times \Sigma \frac{l}{A} \quad (22)$$

the core factor divided by the permeability. The inductance of the core can now be calculated using this core factor:

$$L = \frac{\mu_0 \times N^2}{\frac{1}{\mu_e} \times \Sigma \frac{l}{A}} = \frac{1.257 \times 10^{-9} \times N^2}{\frac{1}{\mu_e} \times \Sigma \frac{l}{A}} \text{ (in H)} \quad (23)$$

The effective area is used to calculate the flux density in a core,

for sine wave:

$$\hat{B} = \frac{U \sqrt{2} \times 10^9}{\omega A_e N} = \frac{2.25 U \times 10^8}{f N A_e} \text{ (in mT)} \quad (24)$$

for square wave:

$$\hat{B} = \frac{0.25 \dot{U} \times 10^9}{f N A_e} \text{ (in mT)} \quad (25)$$

where:

$A_e$  is the effective area in  $\text{mm}^2$ .

$U$  is the voltage in V

$f$  is the frequency in Hz

$N$  is the number of turns.

The magnetic field strength ( $H$ ) is calculated using the effective length ( $l_e$ ):

$$\hat{H} = \frac{IN \sqrt{2}}{l_e} \text{ (A/m)} \quad (26)$$

If the cross-sectional area of a core is non-uniform, there will always be a point where the real cross-section is minimal. This value is known as  $A_{\min}$  and is used to calculate the maximum flux density in a core. A well designed ferrite core avoids a large difference between  $A_e$  and  $A_{\min}$ . Narrow parts of the core could saturate or cause much higher hysteresis losses.

INDUCTANCE FACTOR ( $A_L$ )

To make the calculation of the inductance of a coil easier, the inductance factor, known as the  $A_L$  value, is given in each data sheet (in nano Henry). The inductance of the core is defined as:

$$L = N^2 \times A_L \text{ (nH)} \quad (27)$$

The value is calculated using the core factor and the effective permeability:

$$A_L = \frac{\mu_0 \mu_e \times 10^6}{\Sigma(l/A)} = \frac{1.257 \mu_e}{\Sigma(l/A)} \text{ (nH)} \quad (28)$$

MAGNETIZATION CURVES ( $H_c$ ,  $B_R$ ,  $B_s$ )

If an alternating field is applied to a soft magnetic material, a hysteresis loop is obtained. For very high field strengths, the maximum attainable flux density is reached. This is known as the saturation flux density ( $B_s$ ).

If the field is removed, the material returns to a state where, depending on the material grade, a certain flux density remains. This the remanent flux density ( $B_r$ ).

This remanent flux returns to zero for a certain negative field strength which is referred to a coercivity ( $H_c$ ).

These points are clearly shown in Fig.6.



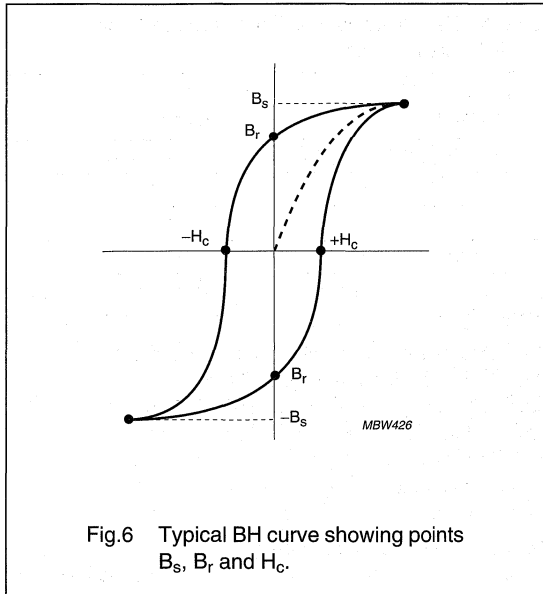


Fig.6 Typical BH curve showing points  $B_s$ ,  $B_r$  and  $H_c$ .

#### TEMPERATURE DEPENDENCE OF THE PERMEABILITY

The permeability of a ferrite is a function of temperature. It generally increases with temperature to a maximum value and then drops sharply to a value of 1. The temperature at which this happens is called the Curie temperature ( $T_c$ ). Typical curves of our grades are given in the material data section.

For filter applications, the temperature dependence of the permeability is a very important parameter. A filter coil should be designed in such a way that the combination it forms with a high quality capacitor results in an LC filter with excellent temperature stability.

The temperature coefficient (TC) of the permeability is given by:

$$TC = \frac{(\mu_i)_{T_2} - (\mu_i)_{T_1}}{(\mu_i)_{T_1}} \times \frac{1}{T_2 - T_1} \quad (29)$$

For a gapped magnetic circuit, the influence of the permeability temperature dependence is reduced by the factor  $\mu_e/\mu_i$ . Hence:

$$TC_{\text{gap}} = \frac{\mu_e}{(\mu_i)_{T_1}} \times \frac{(\mu_i)_{T_2} - (\mu_i)_{T_1}}{(\mu_i)_{T_1}^2} \times \frac{1}{T_2 - T_1} \quad (30)$$

$$= \mu_e \times \alpha_F$$

So  $\alpha_F$  is defined as:

$$\alpha_F = \frac{(\mu_i)_{T_2} - (\mu_i)_{T_1}}{(\mu_i)_{T_1}^2} \times \frac{1}{T_2 - T_1} \quad (31)$$

Or, to be more precise, if the change in permeability over the specified area is rather large:

$$\alpha_F = \frac{(\mu_i)_{T_2} - (\mu_i)_{T_1}}{(\mu_i)_{T_1} \times (\mu_i)_{T_2}} \times \frac{1}{T_2 - T_1} \quad (32)$$

The temperature factors for several temperature trajectories of the grades intended for filter applications are given in the material specifications. They offer a simple means to calculate the temperature coefficient of any coil made with these ferrites.

#### TIME STABILITY

When a soft magnetic material is given a magnetic or thermal disturbance, the permeability rises suddenly and then decreases slowly with time. For a defined time interval, this 'disaccommodation' can be expressed as:

$$D = \frac{\mu_1 - \mu_2}{\mu_1} \quad (33)$$

The decrease of permeability appears to be almost proportional to the logarithm of time. For this reason, IEC has defined a disaccommodation coefficient:

$$d = \frac{\mu_1 - \mu_2}{\mu_1 \times \log(t_2/t_1)} \quad (34)$$

As with temperature dependence, the influence of disaccommodation on the inductance drift of a coil will be reduced by  $\mu_e/\mu_i$ .

Therefore, a disaccommodation factor  $D_F$  is defined:

$$D_F = \frac{d}{\mu_i} = \frac{\mu_1 - \mu_2}{\mu_i^2 \times \log(t_2/t_1)} \quad (35)$$

The variability with time of a coil can now be predicted by:

$$\frac{L_1 - L_2}{L_1} = \mu_e \times D_F \quad (36)$$

## Soft Ferrites

## Introduction

## RESISTIVITY

Ferrite is a semiconductor with a DC resistivity in the crystallites of the order of  $10^{-3} \Omega\text{m}$  for a MnZn type ferrite, and about  $30 \Omega\text{m}$  for a NiZn ferrite.

Since there is an isolating layer between the crystals, the bulk resistivity is much higher: 0.1 to  $10 \Omega\text{m}$  for MnZn ferrites and  $10^4$  to  $10^6 \Omega\text{m}$  for NiZn and MgZn ferrites.

This resistivity depends on temperature and measuring frequency, which is clearly demonstrated in Tables 1 and 2 which show resistivity as a function of temperature for different materials.

**Table 1** Resistivity as a function of temperature of a MnZn-ferrite (3C80)

TEMPERATURE (°C)	RESISTIVITY ( $\Omega\text{m}$ )
-20	$\approx 10$
0	$\approx 7$
20	$\approx 4$
50	$\approx 2$
100	$\approx 1$

**Table 2** Resistivity as a function of temperature of a NiZn-ferrite (4C6)

TEMPERATURE (°C)	RESISTIVITY ( $\Omega\text{m}$ )
0	$\approx 5 \cdot 10^7$
20	$\approx 10^7$
60	$\approx 10^6$
100	$\approx 10^5$

At higher frequencies the crystal boundaries are more or less short-circuited by their capacitance and the measured resistivity decreases, as shown in Tables 3 and 4.

**Table 3** Resistivity as function of frequency for MnZn ferrites

FREQUENCY (MHz)	RESISTIVITY ( $\Omega\text{m}$ )
0.1	$\approx 2$
1	$\approx 0.5$
10	$\approx 0.1$
100	$\approx 0.01$

**Table 4** Resistivity as function of frequency for NiZn ferrites

FREQUENCY (MHz)	RESISTIVITY ( $\Omega\text{m}$ )
0.1	$\approx 10^5$
1	$\approx 5 \cdot 10^4$
10	$\approx 10^4$
100	$\approx 10^3$

## PERMITTIVITY

The basic permittivity of all ferrites is of the order of 10. This is valid for MnZn and NiZn materials. The isolating material on the grain boundaries also has a permittivity of approximately 10. However, if the bulk permittivity of a ferrite is measured, very different values of apparent permittivity result. This is caused by the conductivity inside the crystallites. The complicated network of more or less leaky capacitors also shows a strong frequency dependence.

Tables 5 and 6 show the relationship between permittivity and frequency for both MnZn and NiZn ferrites.

**Table 5** Permittivity as a function of frequency for MnZn ferrites

FREQUENCY (MHz)	PERMITTIVITY ( $\epsilon_r$ )
0.1	$\approx 2 \cdot 10^5$
1	$\approx 10^5$
10	$\approx 5 \cdot 10^4$
100	$\approx 10^4$

**Table 6** Permittivity as a function of frequency for NiZn ferrites

FREQUENCY (MHz)	PERMITTIVITY ( $\epsilon_r$ )
0.001	$\approx 100$
0.01	$\approx 50$
1	$\approx 25$
10	$\approx 15$
100	$\approx 12$

**QUALITY****Quality standards**

Our ferrite cores are produced to meet constantly high quality standards. High quality components in mass production require advanced production techniques as well as background knowledge of the product itself. The quality standard is achieved in our ferrite production centres by implementation of a Quality Assurance System based on ISO9001 and our process control is based on SPC techniques.

To implement SPC, the production is divided in stages which correspond to production steps or groups of steps. The output of each stage is statistically checked in accordance with MIL STD 414 and 105D.

The obtained results are measured against built-in control, warning and rejects levels. If an unfavourable trend is observed in the results from a production stage, corrective and preventive actions are immediately taken. Quality is no longer "inspected-in" but "built-in" by continuous improvement.

The system is applicable for the total manufacturing process including,

- Raw material
- Production of process
- Finished products.

All our production centres are complying with the ISO 9000 quality system.

**Aspects of quality**

When describing the quality of a product, three aspects must be taken into account:

- Delivery quality
- Fitness for use
- Reliability.

**DELIVERY QUALITY**

After production, the ferrite components are tested once again for their main characteristics. Tests are conducted in accordance with the guidelines specified by IEC 60367. A sampling system, in accordance with IEC 60410 is used, and the Acceptable Quality levels (AQL's) are set for different classes of defects, major defects having lower AQL's than minor defects.

Customers may follow the same system to carry out incoming inspections. If the percentage of defects does not exceed the specified level, the probability that the batch will be accepted is high (>90%), but rejection is still possible.

If the reject level is much lower than specified, quality complaints will disappear. We aim at very low reject levels to eventually allow any customers to dispose with incoming inspection.

**FITNESS FOR USE**

This is a measure of component quality up to the point where the component has been assembled into the equipment and is quoted in parts per million (PPM). After assembly, the component should function fully. The PPM concept covers the possibility of failures that occur during assembly. It includes line rejects that may occur for any reason.

For ferrite cores, co-operation between the component supplier and the customer is a very important aspect. The core is generally a building block for a wound component and many things can go wrong during the assembly process, but the core is not always the problem. A mutual quality control programme can be established to minimize line rejects for a specific application. For some product lines, levels of 30 PPM have already been realized.

**RELIABILITY**

Ferrite cores are known for their reliability. Once the assembly process has been successfully concluded, no real threats for the life of the ferrite are known.

Reliability is mainly governed by the quality of the total assembly of the wound component. Extreme thermal shocks should be avoided. Some data are available for RM cores assembled with the recommended Philips bobbins and clips.

**Vibration test, IEC 60068-2-6 (test Fc)**

- No failures
- Less than 0.1% drift of inductance value.

**Bump test, IEC 60068-2-29 (test Eb)**

- No failures
- Less than 0.03% drift of inductance value.



**Classification defects**

If a component does not comply with the specification published in this handbook, it is considered to be defective. Defects are divided into two classes:

- Major defects  
These defects lead to malfunction of the finished wound components.
- Minor defects  
These defects do not have a severe influence on the function of the wound component. Often, they have a negative effect on the visual appearance of the end product, or they slightly disturb the assembly process.

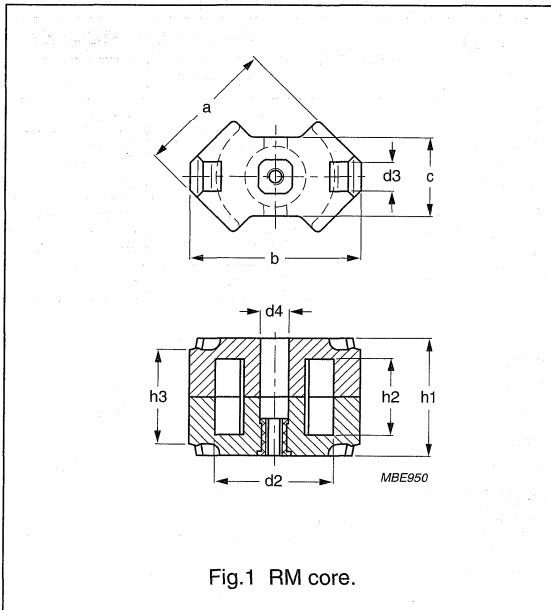
**Classification of defects per product line**

CORE TYPE	CLASSIFICATION OF FAILURES	
	MAJOR	MINOR
RM; P; X; EP; H; PH; RM/I; P/I; PQ; PT; PTS	A <sub>L</sub> ; critical dimensions	power loss; secondary dimensions
E; planar E; EFD; ETD/ER; EC; U; I	A <sub>L</sub> ; critical dimensions	power loss; secondary dimensions
ring cores rods tubes beads wideband chokes bobbin cores cup and mushroom cores	A <sub>L</sub> ; critical dimensions; Z <sub>min</sub>	A <sub>Lmax</sub> ; power loss; dielectrical strength of coating; secondary dimensions

**Classification of defects per product line**

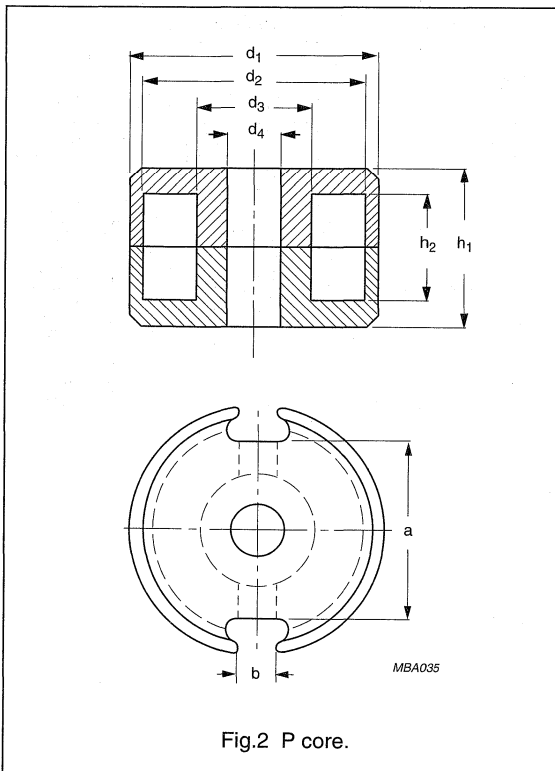
Tighter AQL levels can be agreed upon for customized products. Also ppm agreements with customers are encouraged.

CORE TYPE	APPLICATION AREA	CLASSIFICATION OF FAULT				
		FAULT TYPE	MAJOR		MINOR	
			AQL	LEVEL	AQL	LEVEL
P; RM; X	filters	electrical	1%	(I)	2.5%	(S3)
		mechanical	0.65%	(I)	4%	(S3)
P; RM; X; EP; H	general purpose transformers	electrical	1.5%	(S4)	4%	(S3)
		mechanical	0.65%	(I)	4%	(S3)
E; EFD; ETD/ER; EC; U; I	power transformers	electrical	1%	(I)	4%	(S3)
		mechanical	1%	(I)	4%	(S3)
ring cores rods, tubes beads chokes	EMI-suppression	electrical	0.25%	(II)	2.5%	(II)
		mechanical	0.25%	(II)	2.5%	(II)



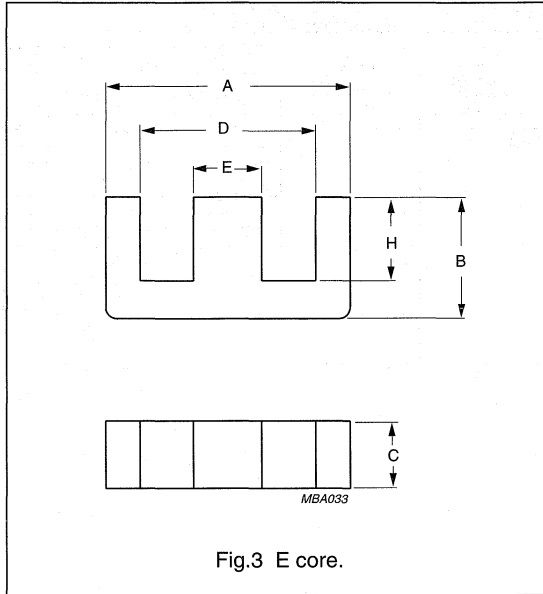
**Classification of mechanical defects**

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
RM	1	$h_{2min}$	a
		$h_3$	b
		$d_{2min}$	c
		$d_{3max}$	$h_1$
		$d_4$	$h_{2max}$ $d_{2max}$ $d_{3min}$



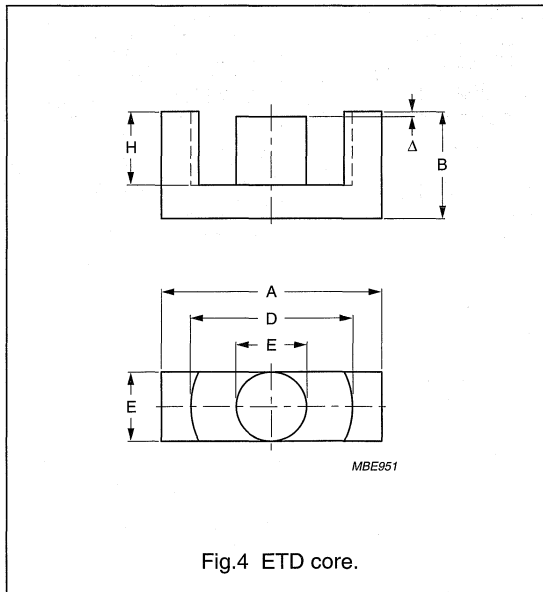
**Classification of mechanical defects**

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
P; P/I; PT; PTS;	2	$h_{2min}$	a
		$d_{2min}$	b
		$d_{3max}$	$h_1$
		$d_{1max}$	$h_{2max}$
		$d_4$	$d_{2max}$
			$d_{3min}$
	$d_{1min}$		



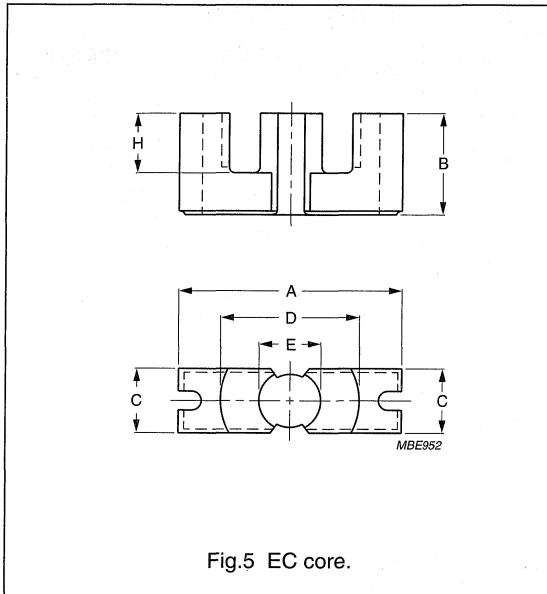
**Classification of mechanical defects**

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
E; Planar E	3	Amax	Amin
		Bmax	Bmin
		Cmax	Cmin
		Dmin	Dmax
		Emax	Emin
		Hmin	Hmax



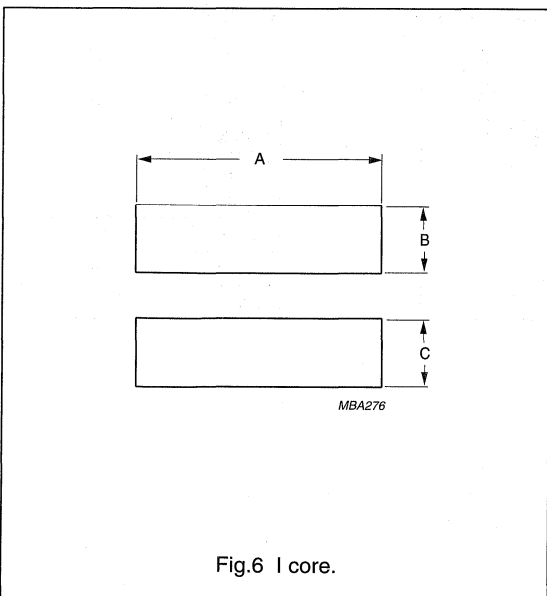
**Classification of mechanical defects**

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
ETD/ER EFD	4	Amax	Amin
		Bmax	Bmin
		Cmax	Cmin
		Dmin	Dmax
		Emax	Emin
		Hmin	Hmax



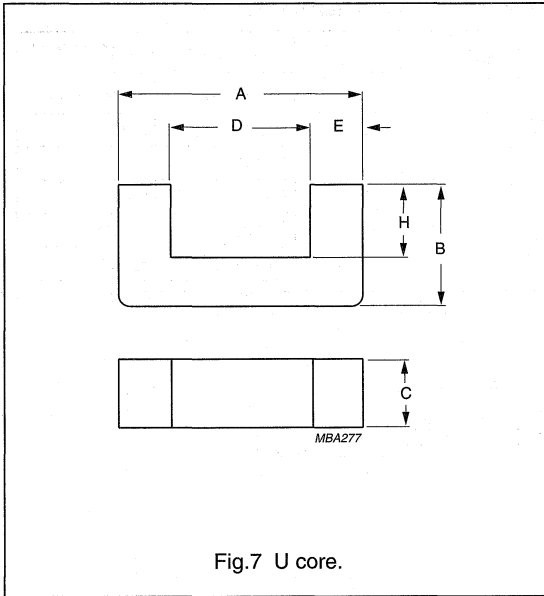
Classification of mechanical defects

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
EC	5	Amax	Amin
		Bmax	Bmin
		Cmax	Cmin
		Dmin	Dmax
		Emax	Emin
		Hmin	Hmax



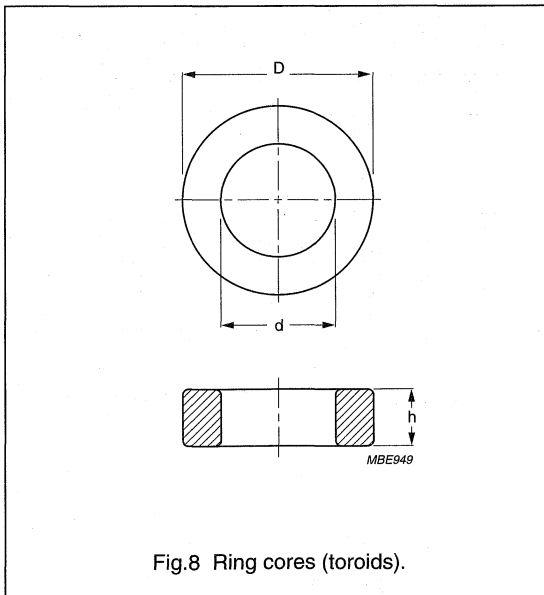
Classification of mechanical defects

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
I	6		A
		Bmax	Bmin
		Cmax	Cmin



**Classification of mechanical defects**

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
U	7		A
			B
		Cmax	Cmin
		Dmin	
		Emax	Emin
		Hmin	

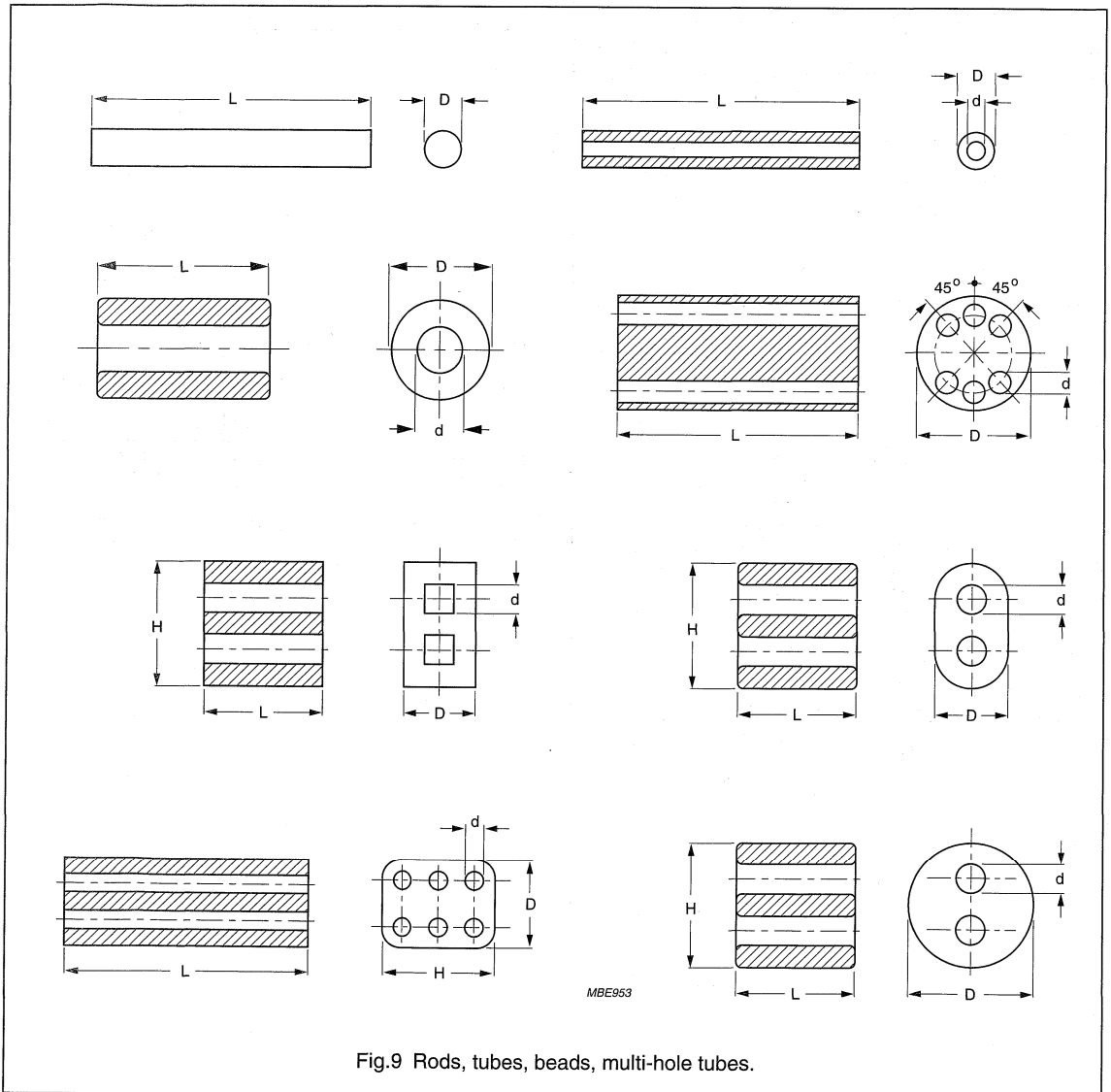


**Classification of mechanical defects**

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
ring cores (toroids)	8	hmax	hmin
		Dmax	Dmin
		dmin	dmax

Classification of mechanical defects

CORE TYPE	FIGURE	FAULT CLASSIFICATION	
		MAJOR	MINOR
rods; tubes; beads; multi-hole tubes	9	Dmax	Dmin
		dmin	dmax
			L
			H

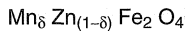


**ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS OF SOFT FERRITES**

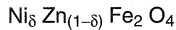
Our range of soft ferrites has the general composition  $\text{MeFe}_2\text{O}_4$  where Me represents one or several of the divalent transition metals such as manganese (Mn), zinc (Zn), nickel (Ni), or magnesium (Mg).

To be more specific, all materials starting with digit 3 are manganese zinc ferrites based on the MnZn composition.

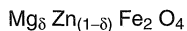
Their general chemical formula is:



Materials starting with digit 4 are nickel zinc ferrites based on the NiZn composition. Their general chemical formula is:



Materials starting with digit 2 are magnesium zinc ferrites based on the MgZn composition. Their general chemical formula is:

**General warning rules**

- With strong acids, the metals iron, manganese, nickel and zinc may be partially extracted.
- In the event of fire, dust particles with metal oxides will be formed.
- Disposal as industrial waste, depending on local rules and circumstances.

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

The products in this handbook are identified by type numbers. All physical and technical properties of the product are expressed by these numbers. They are therefore recommended for both ordering and use on technical drawings and equipment parts lists.

The 11-digit code, used in former editions of this data handbook, also appears on packaging material.

Smallest Packaging Quantities (SPQ) are packs which are ready for shipment to our customers. The information on the barcoded label consists of:




- Technical information:
  - type number
  - 11-digit code number
  - delivery and/or production batch numbers
- Logistic information:
  - 12-digit code number
  - quantity
  - country of origin
  - production week
  - production centre.

The Philips 12-digit code used on the packaging labels, provides full logistic information as well.

During all stages of the production process, data are collected and documented with reference to a unique batch number, which is printed on the packaging label. With this batch number it is always possible to trace the results of process steps afterwards and in the event of customer complaints, this number should always be quoted.

Products are available throughout their lifecycle. A short definition of product status is given in the table "Product status definitions".

**Product status definitions**

STATUS	INDICATION	DEFINITION
<b>Prototype</b>		These are products that have been made as development samples for the purposes of technical evaluation only. The data for these types is provisional and is subject to change.
<b>Design-in</b>		These products are recommended for new designs.
<b>Preferred</b>		These products are recommended for use in current designs and are available via our sales channels.
<b>Support</b>		These products are <b>not</b> recommended for new designs and may not be available through all of our sales channels. Customers are advised to check for availability.



**APPLICATIONS**

**Introduction**

Soft ferrite cores are used wherever effective coupling between an electric current and a magnetic flux is required. They form an essential part of inductors and transformers used in today's main application areas:

- Telecommunications
- Power conversion
- Interference suppression.

The function that the soft magnetic material performs may be one or more of the following:

**FILTERING**

Filter network with well defined pass-band.

High Q-values for selectivity and good temperature stability.

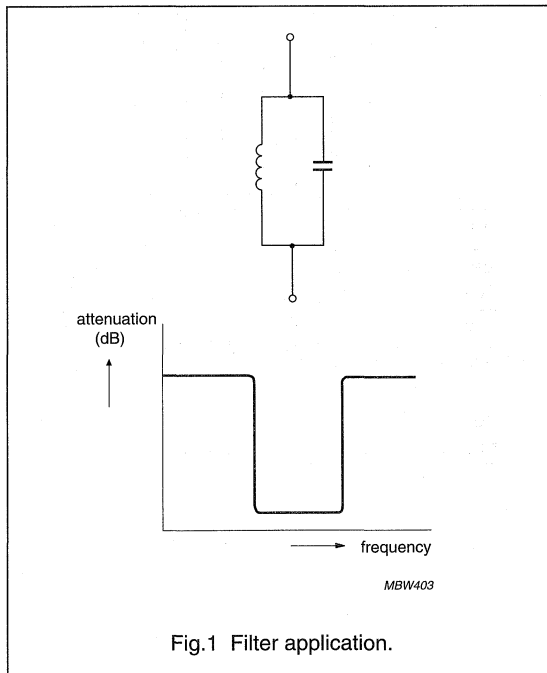


Fig.1 Filter application.

Material requirements:

- Low losses
- Defined temperature factor to compensate temperature drift of capacitor
- Very stable with time.

Preferred materials: 3D3, 3H3.

**INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION**

Unwanted high frequency signals are blocked, wanted signals can pass. With the increasing use of electronic equipment it is of vital importance to suppress interfering signals.

Material requirements:

- High impedance in covered frequency range.

Preferred materials: 3S1, 4S2, 3S3, 3S4, 4C65, 4A11, 4A15, 3B1, 4B1, 3C11, 3E25, 3E5.

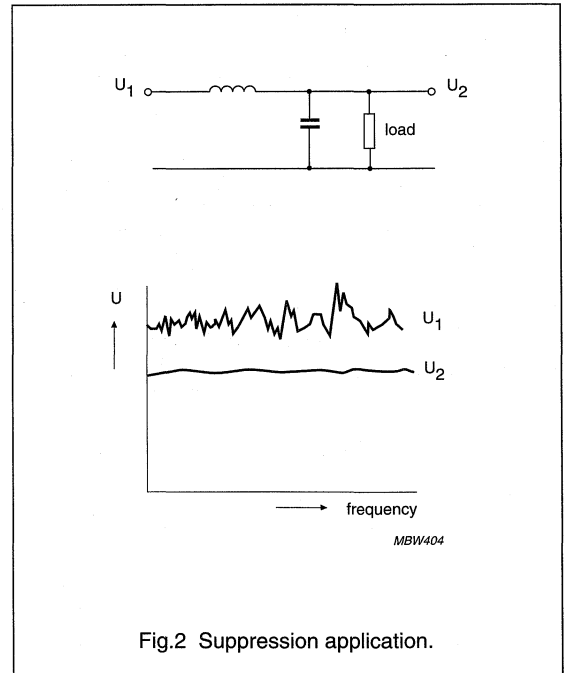


Fig.2 Suppression application.

# Soft Ferrites

# Applications

## DELAYING PULSES

The inductor will block current until saturated. Leading edge is delayed depending on design of magnetic circuit.

Material requirements:

- High permeability ( $\mu_i$ ).

Preferred materials: 3E25, 3E5, 3E6, 3E7, 3E8.

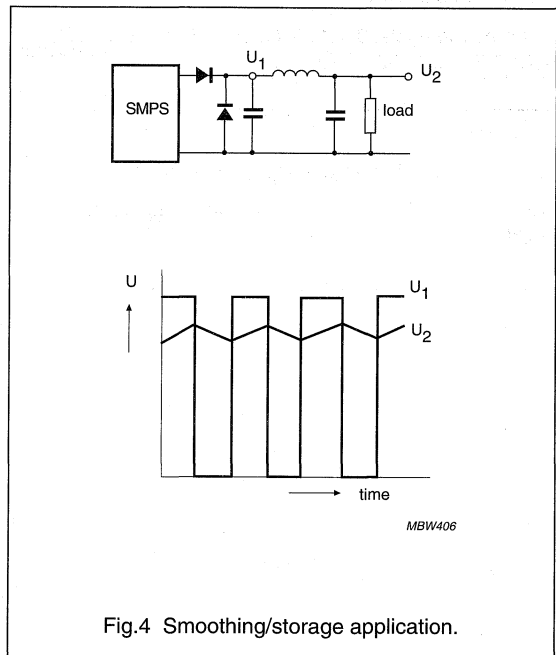
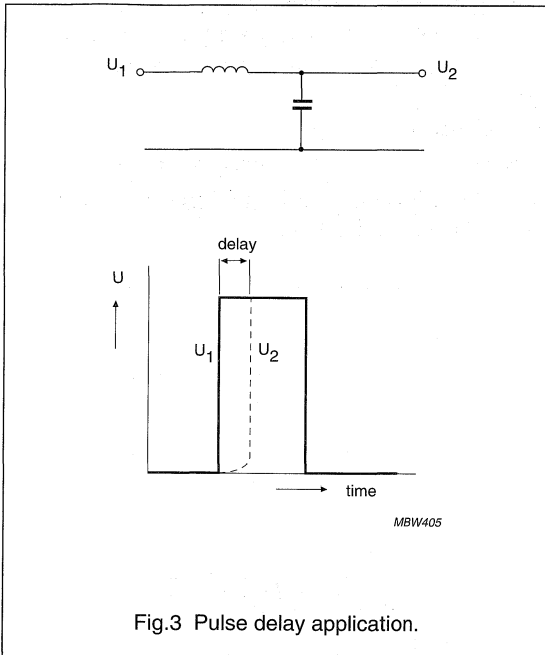
## STORAGE OF ENERGY

An inductor stores energy and delivers it to the load during the off-time of a Switched Mode Power Supply (SMPS).

Material requirements:

- High saturation level ( $B_s$ ).

Preferred materials: 3C15, 3C30, 3C34, 3C90, 3C94, 3C96 2P-iron powder.



PULSE TRANSFORMERS/GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSFORMERS

Pulse or AC signals are transmitted and if required transformed to a higher or lower voltage level. Also galvanic separation to fulfil safety requirements and impedance matching are provided.

Material requirements:

- High permeability
- Low hysteresis factor for low signal distortion
- Low DC sensitivity.

Preferred materials: 3C81, 3H3, 3E1, 3E4, 3E25, 3E27, 3E28, 3E5, 3E6, 3E7, 3E8.

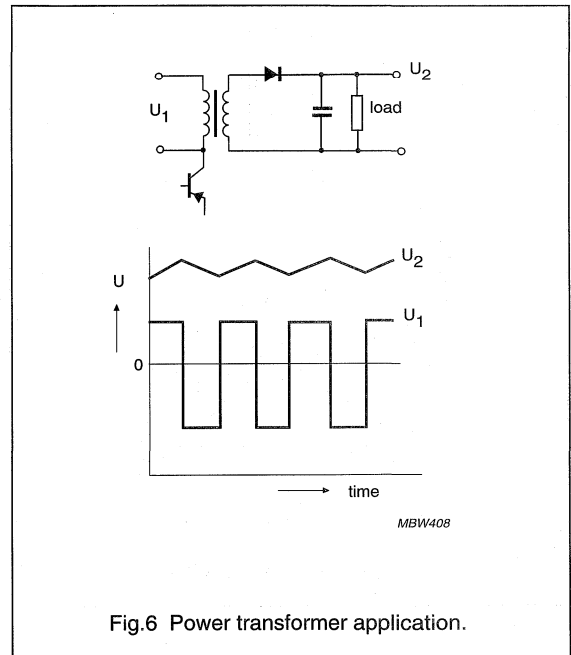
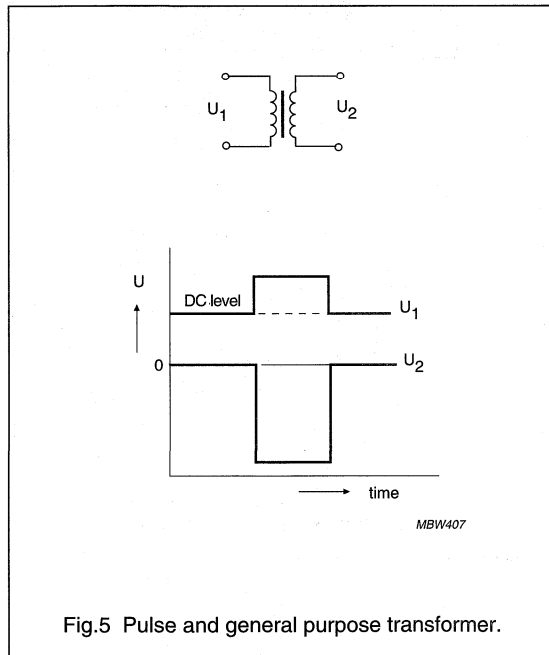
POWER TRANSFORMERS

A power transformer transmits energy, transforms voltage to the required level and provides galvanic separation (safety).

Material requirements:

- Low power losses
- High saturation ( $B_s$ ).

Preferred materials: 3C15, 3C30, 3C34, 3C81, 3C90, 3C94, 3C96, 3F3, 3F35, 3F4, 4F1.



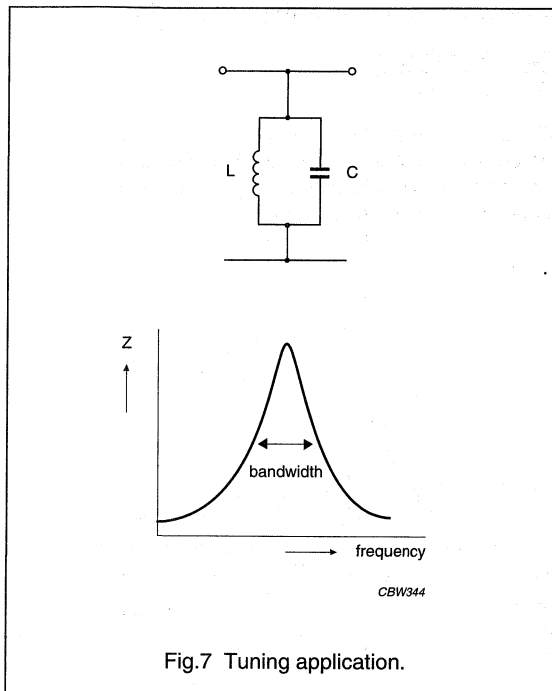
## TUNING

LC filters are often used to tune circuits in audio, video and measuring equipment. A very narrow bandwidth is often not wanted.

Material requirements:

- Moderate losses up to high frequency
- Reasonable temperature stability.

Preferred materials: 3D3, 4A11, 4B1, 4D2, 4E1.



**Ferrites for Telecommunications**

Telecommunications is the first important branch of technology where ferrites have been used on a large scale. Today, against many predictions, it still is an important market for ferrite cores.

Most important applications are in:

- Filter inductors
- Pulse and matching transformers.

**FILTER COILS**

P cores and RM cores have been developed specially for this application.

The P core is the oldest design. It is still rather popular because the closed shape provides excellent magnetic screening.

RM cores are a later design, leading to a more economic usage of the surface area on the PCB.

For filter coils, the following design parameters are important:

- Precise inductance value
- Low losses, high Q value
- High stability over periods of time
- Fixed temperature dependence.

**Q VALUE**

The quality factor (Q) of a filter coil should generally be as high as possible. For this reason filter materials such as 3H3 and 3D3 have low magnetic losses in their frequency ranges.

Losses in a coil can be divided into:

- Winding losses, due to the DC resistance of the wire eddy-current losses in the wire, electric losses in insulation
- Core losses, due to hysteresis losses in the core material, eddy-current and residual losses in the core material.

Losses appear as series resistances in the coil:

$$\frac{R_{\text{tot}}}{L} = \frac{R_0}{L} + \frac{R_{\text{ec}}}{L} + \frac{R_d}{L} + \frac{R_h}{L} + \frac{R_{e+r}}{L} \quad (\Omega/\text{H})$$

As a general rule, maximum Q is obtained when the sum of the winding losses is made equal to the sum of the core losses.

**DC resistive losses**

The DC resistive losses in a winding are given by:

$$\frac{R_0}{L} = \frac{1}{\mu_e} \times \frac{1}{f_{\text{Cu}}} \times \text{constant} \quad (\Omega/\text{H})$$

The space (copper) factor  $f_{\text{Cu}}$  depends on wire diameter, the amount of insulation and the method of winding.

**Eddy-current losses in the winding**

Eddy-current losses in a winding are given by:

$$\frac{R_{\text{ec}}}{L} = \frac{C_{\text{wCu}} V_{\text{Cu}} f^2 d^2}{\mu_e} \quad (\Omega/\text{H})$$

Where  $C_{\text{wCu}}$  is the eddy-current loss factor for the winding and depends on the dimensions of the coil former and core, and  $V_{\text{Cu}}$  is the volume of conductor in  $\text{mm}^3$ ,  $d$  is the diameter of a single wire in mm.

**Dielectric losses**

The capacitances associated with the coil are not loss free. They have a loss factor which also increases the effective coil resistance:

$$\frac{R_d}{L} = \omega^3 LC \left( \frac{2}{Q} + \tan \delta_c \right) \quad (\Omega/\text{H})$$

**Hysteresis losses**

The effective series resistance due to hysteresis losses is calculated from the core hysteresis constant, the peak flux density, the effective permeability and the operating frequency:

$$\frac{R_h}{L} = \omega \eta_B \hat{B} \mu_e \quad (\Omega/\text{H})$$

**Eddy-current and residual losses**

The effective series resistance due to eddy-current and residual losses is calculated from the loss factor:

$$\frac{R_{e+r}}{L} = \omega \mu_e (\tan \delta / \mu_i) \quad (\Omega/\text{H})$$

## INDUCTOR DESIGN

The specification of an inductor usually includes:

- The inductance
- Minimum Q at the operating frequency
- Applied voltage
- Maximum size
- Maximum and minimum temperature coefficient
- Range of inductance adjustment.

To satisfy these requirements, the designer has the choice of:

- Core size
- Material grade
- $A_L$  value
- Type of conductor (solid or bunched)
- Type of adjuster.

## FREQUENCY, CORE TYPE AND MATERIAL GRADE

The operating frequency is a useful guide to the choice of core type and material.

- Frequencies below 20 kHz:  
the highest Q will be obtained with large, high inductance-factor cores of 3H3 material. Winding wire should be solid, with minimum-thickness insulation.  
Note: high inductance factors are associated with high temperature coefficients of inductance.
- Frequencies between 20 kHz and 200 kHz:  
high Q will generally be obtained with a core also in 3H3. Maximum Q will not necessarily be obtained from the large-size core, particularly at higher frequencies, so the choice of inductance factor is less important. Bunched, stranded conductors should be used to reduce eddy-current losses in the copper. Above 50 kHz, the strands should not be thicker than 0.07 mm.
- Frequencies between 200 kHz and 2 MHz:  
use a core of 3D3 material. Bunched conductors of maximum strand diameter 0.04 mm are recommended.

## SIGNAL LEVEL

In most applications, the signal voltage is low. It is good practice to keep wherever possible the operating flux density of the core below 1 mT, at which level the effect of hysteresis is usually negligible. At higher flux densities, it may be necessary to allow for some hysteresis loss and inductance change.

The following expression for third harmonic voltage  $U_3$  may be used as a guide to the amount of distortion:

$$\frac{U_3}{U_1} = 0.6 \tan \delta_h$$

For low distortion, materials with small hysteresis loss factors should be used (e.g. 3H3).

## DC POLARIZATION

The effect of a steady, superimposed magnetic field due to an external field or a DC component of the winding current is to reduce the inductance value of an inductor. As with other characteristics, the amount of the decrease depends on the value of the effective permeability. The effect can be reduced by using a gapped core or by choosing a lower permeability material.

 $A_L$  VALUE

Since the air gap in ferrite cores can be ground to any length, any value of  $A_L$  can be provided within the limits set by the core size. In practice, the range of  $A_L$  values has been standardized with values chosen to cover the majority of application requirements.

If a core set is provided with an asymmetrical air gap, this air gap is ground in the upper half. This half is marked with the ferrite grade and  $A_L$  value.

For very low  $A_L$  values (e.g. 16 to 25) the contribution of the stray inductance will be quite high, resulting in a marked influence of the position of the coil in the core and its number of turns.

Most pre-adjusted cores are provided with an injection-moulded nut for the adjuster.

Continuously variable adjusters can be supplied for pre-adjusted cores of most  $A_L$  values. These are specially recommended for filter coils. Maximum adjustment range is 10% to 30%, depending on core type and adjuster.

The  $A_L$  factor is the inductance per turn squared (in nH) for a given core:

$$L = N^2 \times A_L \text{ (nH)}$$

The measured  $A_L$  value of a core will depend slightly on the coil used for this measurement.

PULSE AND SIGNAL TRANSFORMERS

Pulse and signal transformers, also known as wideband transformers, are frequently used in communication systems, including modern digital networks such as, for example ISDN and XDSL.

They provide impedance matching and DC isolation or transform signal amplitudes. Signal power levels are usually low. In order to transmit analog signals or digital pulses without much distortion, good wideband characteristics are needed.

The principal function of the transformer core is to provide optimum coupling between the windings.

The general equivalent circuit of a signal transformer is shown in Fig.8.

The elements of the circuit depicted in Fig.8 may be defined as follows:

$E_s$  = source voltage

$R_s$  = source resistance

$R_w$  = total winding resistance =  $R_1 + R_2$ , where  $R_1$  is the primary winding resistance and  $R_2$  is the secondary winding resistance referred to the primary

$L$  = total leakage inductance = the primary inductance with the secondary shorted

$L_p$  = open circuit inductance

$R_p$  = the shunt loss resistance representing the core loss

$N_1, N_2$  = the primary and referred secondary self or stray capacitance respectively

$R_b$  = load resistance referred to the primary turns ratio.

A high permeability core with polished pole faces results in a large flux contribution, improving the coupling. Open circuit inductance will be high, leakage inductance is kept low compared to this main inductance.

Ring cores are very suitable since they have no air gap and make full use of the high permeability of the ferrite.

The frequency response of a practical transformer is shown in Fig.9.

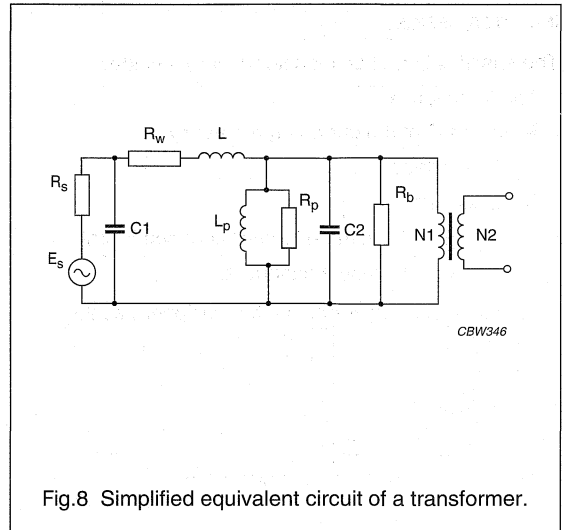


Fig.8 Simplified equivalent circuit of a transformer.

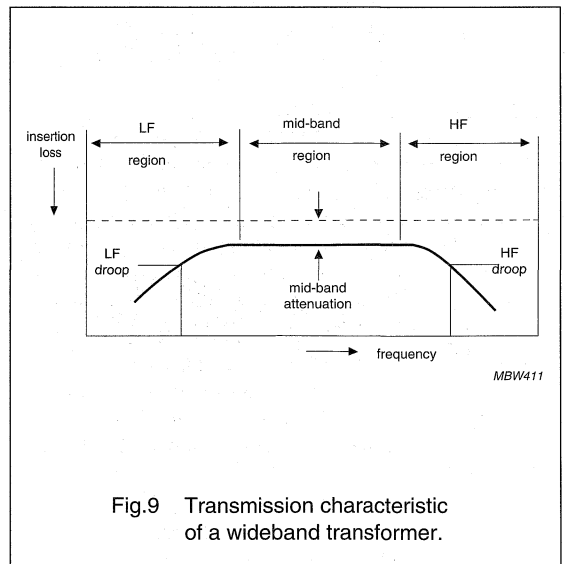
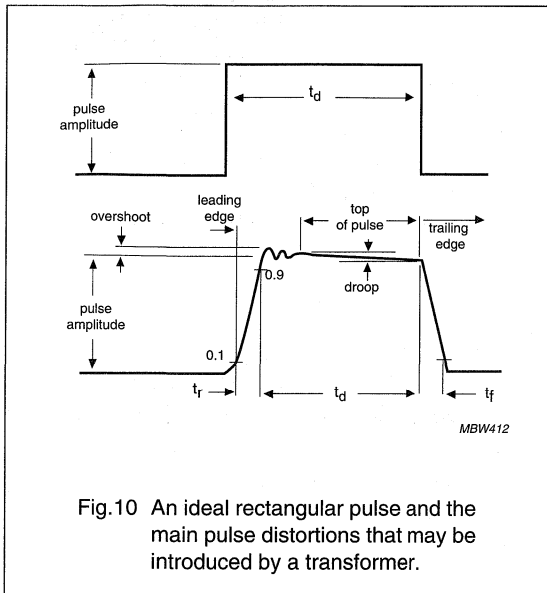


Fig.9 Transmission characteristic of a wideband transformer.

The corresponding distortion of a rectangular pulse by the same circuit is shown in Fig.10.



The shunt inductance ( $L_p$ ) is responsible for the low frequency droop in the analog transformer since its reactance progressively shunts the circuit as the frequency decreases. In the case of the pulse transformer, the shunt inductance causes the top of the pulse to droop, because, during the pulse, the magnetizing current in  $L_p$  rises approximately linearly with time causing an increasing voltage drop across the source resistance.

The winding resistance is the main cause of the mid-band attenuation in low frequency analog transformers. In a pulse transformer, it attenuates the output pulse but usually has little effect on the pulse distortion.

The high frequency droop of an analog transformer may be due to either the increasing series reactance of the leakage inductance or the decreasing shunt reactance of the self-capacitances, or a combination of both as the frequency increases. In a pulse transformer, the leakage inductance, self-capacitances and the source or load resistance combine to slow down, or otherwise distort the leading and trailing edge responses.

Suitable core types for this application in the materials 3E1, 3E4, 3E27, 3E28, 3E5, 3E55, 3E6, 3E7 and 3E8 are:

- P cores
- RM cores
- EP cores
- Ring cores
- Small ER cores
- Small E cores.

If the signal is superimposed on a DC current, core saturation may become a problem. In that case the special DC-bias material 3E28 or a lower permeability material such as 3H3, 3C81 or 3C90 is recommended.

Gapping also decreases the effect of bias currents.



### Ferrites for Power conversion

Power conversion is a major application area for modern ferrites. Originally designed for use as line output transformers in television receivers, power cores are now being used in a wide range of applications. The introduction of Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS) has stimulated the development of a number of new ferrite grades and core shapes to be used in the manufacture of power transformers, output chokes and input filters.

Power transformers and inductors generally operate under loss or saturation limited conditions which require special power ferrites with high saturation levels and low losses at elevated temperatures.

Output chokes must tolerate high DC currents; this means a gapped magnetic circuit or a special material with very high saturation level such as iron powder.

Input chokes prevent mains pollution generated by the SMPS. Therefore grades are used which provide maximum blocking impedances at the switching frequencies.

#### SWITCHED MODE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS

The basic arrangement of a Switched Mode Power Supply (SMPS) is shown in Fig.11.

In this configuration, the power input is rectified and the resulting DC voltage is chopped by a switch at a high frequency. The chopped waveform is applied to the primary of a transformer and the secondary output is rectified and filtered to give the required DC output. The output voltage is sensed by a control circuit which supplies a correction signal to the drive circuit to vary the ON/OFF time of the switched waveform and compensate for any change at the output.

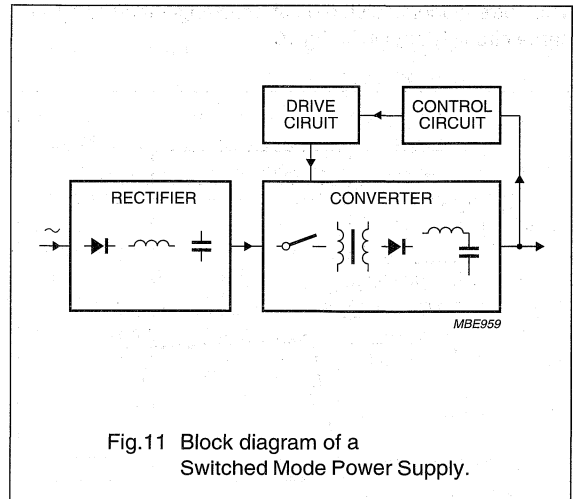


Fig.11 Block diagram of a Switched Mode Power Supply.

Numerous circuit designs can be used to convert DC input voltage to the required DC output voltage. The requirements for the transformer or inductor depend largely on the choice of this circuit technology.

If the circuits are analyzed in this way, three basic converter designs can be distinguished, based upon the magnetic converting device.

These are:

- Flyback converters
- Forward converters, and
- Push-pull converters.

FLYBACK CONVERTER

Figure 12 shows the basic circuit of a flyback converter and its associated waveforms.

When the switch is closed (transistor conducts), the supply voltage is connected across the inductor and the output diode is non-conducting. The current rises linearly, storing energy, until the switch is opened. When this happens, the voltage across the inductor reverses and the stored energy is transferred into the output capacitor and load. By varying the conduction time of the transistor at a given frequency the amount of energy stored in the inductor during each ON cycle can be controlled. This allows the output of the SMPS to be controlled and changed.

This basic circuit can be developed into a practical circuit using an inductor with two windings (see Fig.13).

In a flyback converter, all the energy to be transferred to the output capacitor and load is, at first, stored in the inductor. It is therefore possible to obtain line isolation by adding a secondary winding to the inductor (although an inductor with more than one winding appears in schematic diagrams as a transformer, it is referred to as an inductor in accordance with its function).

Another advantage of the flyback converter is that no smoothing choke is required in the output circuit. This is important in high-voltage supplies and in power supplies with a number of output circuits (see Fig.14).

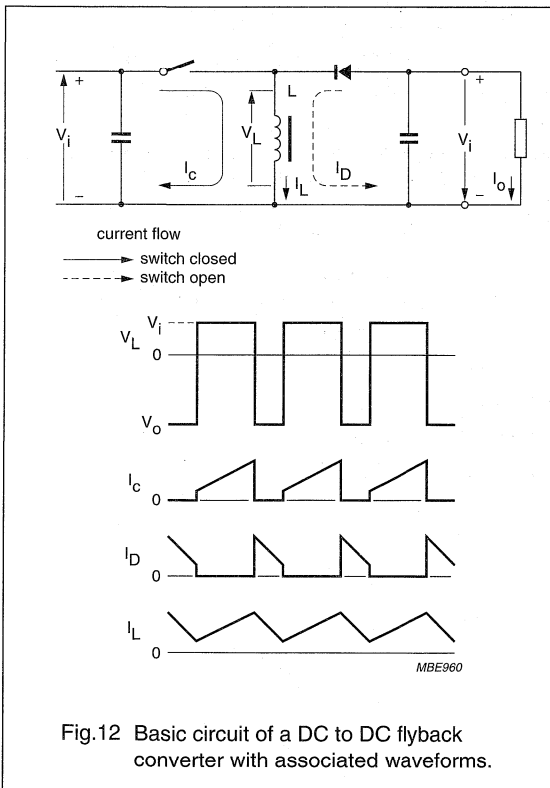


Fig.12 Basic circuit of a DC to DC flyback converter with associated waveforms.

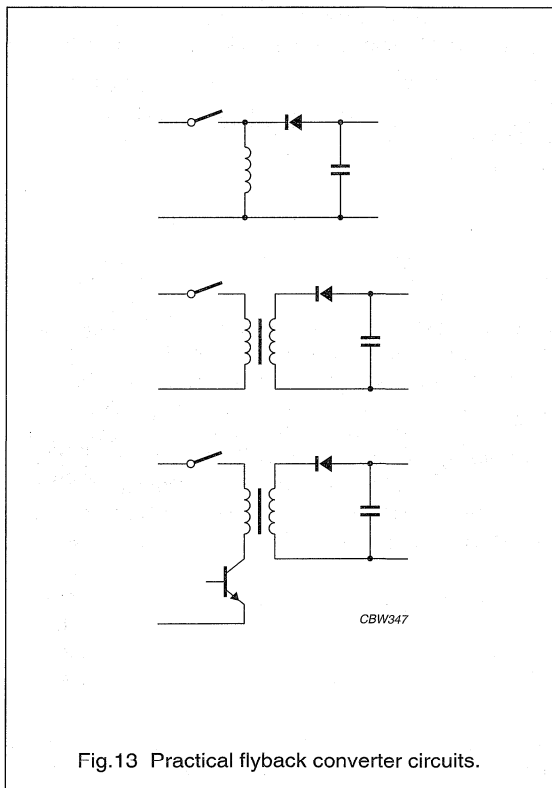
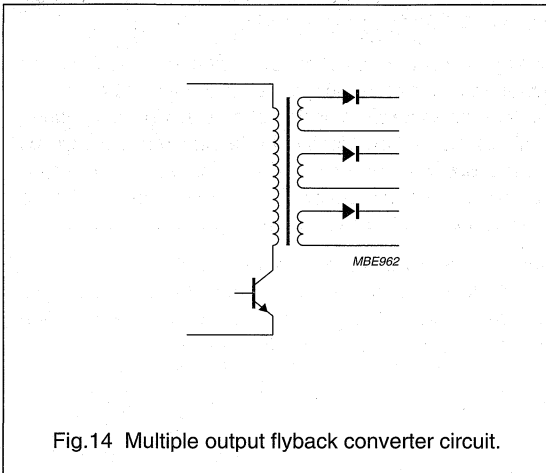


Fig.13 Practical flyback converter circuits.



A disadvantage of this type of converter is that the output capacitor is charged only during the transistor's OFF cycle. Hence the output capacitor ripple current is high when compared with the other types of converters.

Another disadvantage of the flyback converter concerns the energy stored in the inductor. The inductor is driven in one direction only; this requires a larger core in a flyback design than for an equivalent design using a forward or push-pull converter.

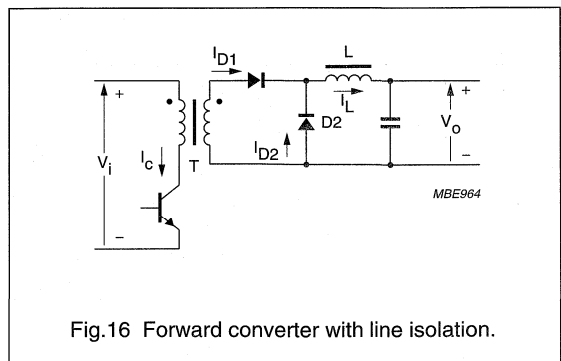
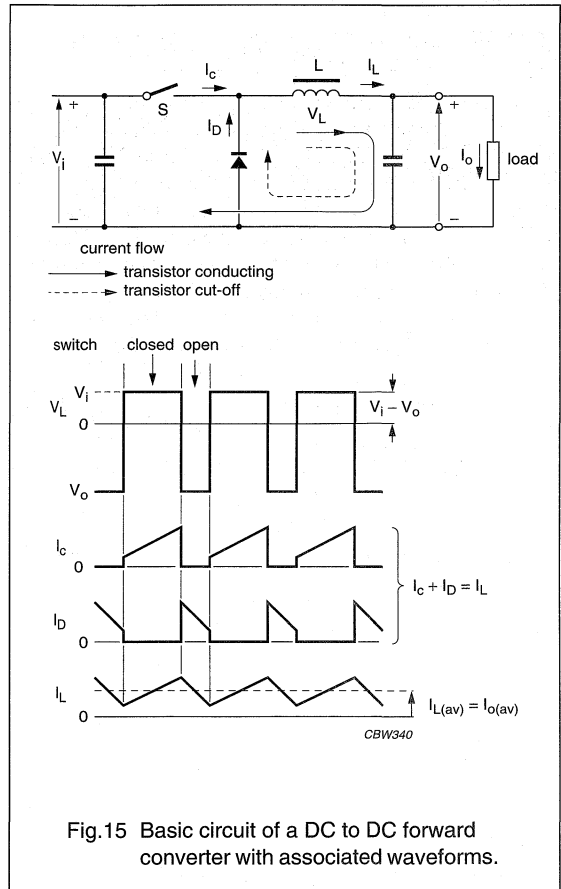
FORWARD CONVERTER

The basic circuit of the forward converter, together with its associated voltage and current waveforms is shown in Fig.15.

When the switch is closed (transistor conducts), the current rises linearly and flows through the inductor into the capacitor and the load. During the ON cycle, energy is transferred to the output and stored in the inductor 'L'. When the switch is opened, the energy stored in the inductor causes the current to continue to flow to the output via the diode.

As with the flyback converter, the amount of energy stored in the inductor can be varied by controlling the ON/OFF cycles. This provides control of the output of the forward converter.

A more practical forward converter circuit with a line-isolation transformer is shown in Fig.16.



PUSH-PULL CONVERTER

The basic circuit of the push-pull converter, with voltage and current waveforms is shown in Fig. 17.

The push-pull converter is an arrangement of two forward converters operating in antiphase (push-pull action). With switch S1 closed (Fig. 17a) diode D2 conducts and energy

is simultaneously stored in the inductor and supplied to the load. With S1 and S2 open (Fig. 17b), the energy stored in the inductor continues to support the load current via the parallel diodes D1 and D2, which are now acting as flywheel diodes. When switch S2 closes (Fig. 17c), diode D1 continues to conduct, diode D2 stops conducting and the process repeats itself.

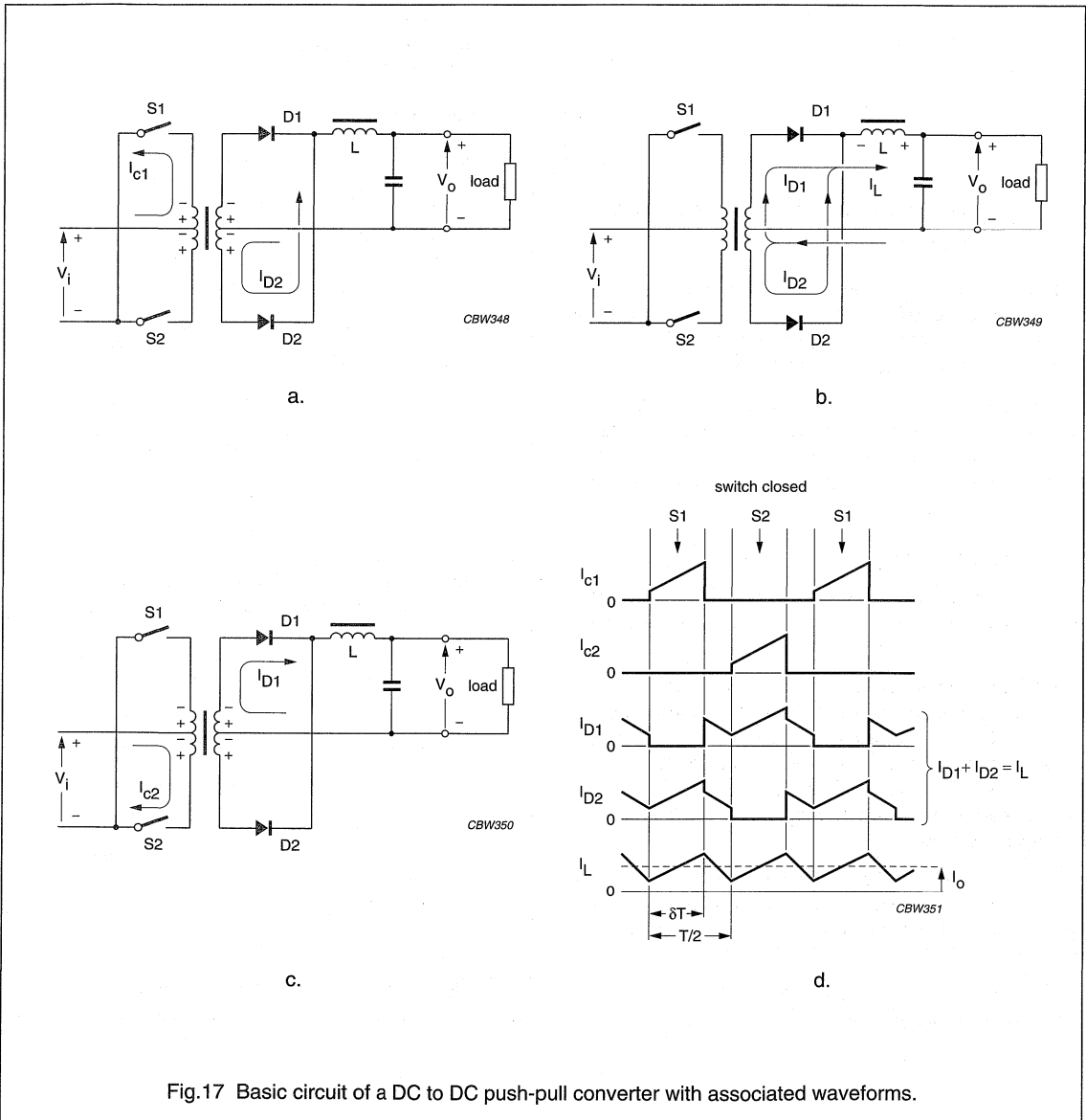


Fig. 17 Basic circuit of a DC to DC push-pull converter with associated waveforms.

A push-pull converter circuit doubles the frequency of the ripple current in the output filter and, therefore, reduces the output ripple voltage. A further advantage of the push-pull operation is that the transformer core is excited alternately in both directions in contrast to both the forward and flyback converters. Therefore, for the same operating conditions and power throughput, a push-pull converter design can use a smaller transformer core.

Multiple outputs can be constructed by using several secondary windings, each with its own output diodes, inductor and smoothing capacitor.

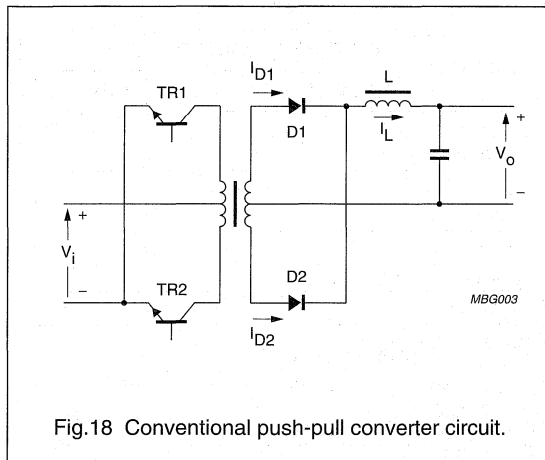


Fig. 18 Conventional push-pull converter circuit.

#### CONVERTER SELECTION

In each of the three basic converter designs there are several different circuit possibilities. In the flyback and forward converters, single and two-transistor designs can be used. If two transistors are used, they will switch simultaneously. This type of circuit preference is determined by the allowable collector-emitter voltage and collector current of the transistor. In push-pull converter designs, the primary of the transformer can be connected in several ways (see Fig. 19).

Depending upon how the transformer primary is driven, it is possible to differentiate between single-ended (see Fig. 19a), push-pull (see Fig. 19b) and full-bridge (see Fig. 19c). Decisions on circuit details are determined by the transistor capabilities.

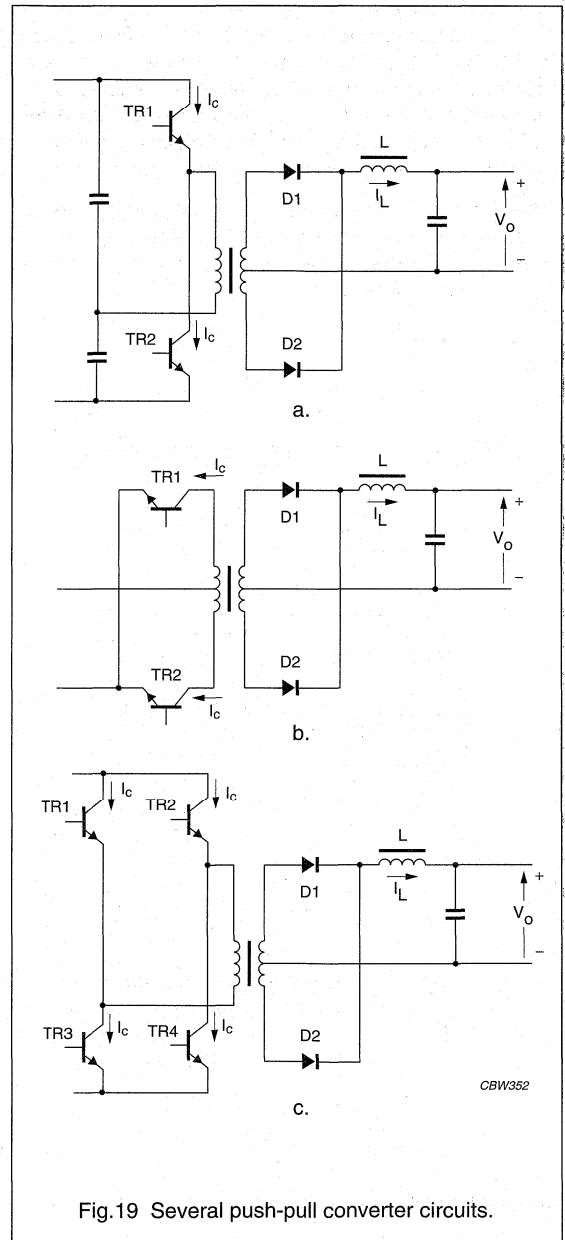


Fig. 19 Several push-pull converter circuits.

For a practical converter design, the first selection that should be considered is the type of converter circuit to use. To aid in this initial converter circuit selection, Fig.20 offers a rough guide to the type of converter, its output voltage and power capability. This selection has to be considered along with other requirements, including line isolation, ripple content, overall efficiency, multiple outputs, etc.

Table 1 summarizes the most significant properties of a converter design. It shows the relative strengths and weaknesses of the three types of converters with regard to these characteristics.

For a high performance, high power, single output supply, where ripple is well below 1%, the push-pull design is the obvious choice. For smaller power versions of this type of supply, the forward, or double-forward converter provides a useful alternative to push-pull converter.

In high-voltage supplies, the flyback converter is the most suitable circuit and should be considered as a preference. In multiple-output supplies, the flyback converter is again normally the first choice because it avoids the necessity of providing a number of output windings on the inductor, together with a single diode and capacitor for each.

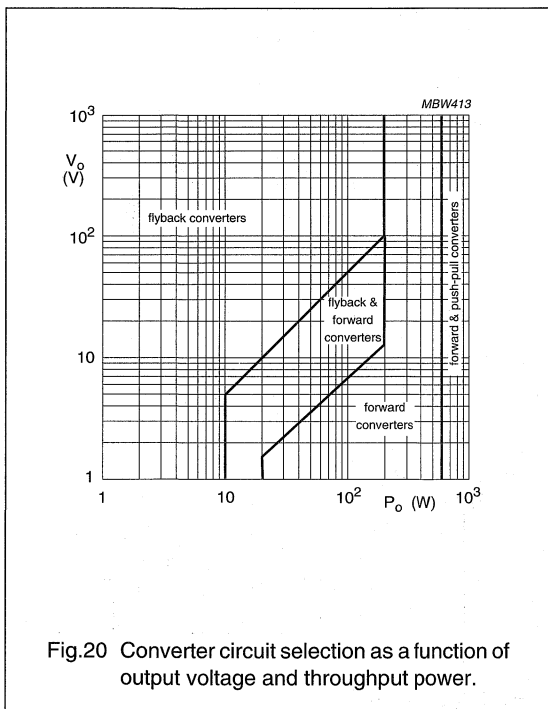


Table 1 Converter design selection chart (I)

FUNCTION	TYPE OF CONVERTER CIRCUIT <sup>(1)</sup>		
	FLYBACK	FORWARD	PUSH-PULL
Circuit simplicity	+	0	-
Number of components	+	0	-
Drive circuitry	+	0	-
Output ripple	-	0	+
Choke volume	not required	0	+
Transformer volume	-	0	+
Mains isolation	+	-	+
High power	-	0	+
High voltage	+	0	0
Multiple outputs	+	0	0

**Note**

1. '+' = favourable; '0' = average; '-' = unfavourable.

## CORE SELECTION

Table 2 shows which core type could be considered suitable for the different types of converter design.

The power-handling capability of a given core is determined by frequency and material grade, its geometry and available winding area, and by other factors which depend on the specific application.

**Table 2** Converter design selection chart (II)

FUNCTION	TYPE OF CONVERTER CIRCUIT <sup>(1)</sup>		
	FLYBACK	FORWARD	PUSH-PULL
E cores	+	+	0
Planar E cores	-	+	0
EFD cores	-	+	+
ETD cores	0	+	+
ER cores	0	+	+
U cores	+	0	0
RM cores	0	+	0
EP cores	-	+	0
P cores	-	+	0
Ring cores	-	+	+

**Note**

1. '+' = favourable; '0' = average; '-' = unfavourable.

*Operating frequency*

The preferred operating frequency of a Switched Mode Power Supply is greater than 20 kHz to avoid audible noise from the transformer. With modern power ferrites the practical upper limit has shifted to well over 1 MHz.

*Ambient temperature*

Ambient temperature, together with the maximum core temperature, determines the maximum temperature rise, which in turn fixes the permissible total power dissipation in the transformer. Normally, a maximum ambient temperature of 60 °C has been assumed. This allows a 40 °C temperature rise from the ambient to the centre of the transformer for a maximum core temperature of 100 °C. There is a tendency however towards higher temperatures to increase power throughput.

*Flux density*

To avoid saturation in the cores the flux density in the minimum cross-section must not exceed the saturation flux density of the material at 100 °C. The allowable total flux is the product of this flux density and the minimum core area and must not be exceeded even under transient conditions, that is, when a load is suddenly applied at the power supply output, and maximum duty factor occurs together with maximum supply voltage. Under steady-state conditions, where maximum duty factor occurs with minimum supply voltage, the flux is reduced from its absolute maximum permissible value by the ratio of the minimum to maximum supply voltage (at all higher supply voltages the voltage control loop reduces the duty factor and keeps the steady-state flux constant). The minimum to maximum supply voltage ratio is normally taken as 1 : 1.72 for most applications.

## SELECTING THE CORRECT CORE TYPE

The choice of a core type for a specific design depends on the design considerations and also on the personal preference of the designer. Table 3 gives an overview of core types as a function of power throughput and this may be useful to the designer for an initial selection.

Each of the core types has been developed for a specific application, therefore they all have advantages and drawbacks depending on, for example, converter type and winding technique.

**Table 3** Power throughput for different core types at 100 kHz switching frequency

POWER RANGE (W)	CORE TYPE
<5	RM4; P11/7; T14; EF13; U10
5 to 10	RM5; P14/8
10 to 20	RM6; E20; P18/11; T23; U15; EFD15
20 to 50	RM8; P22/13; U20; RM10; ETD29; E25; T26/10; EFD20
50 to 100	ETD29; ETD34; EC35; EC41; RM12; P30/19; T26/20; EFD25
100 to 200	ETD34; ETD39; ETD44; EC41; EC52; RM14; P36/22; E30; T56; U25; U30; E42; EFD30
200 to 500	ETD44; ETD49; E55; EC52; E42; P42/29; U37
<500	E65; EC70; U93; U100

*Choice of ferrite for power transformers*

A complete range of power ferrites is available for any application.

**3C15**

Low frequency (<100 kHz) material with improved saturation level. Suitable for flyback converters e.g. Line Output Transformers.

**3C30**

Medium frequency (<200 kHz) material with improved saturation level. Suitable for flyback converters e.g. Line Output Transformers.

**3C34**

Medium frequency (<300 kHz) material with improved saturation level. Suitable for flyback converters e.g. Line Output Transformers.

**3C81**

Low frequency (<100 kHz) material with loss minimum around 50 °C.

**3C90**

Medium frequency (<200 kHz) material for industrial use.

**3C91**

Medium frequency (<200 kHz) material with loss minimum around 50 °C.

**3C94**

Medium frequency material (<400 kHz). Low losses, especially at high flux densities.

**3C96**

Medium frequency (<400 kHz) material. Very low losses, especially at high flux densities.

**3F3**

High frequency material (up to 700 kHz).

**3F35**

High frequency material (up to 1 MHz). Very low losses, around 500 kHz.

**3F4**

High frequency material (up to 3 MHz). Specially recommended for resonant supplies.

**4F1**

High frequency material (up to 10 MHz). Specially recommended for resonant supplies.



*Performance factor of power ferrites*

The performance factor ( $f \times B_{max}$ ) is a measure of the power throughput that a ferrite core can handle at a certain loss level. From the graph it is clear that for low frequencies there is not much difference between the materials, because the cores are saturation limited. At higher frequencies, the differences increase. There is an optimum operating frequency for each material. It is evident that in order to increase power throughput or power density a high operating frequency and a better ferrite should be chosen.

OUTPUT CHOKES

Output chokes for Switched Mode Power Supplies have to operate with a DC load causing a bias magnetic field  $H_{DC}$ .

In a closed ferrite circuit, this can easily lead to saturation. Power ferrites such as 3C90 or 3F3 start saturating at field strengths of about 50 A/m. Permeability drops sharply, as can be seen in the graphs of the material data section. The choke loses its effectiveness.

There are two remedies against this effect:

- The use of gapped ferrite cores
- The use of a material with low permeability and high saturation.

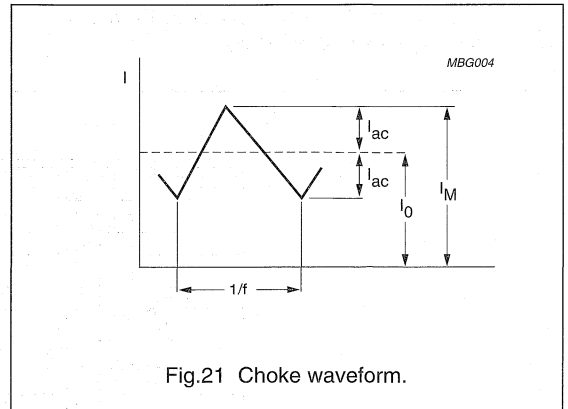


Fig.21 Choke waveform.

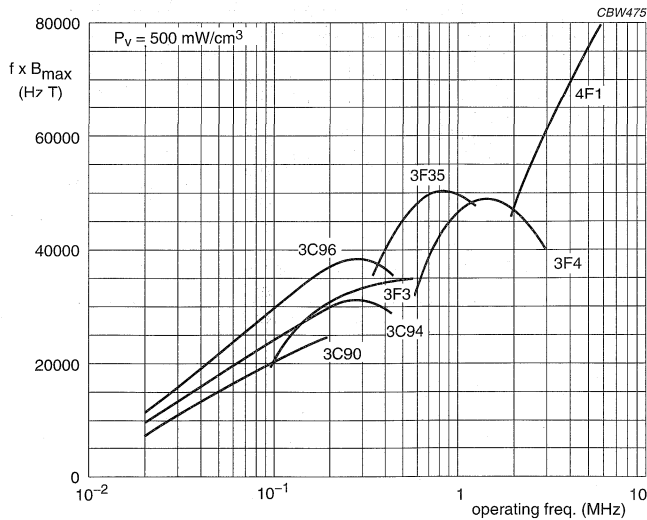


Fig.22 Performance factor ( $f \times B_{max}$ ) at  $P_V = 500 \text{ mW/cm}^3$  as a function of frequency for power ferrite materials.

GAPPED CORE SETS

The effect of an air gap in the circuit is that a much higher field strength is needed to saturate a core.

For each operating condition an optimum air gap length can be found. In a design, the maximum output current (I) and the value of inductance (L) necessary to smooth the ripple to the required level are known.

The product  $I^2L$  is a measure of the energy which is stored in the core during one half cycle.

Using this  $I^2L$  value and the graphs given on the following pages for most core types, the proper core and air gap can be selected quickly at a glance.

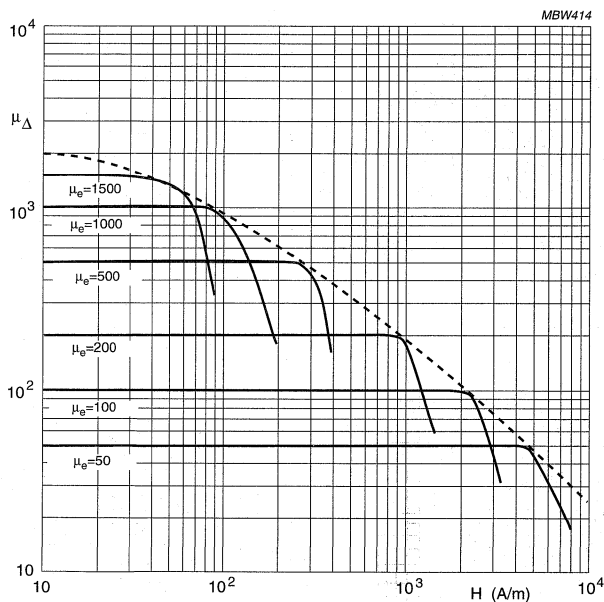
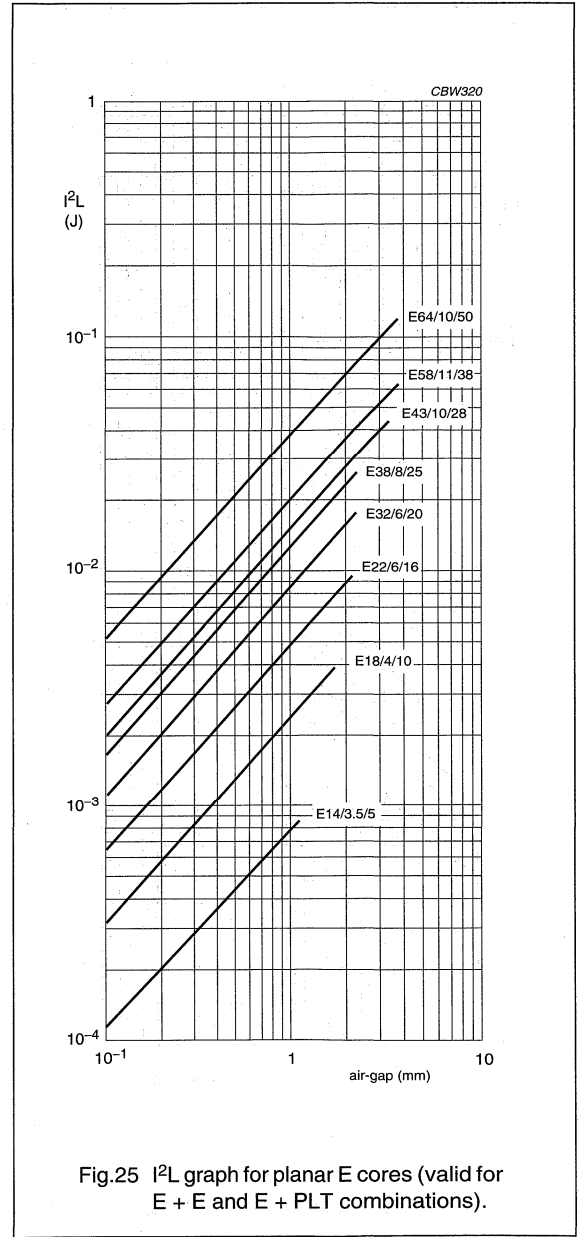
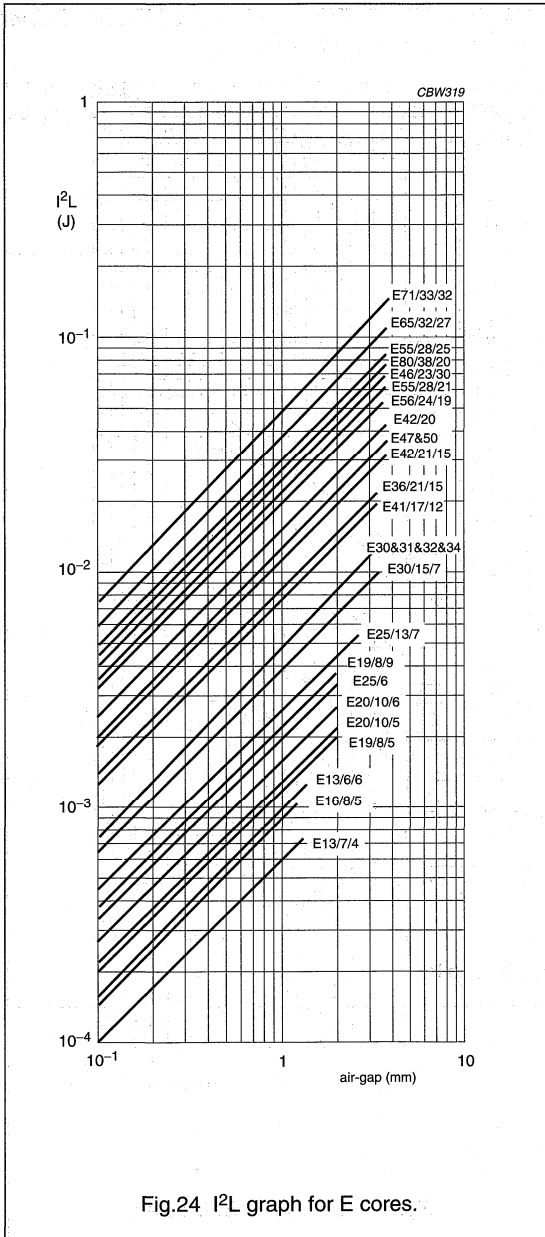
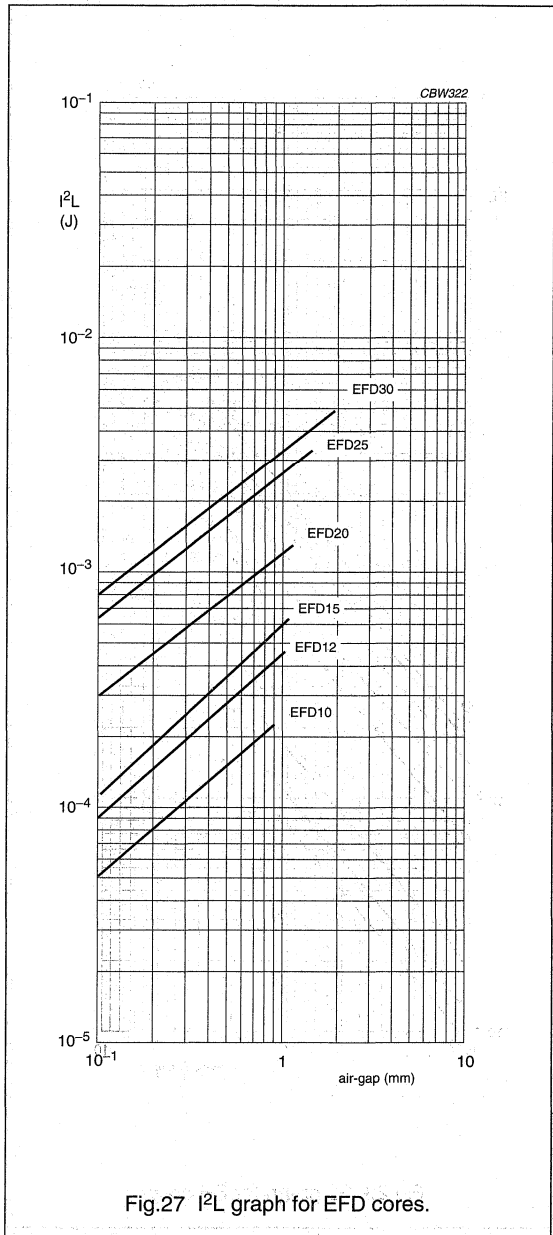
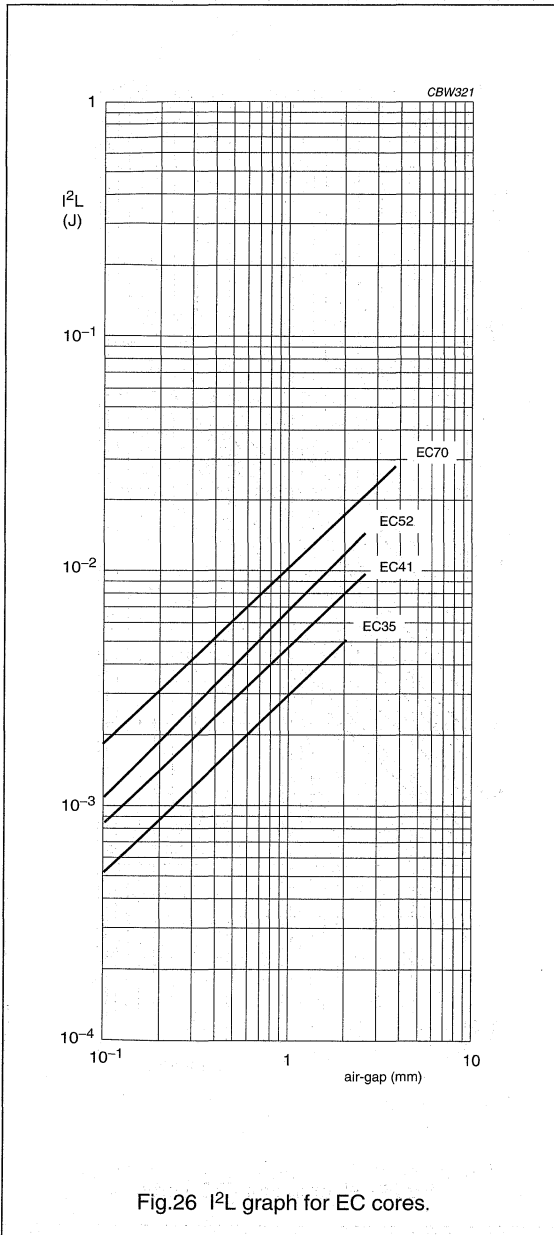
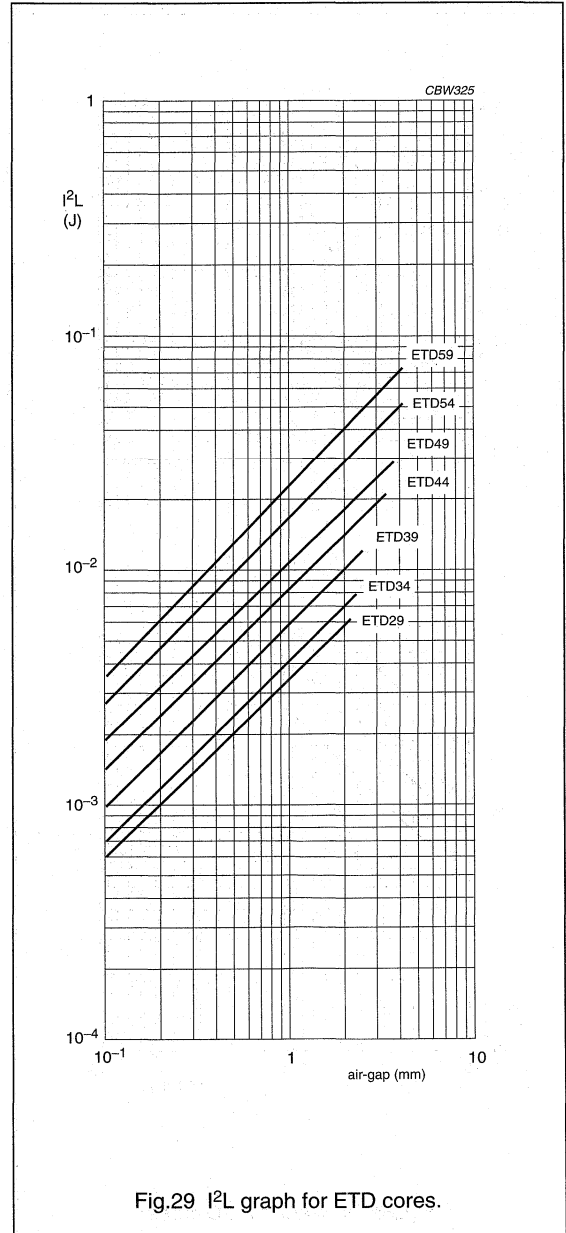
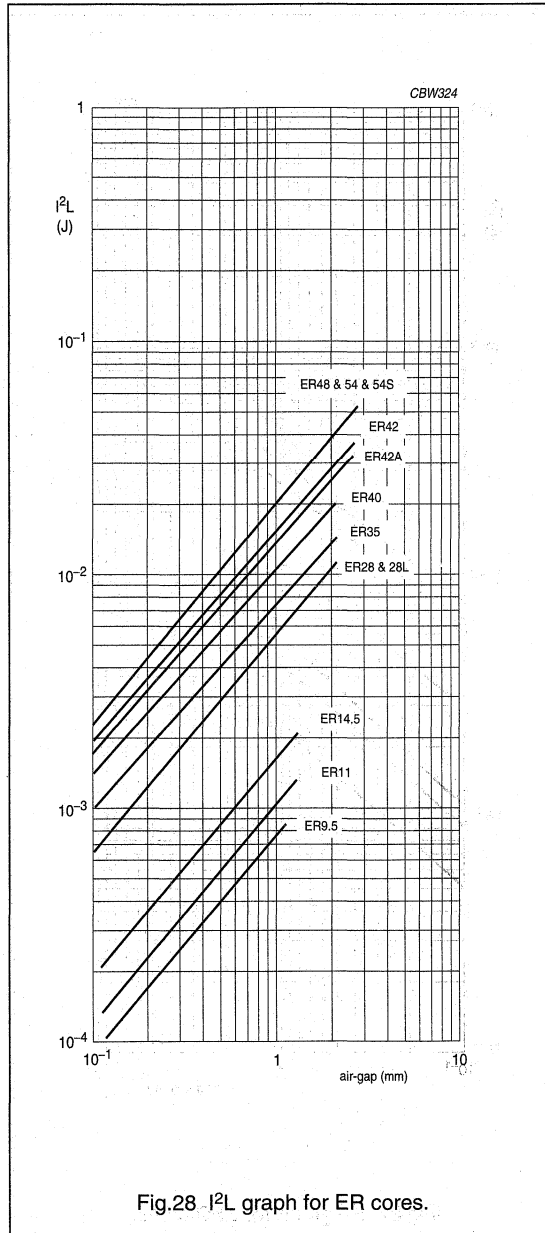


Fig.23 Effect of increased gap length.

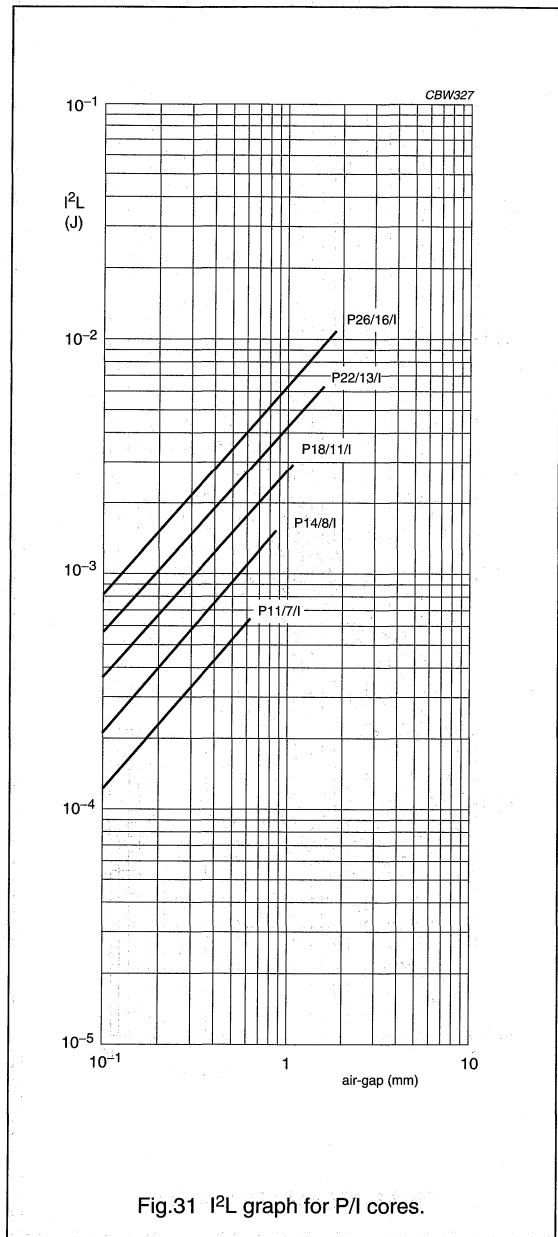
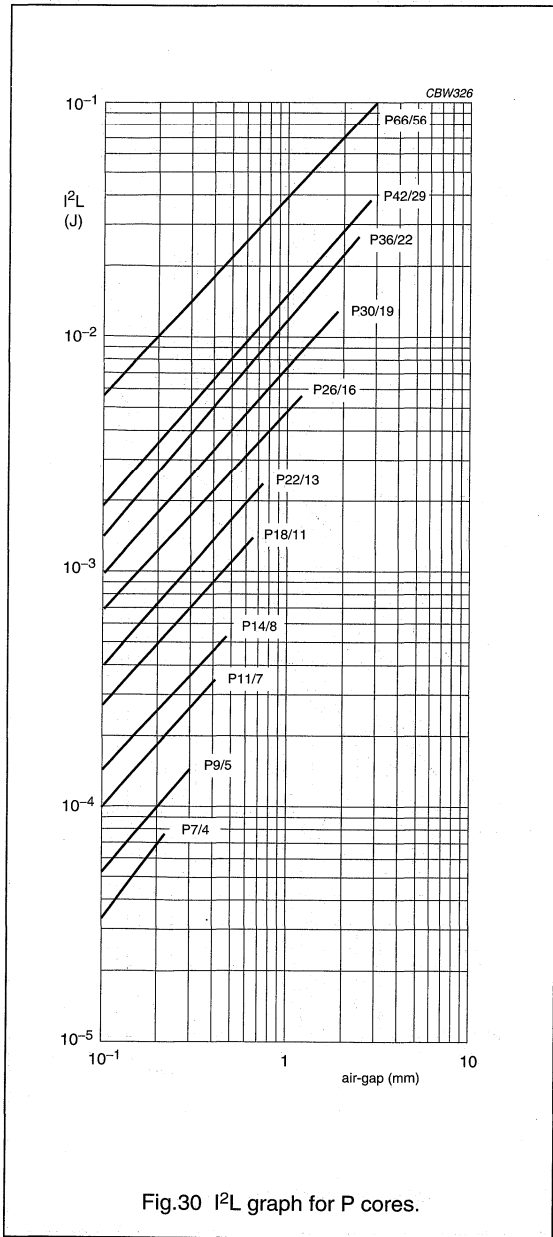


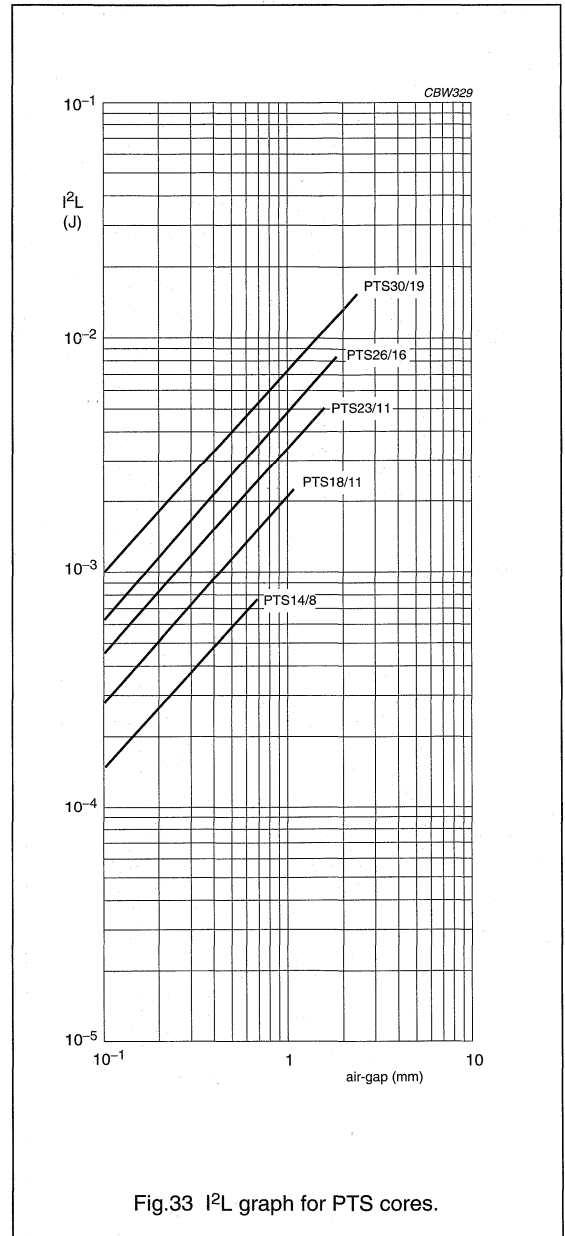
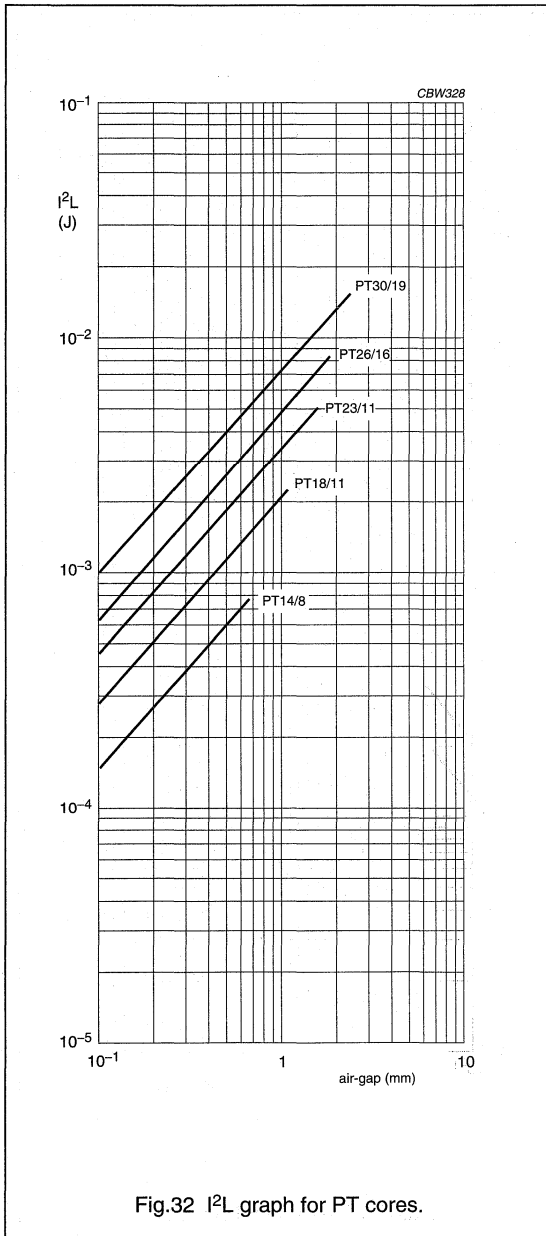




Soft Ferrites

Applications





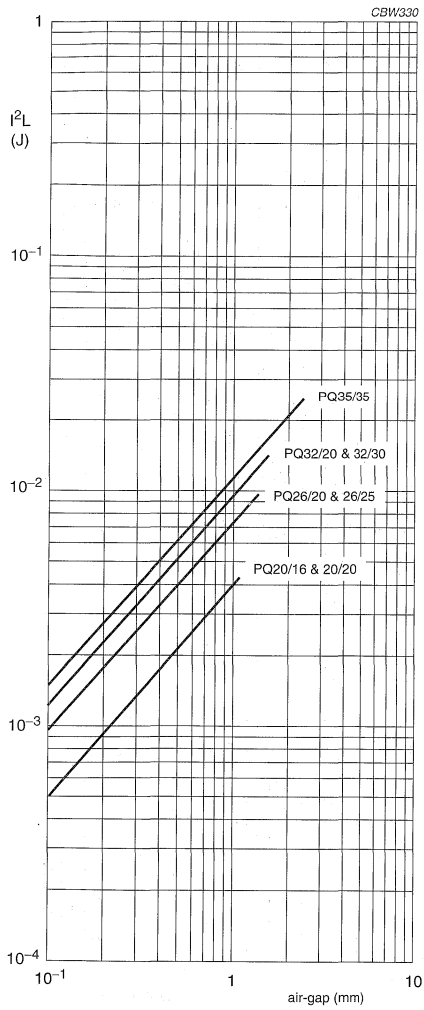


Fig.34  $I^2L$  graph for PQ cores.

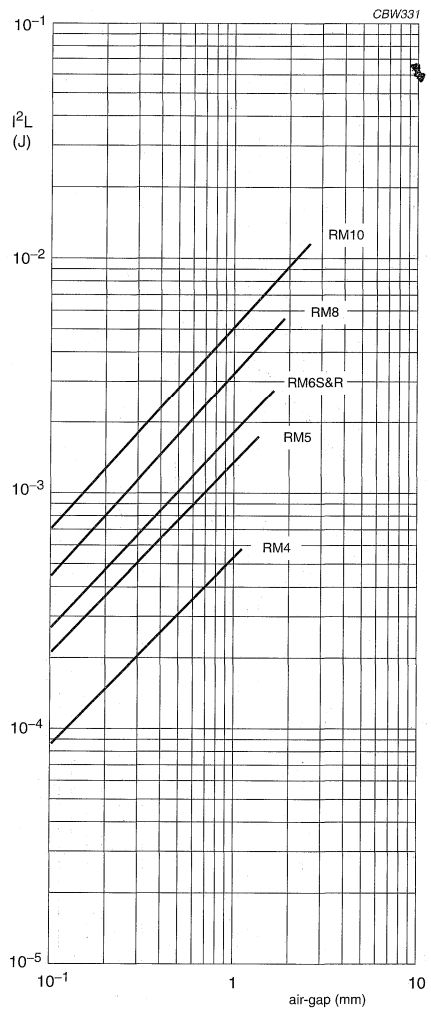
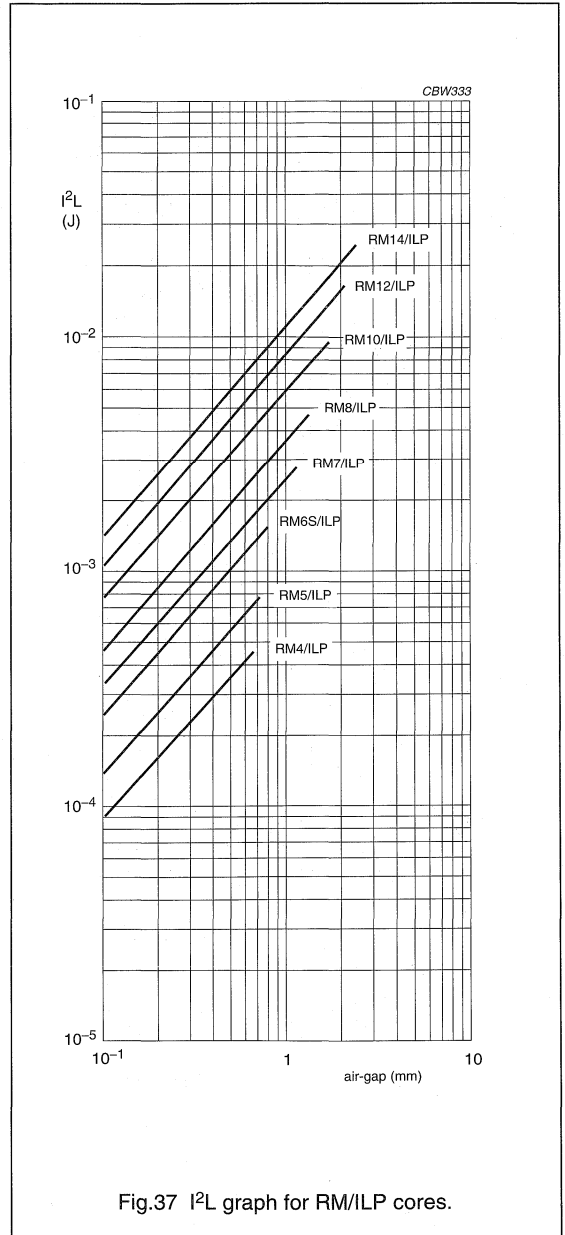
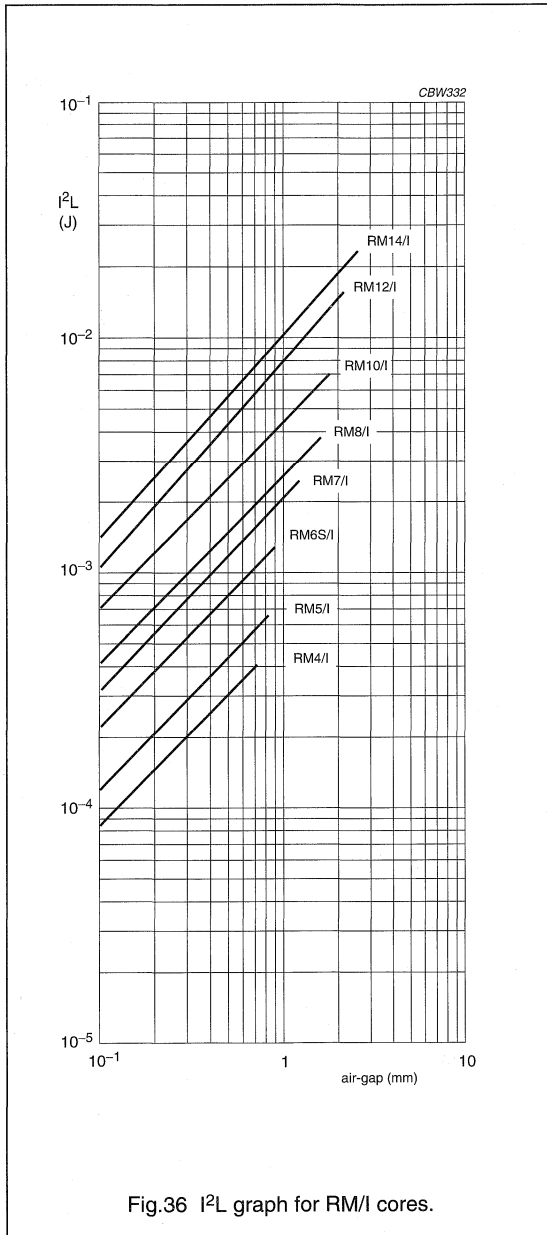
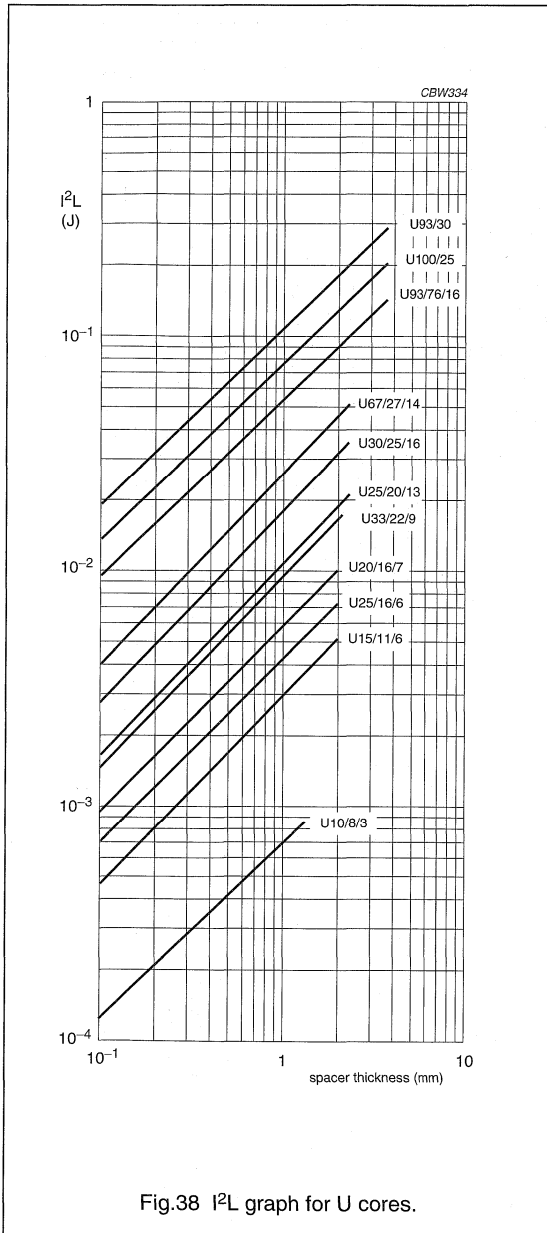


Fig.35  $I^2L$  graph for RM cores.



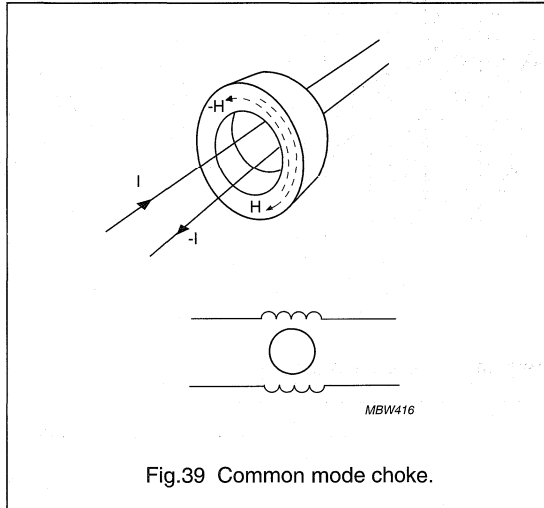




## IRON POWDER RING CORES

Ring cores made from compressed iron powder have a rather low permeability (max. 90) combined with a very high saturation level (up to 1500 mT). The permeability is so low because the isolating coating on the iron particles acts as a so called distributed air gap. Therefore, our 2P ring core range can operate under bias fields of up to 2000 A/m.

## INPUT FILTERS (COMMON MODE CHOKES)



To avoid the conduction of switching noise from a SMPS into the mains, an input filter is generally necessary. The magnetic circuit in these filters is usually a pair of U cores or a ring core.

Since the noise signal is mainly common mode, current compensation can be used to avoid saturation.

Two separate windings on the core cause opposing magnetic fields when the load current passes through them (current compensation). The common mode noise signal however, is blocked by the full inductance caused by the high permeability ferrite.

If, for some reason, current compensation is not complete or impossible, high permeability materials will saturate. In that case one of the power materials may be a better compromise. Another important factor in the design process is the frequency range of the interference signal. High permeability ferrites have a limited bandwidth as can be seen from Fig.40.

These materials only perform well as an inductor below the frequency where ferromagnetic resonance occurs. Above this cut-off frequency, a coil will have a highly resistive character and the Q-factor of the LC filter circuit will be limited and thus, also the impedance. A better result could have been obtained with a grade having a lower permeability. Figure 41 provides a quick method of choosing the right ferrite for the job.

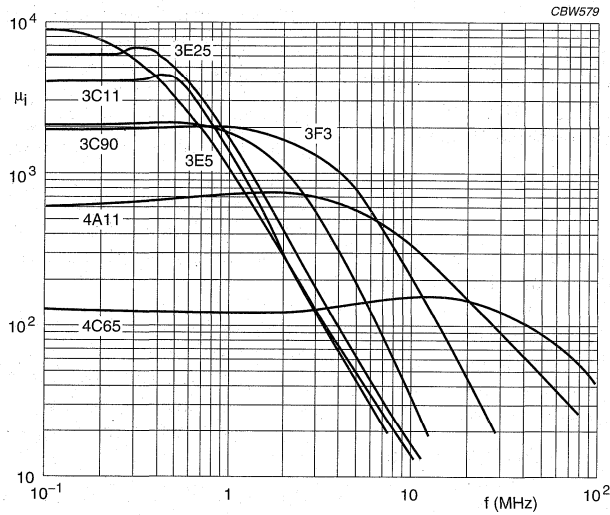
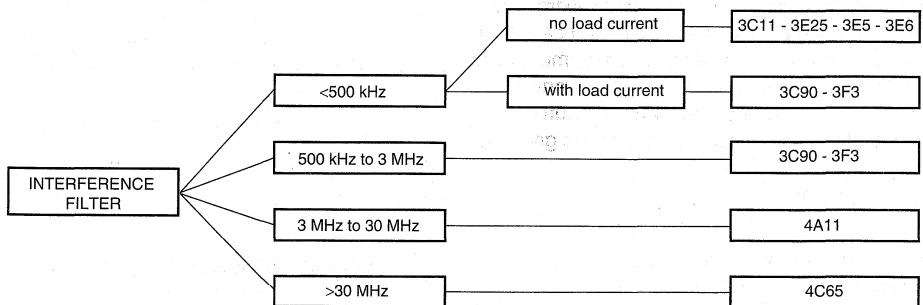


Fig.40 Permeability as a function of frequency of different materials.



CBW354

Fig.41 Selection chart for materials used in input filters.

## 3R1 TOROIDS IN MAGNETIC REGULATORS

Saturable inductors can be used to regulate several independent outputs of an SMPS by blocking varying amounts of energy from the secondary of the transformer. The rectangular BH loop of our 3R1 ferrite toroids makes them ideal for magnetic regulators with reset control. The circuits required are both simple and economic and can be easily integrated.

*Operating principles*

When the main switch is ON ( $t_{on}$ ) the output current ( $I_{out}$ ) flows through the winding of the saturable inductor to the output inductor and from there to the load.

During OFF time this current falls to zero and so does the magnetic field  $H$ . Because the saturable inductor has a rectangular B-H loop, the flux remains at the high level  $B_r$  even when the driving field  $H$  has fallen to zero.

When no reset current is applied, the flux in the toroid remains at the level of  $B_r$  until the next ON time starts. There is only a short delay ( $t_d$ ) because the flux rises from  $B_r$  to  $B_s$ . After that, the current rises sharply to its maximum value, limited only by the load impedance. The output voltage has its maximum value, given by:

$$V_{out} = V_t \times \frac{t_{on} - t_d}{T}$$

When  $V_{out}$  is higher than  $V_{ref}$  a reset current flows during OFF time, regulated by the transistor. This current can only flow through the winding of the saturable inductor. Because this current causes a magnetic field in reverse direction it will move the ferrite away from saturation. Resetting to  $-H_c$ , for instance, causes some extra delay ( $t_b$ ) because of the larger flux swing. Full reset causes a flux swing of almost  $2 \times B_s$ , resulting in a maximum delay ( $t_d + t_b$ ) and the blocking of a major part of the energy flowing from the transformer to the load. The output voltage is regulated to the required level and is given by:

$$V_{out} = V_t \times \frac{t_{on} - t_d - t_b}{T}$$

In this way a reset current in the order of 100 mA can regulate load currents in the order of 10 A or more, depending on the layout of the saturable inductor. For this reason the described circuit is called a magnetic regulator or magnetic amplifier.

The performance of the material 3R1 is comparable to that of amorphous metal making it an excellent choice for application in magnetic regulators. However, since the value of  $H_c$  is higher for the ferrite than for most amorphous metal compositions, a simple replacement will often fail to deliver the expected results. A dedicated design or a slight redesign of the regulating circuit is then required, for which we will be glad to give you advice.

Behaviour of the ferrite material in a saturable inductor is shown in Fig.42.

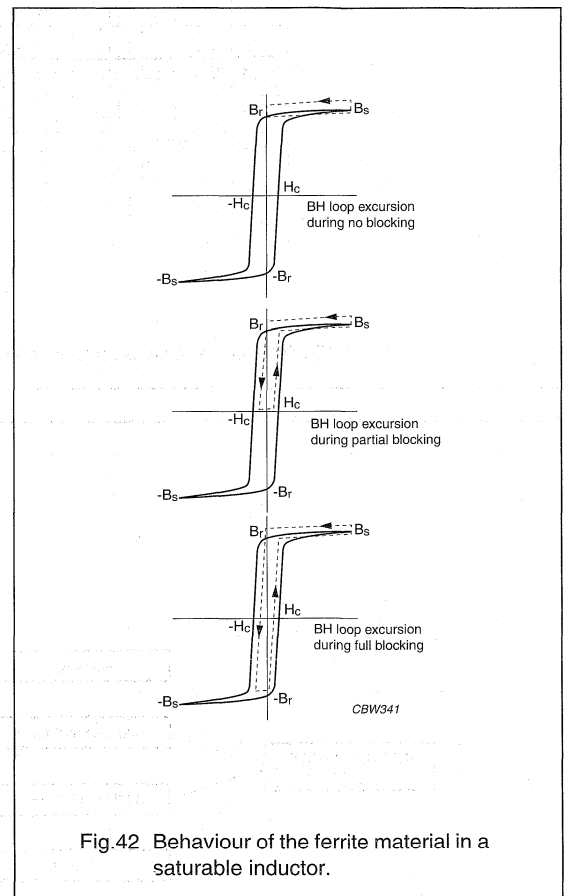


Fig.42 Behaviour of the ferrite material in a saturable inductor.

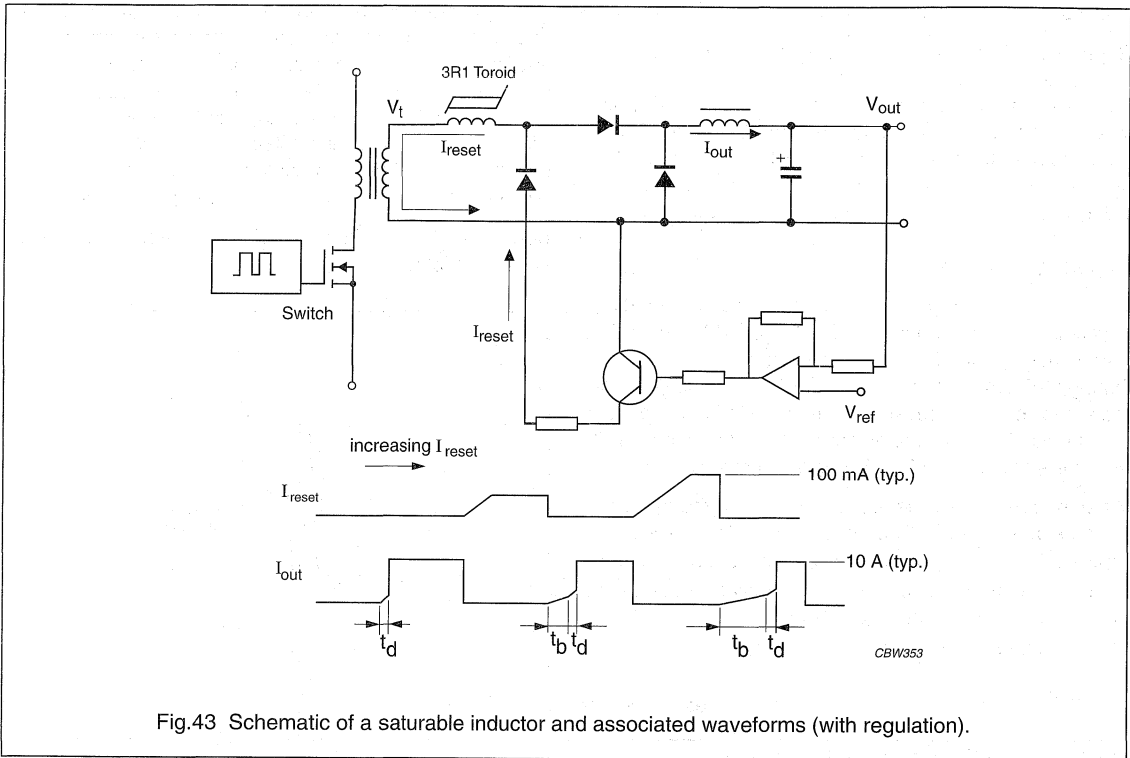


Fig.43 Schematic of a saturable inductor and associated waveforms (with regulation).

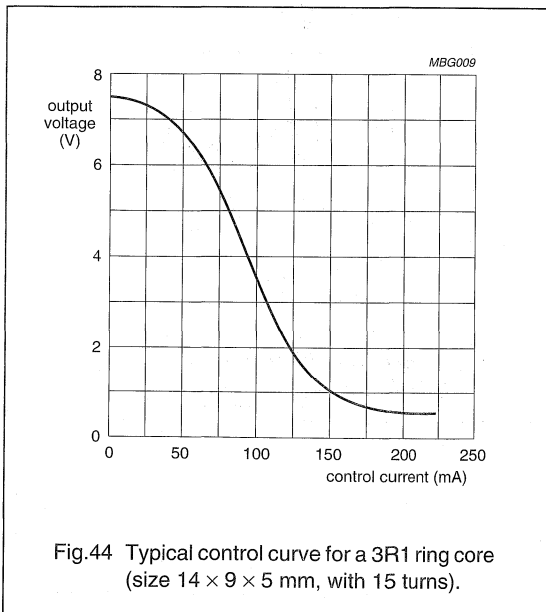


Fig.44 Typical control curve for a 3R1 ring core (size 14 × 9 × 5 mm, with 15 turns).

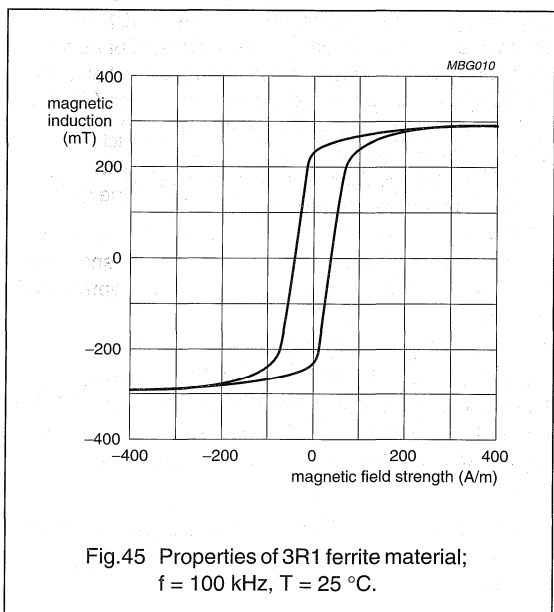


Fig.45 Properties of 3R1 ferrite material;  $f = 100$  kHz,  $T = 25$  °C.

**Ferrites for Interference Suppression and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

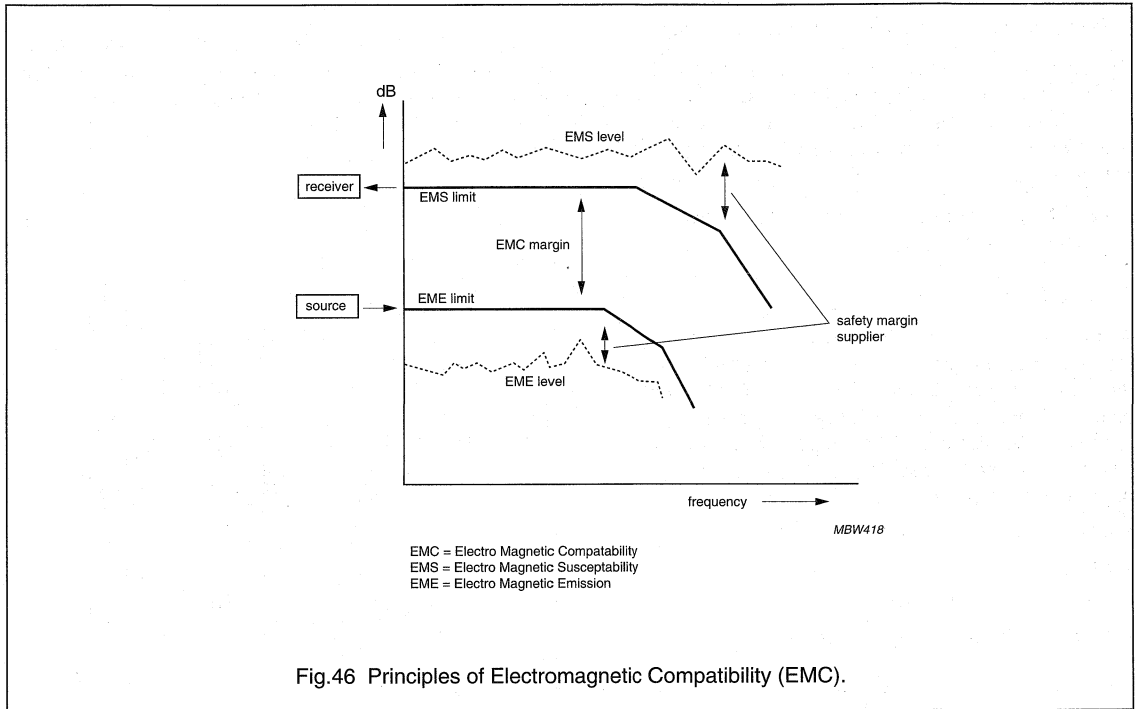


Fig.46 Principles of Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC).

With the ever increasing intensive use of electronic equipment Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) has become an important item. Laws specify limits of the level of interference caused by equipment (EME) and also the sensitivity of equipment to incoming interference (EMS).

Limiting curves are defined by organizations such as CISPR and FCC. Since the density of equipment increases, laws will become more stringent in the near future.

During the design phase, problems with interference can be avoided to some extent. Often additional suppression components such as capacitors and coils will be necessary to meet the required levels. Inductive components are very effective in blocking interfering signals, especially at high frequencies. The principles of suppression are shown in Fig.47.

Capacitors are used as a shunt impedance for the unwanted signal.

Unfortunately for high frequencies, most capacitors do not have the low impedance one might expect because of parasitic inductance or resistance.

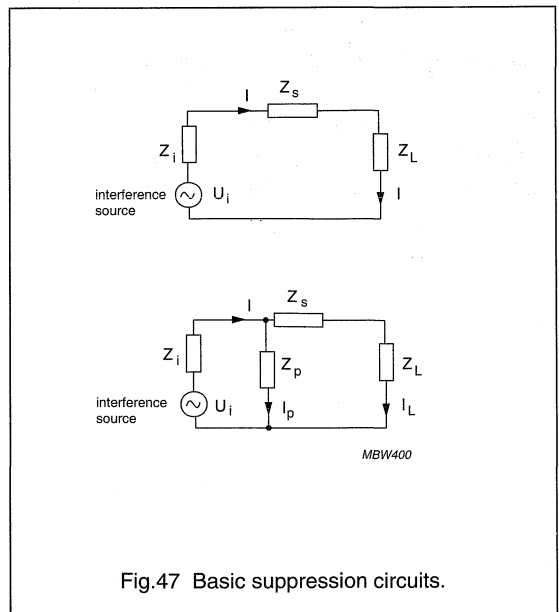


Fig.47 Basic suppression circuits.

Suppressors are used in series with the load impedance. They provide a low impedance for the wanted signal, but a high impedance for the interfering, unwanted, signal.

Philips have a full range of ring cores, beads, multilayer beads, beads on wire, SMD beads, wideband chokes and cable shields to suit every application. Rods and tubes are also often used for this application after they have been coiled by the user.

New in the program are the Integrated Inductive Components (IIC).

#### SAMPLE BOXES

As the design process in these areas is often based on trial and error, we have assembled 6 different **designers' sample boxes**. Each box is filled with a selection from our standard ranges, which aims at a specific application area. The boxes also contain a booklet with full information about the products and their applications. These sample boxes are:

- Sample box 9: SMD beads and chokes
- Sample box 10: Cable shielding
- Sample box 11: EMI suppression products
- Sample box 12: Multilayer suppressors.

#### INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION BEADS

A range of beads is available in two material grades, especially developed for suppression purposes.

They can easily be shifted on existing wires in the equipment:

- 3S1 for frequencies up to 30 MHz
- 3S4 for frequencies from 30 to 1000 MHz
- 4S2 for frequencies from 30 to 1000 MHz.

The materials and beads are fully guaranteed for their main feature, impedance as a function of frequency.

The grade 3S1 has a high permeability and is therefore rather sensitive for DC load. In applications where a high DC current is flowing 4S2 can be a better choice (see Figs 48, 49 and 50).

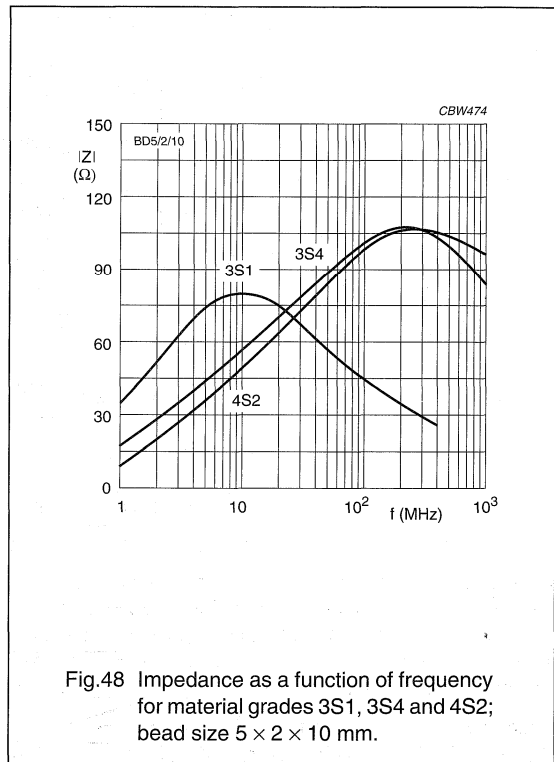
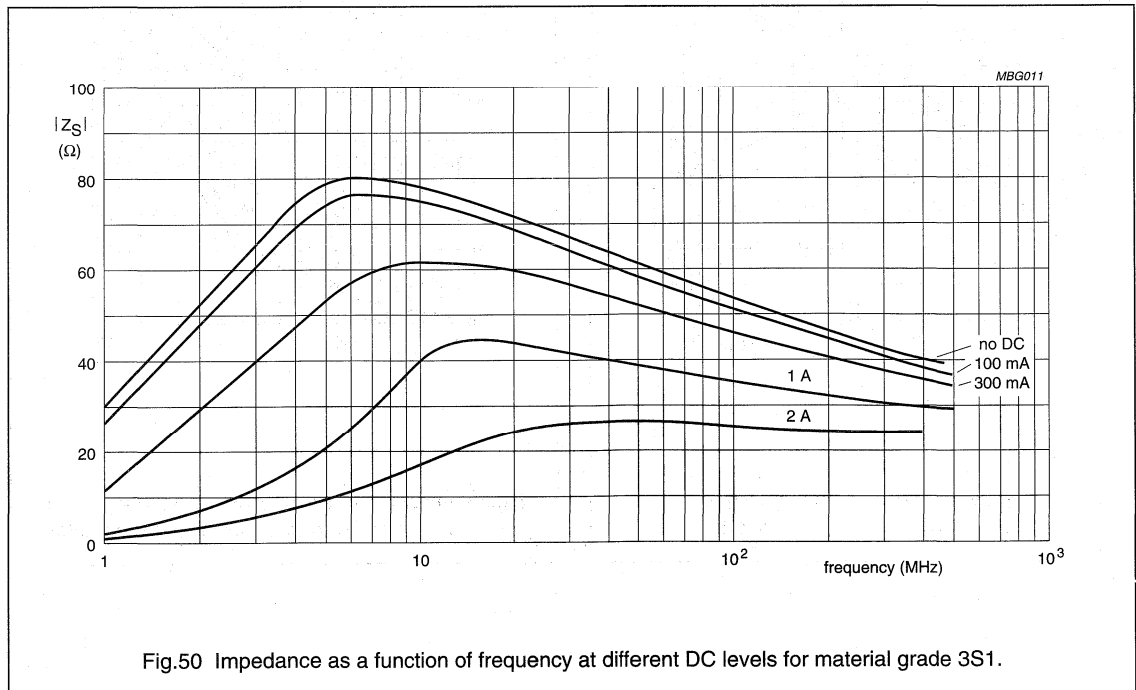
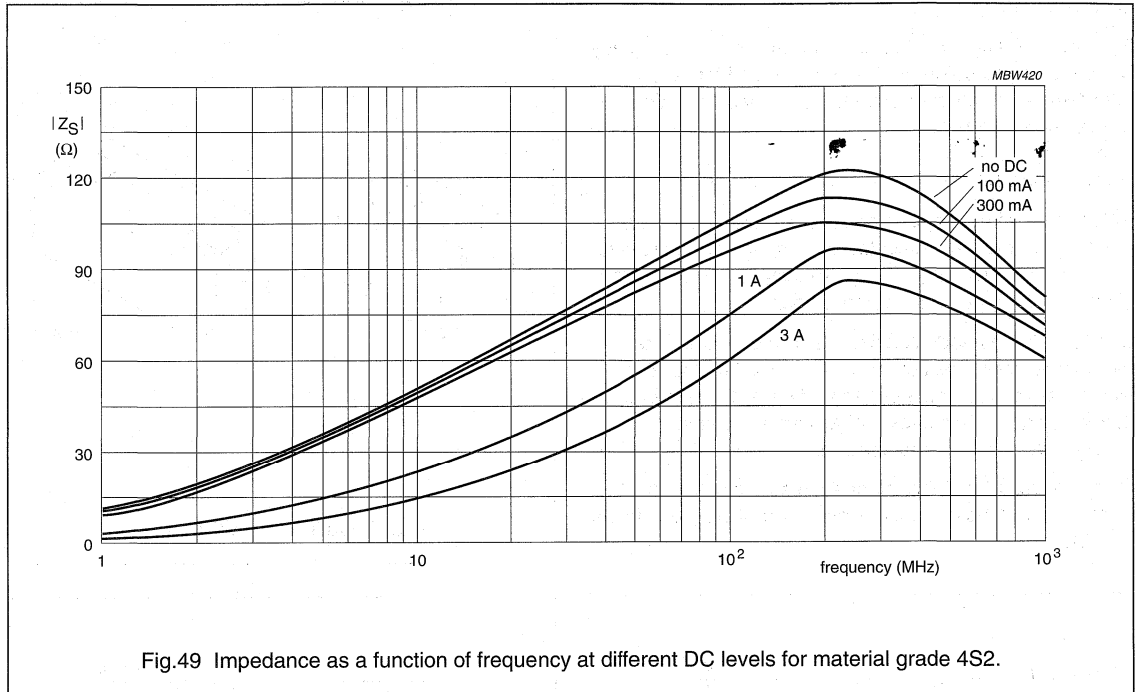


Fig.48 Impedance as a function of frequency for material grades 3S1, 3S4 and 4S2; bead size  $5 \times 2 \times 10$  mm.





# Soft Ferrites

# Applications

## BEADS ON WIRE

This product range consists of suppression beads, already mounted on pre-soldered 0.6 mm wire and taped on standard reels. These can be handled by automatic placement machines.

## SMD FERRITE BEADS

In response to market demands for smaller, lighter and more integrated electronic devices a series of SMD beads was added to our range. They are available in different sizes and 2 suppression ferrite grades.

Basically these beads consist of a ferrite tube with a rectangular cross-section and a flat tinned copper wire which is bent around the edges and forms the terminals of the component.

Some examples of their impedance as a function of frequency and the influence of bias current are given in the graphs.

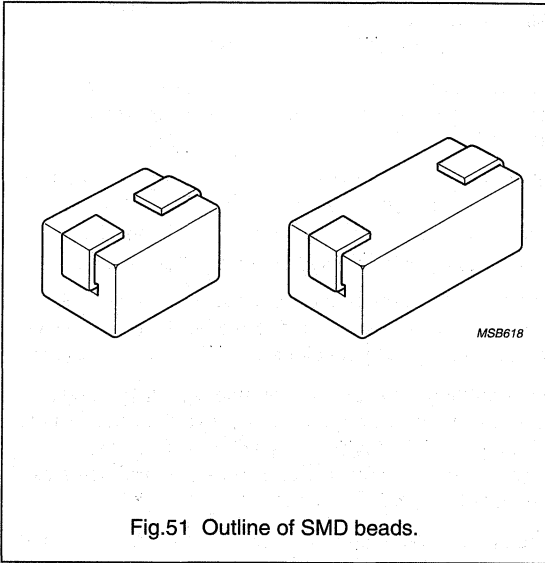


Fig.51 Outline of SMD beads.

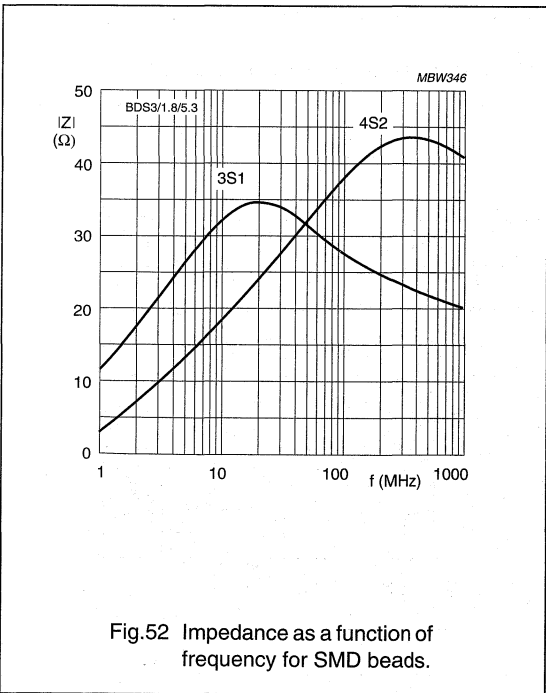


Fig.52 Impedance as a function of frequency for SMD beads.

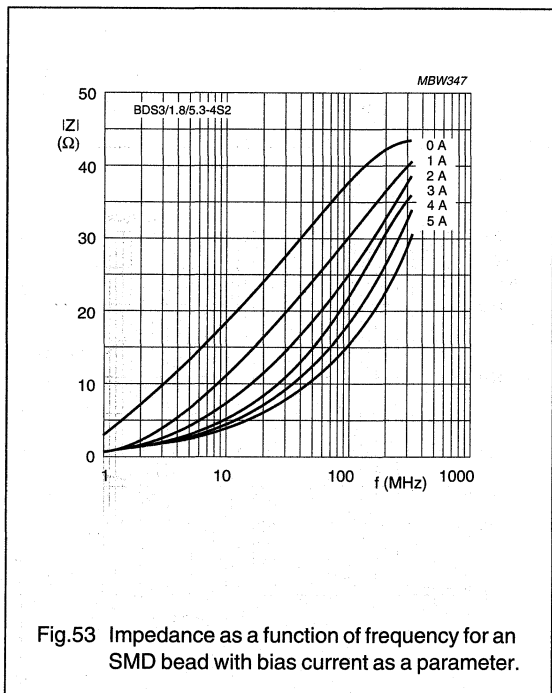


Fig.53 Impedance as a function of frequency for an SMD bead with bias current as a parameter.

SMD FERRITE BEADS FOR COMMON-MODE INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSION

Philips Components has introduced a new range of soft ferrite SMD beads for common-mode interference suppression.

With standard suppression methods in a signal path, the wanted signal is often suppressed along with the interference, and in many modern applications (EDP for instance) this leads to unacceptable loss of signal.

In Philips' new interference suppression beads, a pair of conductors within a single soft ferrite block are connected along their lengths by an air gap.

Common-mode signals (interference signals passing in the same direction along the input and output channels of a device, an IC for instance) serve to reinforce the magnetic flux around both conductors and are therefore attenuated.

In contrast, the wanted signal passing along the input and output channels serves to cancel the flux around the conductors and therefore passes unattenuated.

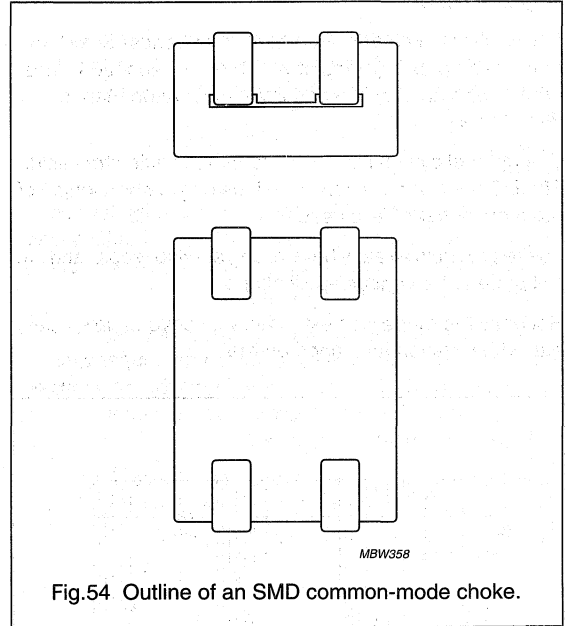


Fig.54 Outline of an SMD common-mode choke.

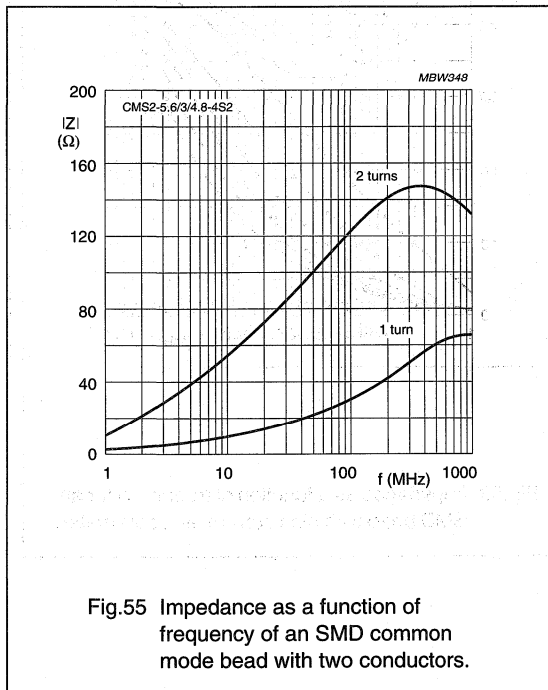


Fig.55 Impedance as a function of frequency of an SMD common mode bead with two conductors.

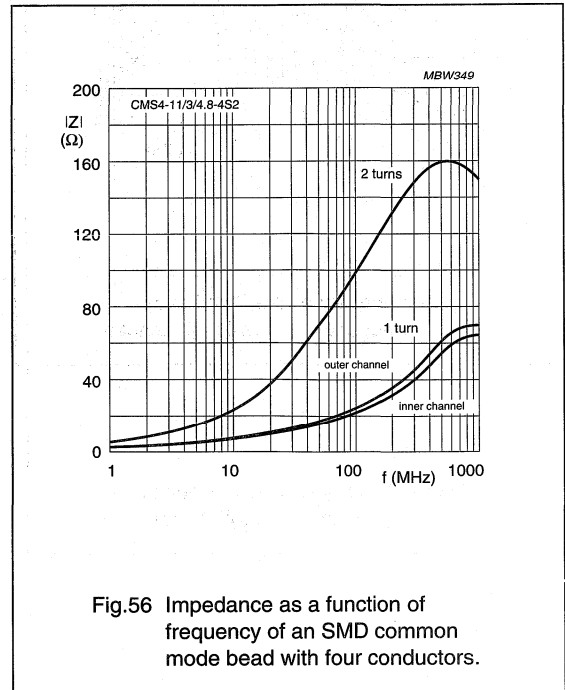


Fig.56 Impedance as a function of frequency of an SMD common mode bead with four conductors.

# Soft Ferrites

# Applications

## WIDEBAND CHOKES

Wideband chokes are wired multi-hole beads. Since they have up to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  turns of wire their impedance values are rather high over a broad frequency range, hence their name.

The magnetic circuit is closed so there is little stray field. The DC resistance is very low since only a short length of 0.6 mm copper wire is used.

These products already have a long service record and are still popular for various applications.

Recently the range was extended with several new types, e.g. with isolation and taped on reel.

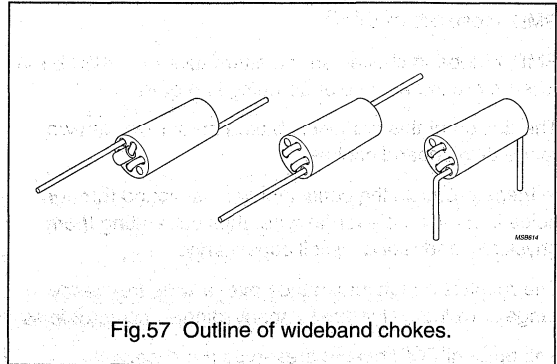


Fig.57 Outline of wideband chokes.

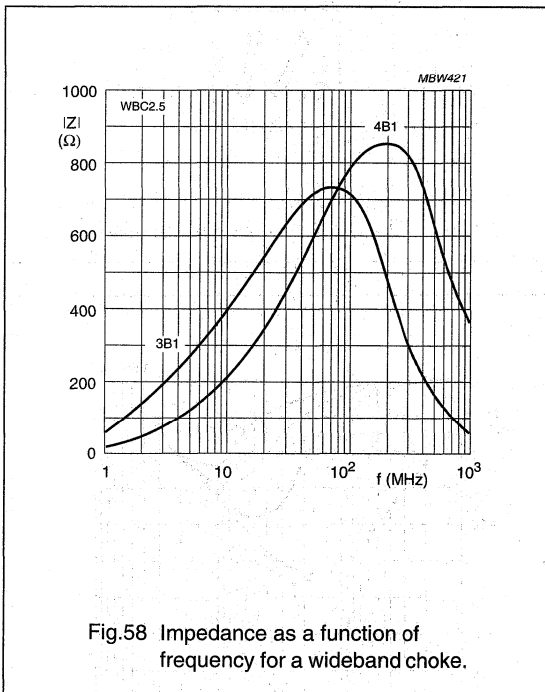


Fig.58 Impedance as a function of frequency for a wideband choke.

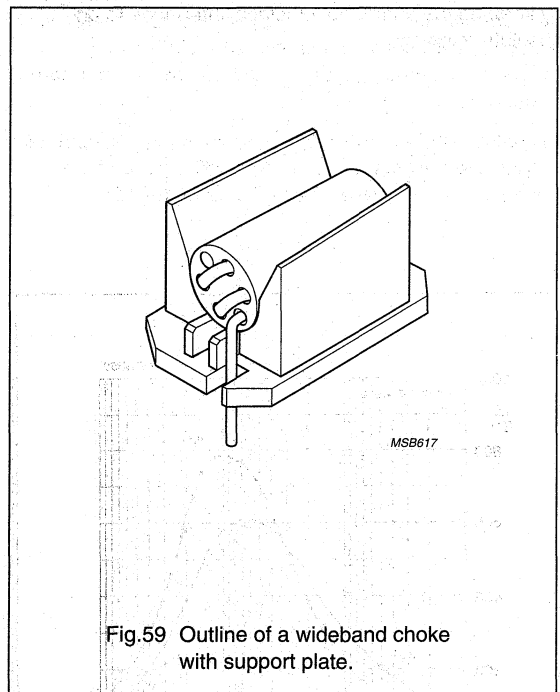


Fig.59 Outline of a wideband choke with support plate.

# Soft Ferrites

# Applications

## SMD WIDEBAND CHOKES

SMD wideband chokes are an alternative to a SMD bead when more impedance or damping is required.

The design of this product is based on our well known range of wideband chokes.

In these products the conductor wire is wound through holes in a multi-hole ferrite core, thus separating them physically and reducing coil capacitance.

The result is a high impedance over a wide frequency range, a welcome feature for many interference problems.

The present SMD design preserves the excellent properties and reliability of the original wideband chokes by keeping the number of electrical interfaces to an absolute minimum.

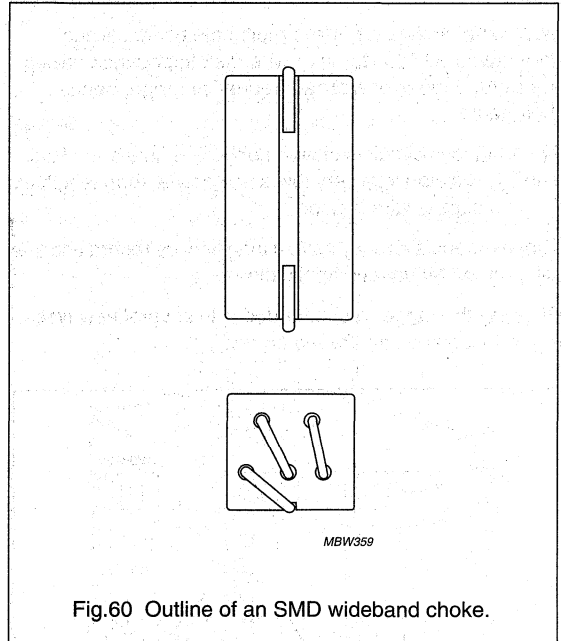


Fig.60 Outline of an SMD wideband choke.

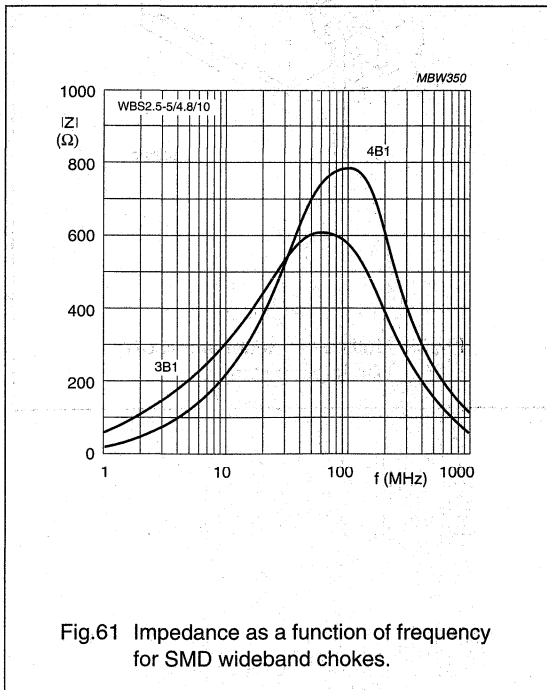


Fig.61 Impedance as a function of frequency for SMD wideband chokes.

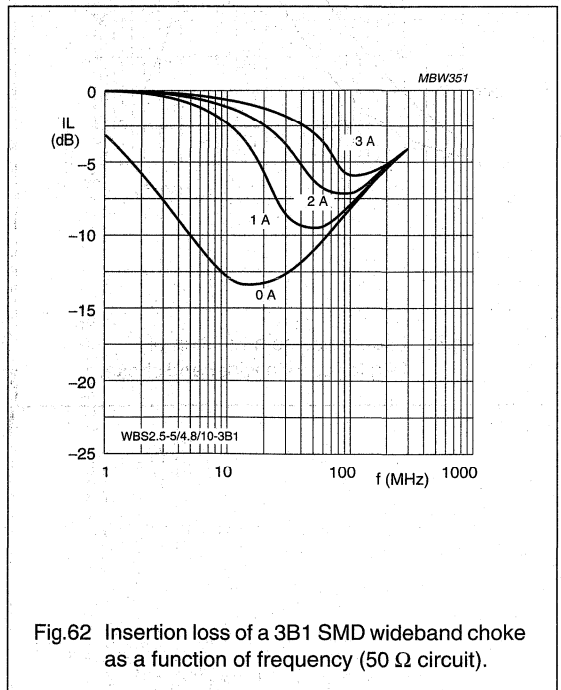


Fig.62 Insertion loss of a 3B1 SMD wideband choke as a function of frequency (50 Ω circuit).

Soft Ferrites

Applications

CABLE SHIELDS

New in our range are so-called cable shields. These products are an effective remedy against common-mode interference on coaxial or flat cables. They come in several shapes: round tubes, rectangular sleeves and split sleeves to mount on existing cable connections.

Our new suppression material 3S4 is very suitable for this application. It combines a high permeability (1700) for high impedance in the lower frequency range with an excellent high frequency behaviour for true wideband suppression.

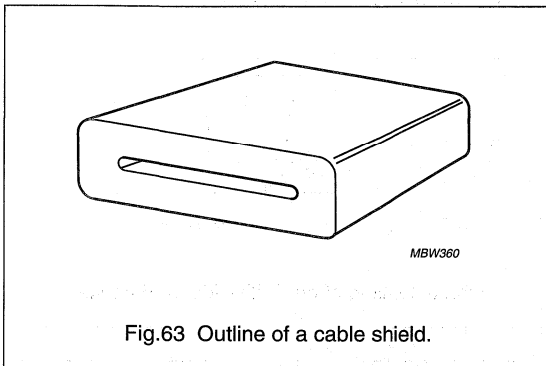


Fig.63 Outline of a cable shield.

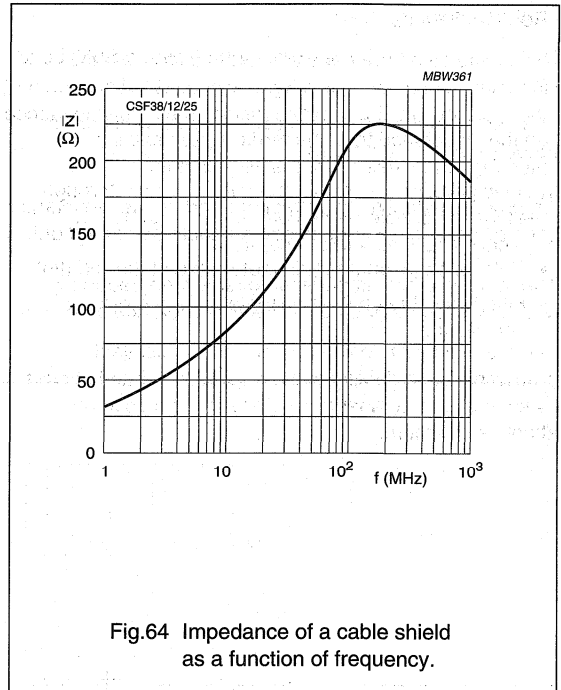


Fig.64 Impedance of a cable shield as a function of frequency.

RODS AND TUBES

Rods and tubes are generally used to increase the inductance of a coil. The magnetic circuit is very open and therefore the mechanical dimensions have more influence on the inductance than the ferrite's permeability (see Fig.65) unless the rod is very slender.

In order to establish the effect of a rod on the inductance of a coil, the following procedure should be carried out:

- Calculate the length to diameter ratio of the rod (l/d)
- Find this value on the horizontal axis and draw a vertical line.

The intersection of this line with the curve of the material permeability gives the effective rod permeability.

The inductance of the coil, provided the winding covers the whole length of the rod is given by:

$$L = \mu_0 \mu_{rod} \frac{N^2 A}{l} (H)$$

where:

N = number of turns

A = cross sectional area of rod

l = length of coil.

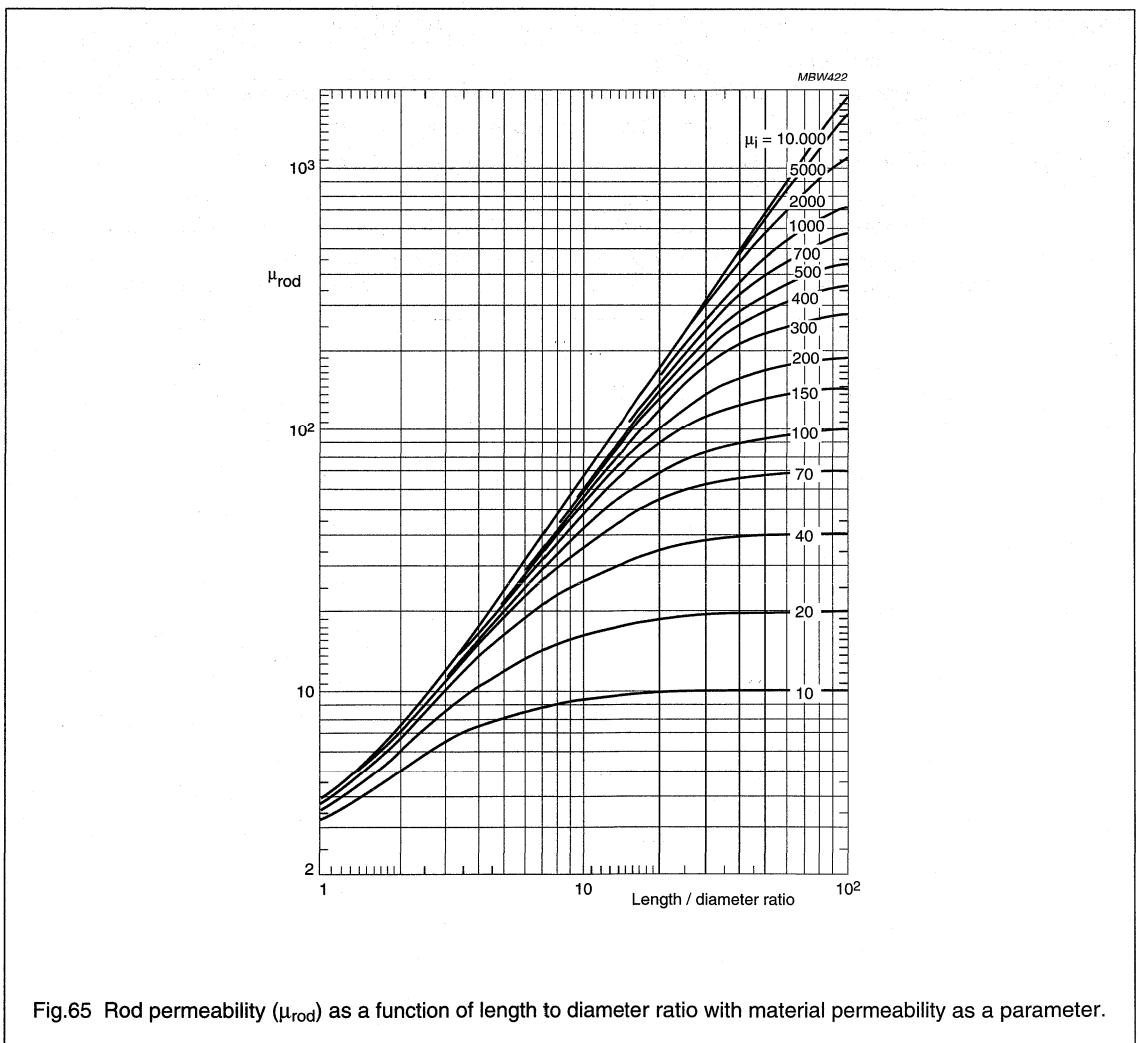


Fig.65 Rod permeability ( $\mu_{rod}$ ) as a function of length to diameter ratio with material permeability as a parameter.

## Literature and reference materials

---

### PHILIPS COMPONENTS APPLICATION LITERATURE

For the latest application literature, refer to the website at: [www.acm.components.philips.com](http://www.acm.components.philips.com)

### IEC STANDARDS ON SOFT FERRITES

133 (1985)	Dimensions for pot cores made of magnetic oxides and associated parts
205 (1966)	Calculation of the effective parameters of magnetic piece parts
205A (1968)	First supplement
205B (1974)	Second supplement
226 (1967)	Dimensions of cross cores (X cores) made of ferromagnetic oxides and associated parts
367	Cores for inductors and transformers for telecommunications
367-1 (1982)	Part 1: Measuring methods
367-2 (1974)	Part 2: Guides for the drafting of performance specifications
367-2A (1976)	First supplement
424 (1973)	Guide to the specification of limits for physical imperfections of parts made from magnetic oxides
431 (1983)	Dimensions of square cores (RM cores) made of magnetic oxides and associated parts
525 (1976)	Dimensions of toroids made of magnetic oxides or iron powder
647 (1979)	Dimensions for magnetic oxide cores intended for use in power supplies (EC cores)
1185 (1992)	Magnetic oxide cores (ETD cores) intended for use in power supply applications - Dimensions
1246 (1994)	Magnetic oxide cores (E cores) of rectangular cross-section and associated parts - Dimensions



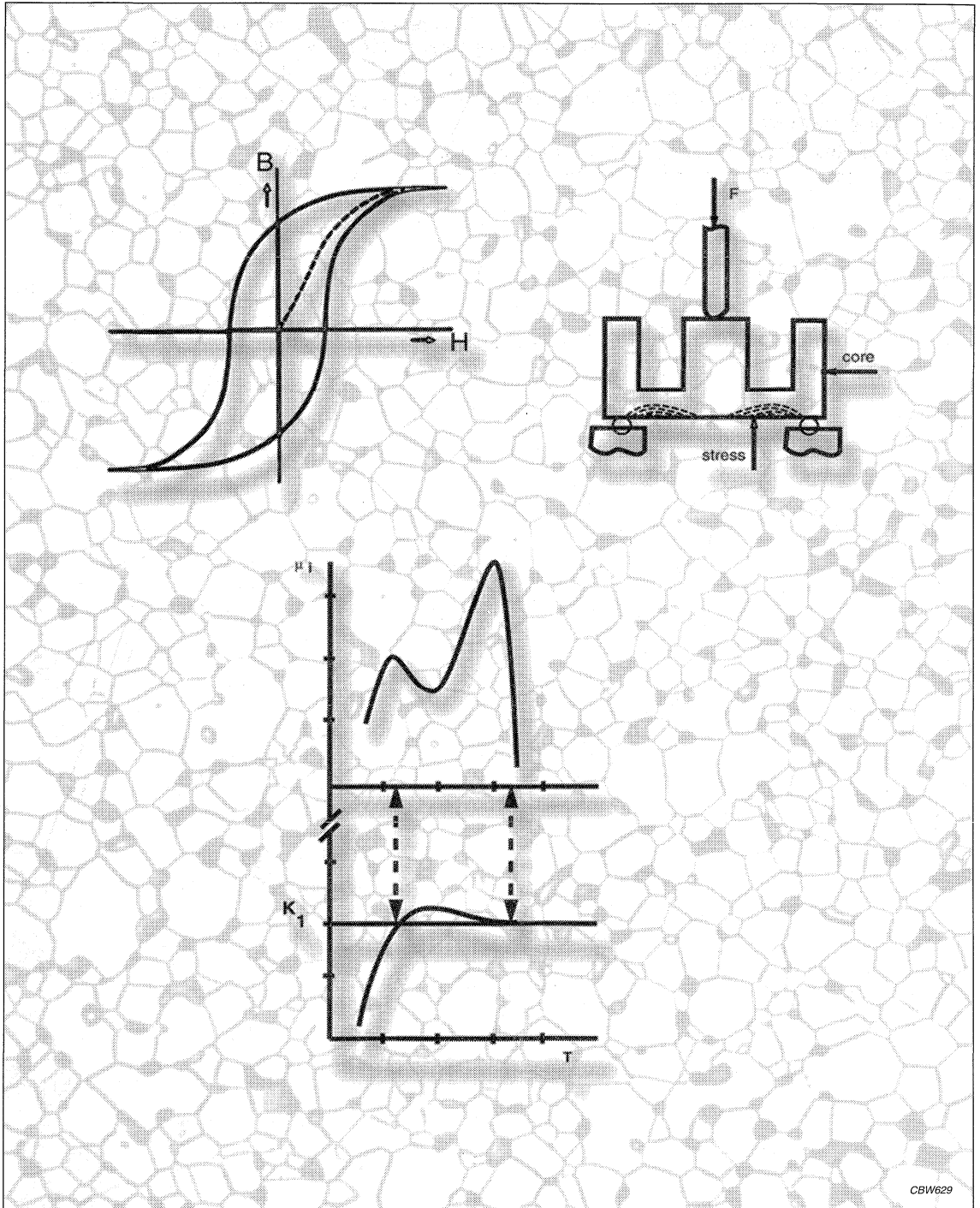
## Literature and reference materials

---

### REFERENCE BOOKS ON MAGNETIC COMPONENT DESIGN

1. Soft Ferrites, Properties and Applications 2nd Edition, E.C. Snelling, Butterworths Publishing, 80 Montvale Ave., Stoneham, MA 02180 Tel: (617) 928-2500
2. Ferrites for Inductors and Transformers C. Snelling & A. Giles, Research Studies Press, distributed by J. Wiley & Sons, 605 Third Ave., New York, NY 10016
3. Transformer and Inductor Design Handbook C. McLyman, Marcel Dekker, 207 Madison Ave., New York, NY 10016
4. Magnetic Core Selection for Transformers and Inductors C. McLyman, Marcel Dekker, 207 Madison Ave., New York, NY 10016
5. Handbook of Transformer Applications W. Flanigan, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 1221 Ave. of Americas, New York, NY 10020
6. Transformers for Electronic Circuits N. Grossner, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 1221 Ave. of Americas, New York NY 10020
7. Magnetic Components-Design and Applications S. Smith Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., 135 West 50th St., New York, NY 10020
8. Design Shortcuts and Procedures for Electronic Power Transformers and Inductors Ordean Kiltie, O. Kiltie & Co. 2445 Fairfield, Ft. Wayne, IN 46807
9. Switching and Linear Power Supply, Power Converter Design A. Pressman, Hayden Book Co. Inc., 50 Essex St., Rochelle Park., NY 07662
10. High Frequency Switching Power Supplies G. Chrysis, McGraw Hill Publishing Co, 1221 Ave. of Americas, NY
11. Design of Solid State Power Supplies 3rd Edition, E. Hnatek, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., New York, NY 10020
12. Power Devices and Their Applications Edited by: Dr. F. Lee & Dr. D. Chen, VPEC, Vol. III, 1990. Tel: (703) 231-4536
13. Application of Magnetism J.K. Watson, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 605 Third Ave., New York, NY 10016
14. Applied Electromagnetics M.A. Plonus, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 1221 Ave. of Americas, New York, NY 10020
15. Transmission Line Transformers J. Sevick, American Radio Relay League, 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111





CBW629

## Soft Ferrites

---

**Properties specified in this section are related to room temperature (25 °C) unless otherwise stated. They have been measured on sintered, non ground ring cores of dimensions  $\varnothing 25 \times \varnothing 15 \times 10$  mm which are not subjected to external stresses.**

**Products generally comply with the material specification. However, deviations may occur due to shape size and grinding operations etc.**

**Specified product properties are given in the data sheets or product drawings.**

## Soft Ferrites

## Material grade survey

## MATERIAL GRADE SURVEY

## Ferrite material grade survey

FERRITE MATERIAL	$\mu_i$ at 25 °C	$B_{sat}$ (mT) at 25 °C (3000 A/m)	$T_C$ (°C)	$\rho$ ( $\Omega m$ )	FERRITE TYPE	MAIN APPLICATION AREA	AVAILABLE CORE SHAPES		
3D3	750	≈400	≥200	≈2	MnZn	telecom filters signal transformers pulse transformers delay lines	RM, P, PT, PTS, EP, E, ER, RM/I, RM/ILP, toroids		
3B7	2300	≈450	≥170	≈1	MnZn				
3H3	2000	≈400	≥160	≈2	MnZn				
3E1	3800	≈400	≥125	≈1	MnZn				
3E4	4700	≈400	≥125	≈1	MnZn				
3E5	10000	≈400	≥125	≈0.5	MnZn				
3E55	10000	≈350	≥100	≈0.1	MnZn				
3E6	12000	≈400	≥130	≈0.1	MnZn				
3E7	15000	≈400	≥130	≈0.1	MnZn				
3E8	18000	≈350	≥100	≈0.1	MnZn				
3E25	6000	≈400	≥125	≈0.5	MnZn				
3E27	6000	≈400	≥150	≈0.5	MnZn				
3E28	4000	≈400	≥145	≈1	MnZn				
3C15	1800	≈500	≥190	≈1	MnZn			power conversion general purpose transformers	E, Planar E, EC, EFD, EP, ETD, ER, U, UR, I, RM/I, RM/ILP, P, P/I, PT, PTS, PQ, toroids
3C30	2100	≈500	≥240	≈2	MnZn				
3C34	2100	≈500	≥240	≈5	MnZn				
3C81	2700	≈450	≥210	≈1	MnZn				
3C91	3000	≈450	≥220	≈5	MnZn				
3C90	2300	≈450	≥220	≈5	MnZn				
3C94	2300	≈450	≥220	≈5	MnZn				
3C96	2000	≈500	≥240	≈5	MnZn				
3F3	2000	≈450	≥200	≈2	MnZn				
3F4	900	≈450	≥220	≈10	MnZn				
3F35	1400	≈500	≥240	≈10	MnZn				
4F1	80	≈350	≥260	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
3S1	4000	≈400	≥125	≈1	MnZn	EMI-suppression	EMI beads, beads on wire, SMD beads, Multilayer suppressors, common-mode chokes, cable shields, rods, ring cores (toroids), wideband chokes, U cores		
3S3	350	≈350	≥225	≈10 <sup>4</sup>	MnZn				
3S4	1700	≈350	≥110	≈10 <sup>3</sup>	MnZn				
4S2	700	≈350	≥125	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
4S4	250	≈300	≥130	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
4S7	200	≈300	≥140	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
4C65	125	≈400	≥350	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
4A11	700	≈350	≥125	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
4A15	1200	≈350	≥125	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn				
3C11	4300	≈400	≥125	≈1	MnZn				
3E25	6000	≈400	≥125	≈0.5	MnZn				
3E26	7000	≈450	≥155	≈0.5	MnZn				

## Soft Ferrites

## Material grade survey

FERRITE MATERIAL	$\mu_i$ at 25 °C	$B_{sat}$ (mT) at 25 °C (3000 A/m)	$T_C$ (°C)	$\rho$ ( $\Omega m$ )	FERRITE TYPE	MAIN APPLICATION AREA	AVAILABLE CORE SHAPES
4E1	15	≈200	≥500	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn	tuning suppression	rods, tubes, wideband chokes
4D2	60	≈240	≥400	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn		
4B1	250	≈350	≥250	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn		
3B1	900	≈400	≥150	≈0.2	MnZn		
3R1	800	≈450	≥230	≈10 <sup>3</sup>	MnZn	magnetic regulators	toroids
4B3	300	≈400	≥250	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn	scientific particle accelerators	large toroids
4E2	25	≈350	≥400	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn		
4M2	140	≈350	≥200	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn		
8C11	900	≈350	≥125	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn		
8C12	1200	≈300	≥125	≈10 <sup>5</sup>	NiZn		

## Iron powder material grade survey

IRON POWDER MATERIAL	$\mu_i$ at 25 °C	$B_{sat}$ (mT) at 25 °C (3000 A/m)	MAXIMUM OPERATING TEMPERATURE (°C)	MAIN APPLICATION AREA	AVAILABLE CORE SHAPES
2P40	40	950	140	suppression	toroids
2P50	50	1000	140		
2P65	65	1150	140		
2P80	80	1400	140		
2P90	90	1600	140		

## Typical mechanical and thermal properties

PROPERTY	MnZn FERRITE	NiZn FERRITE	UNIT
Young's modules	(90 to 150) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	(80 to 150) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Ultimate compressive strength	200 to 600	200 to 700	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Ultimate tensile strength	20 to 65	30 to 60	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Vickers hardness	600 to 700	800 to 900	N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Linear expansion coefficient	(10 to 12) × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	(7 to 8) × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	K <sup>-1</sup>
Specific heat	700 to 800	750	Jkg <sup>-1</sup> × K <sup>-1</sup>
Heat conductivity	(3.5 to 5.0) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	(3.5 to 5.0) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Jmm <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> × K <sup>-1</sup>

# Material grade specification

2P..

## 2P.. SPECIFICATIONS

### Material grade specification - 2P40

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	40 $\pm 10\%$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 1500 \times 10^{-6}$	
$B_r$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 250$	mT
$H_C$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 2000$	A/m
B	$H = 25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 950$	mT
$\alpha_F$	25 to 55 °C	$\approx 10 \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$T_{max}$		160	°C

### Material grade specification - 2P50

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	50 $\pm 10\%$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 1500 \times 10^{-6}$	
$B_r$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 300$	mT
$H_C$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1800$	A/m
B	$H = 25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1000$	mT
$\alpha_F$	25 to 55 °C	$\approx 20 \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$T_{max}$		140	°C

### Material grade specification - 2P65

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	65 $\pm 10\%$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 1000 \times 10^{-6}$	
$B_r$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 350$	mT
$H_C$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1500$	A/m
B	$H = 25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1150$	mT
$\alpha_F$	25 to 55 °C	$\approx 15 \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$T_{max}$		140	°C

### Material grade specification - 2P80

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	80 $\pm 10\%$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 1000 \times 10^{-6}$	
$B_r$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 400$	mT
$H_C$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1200$	A/m
B	$H = 25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1400$	mT
$\alpha_F$	25 to 55 °C	$\approx 15 \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$T_{max}$		140	°C

### Material grade specification - 2P90

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	90 $\pm 10\%$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 1000 \times 10^{-6}$	
$B_r$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 450$	mT
$H_C$	from $25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 900$	A/m
B	$H = 25 \times 10^3$ A/m	$\approx 1600$	mT
$\alpha_F$	25 to 55 °C	$\approx 15 \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$T_{max}$		140	°C

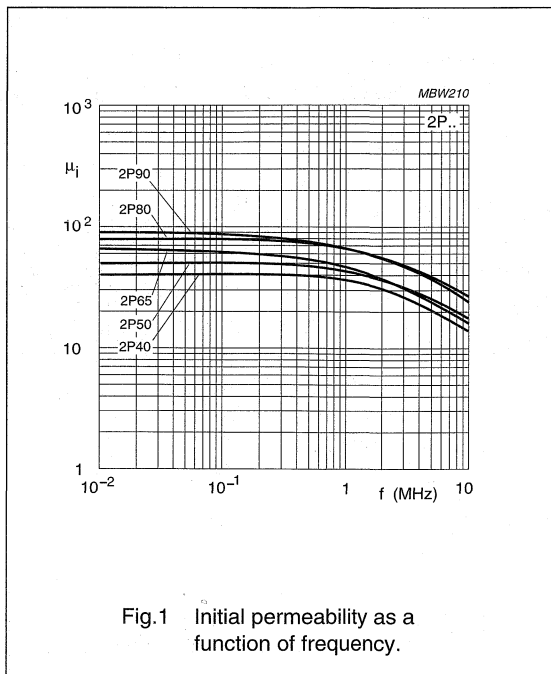
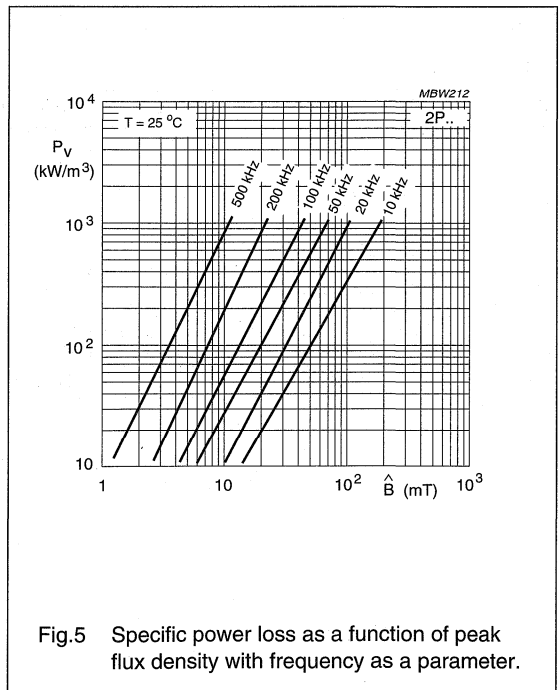
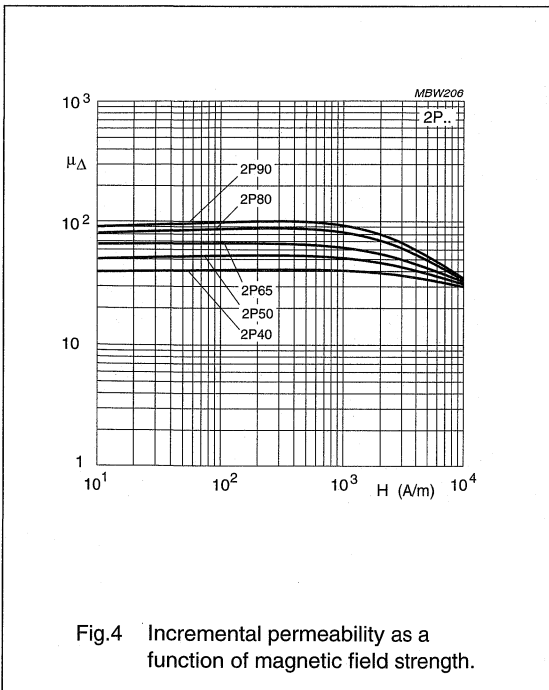
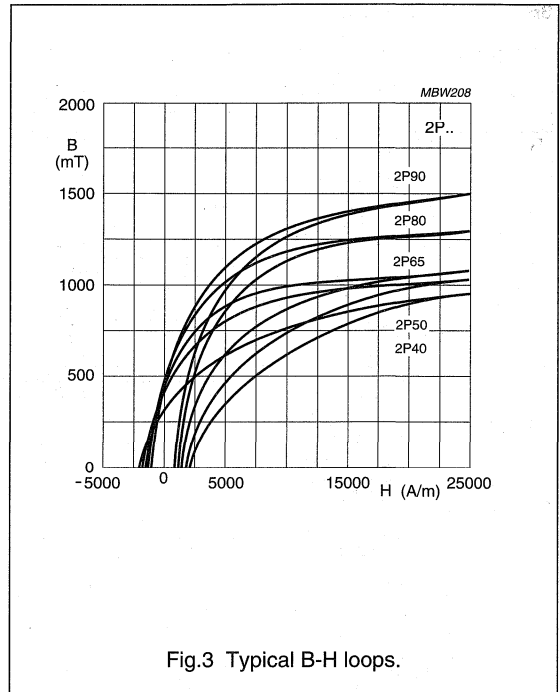
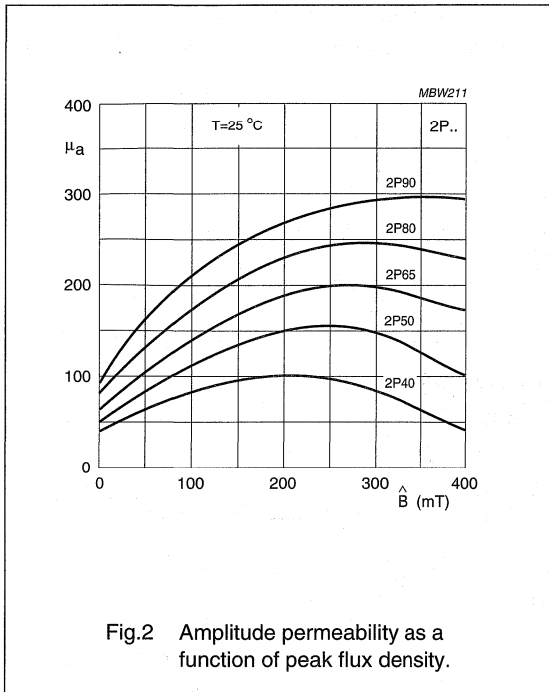


Fig.1 Initial permeability as a function of frequency.

Material grade specification

2P..





Material grade specification

3B1

3B1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	900 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 330$ $\approx 200$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 450 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 50 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.2$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 150$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

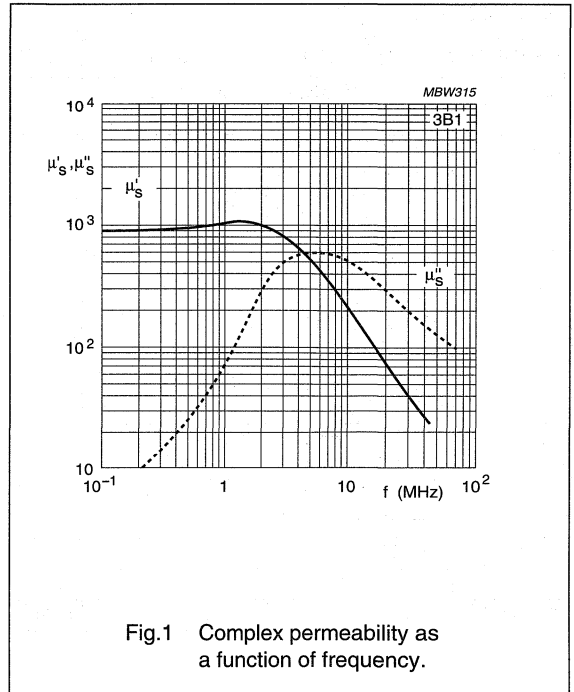


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

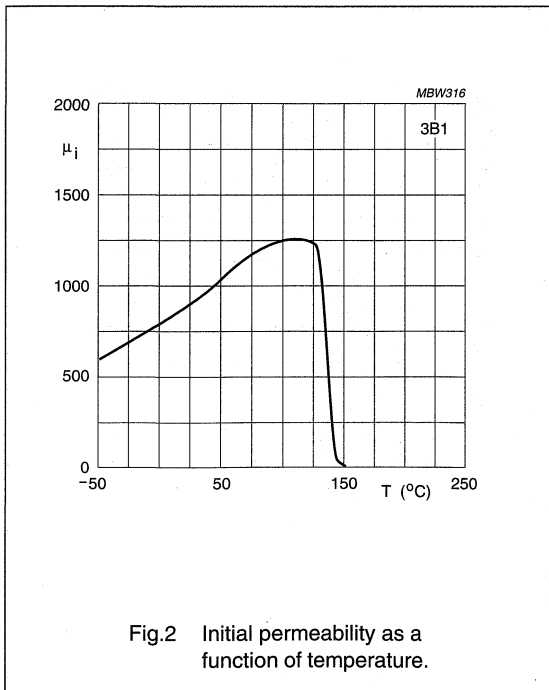


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

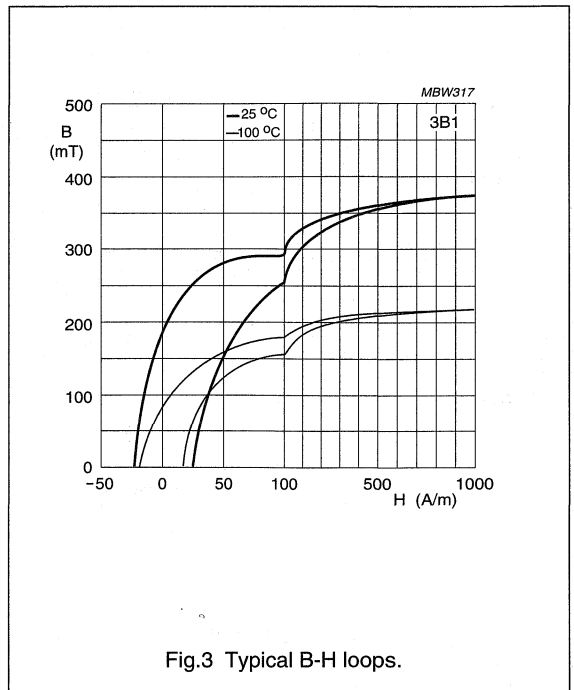


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3B7

3B7 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2300 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 410$ $\approx 300$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 500 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 1 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 5 \times 10^{-6}$ $\approx 25 \times 10^{-6}$ $\approx 120 \times 10^{-6}$	
$D_F$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 4.5 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\alpha_F$	+20 to 70 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$(0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC, 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 170$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

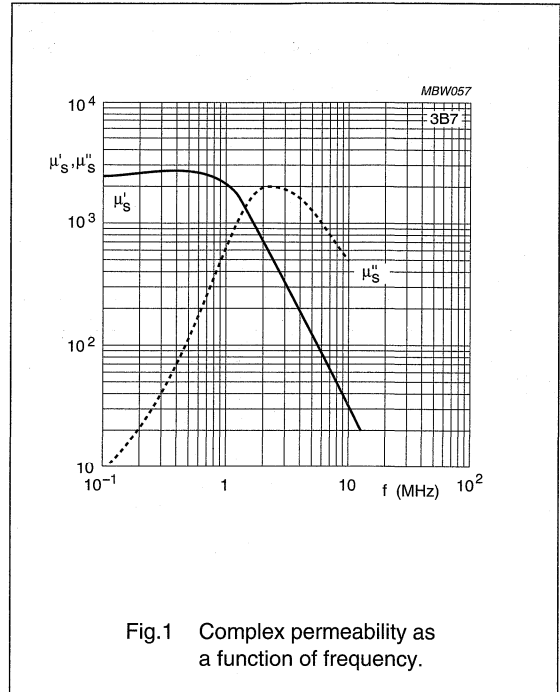


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

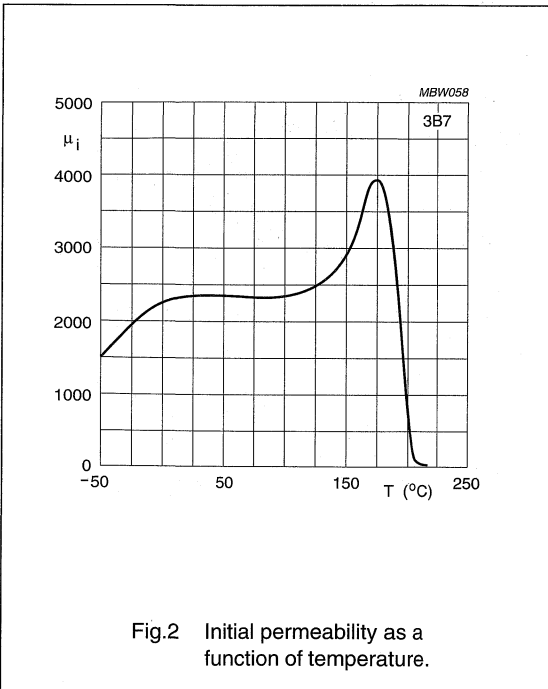


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

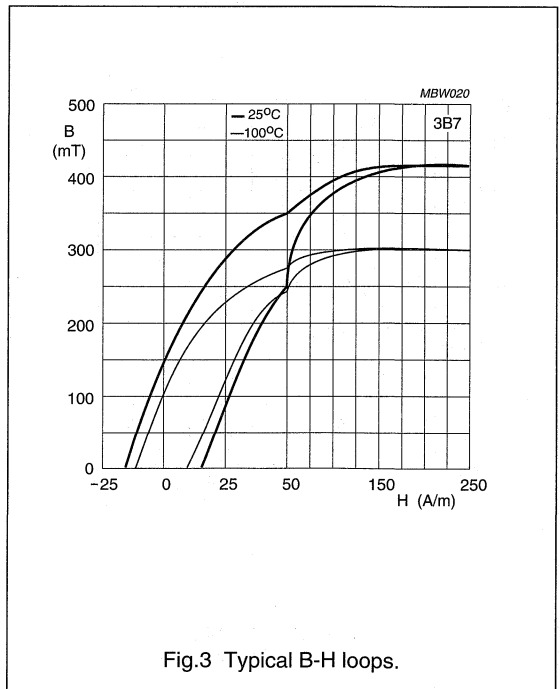
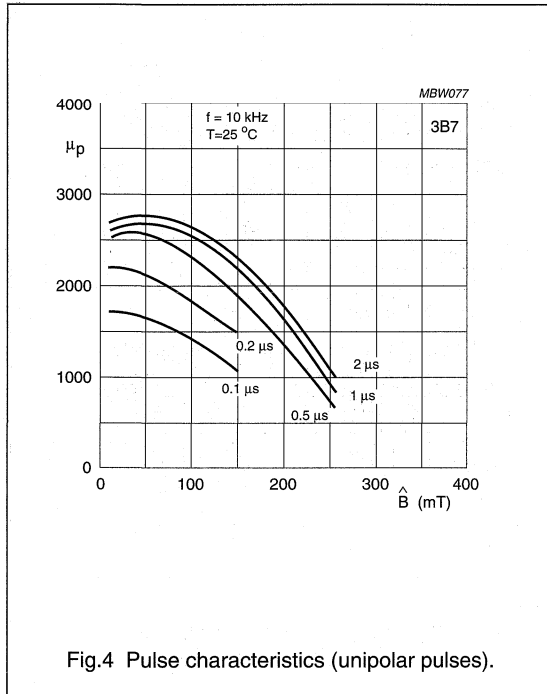


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



# Material grade specification

3C11

## 3C11 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$4300 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 350$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 180$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 20 \times 10^{-6}$	
	25 °C; 300 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 200 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 4900$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

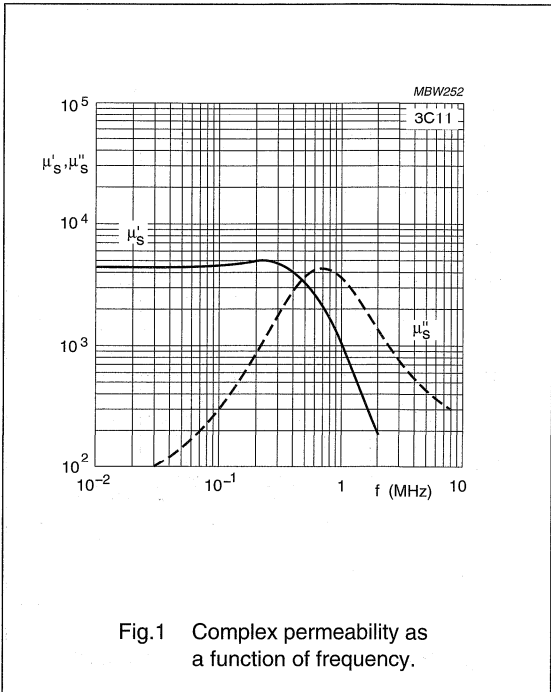


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

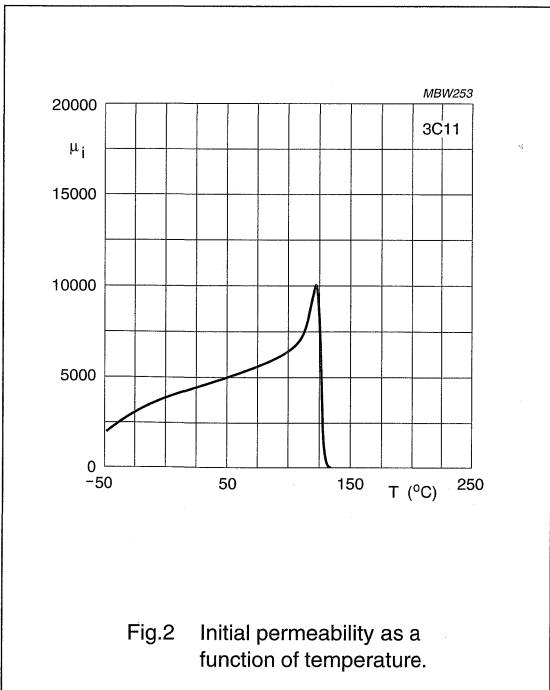


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

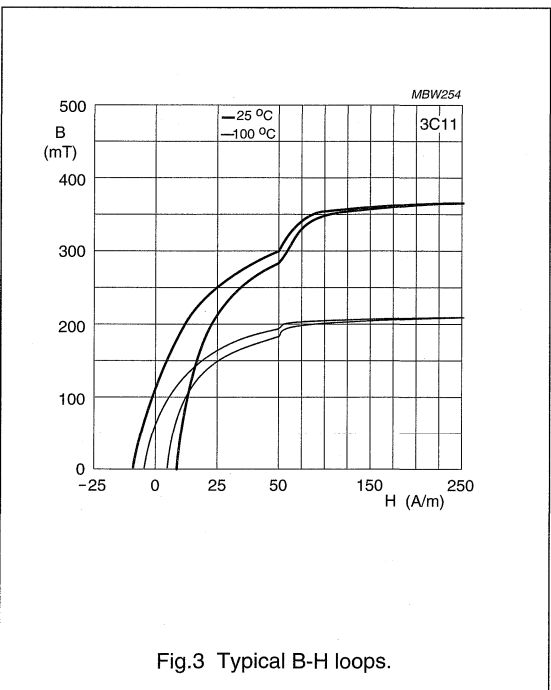
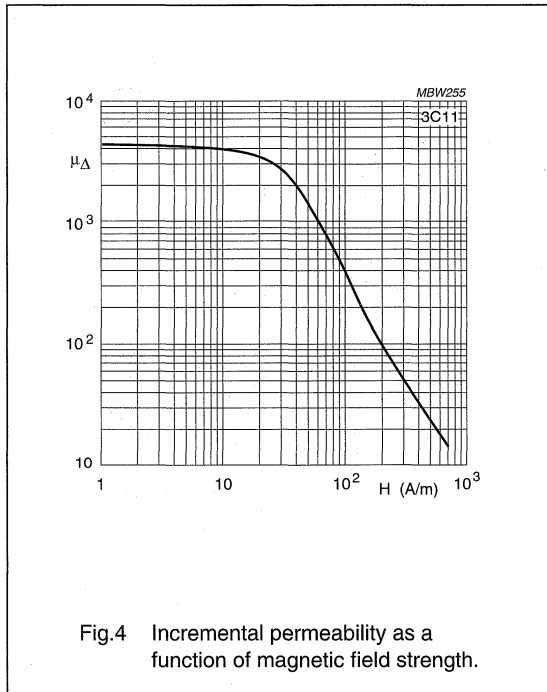


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



# Material grade specification

3C15

## 3C15 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	1800 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	5500 $\pm 25\%$	
B	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 350$	mT
$P_v$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT 100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT	$\leq 140$ $\leq 165$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_c$		$\geq 190$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

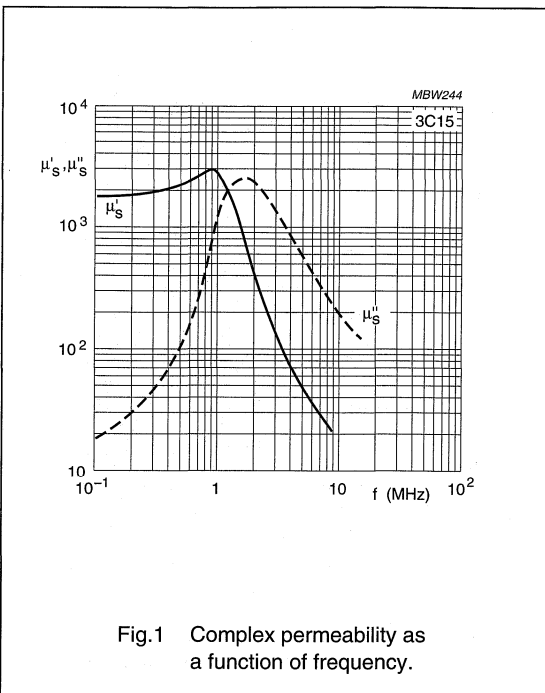


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

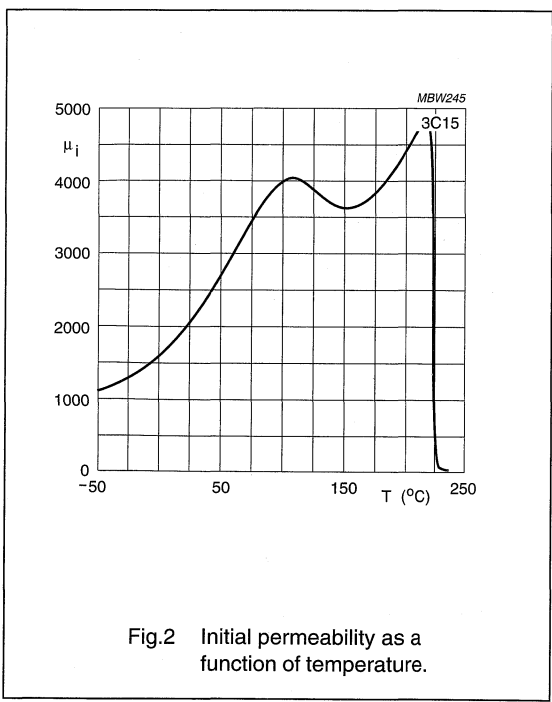


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

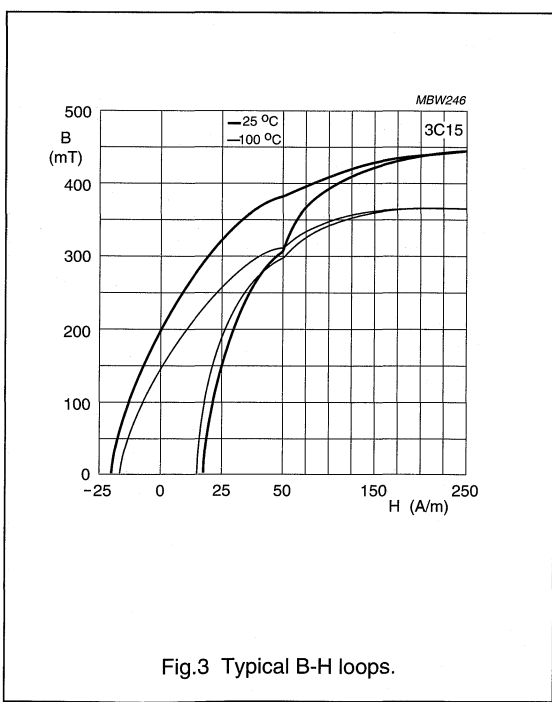
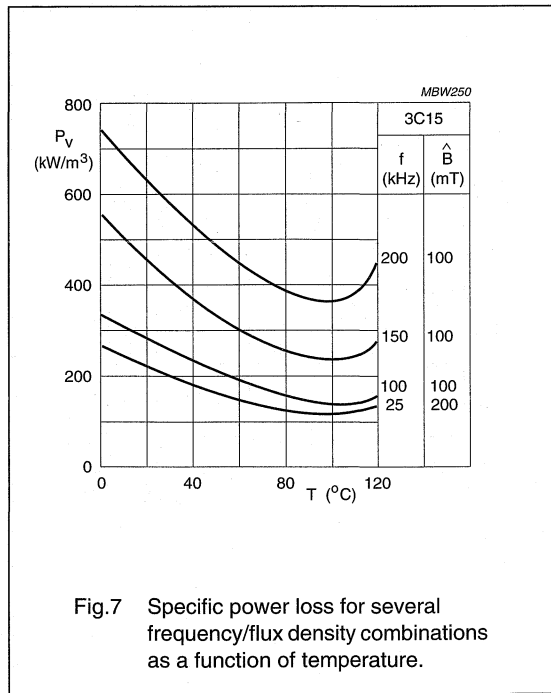
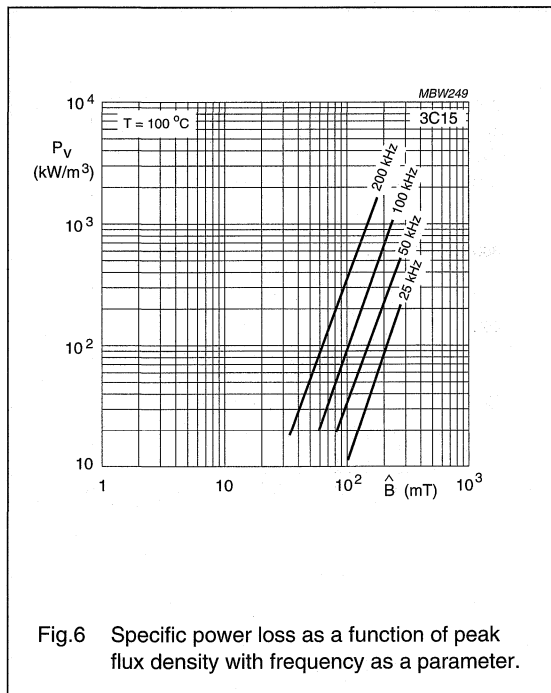
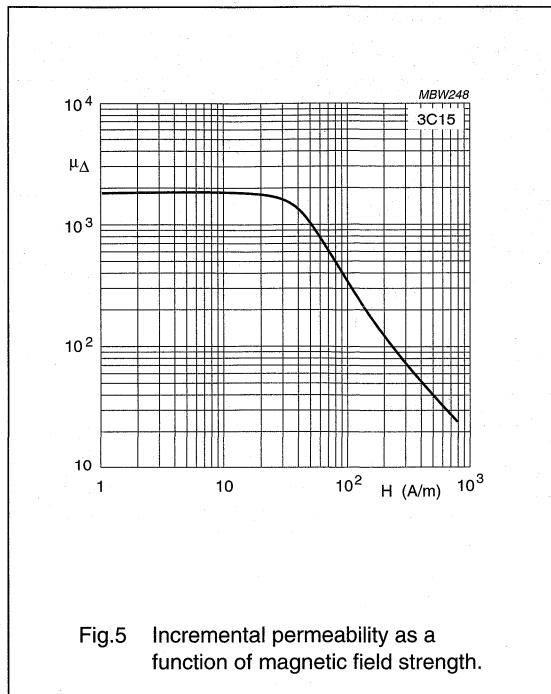
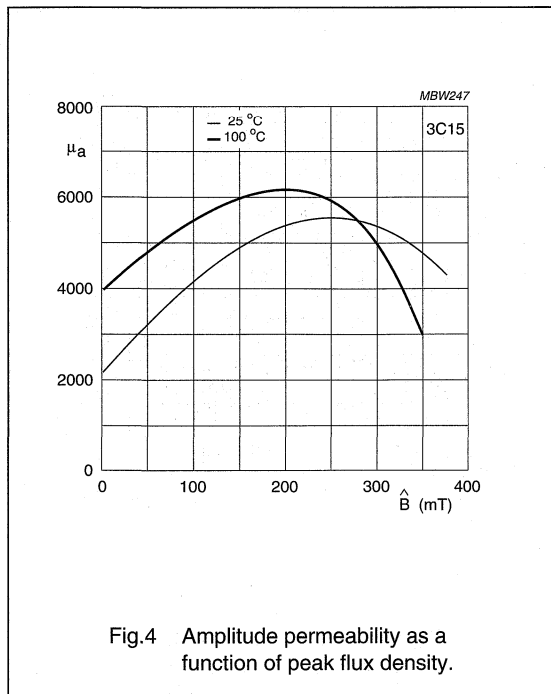


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3C15



# Material grade specification

3C30

## 3C30 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2100 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	5000 $\pm 25\%$	
B	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 370$	mT
$P_v$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\leq 80$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
	100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT	$\leq 80$	
	100 °C; 100 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 450$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 2$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 240$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

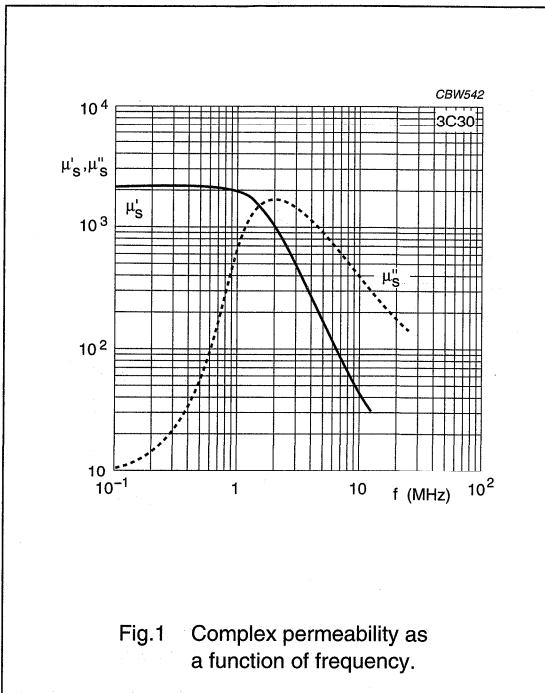


Fig. 1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

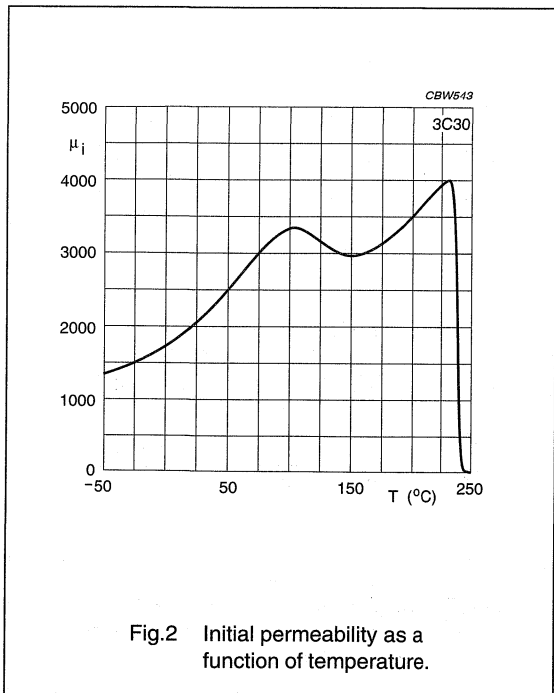


Fig. 2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

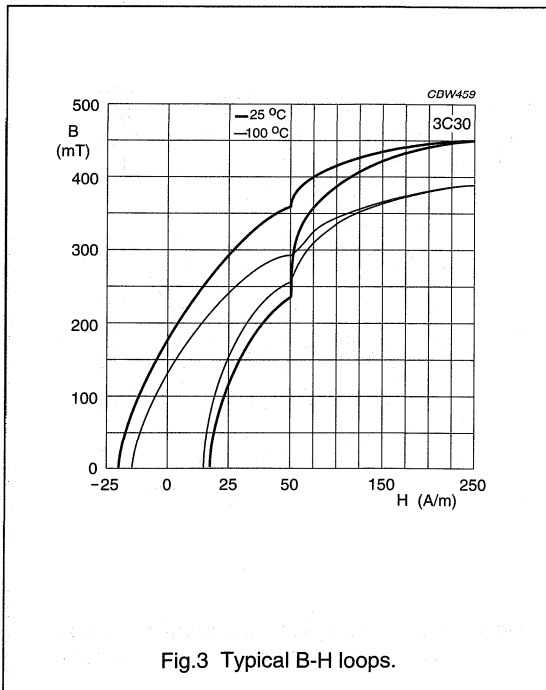
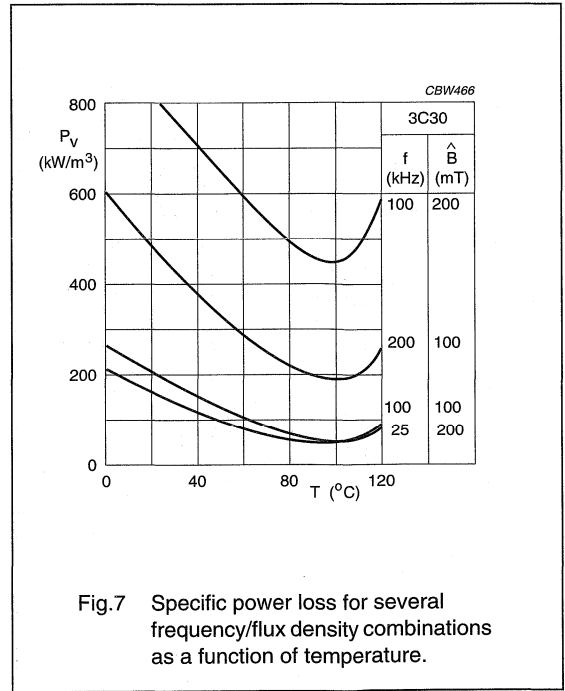
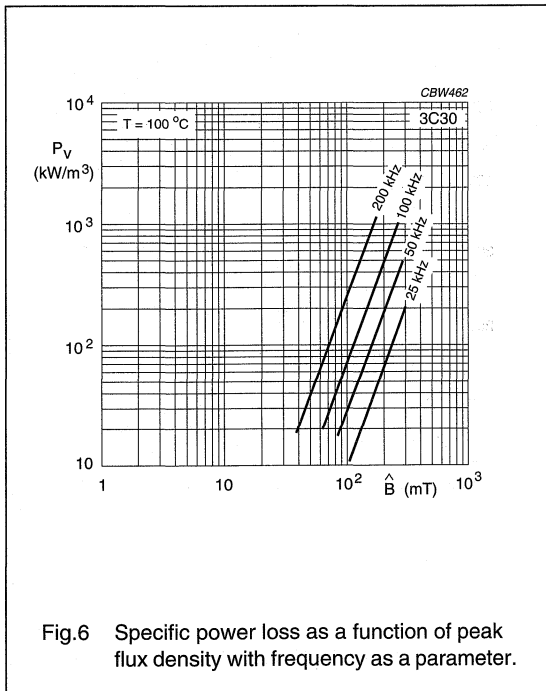
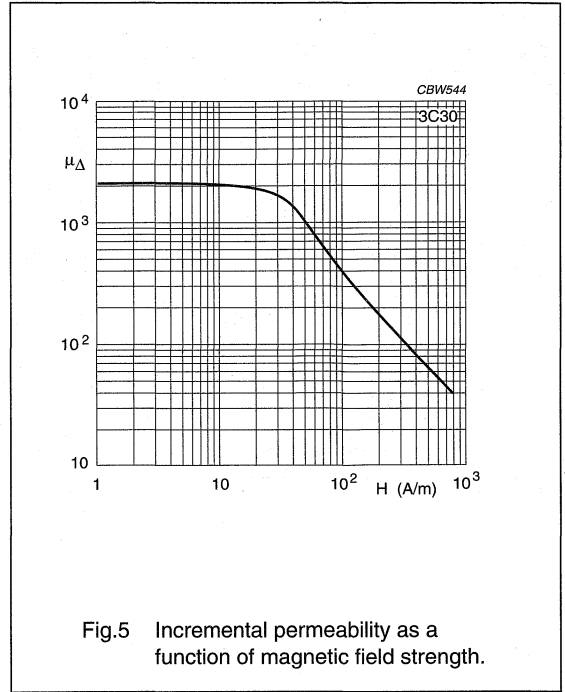
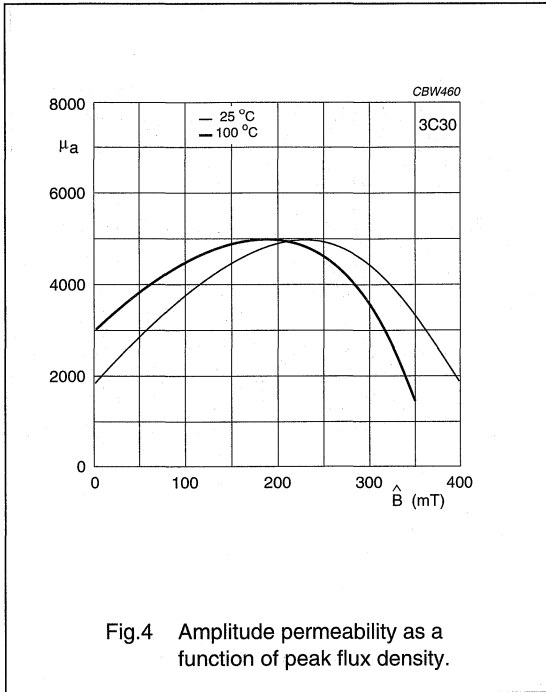


Fig. 3 Typical B-H loops.



Material grade specification

3C30



3C34 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2100 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	6500 $\pm 25\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 430$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 370$	mT
P <sub>V</sub>	100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT	$\leq 60$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
	100 °C; 100 kHz; 200 mT	$\leq 400$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
T <sub>C</sub>		$\geq 240$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

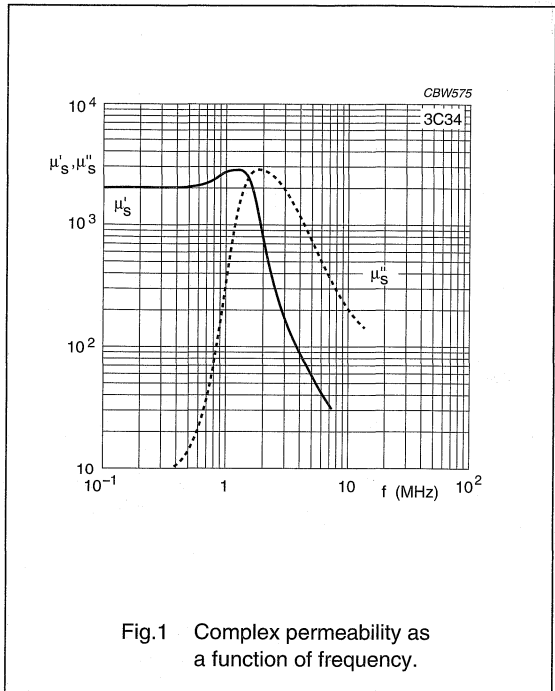


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

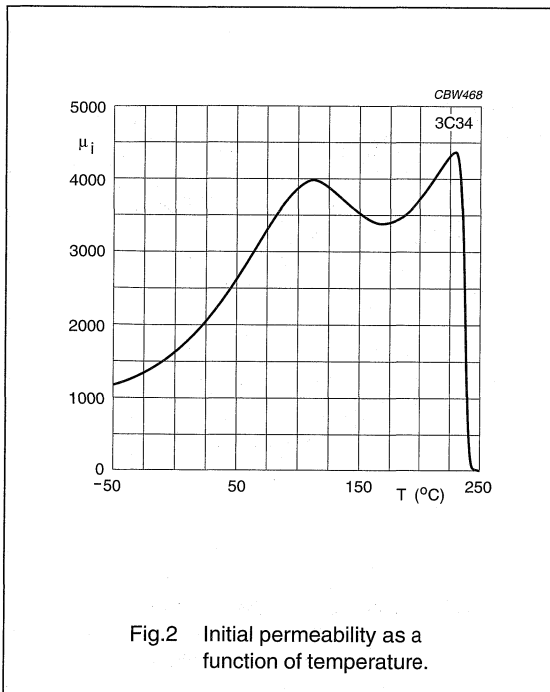


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

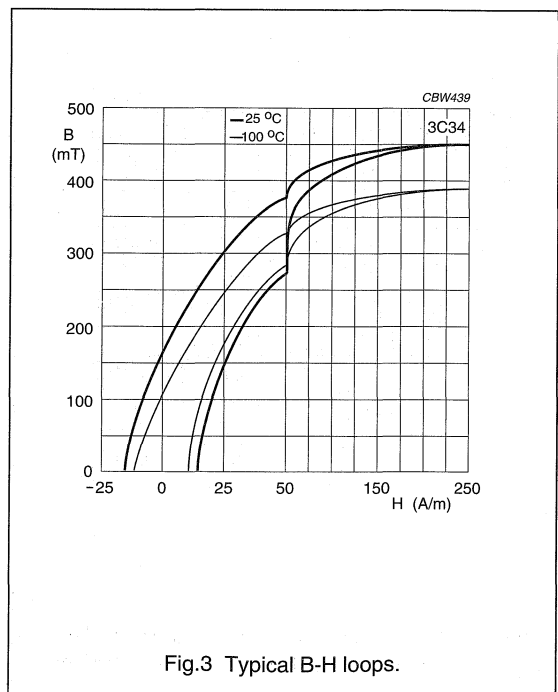


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Preliminary material grade specification

3C34

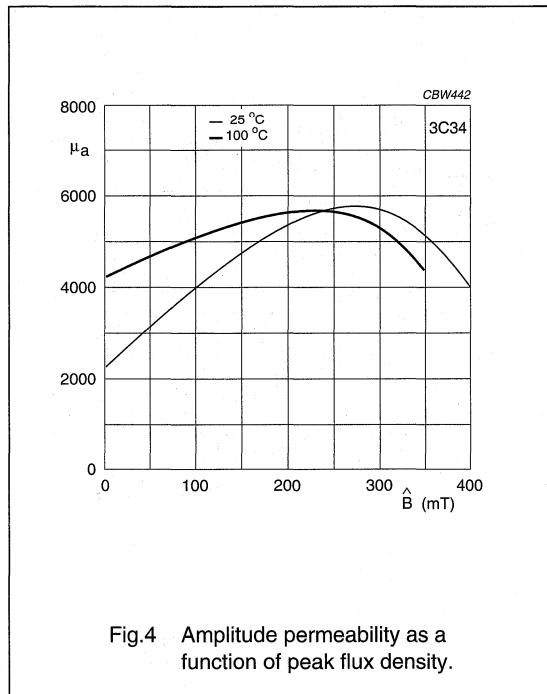


Fig.4 Amplitude permeability as a function of peak flux density.

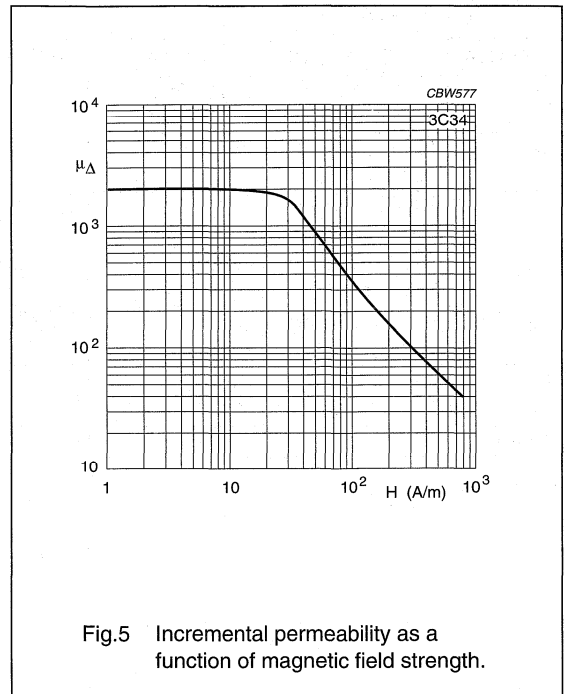


Fig.5 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

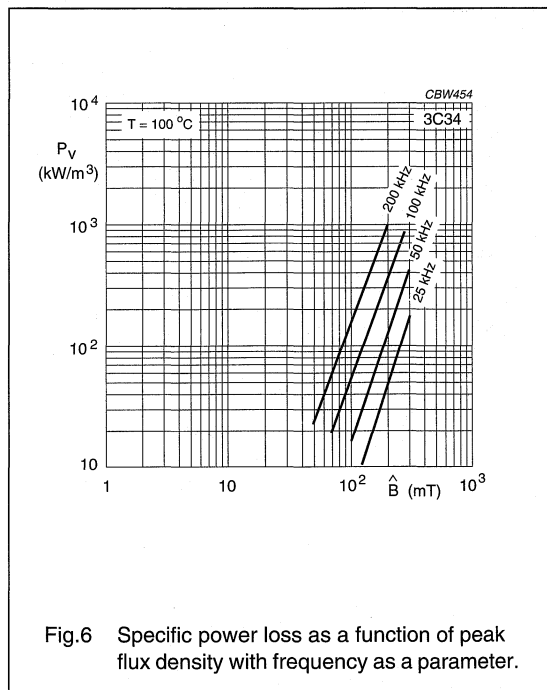


Fig.6 Specific power loss as a function of peak flux density with frequency as a parameter.

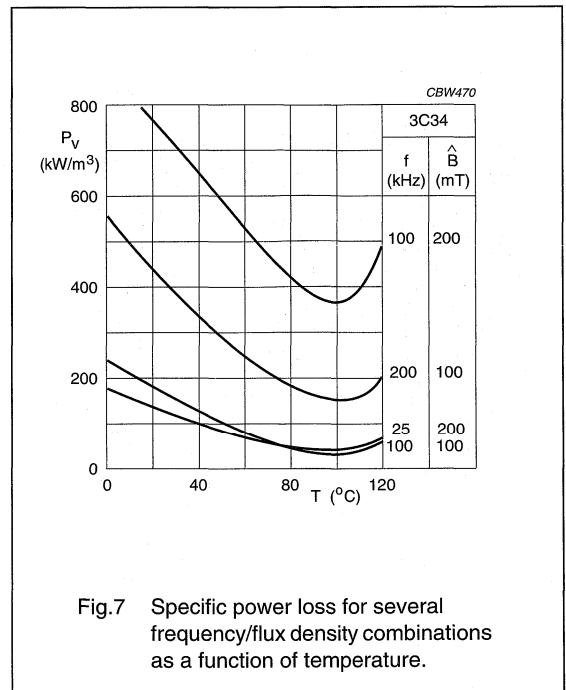


Fig.7 Specific power loss for several frequency/flux density combinations as a function of temperature.

3C81 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2700 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	5500 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 420$ $\approx 330$	mT
$P_V$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\leq 185$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 210$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

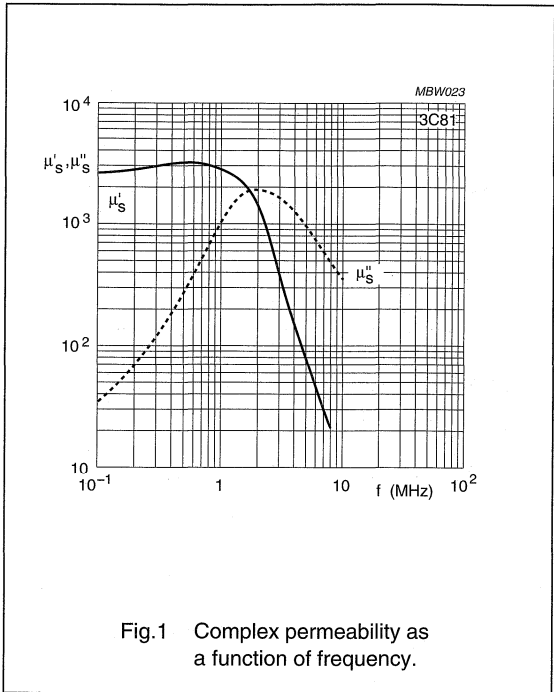


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

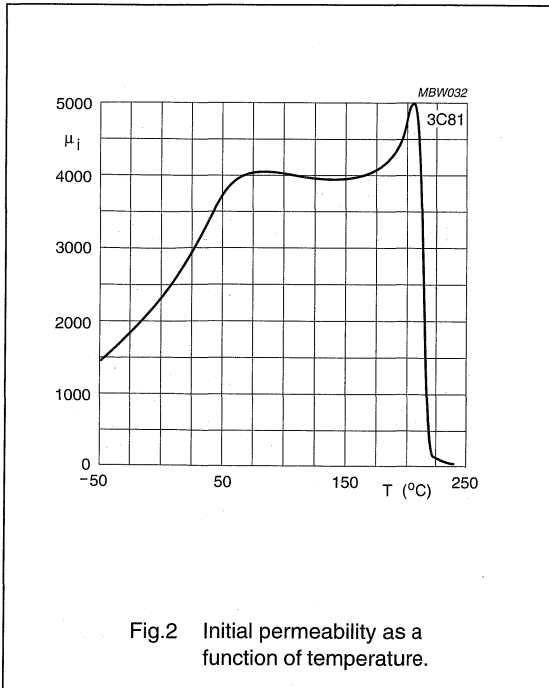


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

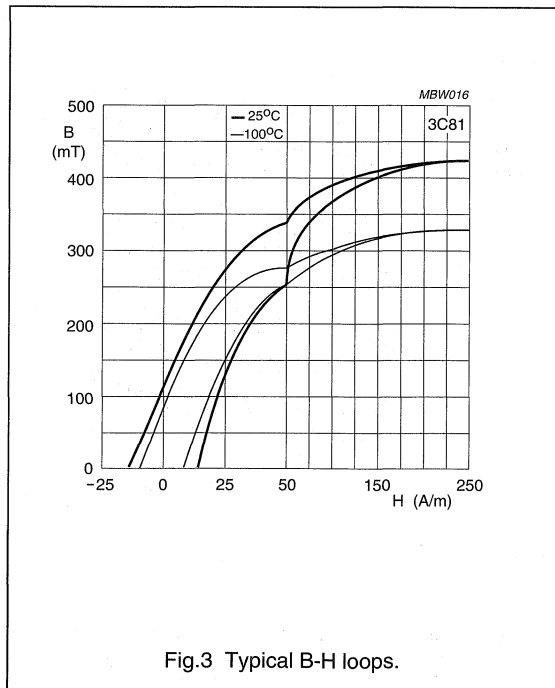
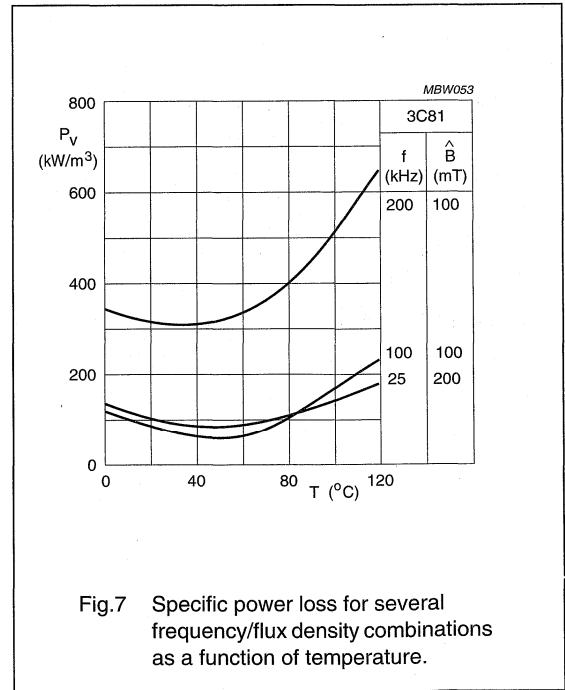
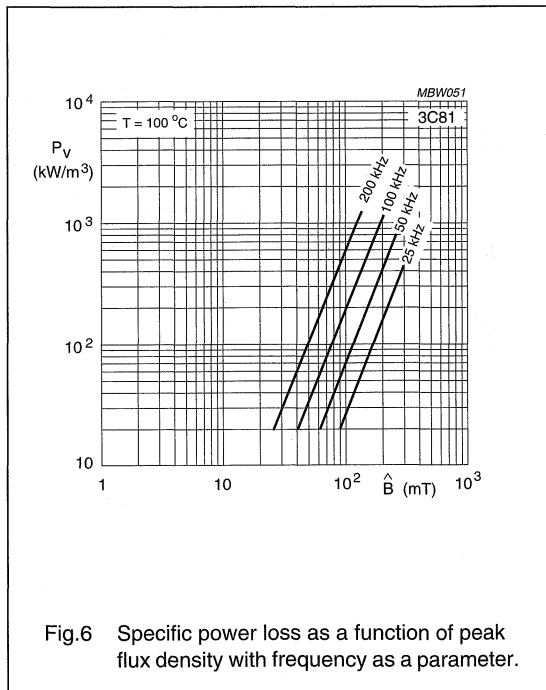
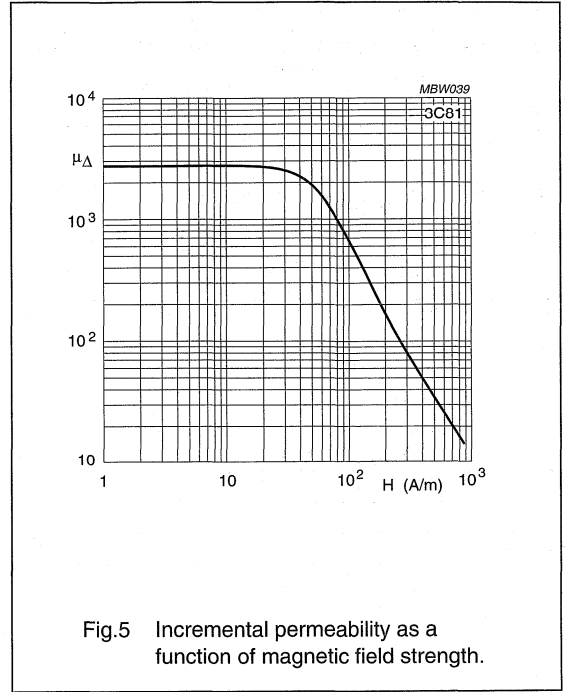
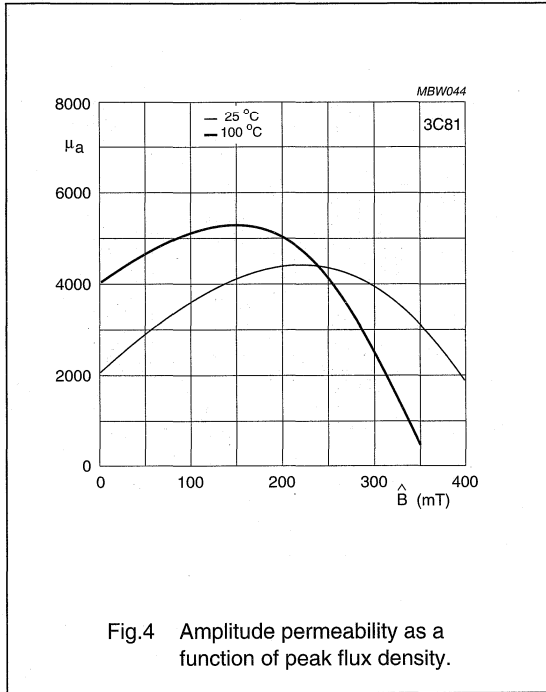


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3C81

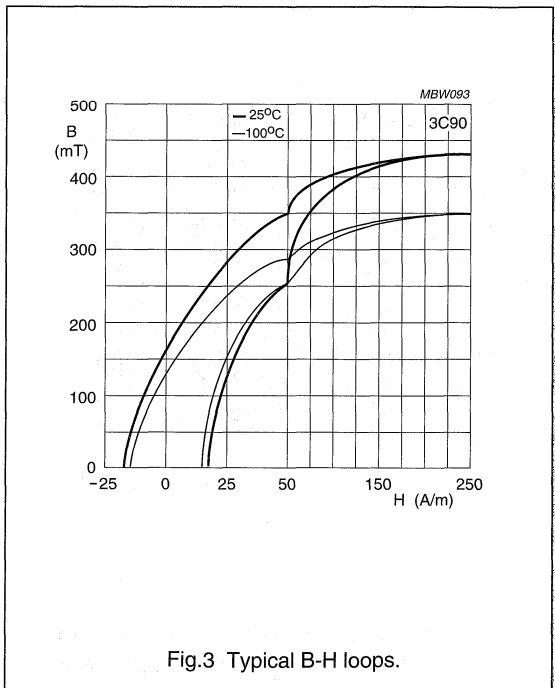
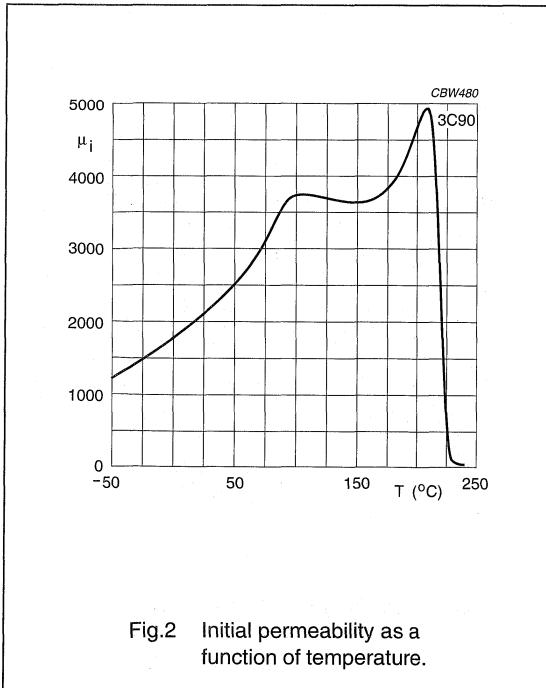
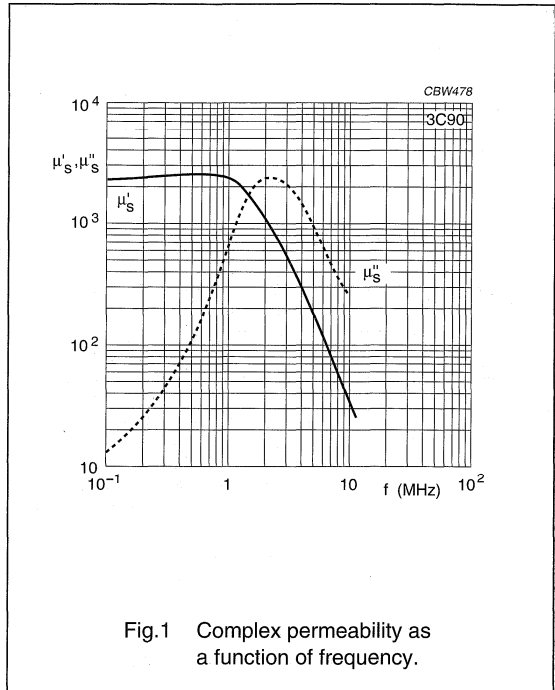


# Material grade specification

3C90

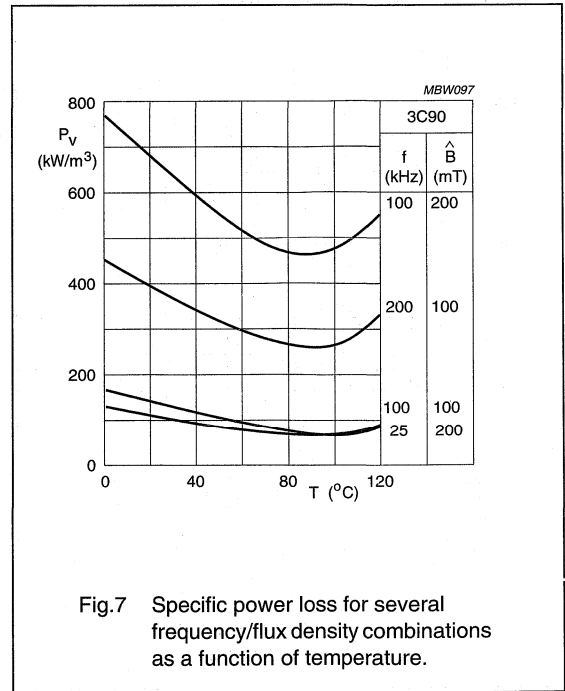
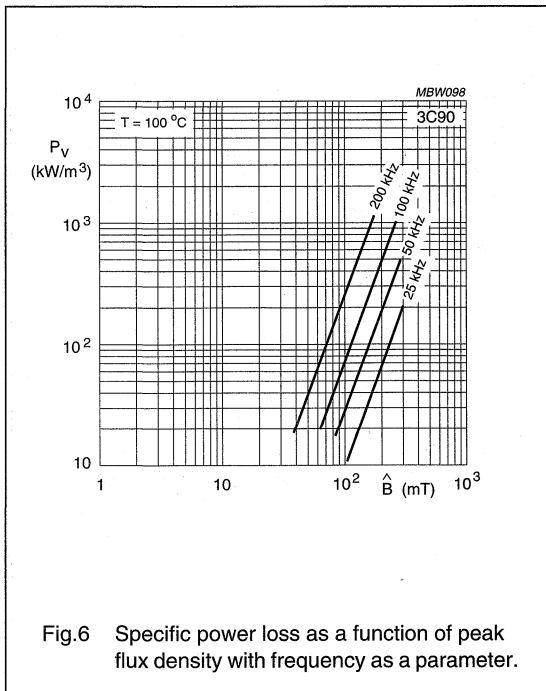
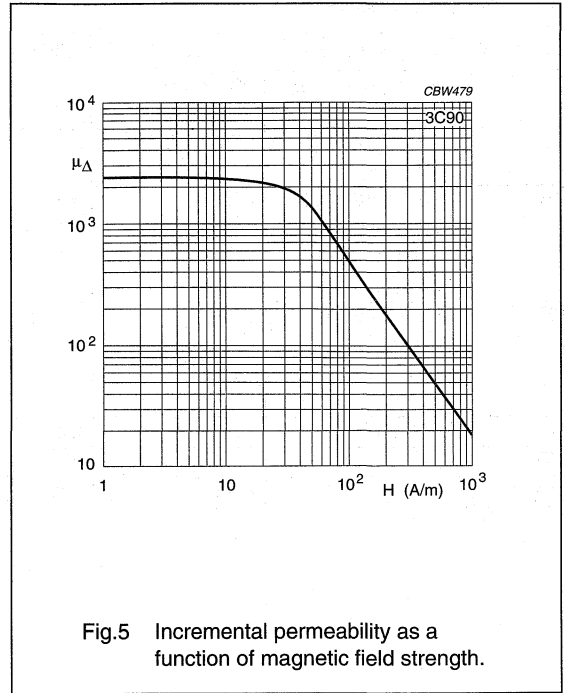
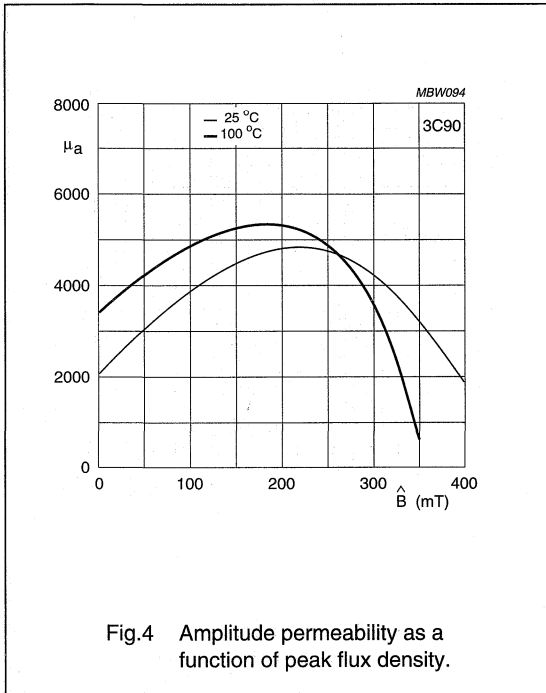
## .3C90 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2300 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	5500 $\pm 25\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 430$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 340$	mT
P <sub>V</sub>	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\leq 80$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
	100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT	$\leq 80$	
	100 °C; 100 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 450$	
$\rho$	DC, 25 °C	$\approx 5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
T <sub>C</sub>		$\geq 220$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>



Material grade specification

3C90



Preliminary material grade specification

3C91

3C91 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	3000 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	5500 $\pm 25\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 430$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 330$	mT
$P_V$	60 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT	$\leq 40$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
	60 °C; 100 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 300$	
$\rho$	DC, 25 °C	$\approx 5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 220$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

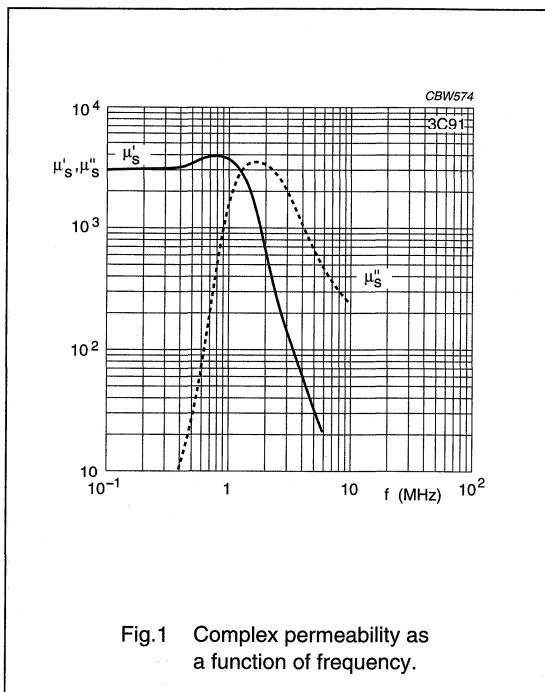


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

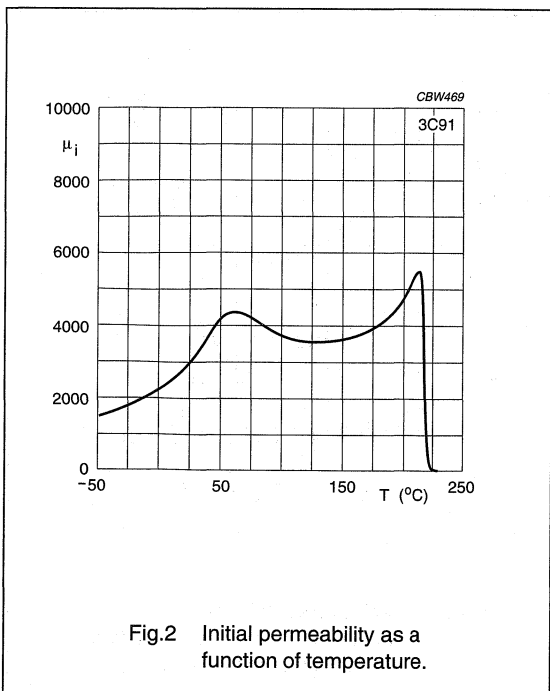


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

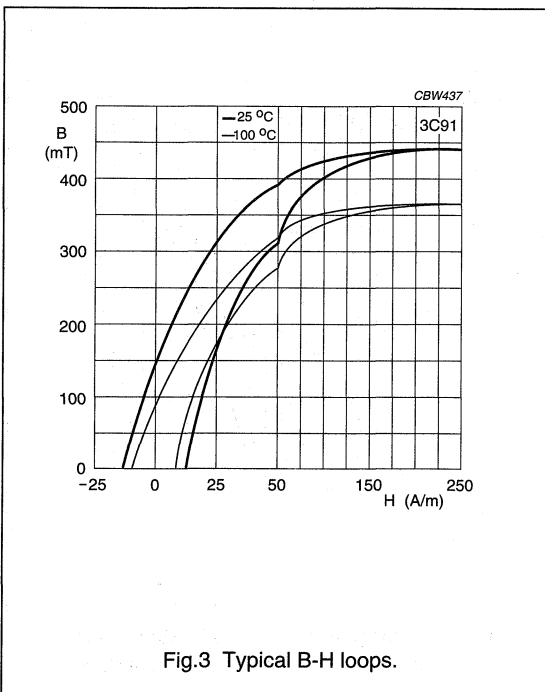


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



Preliminary material grade specification

3C91

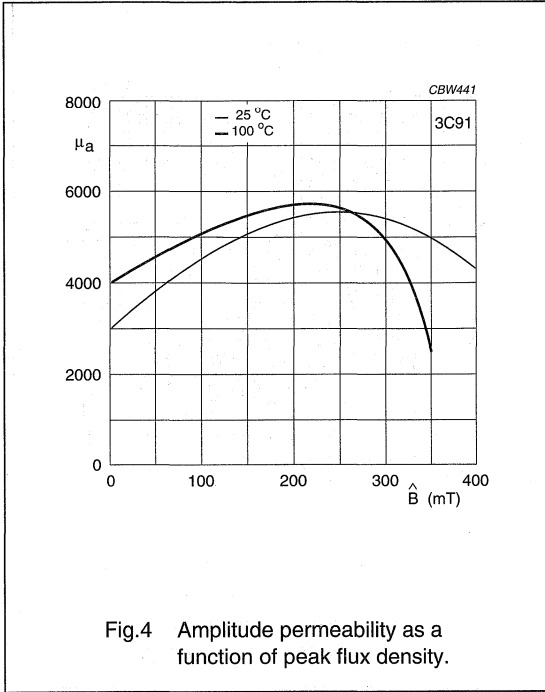


Fig.4 Amplitude permeability as a function of peak flux density.

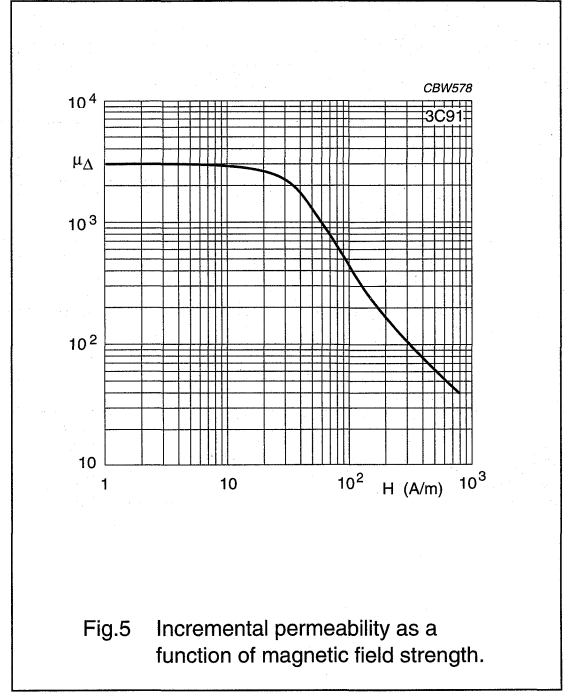


Fig.5 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

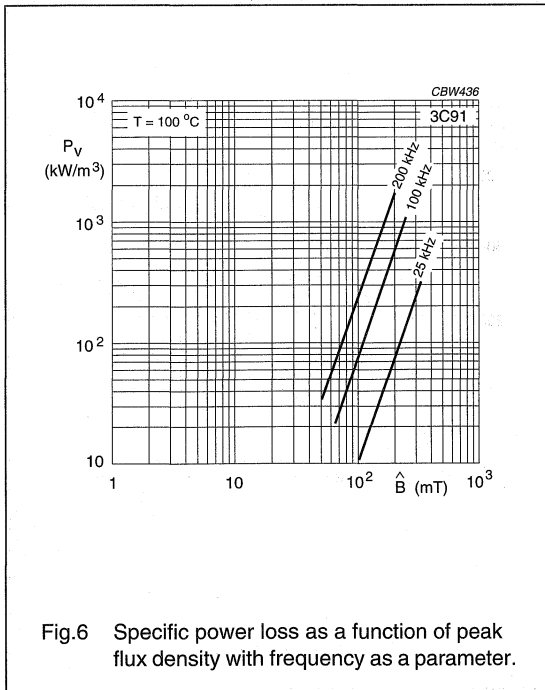


Fig.6 Specific power loss as a function of peak flux density with frequency as a parameter.

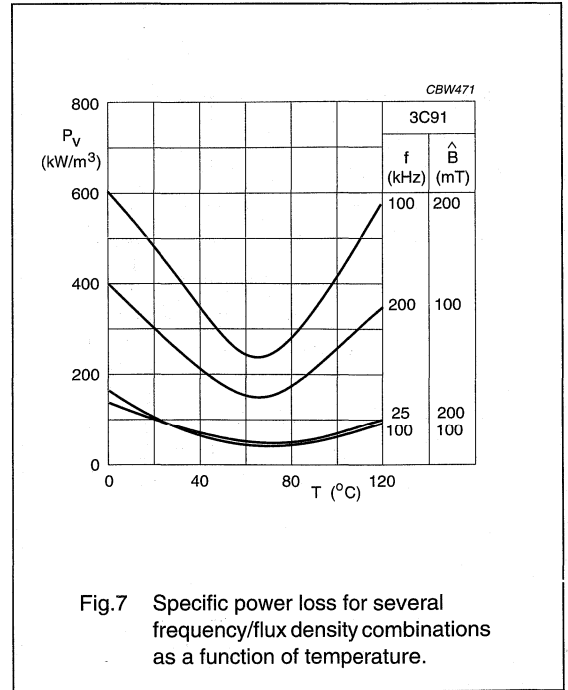


Fig.7 Specific power loss for several frequency/flux density combinations as a function of temperature.

Material grade specification

3C94

3C94 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2300 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	5500 $\pm 25\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 430$ $\geq 340$	mT
$P_v$	100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT 100 °C; 100 kHz; 200 mT	$\leq 60$ $\leq 400$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC, 25 °C	$\approx 5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 220$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

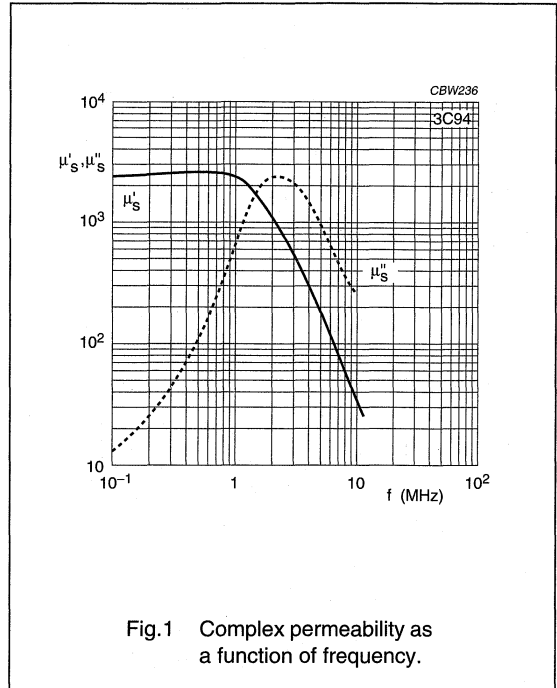


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

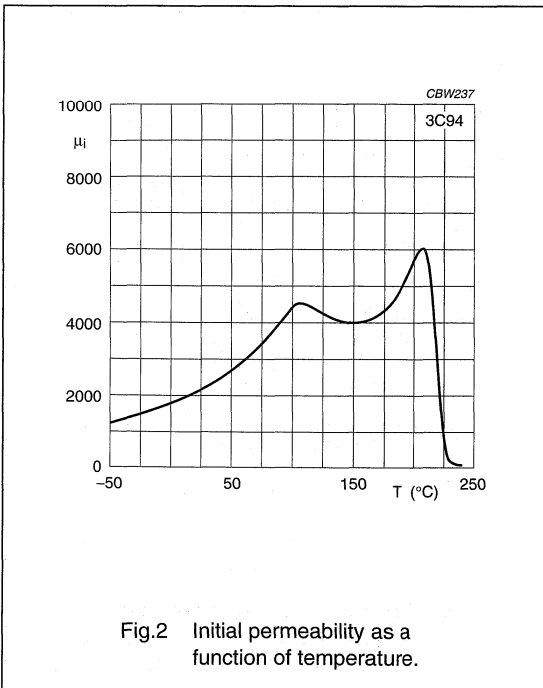


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

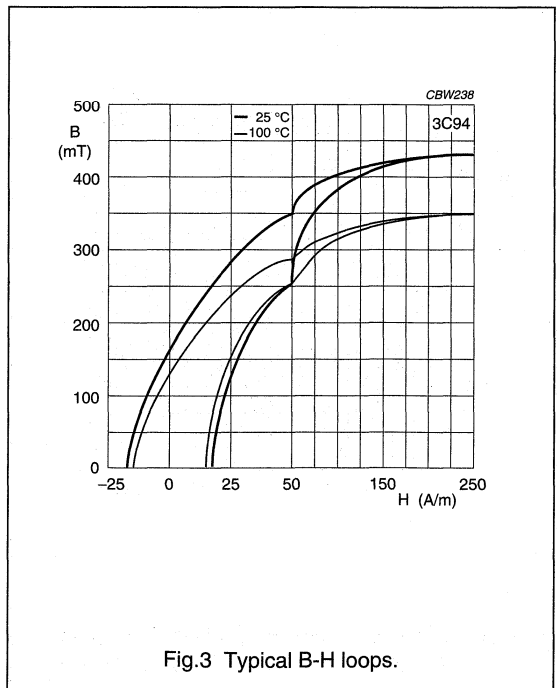
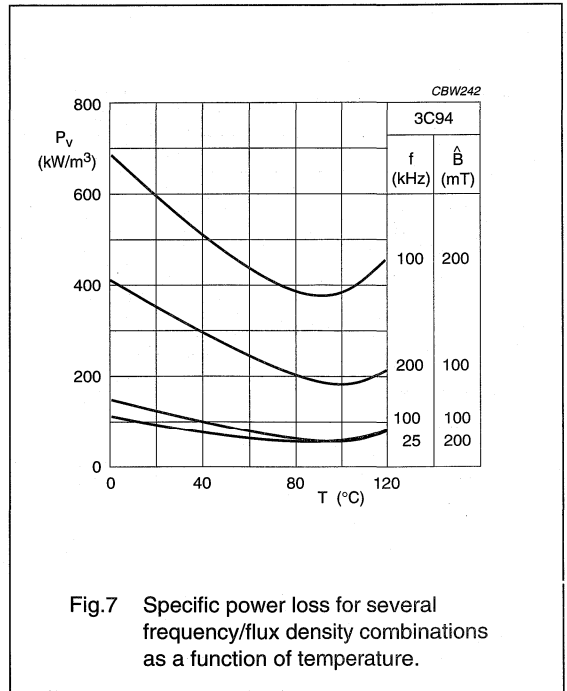
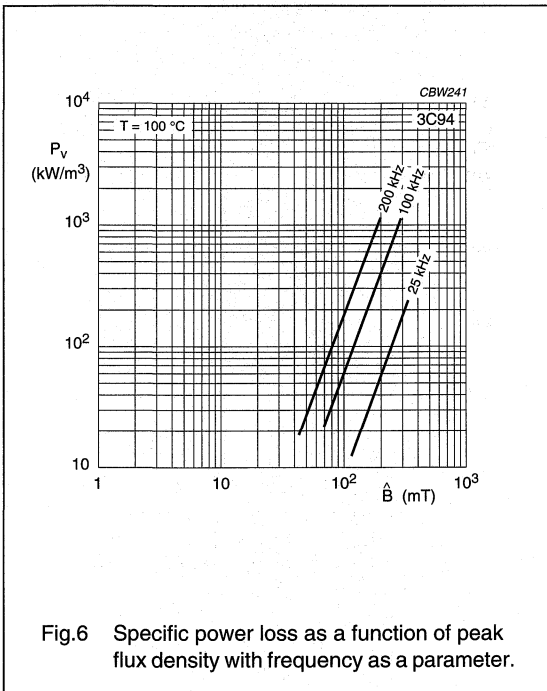
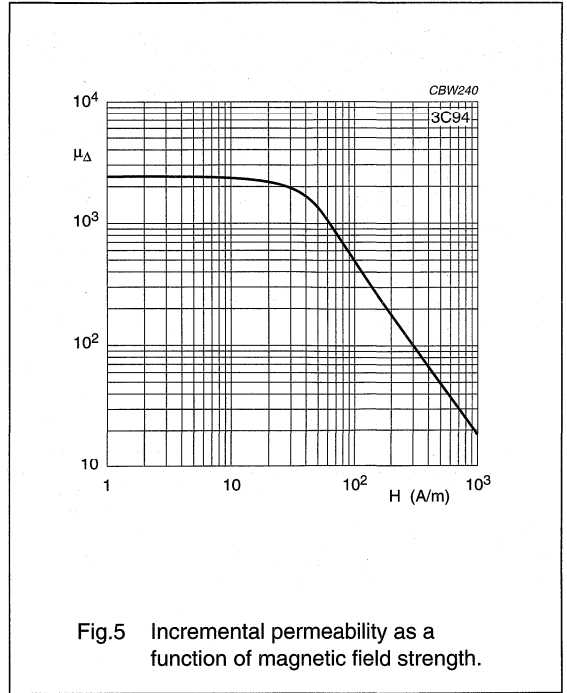
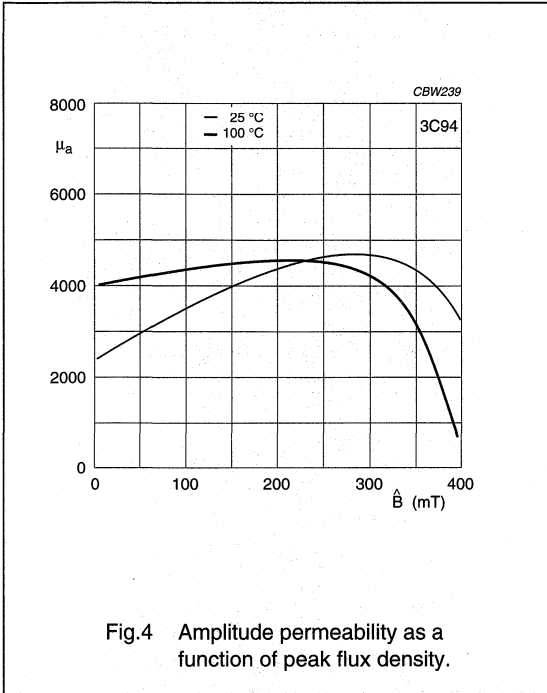


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3C94



3C96 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$2000 \pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 5500$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 430$ $\geq 370$	mT
$P_V$	100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT 100 °C; 100 kHz; 200 mT 100 °C; 400 kHz; 50 mT	$\leq 45$ $\leq 330$ $\leq 140$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 240$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

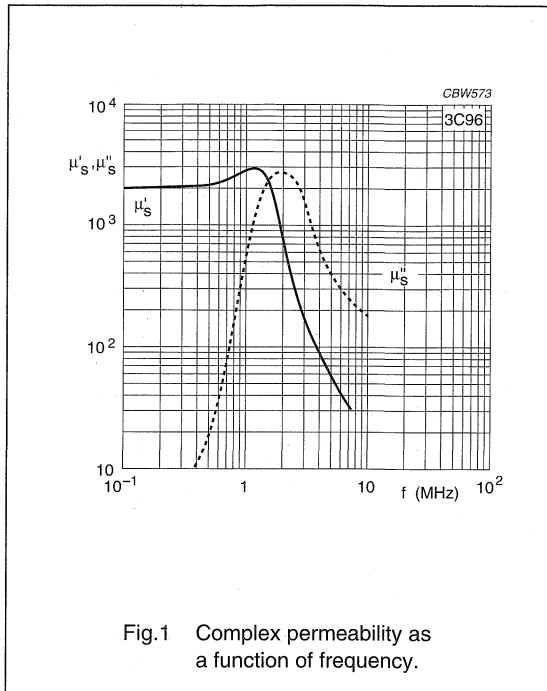


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

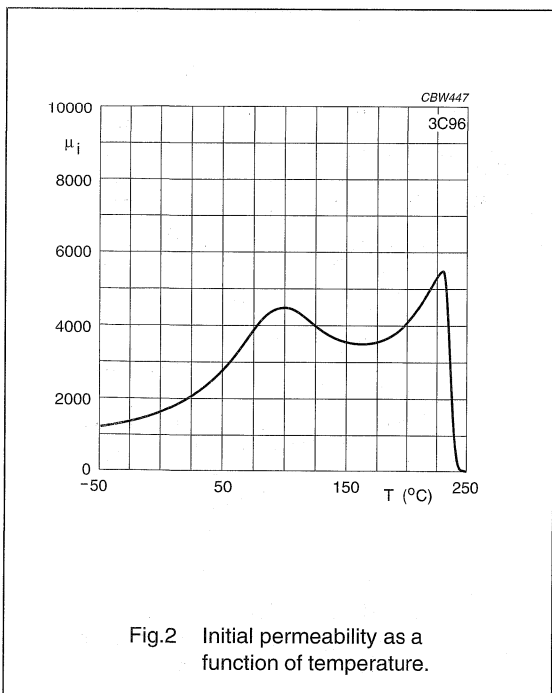


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

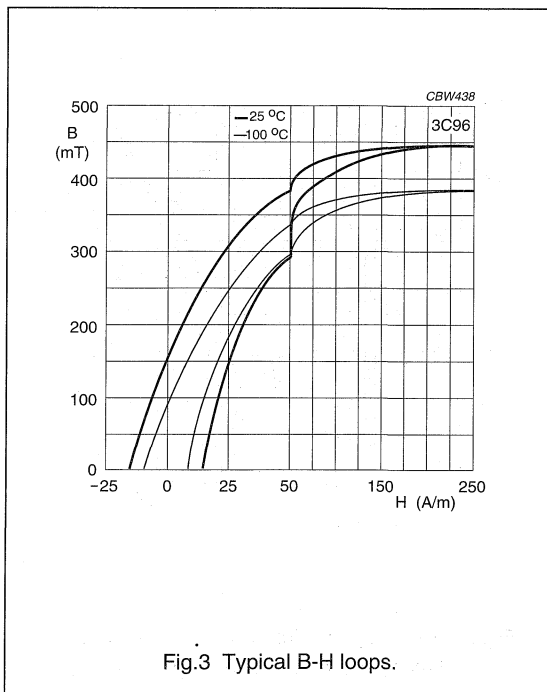
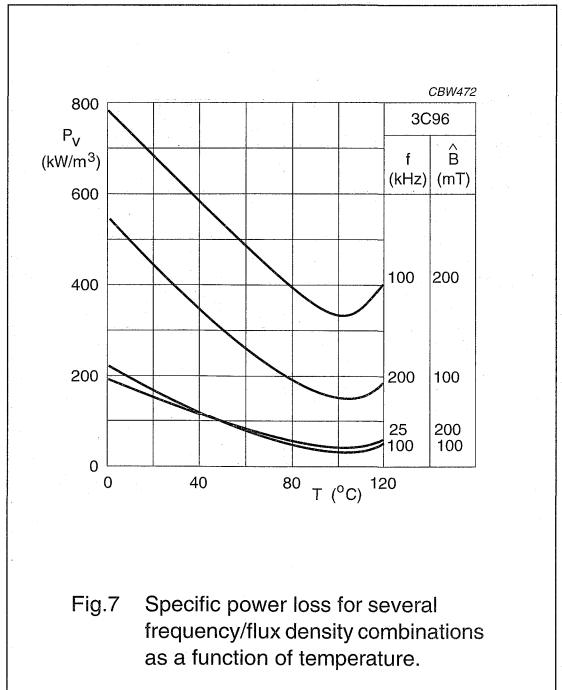
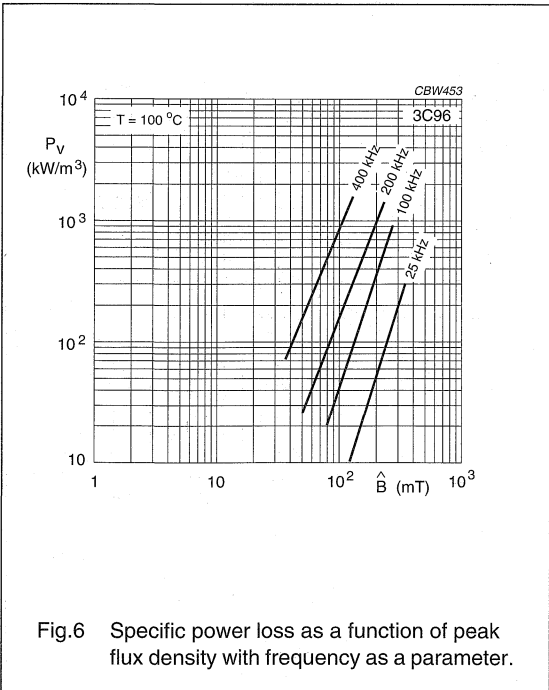
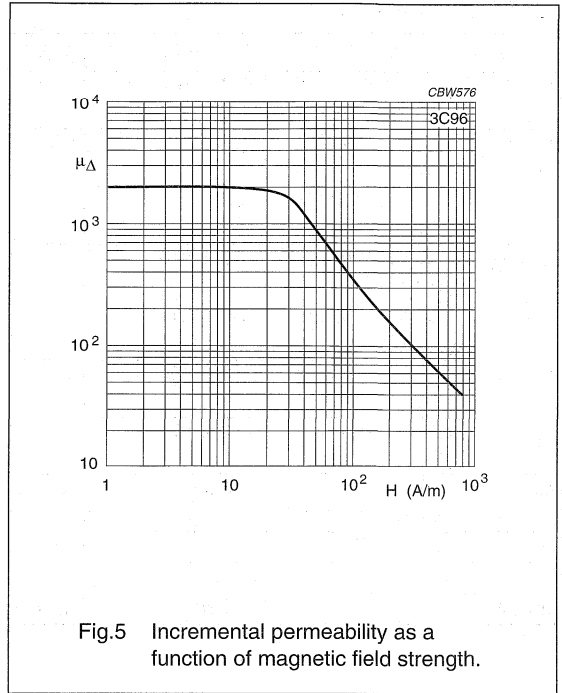
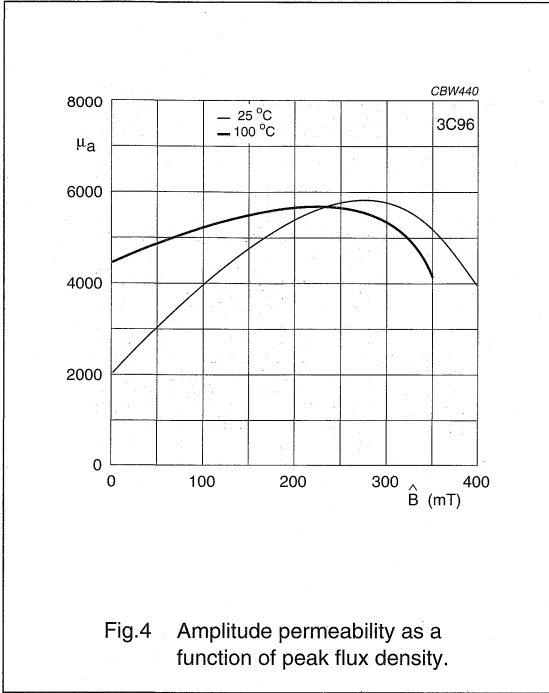


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Preliminary material grade specification

3C96

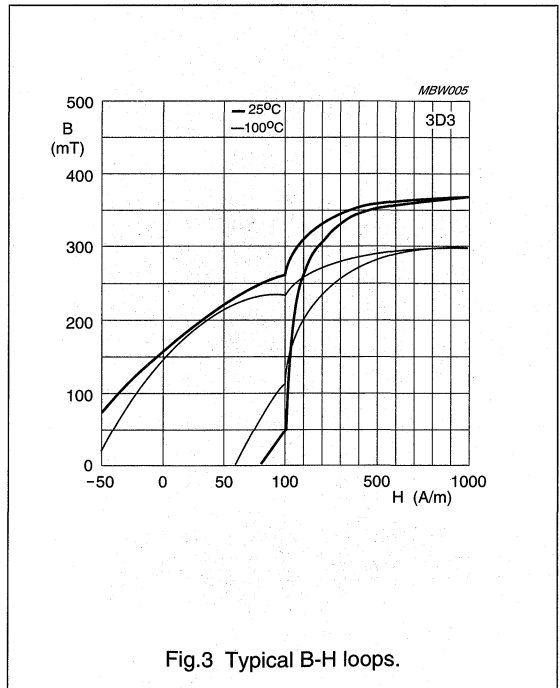
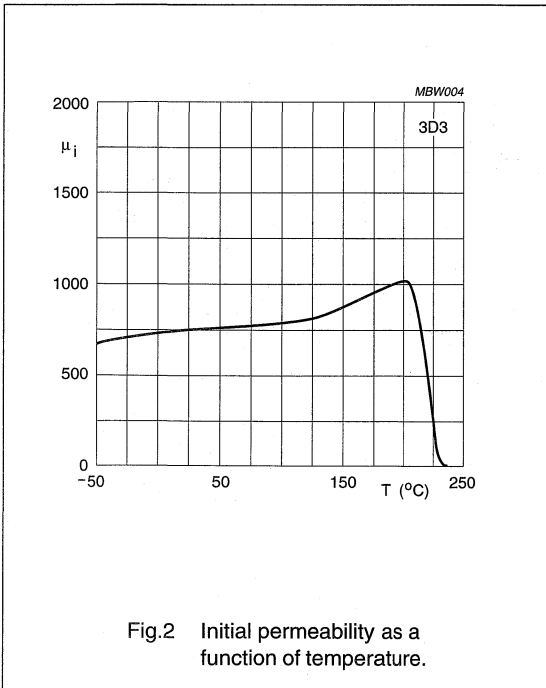
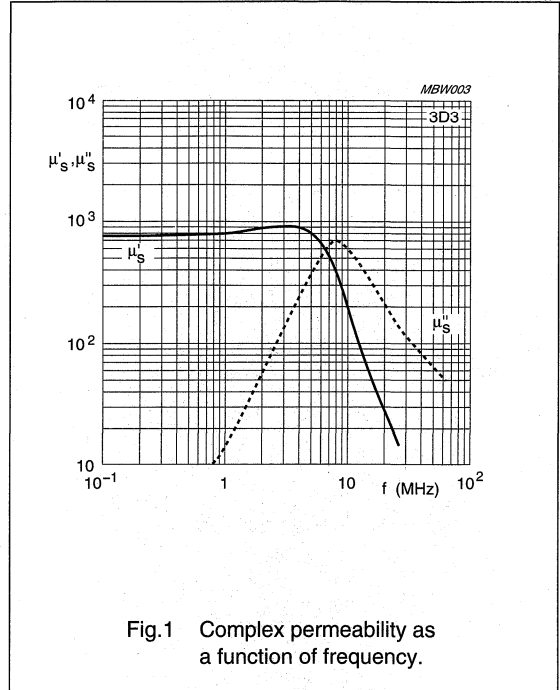


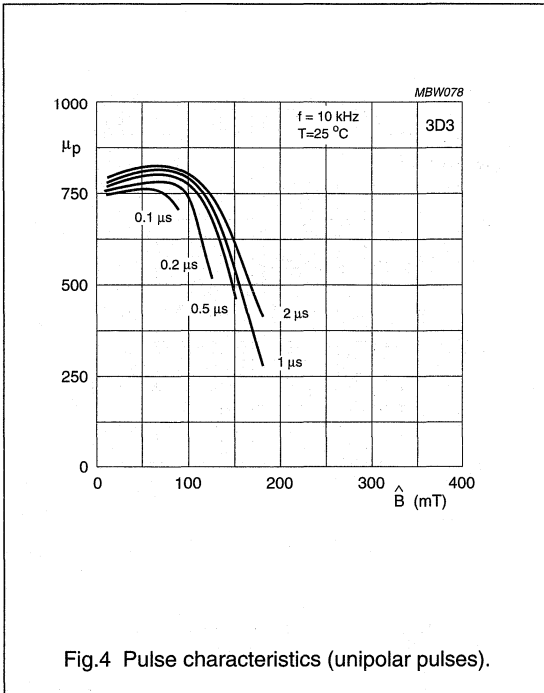
Material grade specification

3D3

3D3 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$750 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 320$ $\approx 260$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 300 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 1 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 10 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 30 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$D_F$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 12 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\alpha_F$	25 to 70 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$(1.5 \pm 1) \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 2$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 200$	°C
density		$\approx 4700$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>





Material grade specification

3E1

3E1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$3800 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 350$ $\approx 200$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 300 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 20 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 150 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$D_F$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 5 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

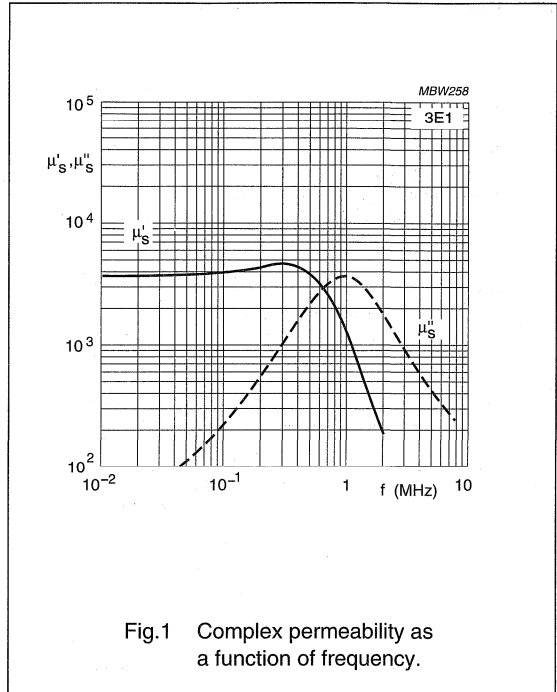


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

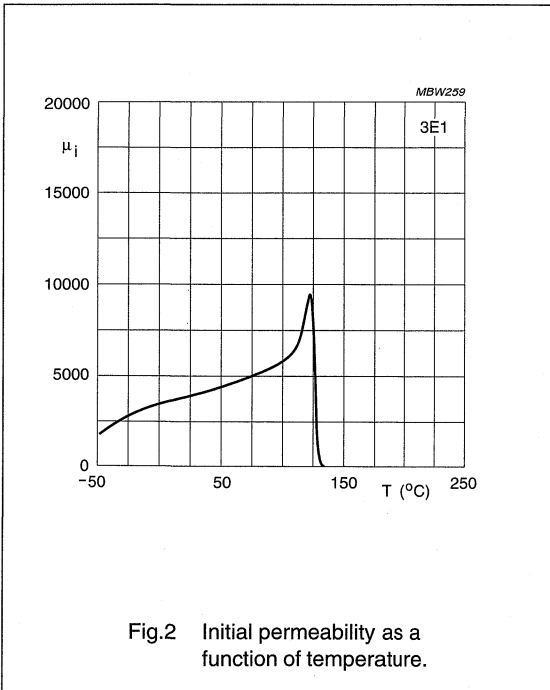


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

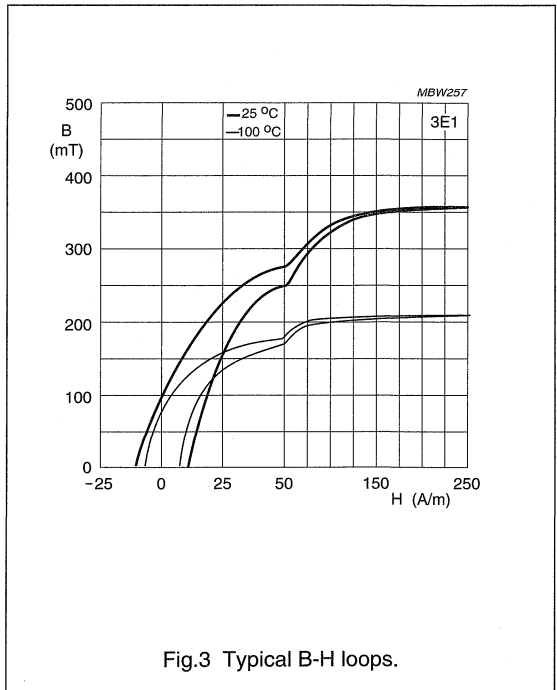
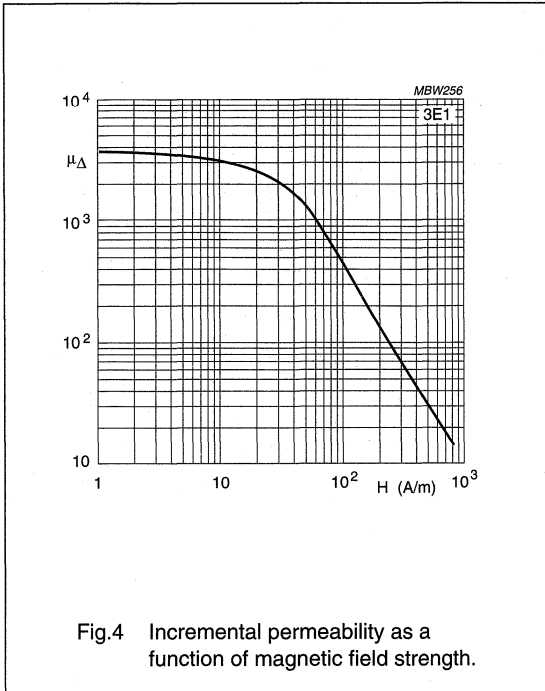


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.





# Material grade specification

3E25

## 3E25 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	6000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 350$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 180$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 25 \times 10^{-6}$	
	25 °C; 300 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 200 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 4900$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

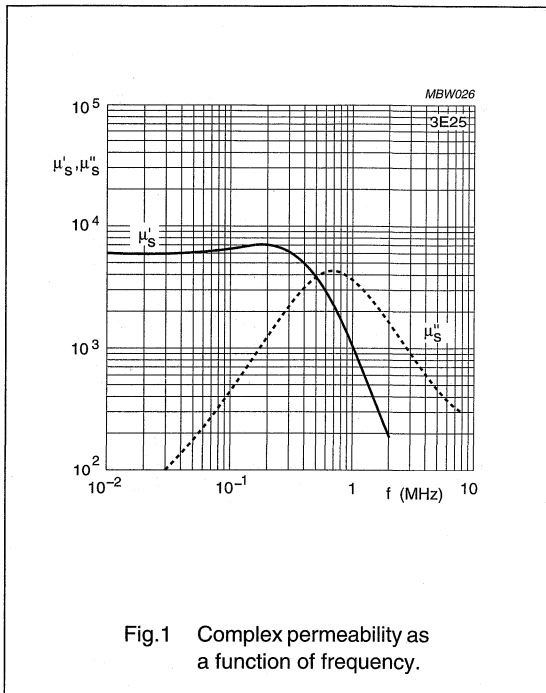


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

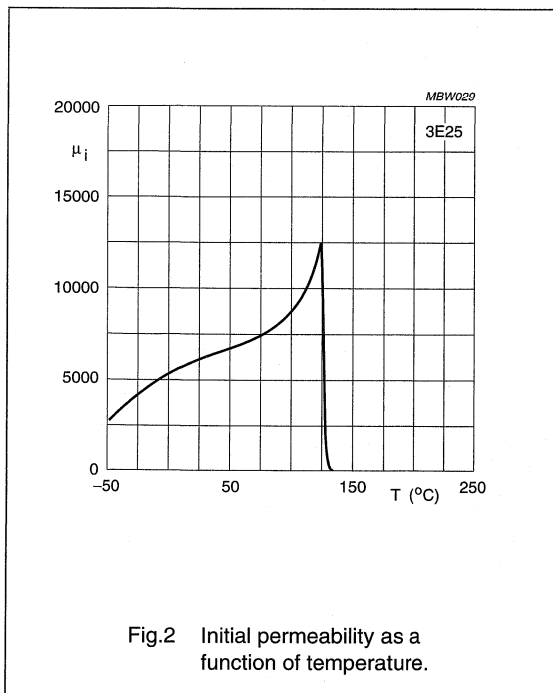


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

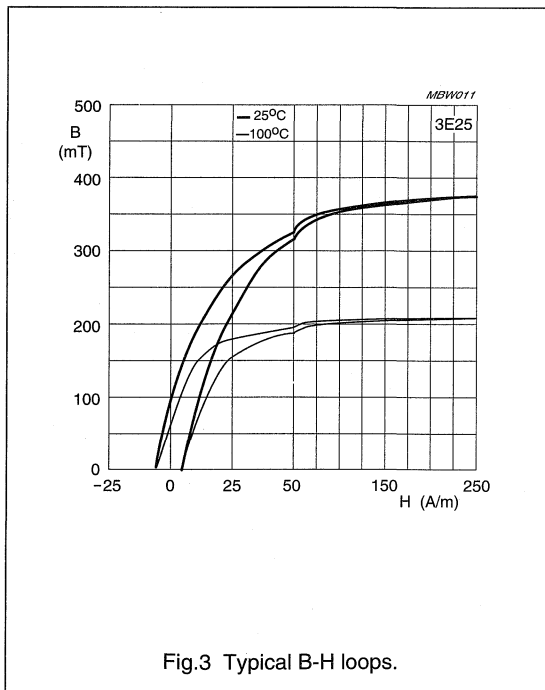


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3E25

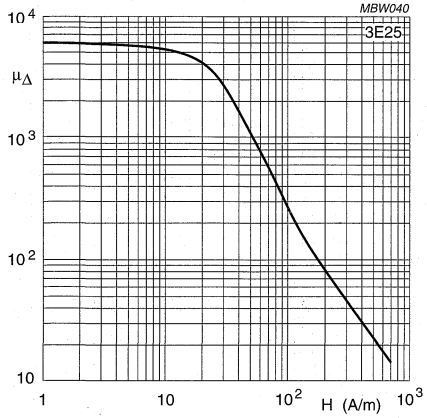


Fig.4 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

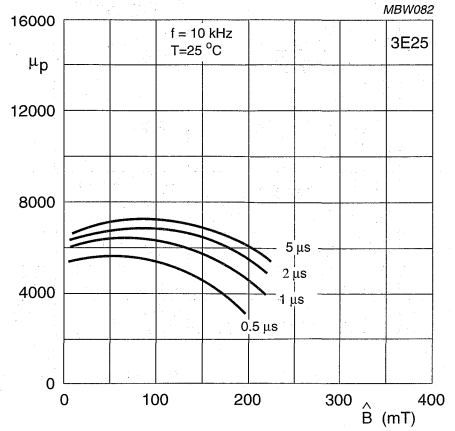


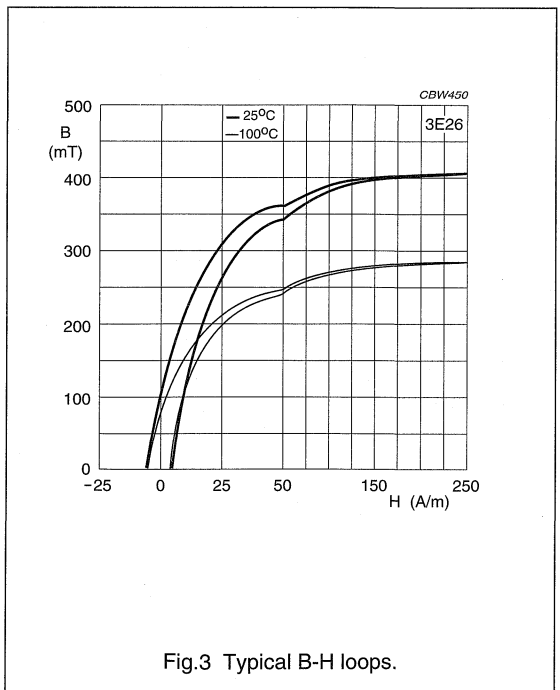
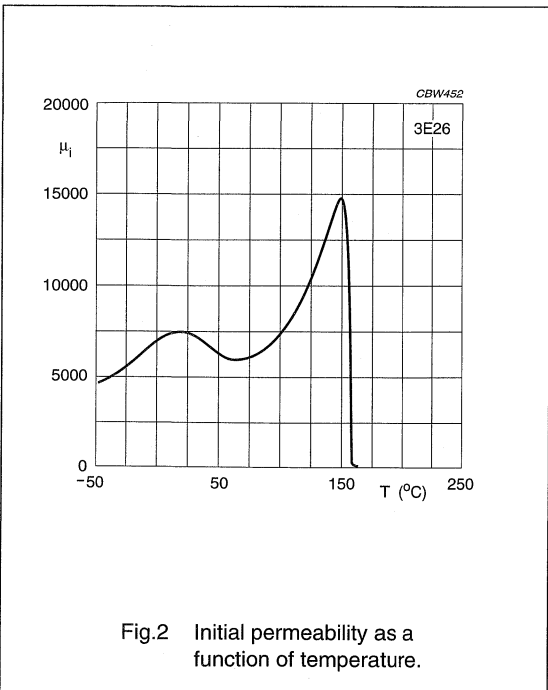
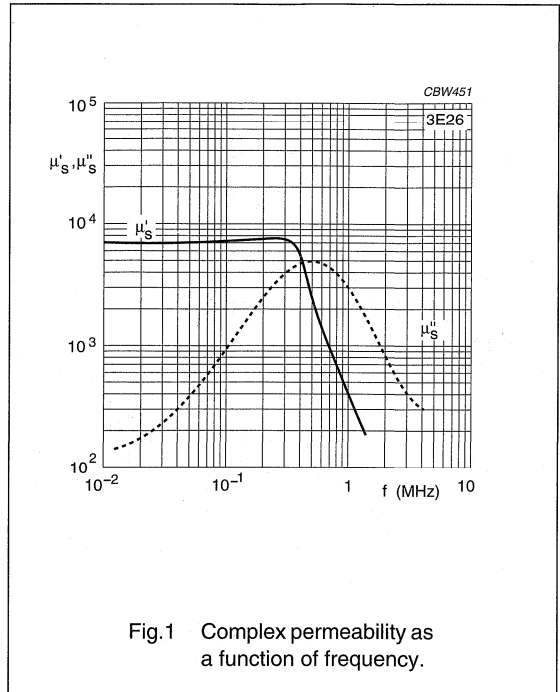
Fig.5 Pulse characteristics (unipolar pulses).

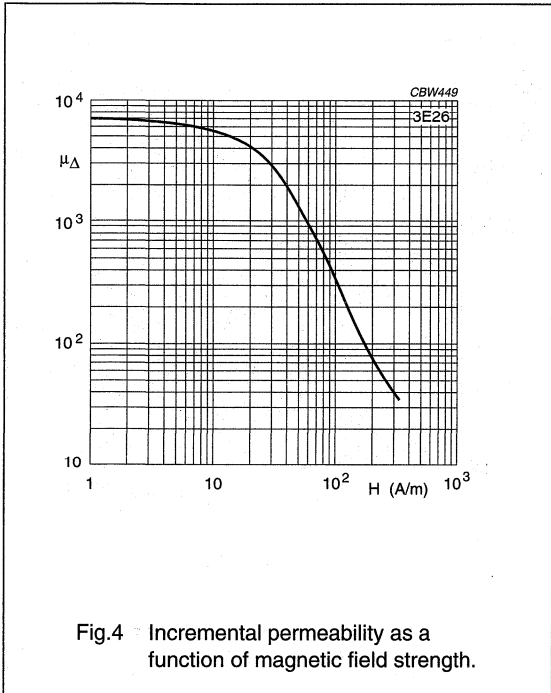
Material grade specification

3E26

3E26 SPECIFICATIONS

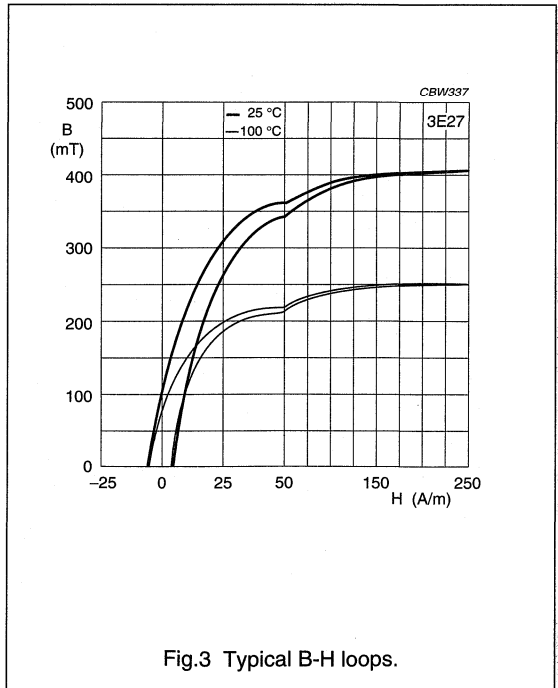
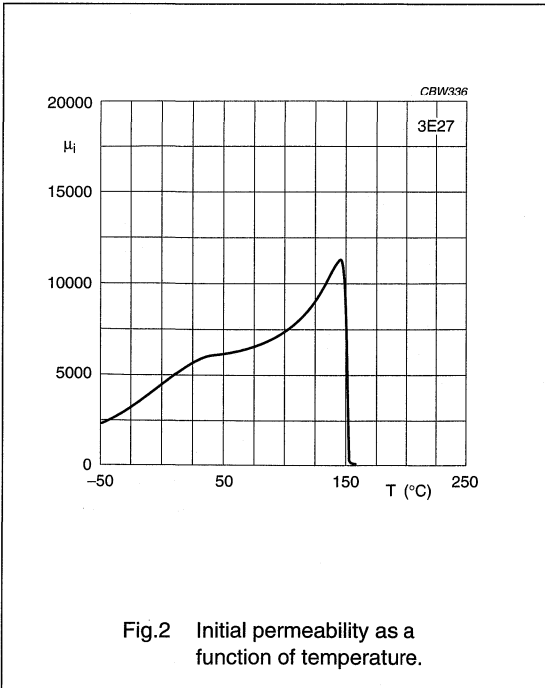
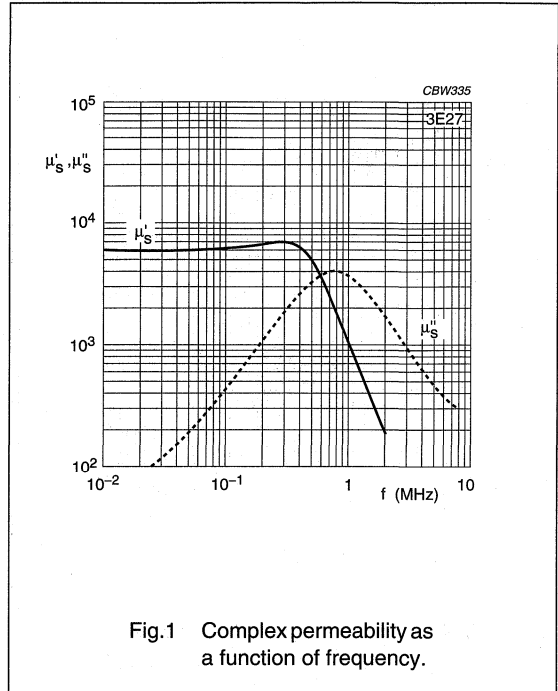
SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	7000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 400$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 290$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 20 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 155$	°C
density		$\approx 4900$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>





3E27 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	6000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 400$ $\approx 250$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 15 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 150$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	$\text{kg/m}^3$



Material grade specification

3E27

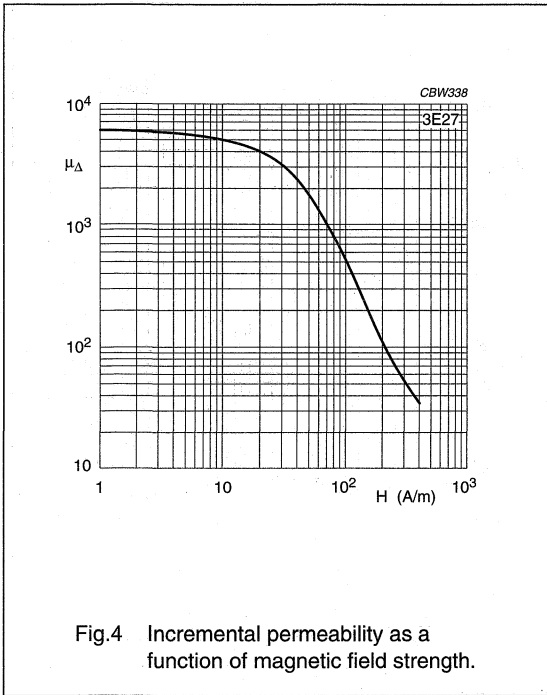


Fig.4 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

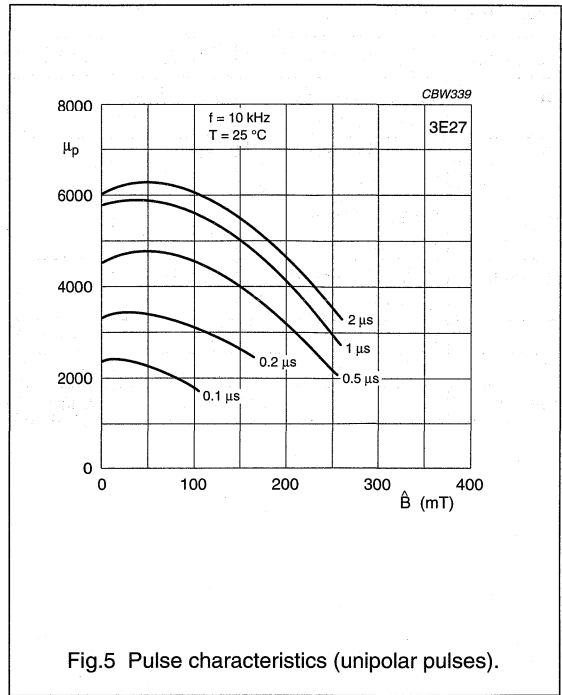


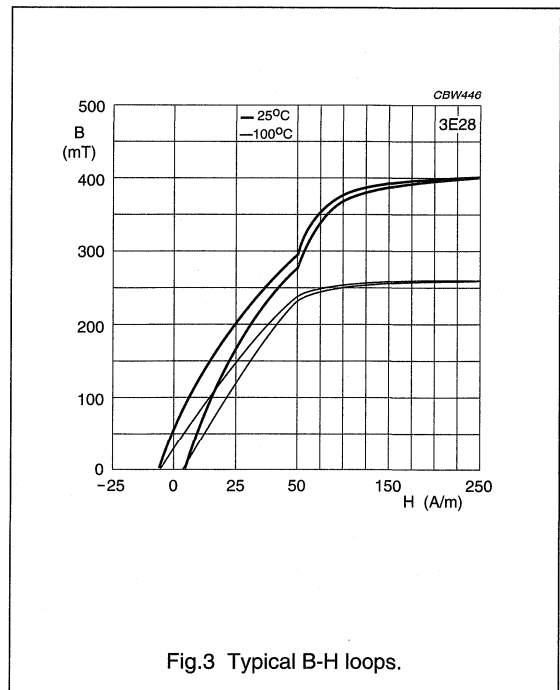
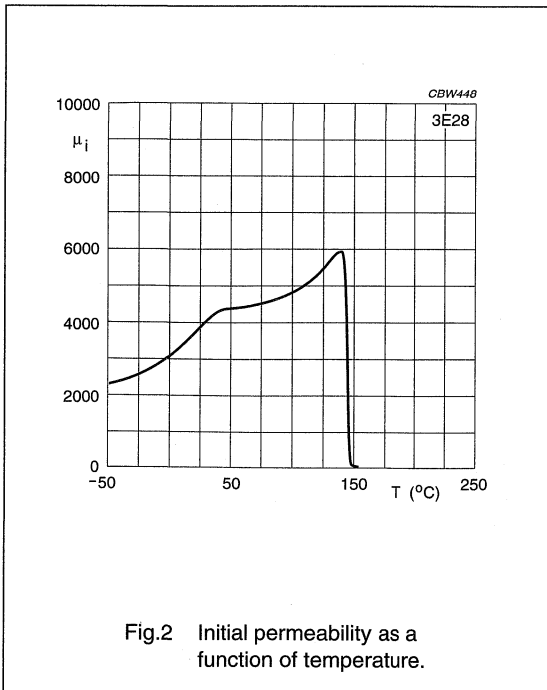
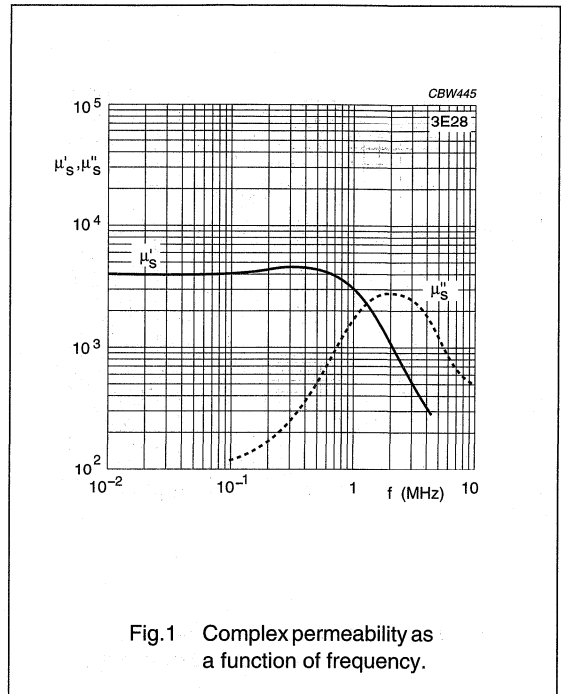
Fig.5 Pulse characteristics (unipolar pulses).

Material grade specification

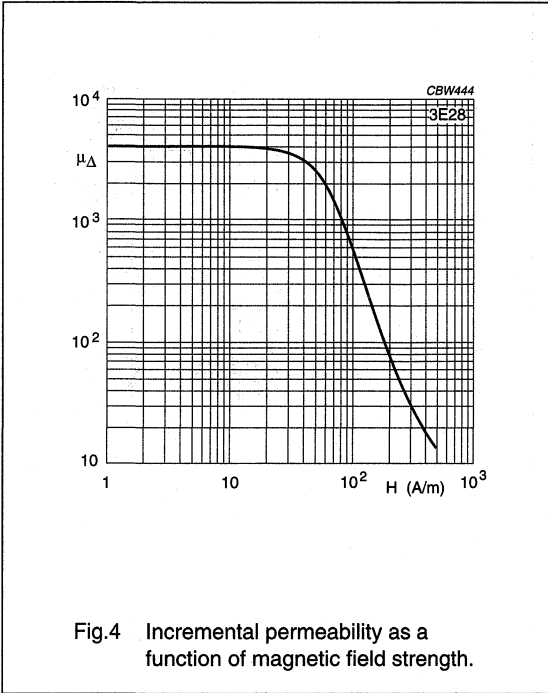
3E28

3E28 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	4000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 400$ $\approx 260$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 5 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 145$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	$\text{kg/m}^3$







Material grade specification

3E4

3E4 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	4700 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 360$ $\approx 210$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 300 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 20 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 150 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
D <sub>F</sub>	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 5 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
T <sub>C</sub>		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

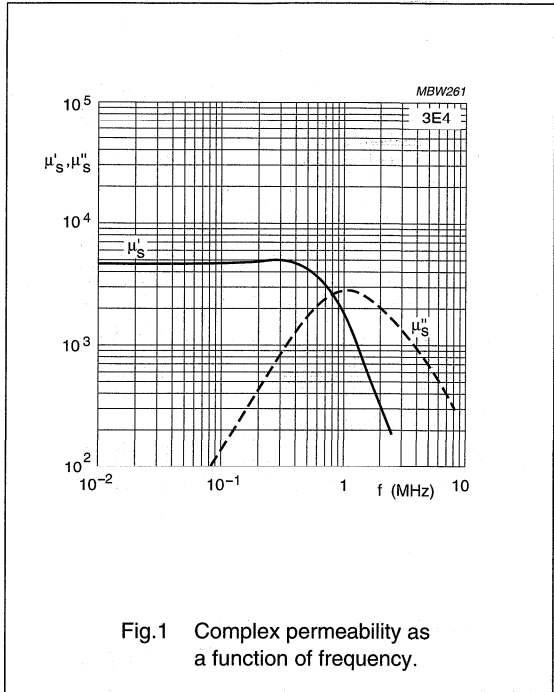


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

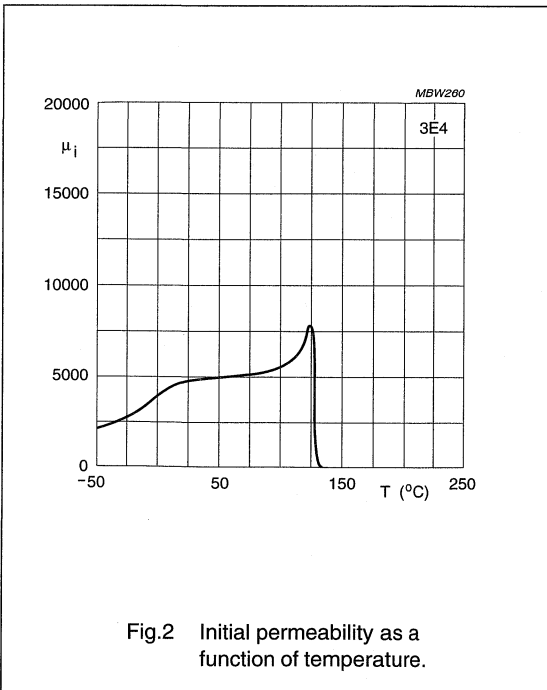


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

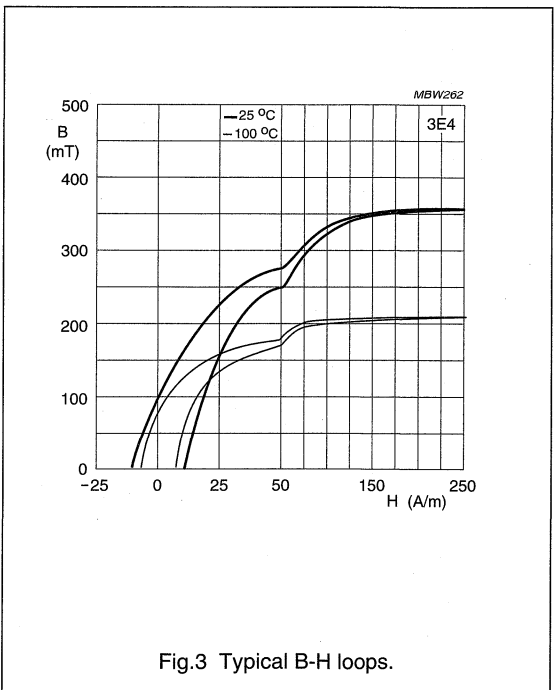


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

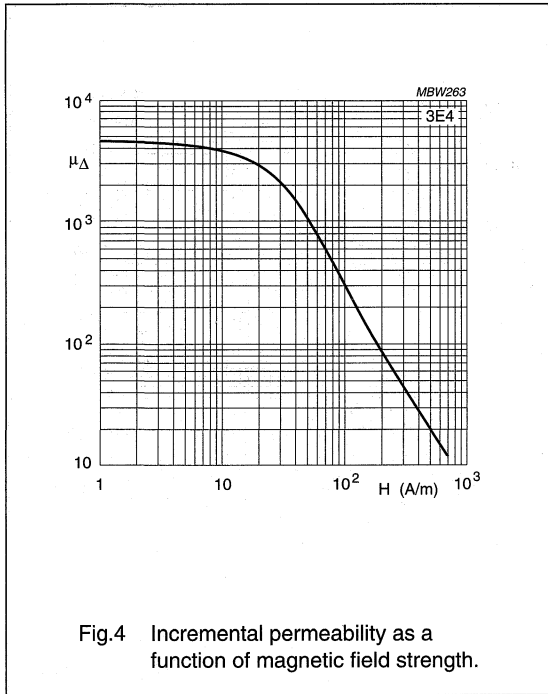


Fig.4 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

Material grade specification

3E5

3E5 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	10000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 380$ $\approx 210$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 100 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 25 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 75 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 4900$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

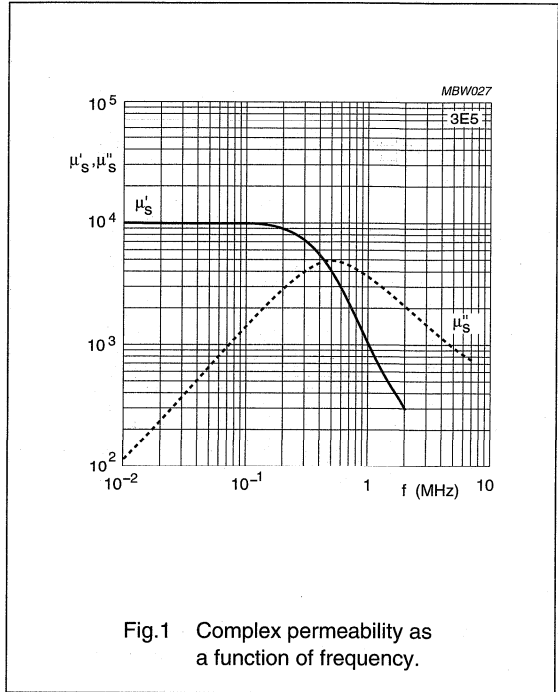


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

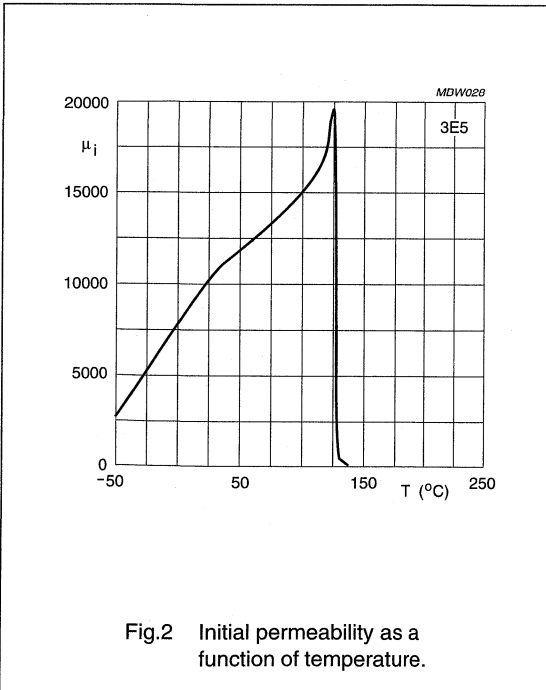


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

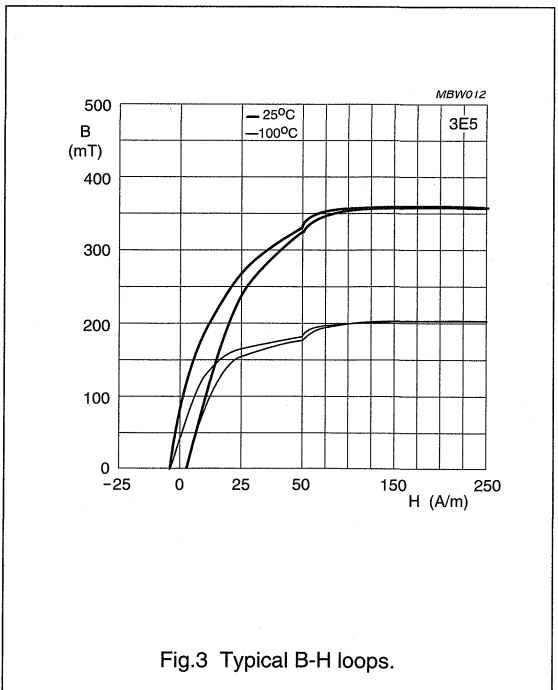


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3E5

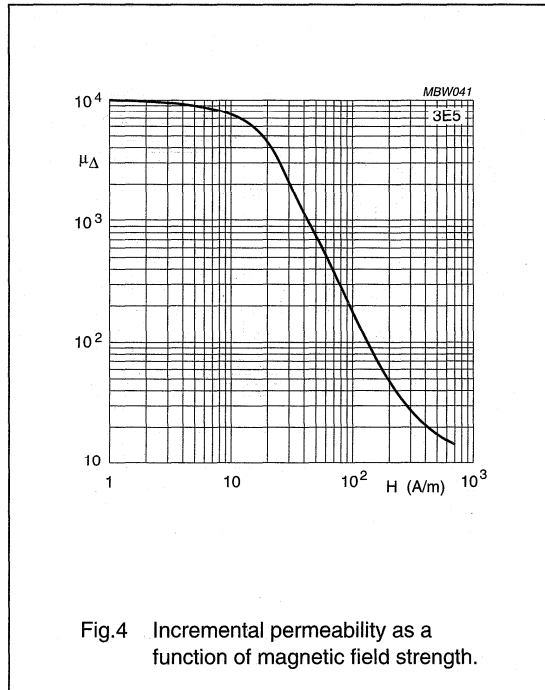


Fig.4 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

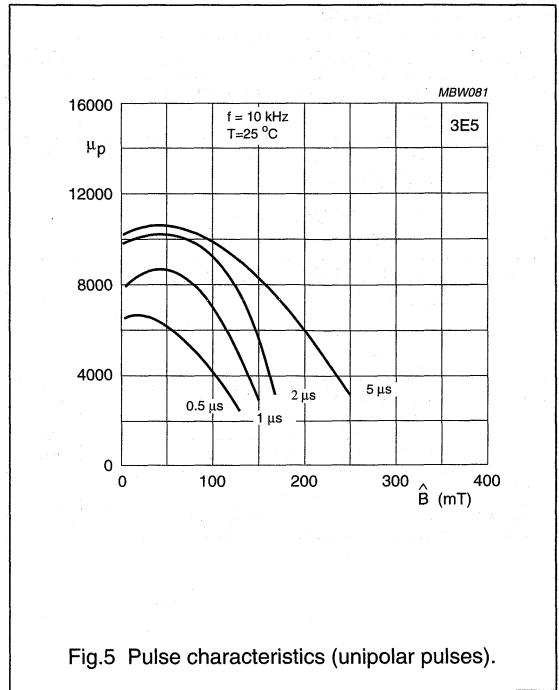


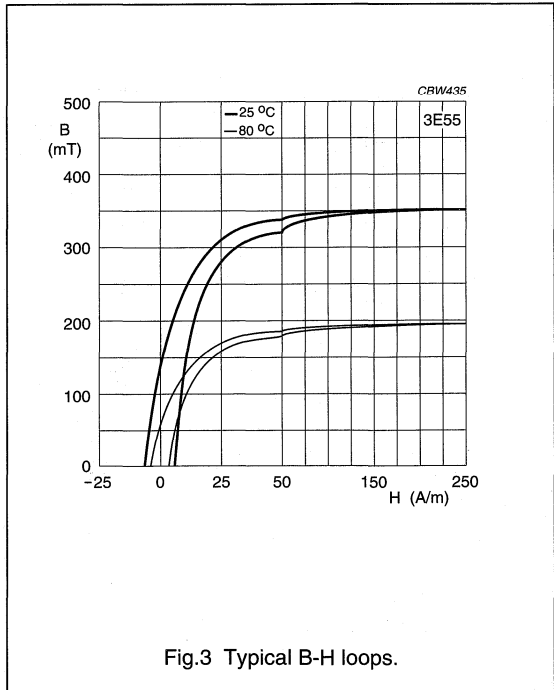
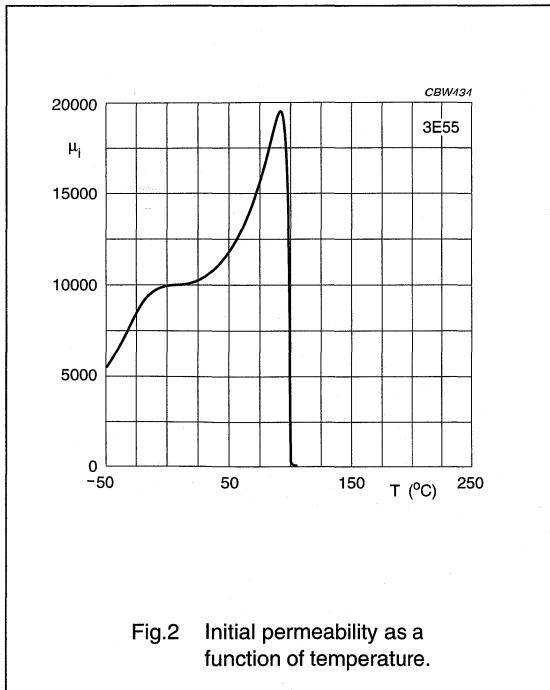
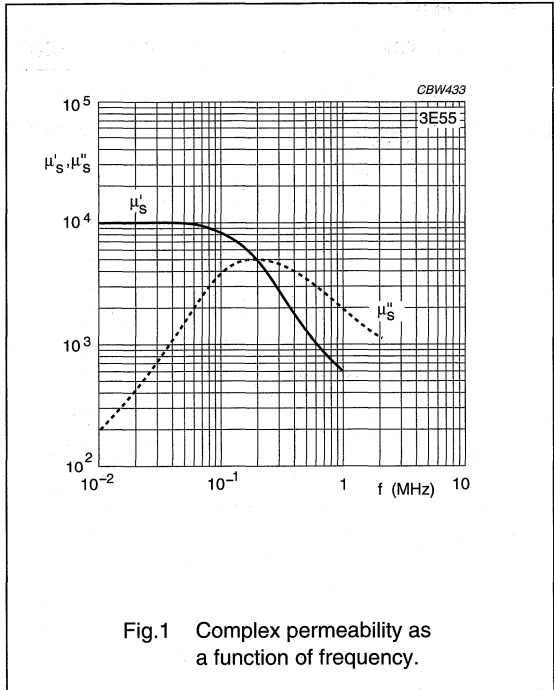
Fig.5 Pulse characteristics (unipolar pulses).

Preliminary material grade specification

3E55

3E55 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	10000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 350$ $\approx 200$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 10 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 30 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 0.2 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 100$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>



3E6 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	12000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 380$ $\approx 210$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 10 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 30 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.1$	$\Omega m$
$T_C$		$\geq 130$	°C
density		$\approx 4900$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

Note

1. Measured on sintered, non-ground ring cores of dimensions  $\varnothing 14 \times \varnothing 9 \times 5$  which are not subjected to external stresses.

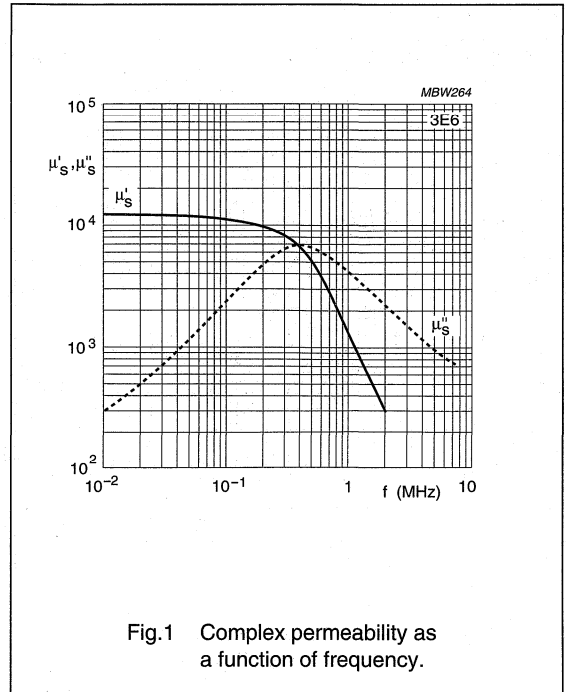


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

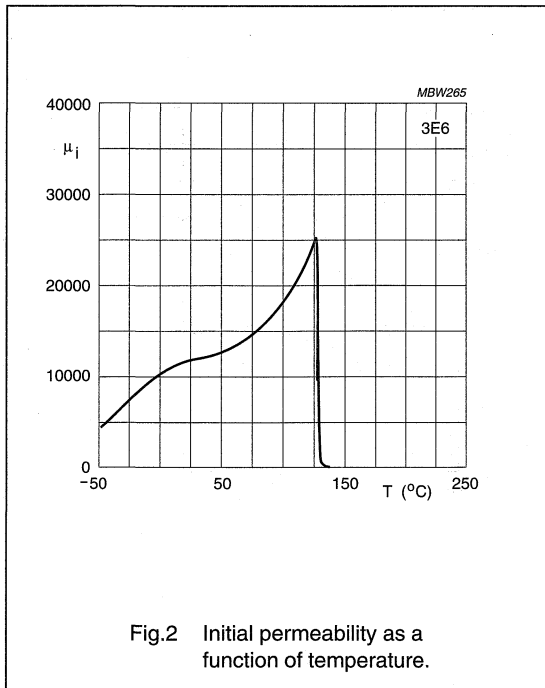


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

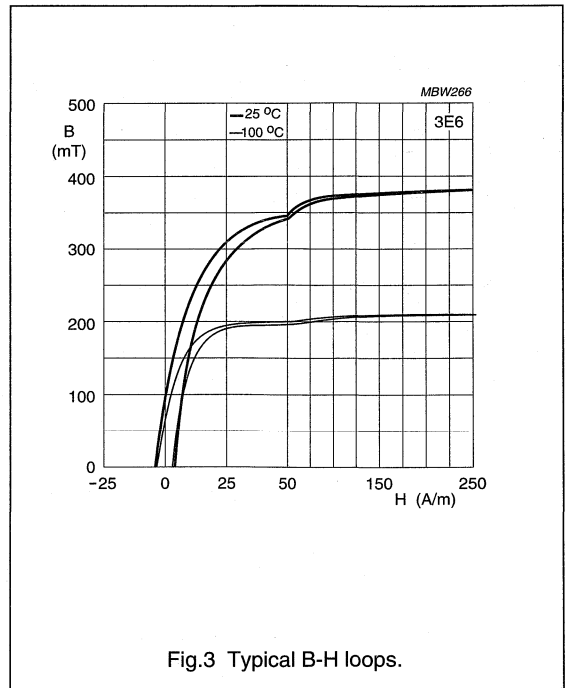
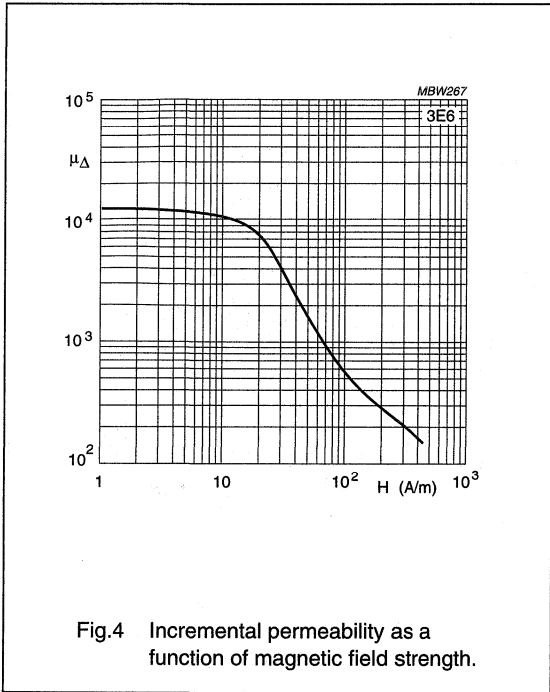


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

# Material grade specification

3E6





# Material grade specification

3E7

## 3E7 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$15000 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 380$ $\approx 210$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 10 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 30 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
T <sub>C</sub>		$\geq 130$	°C
density		$\approx 4900$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Note**

1. Measured on sintered, non-ground ring cores of dimensions  $\varnothing 14 \times \varnothing 9 \times 5$  which are not subjected to external stresses.

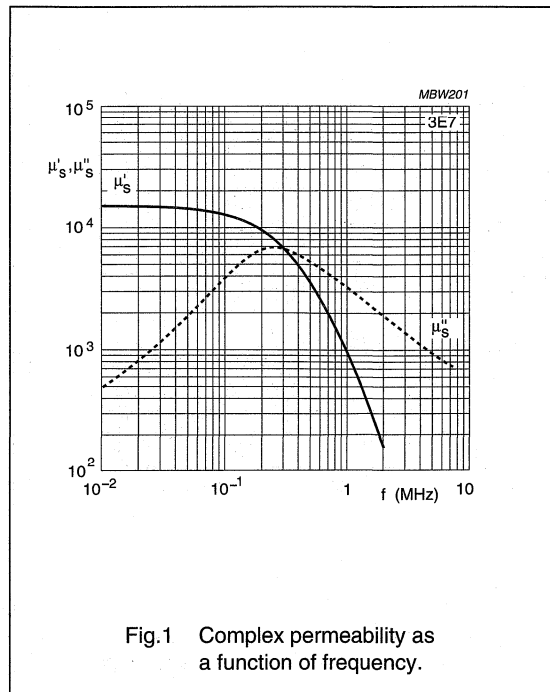


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

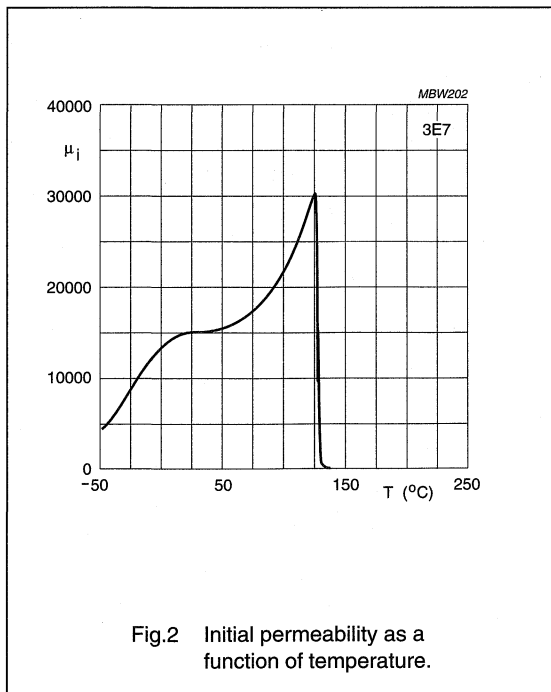


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

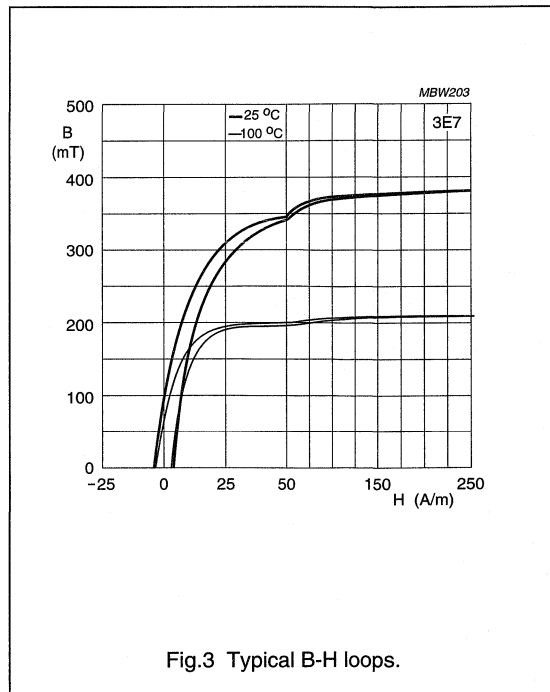
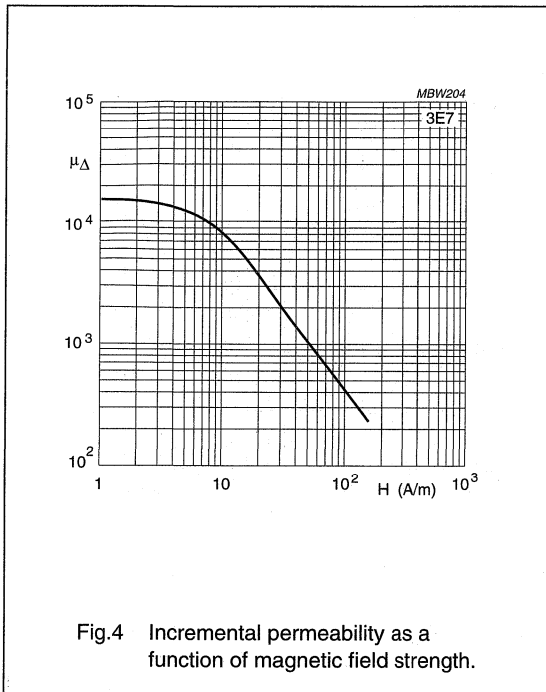


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



3E8 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	18000 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 350$ $\approx 150$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 30 kHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 10 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 30 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 10 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 0.1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 100$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

Note

1. Measured on sintered, non-ground ring cores of dimensions  $\varnothing 14 \times \varnothing 9 \times 5$  which are not subjected to external stresses.

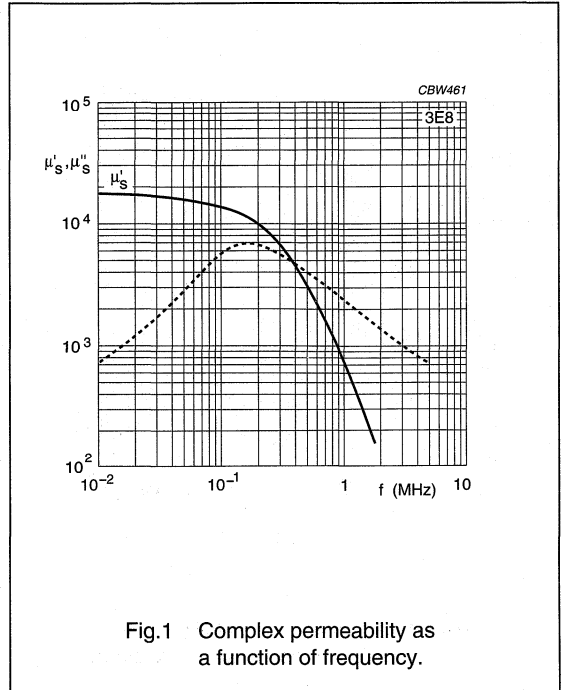


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

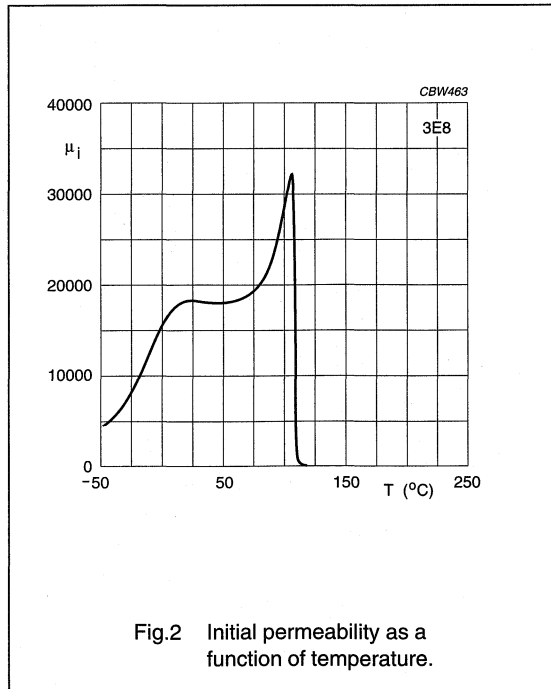


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

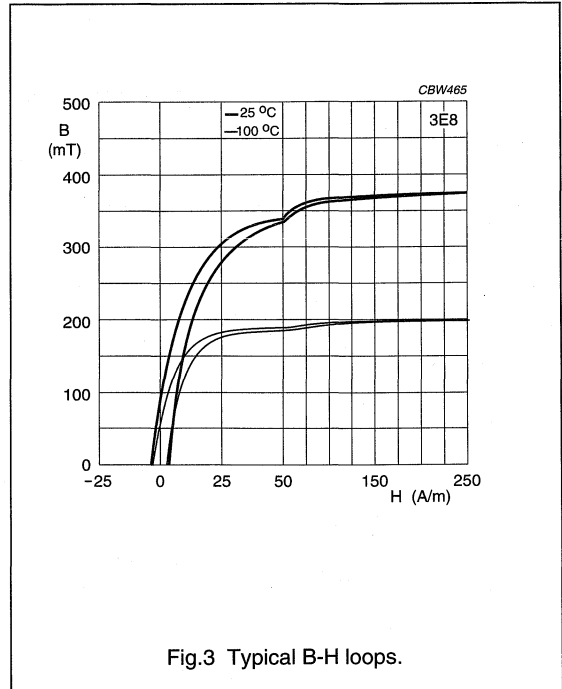
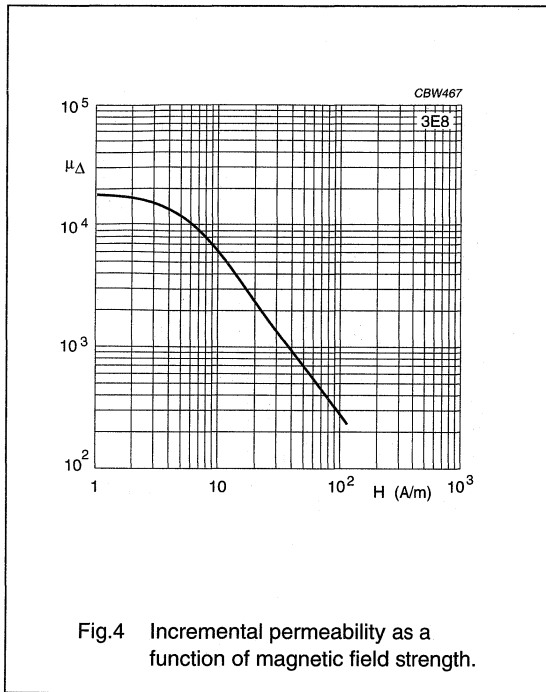


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



# Material grade specification

3F3

## 3F3 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	2000 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 4000$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 400$ $\geq 330$	mT
$P_v$	100 °C; 100 kHz; 100 mT 100 °C; 400 kHz; 50 mT	$\leq 80$ $\leq 150$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 2$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 200$	°C
density		$\approx 4750$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

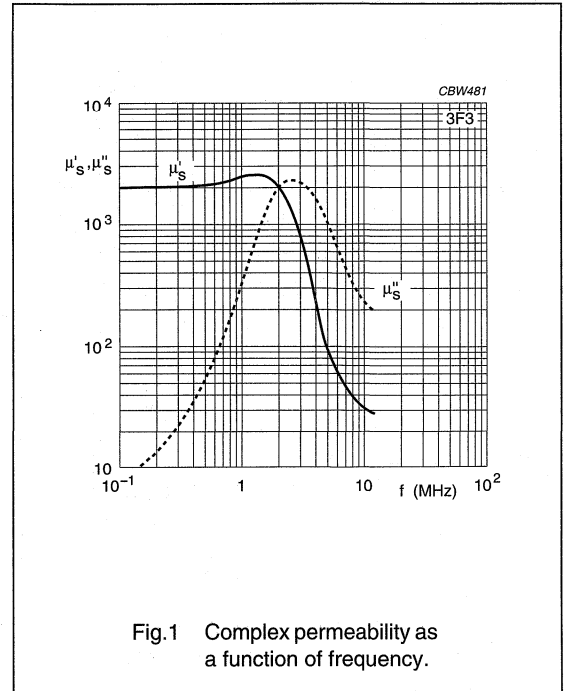


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

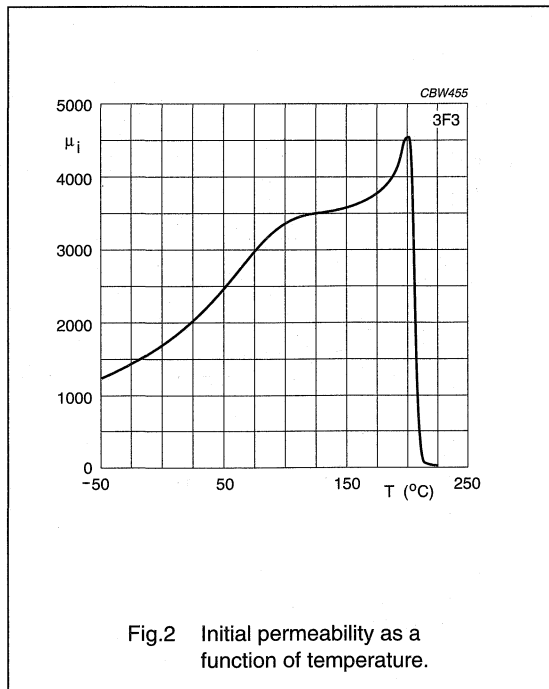


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

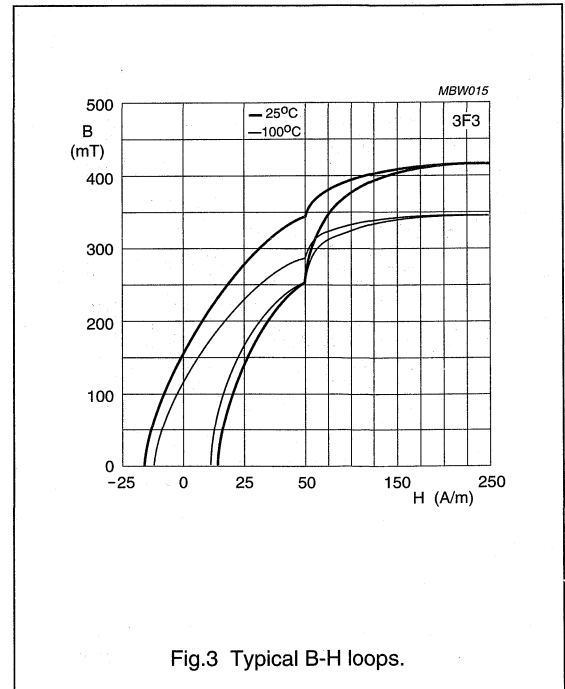
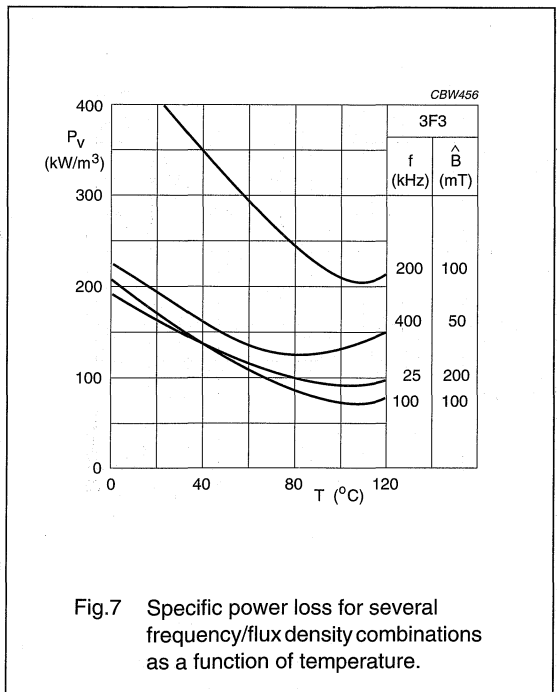
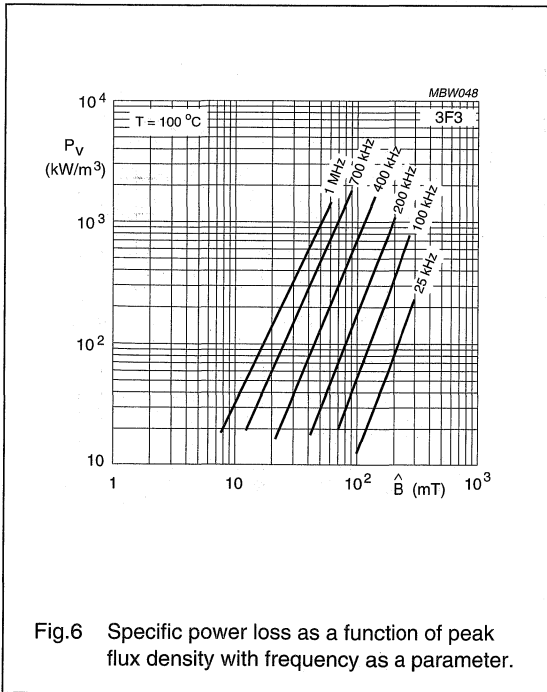
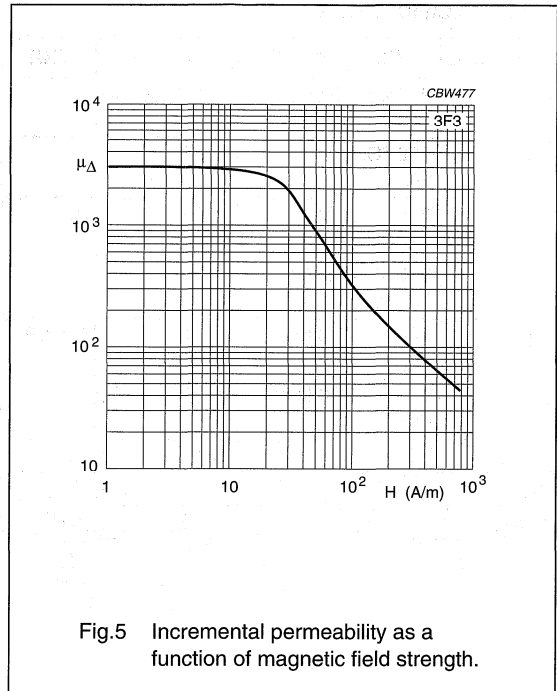
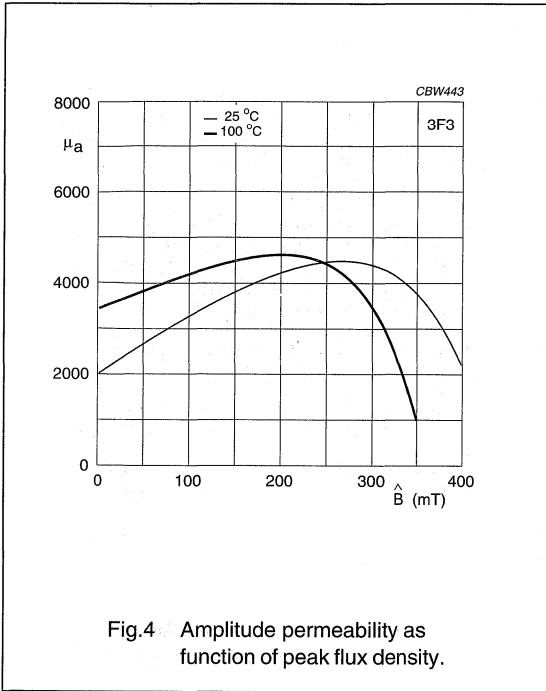


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



# Material grade specification

3F35

## 3F35 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	1400 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 2500$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 400$ $\geq 330$	mT
P	100 °C; 400 kHz; 50 mT 100 °C; 500 kHz; 50 mT 100 °C; 500 kHz; 100 mT	$\leq 80$ $\leq 120$ $\approx 800$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_c$		$\geq 240$	°C
density		$\approx 4750$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

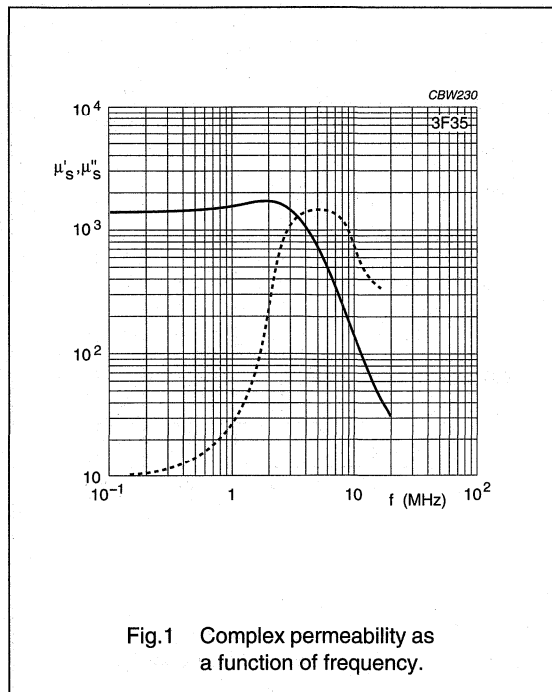


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

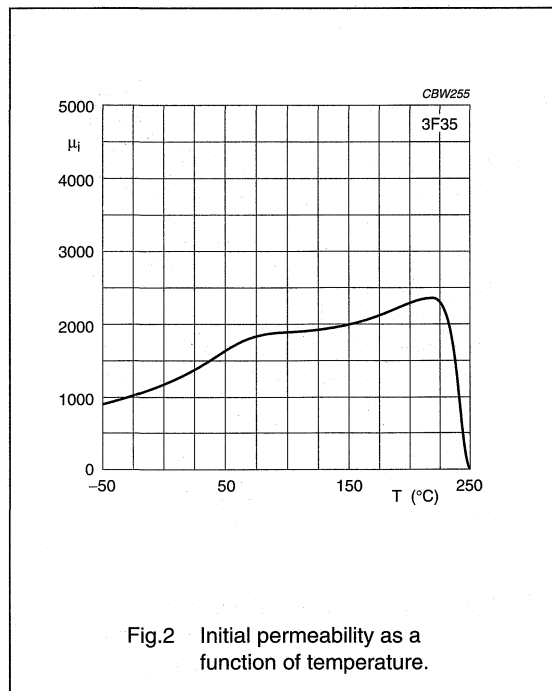


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

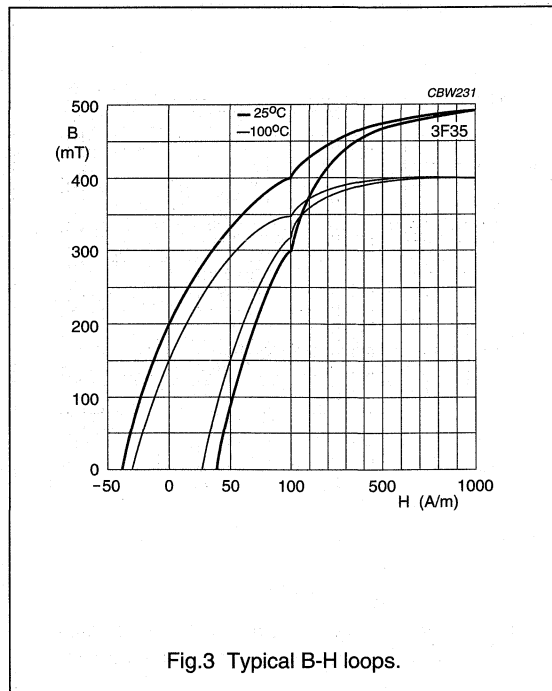
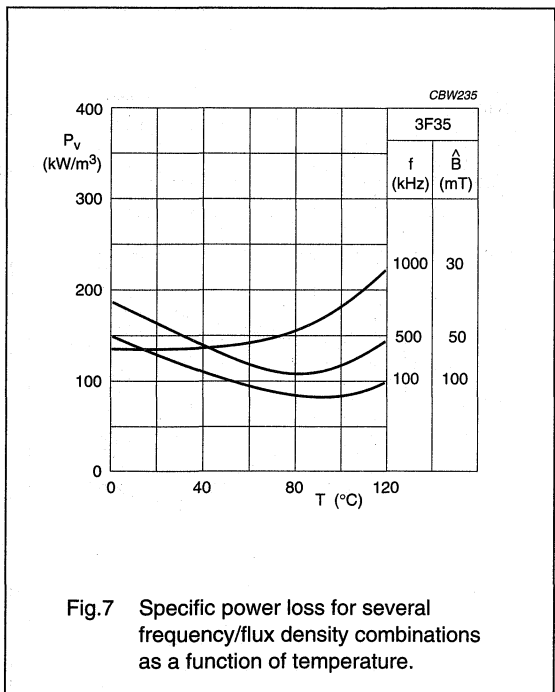
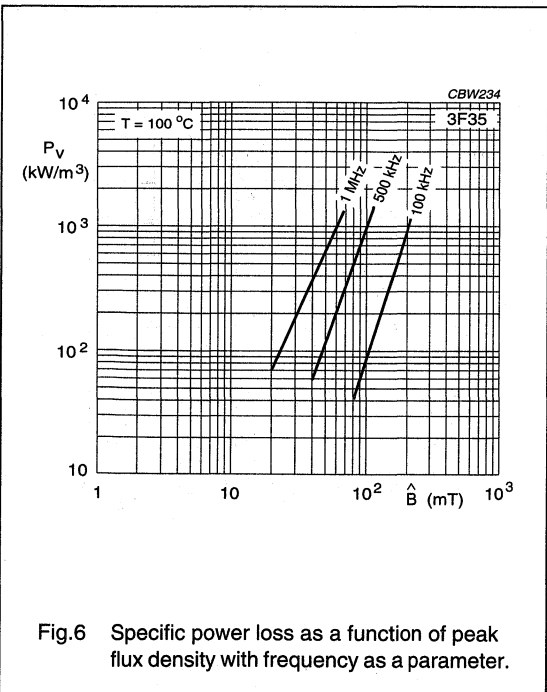
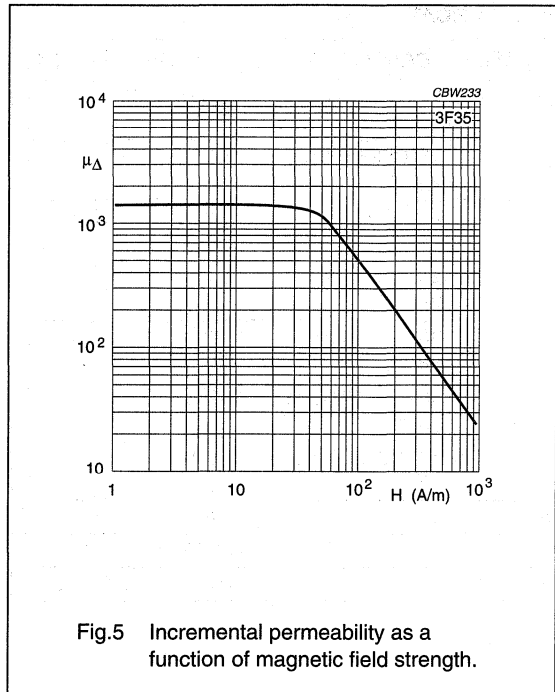
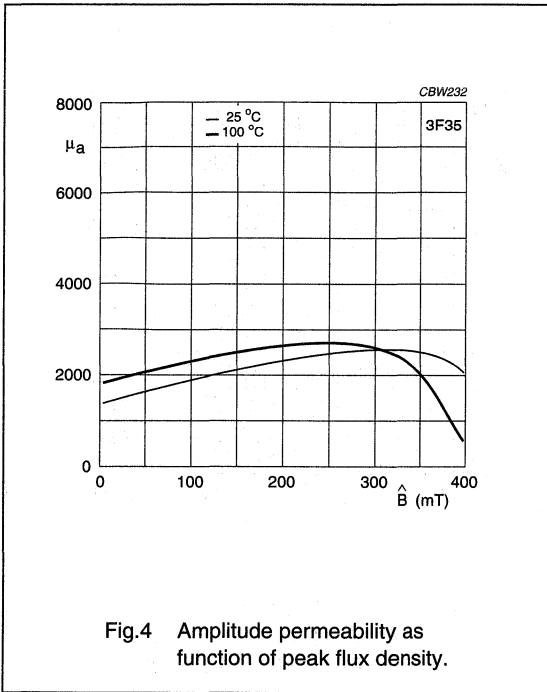


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3F35



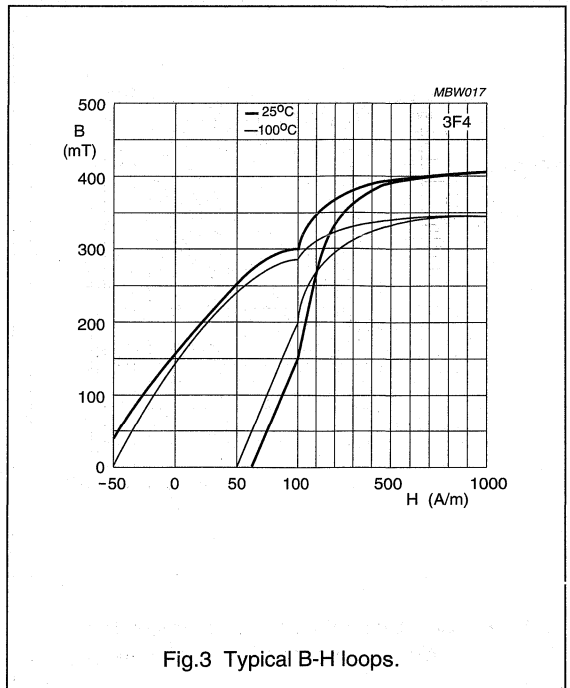
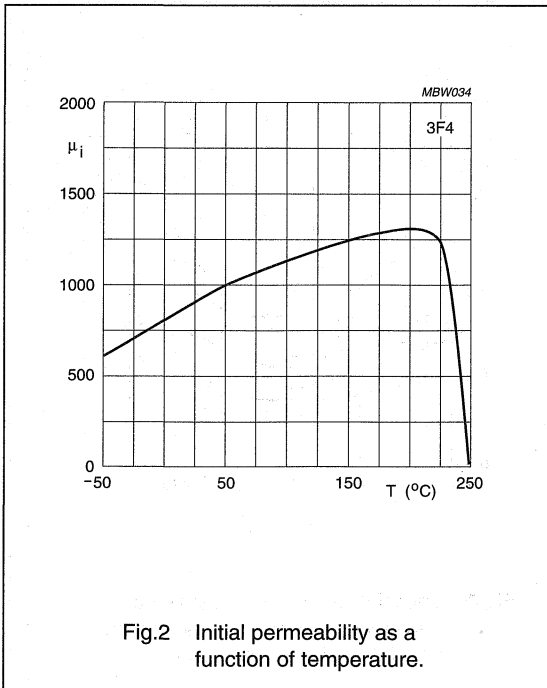
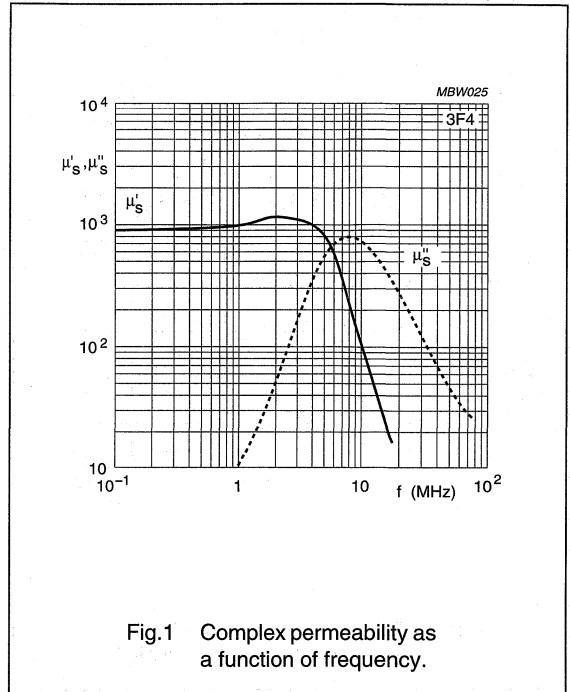


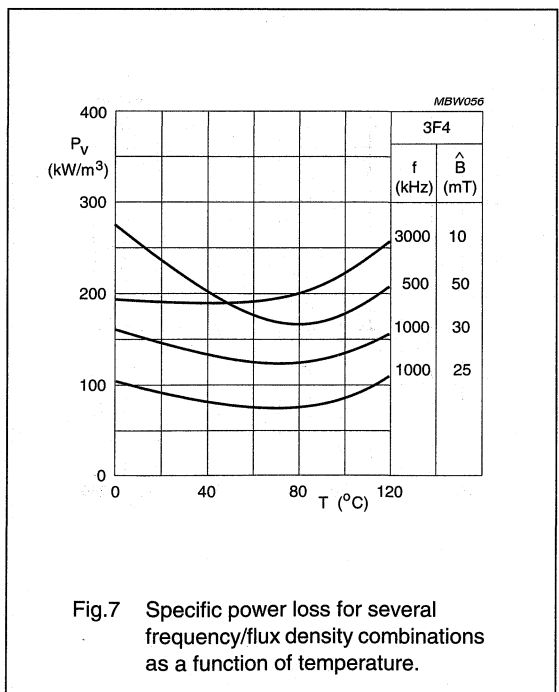
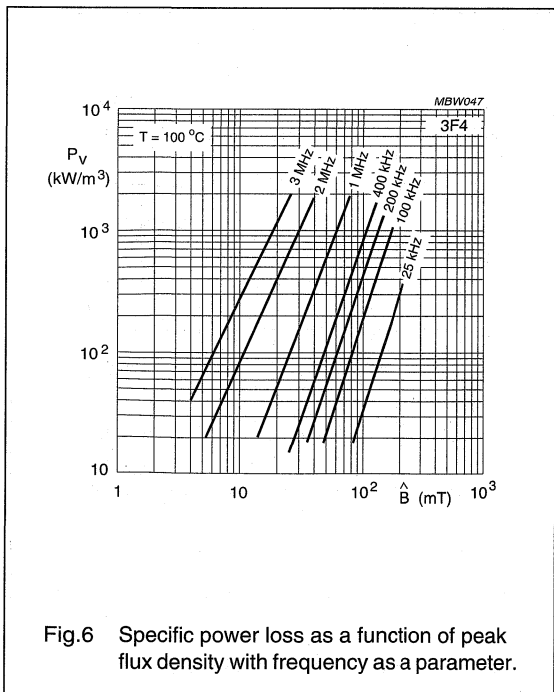
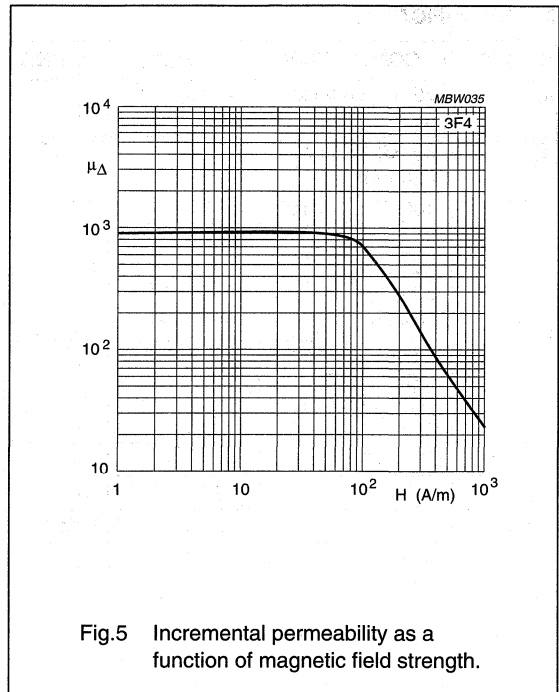
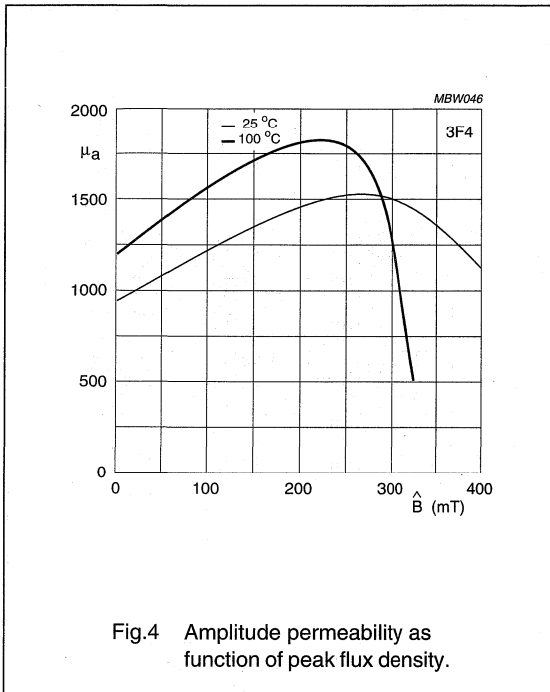
# Material grade specification

3F4

## 3F4 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	900 $\pm 20\%$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 1700$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 350$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 300$	
P <sub>V</sub>	100 °C; 1 MHz; 30 mT	$\leq 200$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
	100 °C; 3 MHz; 10 mT	$\leq 320$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10$	$\Omega\text{m}$
T <sub>C</sub>		$\geq 220$	°C
density		$\approx 4700$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>





Material grade specification

3H3

3H3 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$2000 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 330$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 250$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 0.1 mT: 30 kHz	$\leq 1.6 \times 10^{-6}$	
	100 kHz	$\leq 2.5 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\eta_B$	25 °C; 100 kHz; 1.5 to 3 mT	$\leq 0.6 \times 10^{-3}$	T <sup>-1</sup>
D <sub>F</sub>	0.1 mT; 10 kHz: 25 °C	$\leq 3 \times 10^{-6}$	
	40 °C	$\leq 3 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\alpha_F$	$\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT: 5 to 25 °C	$(0.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-6}$	K <sup>-1</sup>
	25 to 55 °C	$(0.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-6}$	
	25 to 70 °C	$(0.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 2$	$\Omega\text{m}$
T <sub>C</sub>		$\geq 160$	°C
density		$\approx 4700$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

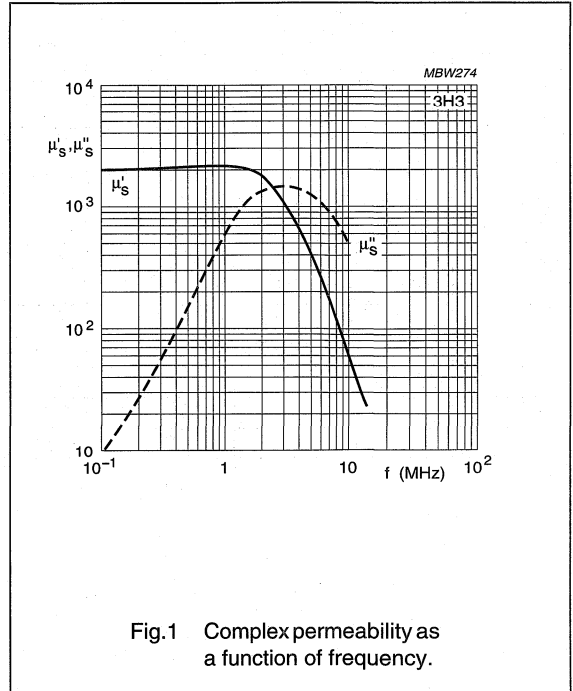


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

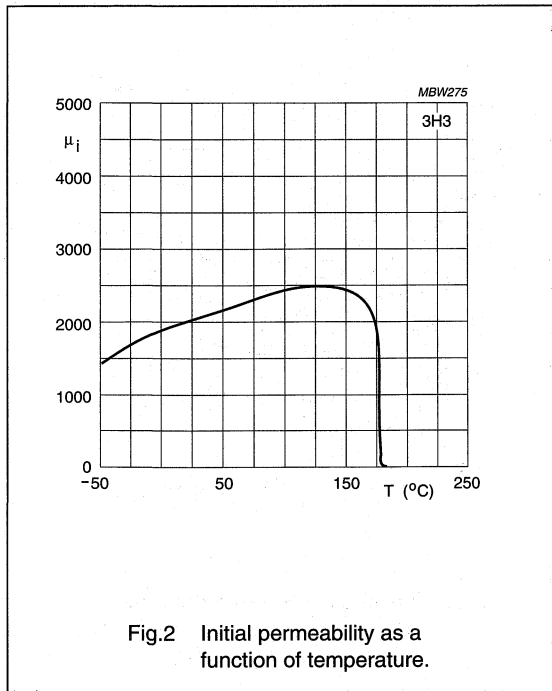


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

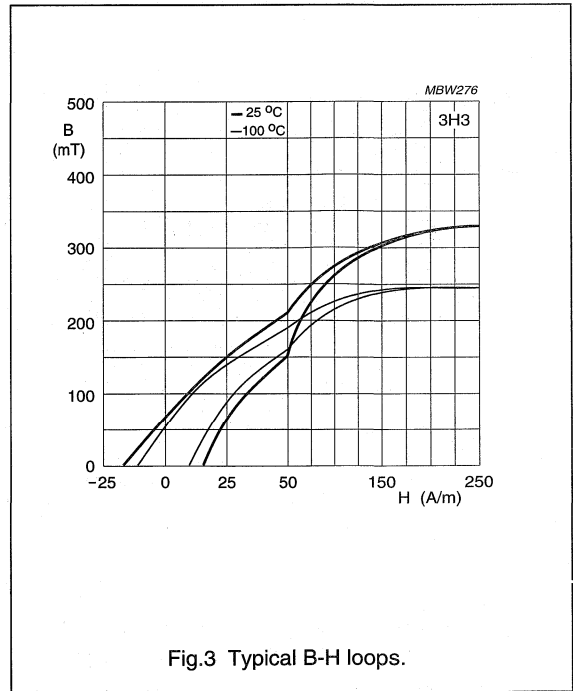


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3R1

3R1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$800 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 360$ $\geq 285$	mT
$B_r$	from 1 kA/m; 25 °C from 1 kA/m; 100 °C	$\geq 310$ $\geq 220$	mT
$H_c$	from 1 kA/m; 25 °C from 1 kA/m; 100 °C	$\leq 52$ $\leq 23$	A/m
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^3$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 230$	°C
density		$\approx 4700$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

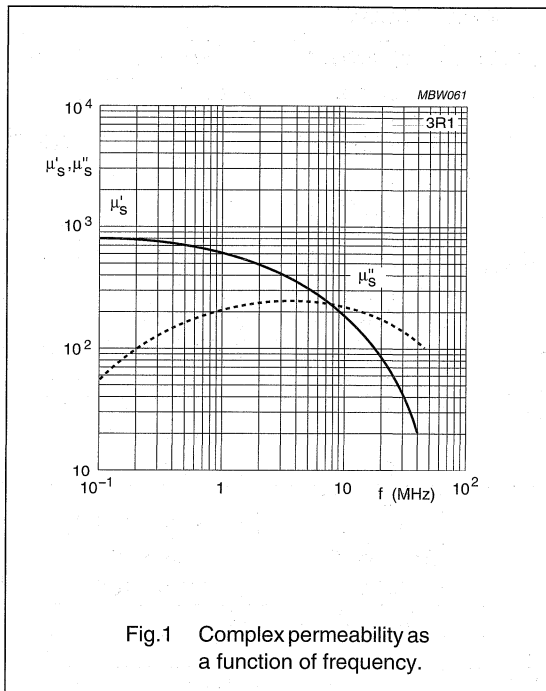


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

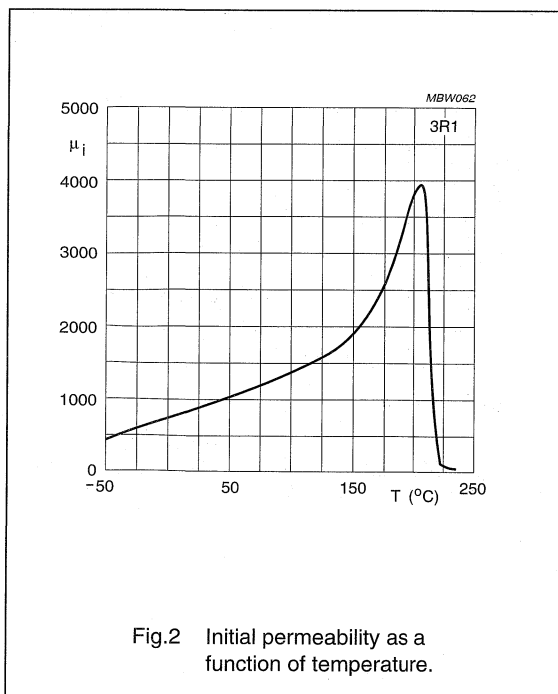


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

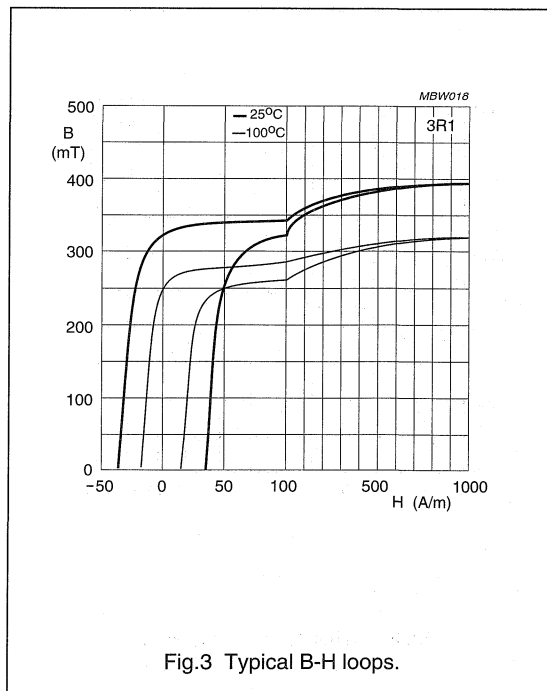


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3R1

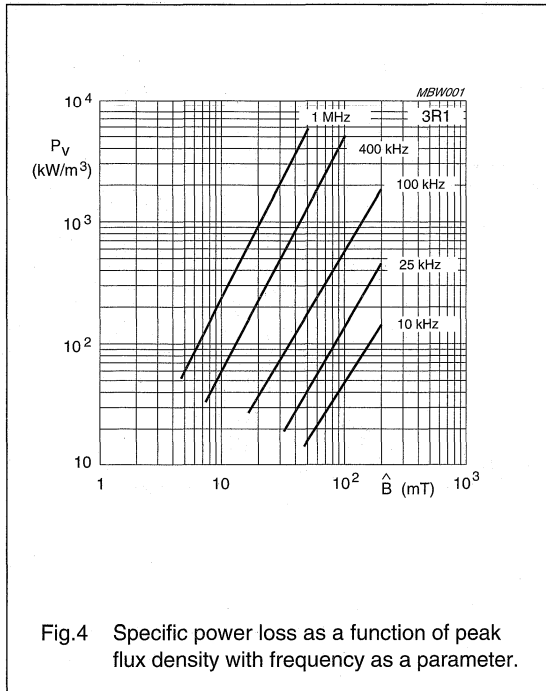


Fig.4 Specific power loss as a function of peak flux density with frequency as a parameter.

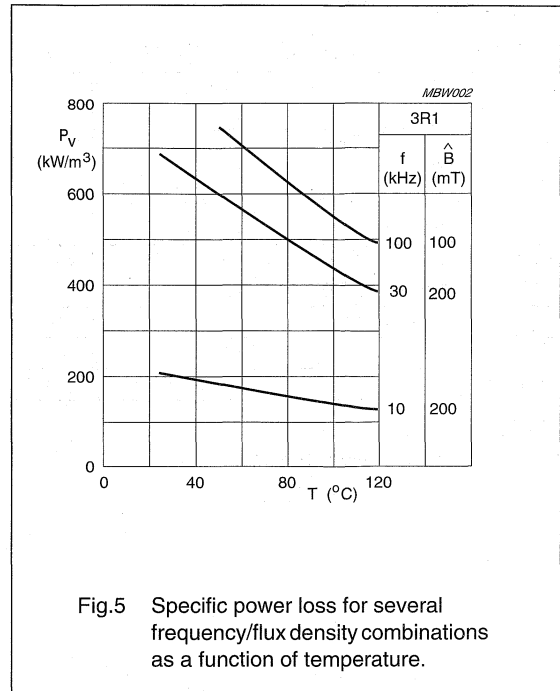


Fig.5 Specific power loss for several frequency/flux density combinations as a function of temperature.

**Remark:**

When 3R1 ring cores are driven exactly at their natural mechanical resonant frequencies a magneto-elastic resonance will occur. With large flux excursions and no mechanical damping, amplitudes can become so high that the maximum tensile stress of the ferrite is exceeded. Cracks or even breakage of the ring core could be the result. It is advised not to drive the toroidal cores at their radial resonant frequencies or even subharmonics (e.g. half this resonant frequency).

Resonant frequencies can be calculated for any ring core with the following simple formula:

$$f_r = \frac{5700}{\pi \left( \frac{D_o + D_i}{2} \right)} \text{ kHz}$$

where:

f = radial resonant frequency (kHz)

D<sub>o</sub> = outside diameter (mm)

D<sub>i</sub> = inside diameter (mm).

# Material grade specification

3S1

## 3S1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 4000$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 350$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 180$	
$ Z ^{(1)}$	25 °C; 1 MHz	$\geq 30$	$\Omega$
	25 °C; 10 MHz	$\geq 60$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 1$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
density		$\approx 4900$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

**Note**

1. Measured on a bead  $\varnothing 5 \times \varnothing 2 \times 10$  mm.

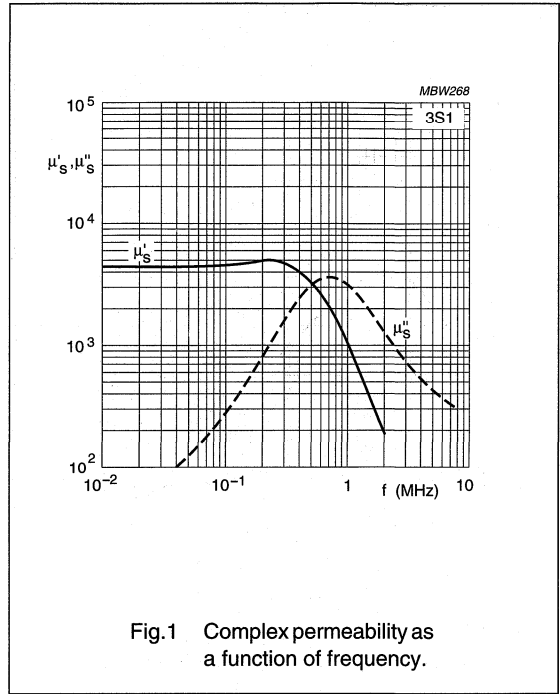


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

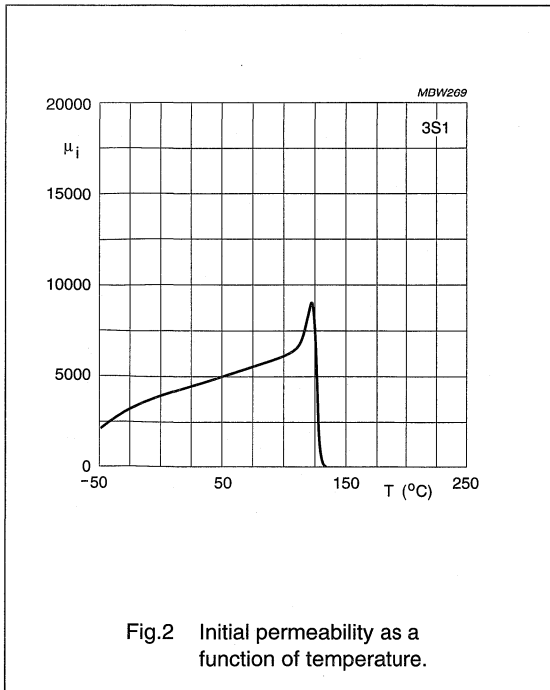


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

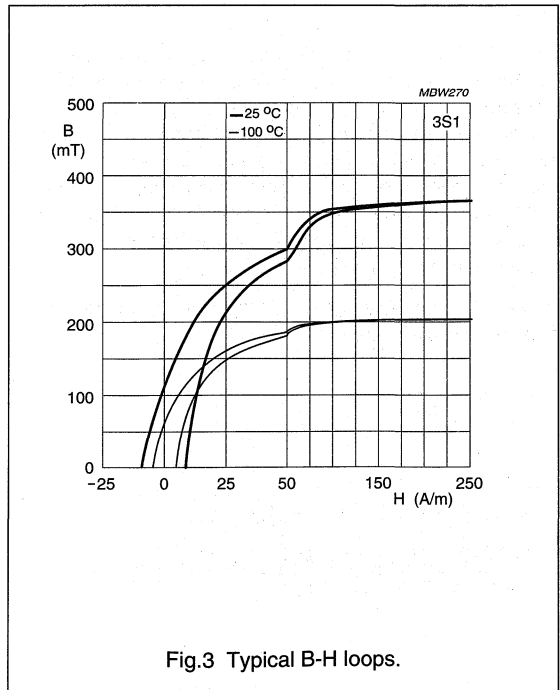
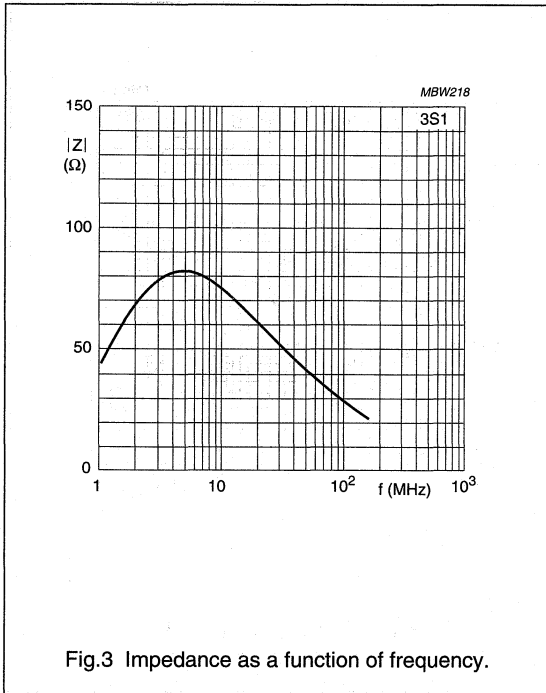


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

3S1



3S3 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 350$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 300$ $\approx 250$	mT
$ Z ^{(1)}$	25 °C; 30 MHz 25 °C; 100 MHz 25 °C; 300 MHz	$\geq 25$ $\geq 60$ $\geq 100$	$\Omega$
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^4$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 225$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

Note

1. Measured on a bead  $\varnothing 5 \times \varnothing 2 \times 10$  mm.

**Remark:** This wideband EMI-suppression material is optimized for applications with high bias currents at elevated temperatures (e.g. rods for chokes in commutation motors).

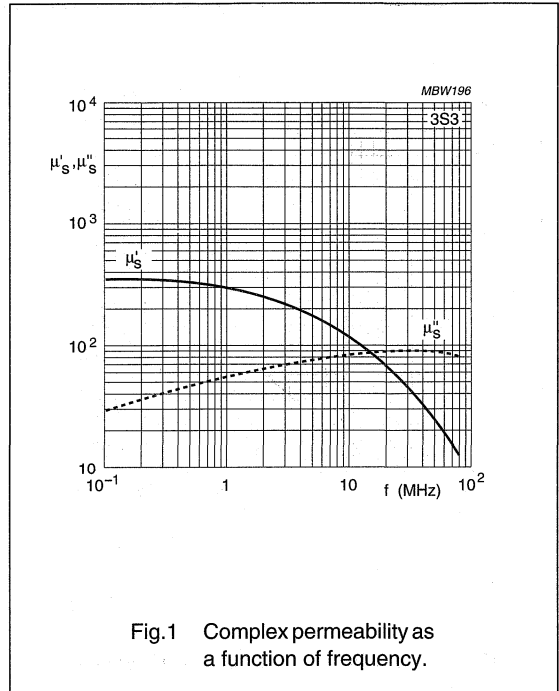


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

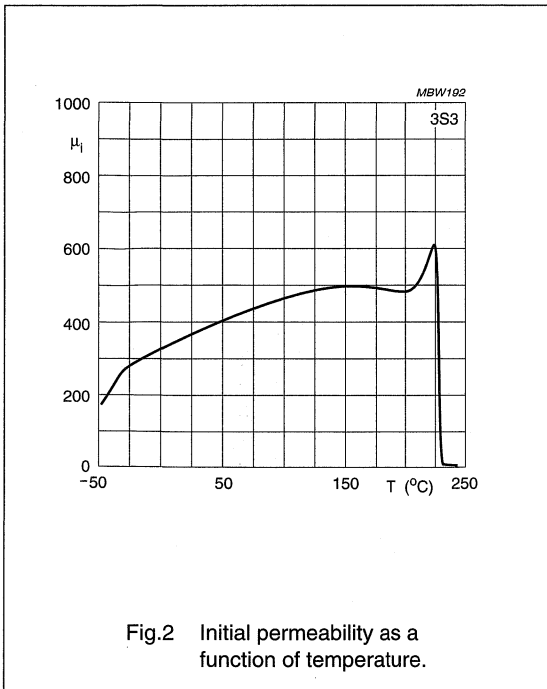


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

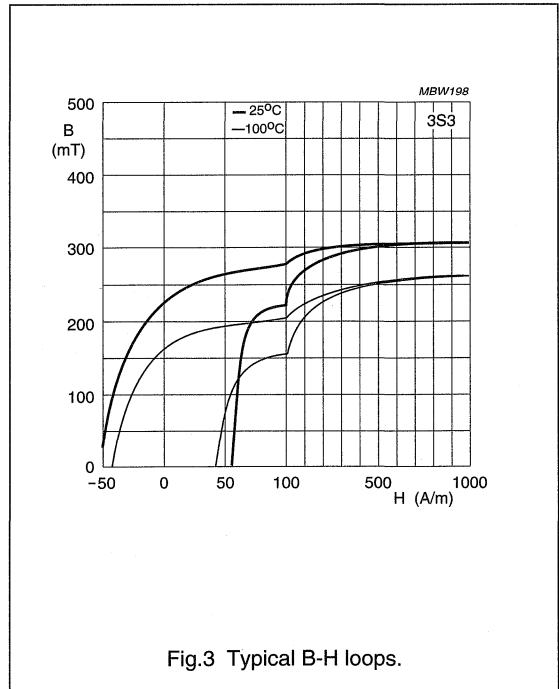
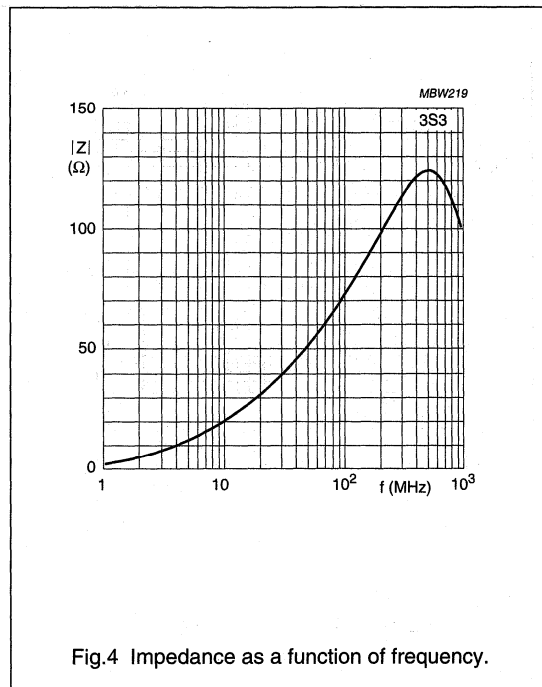


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.





# Material grade specification

3S4

## 3S4 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 1700$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 300$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 140$	
$ Z ^{(1)}$	25 °C; 3 MHz	$\geq 25$	$\Omega$
	25 °C; 30 MHz	$\geq 60$	
	25 °C; 100 MHz	$\geq 80$	
	25 °C; 300 MHz	$\geq 90$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^3$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 110$	°C
density		$\approx 4800$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

**Note**

1. Measured on a bead  $\varnothing 5 \times \varnothing 2 \times 10$  mm.

**Remark:** This wideband EMI-suppression material is optimized for applications without bias currents at moderate temperatures (e.g. common-mode chokes).

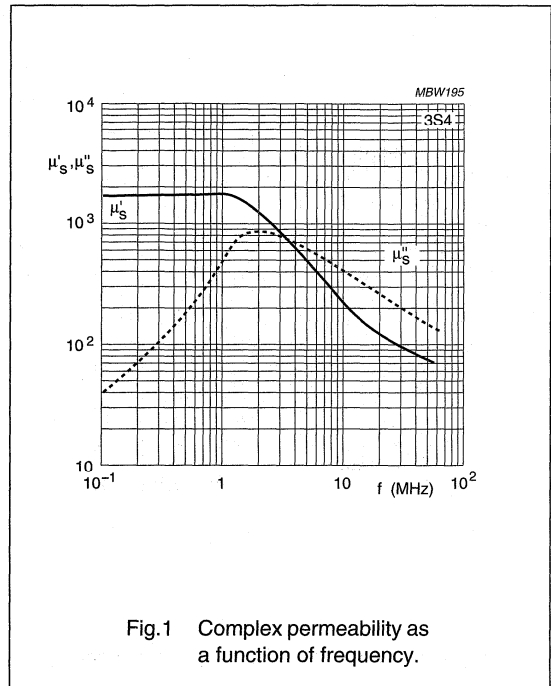


Fig. 1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

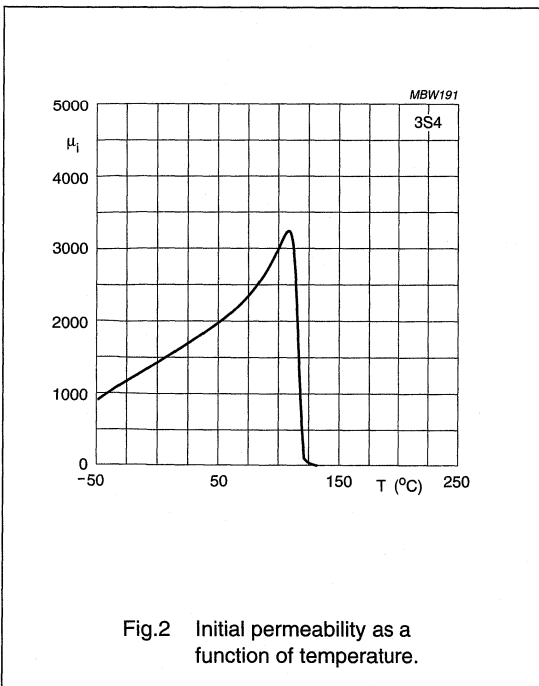


Fig. 2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

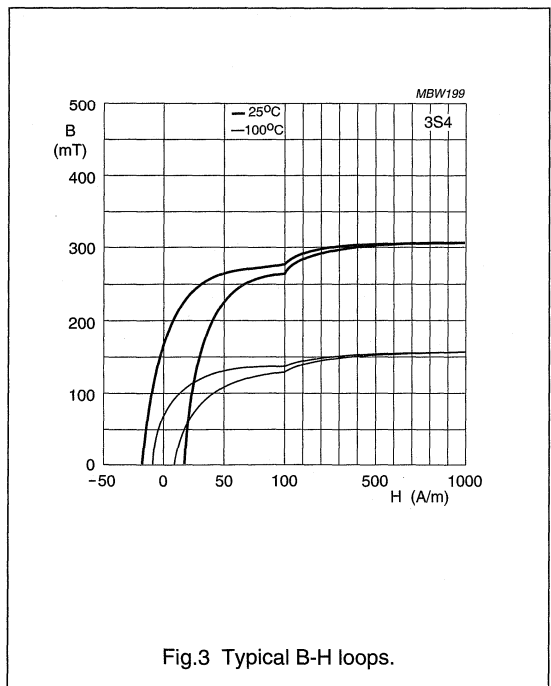


Fig. 3 Typical B-H loops.

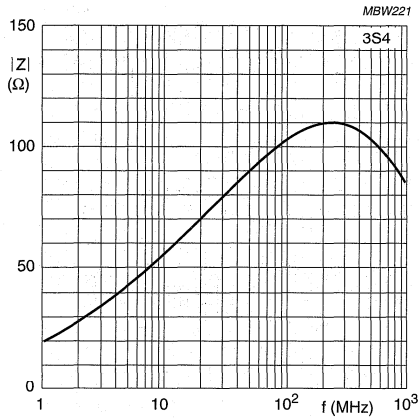


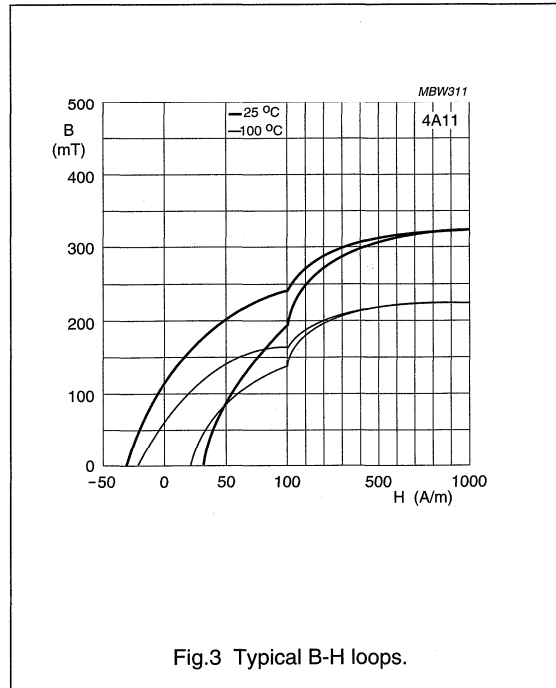
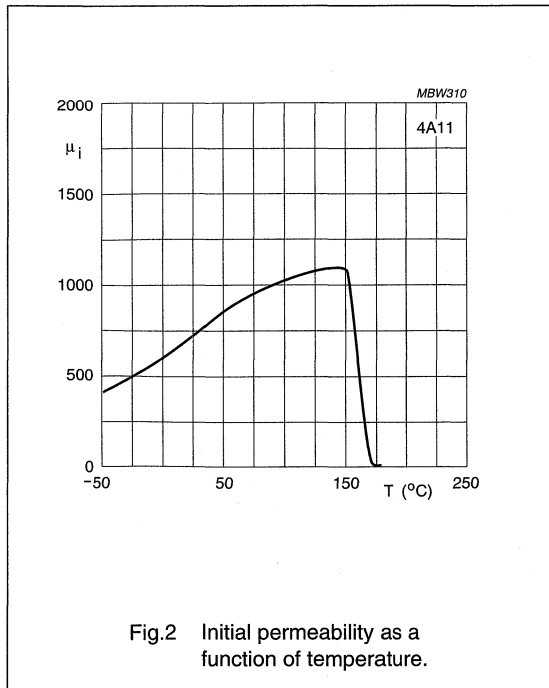
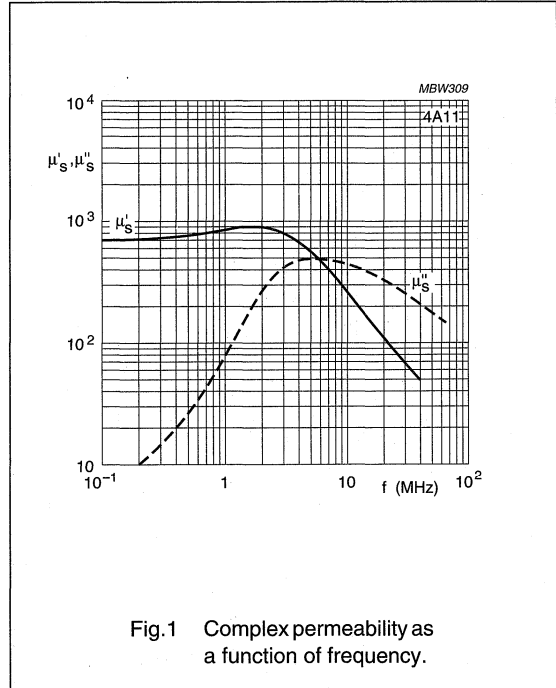
Fig.4 Impedance as a function of frequency.

# Material grade specification

4A11

## 4A11 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	700 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 270$ $\approx 180$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 1 MHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 3 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 100 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 1000 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 5100$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

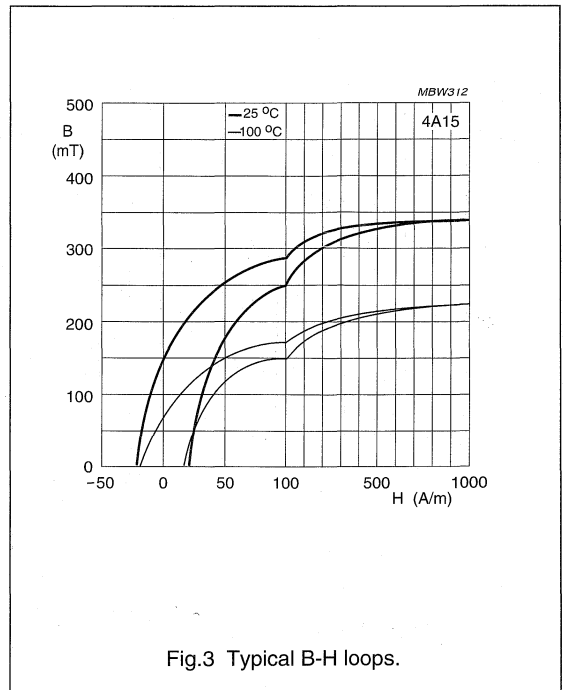
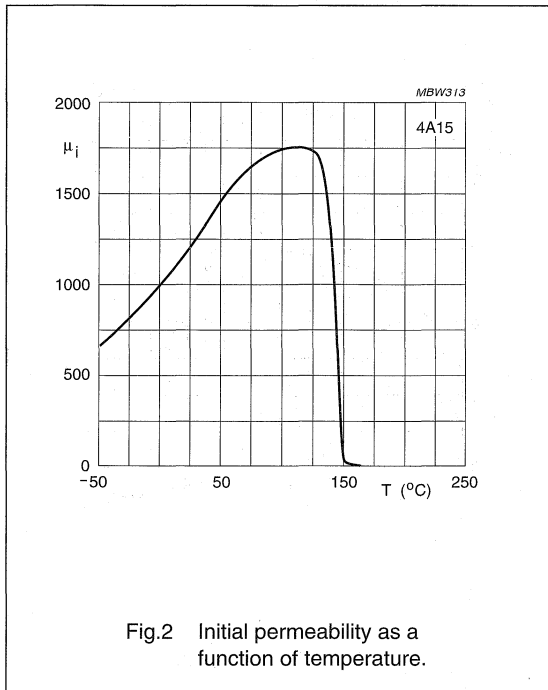
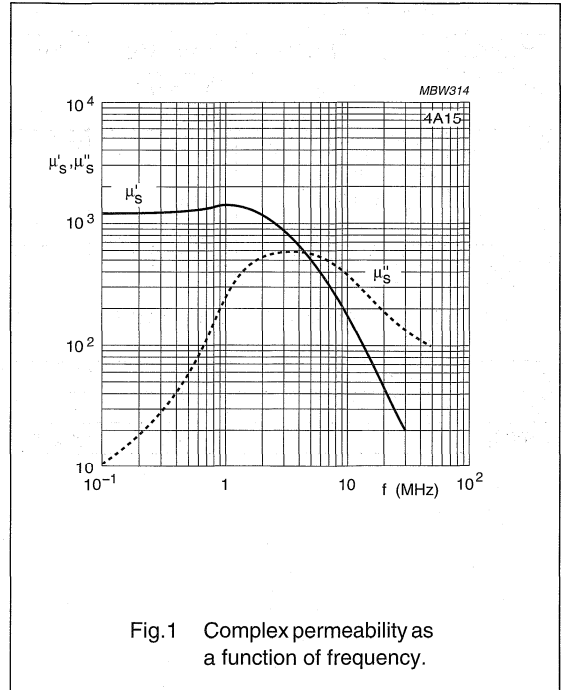


Material grade specification

4A15

4A15 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	1200 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 300$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 180$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 1 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 300 \times 10^{-6}$	
	25 °C; 3 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 1500 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 5100$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

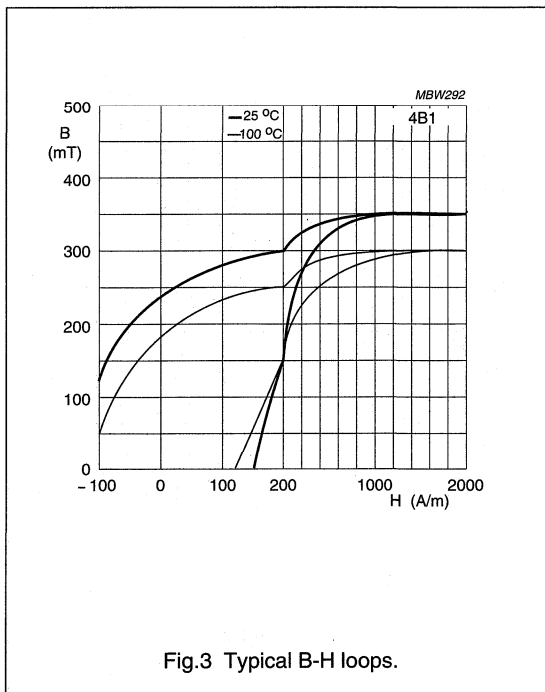
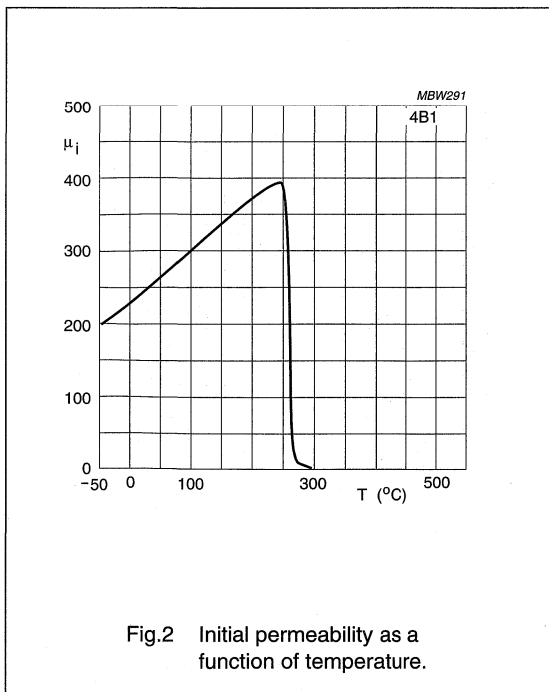
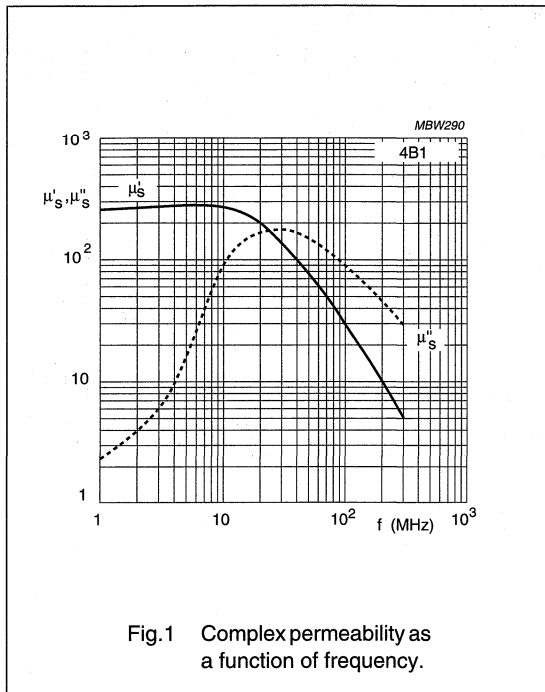


# Material grade specification

4B1

## 4B1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$250 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 310$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 260$	
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 1 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 90 \times 10^{-6}$	
	25 °C; 3 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 300 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 250$	°C
density		$\approx 4600$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

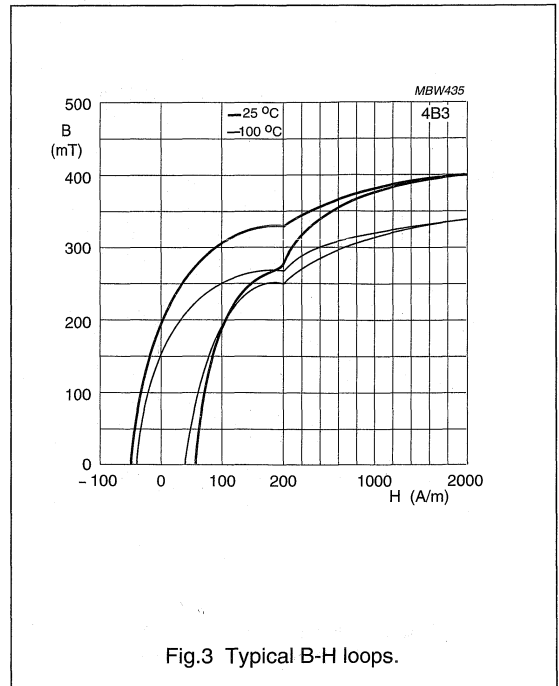
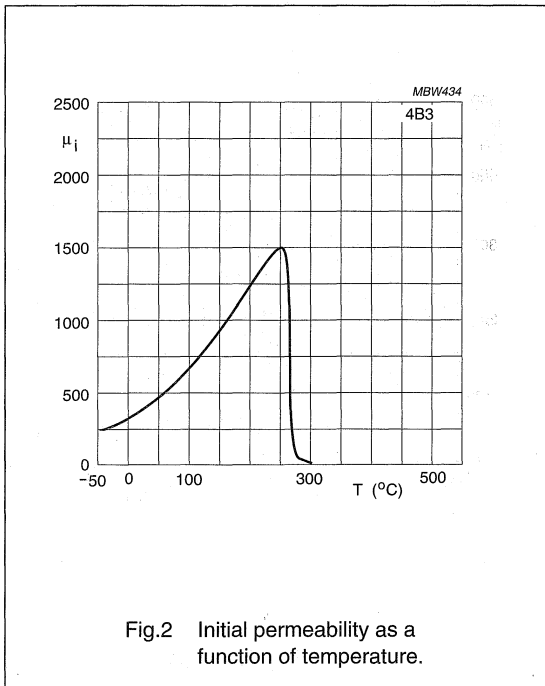
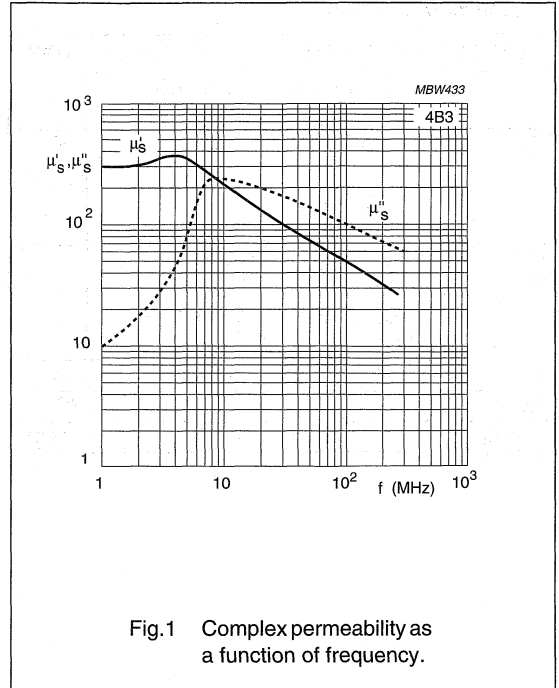


Material grade specification

4B3

4B3 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$300 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 300$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 250$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 250$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	$\text{kg/m}^3$



4C65 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$125 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 300$ $\approx 250$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 3 MHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 10 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 80 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 130 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 350$	°C
density		$\approx 4500$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

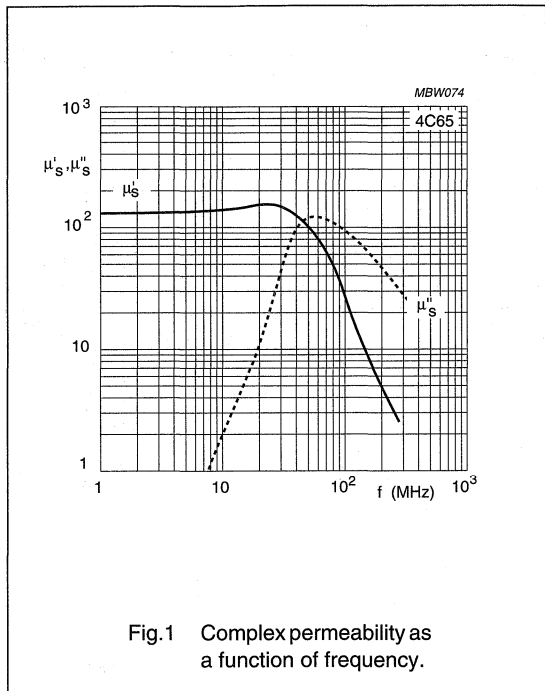


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

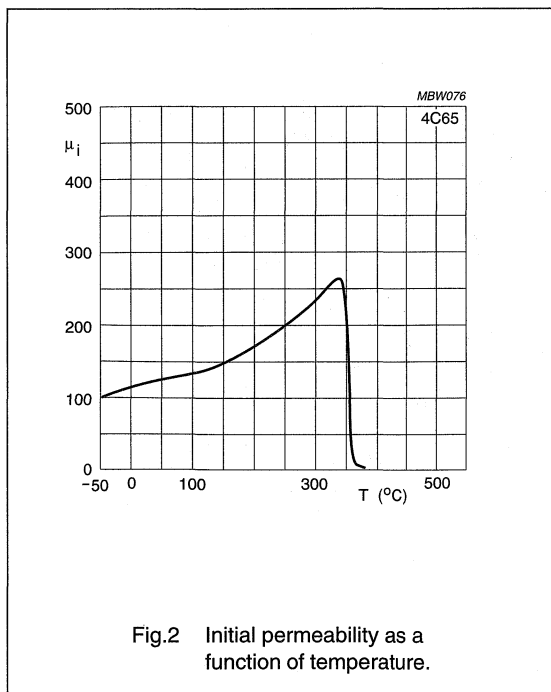


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

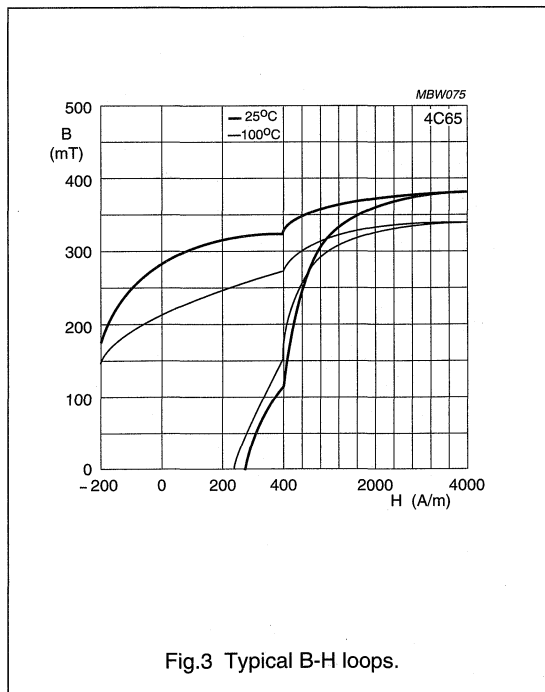


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



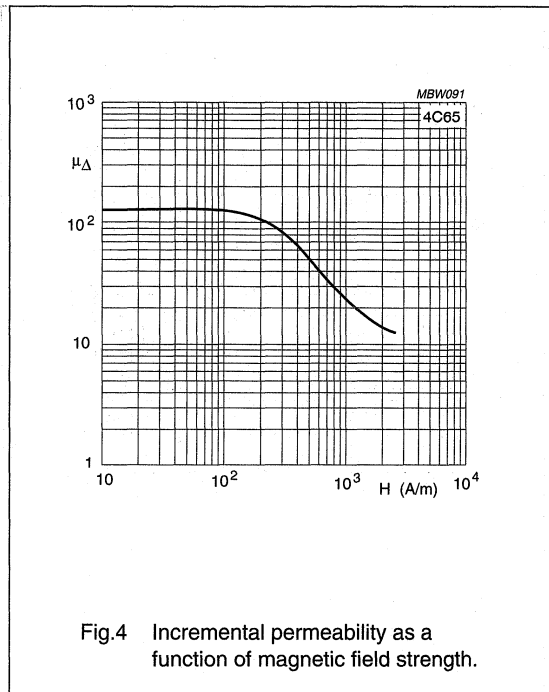


Fig.4 Incremental permeability as a function of magnetic field strength.

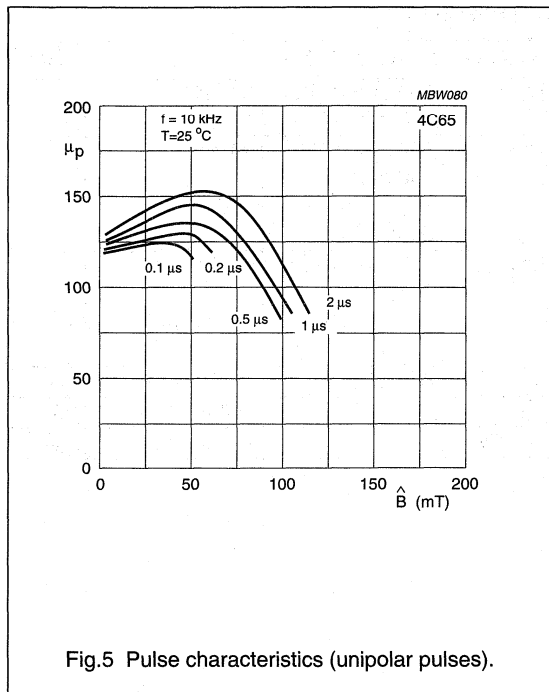


Fig.5 Pulse characteristics (unipolar pulses).

# Material grade specification

4D2

## 4D2 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$60 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 200$ $\approx 180$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 10 MHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 30 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 100 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 600 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC, 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 400$	°C
density		$\approx 4200$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

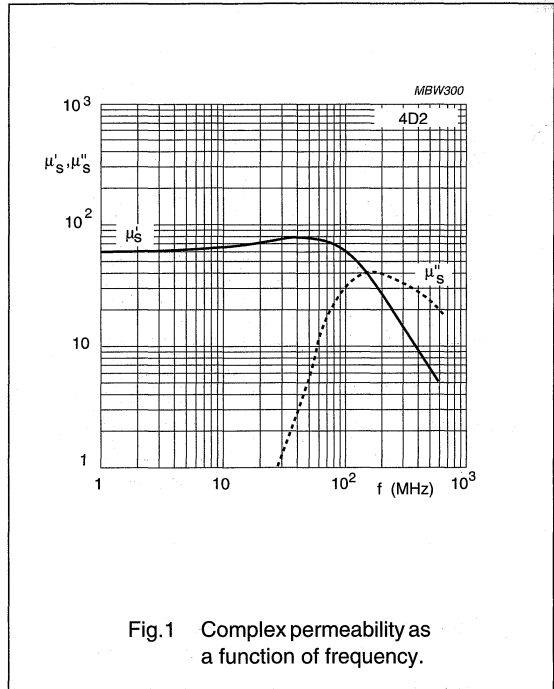


Fig. 1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

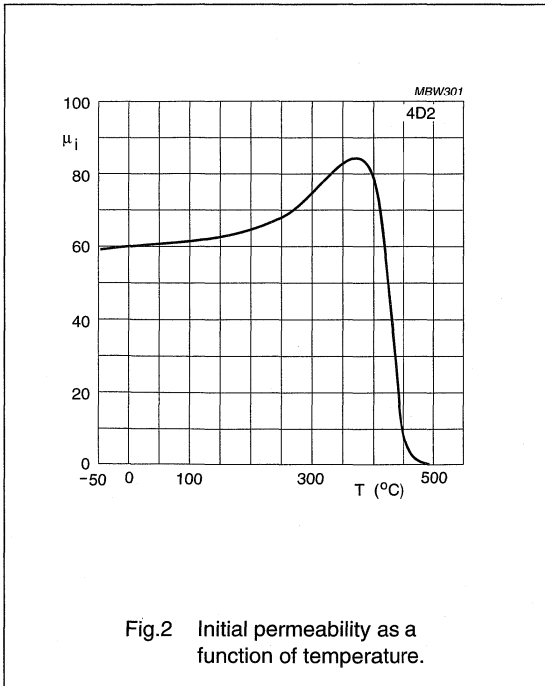


Fig. 2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

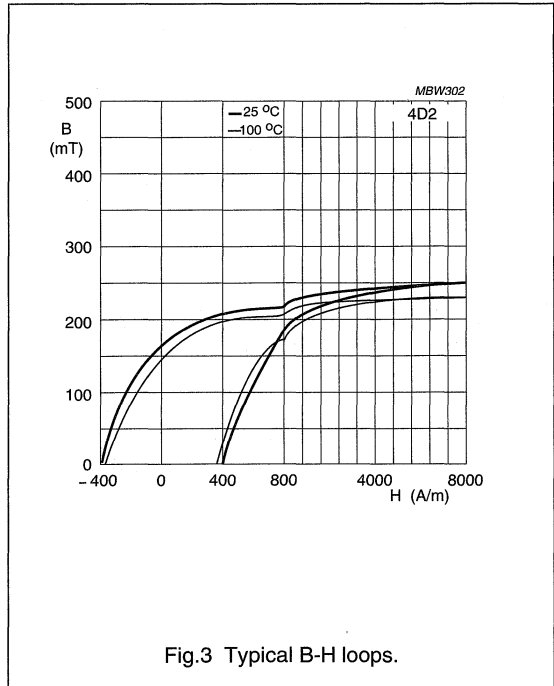


Fig. 3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

4E1

4E1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$15 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 80$ $\approx 75$	mT
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	25 °C; 10 MHz; 0.1 mT 25 °C; 30 MHz; 0.1 mT	$\leq 300 \times 10^{-6}$ $\leq 350 \times 10^{-6}$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 500$	°C
density		$\approx 3700$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

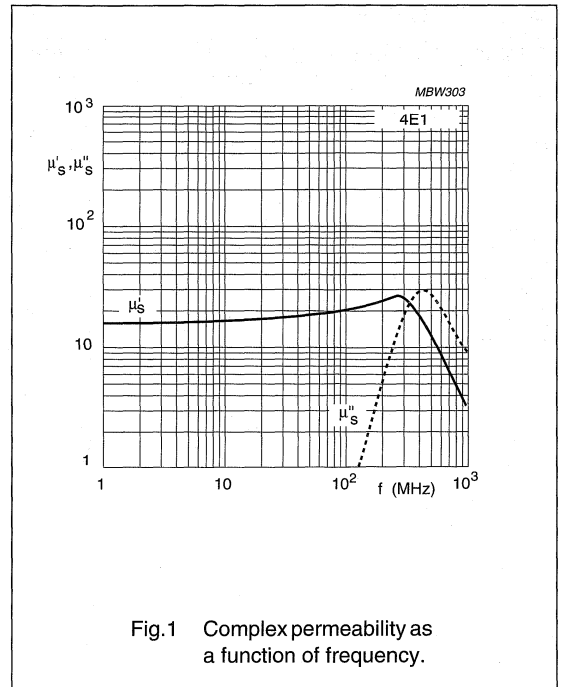


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

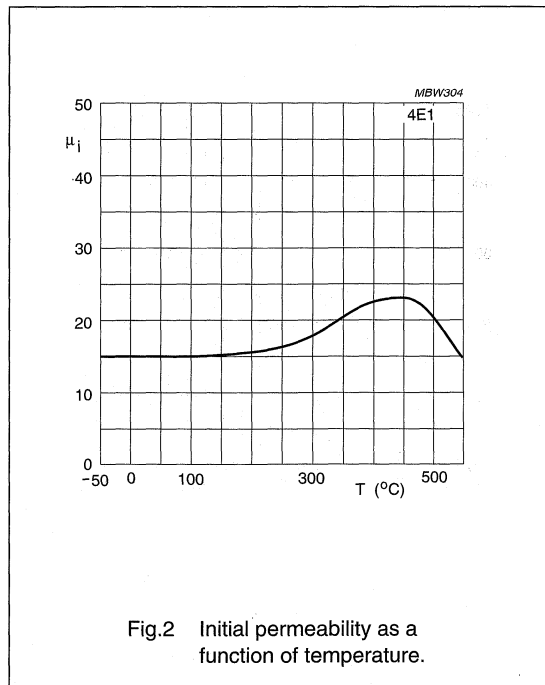


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

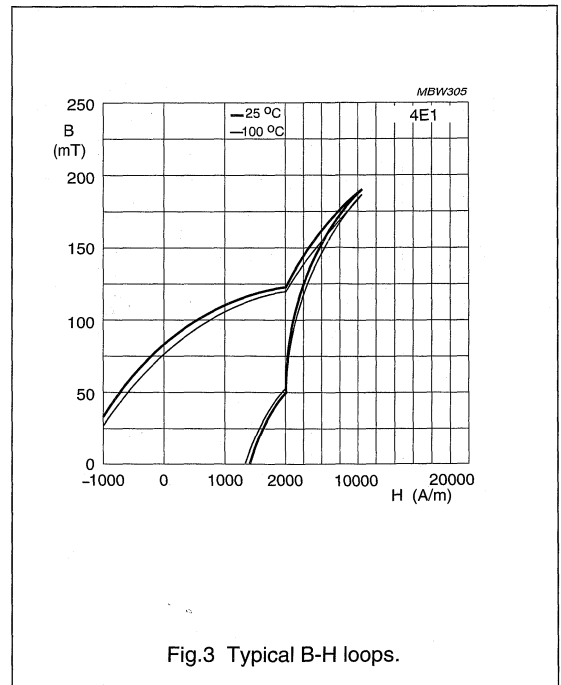


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

4E2

4E2 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$25 \pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 150$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 150$	
$\rho$	DC, 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_c$		$\geq 400$	°C
density		$\approx 4000$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

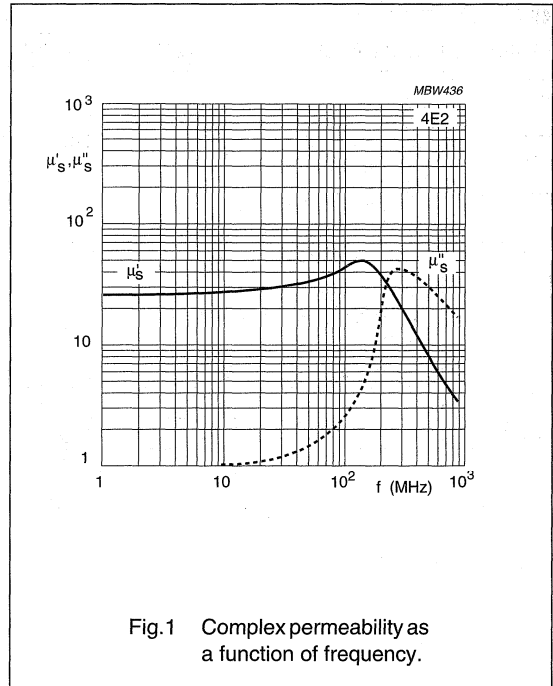


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

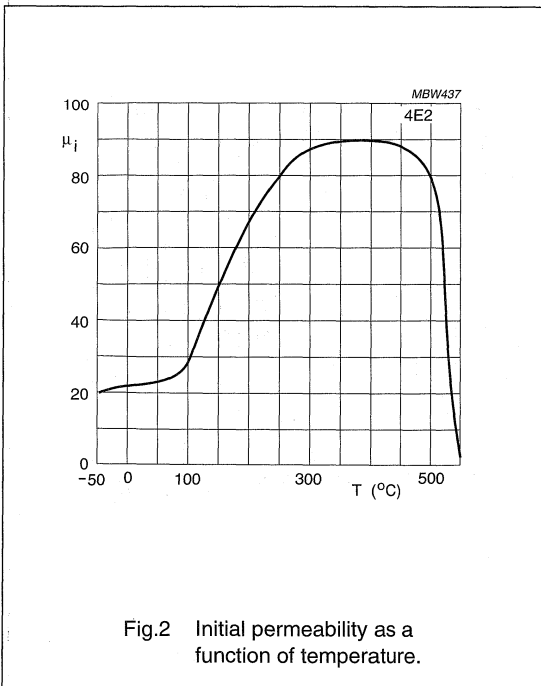


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

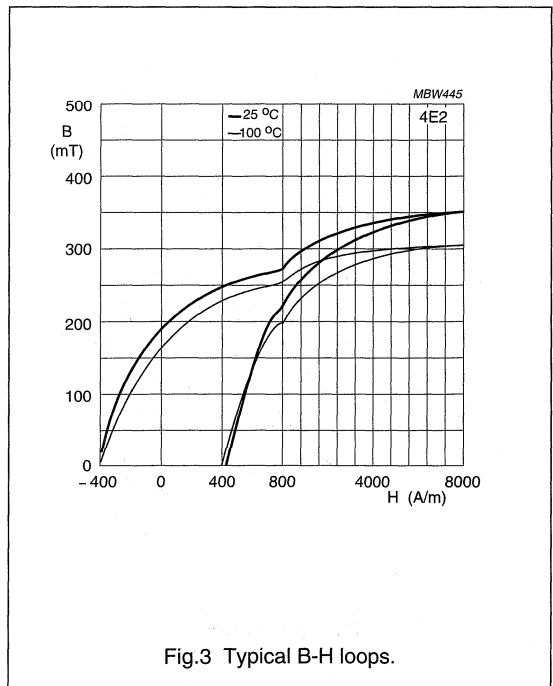


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

4F1

4F1 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 80$	
$\mu_a$	100 °C; 25 kHz; 200 mT	$\approx 300$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\geq 50$ $\geq 100$	mT
$P_v$	100 °C; 3 MHz; 10 mT 100 °C; 10 MHz; 5 mT	$\leq 200$ $\leq 200$	kW/m <sup>3</sup>
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 260$	°C
density		$\approx 4600$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

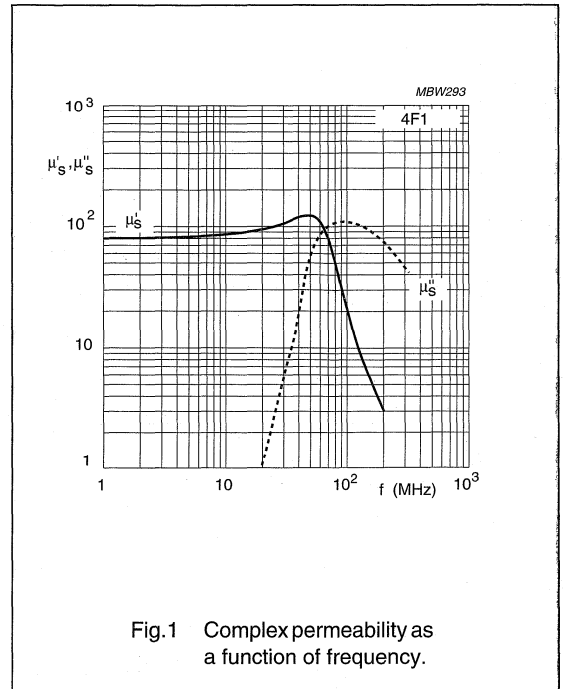


Fig. 1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

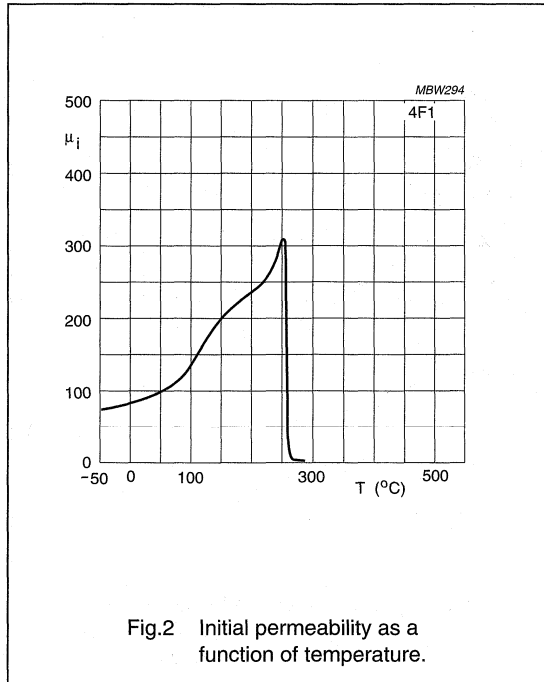


Fig. 2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

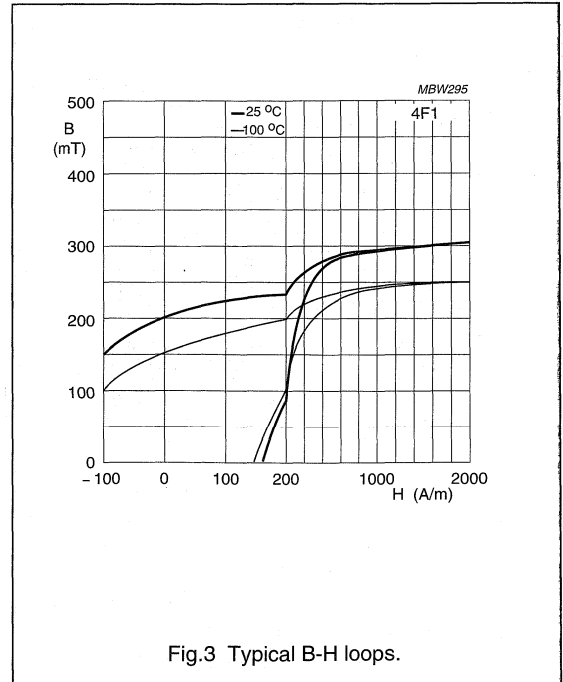
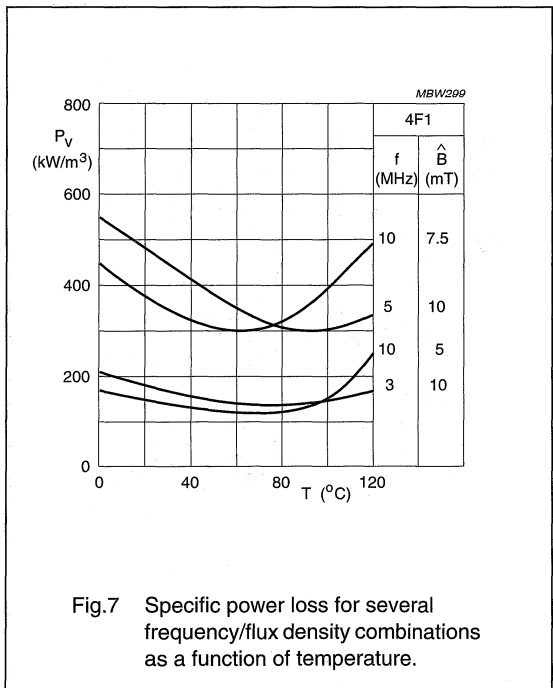
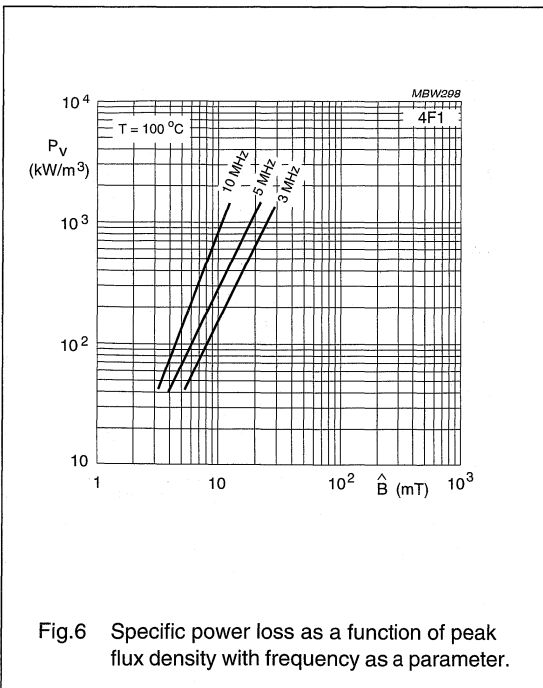
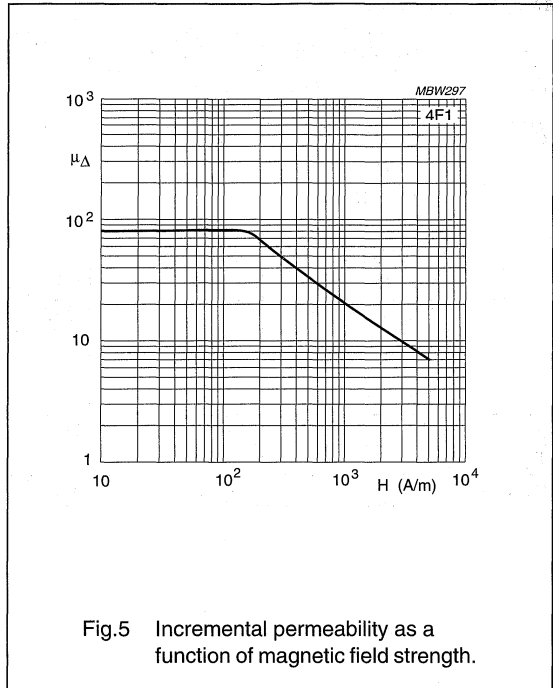
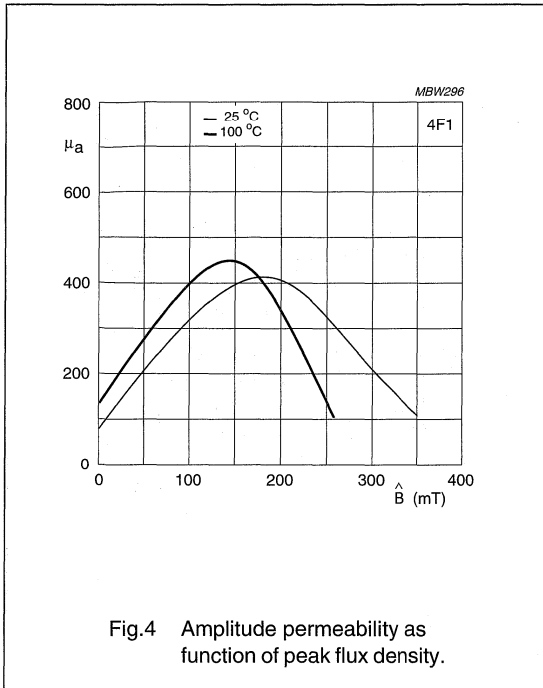


Fig. 3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

4F1



# Material grade specification

4M2

## 4M2 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	140 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 250$ $\approx 150$	mT
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 200$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

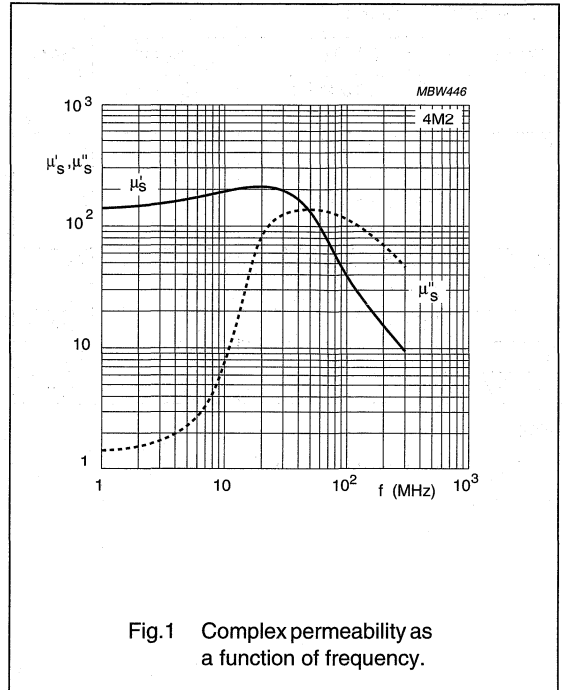


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

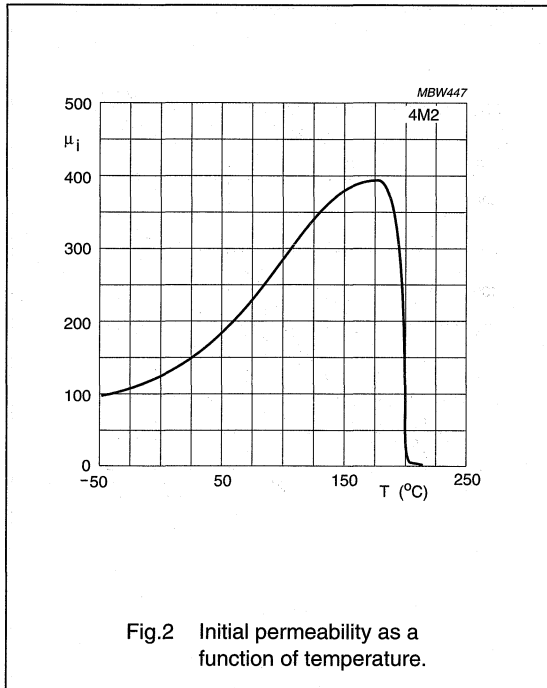


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

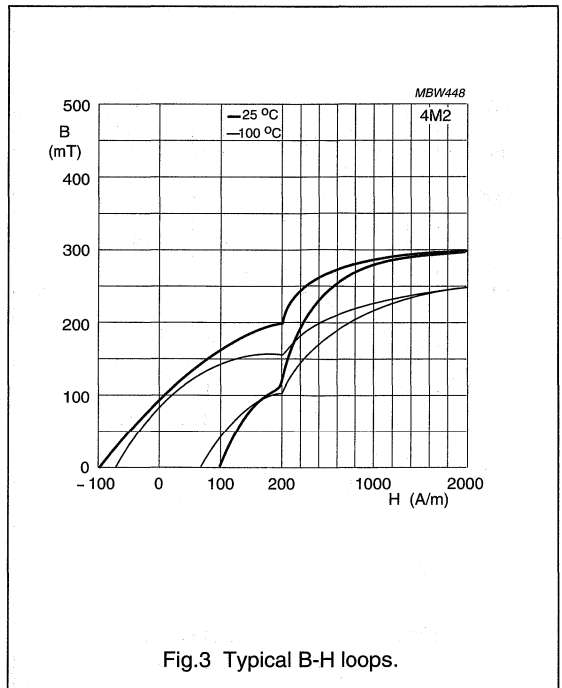


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

4S2 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 700$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 270$ $\approx 180$	mT
$ Z ^{(1)}$	25 °C; 30 MHz 25 °C; 300 MHz	$\geq 50$ $\geq 90$	$\Omega$
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

Note

1. Measured on a bead  $\varnothing 5 \times \varnothing 2 \times 10$  mm.

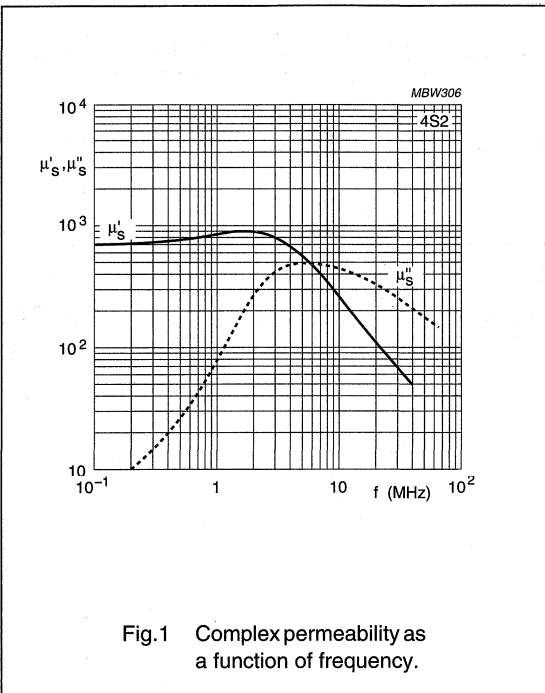


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

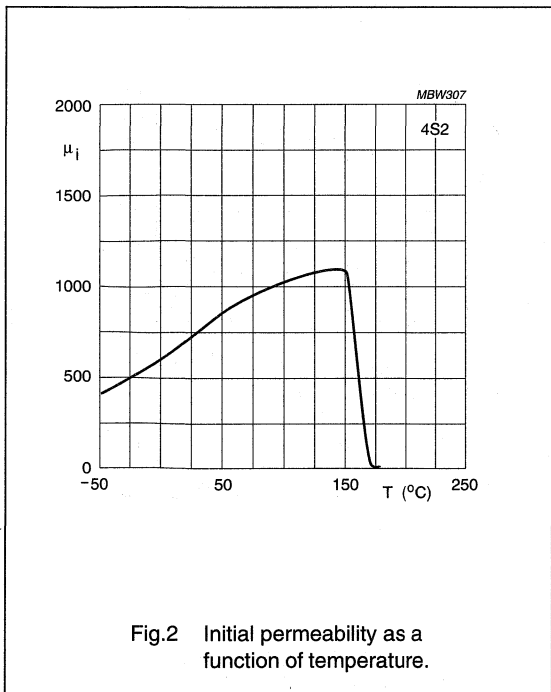


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

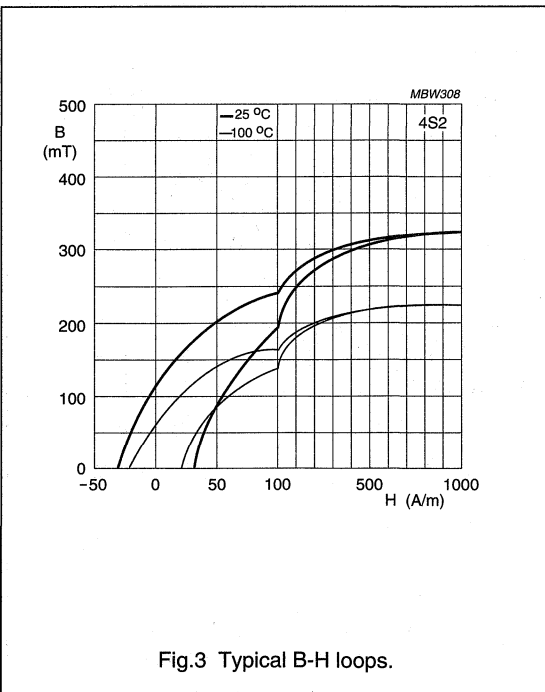


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.



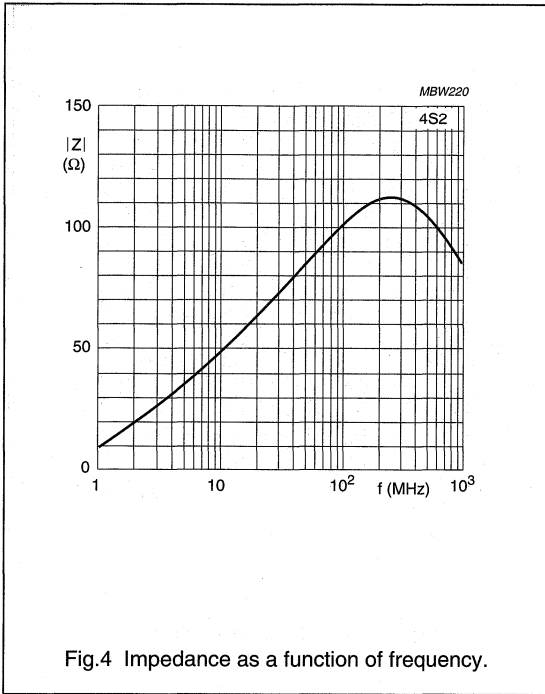


Fig.4 Impedance as a function of frequency.

# Material grade specification

4S4

## 4S4 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 250$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 200$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 130$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 130$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

**Remark:** This material is used for multilayer suppressors only.

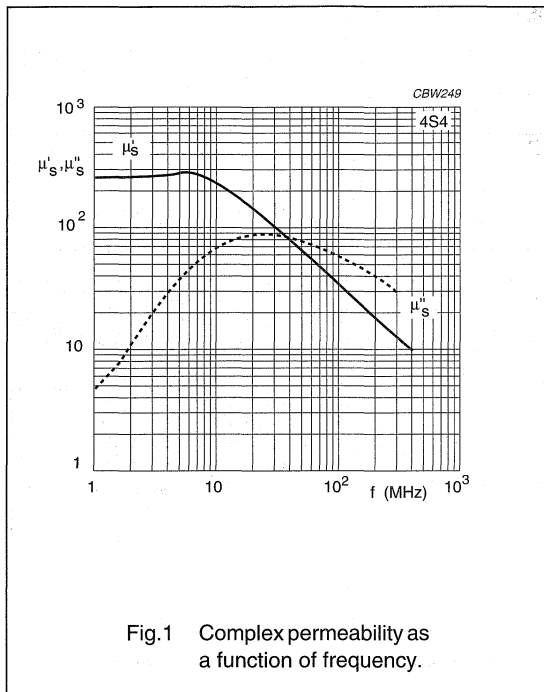


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

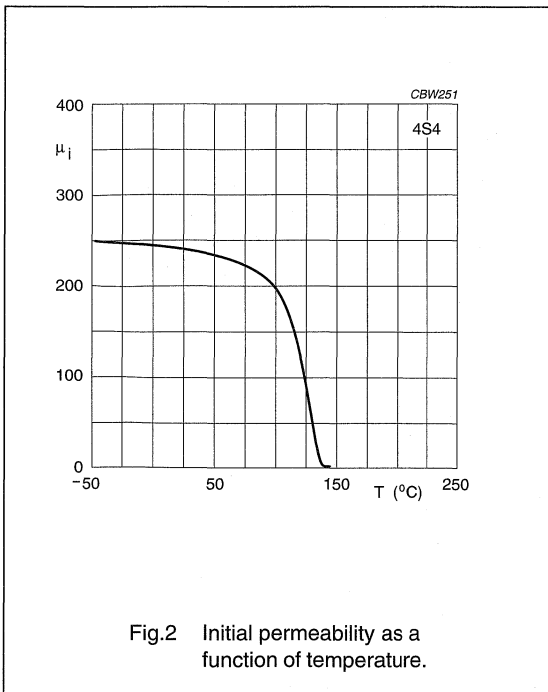


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

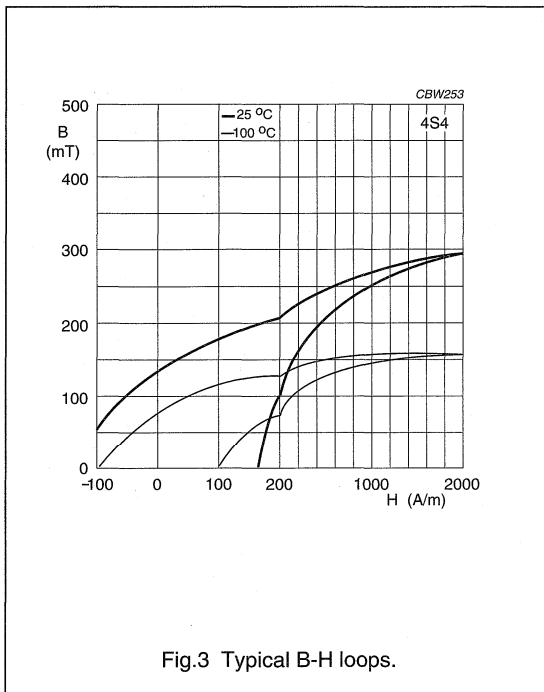


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

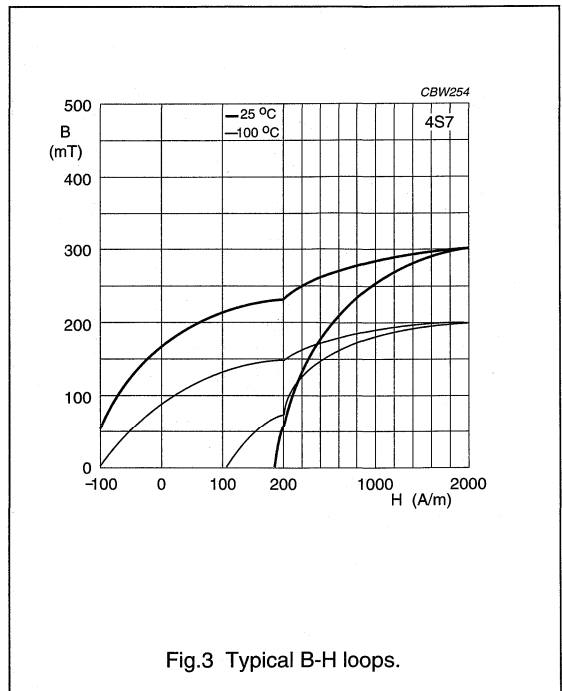
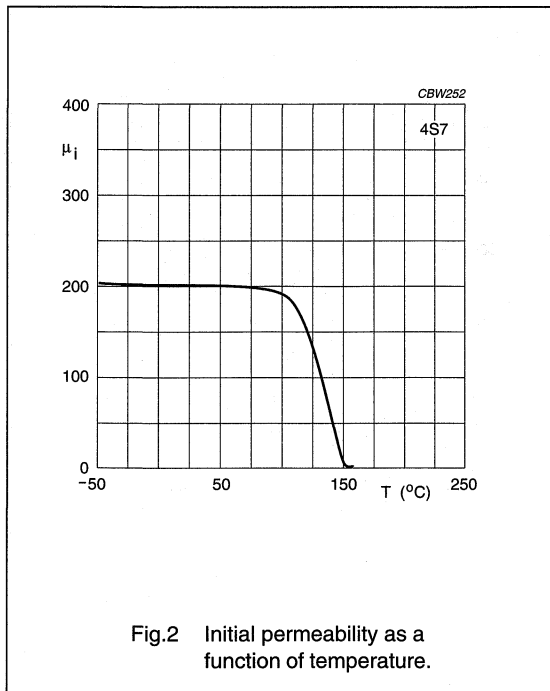
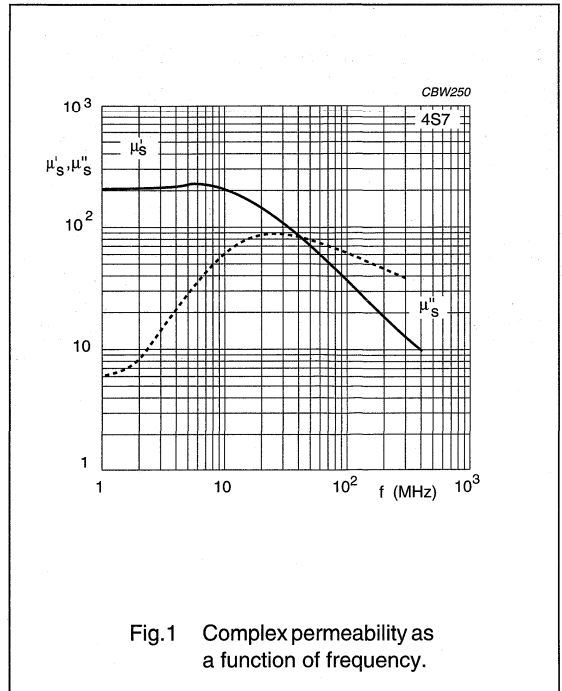
# Material grade specification

4S7

## 4S7 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	$\approx 200$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 200$	mT
	100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 120$	
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 140$	°C
density		$\approx 5000$	$\text{kg/m}^3$

**Remark:** This material is used for multilayer suppressors only.



Material grade specification

8C11

8C11 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	1200 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 300$ $\approx 200$	mT
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_c$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 5100$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

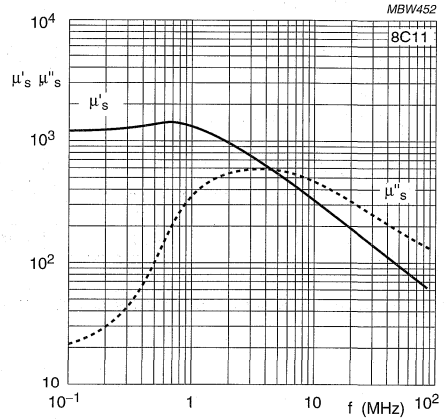


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

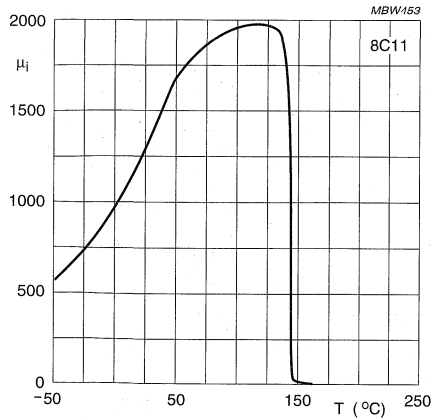


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

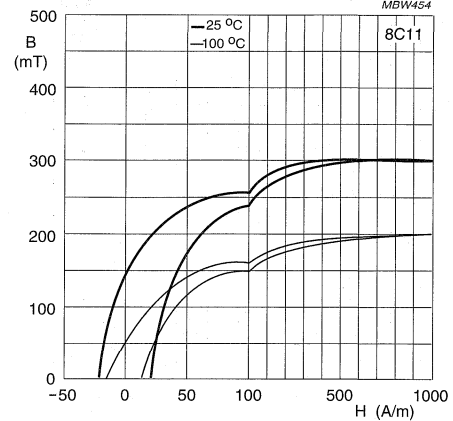


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.

Material grade specification

8C12

8C12 SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$\mu_i$	25 °C; $\leq 10$ kHz; 0.1 mT	900 $\pm 20\%$	
B	25 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m 100 °C; 10 kHz; 250 A/m	$\approx 230$ $\approx 150$	mT
$\rho$	DC; 25 °C	$\approx 10^5$	$\Omega\text{m}$
$T_C$		$\geq 125$	°C
density		$\approx 5100$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

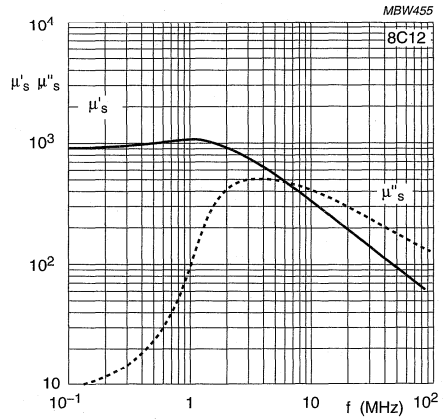


Fig.1 Complex permeability as a function of frequency.

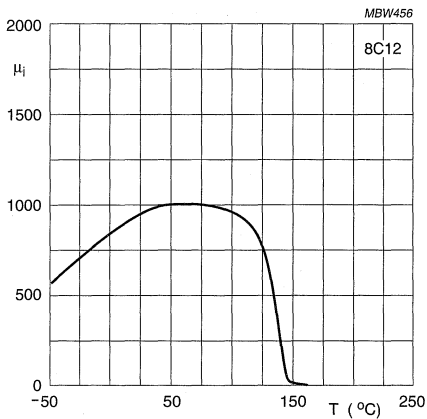


Fig.2 Initial permeability as a function of temperature.

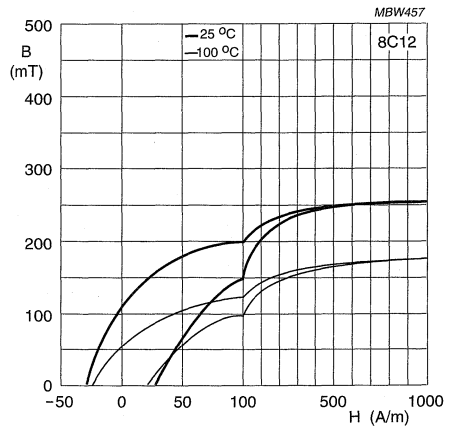
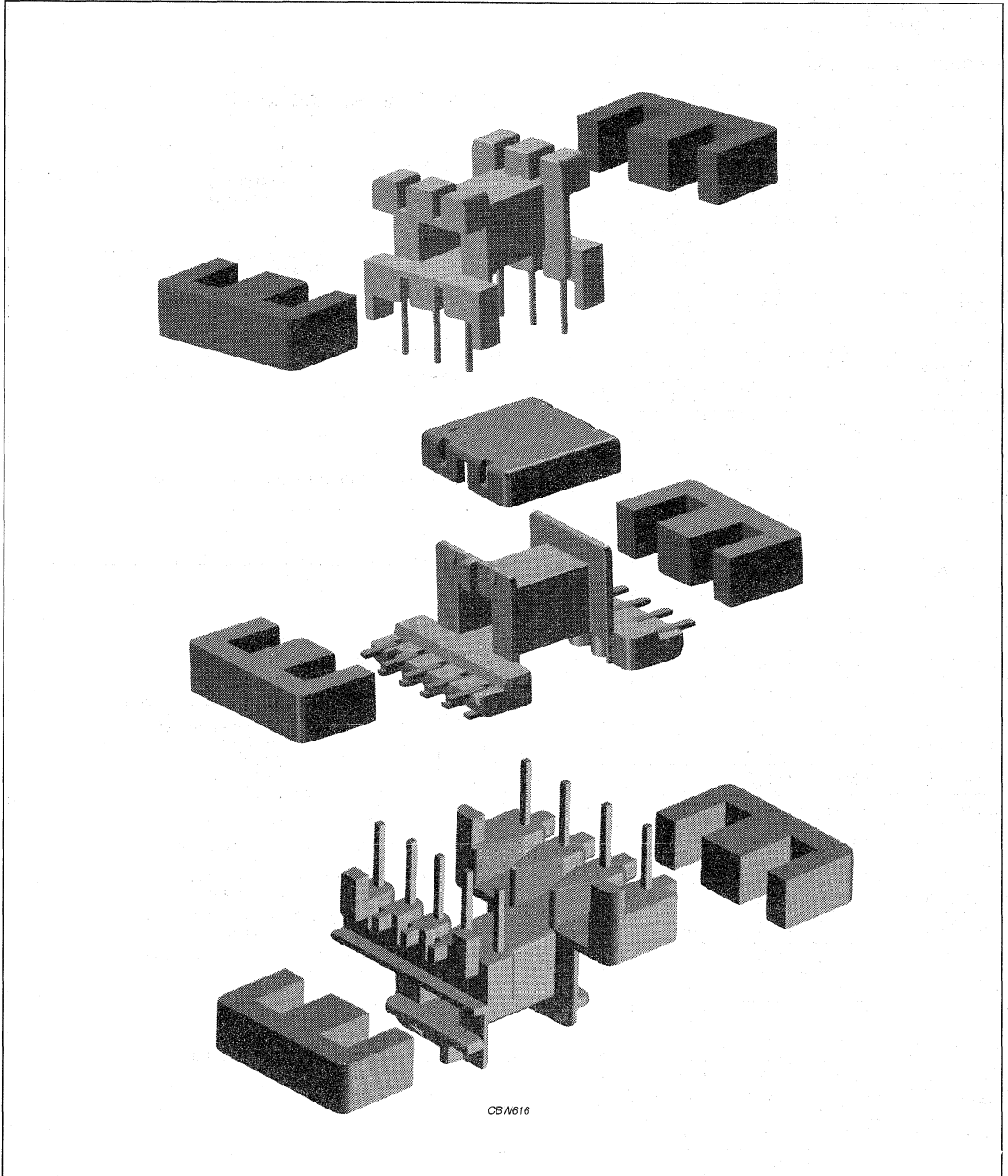


Fig.3 Typical B-H loops.





CBW616

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

# Soft Ferrites

# E cores and accessories

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

### Product overview E cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
E5.3/2.7/2	31.4	2.50	0.08
E6.3/2.9/2	40.6	3.30	0.12
E8.8/4.1/2	78.0	5.00	0.25
E13/6/3	281	10.1	0.7
E13/6/6	559	20.2	1.4
E13/7/4	369	12.4	0.9
E16/8/5	750	20.1	2.0
E16/12/5	1070	19.4	2.6
E19/8/5	900	22.6	2.3
E19/8/9	1650	41.3	4.0
E20/10/5	1340	31.2	4.0
E20/10/6	1490	32.0	3.7
E20/14/5	1513	24.4	4.2
E22/16/10	5143	86.0	14
E25/9/6	1860	38.4	4.8
E25/10/6	1930	37.0	4.8
E25/13/7	2990	52.0	8.0
E25/13/11	4500	78.4	11
E30/15/7	4000	60.0	11
E31/13/9	5150	83.2	13
E32/16/9	6180	83.0	16
E34/14/9	5590	80.7	14
E35/18/10	8070	100	15
E36/21/12	12160	126	31
E41/17/12	11500	149	30
E42/21/15	17300	178	44
E42/21/20	22700	233	56
E42/33/20	34200	236	82
E47/20/16	20800	234	53
E50/27/15	26900	225	68
E55/28/21	44000	353	108
E55/28/25	52000	420	130
E56/24/19	36000	337	90
E65/32/27	79000	540	205
E71/33/32	102000	683	260
E80/38/20	72300	392	180

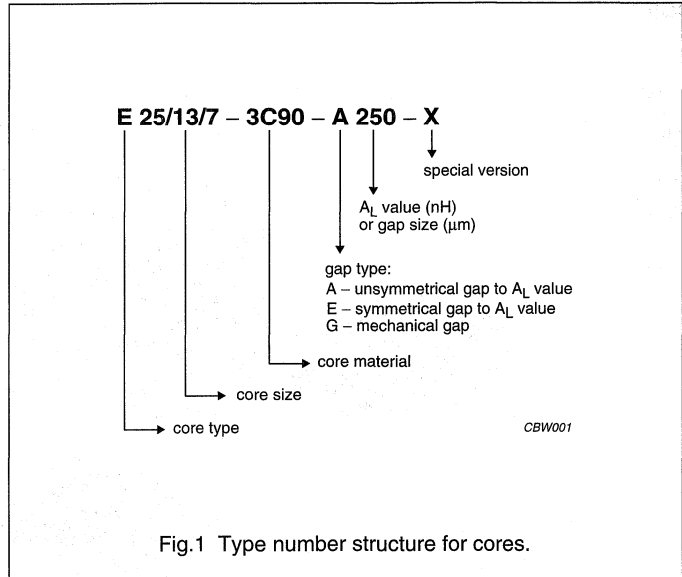


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

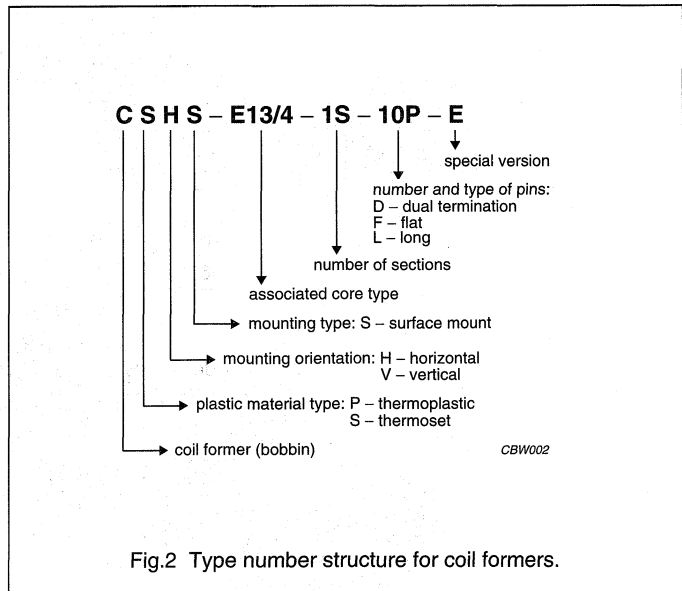


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.



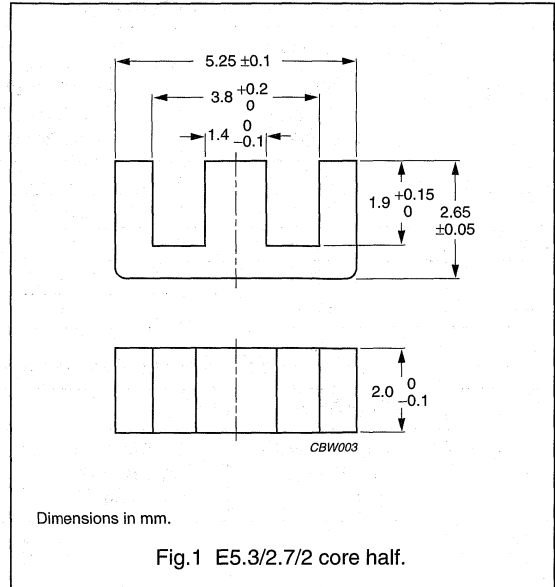
## E cores and accessories

## E5.3/2.7/2

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	4.70	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	33.3	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	12.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	2.66	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	2.63	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈0.08	g



## Core halves for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $5 \pm 2$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 2px;">des</span>	300 $\pm 25\%$	≈1120	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3C94
3C96 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 2px;">prot</span>	275 $\pm 25\%$	≈1030	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3C96
3F3	265 $\pm 25\%$	≈990	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3F3
3F35 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 2px;">prot</span>	225 $\pm 25\%$	≈840	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3F35
3F4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 2px;">des</span>	165 $\pm 25\%$	≈615	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3F4

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $5 \pm 2$  N, flux density  $\hat{B} \leq 0.1$  mT.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3E5	1400 +40/-30%	≈5240	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3E5
3E6	1600 +40/-30%	≈5980	≈0	E5.3/2.7/2-3E6

## E cores and accessories

## E5.3/2.7/2

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	≥320	≤0.003	≈0.015	≈0.007
3C96	≥320	≤0.002	≈0.011	≈0.005
3F3	≥300	≤0.005	–	≤0.008
3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.004
3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; B̂ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.006	≈0.04	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.006	≤0.010

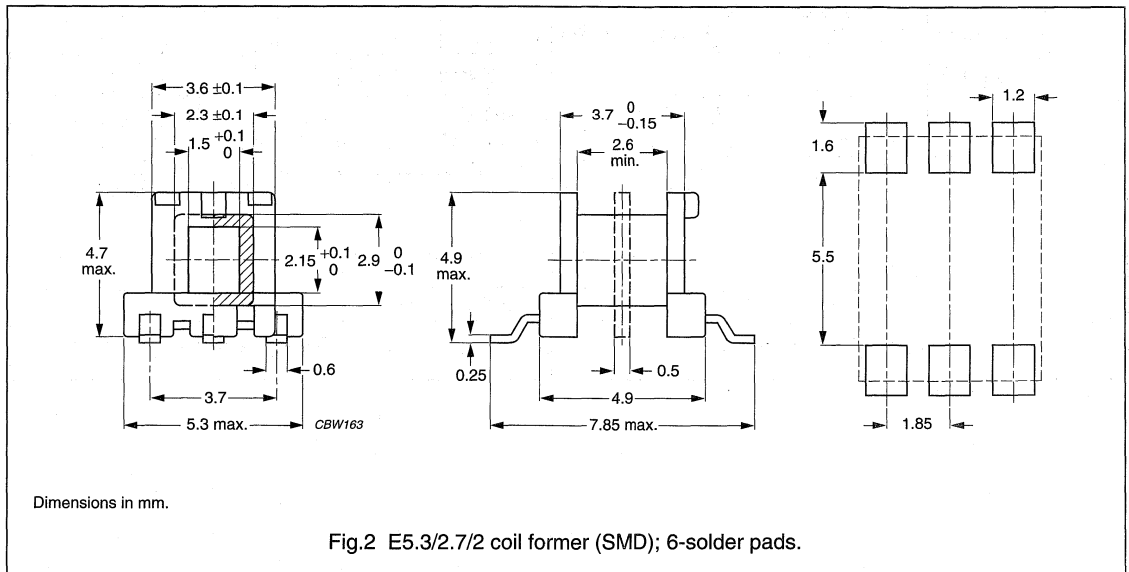
E cores and accessories

E5.3/2.7/2

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for E5.3/2.7/2 coil former (SMD) with 6 solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	1.5	2.6	12.6	CPHS-E5.3/2-1S-4P
1	1.5	2.6	12.6	CPHS-E5.3/2-1S-6P
2	2 × 0.6	2 × 1.0	12.6	CPHS-E5.3/2-2S-6P

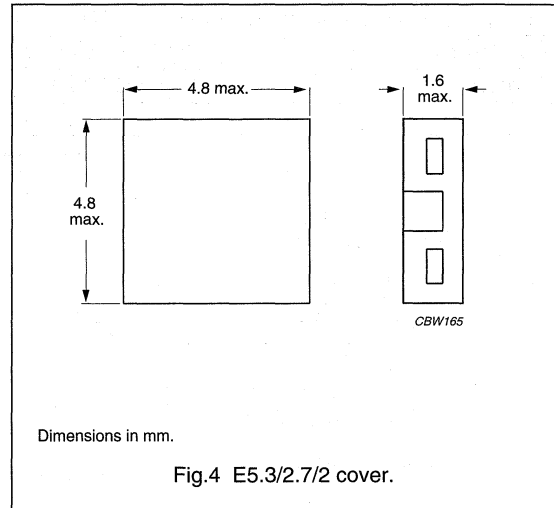
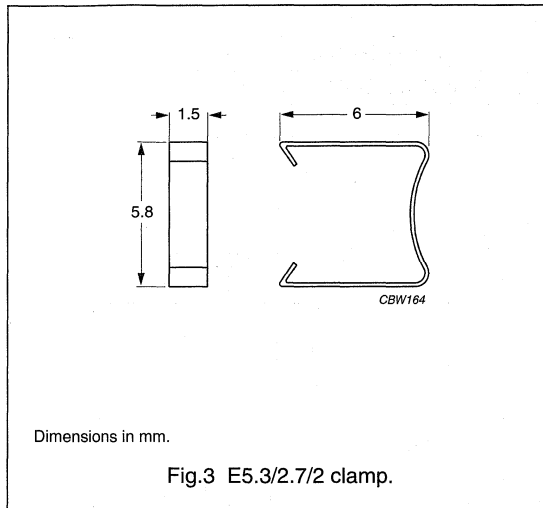
E cores and accessories

E5.3/2.7/2

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data for mounting parts**

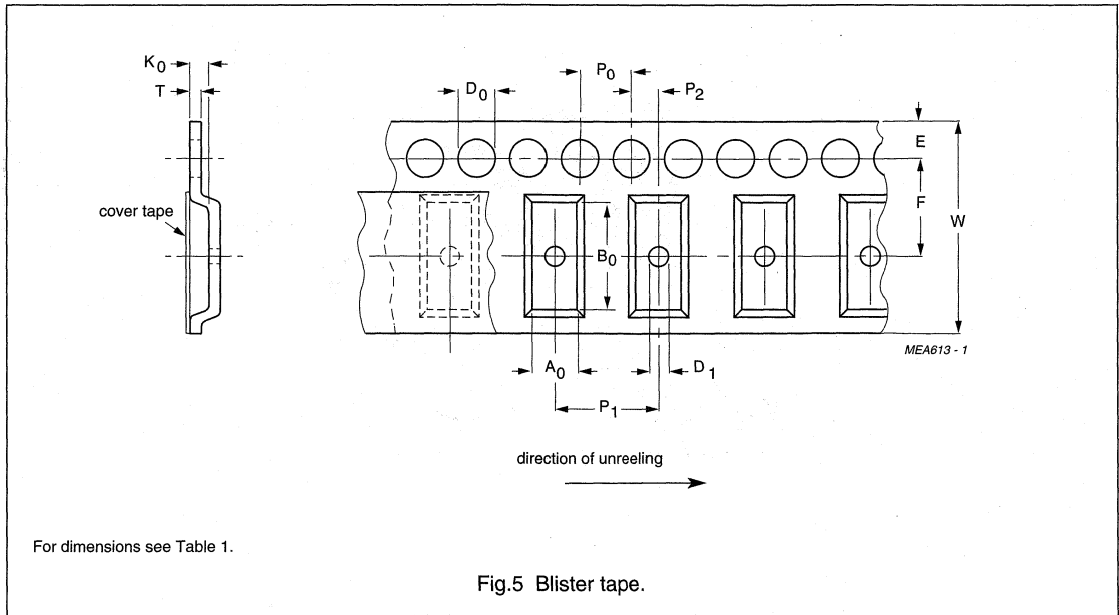
ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force ≈5 N	3	CLM-E5.3/2
Cover	liquid crystal polymer (LCP)	4	COV-E5.3/2



E cores and accessories

E5.3/2.7/2

**BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS**

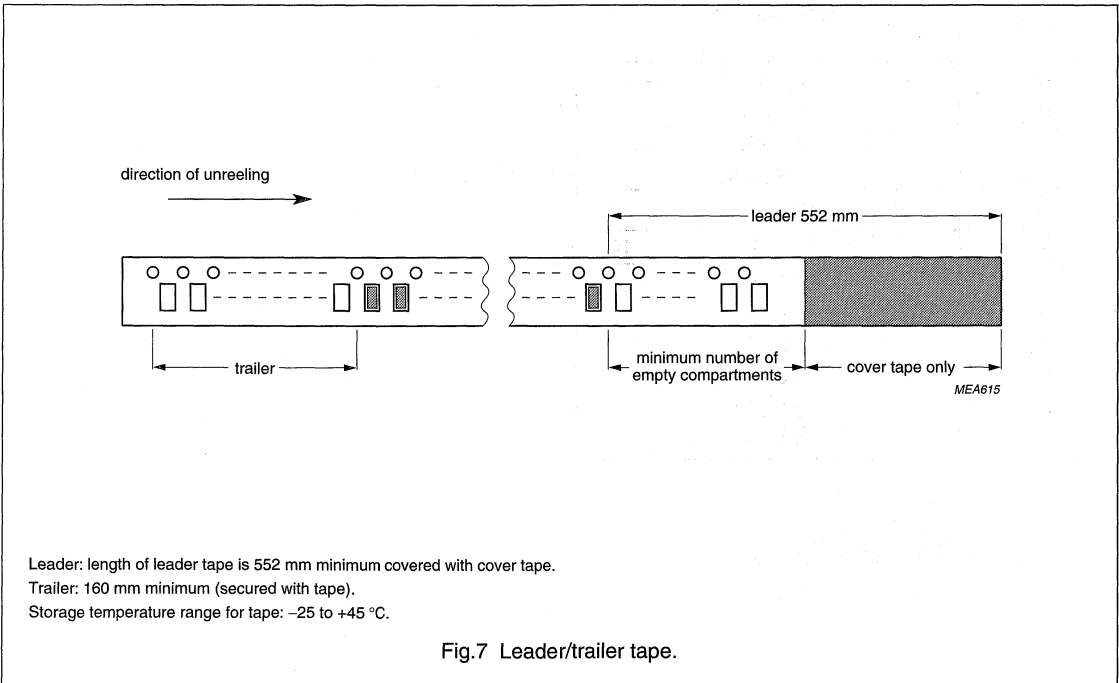
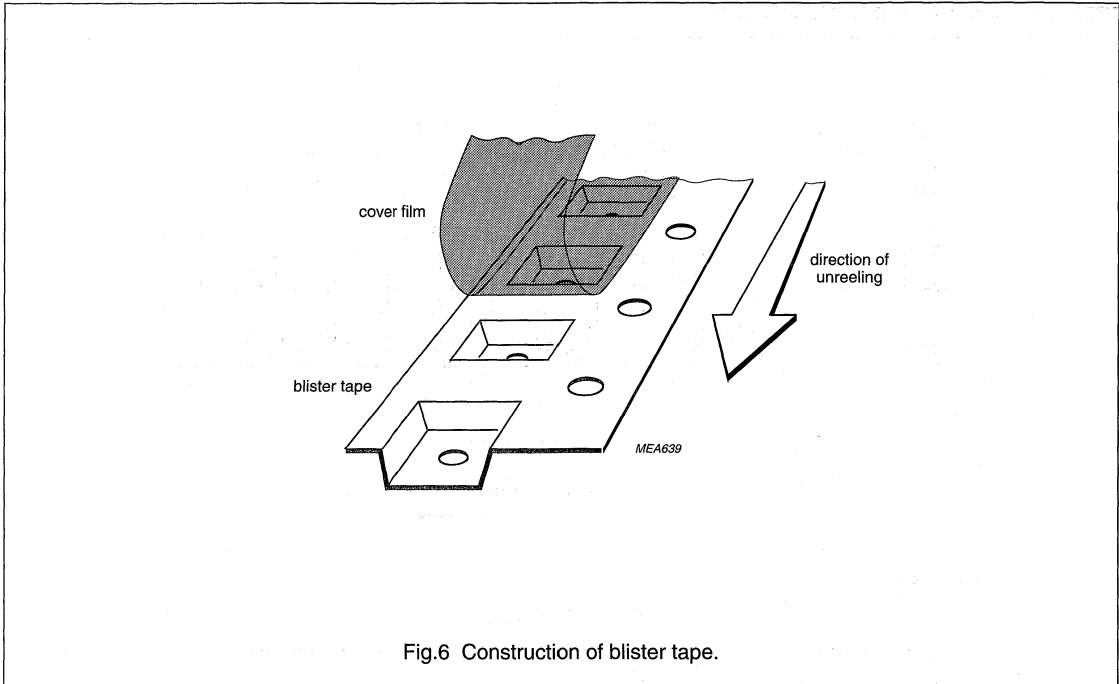


**Table 1** Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.5

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)
$A_0$	$3.0 \pm 0.1$
$B_0$	$5.7 \pm 0.1$
$K_0$	$2.2 \pm 0.1$
$T$	$0.25 \pm 0.05$
$W$	$12.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$
$F$	$5.5 \pm 0.05$
$D_0$	$1.5 + 0.1$
$D_1$	$\geq 1.5$
$P_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$

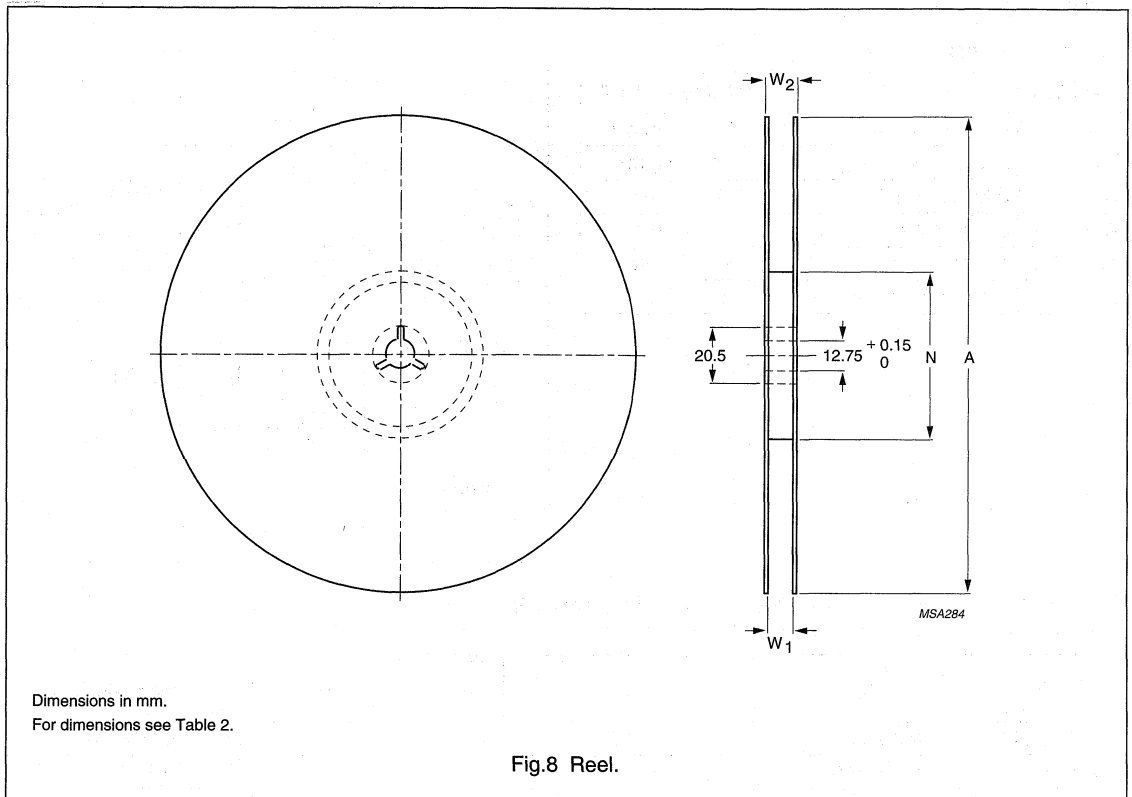
E cores and accessories

E5.3/2.7/2



E cores and accessories

E5.3/2.7/2



**Table 2** Reel dimensions; see Fig.8

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
12	330	100 ±5	12.4	≤16.4

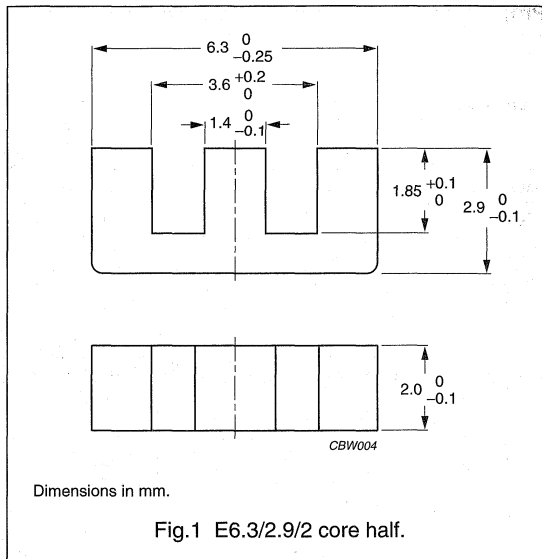
## E cores and accessories

E6.3/2.9/2

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.67	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	40.6	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	12.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	3.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	2.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈0.12	g



## Core halves for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $5 \pm 2$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <b>des</b>	$400 \pm 25\%$	≈1170	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	$380 \pm 25\%$	≈1110	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3C96
3F3	$360 \pm 25\%$	≈1050	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	$300 \pm 25\%$	≈875	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	$225 \pm 25\%$	≈660	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3F4

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $5 \pm 2$  N, flux density  $\hat{B} \leq 0.1$  mT

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <b>sup</b>	$700 \pm 25\%$	≈2060	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3E1
3E5	$1700 +40/-30\%$	≈5000	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3E5
3E6	$2100 +40/-30\%$	≈6180	≈0	E6.3/2.9/2-3E6



## E cores and accessories

E6.3/2.9/2

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	≥320	≤0.004	≈0.017	≈0.008
3C96	≥320	≈0.003	≈0.012	≈0.006
3F3	≥300	≤0.007	–	≤0.010
3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.004
3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.007	≈0.05	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.008	≤0.013

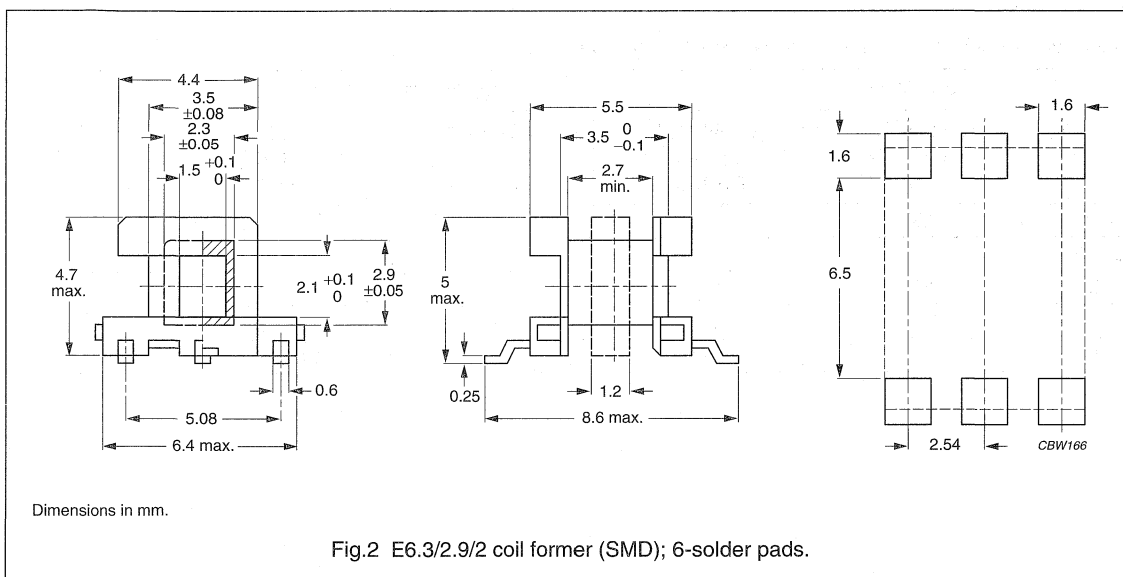
## E cores and accessories

## E6.3/2.9/2

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for E6.3/2.9/2 coil former (SMD) with 6 solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	1.62	2.7	12.8	CPHS-E6.3/2-1S-4P
1	1.62	2.7	12.8	CPHS-E6.3/2-1S-6P
2	2 × 0.45	2 × 0.75	12.8	CPHS-E6.3/2-2S-6P

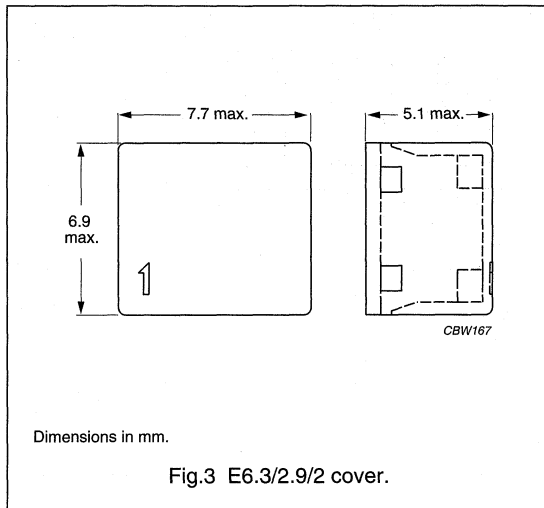
E cores and accessories

E6.3/2.9/2

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data for mounting parts**

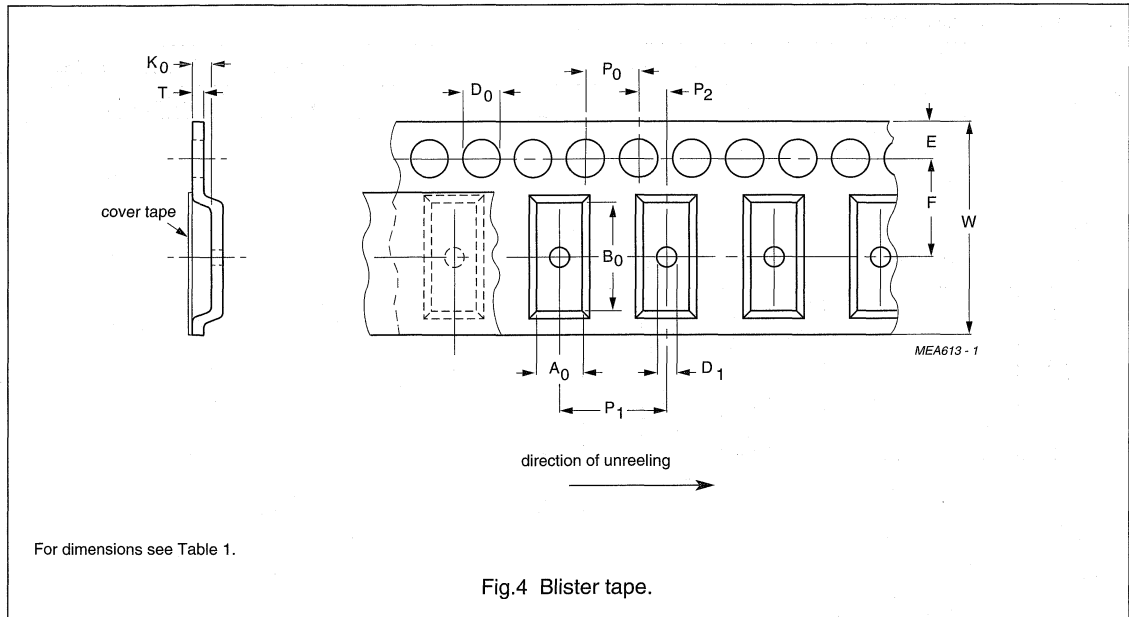
ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Cover	liquid crystal polymer (LCP)	3	COV-E6.3/2



E cores and accessories

E6.3/2.9/2

**BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS**

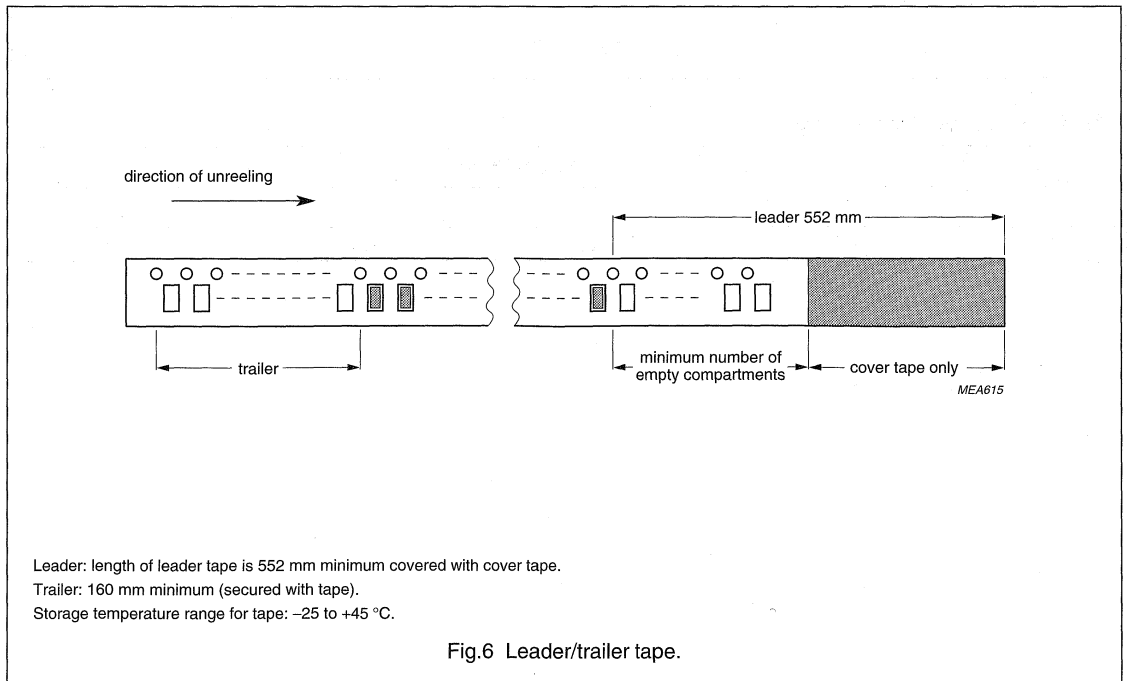
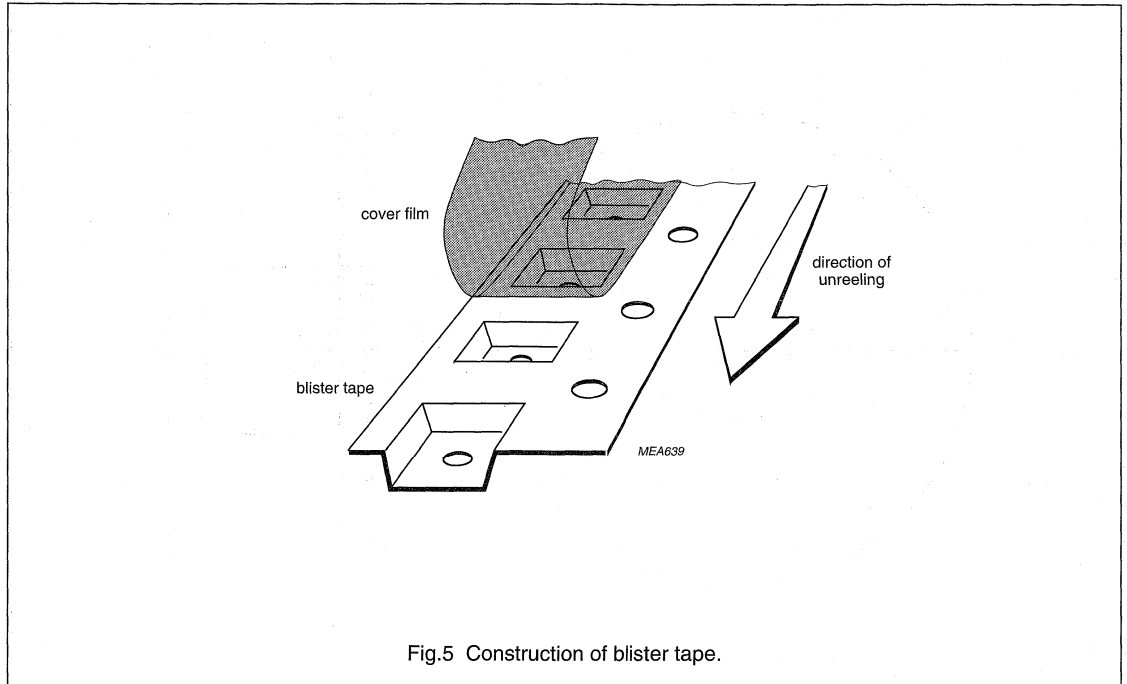


**Table 1** Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.4

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)
$A_0$	$3.2 \pm 0.1$
$B_0$	$6.6 \pm 0.1$
$K_0$	$2.1 \pm 0.1$
$T$	$0.25 \pm 0.05$
$W$	$12.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$
$F$	$5.5 \pm 0.05$
$D_0$	$1.5 + 0.1$
$D_1$	$\geq 1.5$
$P_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$

E cores and accessories

E6.3/2.9/2



## E cores and accessories

E6.3/2.9/2

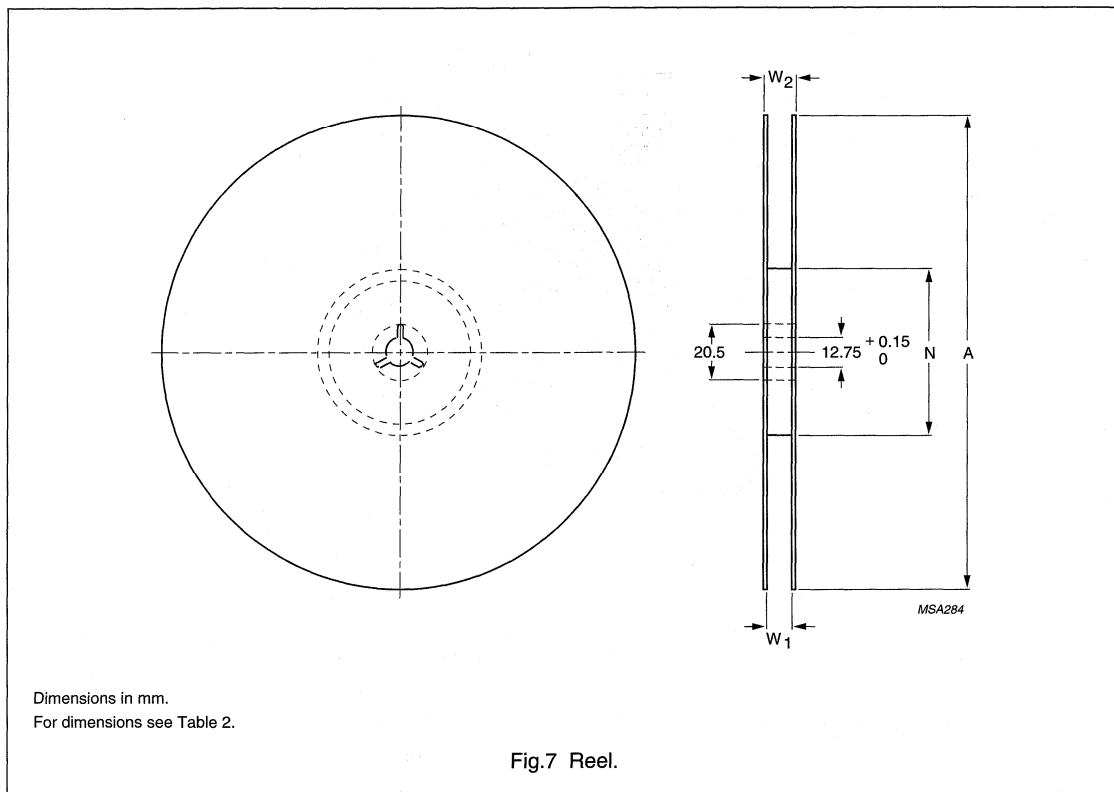


Table 2 Reel dimensions; see Fig.7

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
12	330	100 ±5	12.4	≤16.4

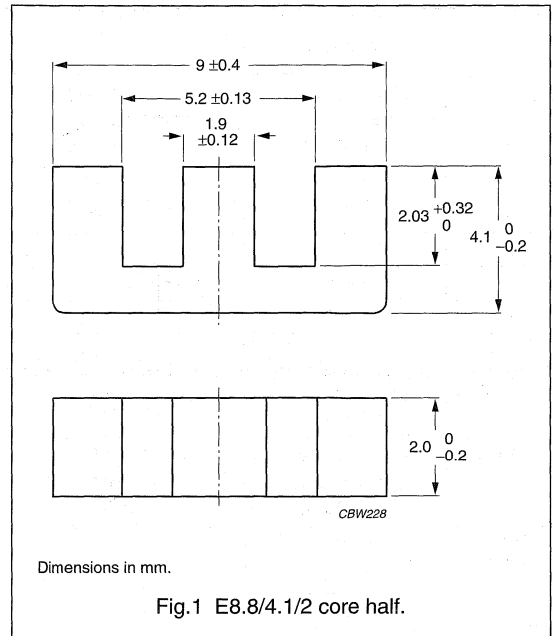
## E cores and accessories

E8.8/4.1/2

## CORE SETS






## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.13	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	78	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	15.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	5.0	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	3.6	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	$\approx 0.25$	g




## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $5 \pm 2$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 	$530 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1310$	$\approx 0$	E8.8/4.1/2-3C94
3C96 	$480 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1190$	$\approx 0$	E8.8/4.1/2-3C96
3F3 	$460 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1140$	$\approx 0$	E8.8/4.1/2-3F3
3F35 	$380 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 940$	$\approx 0$	E8.8/4.1/2-3F35
3F4 	$280 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 695$	$\approx 0$	E8.8/4.1/2-3F4

## Core halves of high permeability grades

$A_L$  measured in combination with an non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $15 \pm 5$  N, flux density  $\hat{B} \leq 0.1$  mT.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E6 	$2500 +40/-30\%$	$\approx 6210$	$\approx 0$	E8.8/4.1/2-3E6

## E cores and accessories

E8.8/4.1/2

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	≥320	≤0.007	≈0.035	≈0.016
3C96	≥320	≈0.005	≈0.025	≈0.012
3F3	≥300	≤0.01	–	≤0.014
3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.008
3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 500 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.012	≈0.095	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.016	≤0.025



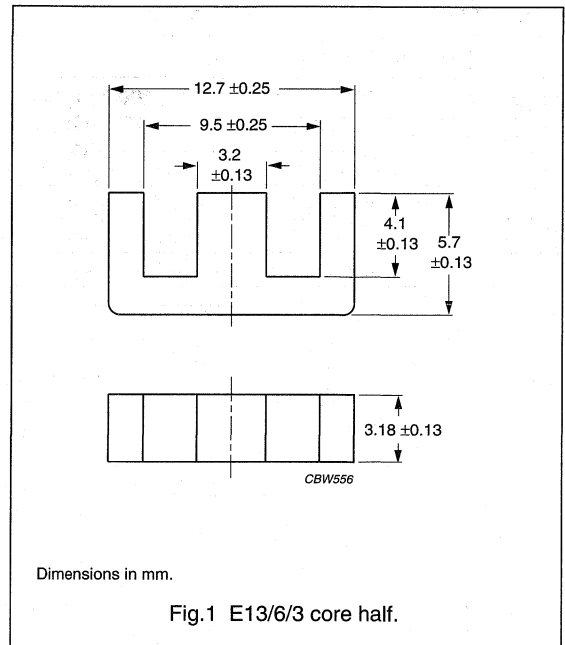
## E cores and accessories

E13/6/3

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.74	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	281	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	27.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	10.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	10.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈0.7	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $8 \pm 4$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	730 $\pm 25\%$	≈1590	≈0	E13/6/3-3C90

## Core halves of high permeability grades

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $8 \pm 4$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	1300 $\pm 25\%$	≈2830	≈0	E13/6/3-3E27

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.03	≤0.03

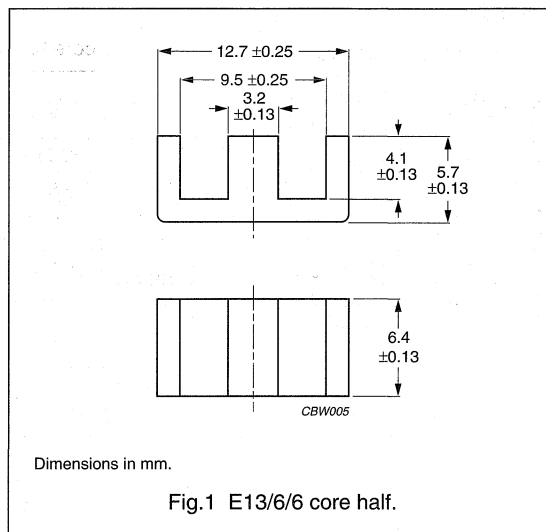
## E cores and accessories

E13/6/6  
(814E250)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.37	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	559	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	27.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	20.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈1.4	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $15 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	63 ± 3%	≈70	≈520	E13/6/6-3C81-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈110	≈300	E13/6/6-3C81-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈175	≈170	E13/6/6-3C81-A160
	250 ± 5%	≈275	≈100	E13/6/6-3C81-A250
	315 ± 10%	≈340	≈75	E13/6/6-3C81-A315
	1950 ± 25%	≈2130	≈0	E13/6/6-3C81
3C90	63 ± 3%	≈70	≈520	E13/6/6-3C90-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈110	≈300	E13/6/6-3C90-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈175	≈170	E13/6/6-3C90-A160
	250 ± 5%	≈275	≈100	E13/6/6-3C90-A250
	315 ± 10%	≈340	≈75	E13/6/6-3C90-A315
	1470 ± 25%	≈1605	≈0	E13/6/6-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	1470 ± 25%	≈1605	≈0	E13/6/6-3C94
3F3	63 ± 3%	≈70	≈520	E13/6/6-3F3-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈110	≈300	E13/6/6-3F3-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈175	≈170	E13/6/6-3F3-A160
	250 ± 5%	≈275	≈100	E13/6/6-3F3-A250
	315 ± 10%	≈340	≈75	E13/6/6-3F3-A315
	1250 ± 25%	≈1370	≈0	E13/6/6-3F3

## E cores and accessories

E13/6/6  
(814E250)**Core halves of high permeability grades**A<sub>L</sub> measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for A<sub>L</sub> measurements, 15 ±5 N.

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	μ <sub>e</sub>	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	2600 ±25%	≈2840	≈0	E13/6/6-3E25
3E27	2600 ±25%	≈2840	≈0	E13/6/6-3E27
3E5	≥3700	≥4040	≈0	E13/6/6-3E5

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.12	–	–	–
3C90	≥320	≤0.06	≤0.06	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.05	≈0.24	≈0.11
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.06	–	≤0.11

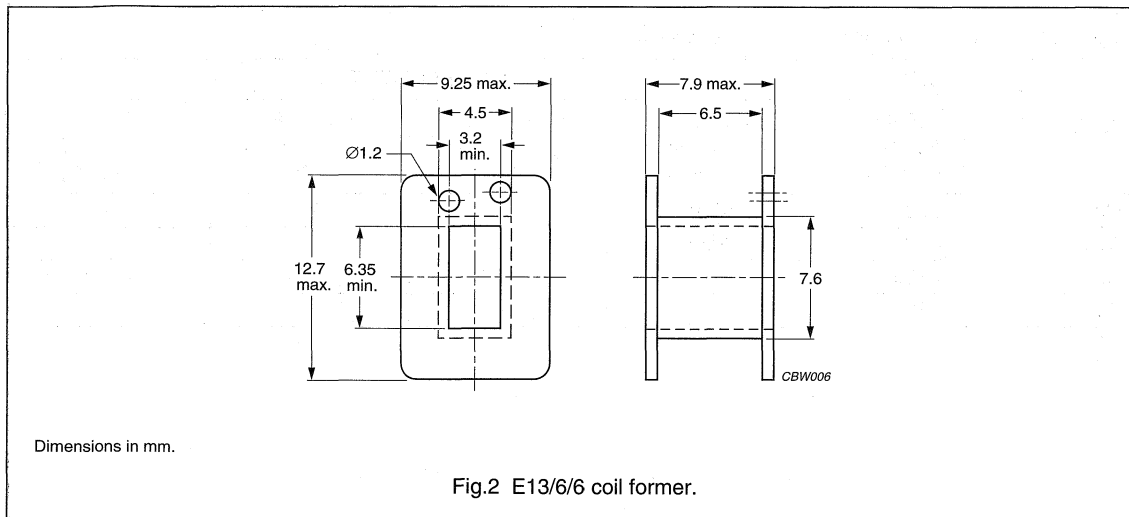
## E cores and accessories

E13/6/6  
(814E250)

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E13/6/6 coil former

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data for E13/6/6 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	15.4	6.5	32.0	CP-E13/6/6-1S

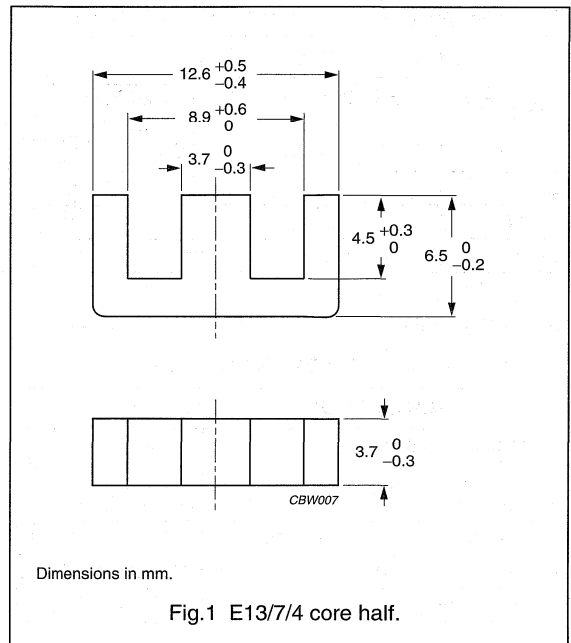
## E cores and accessories

E13/7/4  
(EF12.6)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.39	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	369	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	29.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	12.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	12.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈0.9	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 15 ± 5 N.

Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	800 ±25%	≈1500	≈0	E13/7/4-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	800 ±25%	≈1500	≈0	E13/7/4-3C94
3F3	700 ±25%	≈1300	≈0	E13/7/4-3F3

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 15 ± 5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E1	1200 ±25%	≈2200	≈0	E13/7/4-3E1
3E25 <small>sup</small>	1500 ±25%	≈2800	≈0	E13/7/4-3E25
3E27	1500 ±25%	≈2800	≈0	E13/7/4-3E27

## E cores and accessories

E13/7/4  
(EF12.6)

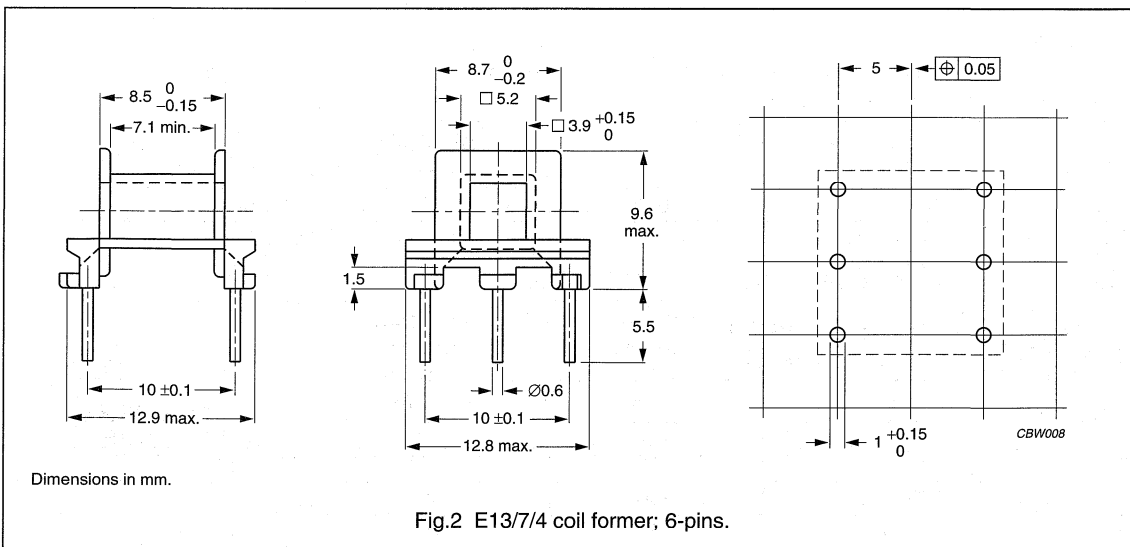
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.05	≤0.05	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.035	≈0.16	≈0.07
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.05	–	≤0.07

## COIL FORMER

## General data for 6-pins E13/7/4 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data 6-pins for E13/7/4 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	11.6	7.1	24	CPH-E13/7/4-1S-6P

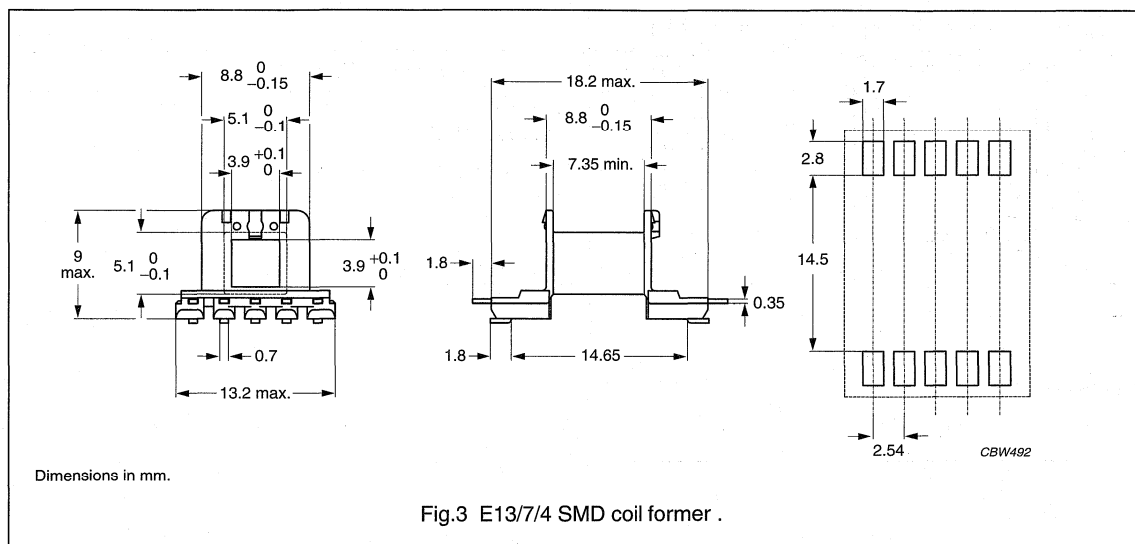
## E cores and accessories

E13/7/4  
(EF12.6)

## COIL FORMER

## General data for 10-pads E13/7/4 SMD coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for E13/7/4 SMD coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	13.0	7.35	27.5	CSHS-E13/7/4-1S-10P

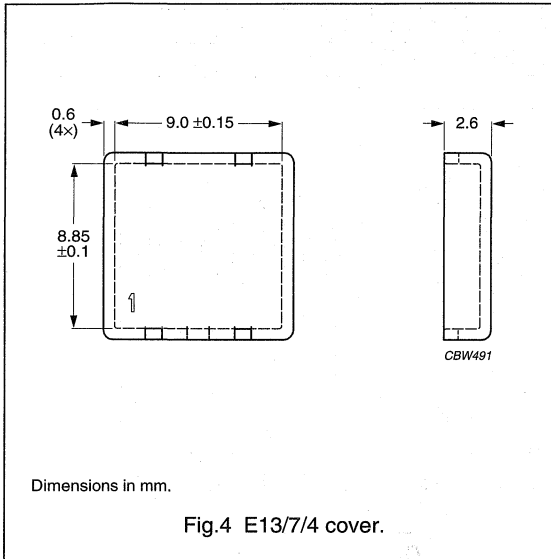
E cores and accessories

E13/7/4  
(EF12.6)

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data for mounting parts**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Cover	polyamide (PA), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E119177(M); maximum operating temperature 130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B	4	COV-E13/7/4





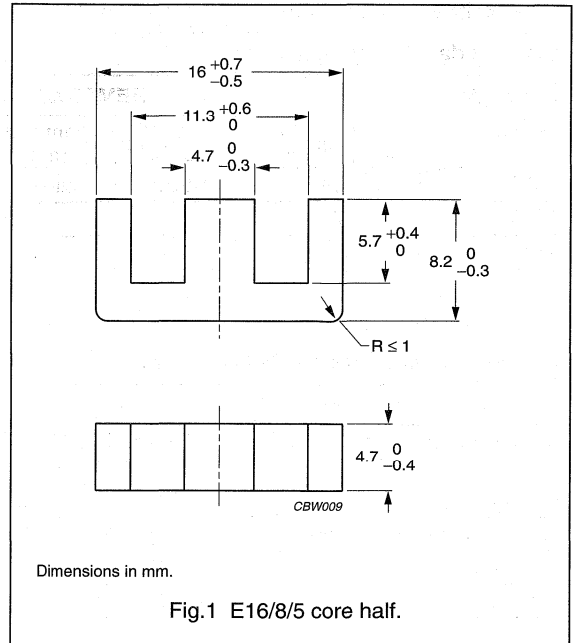
E cores and accessories

E16/8/5

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.87	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	750	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	37.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	20.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	19.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈2.0	g



Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ±10 N.  
Gapped cores available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1 100 ±25%	≈1640	≈0	E16/8/5-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	1 100 ±25%	≈1640	≈0	E16/8/5-3C94
3F3	980 ±25%	≈1470	≈0	E16/8/5-3F3

Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3E1	1800 ±25%	≈2700	≈0	E16/8/5-3E1
3E25 <b>sup</b>	2200 ±25%	≈3300	≈0	E16/8/5-3E25
3E27	2200 ±25%	≈3300	≈0	E16/8/5-3E27

E cores and accessories

E16/8/5

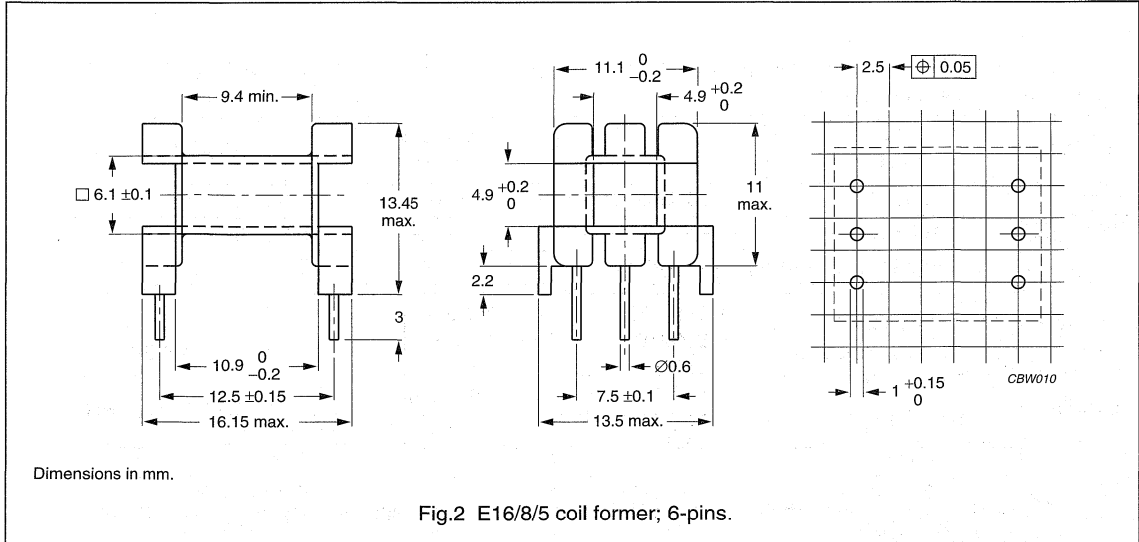
Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.10	≤0.10	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.07	≈0.25	≈0.15
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.10	–	≤0.15

COIL FORMER

General data for 6-pins E16/8/5 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 6-pins E16/8/5 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	21.6	9.4	33	CPH-E16/8/5-1S-6P

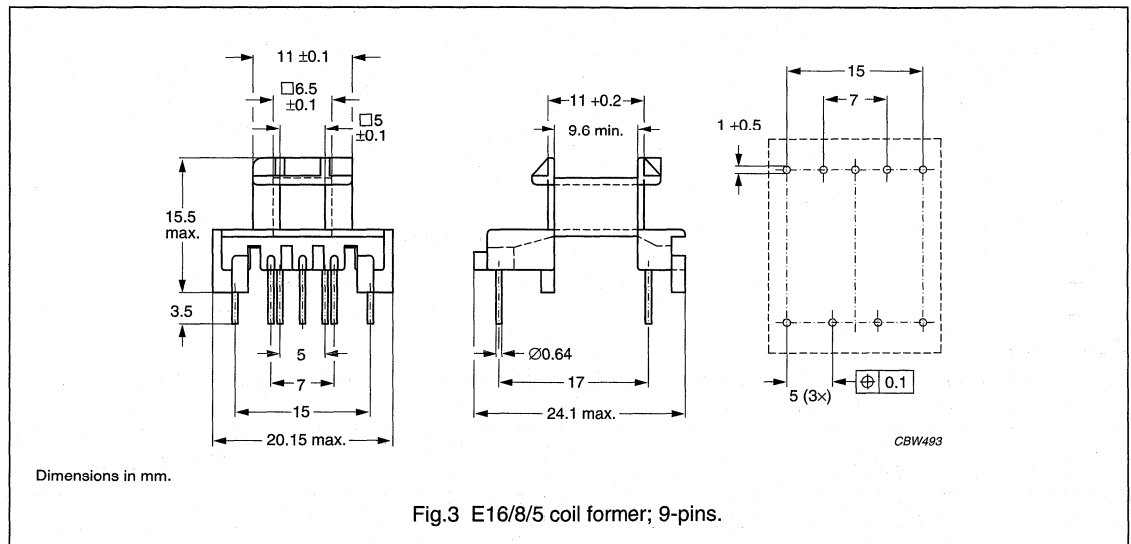
## E cores and accessories

E16/8/5

## COIL FORMER

## General data for 9-pins E16/8/5 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data 9-pins for E16/8/5 coil former; note 1

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	20.6	9.6	35	CSH-E16/8/5-1S-9P

## Note

1. This coil former is optimized for the use of triple-isolated wire. This wire is approved for safety isolation without the usual creepage distance.

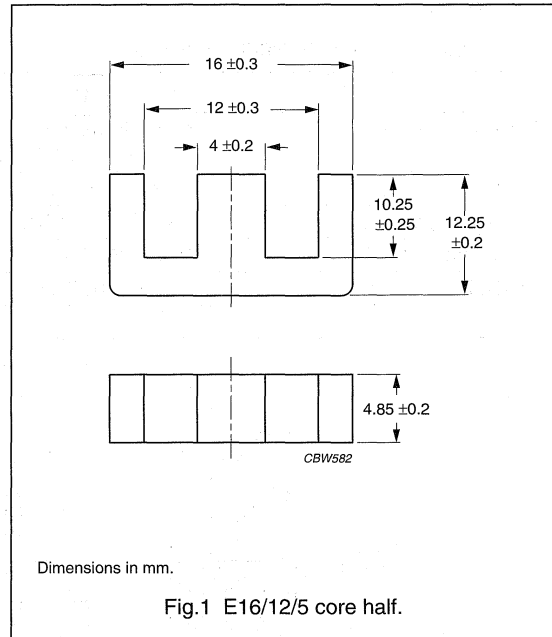
## E cores and accessories

E16/12/5  
(EL16)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.85	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1070	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	55.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	19.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	19.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈2.6	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

Gapped cores available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$800 \pm 25\%$	≈1810	≈0	E16/12/5-3C90

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E26	$2000 \pm 25\%$	≈4530	≈0	E16/12/5-3E26

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W)at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	≤0.13	≤0.14

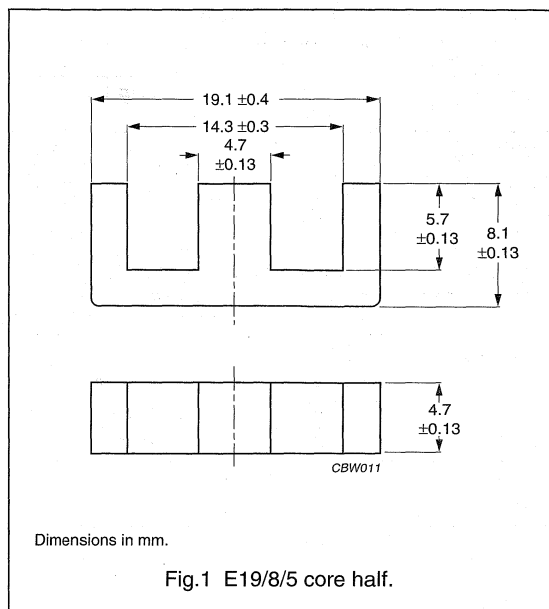
## E cores and accessories

E19/8/5  
(813E187)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.77	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	900	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	39.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	22.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈2.3	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	63 ± 3%	≈90	≈590	E19/8/5-3C81-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈140	≈330	E19/8/5-3C81-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈225	≈190	E19/8/5-3C81-A160
	250 ± 5%	≈350	≈110	E19/8/5-3C81-A250
	315 ± 10%	≈440	≈80	E19/8/5-3C81-A315
	1500 ± 25%	≈2110	≈0	E19/8/5-3C81
3C90	63 ± 3%	≈90	≈590	E19/8/5-3C90-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈140	≈330	E19/8/5-3C90-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈225	≈190	E19/8/5-3C90-A160
	250 ± 5%	≈350	≈110	E19/8/5-3C90-A250
	315 ± 10%	≈440	≈80	E19/8/5-3C90-A315
	1170 ± 25%	≈1650	≈0	E19/8/5-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	1170 ± 25%	≈1650	≈0	E19/8/5-3C94
3F3	63 ± 3%	≈90	≈590	E19/8/5-3F3-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈140	≈330	E19/8/5-3F3-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈225	≈190	E19/8/5-3F3-A160
	250 ± 5%	≈350	≈110	E19/8/5-3F3-A250
	315 ± 10%	≈440	≈80	E19/8/5-3F3-A315
	995 ± 25%	≈1400	≈0	E19/8/5-3F3

## E cores and accessories

E19/8/5  
(813E187)

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$2300 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3230$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/5-3E25
3E27	$2300 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3230$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/5-3E27
3E5	$\geq 3235$	$\geq 4540$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/5-3E5

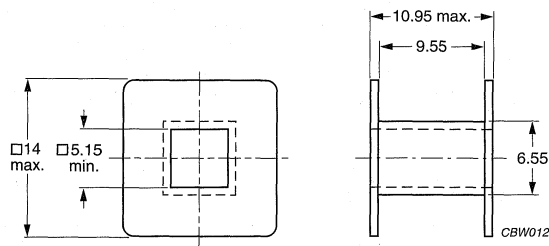
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.20$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.09$	$\leq 0.10$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.08$	$\approx 0.40$	$\approx 0.17$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.10$	–	$\leq 0.17$

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E19/8/5 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 E19/8/5 coil former.

E cores and accessories

E19/8/5  
(813E187)

Winding data for E19/8/5 coil form without pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	33.0	9.5	37.9	CP-E19/8/5-1S

General data for 8-pins E19/8/5 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E41938(M)
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s

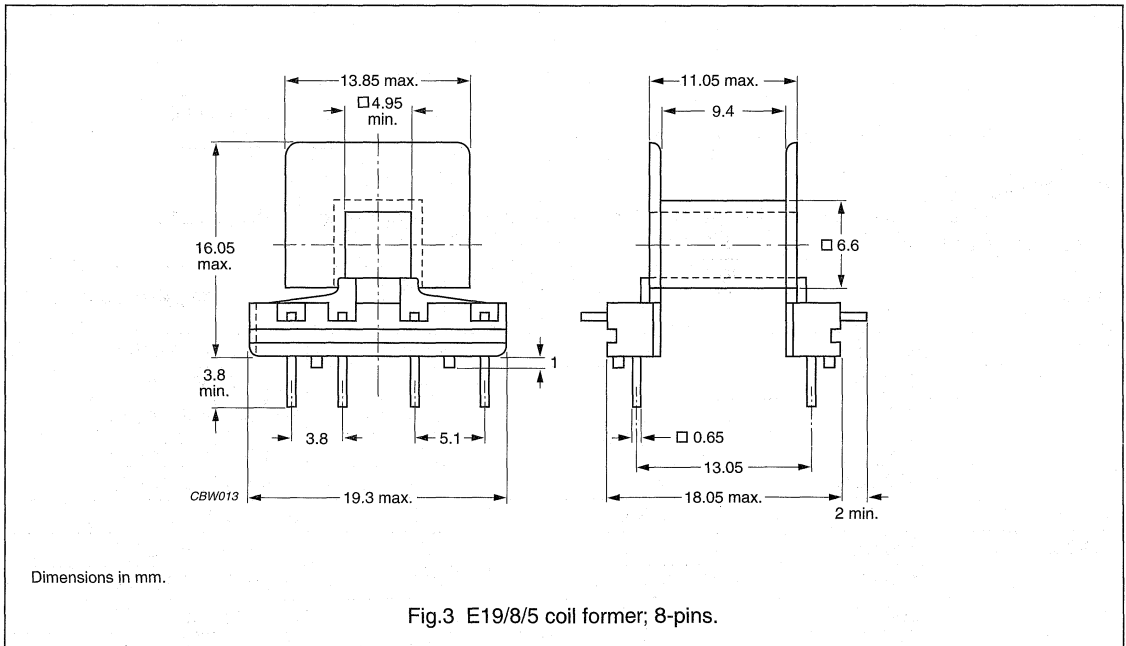


Fig.3 E19/8/5 coil former; 8-pins.

Winding data for 8-pins E19/8/5 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	32.3	9.4	40.9	CPH-E19/8/5-1S-8PD

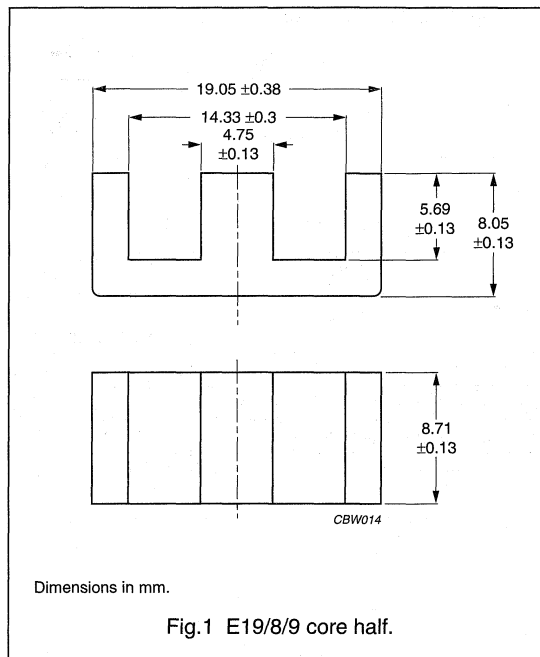
## E cores and accessories

E19/8/9  
(813E343)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.960	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1650	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	39.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	41.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈4	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N, unless otherwise stated.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$100 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈75	≈650	E19/8/9-3C81-E100
	$160 \pm 3\%$	≈125	≈370	E19/8/9-3C81-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	≈190	≈220	E19/8/9-3C81-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	≈240	≈150	E19/8/9-3C81-A315
	$400 \pm 5\%$	≈310	≈120	E19/8/9-3C81-A400
	$2740 \pm 25\%$	≈2680	≈0	E19/8/9-3C81
3C90	$100 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈75	≈650	E19/8/9-3C90-E100
	$160 \pm 3\%$	≈125	≈370	E19/8/9-3C90-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	≈190	≈220	E19/8/9-3C90-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	≈240	≈150	E19/8/9-3C90-A315
	$400 \pm 5\%$	≈310	≈120	E19/8/9-3C90-A400
	$2150 \pm 25\%$	≈2100	≈0	E19/8/9-3C90
3C94 des.	$2150 \pm 25\%$	≈2100	≈0	E19/8/9-3C94



## E cores and accessories

E19/8/9  
(813E343)

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	100 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 75$	$\approx 650$	E19/8/9-33F3-E100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 125$	$\approx 370$	E19/8/9-33F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 190$	$\approx 220$	E19/8/9-33F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 240$	$\approx 150$	E19/8/9-33F3-A315
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 310$	$\approx 120$	E19/8/9-33F3-A400
	1830 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1400$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/9-33F3

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20  $\pm 10$  N.

**Core halves of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20  $\pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	4250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3270$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/9-3E25
3E27	4250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3270$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/9-3E27
3E5	$\geq 6300$	$\geq 4850$	$\approx 0$	E19/8/9-3E5

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.17$	$\leq 0.18$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.15$	$\approx 0.71$	$\approx 0.31$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.18$	–	$\leq 0.31$

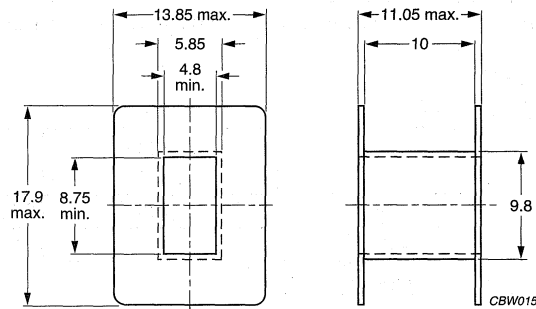
## E cores and accessories

E19/8/9  
(813E343)

## COIL FORMER

## General data for E19/8/9 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class A



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 E19/8/9 coil former.

## Winding data for E19/8/9 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	39.7	10	45.2	CP-E19/8/9-1S

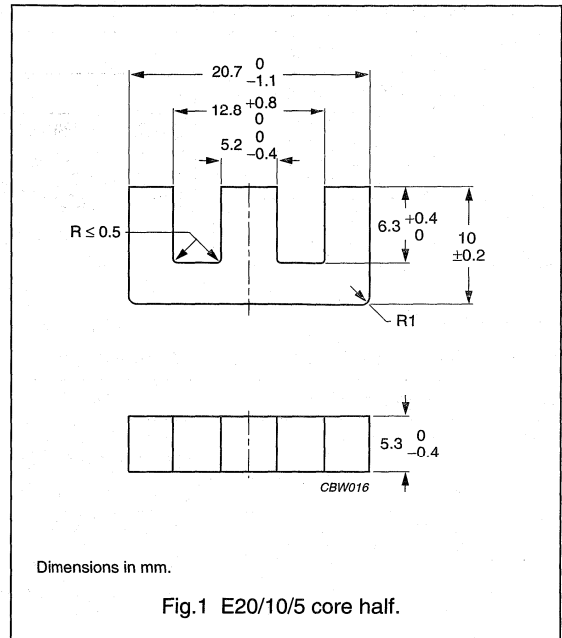
## E cores and accessories

E20/10/5

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.37	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1340	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	42.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	31.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	25.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈4	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1500 $\pm 25\%$	≈1700	≈0	E20/10/5-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	1500 $\pm 25\%$	≈1700	≈0	E20/10/5-3C94
3F3	1400 $\pm 25\%$	≈1600	≈0	E20/10/5-3F3

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	2600 $\pm 25\%$	≈2950	≈0	E20/10/5-3C11
3E25	2800 $\pm 25\%$	≈3100	≈0	E20/10/5-3E25

E cores and accessories

E20/10/5

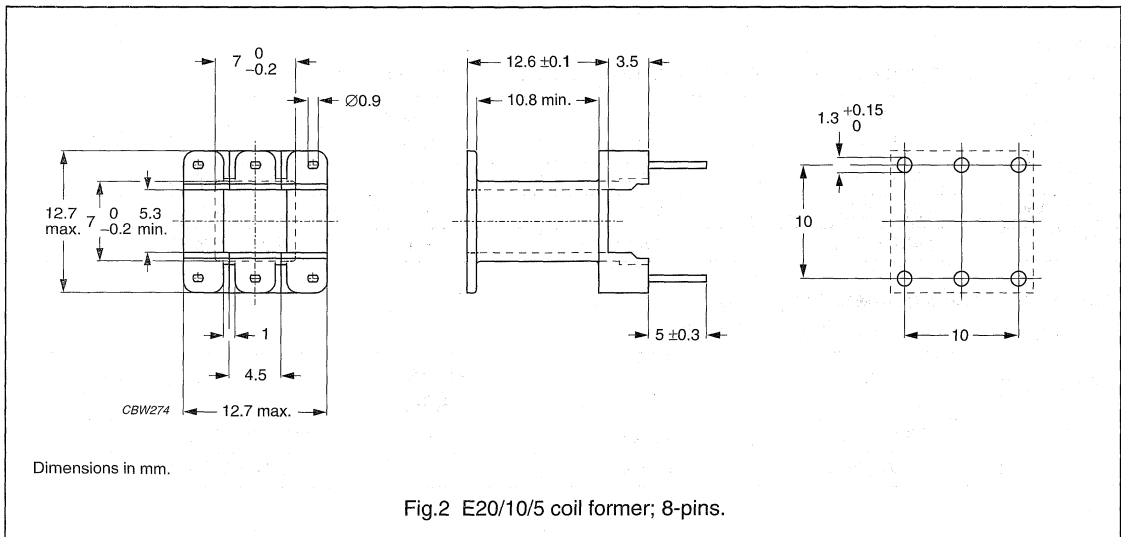
Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.15	≤0.17	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.12	≈0.58	≈0.26
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.16	–	≤0.28

COIL FORMER

General data for 6-pins E20/10/5 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 8-pins E20/10/5 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	28.6	10.8	38.7	CPV-E20/10/5-1S-6P

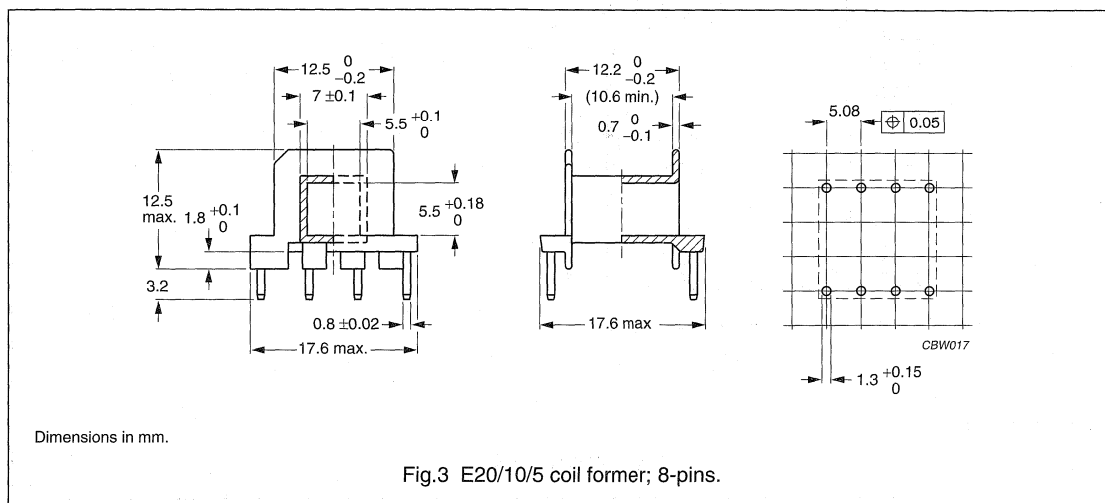
# E cores and accessories

E20/10/5

## COIL FORMER

### General data for 8-pins E20/10/5 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



### Winding data for 8-pins E20/10/5 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	27	10.6	38	CSH-E20/10/5-1S-8P

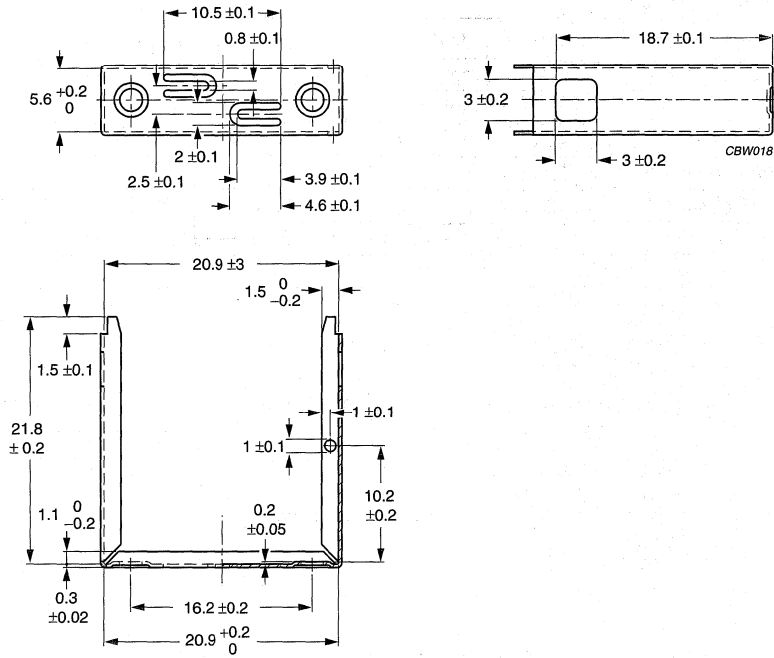
## MOUNTING PARTS

### General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	copper-zinc alloy (CuSn), nickel (Ni) plated	4	CLA-E20/10/5
Spring	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), nickel (Ni) plated	5	SPR-E20/10/5

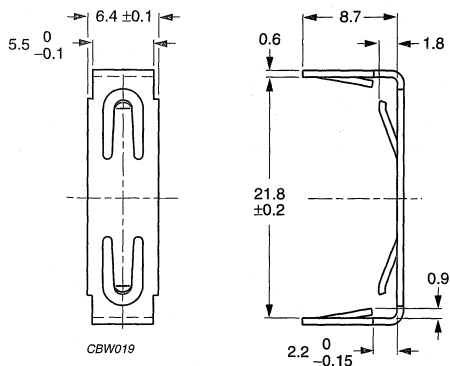
E cores and accessories

E20/10/5



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.4 E20/10/5 clasp.



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.5 E20/10/5 spring.

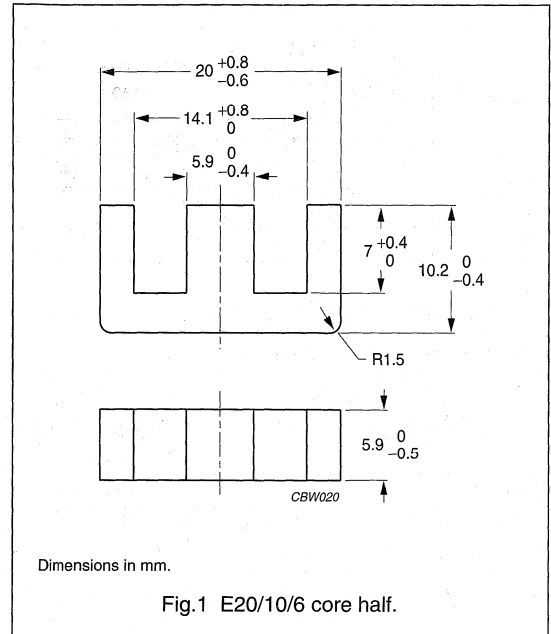
## E cores and accessories

E20/10/6

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.45	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	1490	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	46.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	32.0	$\text{mm}^2$
$m$	mass of core half	$\approx 3.7$	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$1450 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1730$	$\approx 0$	E20/10/6-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$1380 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1650$	$\approx 0$	E20/10/6-3C94
3F3	$1350 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1600$	$\approx 0$	E20/10/6-3F3

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	$2600 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3000$	$\approx 0$	E20/10/6-3C11
3E25	$2700 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3200$	$\approx 0$	E20/10/6-3E25

## E cores and accessories

E20/10/6

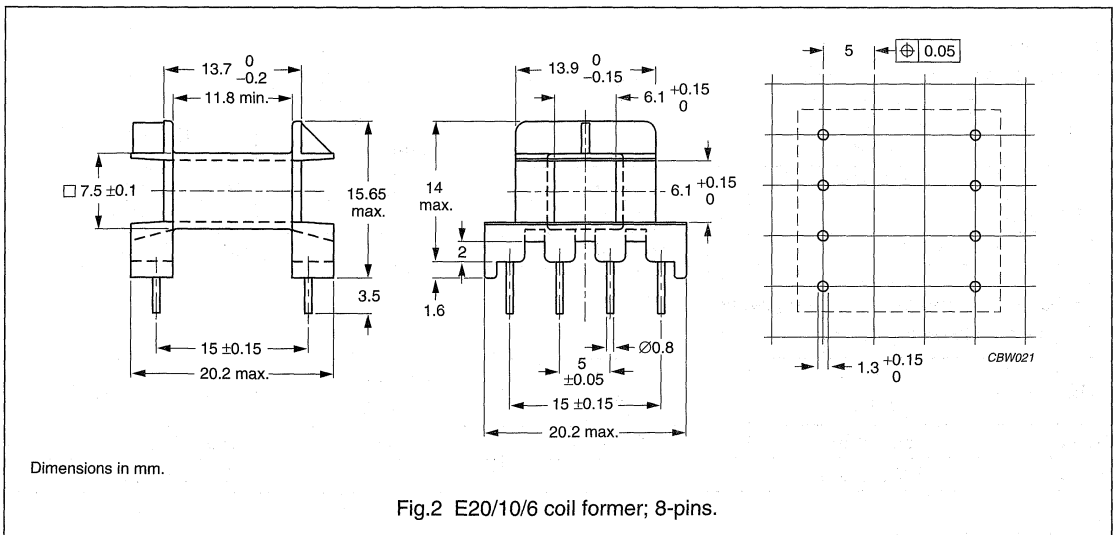
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.16	≤0.18	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.13	≈0.64	≈0.29
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.20	–	≤0.30

## COIL FORMER

## General data for 8-pins E20/10/6 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 8-pins E20/10/6 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	35	11.8	39	CPH-E20/10/6-1S-8P

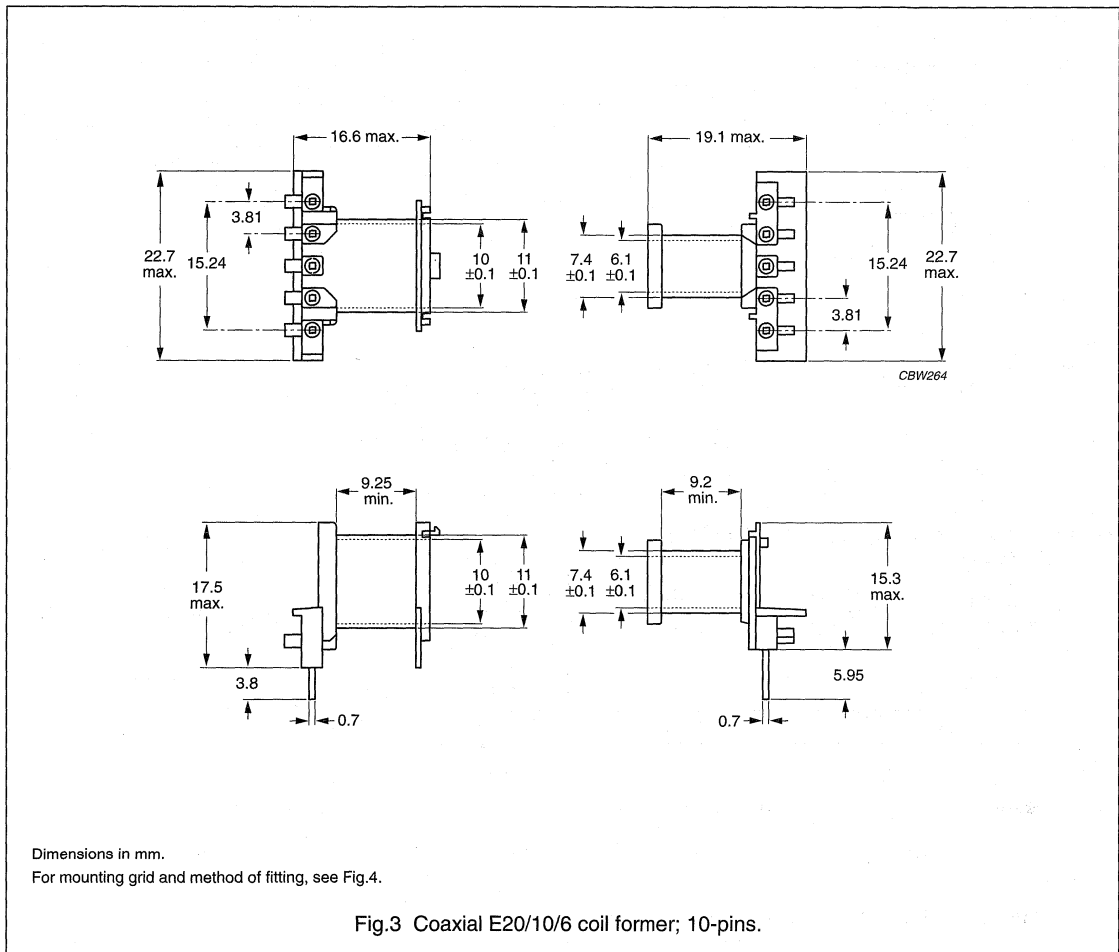


E cores and accessories

E20/10/6

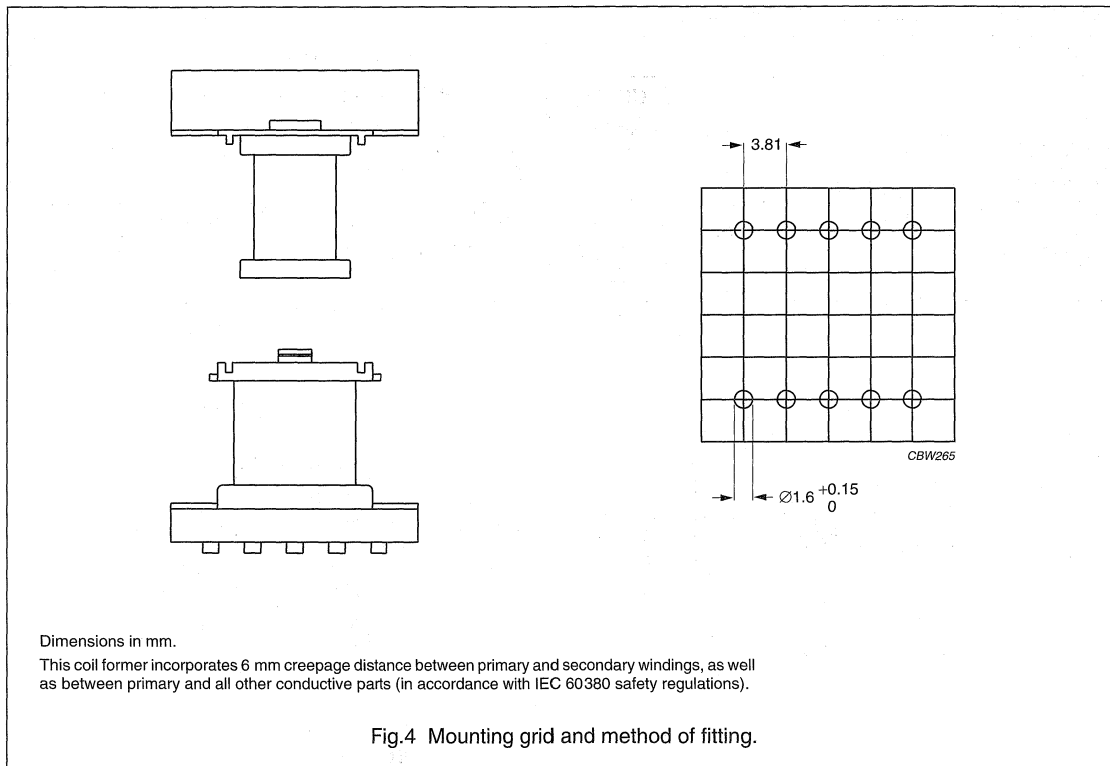
General data 10-pins coaxial E20/10/6 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



E cores and accessories

E20/10/6



Winding data for coaxial E20/10/6 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	11.3	9.2	34.7	CPCI-E20/6-1S-5P-G; see note 1
1	13.1	9.25	50	CPCO-E20/6-1S-5P-G; see note 1

Note

1. Also available with post-inserted pins. Different number of pins available on request for all types.

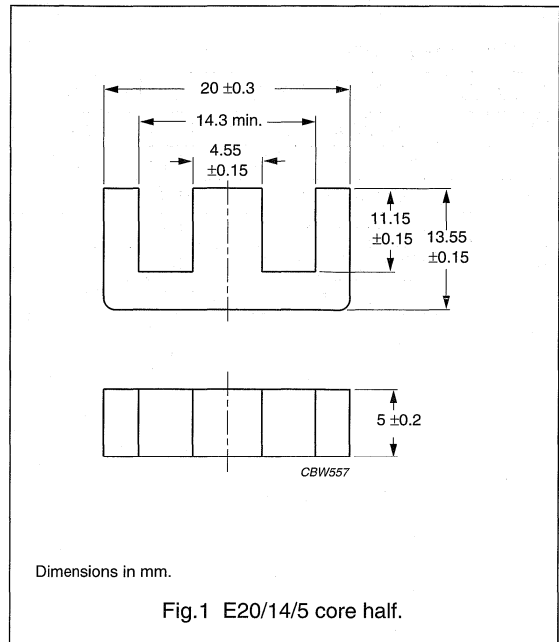
## E cores and accessories

E20/14/5  
(EC19)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.54	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	1513	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	62.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	24.4	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	22.8	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	$\approx 4.3$	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$900 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1820$	$\approx 0$	E20/14/5-3C90

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E26	$2300 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 4650$	$\approx 0$	E20/14/5-3E26

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 0.16$	$\leq 0.18$

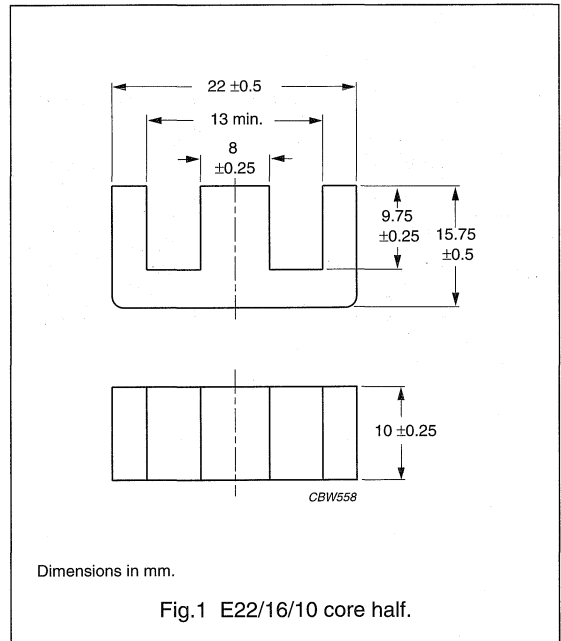
## E cores and accessories

E22/16/10

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.695	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	5143	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	59.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	86	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	80	$\text{mm}^2$
$m$	mass of core half	$\approx 14$	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$3090 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1710$	$\approx 0$	E22/16/10-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 0.55$	$\leq 0.60$

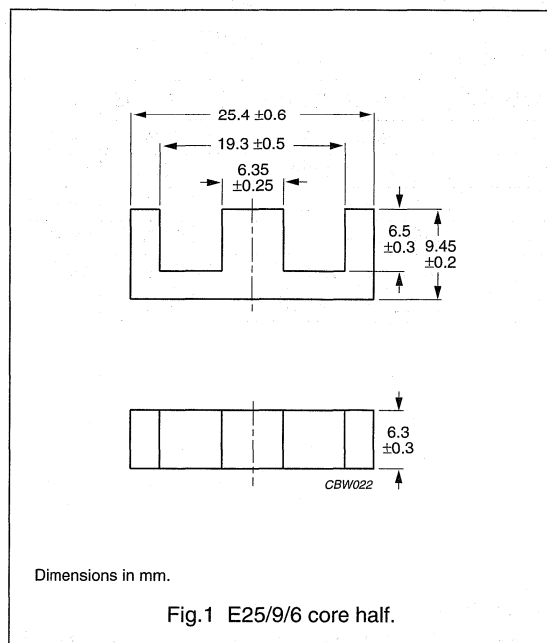
## E cores and accessories

E25/9/6

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.23	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1860	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	47.4	mm
$A_e$	effective area	38.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	37.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈4.8	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 20 ± 10 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	2000 ± 25%	≈1950	≈0	E25/9/6-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	1600 ± 25%	≈1540	≈0	E25/9/6-3C94

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 20 ± 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <small>des</small>	3300 ± 25%	≈3200	≈0	E25/9/6-3E25

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.20	≤0.22	–	–
3C94	≥330	–	≤0.17	≈0.80	≈0.35

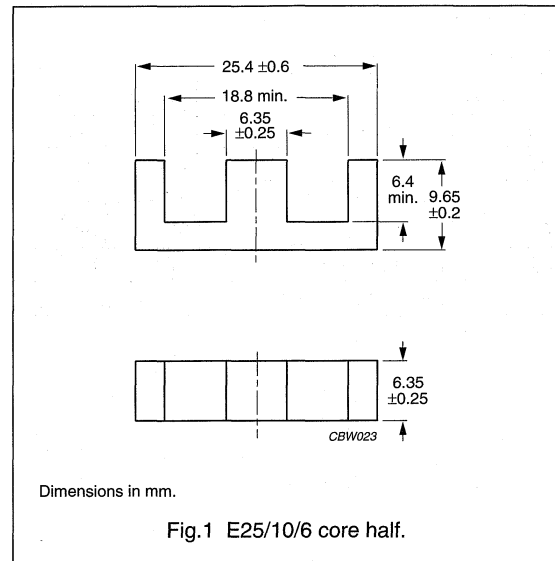
## E cores and accessories

E25/10/6

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.24	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1930	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	49.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	39.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	37.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈4.8	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 20 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	100 ±3%	≈100	≈600	E25/10/6-3C81-A100
	160 ±3%	≈165	≈340	E25/10/6-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈255	≈200	E25/10/6-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈320	≈150	E25/10/6-3C81-A315
	400 ±5%	≈410	≈110	E25/10/6-3C81-A400
	2340 ±25%	≈2390	≈0	E25/10/6-3C81
3C90	100 ±3%	≈100	≈600	E25/10/6-3C90-A100
	160 ±3%	≈165	≈340	E25/10/6-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈255	≈200	E25/10/6-3C90-A250
	315 ±3%	≈320	≈150	E25/10/6-3C90-A315
	400 ±5%	≈410	≈110	E25/10/6-3C90-A400
	1600 ±25%	≈1600	≈0	E25/10/6-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	1600 ±25%	≈1600	≈0	E25/10/6-3C94
3F3	100 ±3%	≈100	≈600	E25/10/6-3F3-A100
	160 ±3%	≈165	≈340	E25/10/6-3F3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈255	≈200	E25/10/6-3F3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈320	≈150	E25/10/6-3F3-A315
	400 ±5%	≈410	≈110	E25/10/6-3F3-A400
	1470 ±25%	≈1500	≈0	E25/10/6-3F3

## E cores and accessories

3SHC 2000 E25/10/6

### Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	$2600 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2800$	$\approx 0$	E25/10/6-3C11
3E25 <small>des</small>	$3000 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3200$	$\approx 0$	E25/10/6-3E25
3E27	$3200 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3200$	$\approx 0$	E25/10/6-3E27
3E5	$\geq 5075$	$\geq 5075$	$\approx 0$	E25/10/6-3E5

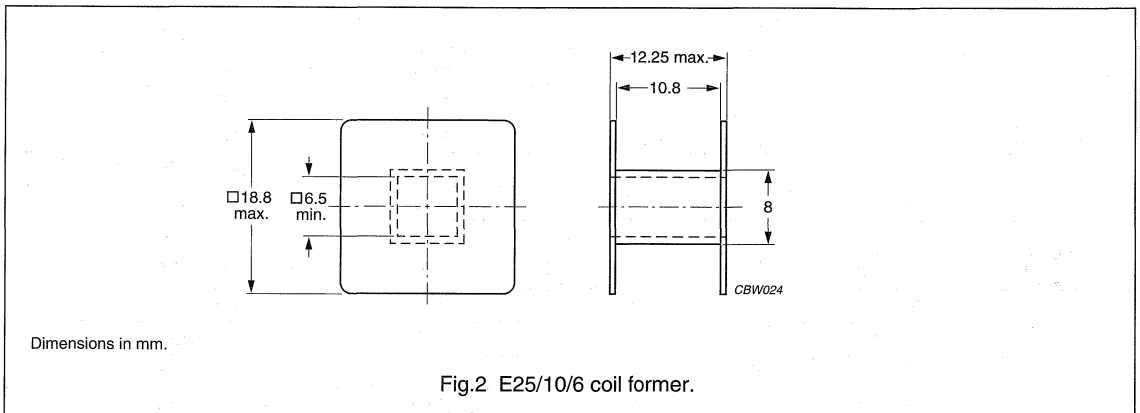
### Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.4$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 0.2$	$\leq 0.22$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 330$	–	$\leq 0.17$	$\approx 0.83$	$\approx 0.37$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.22$	–	$\leq 0.38$

### COIL FORMERS

#### General data for E25/10/6 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class A



## E cores and accessories

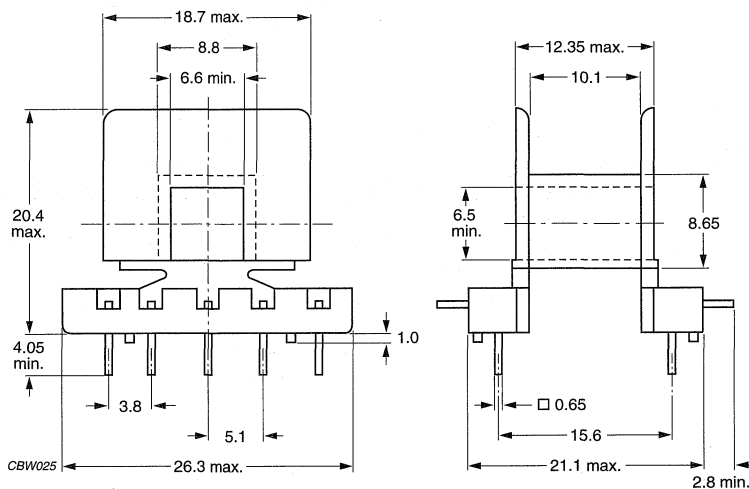
E25/10/6

## Winding data for E25/10/6 coil former without pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	56.2	10.8	49.1	CP-E25/10/6-1S

## General data for 10-pins E25/10/6 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB", UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.3 E25/10/6 coil former; 10-pins.

## Winding data for 10-pins E25/10/6 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	47.4	10.1	53.1	CPH-E25/10/6-1S-10P



E cores and accessories

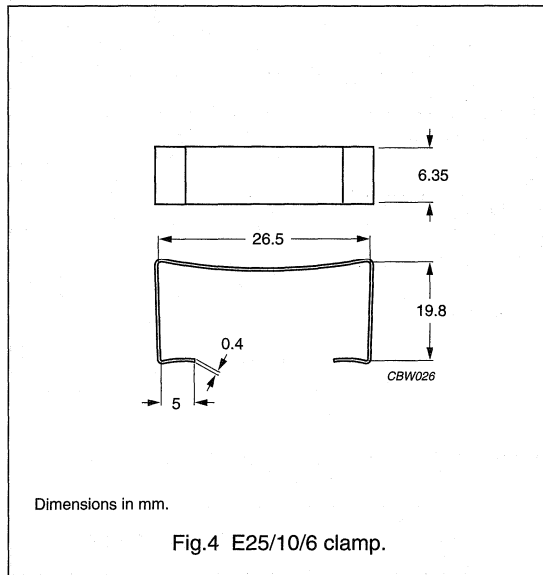


E25/10/6

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data for mounting parts**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 30$ N	4	CLM-E25/10/6



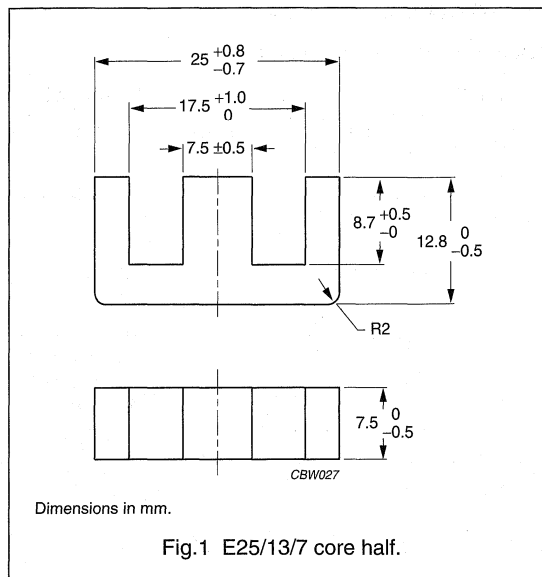
## E cores and accessories

E25/13/7  
(EF25)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.11	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	2990	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	58.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	52.0	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	$\approx 8$	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N unless otherwise stated.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$160 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 140$	$\approx 480$	E25/13/7-3C81-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 220$	$\approx 270$	E25/13/7-3C81-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 280$	$\approx 200$	E25/13/7-3C81-A315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 355$	$\approx 150$	E25/13/7-3C81-A400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 560$	$\approx 80$	E25/13/7-3C81-A630
	$2460 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2170$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3C81
3C90	$160 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 140$	$\approx 480$	E25/13/7-3C90-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 220$	$\approx 270$	E25/13/7-3C90-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 280$	$\approx 200$	E25/13/7-3C90-A315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 355$	$\approx 150$	E25/13/7-3C90-A400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 560$	$\approx 80$	E25/13/7-3C90-A630
	$1900 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1700$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$1900 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1700$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3C94
3F3	$160 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 140$	$\approx 480$	E25/13/7-3F3-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 220$	$\approx 270$	E25/13/7-3F3-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 280$	$\approx 200$	E25/13/7-3F3-A315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 355$	$\approx 150$	E25/13/7-3F3-A400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 560$	$\approx 80$	E25/13/7-3F3-A630
	$1650 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1460$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3F3

## E cores and accessories

E25/13/7  
(EF25)

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	$3100 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2800$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3C11
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$4000 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3530$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3E25
3E27	$4000 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3530$	$\approx 0$	E25/13/7-3E27

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.61$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 0.35$	$\leq 0.38$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 330$	–	$\leq 0.27$	$\approx 1.30$	$\approx 0.57$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.38$	–	$\leq 0.65$

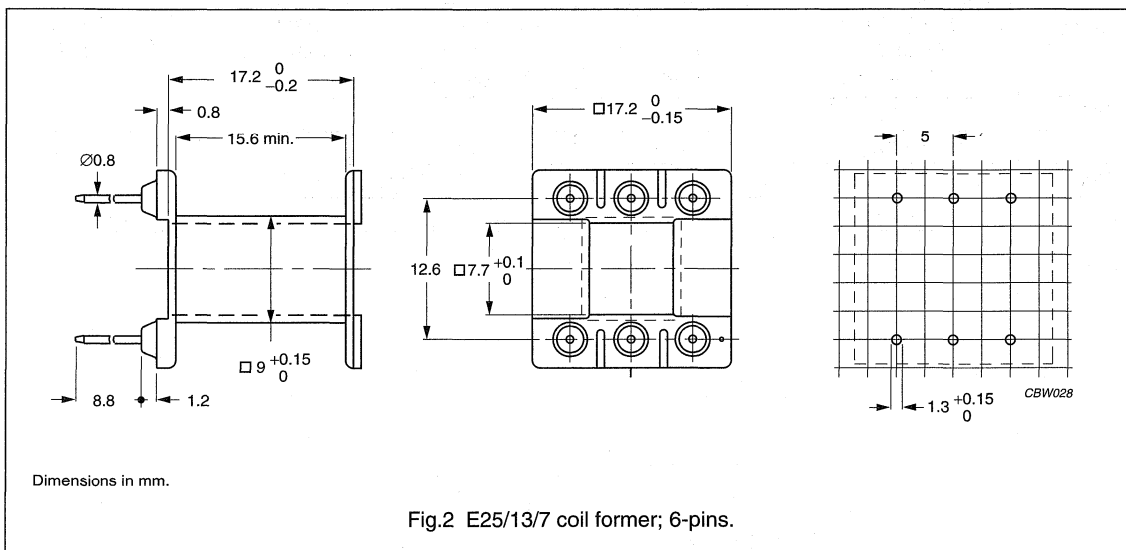
# E cores and accessories

**E25/13/7  
(EF25)**

## COIL FORMER

### General data for 6-pins E25/13/7 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



### Winding data for 6-pins E25/13/7 coil former

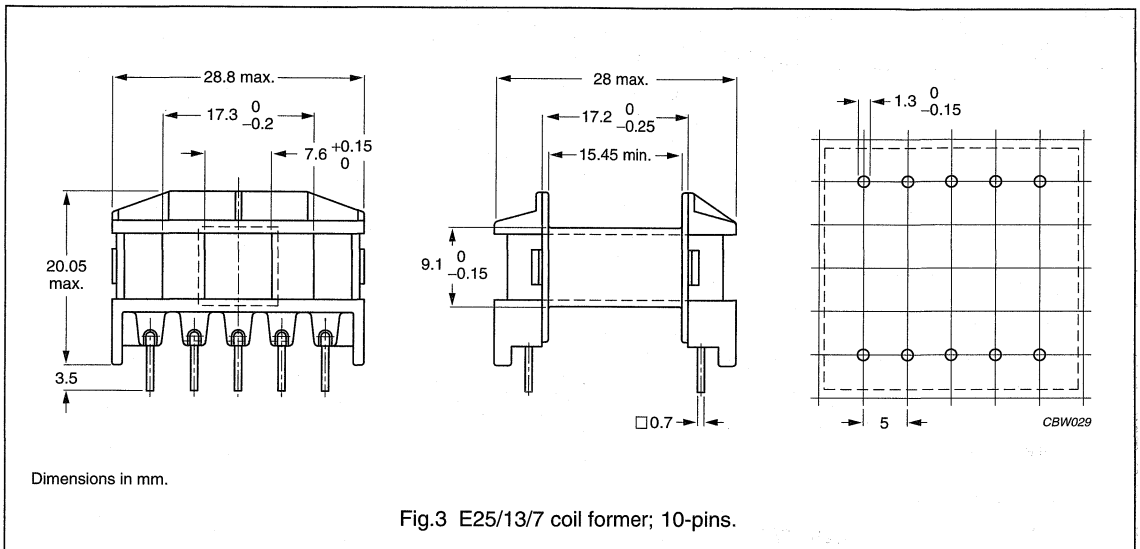
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	56	15.6	49	CPV-E25/13/7-1S-6P

E cores and accessories

E25/13/7  
(EF25)

General data for 10-pins E25/13/7 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 10-pins E25/13/7 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	63.3	15.45	52.8	CPH-E25/13/7-1S-10P

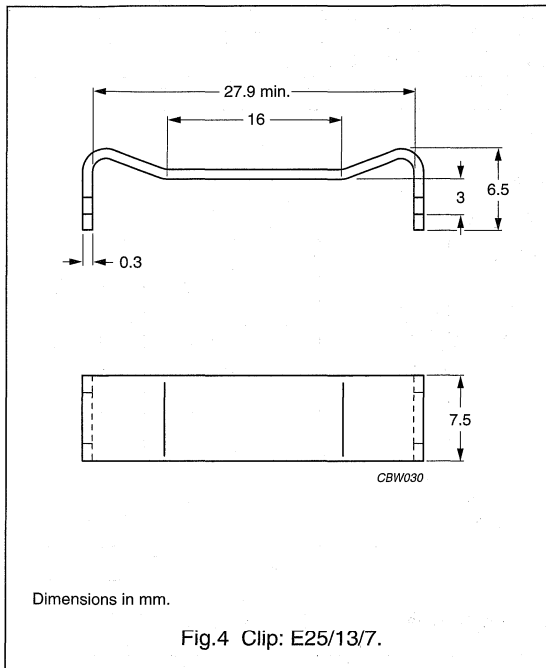
E cores and accessories

E25/13/7  
(EF25)

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data for mounting parts**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi)	4	CLI-E25/13/7



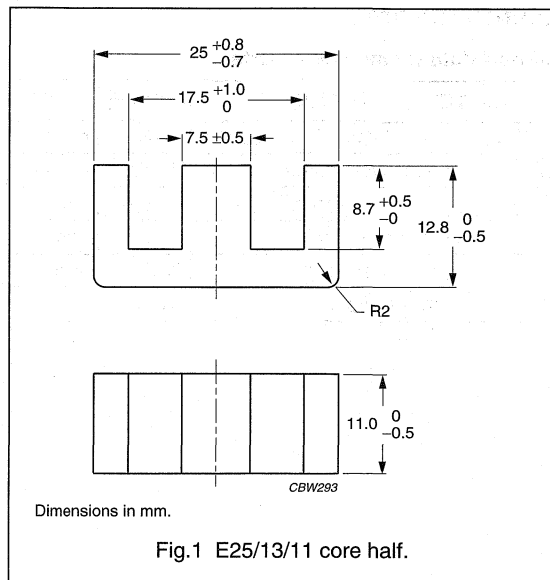
# E cores and accessories

E25/13/11

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.733	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	57.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	78.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈11	g



### Core halves

Gapped cores are available on request, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2800 \pm 25\%$	≈1780	≈0	E25/13/11-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$2800 \pm 25\%$	≈1780	≈0	E25/13/11-3C94
3F3	$2700 \pm 25\%$	≈1660	≈0	E25/13/11-3F3

### Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.55	≤0.55	–	–
3C94	≥330	–	≤0.40	≈1.95	≈0.86
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.55	–	≤0.95

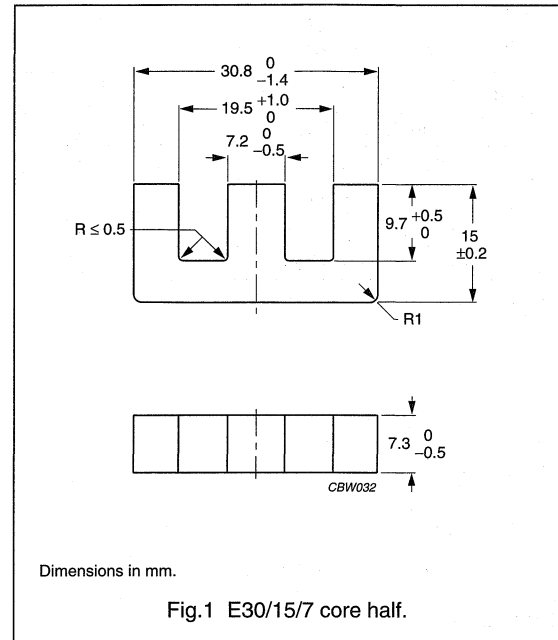
## E cores and accessories

E30/15/7

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.12	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	67.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	60.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	49.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈11	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 ±3%	≈145	≈530	E30/15/7-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈225	≈300	E30/15/7-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈285	≈230	E30/15/7-3C81-A315
	400 ±3%	≈365	≈170	E30/15/7-3C81-A400
	630 ±5%	≈580	≈90	E30/15/7-3C81-A630
	2500 ±25%	≈2270	≈0	E30/15/7-3C81
3C90	160 ±3%	≈145	≈530	E30/15/7-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈225	≈300	E30/15/7-3C90-A250
	315 ±3%	≈285	≈230	E30/15/7-3C90-A315
	400 ±3%	≈365	≈170	E30/15/7-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈580	≈90	E30/15/7-3C90-A630
	1900 ±25%	≈1700	≈0	E30/15/7-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	2000 ±25%	≈1780	≈0	E30/15/7-3C94



## E cores and accessories

E30/15/7

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 145	$\approx$ 530	E30/15/7-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 225	$\approx$ 300	E30/15/7-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 285	$\approx$ 230	E30/15/7-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 365	$\approx$ 170	E30/15/7-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 580	$\approx$ 90	E30/15/7-3F3-A630
	1600 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1430	$\approx$ 0	E30/15/7-3F3

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 20  $\pm$ 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	3300 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2900	$\approx$ 0	E30/15/7-3C11
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	4100 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 3650	$\approx$ 0	E30/15/7-3E25
3E27	4100 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 3650	$\approx$ 0	E30/15/7-3E27

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.82	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq$ 330	$\leq$ 0.45	$\leq$ 0.48	–	–
3C94	$\geq$ 330	–	$\leq$ 0.36	$\approx$ 1.8	$\approx$ 0.76
3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.47	–	$\leq$ 0.80

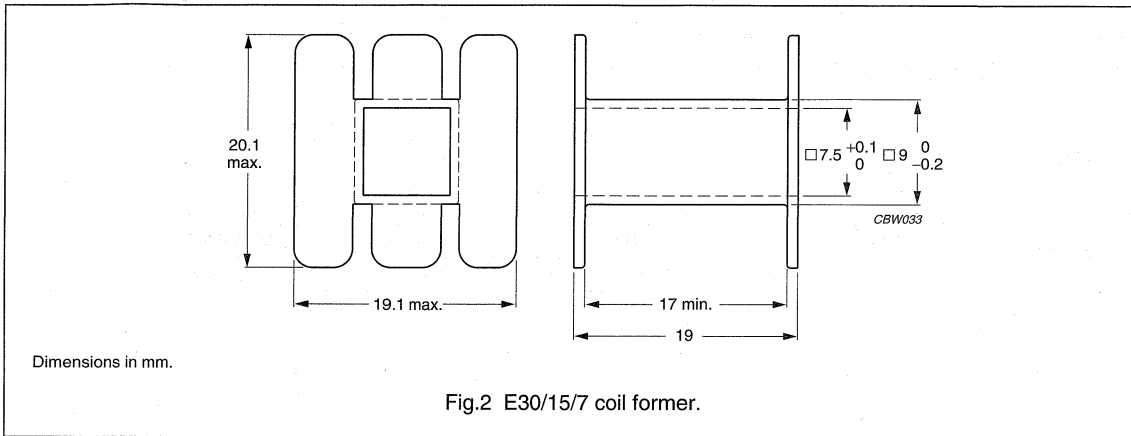
E cores and accessories

E30/15/7

COIL FORMERS

GENERAL DATA FOR E30/15/7 COIL FORMER WITHOUT PINS

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41613(M)
Maximum operating temperature	120 °C



WINDING DATA FOR E30/15/7 COIL FORMER WITHOUT PINS (E)

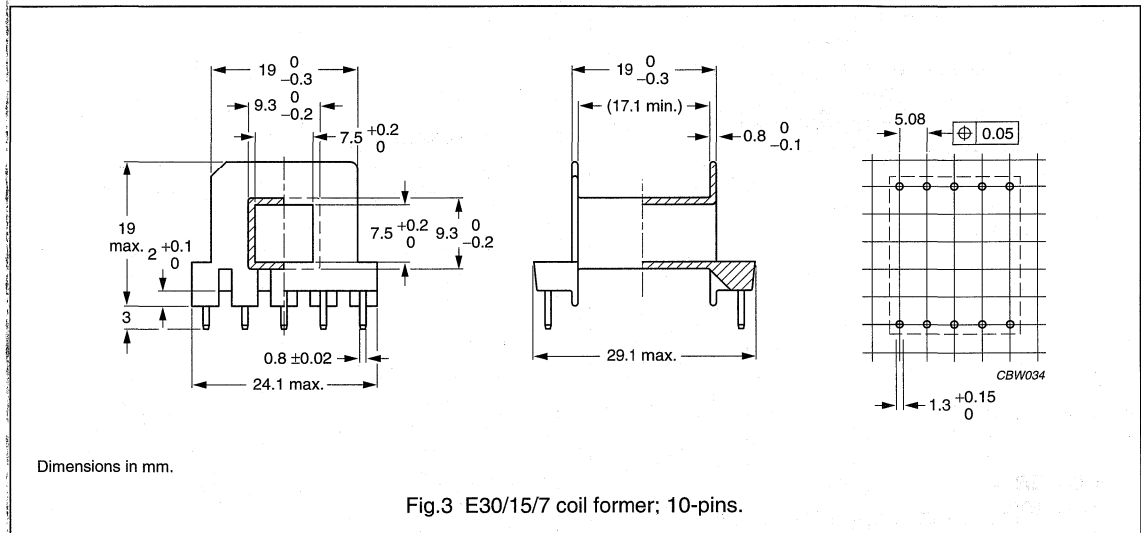
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	80	16.8	56	CP-E30/15/7-1S

E cores and accessories

E30/15/7

GENERAL DATA FOR 10-PINS E30/15/7 COIL FORMER

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



WINDING DATA FOR 10-PINS E30/15/7 COIL FORMER (E)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	80	17.1	56	CSH-E30/7-1S-10P

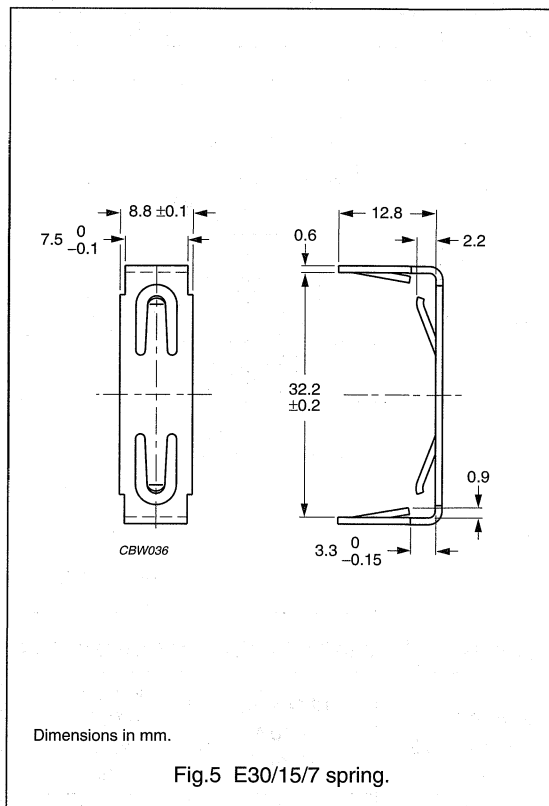
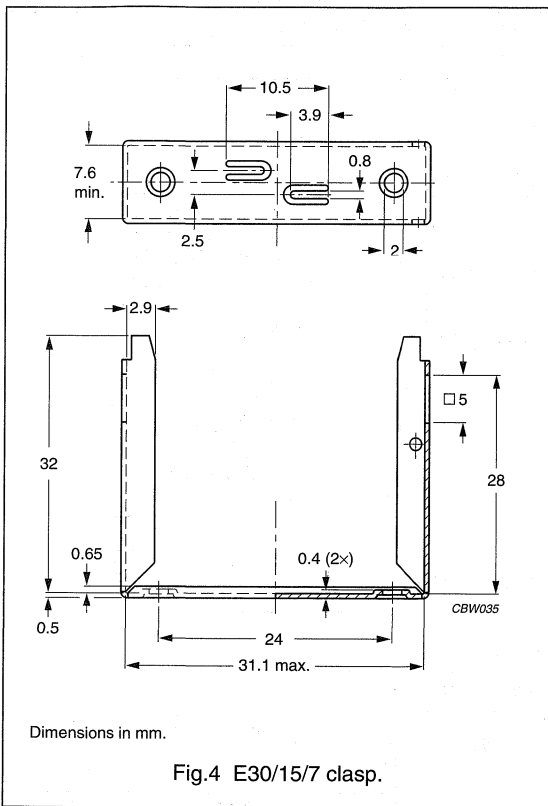
E cores and accessories

E30/15/7

MOUNTING PARTS

General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	CuZn alloy, Ni plated	4	CLA-E30/15/7
Spring	stainless steel (CrNi)	5	SPR-E30/15/7



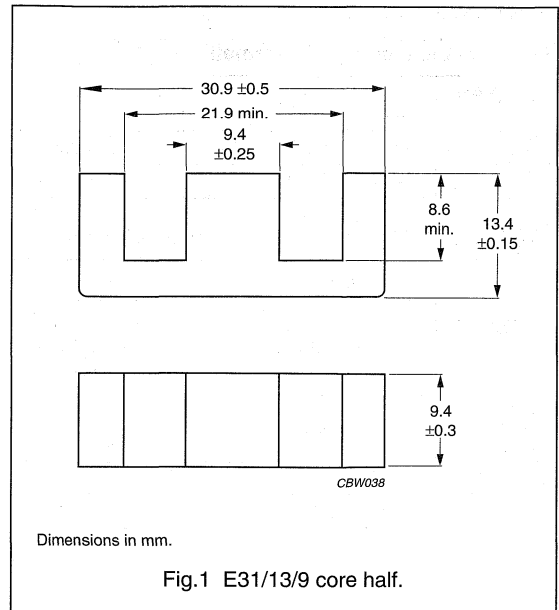
## E cores and accessories

E31/13/9

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.740	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5150	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	61.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	83.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈13	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ± 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 ± 3%	≈150	≈470	E31/13/9-3C81-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈190	≈350	E31/13/9-3C81-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈235	≈260	E31/13/9-3C81-A400
	630 ± 3%	≈375	≈150	E31/13/9-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 5%	≈590	≈80	E31/13/9-3C81-A1000
	3735 ± 25%	≈2200	≈0	E31/13/9-3C81
3C90	250 ± 3%	≈150	≈470	E31/13/9-3C90-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈190	≈350	E31/13/9-3C90-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈235	≈260	E31/13/9-3C90-A400
	630 ± 3%	≈375	≈150	E31/13/9-3C90-A630
	1000 ± 5%	≈590	≈80	E31/13/9-3C90-A1000
	2970 ± 25%	≈1750	≈0	E31/13/9-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	2970 ± 25%	≈1750	≈0	E31/13/9-3C94
3F3	250 ± 3%	≈150	≈470	E31/13/9-3F3-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈190	≈350	E31/13/9-3F3-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈235	≈260	E31/13/9-3F3-A400
	630 ± 3%	≈375	≈150	E31/13/9-3F3-A630
	1000 ± 5%	≈590	≈80	E31/13/9-3F3-A1000
	2650 ± 25%	≈1560	≈0	E31/13/9-3F3

## E cores and accessories

E31/13/9

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$6790 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 4000$	$\approx 0$	E31/13/9-3E25
3E27	$6790 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 4000$	$\approx 0$	E31/13/9-3E27

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 1.1$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.52$	$\leq 0.58$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.46$	$\approx 2.2$	$\approx 0.98$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.57$	–	$\leq 0.98$

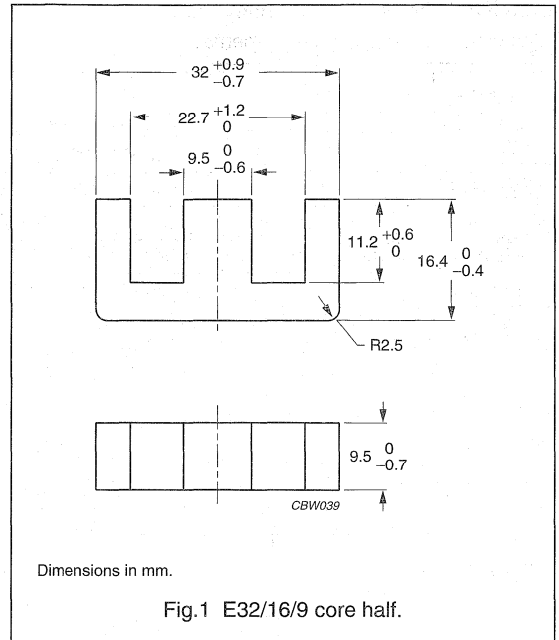
## E cores and accessories

E32/16/9  
(EF32)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.894	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	6180	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	74	mm
$A_e$	effective area	83	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈16	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2500 \pm 25\%$	≈1850	≈0	E32/16/9-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$2500 \pm 25\%$	≈1850	≈0	E32/16/9-3C94
3F3	$2300 \pm 25\%$	≈1700	≈0	E32/16/9-3F3

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	$4000 \pm 25\%$	≈2950	≈0	E32/16/9-3C11
3E25 <small>des</small>	$5000 \pm 25\%$	≈3700	≈0	E32/16/9-3E25

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.65	≤0.70	–	–
3C94	≥330	–	≤0.55	≈2.70	≈1.20
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.75	–	≤1.25

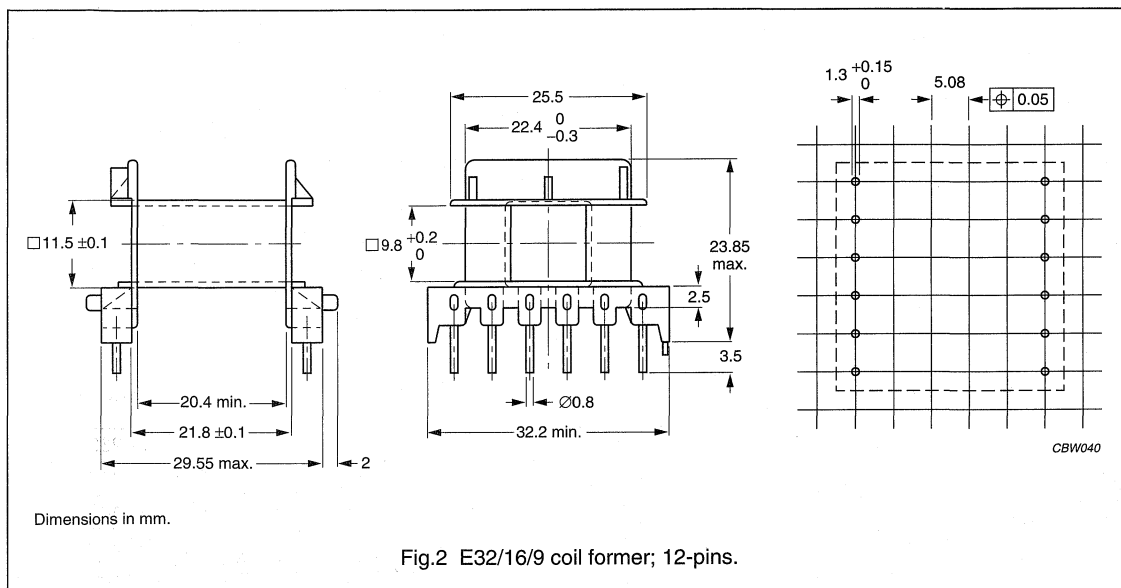
E cores and accessories

E32/16/9  
(EF32)

COIL FORMER

General data for 12-pins E32/16/9 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 12-pins E32/16/9 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	97	20.4	60	CPH-E32/16/9-1S-12P



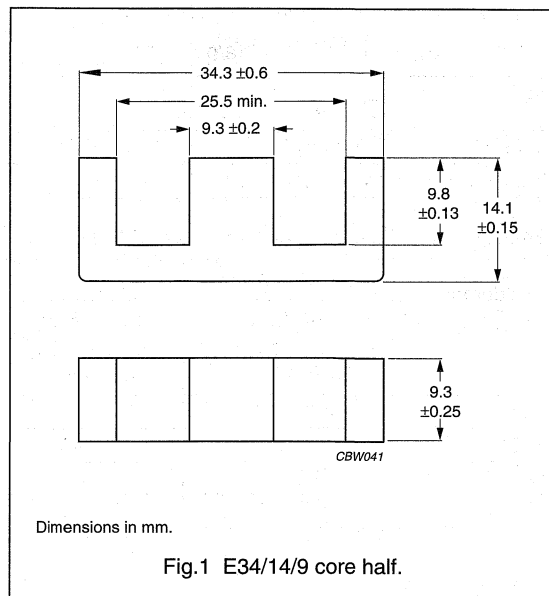
## E cores and accessories

E34/14/9  
(E375)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.850	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	5590	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	69.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	80.7	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	$\approx 14$	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 170$	$\approx 450$	E34/14/9-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 215$	$\approx 340$	E34/14/9-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 270$	$\approx 250$	E34/14/9-3C81-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 430$	$\approx 140$	E34/14/9-3C81-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 680$	$\approx 70$	E34/14/9-3C81-A1000
	3200 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2170$	$\approx 0$	E34/14/9-3C81
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 170$	$\approx 450$	E34/14/9-3C90-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 215$	$\approx 340$	E34/14/9-3C90-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 270$	$\approx 250$	E34/14/9-3C90-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 430$	$\approx 140$	E34/14/9-3C90-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 680$	$\approx 70$	E34/14/9-3C90-A1000
	2440 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1660$	$\approx 0$	E34/14/9-3C90
3C94 <sup>des</sup>	2440 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1660$	$\approx 0$	E34/14/9-3C94
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 170$	$\approx 450$	E34/14/9-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 215$	$\approx 340$	E34/14/9-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 270$	$\approx 250$	E34/14/9-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 430$	$\approx 140$	E34/14/9-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 680$	$\approx 70$	E34/14/9-3F3-A1000
	2125 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1440$	$\approx 0$	E34/14/9-3F3

## E cores and accessories

E34/14/9  
(E375)

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$4695 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3190$	$\approx 0$	E34/14/9-3E25
3E27	$4695 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3190$	$\approx 0$	E34/14/9-3E27

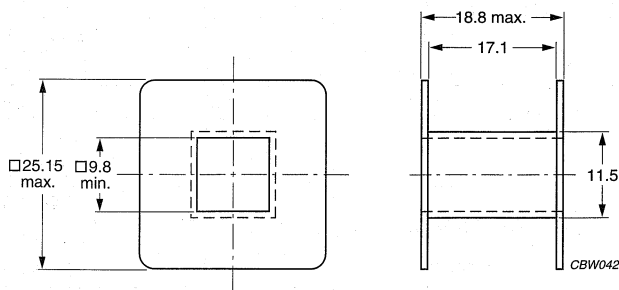
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 1.20$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.56$	$\leq 0.63$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.50$	$\approx 2.40$	$\approx 1.10$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.62$	–	$\leq 1.10$

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E34/14/9 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 E34/14/9 coil former.

E cores and accessories

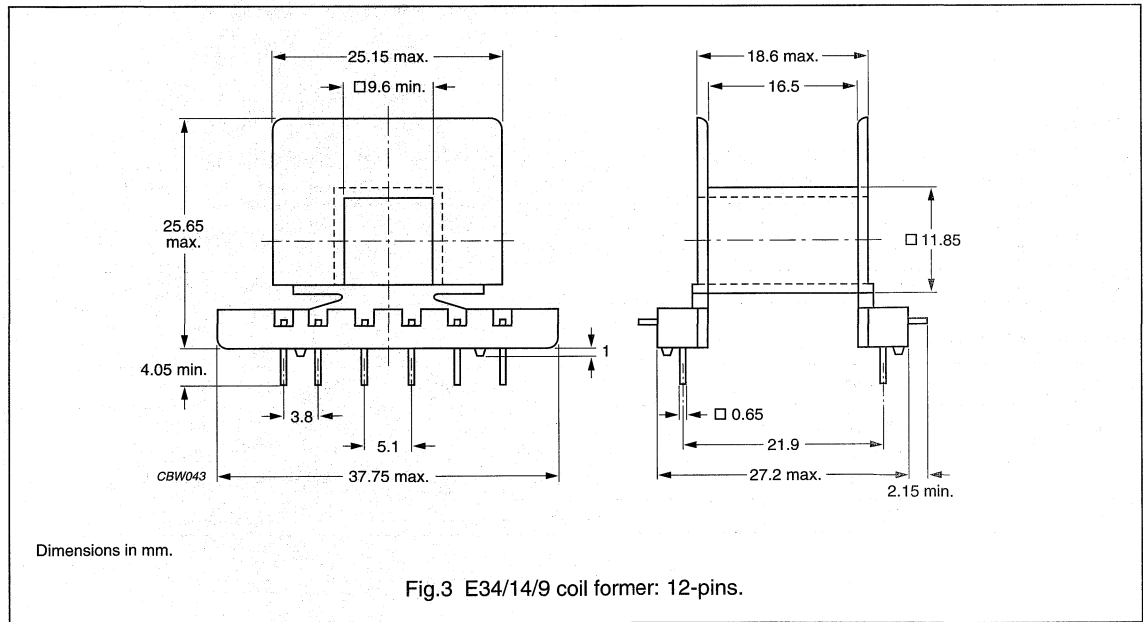
E34/14/9  
(E375)

Winding data for E34/14/9 coil former without pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	111	17.1	67.0	CP-E34/14/9-1S

General data for 12-pins E34/14/9 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZnP), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 12-pins E34/14/9 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	102	16.5	69.0	CPH-E34/14/9-1S-12PD

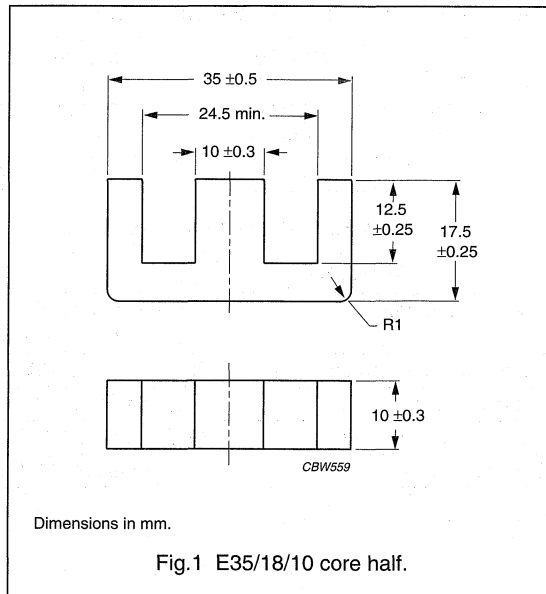
## E cores and accessories

E35/18/10

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.807	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8070	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	80.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	100	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	100	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈15	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 30 ± 15 N.  
Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	2500 ± 3%	≈1600	≈0	E35/18/10-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.95	≤1.10

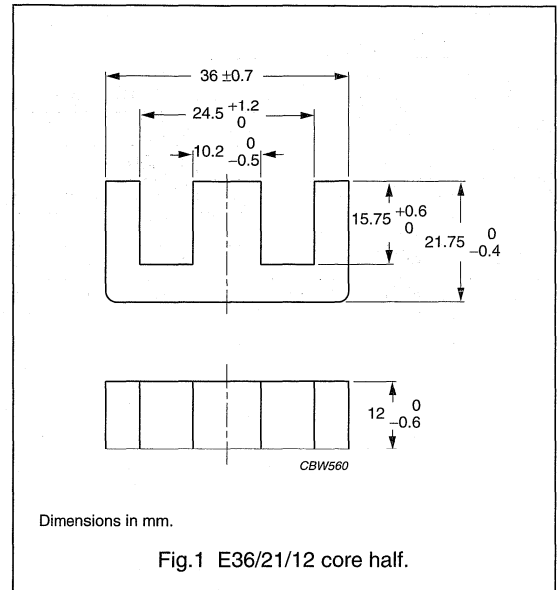
## E cores and accessories

E36/21/12

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.762	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	12160	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	96	mm
$A_e$	effective area	126	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	121	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈31	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2650 \pm 3\%$	≈1610	≈0	E36/21/12-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤1.40	≤1.50

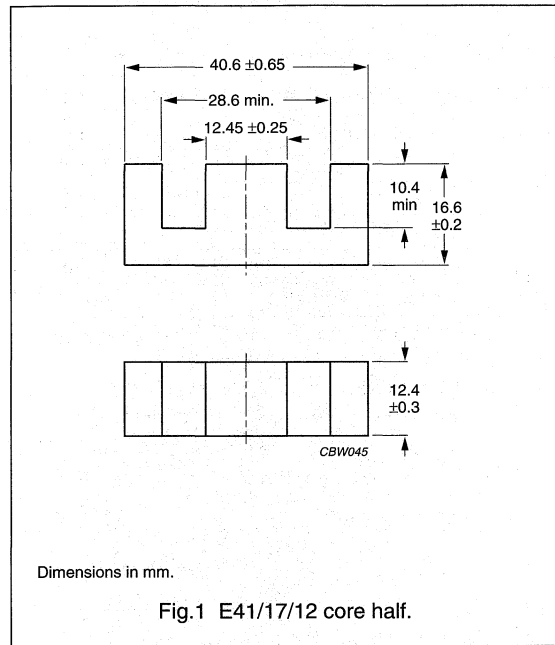
# E cores and accessories

E41/17/12

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.517	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	11500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	77.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	149	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	142	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈30	g



### Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ± 20 N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈ 105	≈ 880	E41/17/12-3C81-E250
	315 ± 5% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈ 130	≈ 670	E41/17/12-3C81-E315
	400 ± 5%	≈ 165	≈ 500	E41/17/12-3C81-A400
	630 ± 10%	≈ 260	≈ 290	E41/17/12-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 10%	≈ 415	≈ 160	E41/17/12-3C81-A1000
	5370 ± 25%	≈ 2230	≈ 0	E41/17/12-3C81
3C90	250 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈ 105	≈ 880	E41/17/12-3C90-E250
	315 ± 5% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈ 130	≈ 670	E41/17/12-3C90-E315
	400 ± 5%	≈ 165	≈ 500	E41/17/12-3C90-A400
	630 ± 10%	≈ 260	≈ 290	E41/17/12-3C90-A630
	1000 ± 10%	≈ 415	≈ 160	E41/17/12-3C90-A1000
	4100 ± 25%	≈ 1800	≈ 0	E41/17/12-3C90
3C94 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	4100 ± 25%	≈ 1800	≈ 0	E41/17/12-3C94

## E cores and accessories

E41/17/12

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 105$	$\approx 880$	E41/17/12-3F3-E250
	$315 \pm 5\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 130$	$\approx 670$	E41/17/12-3F3-E315
	$400 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 165$	$\approx 500$	E41/17/12-3F3-A400
	$630 \pm 10\%$	$\approx 260$	$\approx 290$	E41/17/12-3F3-A630
	$1000 \pm 10\%$	$\approx 415$	$\approx 160$	E41/17/12-3F3-A1000
	$3575 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1470$	$\approx 0$	E41/17/12-3F3

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

**Core halves of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$9400 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3870$	$\approx 0$	E41/17/12-3E25
3E27	$9400 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3870$	$\approx 0$	E41/17/12-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 2.40$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 1.30$	$\leq 1.45$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 330$	–	$\leq 1.10$	$\approx 5.00$	$\approx 2.30$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 1.40$	–	$\leq 2.20$

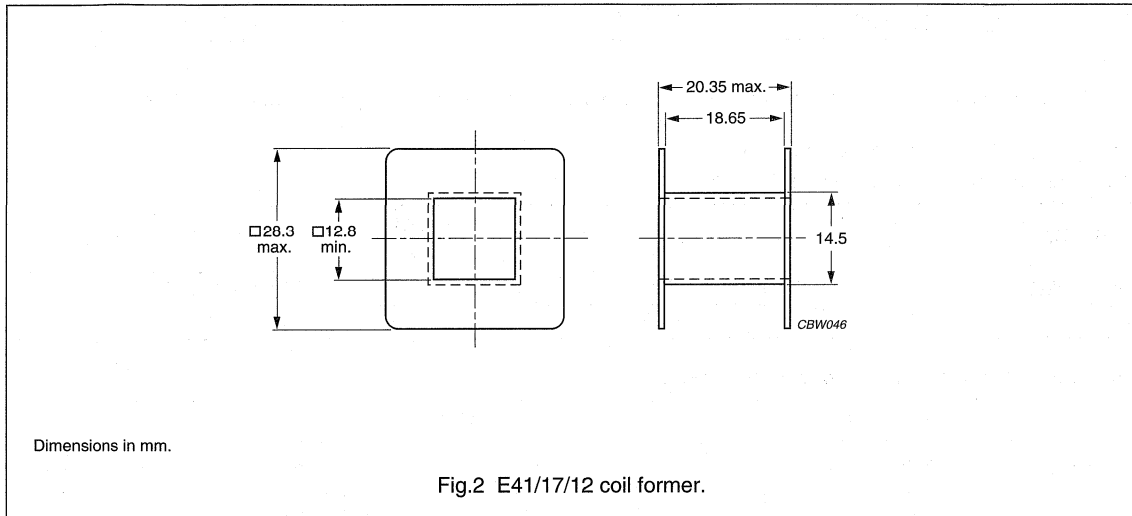
## E cores and accessories

E41/17/12

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E41/17/12 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data for E41/17/12 coil former without pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	120	18.6	79.6	CP-E41/17/12-1S

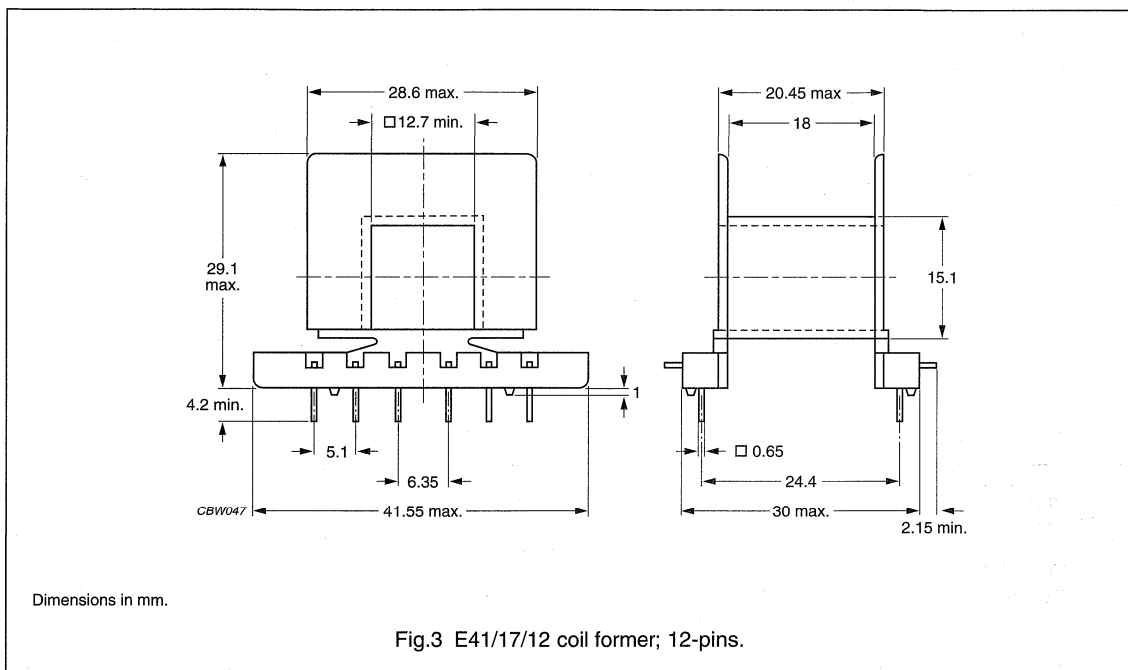


# E cores and accessories

E41/17/12

## General data for 12-pins E41/17/12 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyethyleneterephthalate (PET), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 12-pins E41/17/12 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	114	18	81.2	CPH-E41/12-1S-12PD

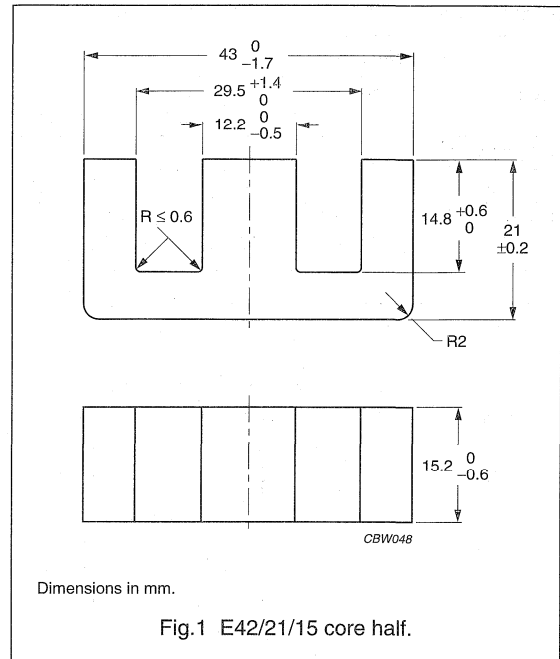
## E cores and accessories

E42/21/15

## CORE SETS


## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.548	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	17300	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	97.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	178	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	175	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈44	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈110	≈1110	E42/21/15-3C81-E250
	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈135	≈840	E42/21/15-3C81-E315
	$400 \pm 5\%$	≈170	≈630	E42/21/15-3C81-A400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	≈270	≈360	E42/21/15-3C81-A630
	$1000 \pm 10\%$	≈430	≈200	E42/21/15-3C81-A1000
	$5300 \pm 25\%$	≈2300	≈0	E42/21/15-3C81
3C90	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈110	≈1110	E42/21/15-3C90-E250
	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈135	≈840	E42/21/15-3C90-E315
	$400 \pm 5\%$	≈170	≈630	E42/21/15-3C90-A400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	≈270	≈360	E42/21/15-3C90-A630
	$1000 \pm 10\%$	≈430	≈200	E42/21/15-3C90-A1000
	$3900 \pm 25\%$	≈1700	≈0	E42/21/15-3C90
3C94 	$4100 \pm 25\%$	≈1780	≈0	E42/21/15-3C94

## E cores and accessories

E42/21/15

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 110$	$\approx 1110$	E42/21/15-3F3-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 135$	$\approx 840$	E42/21/15-3F3-E315
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 170$	$\approx 630$	E42/21/15-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 270$	$\approx 360$	E42/21/15-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 430$	$\approx 200$	E42/21/15-3F3-A1000
	3600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1570$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/15-3F3

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40  $\pm$  20 N.

**Core halves of high permeability grades**

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40  $\pm$  20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	8000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3490$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/15-3C11
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	8000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3490$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/15-3E25
3E27	8000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3490$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/15-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 3.60$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 1.90$	$\leq 2.20$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 330$	–	$\leq 1.80$	$\approx 7.40$	$\approx 4.00$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 2.20$	–	$\leq 3.80$

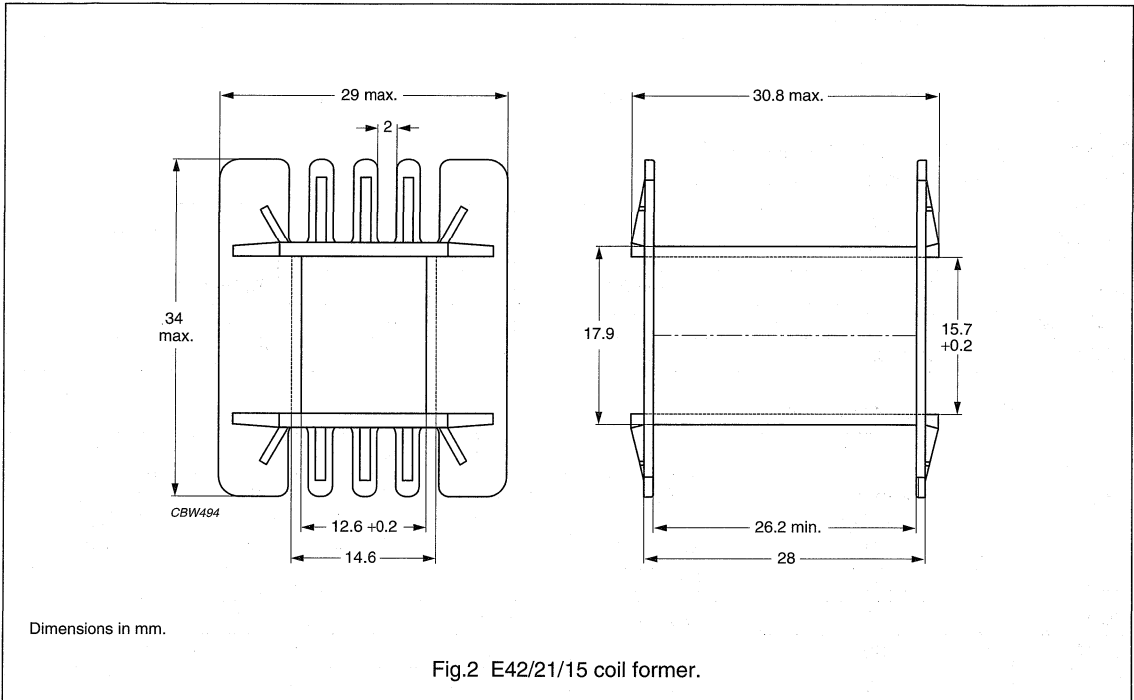
## E cores and accessories

E42/21/15

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E42/21/15 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for E42/21/15 coil former without pins

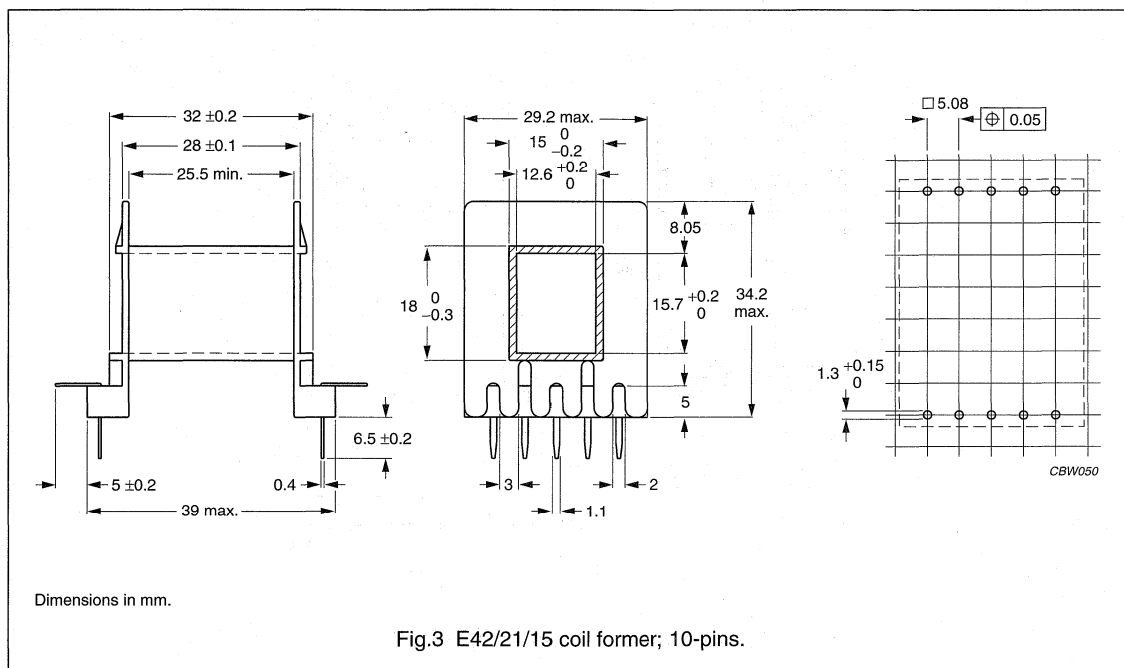
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	178	26	93	CP-E42/21/15-1S

E cores and accessories

E42/21/15

General data for 10-pins E42/21/15 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41871(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	120 °C, "IEC 60085", class E
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 10-pins E42/21/15 coil former

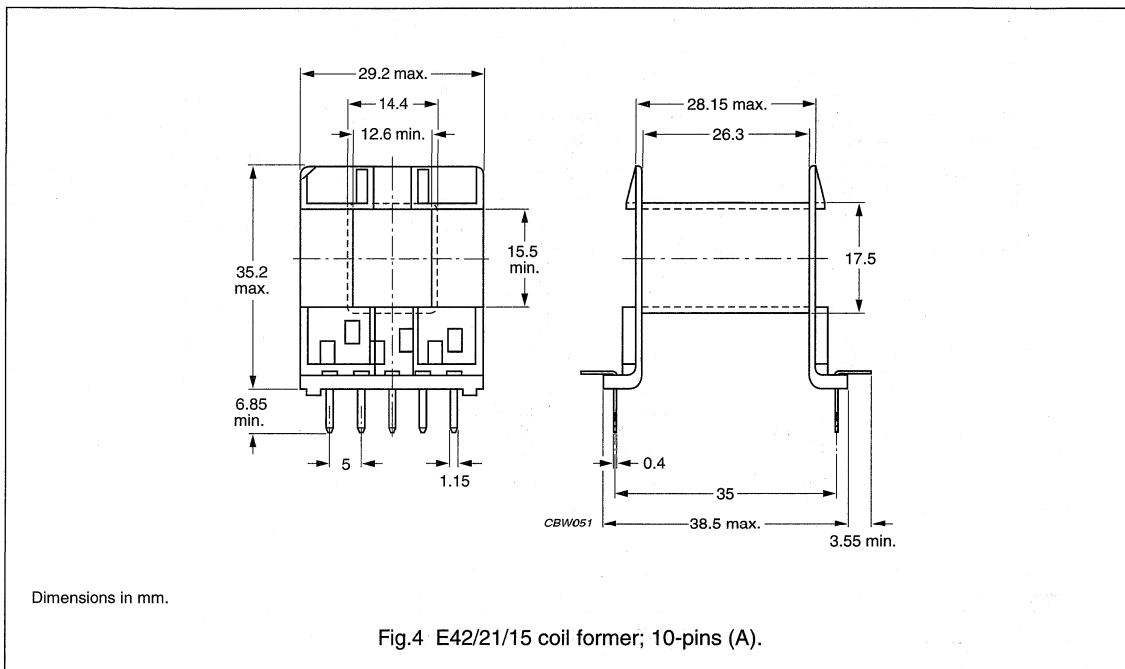
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	178	25.5	93	CPH-E42/21/15-1S-10P

## E cores and accessories

E42/21/15

## General data for 10-pins E42/21/15 coil former (A)

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class A
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 10-pins E42/21/15 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	180	26.3	87	CPH-E42/15-1S-10PD-A

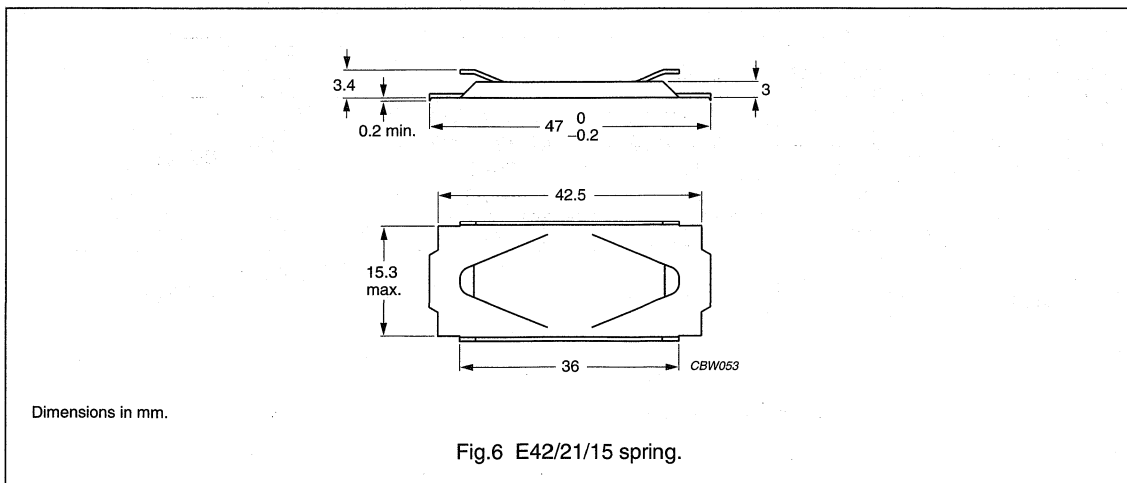
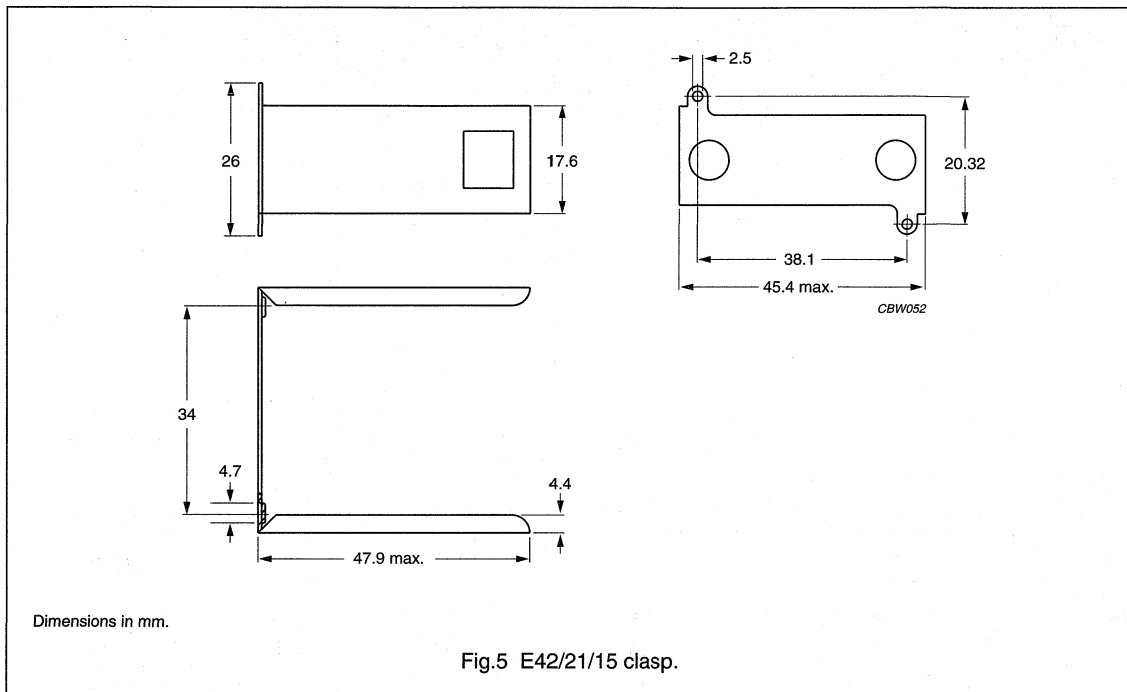
E cores and accessories

E42/21/15

MOUNTING PARTS

General data for mounting parts

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	steel, zinc (Zn) plated	5	CLA-E42/21/15
Spring	steel, zinc (Zn) plated	6	SPR-E42/21/15



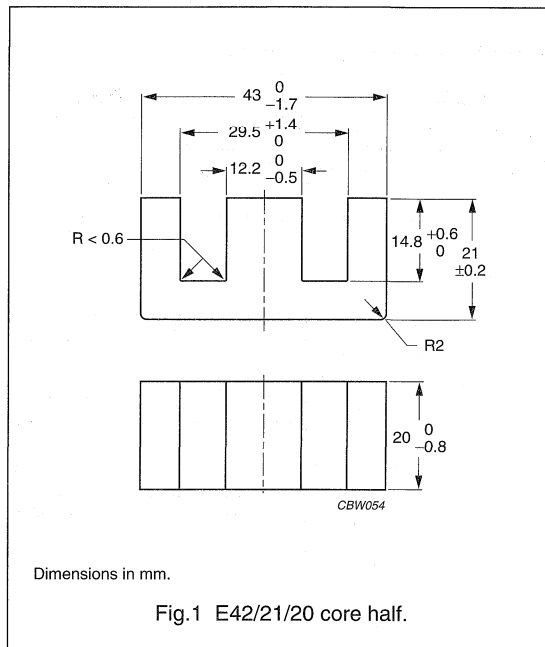
## E cores and accessories

E42/21/20

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.417	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	22700	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	97.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	233	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	233	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	≈56	g



## Core halves

Gapped cores are available on request. Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈84	≈1470	E42/21/20-3C81-E250
	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈105	≈1110	E42/21/20-3C81-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈134	≈830	E42/21/20-3C81-E400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	≈211	≈480	E42/21/20-3C81-A630
	$1000 \pm 10\%$	≈334	≈270	E42/21/20-3C81-A1000
	$6950 \pm 25\%$	≈2300	≈0	E42/21/20-3C81
3C90	$250 \pm 3\%$	≈84	≈1470	E42/21/20-3C90-E250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	≈105	≈1110	E42/21/20-3C90-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	≈134	≈830	E42/21/20-3C90-E400
	$630 \pm 5\%$	≈211	≈480	E42/21/20-3C90-A630
	$1000 \pm 10\%$	≈334	≈270	E42/21/20-3C90-A1000
	$5000 \pm 25\%$	≈1660	≈0	E42/21/20-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$5200 \pm 25\%$	≈1720	≈0	E42/21/20-3C94



## E cores and accessories

E42/21/20

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 84$	$\approx 1470$	E42/21/20-3F3-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 105$	$\approx 1110$	E42/21/20-3F3-E315
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 134$	$\approx 830$	E42/21/20-3F3-E400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 211$	$\approx 480$	E42/21/20-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 334$	$\approx 270$	E42/21/20-3F3-A1000
	4600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1530$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/20-3F3

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40  $\pm 20$  N.

**Core halves of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40  $\pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L^0$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	10500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3520$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/20-3E25
3E27	10500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3520$	$\approx 0$	E42/21/20-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 4.7$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 2.4$	$\leq 2.9$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 330$	–	$\leq 2.5$	$\approx 10$	$\approx 5.6$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 2.7$	–	$\leq 5.0$

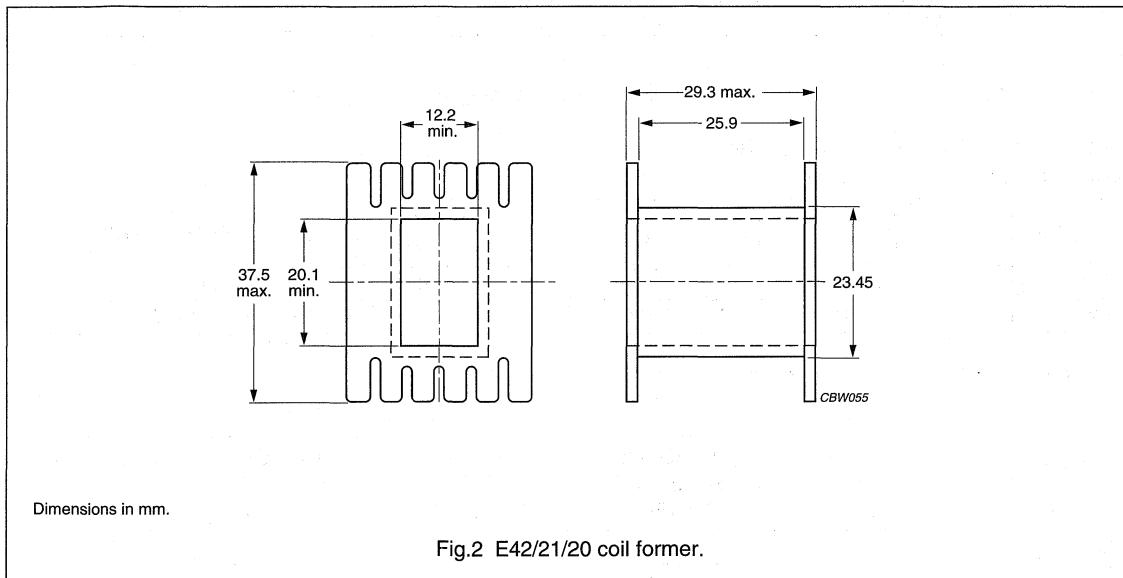
## E cores and accessories

E42/21/20

## COIL FORMER

## General data for E42/21/20 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class A



## Winding data for E42/21/20 coil former without pins

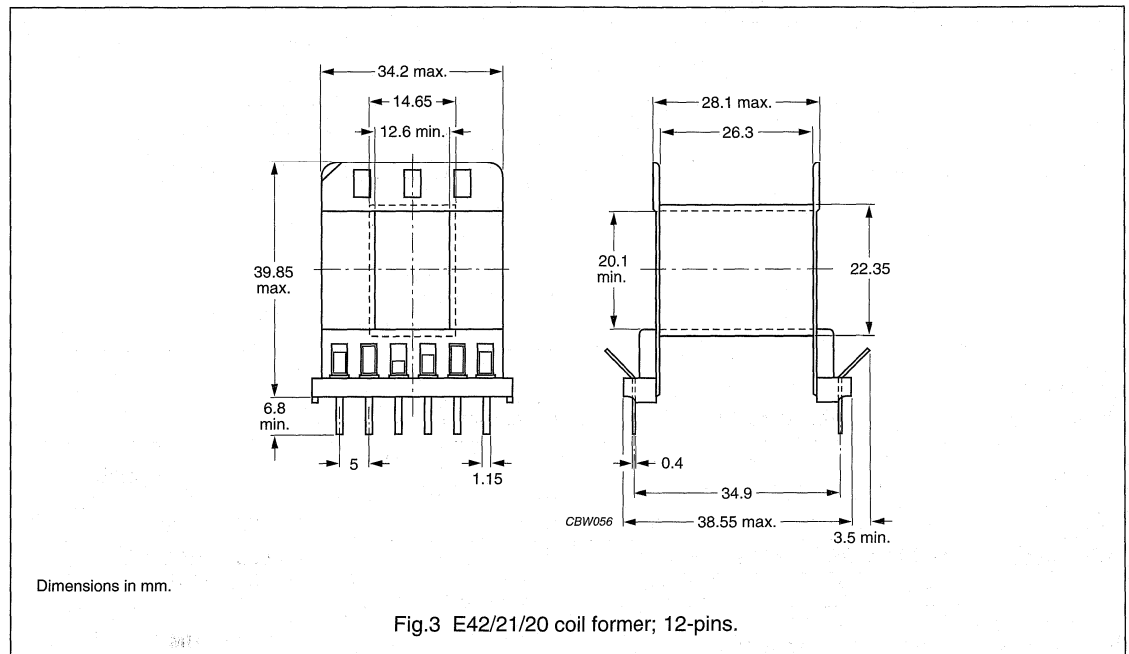
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	173	25.9	100	CP-E42/21/20-1S

E cores and accessories

E42/21/20

General data for 12-pins E42/21/20 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class A
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 12-pins E42/21/20 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	255	26.3	78.5	CPH-E42/20-1S-12PD

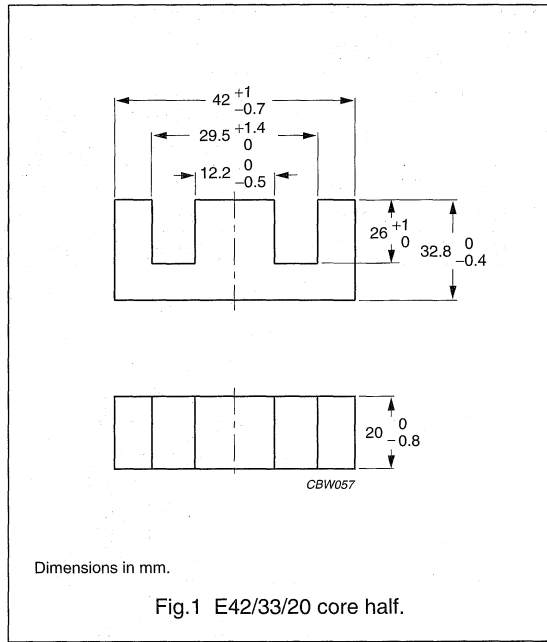
## E cores and accessories

E42/33/20

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.614	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	34200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	145	mm
$A_e$	effective area	236	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	234	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈82	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ±20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	4000 ±25%	≈2000	≈0	E42/33/20-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	4000 ±25%	≈2000	≈0	E42/33/20-3C94
3F3	3700 ±25%	≈1850	≈0	E42/33/20-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤3.6	≤4.2	–	–
3C94	≥330	–	≤3.4	≈15	≈7.5
3F3	≥320	–	≤4.0	–	≤7.3

# E cores and accessories

E47/20/16

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.380	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	20800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	88.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	234	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	226	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈53	g

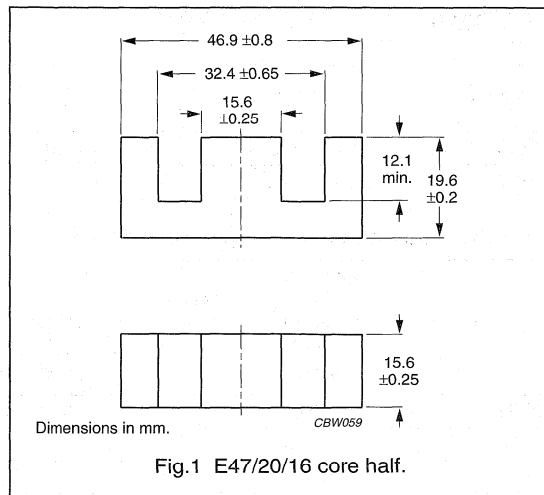


Fig.1 E47/20/16 core half.

### Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ± 20 N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈76	≈1460	E47/20/16-3C81-E250
	315 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈95	≈1100	E47/20/16-3C81-E315
	400 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈121	≈830	E47/20/16-3C81-E400
	630 ± 5%	≈191	≈480	E47/20/16-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 10%	≈303	≈270	E47/20/16-3C81-A1000
	7540 ± 25%	≈2290	≈0	E47/20/16-3C81
3C90	250 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈76	≈1460	E47/20/16-3C90-E250
	315 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈95	≈1100	E47/20/16-3C90-E315
	400 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈121	≈830	E47/20/16-3C90-E400
	630 ± 5%	≈191	≈480	E47/20/16-3C90-A630
	1000 ± 10%	≈303	≈270	E47/20/16-3C90-A1000
	5500 ± 25%	≈1660	≈0	E47/20/16-3C90
3F3	250 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈76	≈1458	E47/20/16-3F3-E250
	315 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈95	≈1100	E47/20/16-3F3-E315
	400 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈121	≈830	E47/20/16-3F3-E400
	630 ± 5%	≈191	≈480	E47/20/16-3F3-A630
	1000 ± 10%	≈303	≈270	E47/20/16-3F3-A1000
	5100 ± 25%	≈1550	≈0	E47/20/16-3F3

### Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ± 20 N.

## E cores and accessories

E47/20/16

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$11\,475 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3480$	$\approx 0$	E47/20/16-3E25
3E27	$11\,475 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3480$	$\approx 0$	E47/20/16-3E27

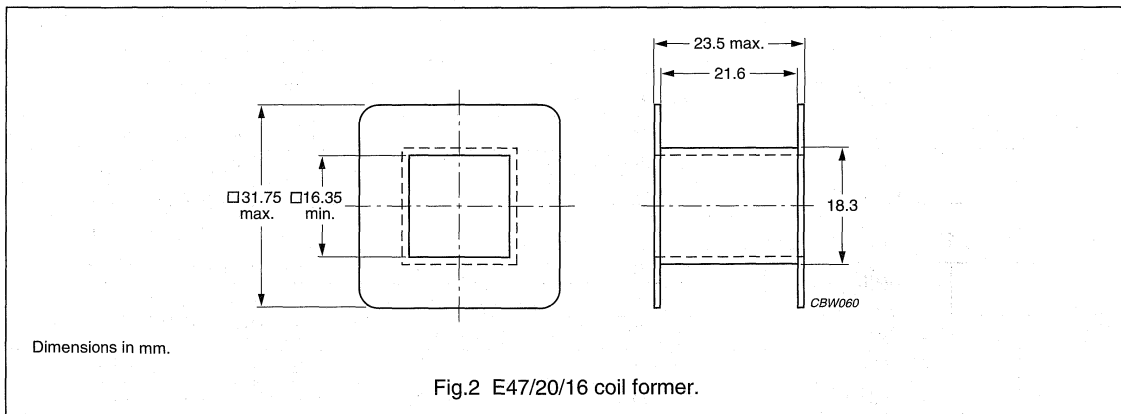
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 4.3$	–	–
3C90	$\geq 330$	$\leq 2.3$	$\leq 2.7$	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 2.5$	$\leq 4.0$

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E47/20/16 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data for E47/20/16 coil former without pins

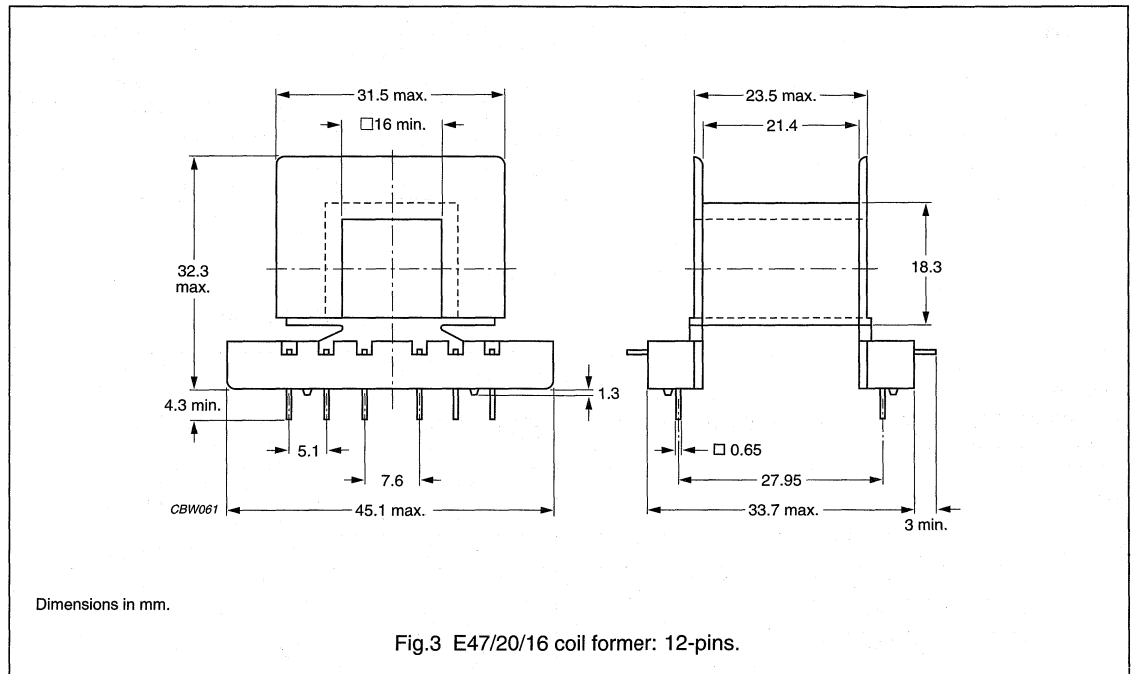
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	130	21.6	93.3	CP-E47/20/16-1S

E cores and accessories

E47/20/16

General data for 12-pins E47/20/16 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 12-pins E47/20/16 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	131	21.4	94.7	CPH-E47/16-1S-12PD

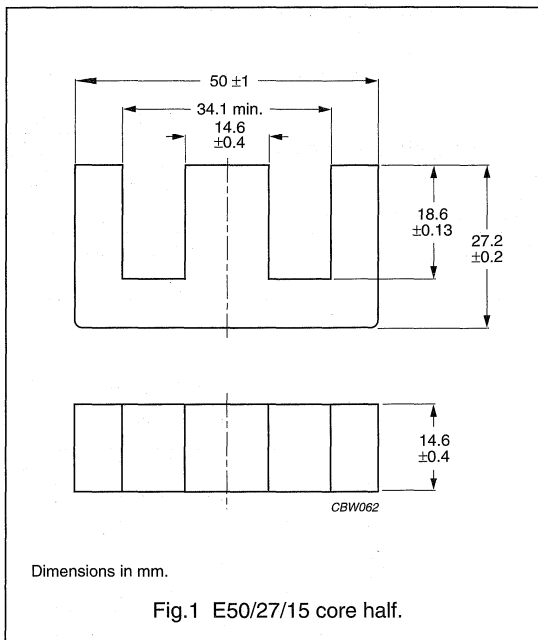
## E cores and accessories

E50/27/15

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.530	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	26900	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	120	mm
$A_e$	effective area	225	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈68	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	≈106	≈1410	E50/27/15-3C81-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	≈133	≈1060	E50/27/15-3C81-E315
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	≈169	≈790	E50/27/15-3C81-E400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	≈267	≈450	E50/27/15-3C81-A630
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	≈424	≈250	E50/27/15-3C81-A1000
	5500 $\pm 25\%$	≈2300	≈0	E50/27/15-3C81
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	≈106	≈1410	E50/27/15-3C90-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	≈133	≈1060	E50/27/15-3C90-E315
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	≈169	≈790	E50/27/15-3C90-E400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	≈267	≈450	E50/27/15-3C90-A630
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	≈424	≈250	E50/27/15-3C90-A1000
	4355 $\pm 25\%$	≈1840	≈0	E50/27/15-3C90

## Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.



## E cores and accessories

E50/27/15

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤5.5	-
3C90	≥320	≤2.7	≤3.4

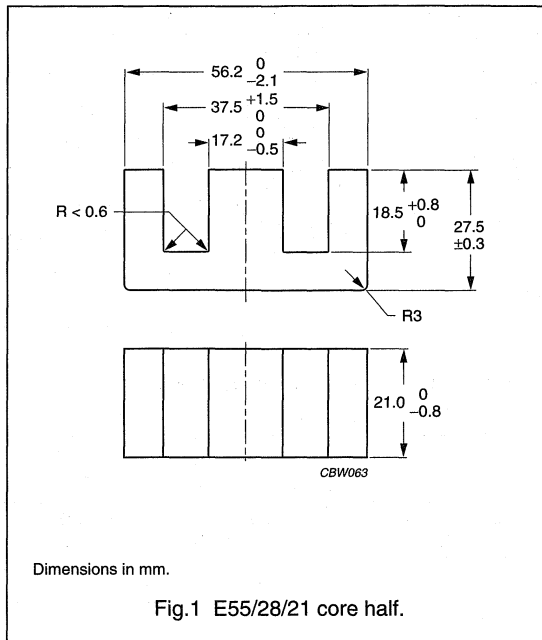
## E cores and accessories

E55/28/21

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.350	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	44000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	124	mm
$A_e$	effective area	353	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	345	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈108	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈88	≈1740	E55/28/21-3C81-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈112	≈1300	E55/28/21-3C81-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈176	≈750	E55/28/21-3C81-E630
	$1000 \pm 5\%$	≈280	≈430	E55/28/21-3C81-A1000
	$1600 \pm 10\%$	≈448	≈230	E55/28/21-3C81-A1600
	$8625 \pm 25\%$	≈2400	≈0	E55/28/21-3C81
3C90	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈88	≈1740	E55/28/21-3C90-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈112	≈1300	E55/28/21-3C90-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	≈176	≈750	E55/28/21-3C90-E630
	$1000 \pm 5\%$	≈280	≈430	E55/28/21-3C90-A1000
	$1600 \pm 10\%$	≈448	≈230	E55/28/21-3C90-A1600
	$6300 \pm 25\%$	≈1750	≈0	E55/28/21-3C90

## E cores and accessories

E55/28/21

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 88$	$\approx 1740$	E55/28/21-3F3-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 112$	$\approx 1300$	E55/28/21-3F3-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 176$	$\approx 750$	E55/28/21-3F3-E630
	$1000 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 280$	$\approx 430$	E55/28/21-3F3-A1000
	$1600 \pm 10\%$	$\approx 448$	$\approx 230$	E55/28/21-3F3-A1600
	$5700 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1590$	$\approx 0$	E55/28/21-3F3

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

**Core halves of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	$12800 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3700$	$\approx 0$	E55/28/21-3C11
3E25 <small>des</small>	$14000 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 4000$	$\approx 0$	E55/28/21-3E25
3E27	$15400 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 4300$	$\approx 0$	E55/28/21-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 9.0$	–	–
3C90	$\geq 310$	$\leq 4.8$	$\leq 5.9$	–
3F3	$\geq 310$	–	$\leq 5.6$	$\leq 10.3$

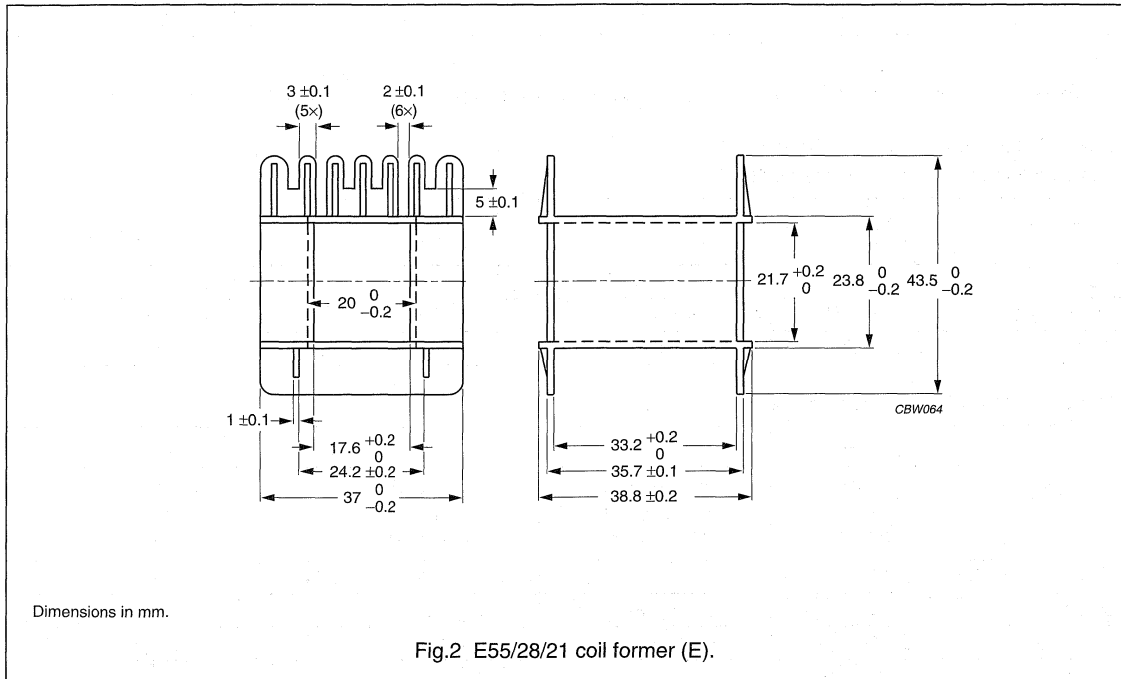
## E cores and accessories

E55/28/21

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E55/28/21 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41613(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data for E55/28/21 coil former without pins (E)

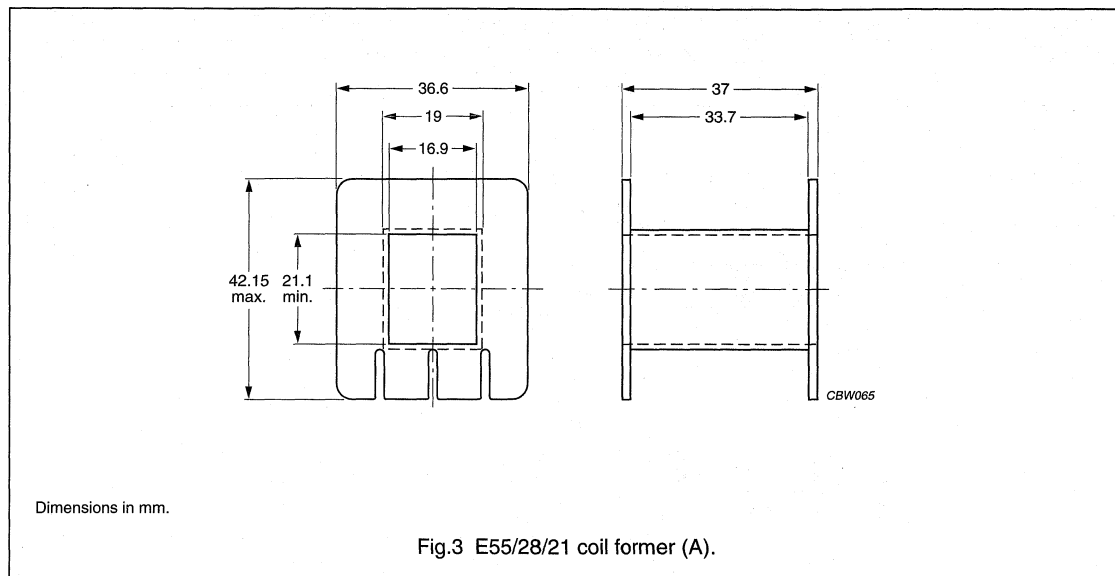
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	250	33.2	116	CP-E55/28/21-1S

E cores and accessories

E55/28/21

General data for E55/28/21 coil former without pins (A)

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



Winding data for E55/28/21 coil former without pins (A)

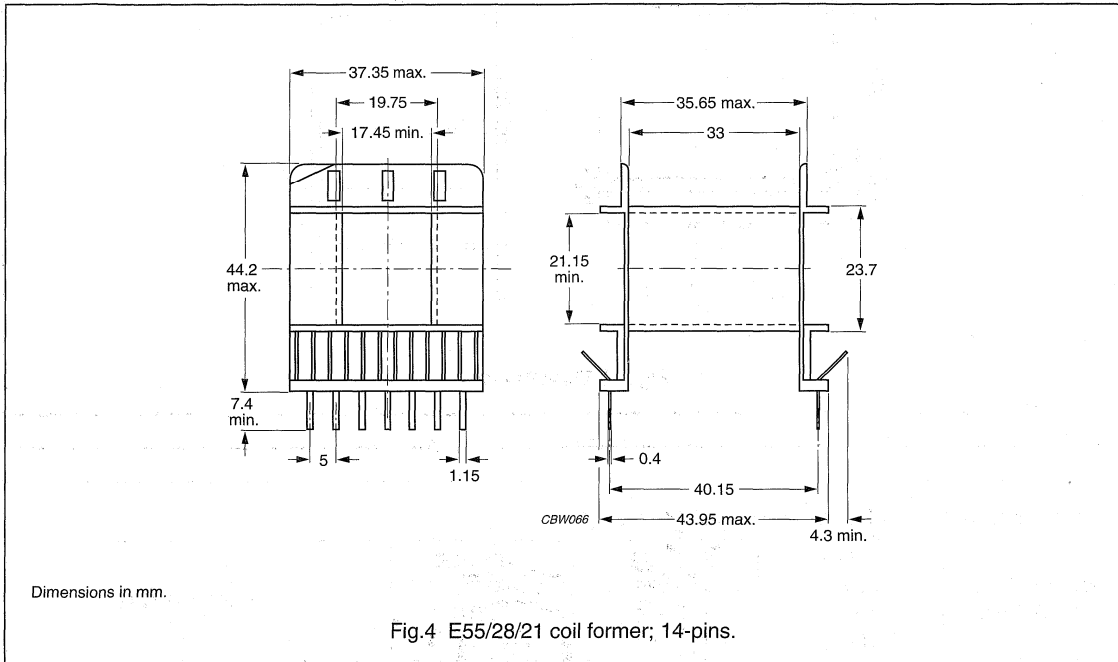
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	277	33.7	113	CP-E55/28/21-1S-A

## E cores and accessories

E55/28/21

## General data for 14-pins E55/28/21 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class A
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 14-pins E55/28/21 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	278	33	119	CPH-E55/28/21-1S-14P

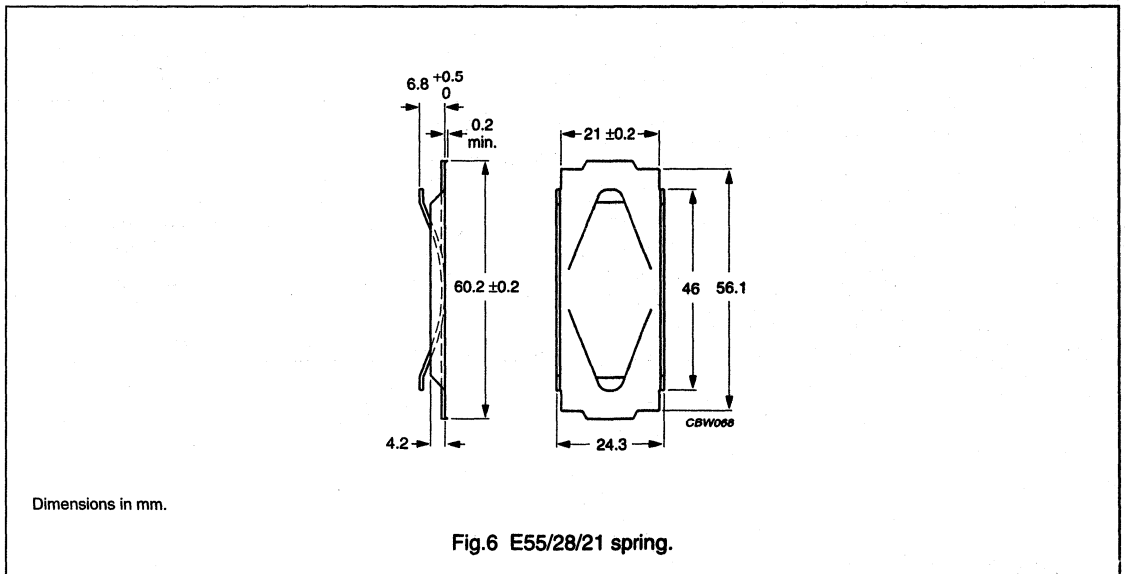
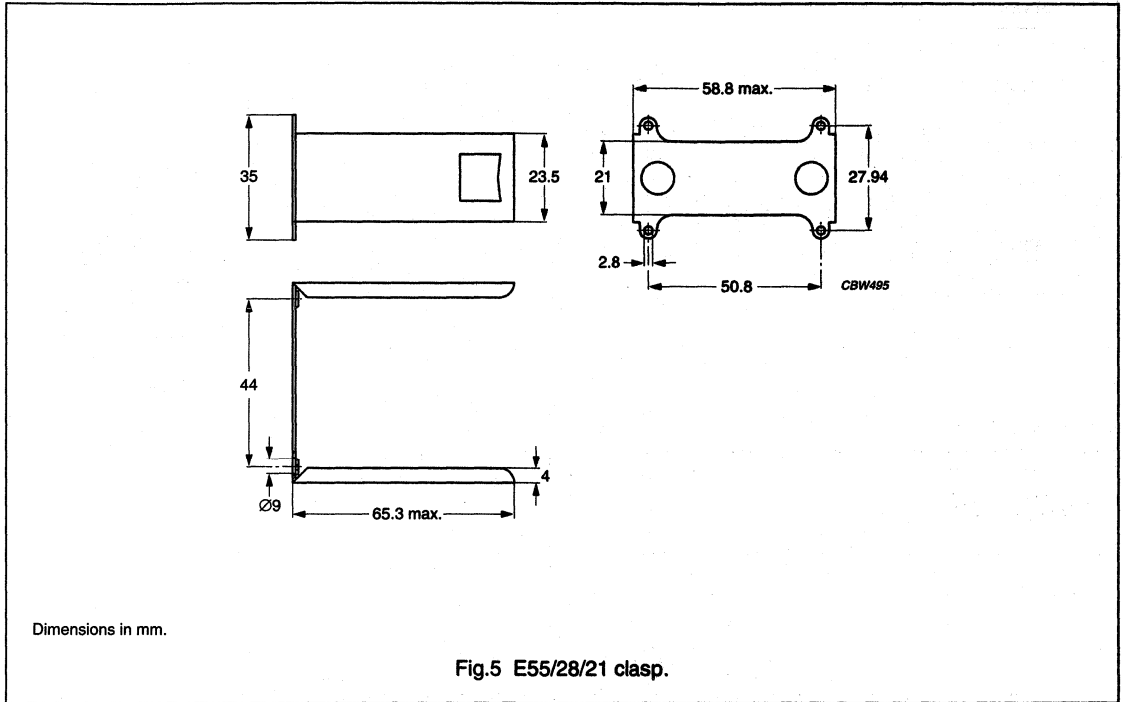
## MOUNTING PARTS

## GENERAL DATA FOR MOUNTING PARTS

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	steel, zinc (Zn) plated	5	CLA-E55/28/21
Spring	steel, zinc (Zn) plated	6	SPR-E55/28/21

E cores and accessories

E55/28/21



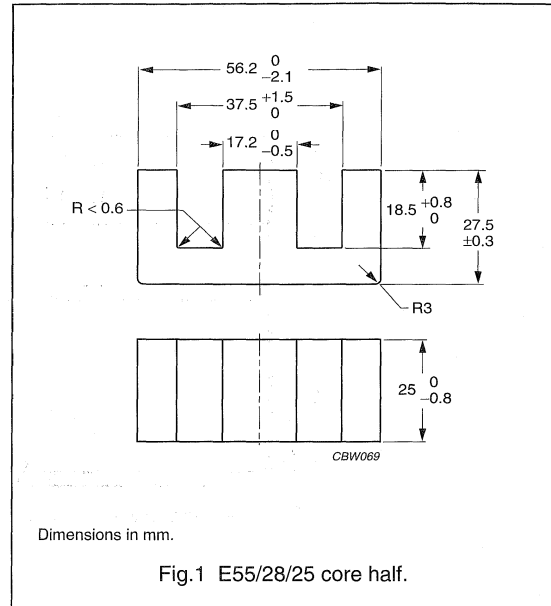
## E cores and accessories

E55/28/25

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.239	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	52000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	123	mm
$A_e$	effective area	420	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	411	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈130	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$8000 \pm 25\%$	≈1950	≈0	E55/28/25-3C90
3F3	$7400 \pm 25\%$	≈1800	≈0	E55/28/25-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤5.7	≤7.3	–
3F3	≥310	–	≤6.6	≤12.7



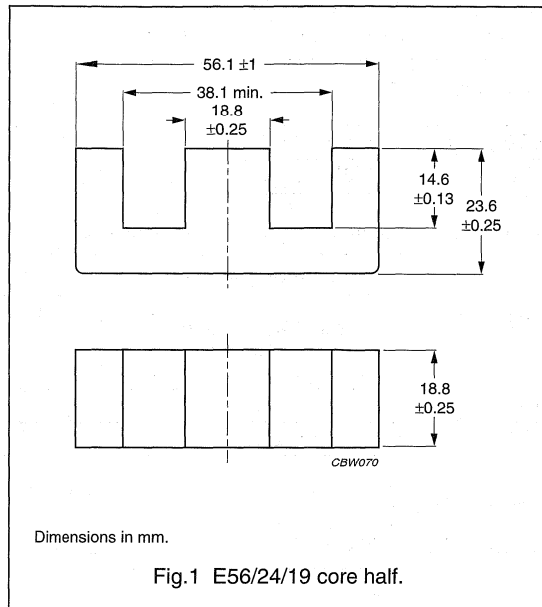
# E cores and accessories

E56/24/19  
(E75)

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.320	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	36000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	107	mm
$A_e$	effective area	337	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈90	g



### Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ± 20 N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	315 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈79	≈1650	E56/24/19-3C81-E315
	400 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈101	≈1240	E56/24/19-3C81-E400
	630 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈158	≈720	E56/24/19-3C81-E630
	1000 ± 5%	≈251	≈410	E56/24/19-3C81-A1000
	1600 ± 10%	≈402	≈230	E56/24/19-3C81-A1600
	9500 ± 25%	≈2380	≈0	E56/24/19-3C81
3C90	315 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈79	≈1650	E56/24/19-3C90-E315
	400 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈101	≈1240	E56/24/19-3C90-E400
	630 ± 3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈158	≈720	E56/24/19-3C90-E630
	1000 ± 5%	≈251	≈410	E56/24/19-3C90-A1000
	1600 ± 10%	≈402	≈230	E56/24/19-3C90-A1600
	6900 ± 25%	≈1730	≈0	E56/24/19-3C90

### Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ± 20 N.

## E cores and accessories

E56/24/19  
(E75)

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	$14580 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3660$	$\approx 0$	E56/24/19-3E25
3E27	$14580 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3660$	$\approx 0$	E56/24/19-3E27

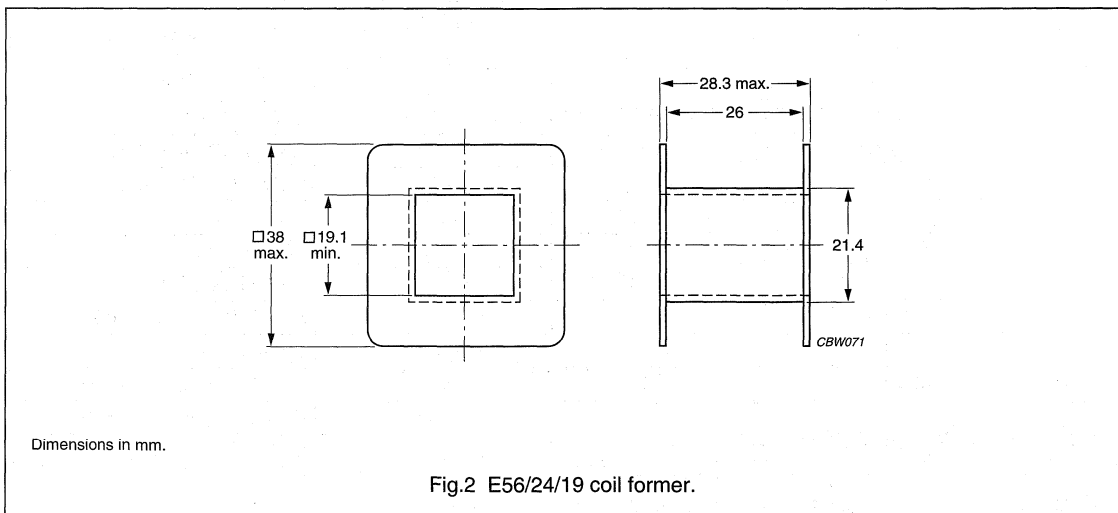
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 7.4$	—
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 3.6$	$\leq 4.8$

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for E56/24/19 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



E cores and accessories

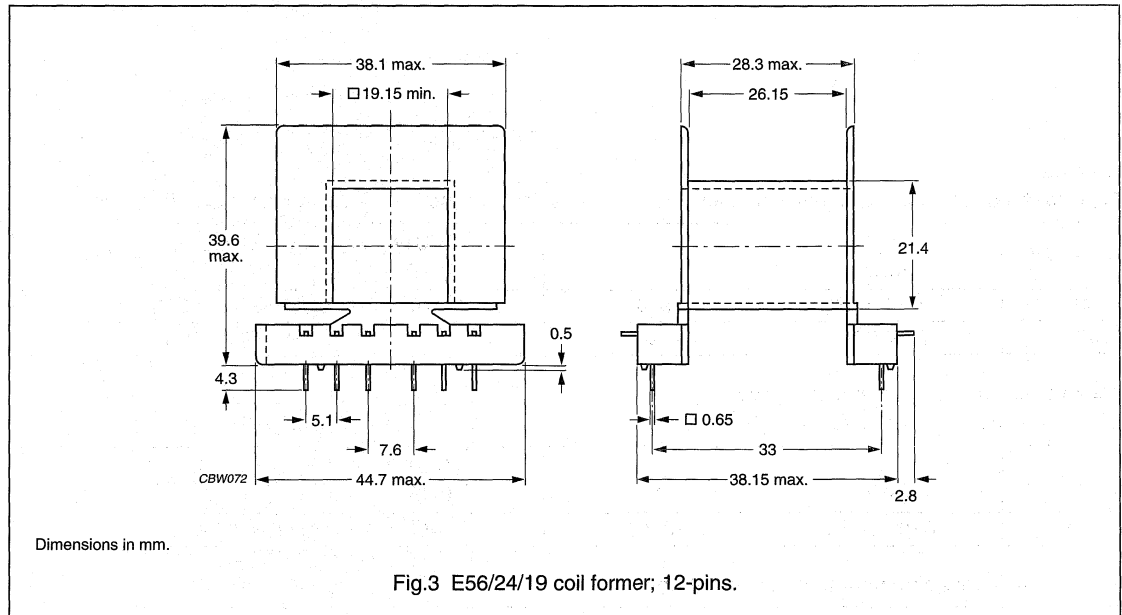
E56/24/19  
(E75)

Winding data for E56/24/19 coil former without pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	222	26.1	112	CP-E56/24/19-1S

General data for 12-pins E56/24/19 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0";UL file number E69578(M)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 12-pins E56/24/19 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	205	26.2	114	CPH-E56/24/19-1S-12PD

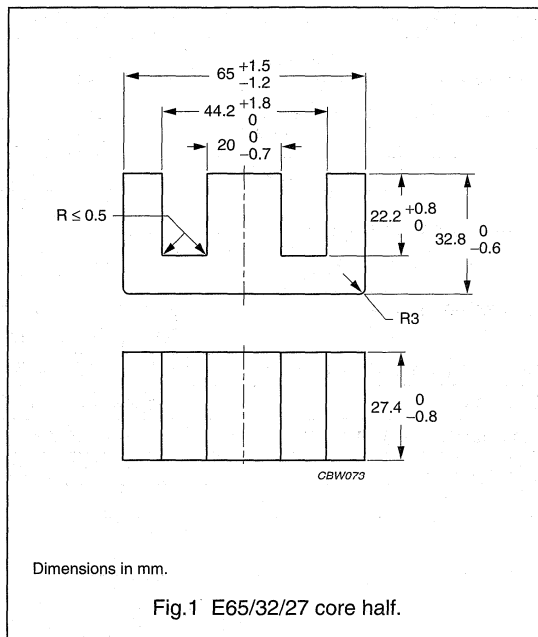
## E cores and accessories

E65/32/27

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.274	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	79000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	147	mm
$A_e$	effective area	540	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	530	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈205	g



## Core halves

Gapped cores are available on request. Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ±20 N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	8600 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	E65/32/27-3C90
3F3	7300 ±25%	≈1590	≈0	E65/32/27-3F3

## Core halves of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	16700 ±25%	≈3800	≈0	E65/32/27-3C11

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤9.1	≤12.0	–
3F3	≥310	–	≤10.5	≤21.0

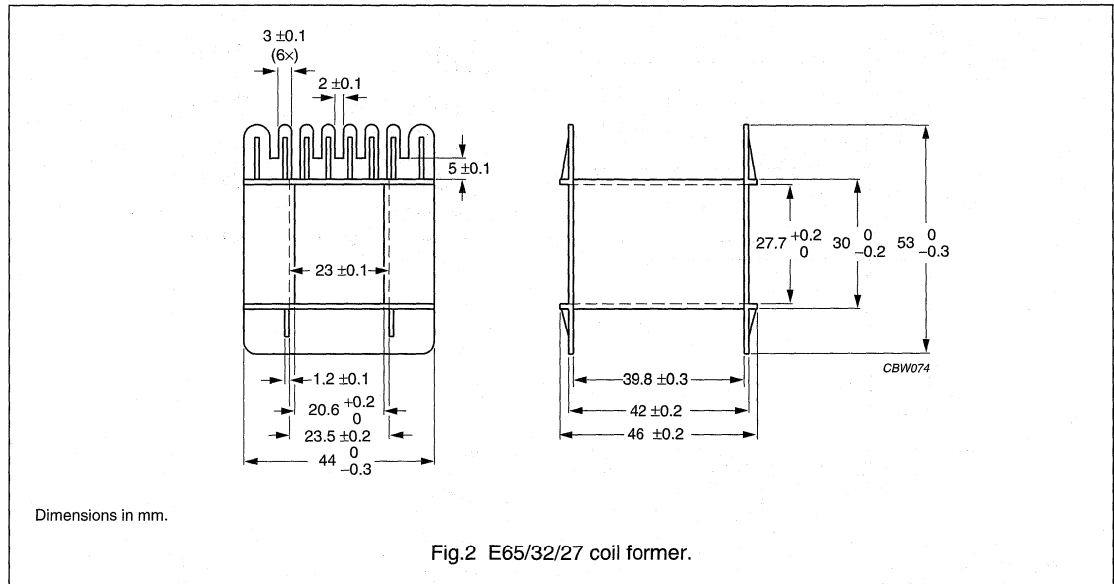
E cores and accessories

E65/32/27

COIL FORMER

General data for E65/32/27 coil former without pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41613(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



Winding data for E65/32/27 coil former without pins (E)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	394	39.5	150	CP-E65/32/27-1S

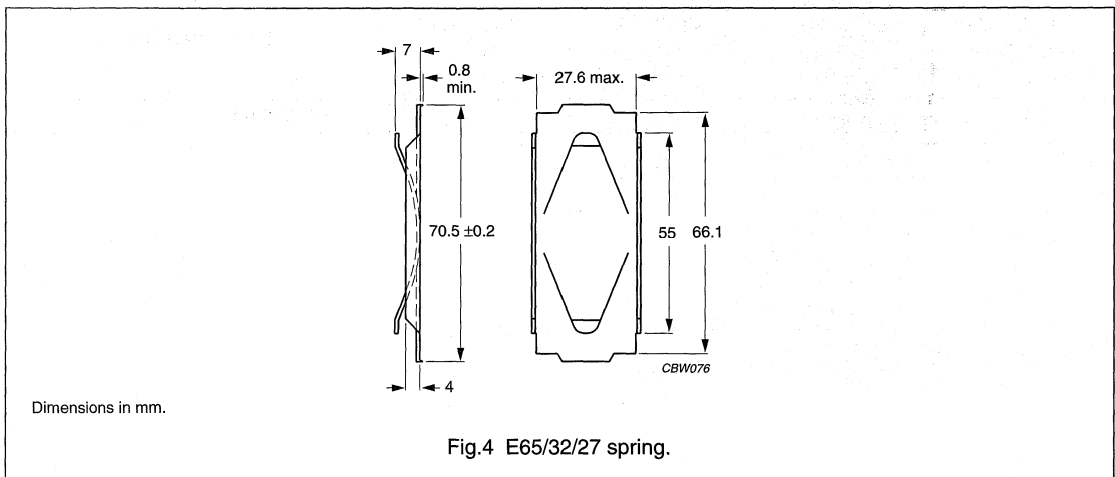
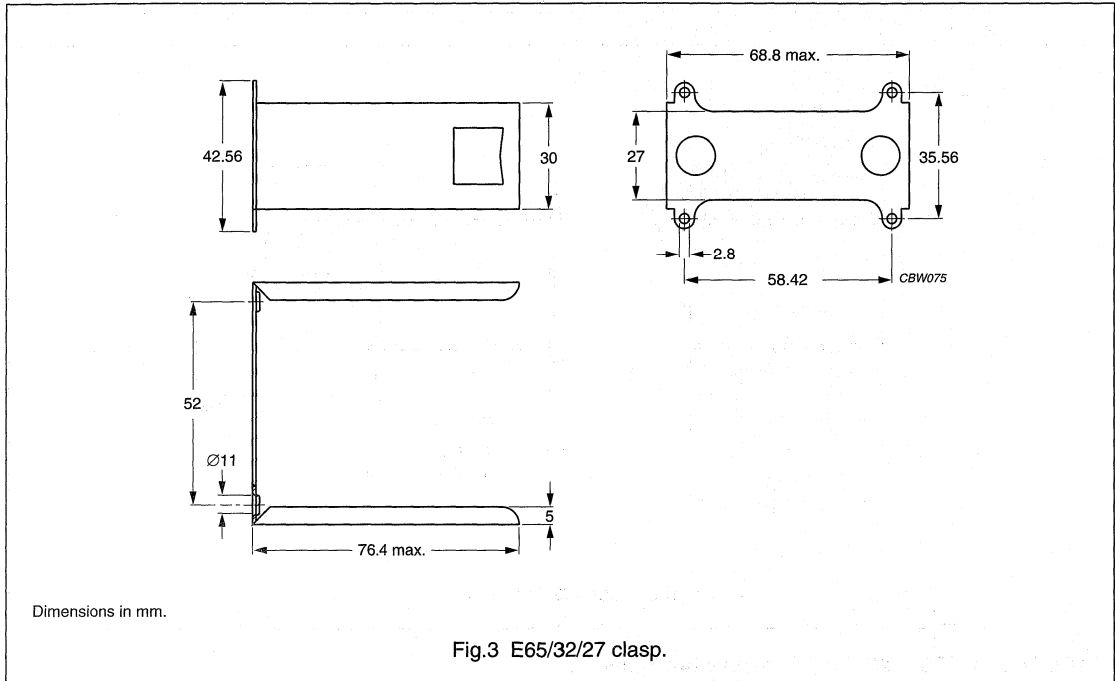
E cores and accessories

E65/32/27

MOUNTING PARTS

General data for mounting parts

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	steel, zinc (Zn) plated	3	CLA-E65/32/27
Spring	steel, zinc (Zn) plated	4	SPR-E65/32/27



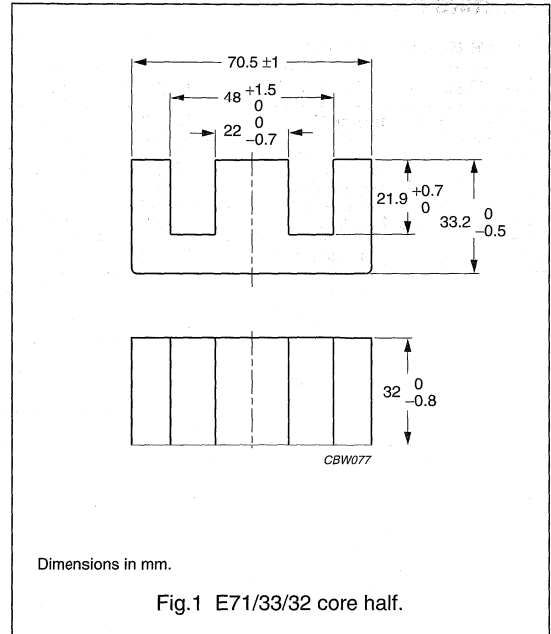
E cores and accessories

E71/33/32

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.218	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	102000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	149	mm
$A_e$	effective area	683	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	676	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈260	g



Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ±20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	10800 ±25%	≈1950	≈0	E71/33/32-3C90
3F3	10000 ±25%	≈1800	≈0	E71/33/32-3F3

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤12.0	≤16.5	—
3F3	≥310	—	≤14.0	≤29.0

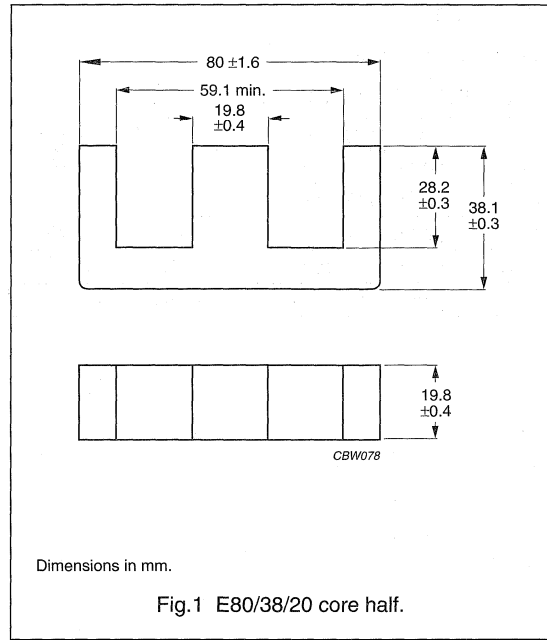
## E cores and accessories

E80/38/20

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.470	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	72300	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	184	mm
$A_e$	effective area	392	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	$\approx 180$	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 118$	$\approx 1980$	E80/38/20-3C81-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 150$	$\approx 1460$	E80/38/20-3C81-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 236$	$\approx 830$	E80/38/20-3C81-E630
	$1000 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 374$	$\approx 460$	E80/38/20-3C81-A1000
	$1600 \pm 10\%$	$\approx 598$	$\approx 240$	E80/38/20-3C81-A1600
	$6730 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2500$	$\approx 0$	E80/38/20-3C81
3C90	$315 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 118$	$\approx 1980$	E80/38/20-3C90-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 150$	$\approx 1460$	E80/38/20-3C90-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 236$	$\approx 830$	E80/38/20-3C90-E630
	$1000 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 374$	$\approx 460$	E80/38/20-3C90-A1000
	$1600 \pm 10\%$	$\approx 598$	$\approx 240$	E80/38/20-3C90-A1600
	$5070 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1900$	$\approx 0$	E80/38/20-3C90



## E cores and accessories

E80/38/20

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	$315 \pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 118$	$\approx 1980$	E80/38/20-3F3-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 150$	$\approx 1460$	E80/38/20-3F3-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 236$	$\approx 830$	E80/38/20-3F3-E630
	$1000 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 374$	$\approx 460$	E80/38/20-3F3-A1000
	$1600 \pm 10\%$	$\approx 598$	$\approx 240$	E80/38/20-3F3-A1600
	$4590 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1720$	$\approx 0$	E80/38/20-3F3

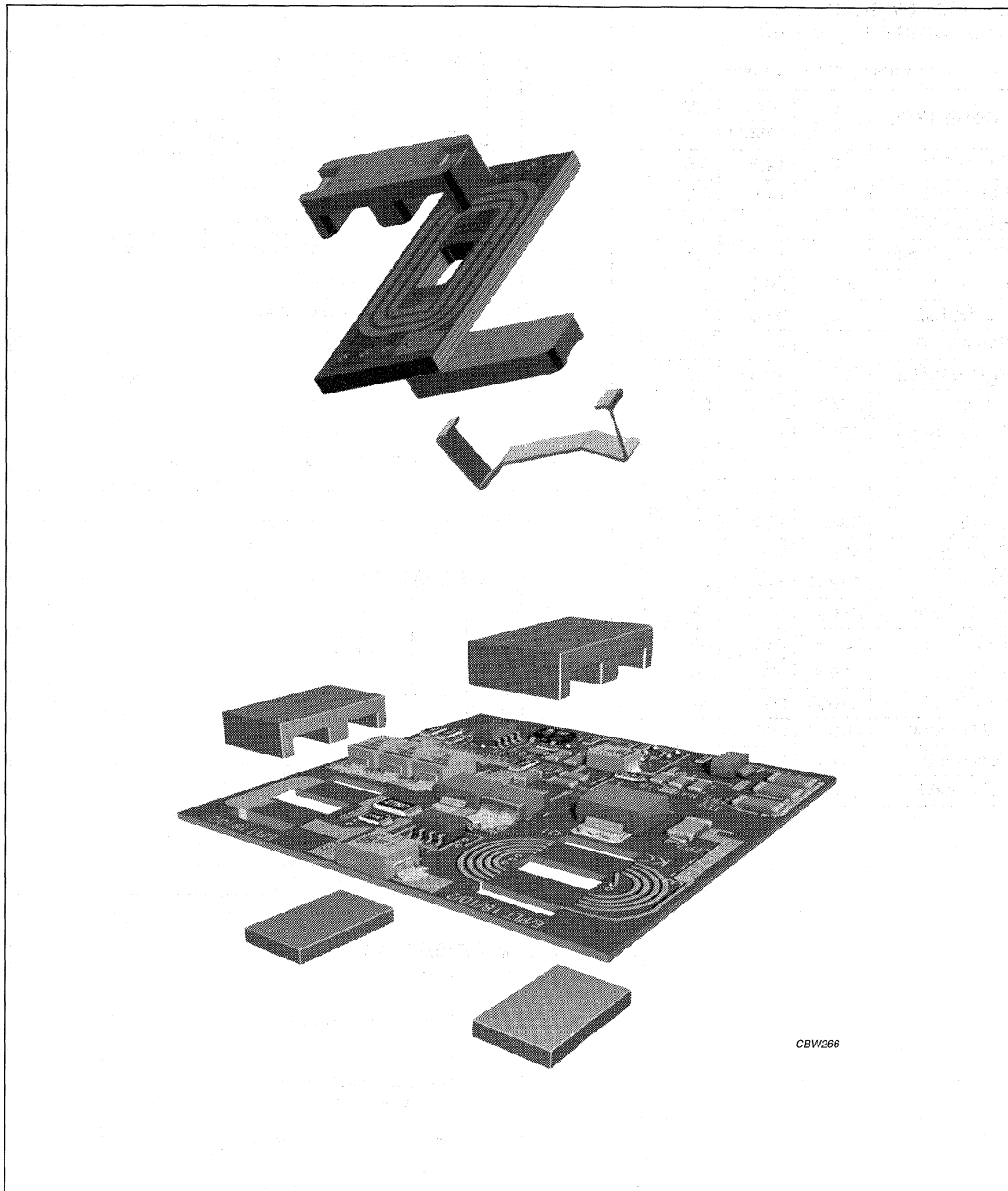
**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 14.8$	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 7.2$	$\leq 10.0$	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 8.0$	$\leq 13.8$





CBW266

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

# Soft Ferrites

# Planar E cores

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

### Product overview Planar E cores

CORE TYPE	V <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>3</sup> )	A <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
E14/3.5/5	300	14.5	0.6
PLT14/5/1.5	240	14.5	0.5
E14/3.5/5/R	–	–	0.6
PLT14/5/1.5/S	230	14.2	0.5
E18/4/10	960	39.5	2.4
PLT18/10/2	800	39.5	1.7
E18/4/10/R	–	–	2.4
PLT18/10/2/S	830	40.8	1.7
E22/6/16	2550	78.5	6.5
PLT22/16/2.5	2040	78.5	4.0
E22/6/16/R	–	–	6.5
PLT22/16/2.5/S	2100	80.4	4.0
E32/6/20	5380	129	13
PLT32/20/3	4560	129	10
E38/8/25	10200	194	25
PLT38/25/4	8460	194	18
E43/10/28	13900	225	35
PLT43/28/4	11500	225	24
E58/11/38	24600	305	62
PLT58/38/4	20800	305	44
E64/10/50	40700	511	100
PLT64/50/5	35500	511	78

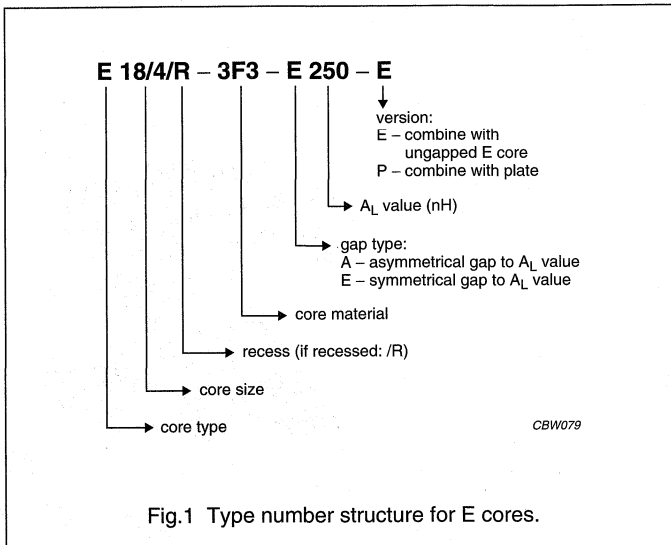


Fig.1 Type number structure for E cores.

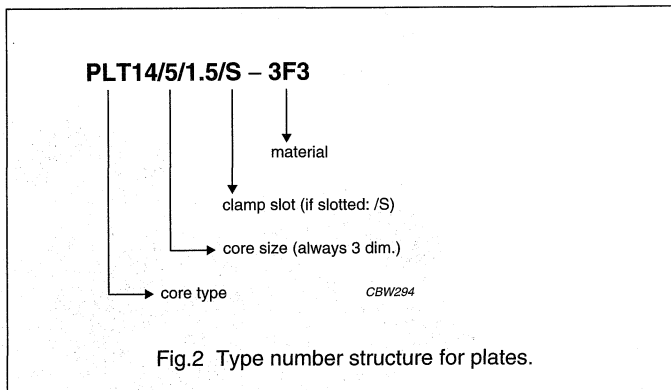


Fig.2 Type number structure for plates.

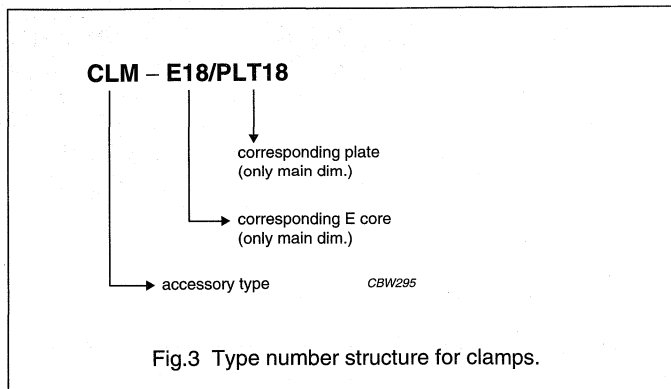


Fig.3 Type number structure for clamps.

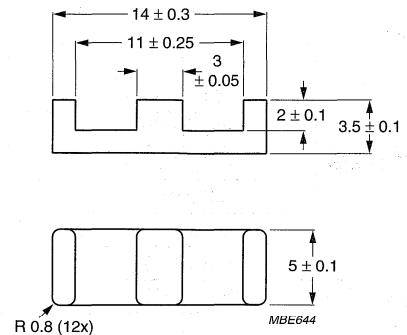
## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5

## CORES

## Effective core parameters of a set of E cores

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.43	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	300	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	20.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14.5	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	14.5	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core half	$\approx 0.6$	g







Dimensions in mm.

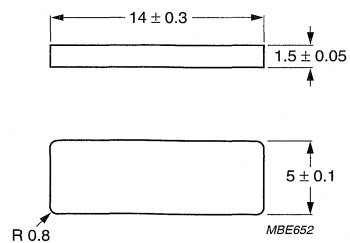
Fig.1 E14/3.5/5 core.

## Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.16	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	240	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	16.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14.5	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	14.5	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of plate	$\approx 0.5$	g

## Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT14/5/1.5-3C90
3C94 	PLT14/5/1.5-3C94
3C96 	PLT14/5/1.5-3C96
3F3	PLT14/5/1.5-3F3
3F35 	PLT14/5/1.5-3F35
3F4 	PLT14/5/1.5-3F4
3E6	PLT14/5/1.5-3E6



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 PLT 14/5/1.5.

## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5

**Core halves for use in combination with an ungapped E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N, using a PCB coil containing 4 layers of 8 tracks each, total height 1.6 mm.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 530$	E14/3.5-3C90-A63-E
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 114$	$\approx 270$	E14/3.5-3C90-A100-E
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 182$	$\approx 130$	E14/3.5-3C90-A160-E
	1280 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1450$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 530$	E14/3.5-3C94-A63-E
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 114$	$\approx 270$	E14/3.5-3C94-A100-E
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 182$	$\approx 130$	E14/3.5-3C94-A160-E
	1280 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1450$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	1200 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1360$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3C96
3F3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 530$	E14/3.5-3F3-A63-E
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 114$	$\approx 270$	E14/3.5-3F3-A100-E
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 182$	$\approx 130$	E14/3.5-3F3-A160-E
	1100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1250$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	900 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1020$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 530$	E14/3.5-3F4-A63-E
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 114$	$\approx 270$	E14/3.5-3F4-A100-E
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 182$	$\approx 130$	E14/3.5-3F4-A160-E
	650 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 740$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3F4
3E6	5600 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 6360$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a plate (PLT) clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N, using a PCB coil containing 4 layers of 8 tracks each, total height 1.6 mm.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5-3C90-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5-3C90-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5-3C90-A160-P
	1500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1400$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5-3C94-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5-3C94-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5-3C94-A160-P
	1500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1400$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	1350 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1260$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3C96
3F3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5-3F3-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5-3F3-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5-3F3-A160-P
	1300 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1200$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	1050 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 980$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5-3F4-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5-3F4-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5-3F4-A160-P
	780 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 720$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3F4
3E6	6400 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 5900$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E14-3C90	≥320	≤0.030	–	–
E+PLT14-3C90	≥320	≤0.026	–	–
E+E14-3C94	≥320	≤0.026	≈0.130	≈0.060
E+PLT14-3C94	≥320	≤0.021	≈0.110	≈0.045
E+E14-3C96	≥320	≈0.018	≈0.095	≈0.045
E+PLT14-3C96	≥320	≈0.015	≈0.080	≈0.032
E+E14-3F3	≥300	≤0.033	–	≤0.060
E+PLT14-3F3	≥300	≤0.027	–	≤0.047
E+E14-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.030
E+PLT14-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.024
E+E14-3F4	≥250	–	–	–
E+PLT14-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E14-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT14-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E14-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT14-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E14-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT14-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E14-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E+PLT14-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E+E14-3F35	≥300	≈0.048	≈0.36	–	–
E+PLT14-3F35	≥300	≈0.038	≈0.29	–	–
E+E14-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.060	≤0.096
E+PLT14-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.048	≤0.077



Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5

**MOUNTING INFORMATION**

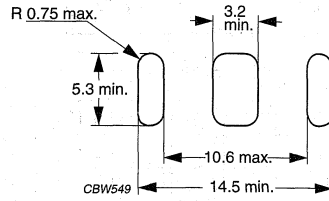


Fig.3 Recommended PCB cut-out for glued planar E14/3.5/5 cores.

## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5

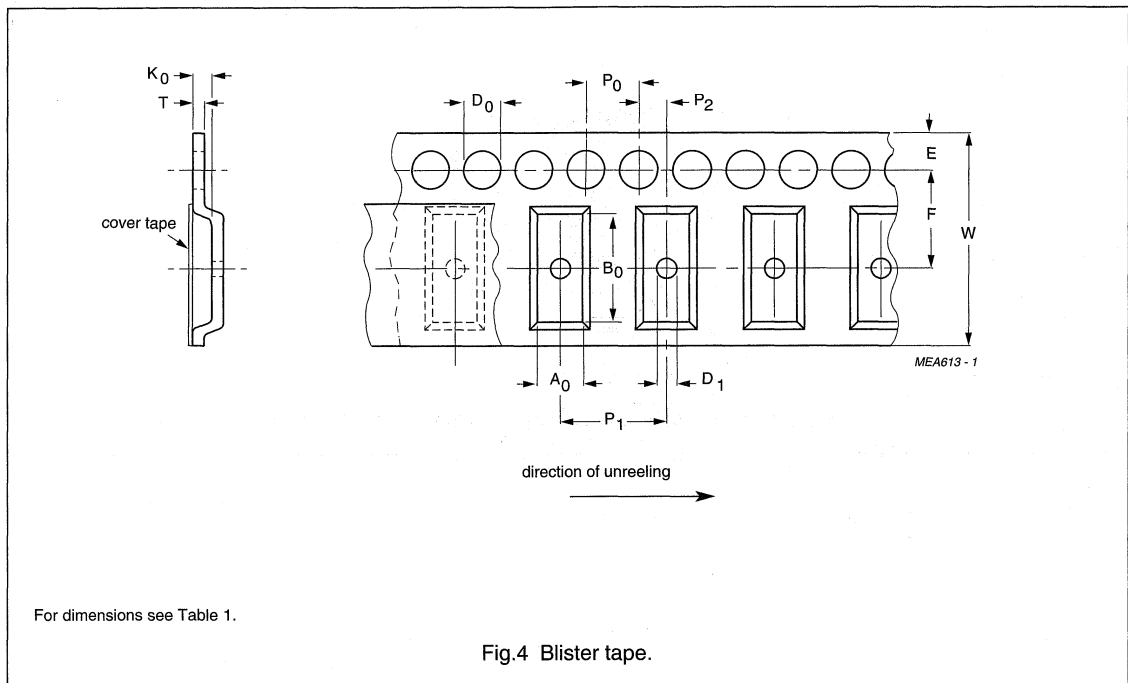
BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS prot

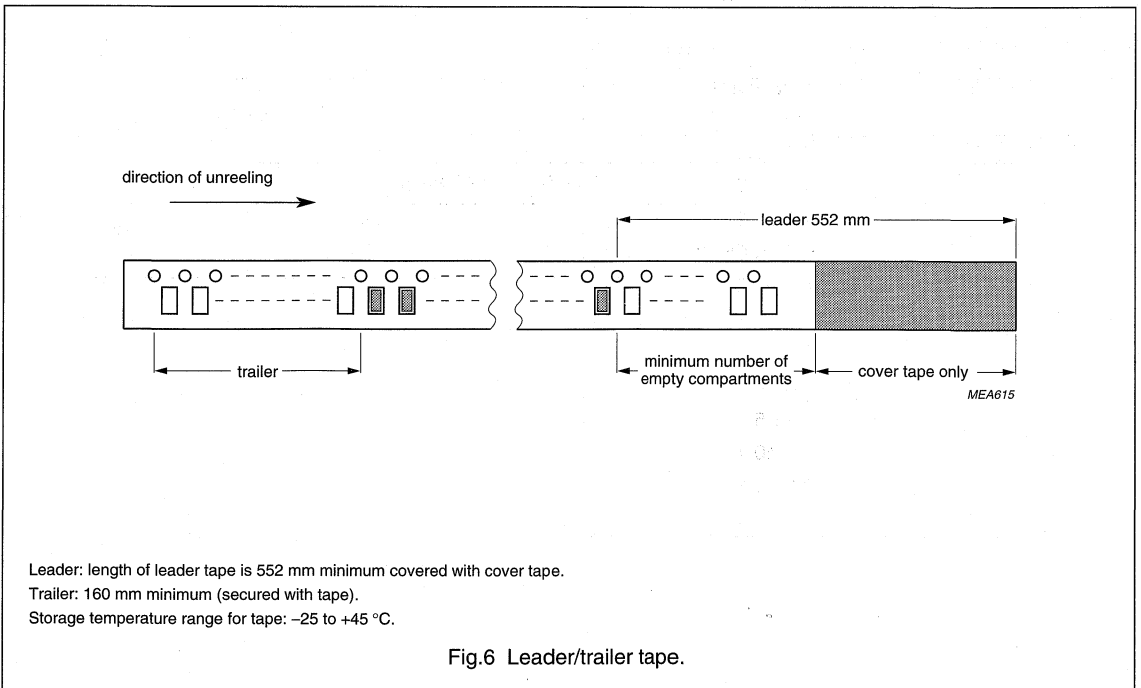
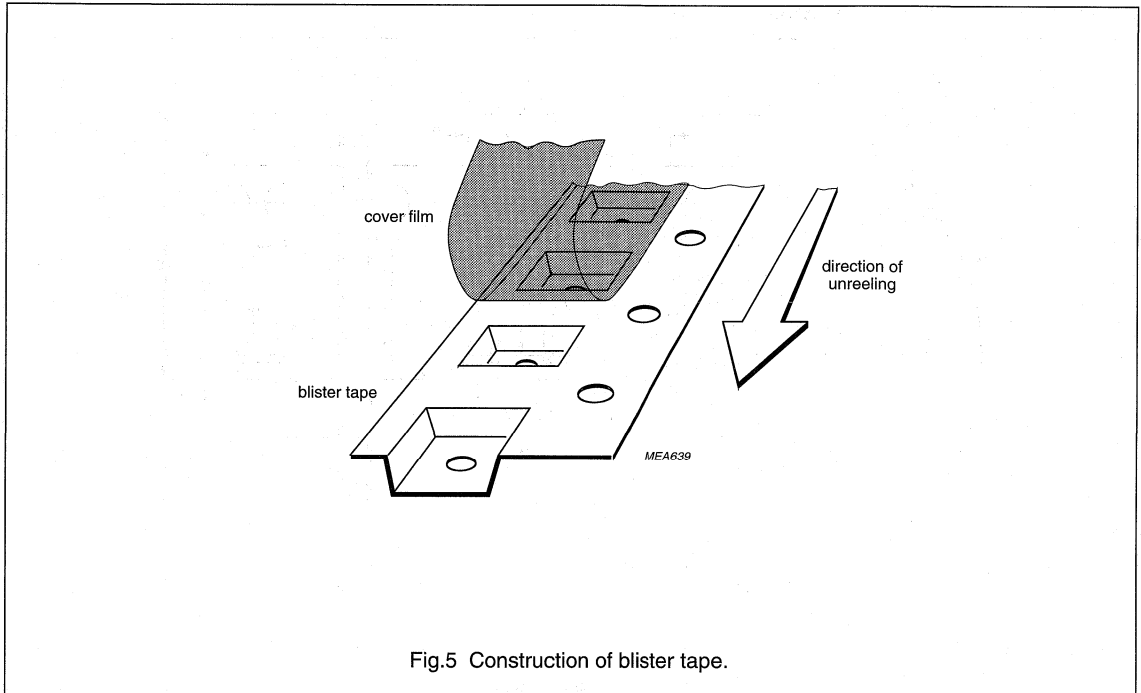
Table 1 Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.4

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)
$A_0$	$5.4 \pm 0.2$
$B_0$	$14.6 \pm 0.2$
$K_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.2$
$T$	$0.3 \pm 0.05$
$W$	$24.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$
$F$	$11.5 \pm 0.1$
$D_0$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$
$D_1$	$\geq 1.5$
$P_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$

Planar E cores and accessories

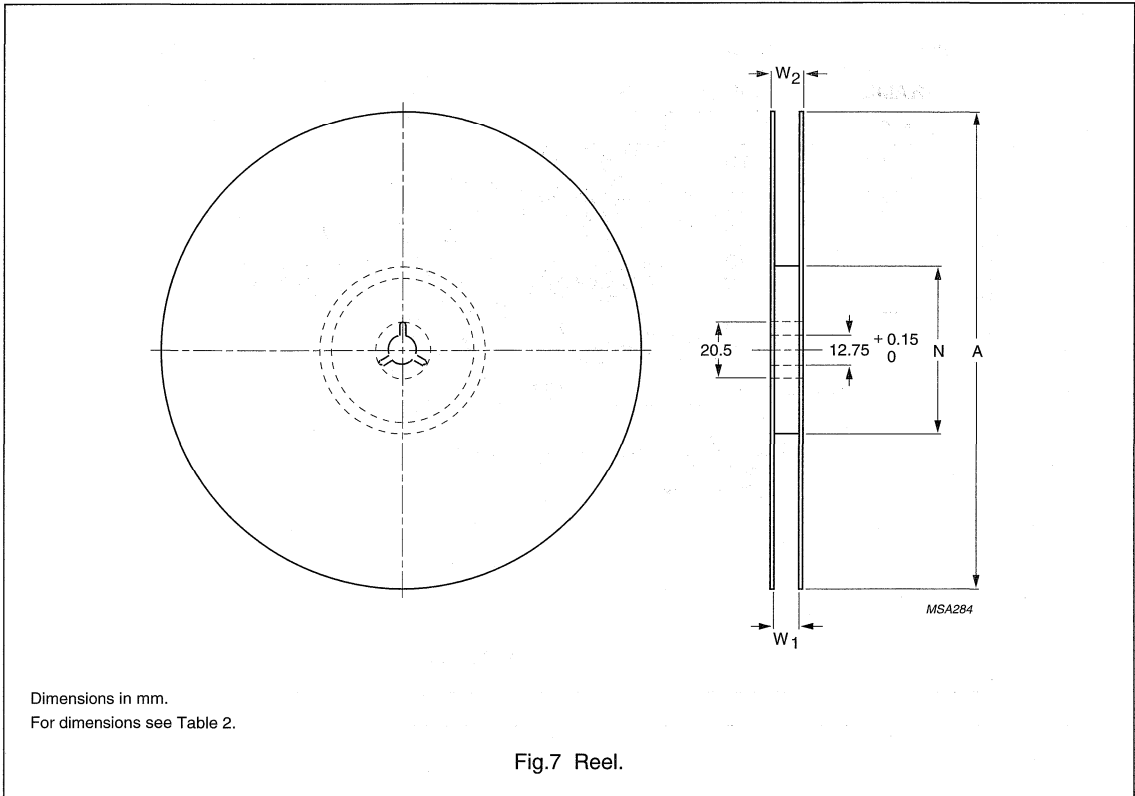
3003

E14/3.5/5



Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5



**Table 2** Reel dimensions; see Fig.7

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
24	330	100 ±5	24.4	≤28.4

Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R

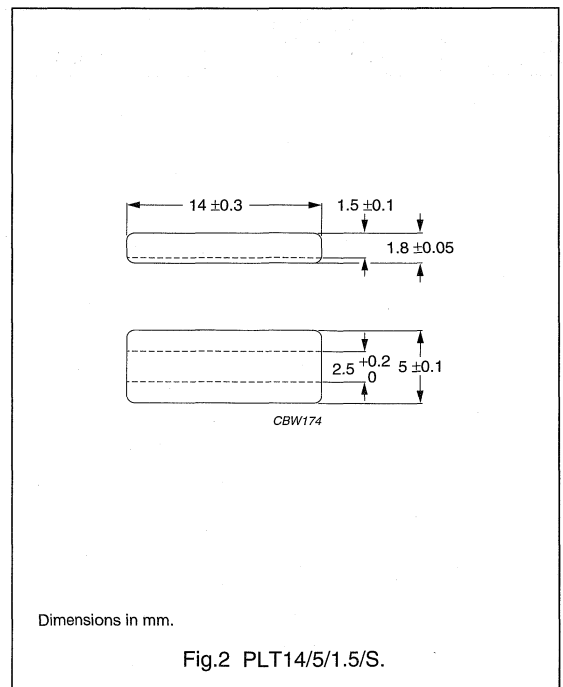
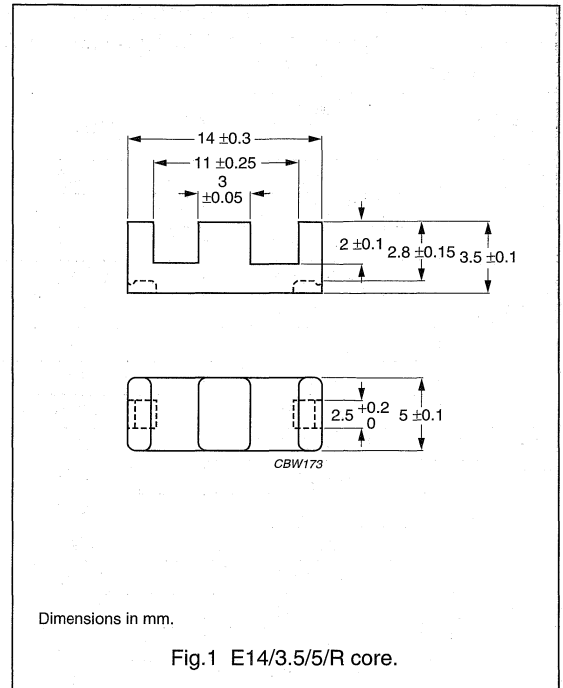
CORES

Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.15	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	230	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	16.4	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	10.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of E core half	≈0.6	g
m	mass of plate	≈0.5	g

Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3C96
3F3	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3F4
3E6	PLT14/5/1.5/S-3E6



## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R

**Core halves for use in combination with a slotted plate (PLT/S)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a slotted plate (PLT/S) clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $10 \pm 5$  N; measurement coil as for E14/3.5/5.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5/R-3C90-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5/R-3C90-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5/R-3C90-A160-P
	1500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1380$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5/R-3C94-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5/R-3C94-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5/R-3C94-A160-P
	1500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1380$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	1350 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1240$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3C96
3F3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5/R-3F3-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5/R-3F3-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5/R-3F3-A160-P
	1300 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1200$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	1050 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 970$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 58$	$\approx 600$	E14/3.5/R-3F4-A63-P
	100 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 300$	E14/3.5/R-3F4-A100-P
	160 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 148$	$\approx 150$	E14/3.5/R-3F4-A160-P
	780 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 710$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3F4
3E6	6400 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 5900$	$\approx 0$	E14/3.5/5/R-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
E14/R+PLT14/S-3C90	≥320	≤0.026	–	–
E14/R+PLT14/S-3C94	≥320	≤0.020	≈0.100	≈0.044
E14/R+PLT14/S-3C96	≥320	≈0.015	≈0.070	≈0.030
E14/R+PLT14/S-3F3	≥300	≤0.027	–	≤0.047
E14/R+PLT14/S-3F35	≥300	≤0.027	–	≈0.023
E14/R+PLT14/S-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E14/R+PLT14/S-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E14/R+PLT14/S-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E14/R+PLT14/S-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E14/R+PLT14/S-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E14/R+PLT14/S-3F35	≥300	≈0.037	≈0.028	–	–
E14/R+PLT14/S-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.048	≤0.077

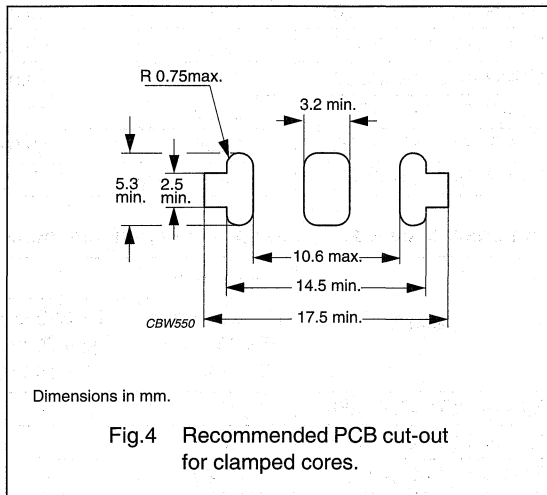
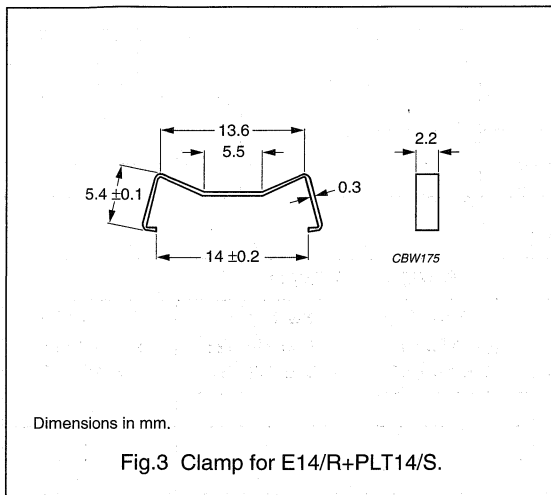
Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data and ordering information**

ITEM	MATERIAL	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi)	3	CLM-E14/PLT14

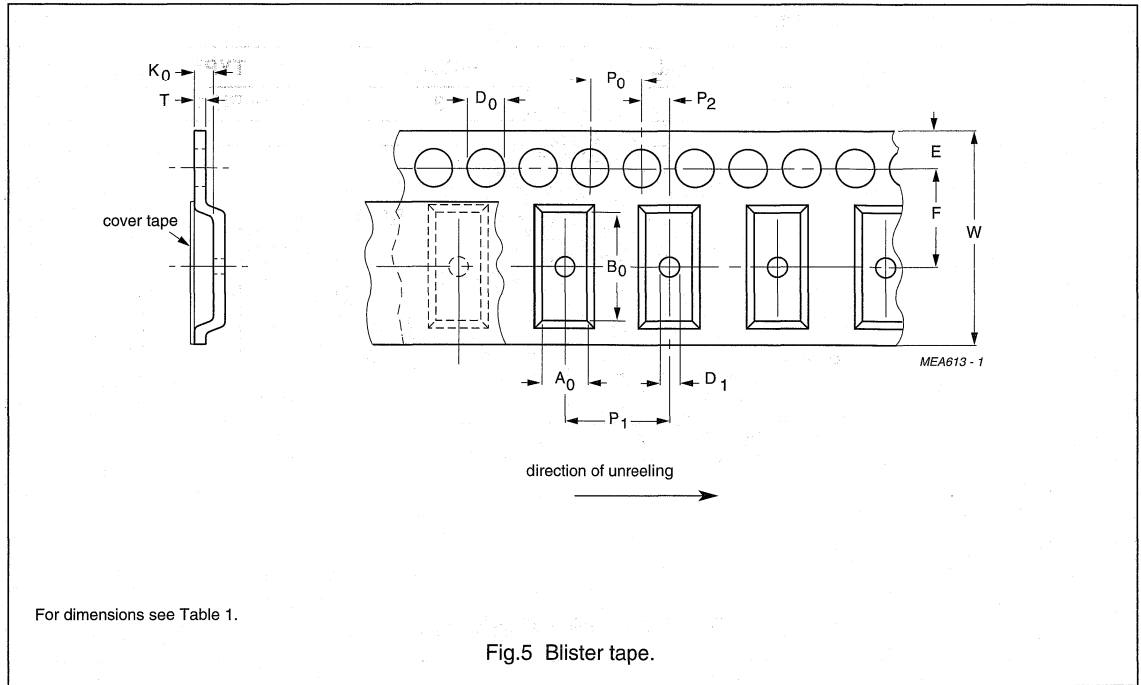




Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R

**BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS** prot

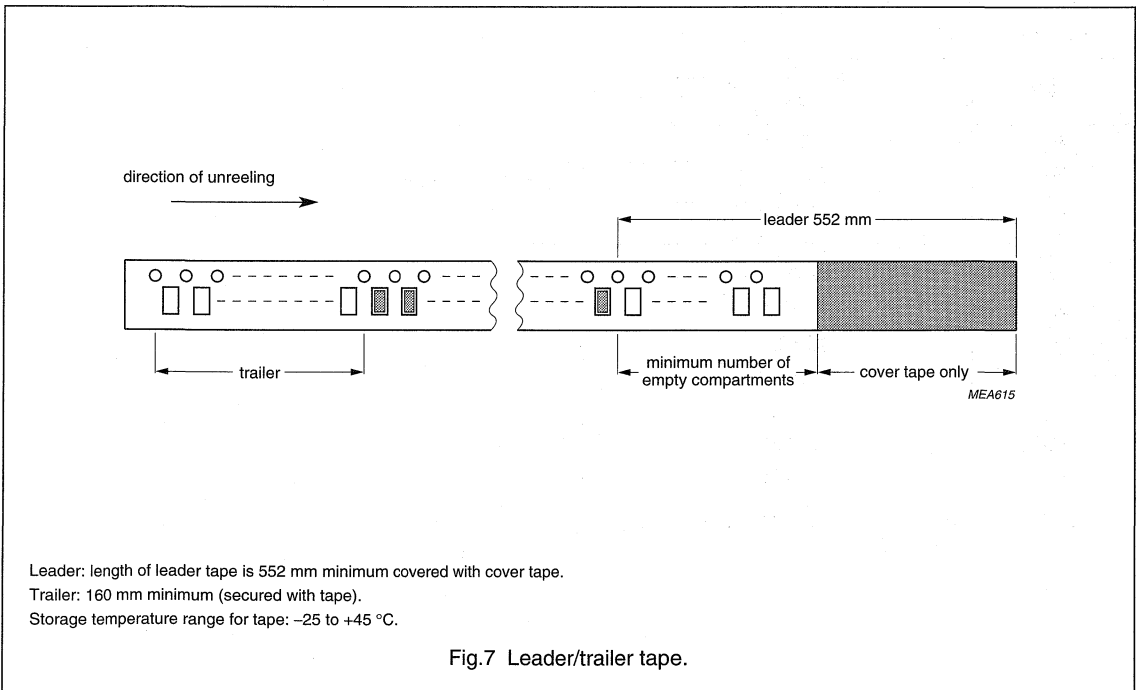
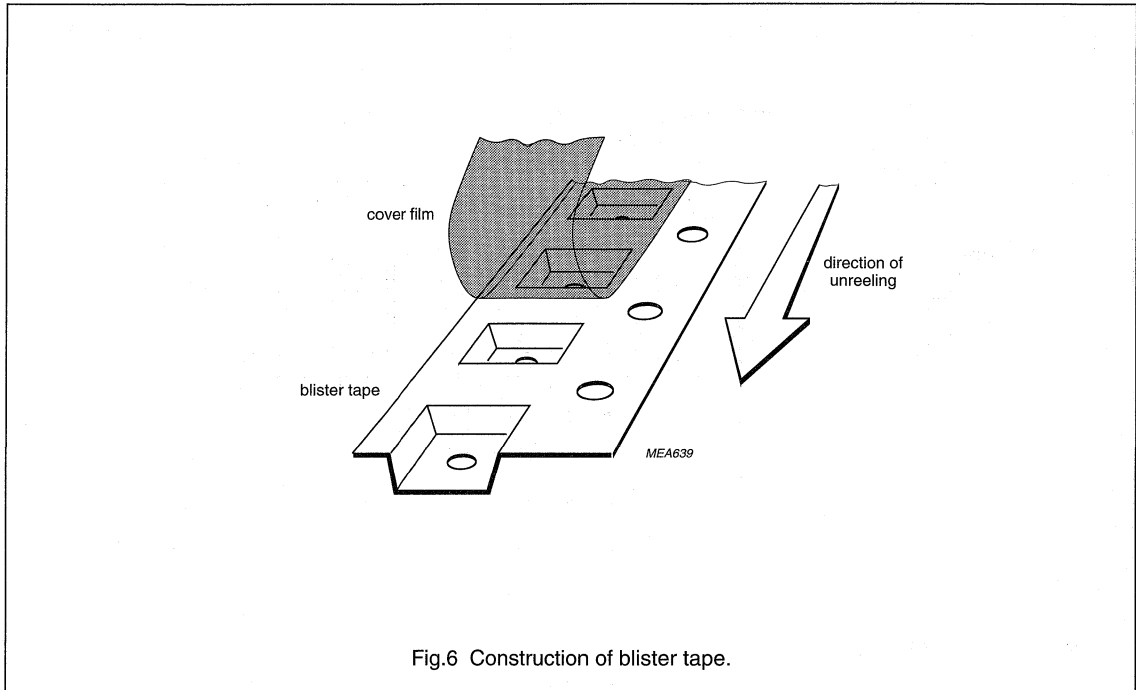


**Table 1** Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.5

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)
$A_0$	$5.4 \pm 0.2$
$B_0$	$14.6 \pm 0.2$
$K_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.2$
$T$	$0.3 \pm 0.05$
$W$	$24.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$
$F$	$11.5 \pm 0.1$
$D_0$	$1.5 + 0.1$
$D_1$	$\geq 1.5$
$P_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$

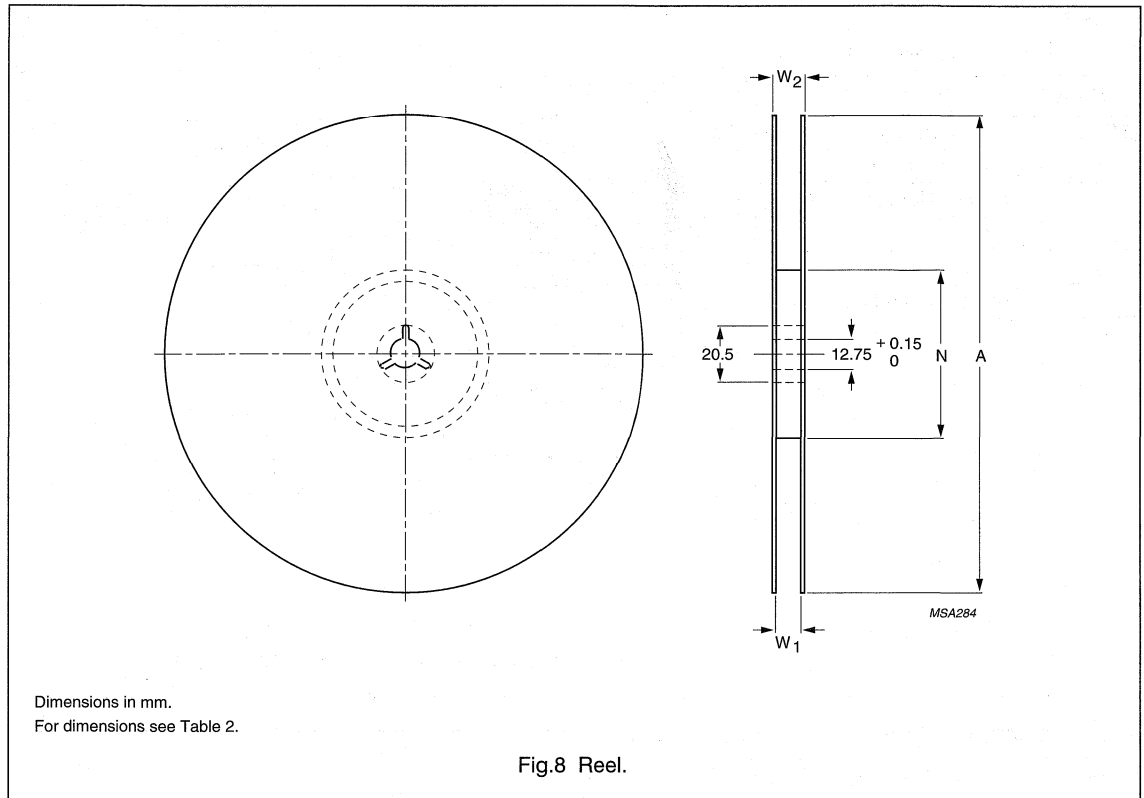
Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R



Planar E cores and accessories

E14/3.5/5/R



**Table 2** Reel dimensions; see Fig.8

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
24	330	100 ±5	24.4	≤28.4

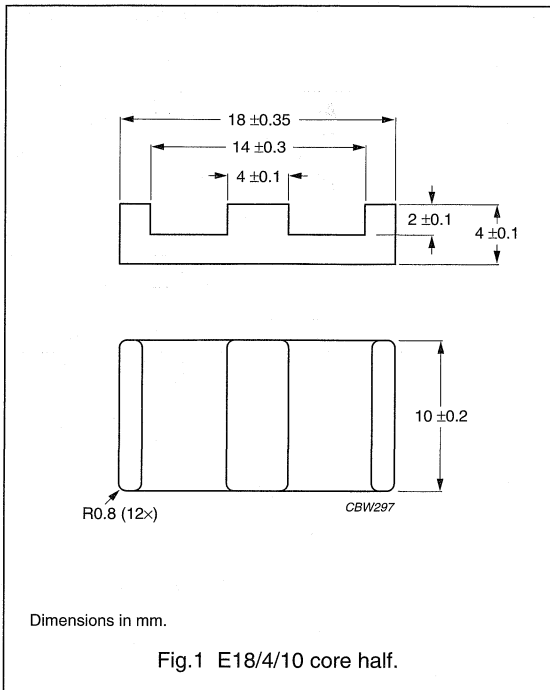
## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

## CORES

## Effective core parameters of a set of E cores

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.616	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	960	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	24.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	39.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	39.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈2.4	g

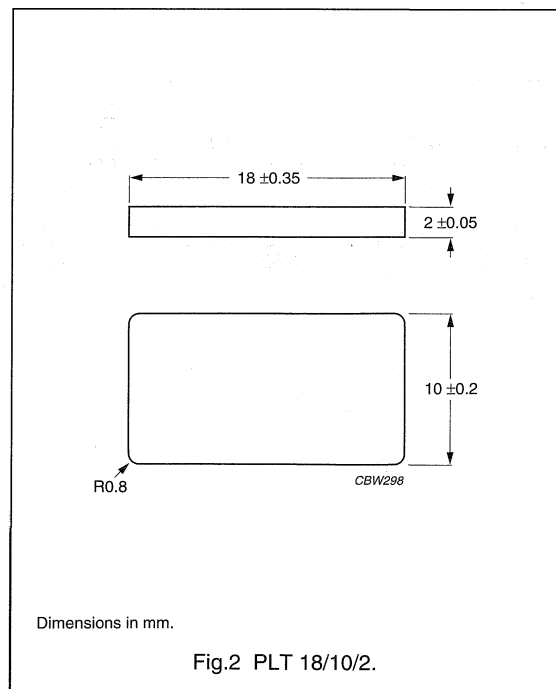


## Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.514	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	20.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	39.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	39.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of plate	≈1.7	g

## Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT18/10/2-3C90
3C94	PLT18/10/2-3C94
3C96	PLT18/10/2-3C96
3F3	PLT18/10/2-3F3
3F35	PLT18/10/2-3F35
3F4	PLT18/10/2-3F4
3E6	PLT18/10/2-3E6







## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

**Core halves for use in combination with a non-gapped E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N, using a PCB coil containing 4 layers of 8 tracks each, total height 1.6 mm.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 49$	$\approx 800$	E18/4-3C90-A100-E
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 78$	$\approx 420$	E18/4-3C90-A160-E
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 123$	$\approx 220$	E18/4-3C90-A250-E
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 154$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3C90-A315-E
	3200 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1560$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3C90
3C94 	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 49$	$\approx 800$	E18/4-3C94-A100-E
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 78$	$\approx 420$	E18/4-3C94-A160-E
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 123$	$\approx 220$	E18/4-3C94-A250-E
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 154$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3C94-A315-E
	3200 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1560$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3C94
3C96 	2900 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1410$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3C96
3F3	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 49$	$\approx 800$	E18/4-3F3-A100-E
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 78$	$\approx 420$	E18/4-3F3-A160-E
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 123$	$\approx 220$	E18/4-3F3-A250-E
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 154$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3F3-A315-E
	2700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1320$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3F3
3F35 	2200 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1070$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3F35
3F4 	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 49$	$\approx 800$	E18/4-3F4-A100-E
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 78$	$\approx 420$	E18/4-3F4-A160-E
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 123$	$\approx 220$	E18/4-3F4-A250-E
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 154$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3F4-A315-E
	1550 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 760$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3F4
3E6	13500 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 6600$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N, using a PCB coil containing 4 layers of 8 tracks each, total height 1.6 mm.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4-3C90-A100-E
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4-3C90-A160-E
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4-3C90-A250-E
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3C90-A315-E
	3680 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1500$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4-3C94-A100-E
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4-3C94-A160-E
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4-3C94-A250-E
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-C94-A315-E
	3680 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1500$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	3250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1320$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3C96
3F3	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4-3F3-A100-P
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4-3F3-A160-P
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4-3F3-A250-P
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3F3-A315-P
	3100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1270$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	2500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1020$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4-3F4-A100-P
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4-3F4-A160-P
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4-3F4-A250-P
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4-3F4-A315-P
	1800 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 740$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3F4
3E6	15500 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 6400$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E18-3C90	≥320	≤0.105	–	–
E+PLT18-3C90	≥320	≤0.095	–	–
E+E18-3C94	≥320	≤0.085	≈0.42	≈0.180
E+PLT18-3C94	≥320	≤0.070	≈0.35	≈0.120
E+E18-3C96	≥320	≈0.060	≈0.30	≈0.130
E+PLT18-3C96	≥320	≈0.050	≈0.25	≈0.090
E+E18-3F3	≥300	≤0.110	–	≤0.190
E+PLT18-3F3	≥300	≤0.090	–	≤0.160
E+E18-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.10
E+PLT18-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.08
E+E18-3F4	≥250	–	–	–
E+PLT18-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E18-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT18-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E18-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT18-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E18-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT18-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E18-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E+PLT18-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E+E18-3F35	≥300	≈0.15	≈1.15	–	–
E+PLT18-3F35	≥300	≈0.13	≈0.96	–	–
E+E18-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.19	≤0.31
E+PLT18-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.16	≤0.26

Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

MOUNTING INFORMATION

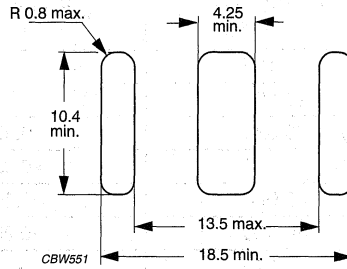


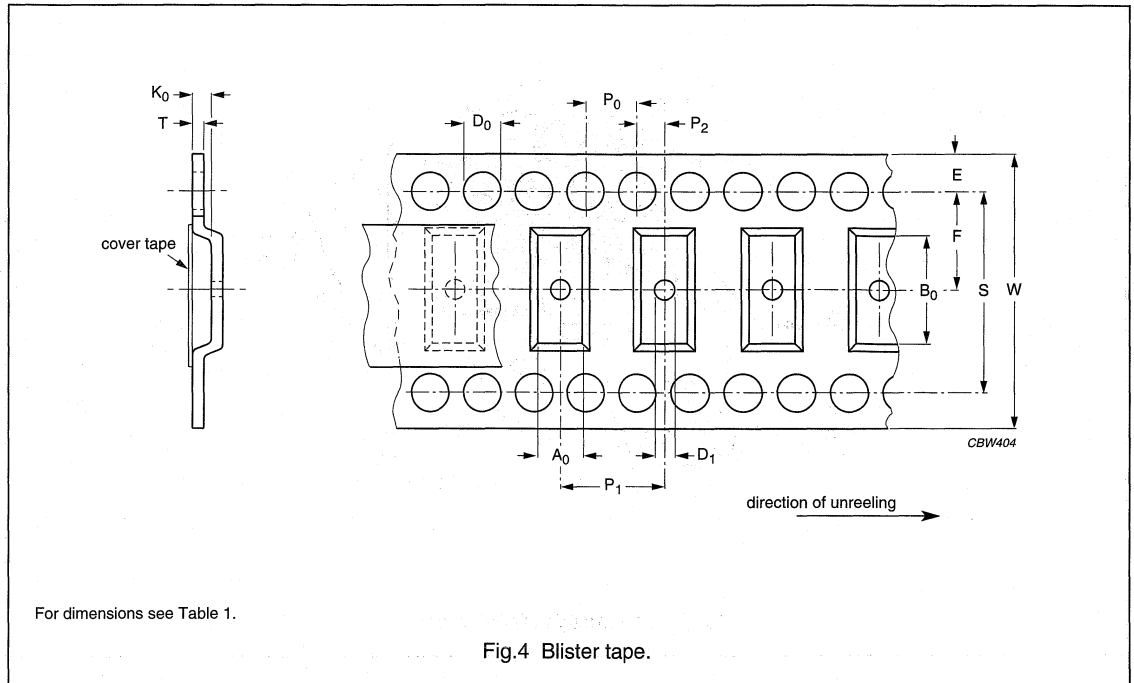
Fig.3 Recommended PCB cut-out for glued planar E18/4/10 cores.



Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

**BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS** prot



**Table 1** Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.4

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)
$A_0$	$10.5 \pm 0.2$
$B_0$	$18.7 \pm 0.2$
$K_0$	$4.5 \pm 0.2$
$T$	$0.3 \pm 0.05$
$W$	$32.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$
$F$	$14.2 \pm 0.1$
$D_0$	$1.5 + 0.1$
$D_1$	$\geq 2.0$
$P_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_1$	$16.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$
$S$	$28.4 \pm 0.1$

Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10

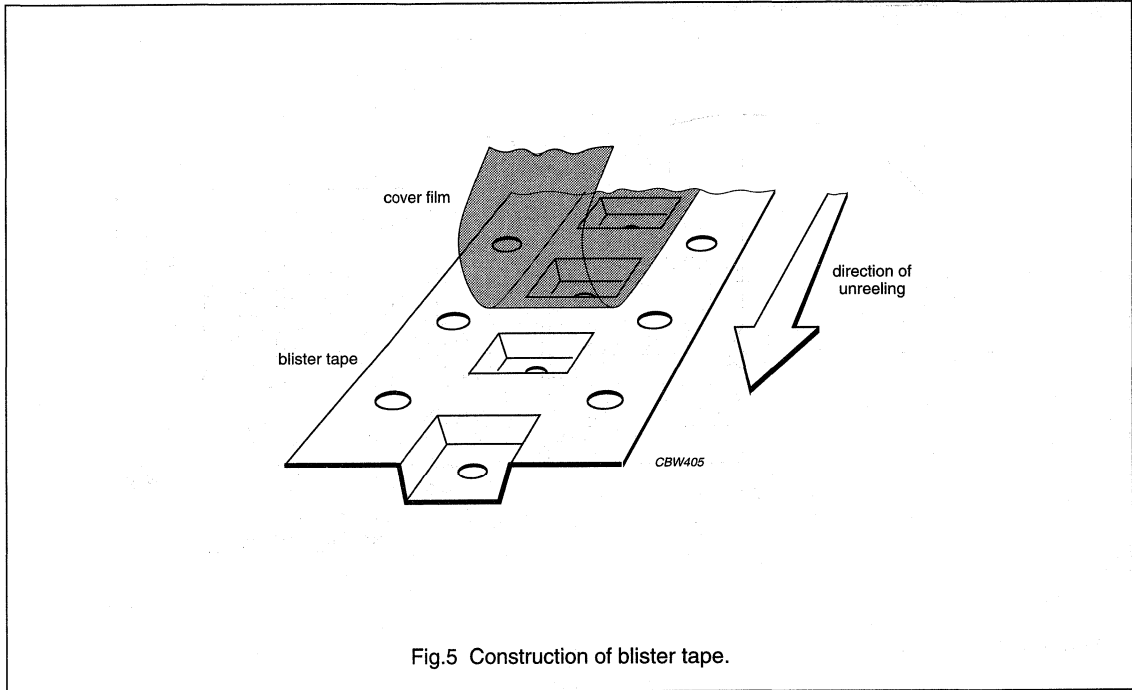
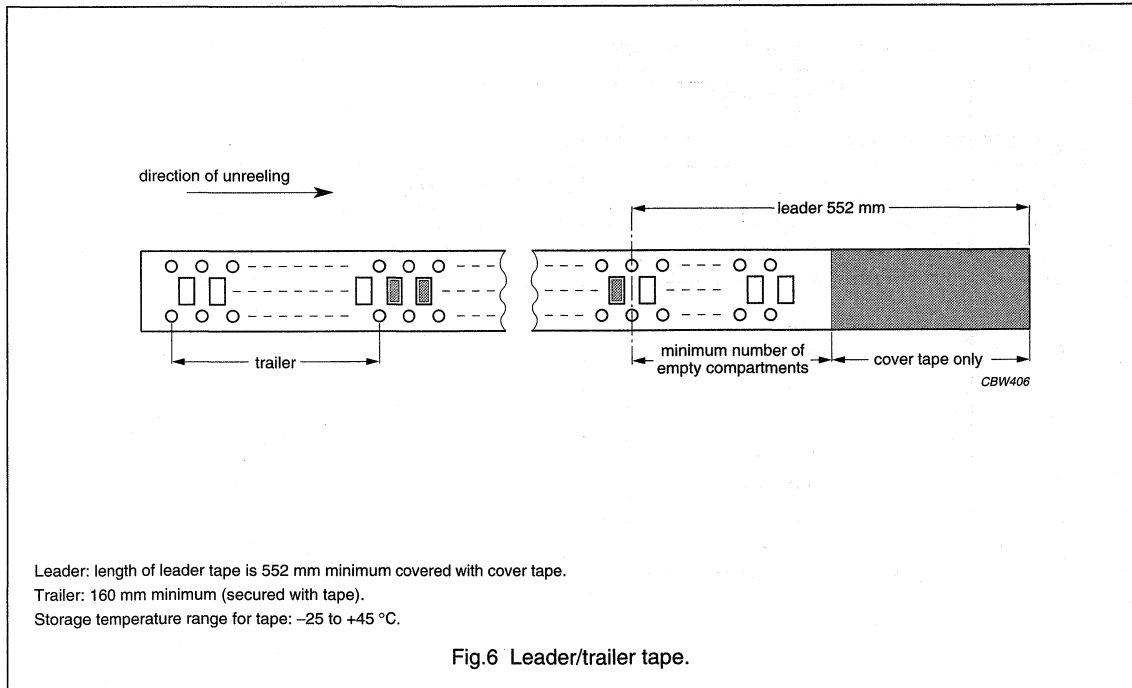


Fig.5 Construction of blister tape.



Leader: length of leader tape is 552 mm minimum covered with cover tape.

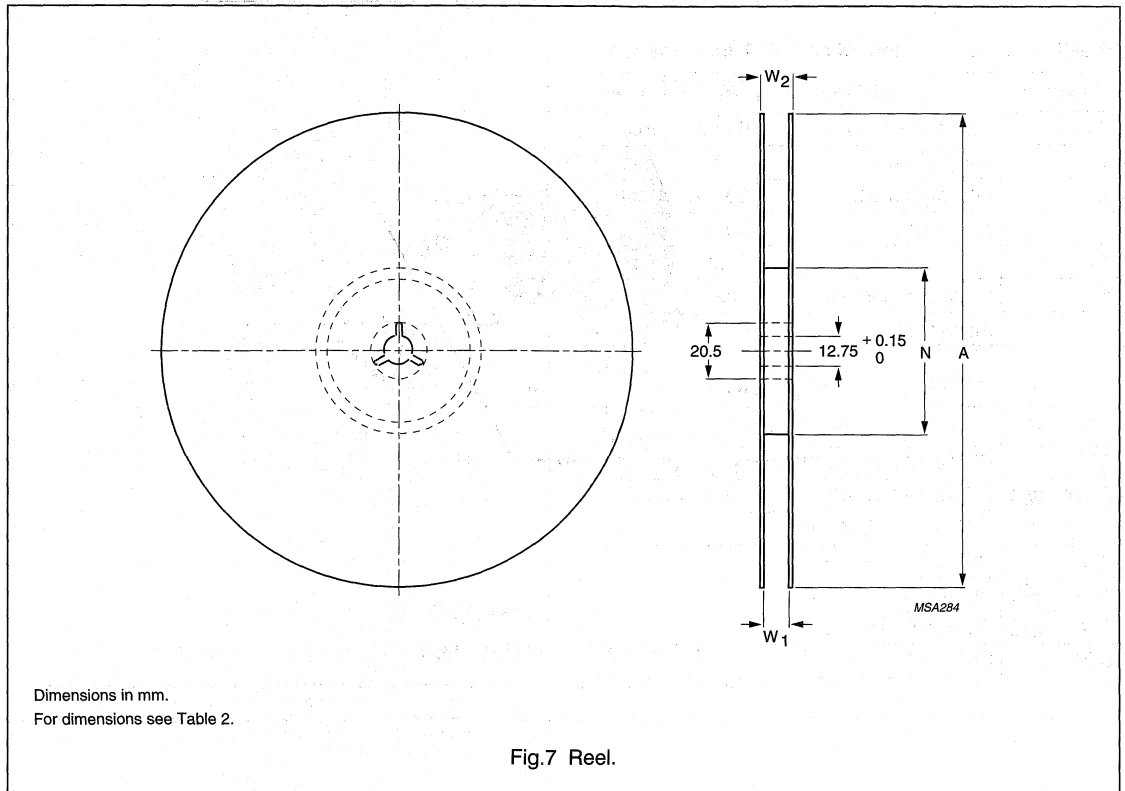
Trailer: 160 mm minimum (secured with tape).

Storage temperature range for tape: -25 to +45 °C.

Fig.6 Leader/trailer tape.

Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10



**Table 2** Reel dimensions; see Fig.7

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
32	330	100 ±5	32.4	≤36.4

Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R

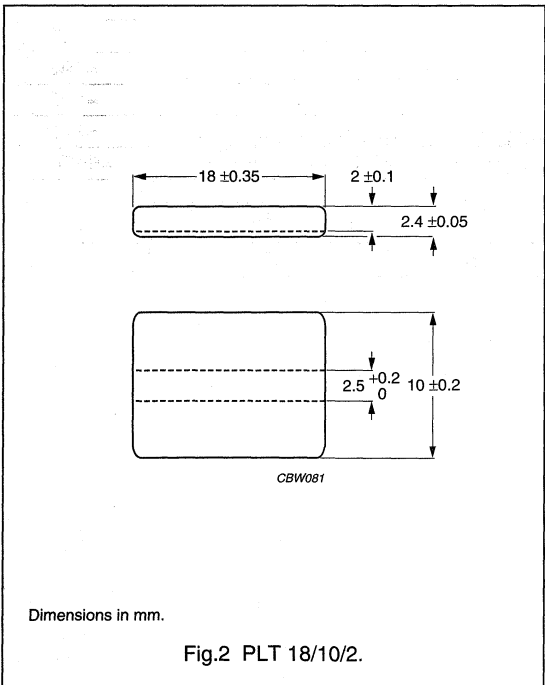
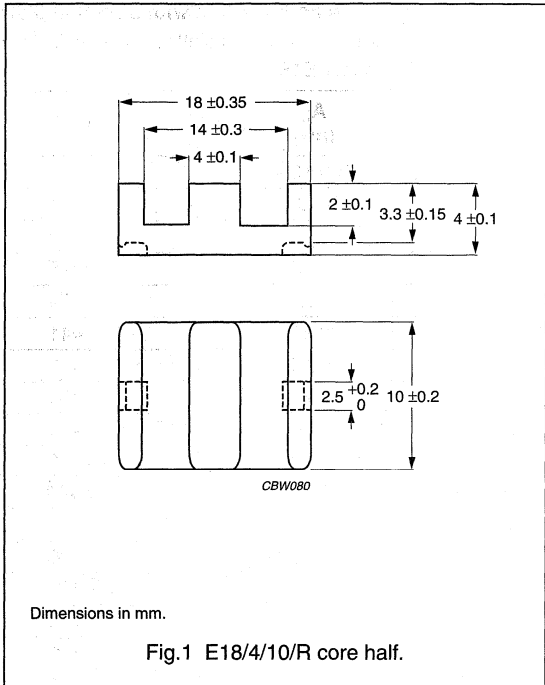
CORES

Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.498	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	830	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	20.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	40.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	35.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of E core half	≈2.4	g
m	mass of plate	≈1.7	g

Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT18/10/2/S-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	PLT18/10/2/S-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	PLT18/10/2/S-3C96
3F3	PLT18/10/2/S-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	PLT18/10/2/S-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	PLT18/10/2/S-3F4
3E6	PLT18/10/2/S-3E6



## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R

**Core halves for use in combination with a slotted plate (PLT/S)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a slotted plate (PLT/S) clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N; measurement coil as for E18/4/10.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4/R-3C90-A100-P
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4/R-3C90-A160-P
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4/R-3C90-A250-P
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4/R-3C90-A315-P
	3680 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1500$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4/R-3C94-A100-P
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4/R-3C94-A160-P
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4/R-3C94-A250-P
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4/R-3C94-A315-P
	3680 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1500$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	3250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1320$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3C96
3F3	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4/R-3F3-A100-P
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4/R-3F3-A160-P
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4/R-3F3-A250-P
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4/R-3F3-A315-P
	3100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1270$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	2500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1020$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 870$	E18/4/R-3F4-A100-P
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 65$	$\approx 470$	E18/4/R-3F4-A160-P
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 102$	$\approx 240$	E18/4/R-3F4-A250-P
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 129$	$\approx 170$	E18/4/R-3F4-A315-P
	1800 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 740$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3F4
3E6	15500 +40/-30%	$\approx 6400$	$\approx 0$	E18/4/10/R-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C90	≥320	≤0.095	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C94	≥320	≤0.075	≈0.36	≈0.160
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C96	≥320	≈0.53	≈0.25	≈0.12
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F3	≥300	≤0.090	–	≤0.160
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.085
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F35	≥300	≈0.14	≈1.00	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.16	≤0.26

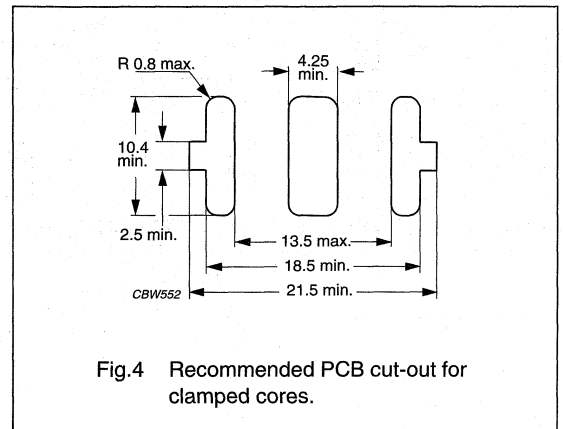
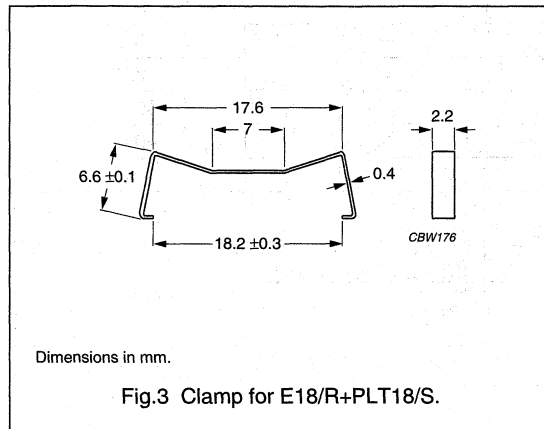
Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data and ordering information**

ITEM	MATERIAL	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi)	3	CLM-E18/PLT18



## Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R

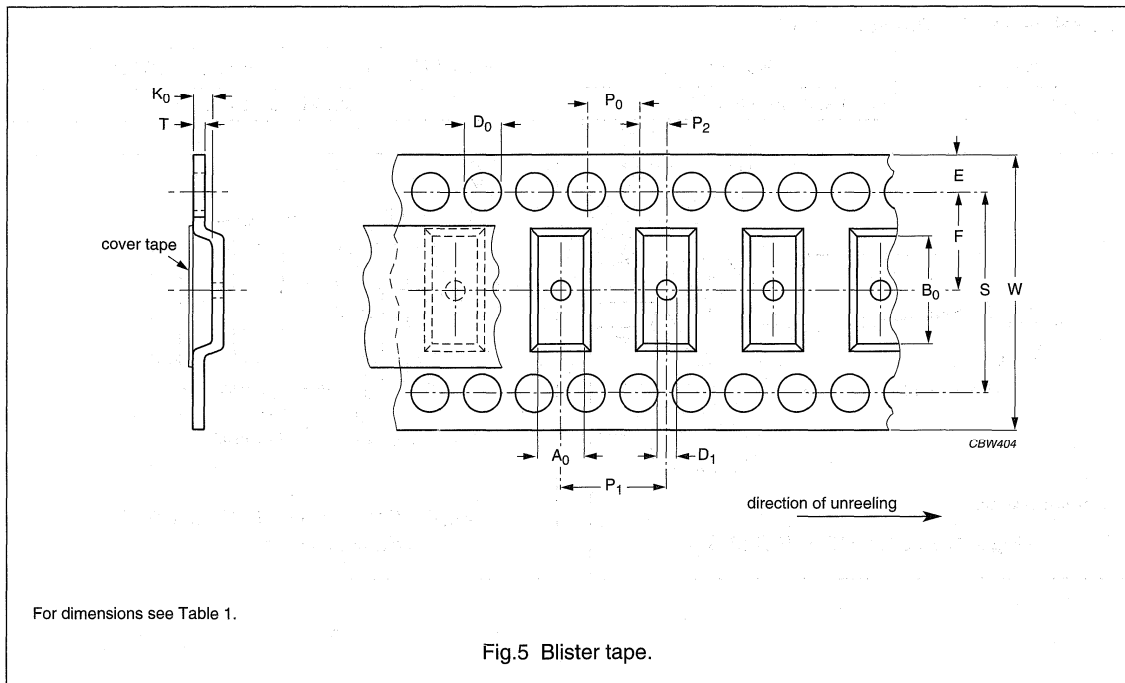
BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS 

Table 1 Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.5

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)
A <sub>0</sub>	10.5 ±0.2
B <sub>0</sub>	18.7 ±0.2
K <sub>0</sub>	4.5 ±0.2
T	0.3 ±0.05
W	32.0 ±0.3
E	1.75 ±0.1
F	14.2 ±0.1
D <sub>0</sub>	1.5 ±0.1
D <sub>1</sub>	≥2.0
P <sub>0</sub>	4.0 ±0.1
P <sub>1</sub>	16.0 ±0.1
P <sub>2</sub>	2.0 ±0.1
S	28.4 ±0.1



Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R

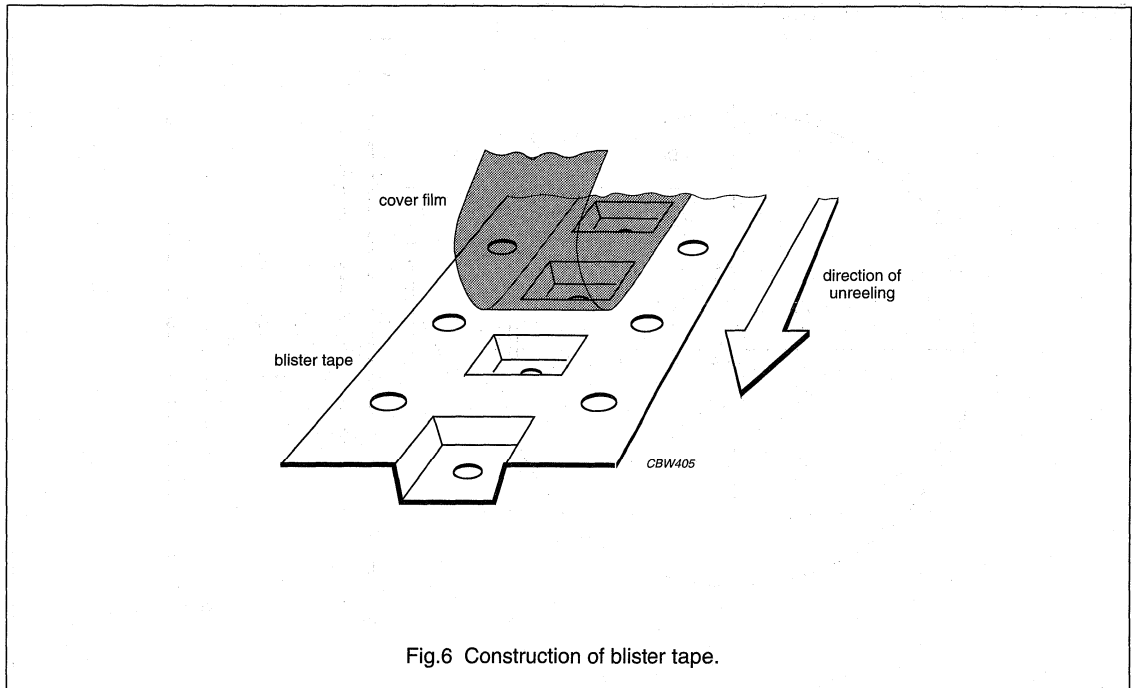
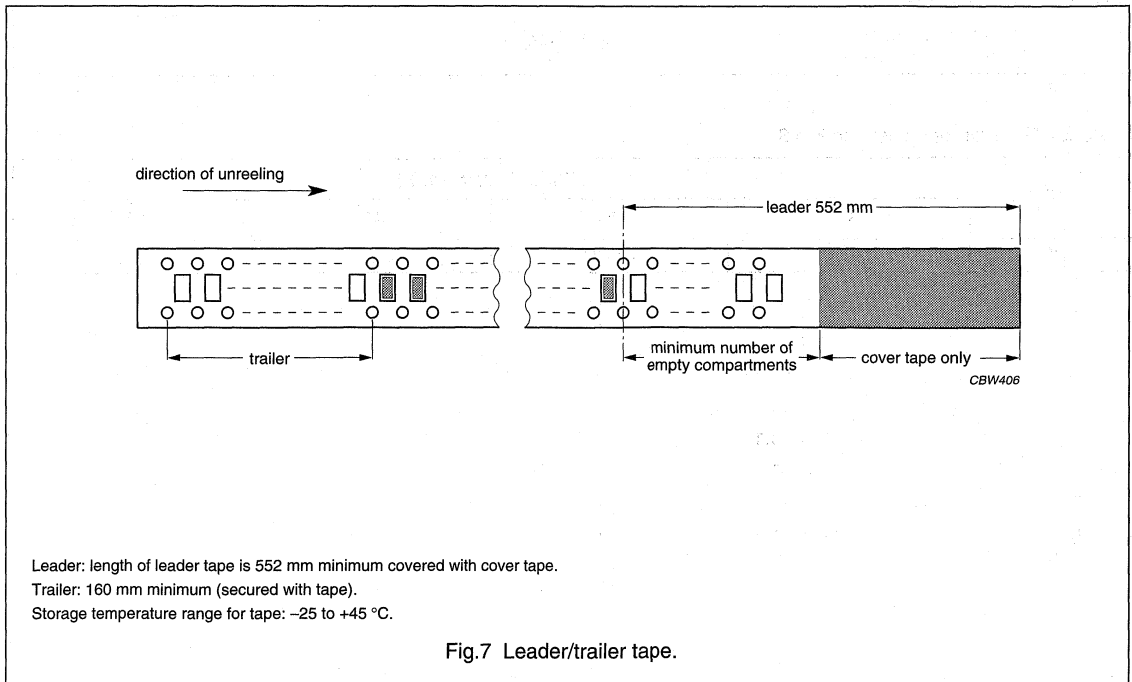


Fig.6 Construction of blister tape.



Leader: length of leader tape is 552 mm minimum covered with cover tape.

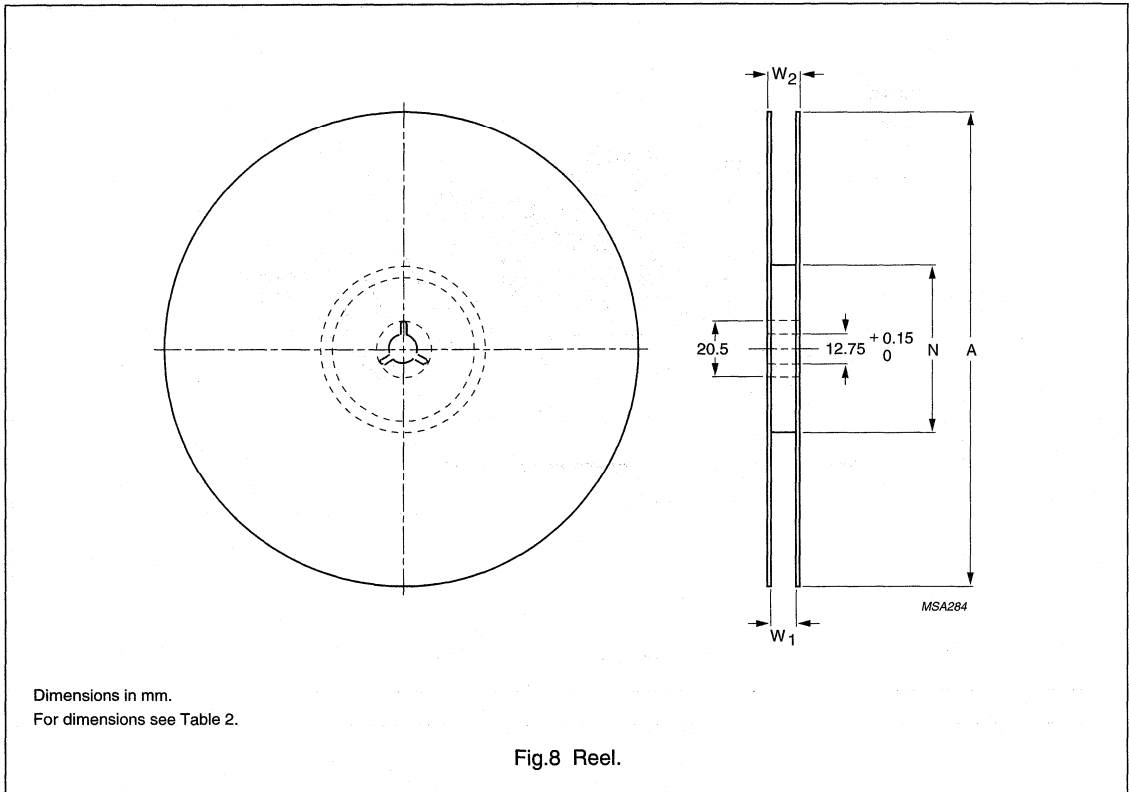
Trailer: 160 mm minimum (secured with tape).

Storage temperature range for tape: -25 to +45 °C.

Fig.7 Leader/trailer tape.

Planar E cores and accessories

E18/4/10/R



**Table 2** Reel dimensions; see Fig.8

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
32	330	100 ±5	32.4	≤36.4

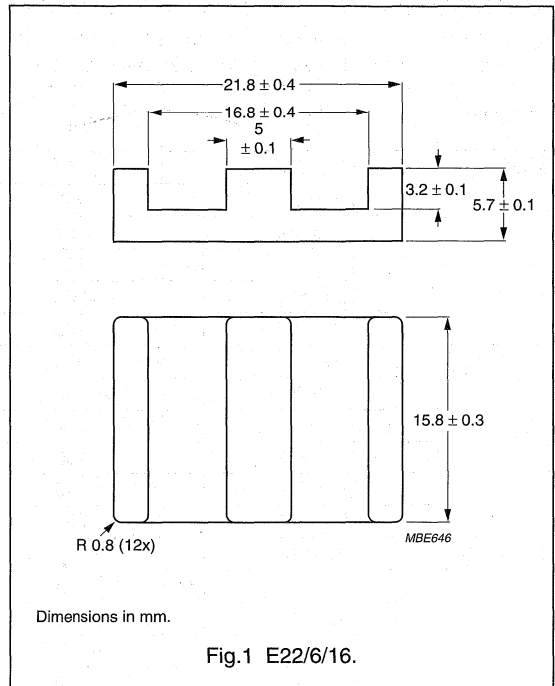
# Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16

## CORES

### Effective core parameters of a set of E cores

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.414	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2550	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	32.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	78.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	78.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈6.5	g

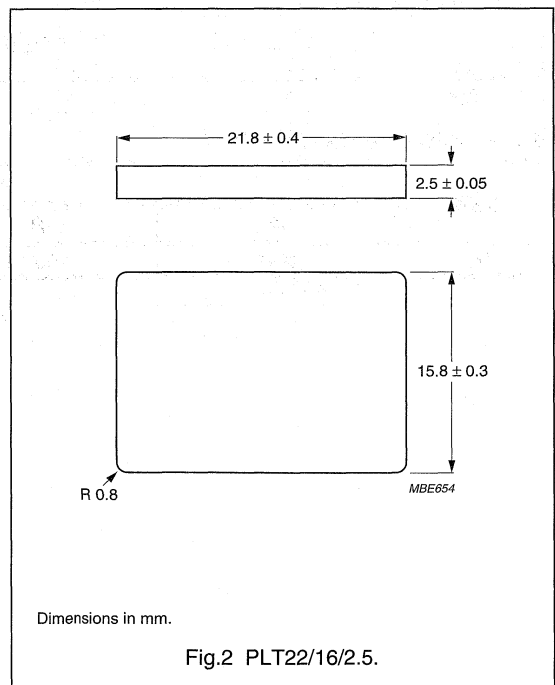


### Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.332	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2040	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	26.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	78.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	78.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of plate	≈4	g

### Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT22/16/2.5-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	PLT22/16/2.5-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	PLT22/16/2.5-3C96
3F3	PLT22/16/2.5-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	PLT22/16/2.5-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	PLT22/16/2.5-3F4
3E6	PLT22/16/2.5-3E6



## Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16

**Core halves for use in combination with a non-gapped E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N, using a PCB coil containing 5 layers of 20 tracks each, total height 2.5 mm.





GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 53$	$\approx 900$	E22/6-3C90-A160-E
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 82$	$\approx 490$	E22/6-3C90-A250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 104$	$\approx 360$	E22/6-3C90-A315-E
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 132$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3C90-A400-E
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 208$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3C90-A630-E
	5150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1700$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 53$	$\approx 900$	E22/6-3C94-A160-E
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 82$	$\approx 490$	E22/6-3C94-A250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 104$	$\approx 360$	E22/6-3C94-A315-E
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 132$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3C94-A400-E
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 208$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3C94-A630-E
	5150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1700$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	4600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1520$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3C96
3F3	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 53$	$\approx 900$	E22/6-3F3-A160-E
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 82$	$\approx 490$	E22/6-3F3-A250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 104$	$\approx 360$	E22/6-3F3-A315-E
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 132$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3F3-A400-E
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 208$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3F3-A630-E
	4300 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1420$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	3500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1160$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 53$	$\approx 900$	E22/6-3F4-A160-E
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 82$	$\approx 490$	E22/6-3F4-A250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 104$	$\approx 360$	E22/6-3F4-A315-E
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 132$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3F4-A400-E
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 208$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3F4-A630-E
	2400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 790$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3F4
3E6	22000 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 7250$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N, using a PCB coil containing 5 layers of 20 tracks each, total height 2.5 mm.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6-3C90-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6-3C90-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6-3C90-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3C90-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3C90-A630-P
	6150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1620$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3C90
3C94 	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6-3C94-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6-3C94-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6-3C94-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3C94-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3C94-A630-P
	6150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1620$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3C94
3C96 	5450 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1440$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3C96
3F3	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6-3F3-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6-3F3-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6-3F3-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3F3-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3F3-A630-P
	5000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1320$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3F3
3F35 	4100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1080$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3F35
3F4 	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6-3F4-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6-3F4-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6-3F4-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6-3F4-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6-3F4-A630-P
	2900 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 770$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3F4
3E6	26000 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 6900$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E22-3C90	≥320	≤0.280	–	–
E+PLT22-3C90	≥320	≤0.235	–	–
E+E22-3C94	≥320	≤0.225	≈1.10	≈0.49
E+PLT22-3C94	≥320	≤0.180	≈0.88	≈0.39
E+E22-3C96	≥320	≈0.160	≈0.78	≈0.34
E+PLT22-3C96	≥320	≈0.130	≈0.62	≈0.27
E+E22-3F3	≥300	≤0.280	–	≤0.50
E+PLT22-3F3	≥300	≤0.230	–	≤0.40
E+E22-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.26
E+PLT22-3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.20
E+E22-3F4	≥250	–	–	–
E+PLT22-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E22-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT22-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E22-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT22-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E22-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+PLT22-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E+E22-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E+PLT22-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E+E22-3F35	≥300	≈0.41	≈3.10	–	–
E+PLT22-3F35	≥300	≈0.33	≈2.45	–	–
E+E22-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.51	≤0.82
E+PLT22-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.41	≤0.66

Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16

MOUNTING INFORMATION

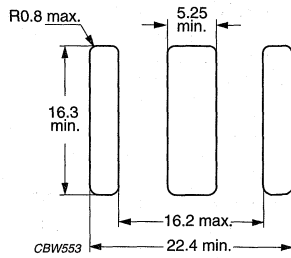


Fig.3 Recommended PCB cut-out for glued cores.

Planar E cores and accessories





E22/6/16/R

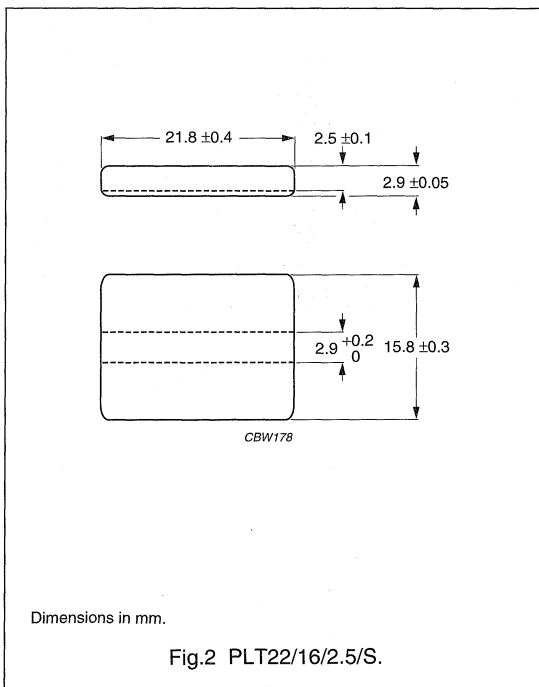
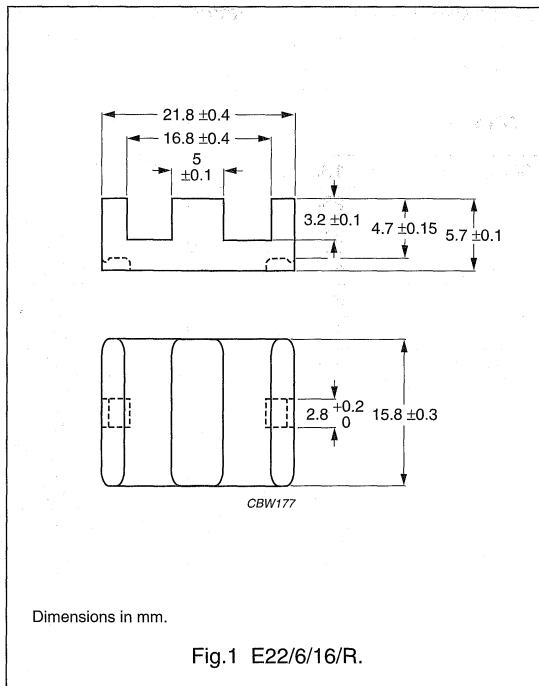
CORES

Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.324	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2100	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	26.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	80.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	72.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of E core half	≈6.5	g
$m$	mass of plate	≈4	g

Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3C90
3C94 	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3C94
3C96 	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3C96
3F3	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3F3
3F35 	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3F35
3F4 	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3F4
3E6	PLT22/16/2.5/S-3E6





## Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16/R

**Core halves for use in combination with a slotted plate (PLT/S)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a slotted plate (PLT/S) clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N; measurement coil as for E22/6/16.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6/R-3C90-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6/R-3C90-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6/R-3C90-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6/R-3C90-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6/R-3C90-A630-P
	6 150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1 620$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6/R-3C94-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6/R-3C94-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6/R-3C94-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6/R-3C94-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6/R-3C94-A630-P
	6 150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1 620$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	5450 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1 440$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3C96
3F3	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6/R-3F3-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6/R-3F3-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6/R-3F3-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6/R-3F3-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6/R-3F3-A630-P
	5000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1 320$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	4 100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1 080$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 42$	$\approx 950$	E22/6/R-3F4-A160-P
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 550$	E22/6/R-3F4-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 400$	E22/6/R-3F4-A315-P
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 106$	$\approx 280$	E22/6/R-3F4-A400-P
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 166$	$\approx 160$	E22/6/R-3F4-A630-P
	2900 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 770$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3F4
3E6	26000 +40/-30%	$\approx 6900$	$\approx 0$	E22/6/16/R-3E6

## Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16/R

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C90	≥320	≤0.235	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C94	≥320	≤0.180	≈0.88	≈0.39
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C96	≥320	≈0.13	≈0.62	≈0.28
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F3	≥300	≤0.230	–	≤0.40
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F35	≥300	≤0.230	–	≈0.20
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F35	≥300	≈0.34	≈2.50	–	–
E18/R+PLT18/S-3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.41	≤0.66

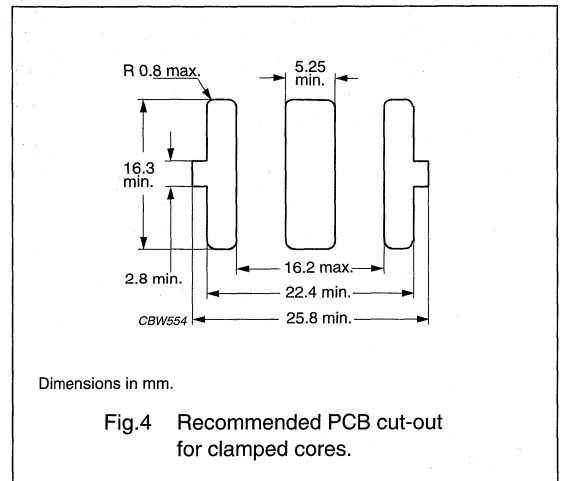
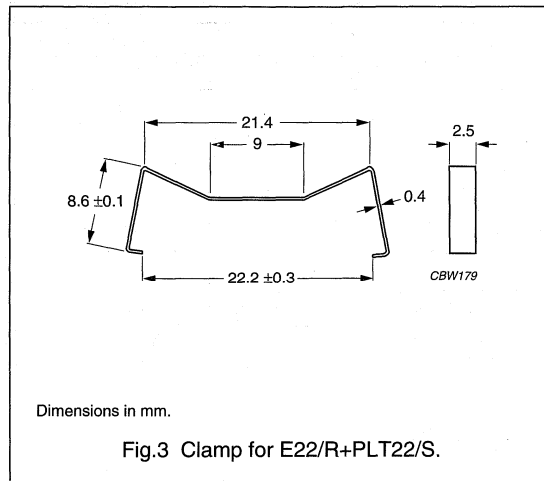
Planar E cores and accessories

E22/6/16/R

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data and ordering information**

ITEM	MATERIAL	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi)	3	CLM-E22/PLT22



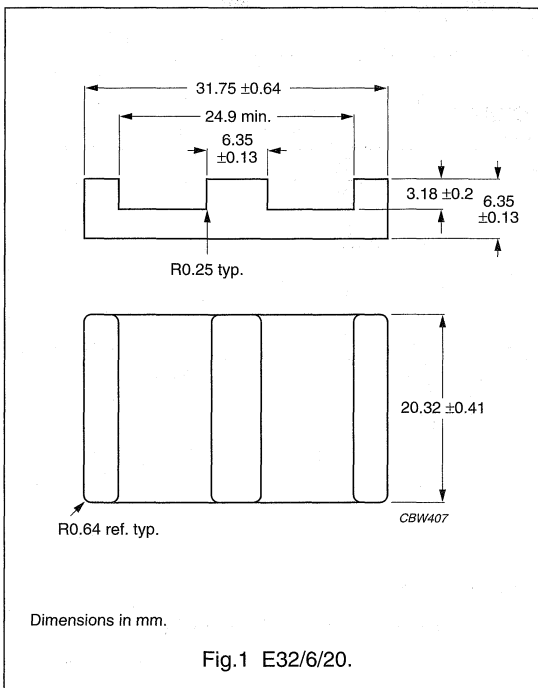
## Planar E cores

E32/6/20

## CORES

## Effective core parameters of a set of E cores

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.323	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5380	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	41.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	129	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈13	g

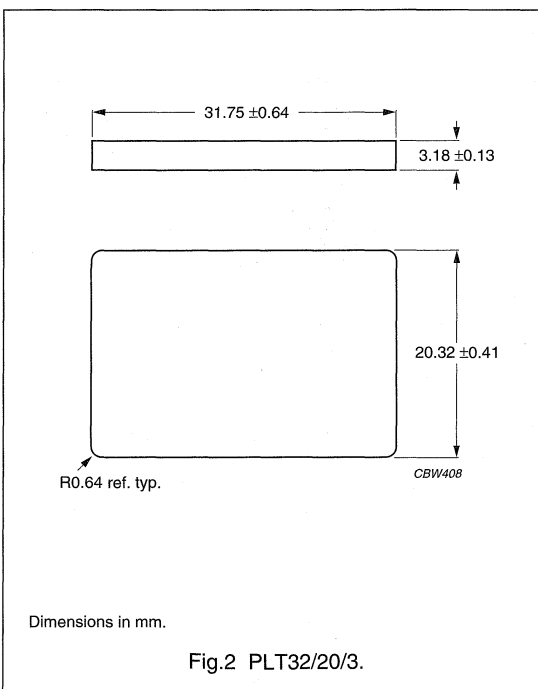


## Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.278	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4560	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	35.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	129	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of plate	≈10	g

## Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT32/20/3-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	PLT32/20/3-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	PLT32/20/3-3C96
3F3	PLT32/20/3-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	PLT32/20/3-3F4



## Planar E cores

E32/6/20

**Core halves for use in combination with an E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$160 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 1200$	E32/6-3C90-E160-E
	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 64$	$\approx 700$	E32/6-3C90-E250-E
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 81$	$\approx 550$	E32/6-3C90-A315-E
	$400 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 103$	$\approx 450$	E32/6-3C90-A400-E
	$630 \pm 8\%$	$\approx 162$	$\approx 260$	E32/6-3C90-A630-E
	$6425 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1650$	$\approx 0$	E32/6/20-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	$160 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 1200$	E32/6-3C94-E160-E
	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 64$	$\approx 700$	E32/6-3C94-E250-E
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 81$	$\approx 550$	E32/6-3C94-E315-E
	$400 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 103$	$\approx 450$	E32/6-3C94-E400-E
	$630 \pm 8\%$	$\approx 162$	$\approx 260$	E32/6-3C94-E630-E
	$6425 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1650$	$\approx 0$	E32/6/20-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	$6425 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1650$	$\approx 0$	E32/6/20-3C96
3F3	$160 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 1200$	E32/6-3F3-E160-E
	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 64$	$\approx 700$	E32/6-3F3-E250-E
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 81$	$\approx 550$	E32/6-3F3-A315-E
	$400 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 103$	$\approx 450$	E32/6-3F3-A400-E
	$630 \pm 8\%$	$\approx 162$	$\approx 260$	E32/6-3F3-A630-E
	$5900 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1520$	$\approx 0$	E32/6/20-3F3
3F4 <b>des</b>	$160 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 41$	$\approx 1200$	E32/6-3F4-E160-E
	$250 \pm 3\%^{(1)}$	$\approx 64$	$\approx 700$	E32/6-3F4-E250-E
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 81$	$\approx 550$	E32/6-3F4-A315-E
	$400 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 103$	$\approx 450$	E32/6-3F4-A400-E
	$630 \pm 8\%$	$\approx 162$	$\approx 260$	E32/6-3F4-A630-E
	$3200 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 820$	$\approx 0$	E32/6/20-3F4

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped E core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

## Planar E cores

E32/6/20

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**A<sub>L</sub> measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for A<sub>L</sub> measurements, 30 ±10 N.

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	μ <sub>e</sub>	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	160 ±3%	≈35	≈1200	E32/6-3C90-A160-P
	250 ±3%	≈55	≈700	E32/6-3C90-A250-P
	315 ±3%	≈69	≈550	E32/6-3C90-A315-P
	400 ±5%	≈87	≈450	E32/6-3C90-A400-P
	630 ±8%	≈138	≈260	E32/6-3C90-A630-P
	7350 ±25%	≈1610	≈0	E32/6/20-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	160 ±3%	≈35	≈1200	E32/6-3C94-A160-P
	250 ±3%	≈55	≈700	E32/6-3C94-A250-P
	315 ±3%	≈69	≈550	E32/6-3C94-A315-P
	400 ±5%	≈87	≈450	E32/6-3C94-A400-P
	630 ±8%	≈138	≈260	E32/6-3C94-A630-P
	7350 ±25%	≈1610	≈0	E32/6/20-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	7350 ±25%	≈1610	≈0	E32/6/20-3C96
3F3	160 ±3%	≈35	≈1200	E32/6-3F3-A160-P
	250 ±3%	≈55	≈700	E32/6-3F3-A250-P
	315 ±3%	≈69	≈550	E32/6-3F3-A315-P
	400 ±5%	≈87	≈450	E32/6-3F3-A400-P
	630 ±8%	≈138	≈260	E32/6-3F3-A630-P
	6780 ±25%	≈1490	≈0	E32/6/20-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	160 ±3%	≈35	≈1200	E32/6-3F4-A160-P
	250 ±3%	≈55	≈700	E32/6-3F4-A250-P
	315 ±3%	≈69	≈550	E32/6-3F4-A315-P
	400 ±5%	≈87	≈450	E32/6-3F4-A400-P
	630 ±8%	≈138	≈260	E32/6-3F4-A630-P
	3700 ±25%	≈810	≈0	E32/6/20-3F4

## Planar E cores

E32/6/20

## Properties under power conditions

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E32-3C90	≥320	≤0.65	≤0.65	–
E+PLT32-3C90	≥320	≤0.55	≤0.55	–
E+E32-3C94	≥320	–	≤0.48	≈2.30
E+PLT32-3C94	≥320	–	≤0.41	≈2.00
E+E32-3C96	≥320	–	≈0.35	≈1.60
E+PLT32-3C96	≥320	–	≈0.29	≈1.40
E+E32-3F3	≥320	–	≤0.59	–
E+PLT32-3F3	≥320	–	≤0.50	–
E+E32-3F4	≥250	–	–	–
E+PLT32-3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties under power conditions (continued)

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; B̂ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E32-3C90	≥320	–	–	–
E+PLT32-3C90	≥320	–	–	–
E+E32-3C94	≥320	≈1.00	–	–
E+PLT32-3C94	≥320	≈0.87	–	–
E+E32-3C96	≥320	≈0.70	–	–
E+PLT32-3C96	≥320	≈0.60	–	–
E+E32-3F3	≥320	≤1.00	–	–
E+PLT32-3F3	≥320	≤0.85	–	–
E+E32-3F4	≥250	–	≤1.60	≤2.00
E+PLT32-3F4	≥250	–	≤1.36	≤1.70

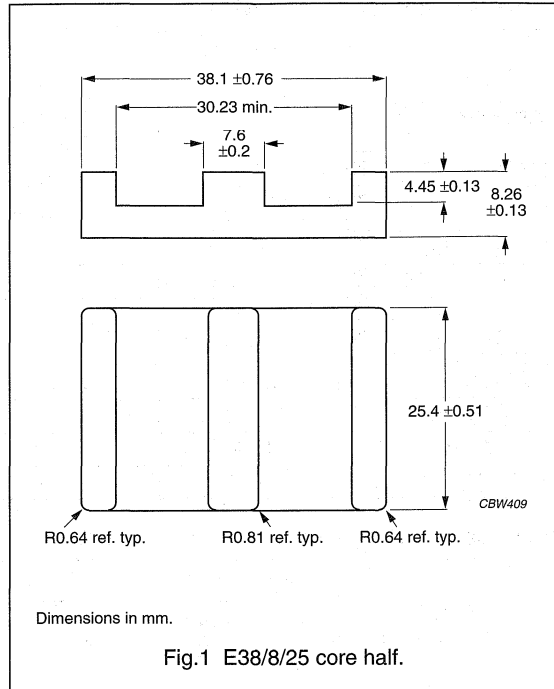
Planar E cores

E38/8/25

CORES

Effective core parameters of a set of E cores

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.272	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	10200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	52.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	194	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈25	g

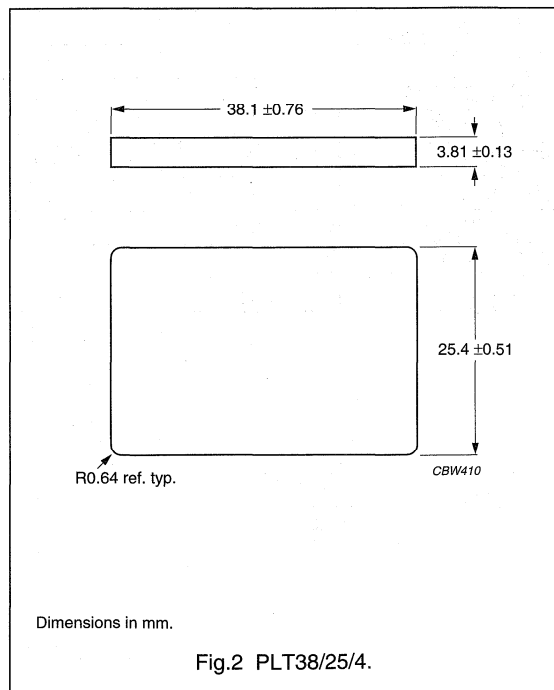


Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.226	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8460	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	43.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	194	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of plate	≈18	g

Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT38/25/4-3C90
3F3	PLT38/25/4-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	PLT38/25/4-3F4





## Planar E cores

E38/8/25

**Core halves for use in combination with an E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 15$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 54$	$\approx 1100$	E38/8-3C90-E250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 68$	$\approx 850$	E38/8-3C90-E315-E
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 86$	$\approx 650$	E38/8-3C90-E400-E
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 136$	$\approx 400$	E38/8-3C90-A630-E
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 216$	$\approx 250$	E38/8-3C90-A1000-E
	7940 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1720$	$\approx 0$	E38/8/25-3C90
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 54$	$\approx 1100$	E38/8-3F3-E250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 68$	$\approx 850$	E38/8-3F3-E315-E
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 86$	$\approx 650$	E38/8-3F3-E400-E
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 136$	$\approx 400$	E38/8-3F3-A630-E
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 216$	$\approx 250$	E38/8-3F3-A1000-E
	7250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1570$	$\approx 0$	E38/8/25-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 54$	$\approx 1100$	E38/8-3F4-E250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 68$	$\approx 850$	E38/8-3F4-E315-E
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 86$	$\approx 650$	E38/8-3F4-E400-E
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 136$	$\approx 400$	E38/8-3F4-A630-E
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 216$	$\approx 250$	E38/8-3F4-A1000-E
	3880 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 840$	$\approx 0$	E38/8/25-3F4

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 15$  N.

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 15$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 45$	$\approx 1100$	E38/8-3C90-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 57$	$\approx 850$	E38/8-3C90-A315-P
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 650$	E38/8-3C90-A400-P
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 113$	$\approx 400$	E38/8-3C90-A630-P
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 180$	$\approx 250$	E38/8-3C90-A1000-P
	9290 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1670$	$\approx 0$	E38/8/25-3C90
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 45$	$\approx 1100$	E38/8-3F3-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 57$	$\approx 850$	E38/8-3F3-A315-P
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 650$	E38/8-3F3-A400-P
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 113$	$\approx 400$	E38/8-3F3-A630-P
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 180$	$\approx 250$	E38/8-3F3-A1000-P
	8500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1520$	$\approx 0$	E38/8/25-3F3

## Planar E cores

E38/8/25

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <small>des</small>	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 45	$\approx$ 1100	E38/8-3F4-A250-P
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 57	$\approx$ 850	E38/8-3F4-A315-P
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 72	$\approx$ 650	E38/8-3F4-A400-P
	630 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 113	$\approx$ 400	E38/8-3F4-A630-P
	1000 $\pm$ 10%	$\approx$ 180	$\approx$ 250	E38/8-3F4-A1000-P
	4600 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 830	$\approx$ 0	E38/8/25-3F4

## Properties under power conditions

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT)at	CORE LOSS (W)at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E38-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.25	$\leq$ 1.25	–	–	–
E+PLT38-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.05	$\leq$ 1.05	–	–	–
E+E38-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.20	$\leq$ 2.00	–	–
E+PLT38-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.00	$\leq$ 1.65	–	–
E+E38-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 3.00	$\leq$ 3.50
E+PLT38-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 2.50	$\leq$ 2.90

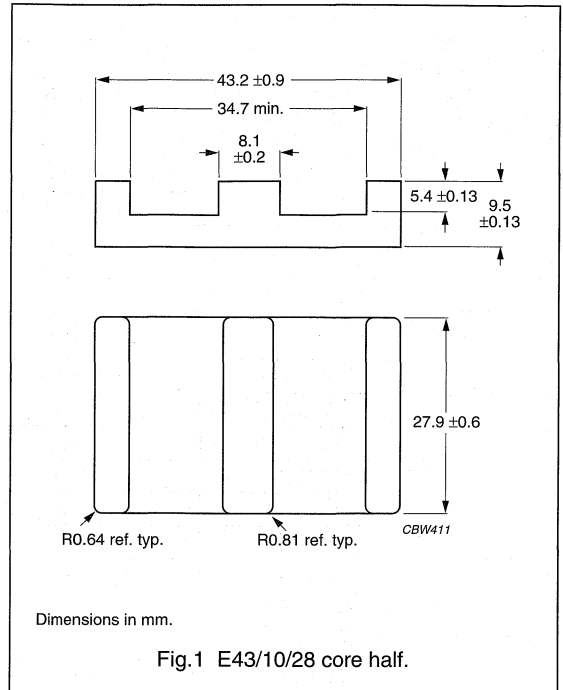
Planar E cores

E43/10/28

**CORES**

**Effective core parameters of a set of E cores**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.276	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	13900	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	61.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	225	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈35	g

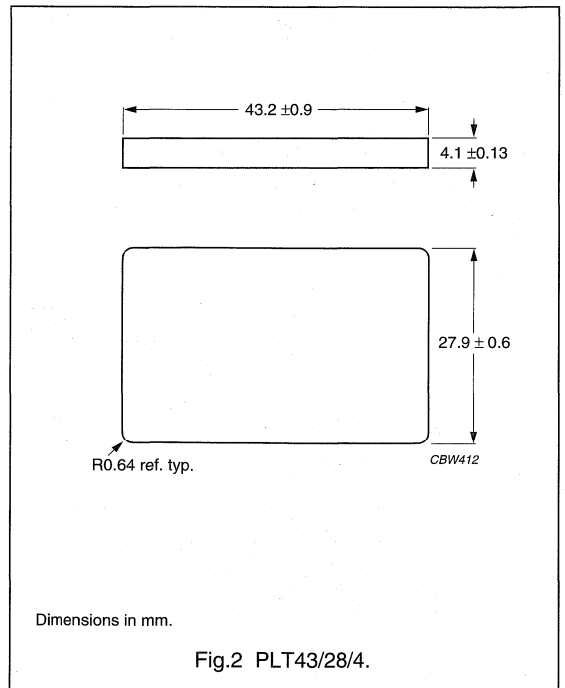


**Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.226	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	11500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	50.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	225	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈24	g

**Ordering information**

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT43/28/4-3C90
3F3	PLT43/28/4-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	PLT43/28/4-3F4



## Planar E cores

E43/10/28

**Core halves for use in combination with an E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 55$	$\approx 1100$	E43/10-3C90-E250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 69$	$\approx 800$	E43/10-3C90-E315-E
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 87$	$\approx 700$	E43/10-3C90-E400-E
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 138$	$\approx 400$	E43/10-3C90-A630-E
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 219$	$\approx 250$	E43/10-3C90-A1000-E
	8030 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1710$	$\approx 0$	E43/10/28-3C90
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 55$	$\approx 1100$	E43/10-3F3-E250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 69$	$\approx 800$	E43/10-3F3-E315-E
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 87$	$\approx 700$	E43/10-3F3-E400-E
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 138$	$\approx 400$	E43/10-3F3-A630-E
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 219$	$\approx 250$	E43/10-3F3-A1000-E
	7310 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1600$	$\approx 0$	E43/10/28-3F3
3F4 <small>des.</small>	250 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 55$	$\approx 1100$	E43/10-3F4-E250-E
	315 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 69$	$\approx 800$	E43/10-3F4-E315-E
	400 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 87$	$\approx 700$	E43/10-3F4-E400-E
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 138$	$\approx 400$	E43/10-3F4-A630-E
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 219$	$\approx 250$	E43/10-3F4-A1000-E
	3870 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 850$	$\approx 0$	E43/10/28-3F4

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped E core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N.

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 45$	$\approx 1100$	E43/10-3C90-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 57$	$\approx 800$	E43/10-3C90-A315-P
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 700$	E43/10-3C90-A400-P
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 113$	$\approx 400$	E43/10-3C90-A630-P
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 180$	$\approx 250$	E43/10-3C90-A1000-P
	9250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1710$	$\approx 0$	E43/10/28-3C90
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 45$	$\approx 1100$	E43/10-3F3-A250-P
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 57$	$\approx 800$	E43/10-3F3-A315-P
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 72$	$\approx 700$	E43/10-3F3-A400-P
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 113$	$\approx 400$	E43/10-3F3-A630-P
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 180$	$\approx 250$	E43/10-3F3-A1000-P
	8700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1560$	$\approx 0$	E43/10/28-3F3

## Planar E cores

E43/10/28

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <small>ides</small>	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 45	$\approx$ 1100	E43/10-3F4-A250-P
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 57	$\approx$ 800	E43/10-3F4-A315-P
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 72	$\approx$ 700	E43/10-3F4-A400-P
	630 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 113	$\approx$ 400	E43/10-3F4-A630-P
	1000 $\pm$ 10%	$\approx$ 180	$\approx$ 250	E43/10-3F4-A1000-P
	4660 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 850	$\approx$ 0	E43/10/28-3F4

## Properties under power conditions

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E43-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.70	$\leq$ 1.80	–	–	–
E+PLT43-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.40	$\leq$ 1.50	–	–	–
E+E43-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.60	$\leq$ 2.70	–	–
E+PLT43-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.35	$\leq$ 2.25	–	–
E+E43-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 4.20	$\leq$ 5.00
E+PLT43-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 3.50	$\leq$ 4.15

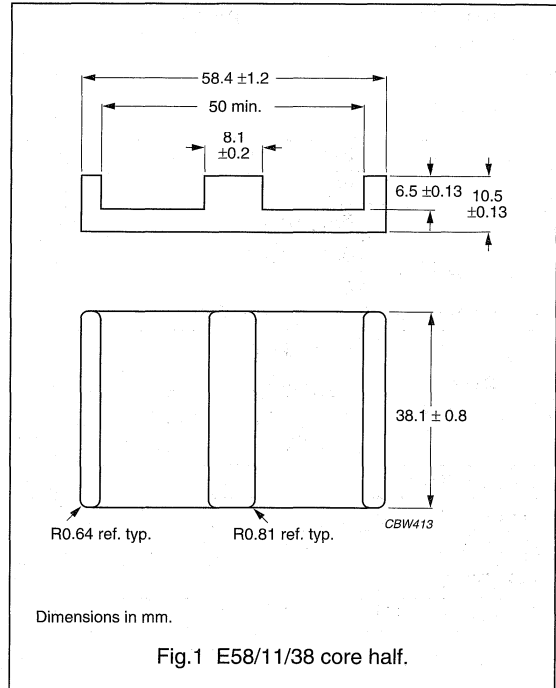
# Planar E cores

E58/11/38

## CORES

### Effective core parameters of a set of E cores

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.268	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	24600	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	81.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	305	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈62	g

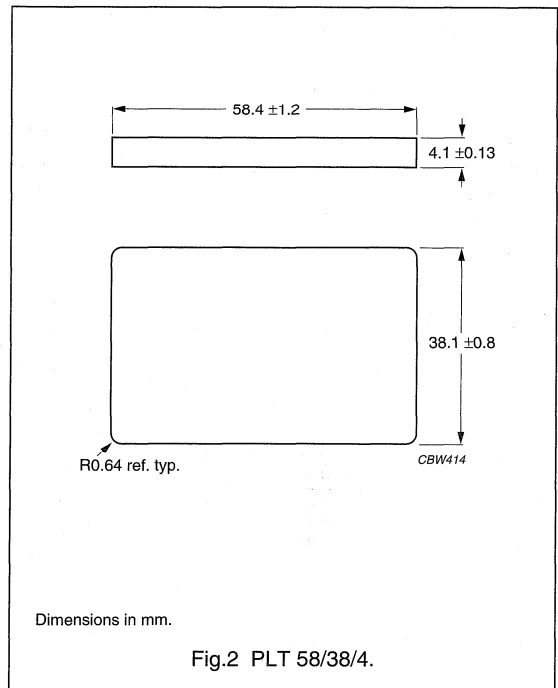


### Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.224	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	20800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	68.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	305	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈44	g

### Ordering information for plates

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT58/38/4-3C90
3F3	PLT58/38/4-3F3
3F4 <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	PLT58/38/4-3F4



## Planar E cores

E58/11/38

**Core halves for use in combination with an E core**A<sub>L</sub> measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for A<sub>L</sub> measurements, 40 ±20 N.

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	μ <sub>e</sub>	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈67	≈1400	E58/11-3C90-E315-E
	400 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈85	≈1100	E58/11-3C90-E400-E
	630 ±5% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈134	≈650	E58/11-3C90-E630-E
	1000 ±5%	≈213	≈400	E58/11-3C90-A1000-E
	1600 ±10%	≈341	≈200	E58/11-3C90-A1600-E
	8480 ±25%	≈1800	≈0	E58/11/38-3C90
3F3	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈67	≈1400	E58/11-3F3-E315-E
	400 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈85	≈1100	E58/11-3F3-E400-E
	630 ±5% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈134	≈650	E58/11-3F3-E630-E
	1000 ±5%	≈213	≈400	E58/11-3F3-A1000-E
	1600 ±10%	≈341	≈200	E58/11-3F3-A1600-E
	7710 ±25%	≈1640	≈0	E58/11/38-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈67	≈1400	E58/11-3F4-E315-E
	400 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈85	≈1100	E58/11-3F4-E400-E
	630 ±5% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈134	≈650	E58/11-3F4-E630-E
	1000 ±5%	≈213	≈400	E58/11-3F4-A1000-E
	1600 ±10%	≈341	≈200	E58/11-3F4-A1600-E
	4030 ±25%	≈860	≈0	E58/11/38-3F4

**Note**1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped E core half, clamping force for A<sub>L</sub> measurements, 40 ±20 N.**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**A<sub>L</sub> measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for A<sub>L</sub> measurements, 40 ±20 N.

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	μ <sub>e</sub>	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	315 ±3%	≈56	≈1400	E58/11-3C90-A315-P
	400 ±3%	≈71	≈1100	E58/11-3C90-A400-P
	630 ±5%	≈112	≈650	E58/11-3C90-A630-P
	1000 ±5%	≈178	≈400	E58/11-3C90-A1000-P
	1600 ±10%	≈285	≈200	E58/11-3C90-A1600-P
	9970 ±25%	≈780	≈0	E58/11/38-3C90
3F3	315 ±3%	≈56	≈1400	E58/11-3F3-A315-P
	400 ±3%	≈71	≈1100	E58/11-3F3-A400-P
	630 ±5%	≈112	≈650	E58/11-3F3-A630-P
	1000 ±5%	≈178	≈400	E58/11-3F3-A1000-P
	1600 ±10%	≈285	≈200	E58/11-3F3-A1600-P
	9070 ±25%	≈1620	≈0	E58/11/38-3F3

## Planar E cores

E58/11/38

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <small>ides</small>	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 56	$\approx$ 1400	E58/11-3F4-A315-P
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 71	$\approx$ 1100	E58/11-3F4-A400-P
	630 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 112	$\approx$ 650	E58/11-3F4-A630-P
	1000 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 178	$\approx$ 400	E58/11-3F4-A1000-P
	1600 $\pm$ 10%	$\approx$ 285	$\approx$ 200	E58/11-3F4-A1600-P
	4780 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 850	$\approx$ 0	E58/11/38-3F4

## Properties under power conditions

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E58-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 2.95	$\leq$ 3.10	–	–	–
E+PLT58-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 2.50	$\leq$ 2.65	–	–	–
E+E58-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 2.70	$\leq$ 4.70	–	–
E+PLT58-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 2.30	$\leq$ 4.00	–	–
E+E58-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 7.40	$\leq$ 8.00
E+PLT58-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 6.25	$\leq$ 6.80



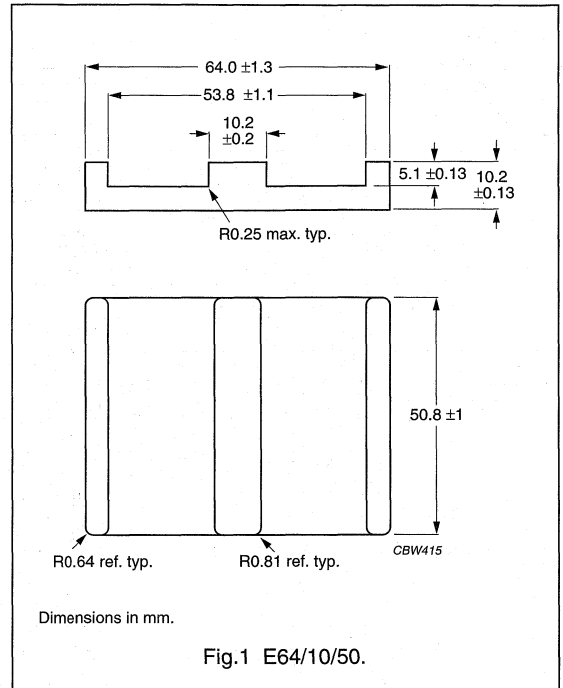
Planar E cores

E64/10/50

**CORES**

**Effective core parameters of a set of E cores**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.156	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	40700	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	79.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	511	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈100	g

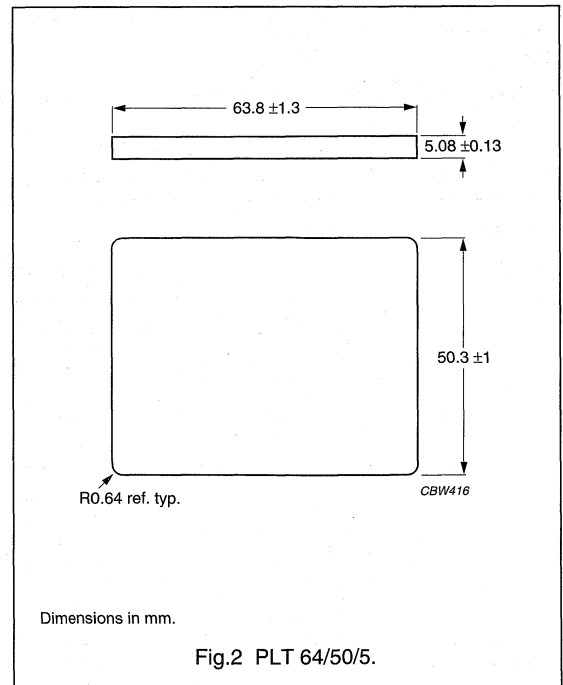


**Effective core parameters of an E/PLT combination**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.136	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	35500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	69.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	511	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of plate	≈78	g

**Ordering information for plates**

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	PLT64/50/5-3C90
3F3	PLT64/50/5-3F3
3F4 <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	PLT64/50/5-3F4



## Planar E cores

E64/10/50

**Core halves for use in combination with an E core**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $100 \pm 30$  N, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	630 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 78$	$\approx 1100$	E64/10-3C90-E630-E
	1000 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 124$	$\approx 660$	E64/10-3C90-E1000-E
	1600 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 199$	$\approx 385$	E64/10-3C90-A1600-E
	2500 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 310$	$\approx 225$	E64/10-3C90-A2500-E
	3150 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 391$	$\approx 170$	E64/10-3C90-A3150-E
	14640 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1820$	$\approx 0$	E64/10/50-3C90
3F3	630 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 78$	$\approx 1100$	E64/10-3F3-E630-E
	1000 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 124$	$\approx 660$	E64/10-3F3-E1000-E
	1600 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 199$	$\approx 385$	E64/10-3F3-A1600-E
	2500 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 310$	$\approx 225$	E64/10-3F3-A2500-E
	3150 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 391$	$\approx 170$	E64/10-3F3-A3150-E
	13300 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1650$	$\approx 0$	E64/10/50-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	630 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 78$	$\approx 1100$	E64/10-3F4-E630-E
	1000 $\pm 3\%$ <sup>(1)</sup>	$\approx 124$	$\approx 660$	E64/10-3F4-E1000-E
	1600 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 199$	$\approx 385$	E64/10-3F4-A1600-E
	2500 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 310$	$\approx 225$	E64/10-3F4-A2500-E
	3150 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 391$	$\approx 170$	E64/10-3F4-A3150-E
	6960 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 860$	$\approx 0$	E64/10/50-3F4

**Note**

1. Measured in combination with an equa -gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $100 \pm 30$  N.

**Core halves for use in combination with a plate (PLT)**

$A_L$  measured in combination with a plate (PLT), clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $100 \pm 30$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 78$	$\approx 1100$	E64/10-3C90-A-630-P
	1000 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 124$	$\approx 660$	E64/10-3C90-A-1000-P
	1600 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 199$	$\approx 385$	E64/10-3C90-A-1600-P
	2500 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 310$	$\approx 225$	E64/10-3C90-A-2500-P
	3150 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 391$	$\approx 170$	E64/10-3C90-A-3150-P
	16540 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1790$	$\approx 0$	E64/10/50-3C90
3F3	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 78$	$\approx 1100$	E64/10-3F3-A-630-P
	1000 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 124$	$\approx 660$	E64/10-3F3-A-1000-P
	1600 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 199$	$\approx 385$	E64/10-3F3-A-1600-P
	2500 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 310$	$\approx 225$	E64/10-3F3-A-2500-P
	3150 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 391$	$\approx 170$	E64/10-3F3-A-3150-P
	15050 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1630$	$\approx 0$	E64/10/50-3F3

## Planar E cores

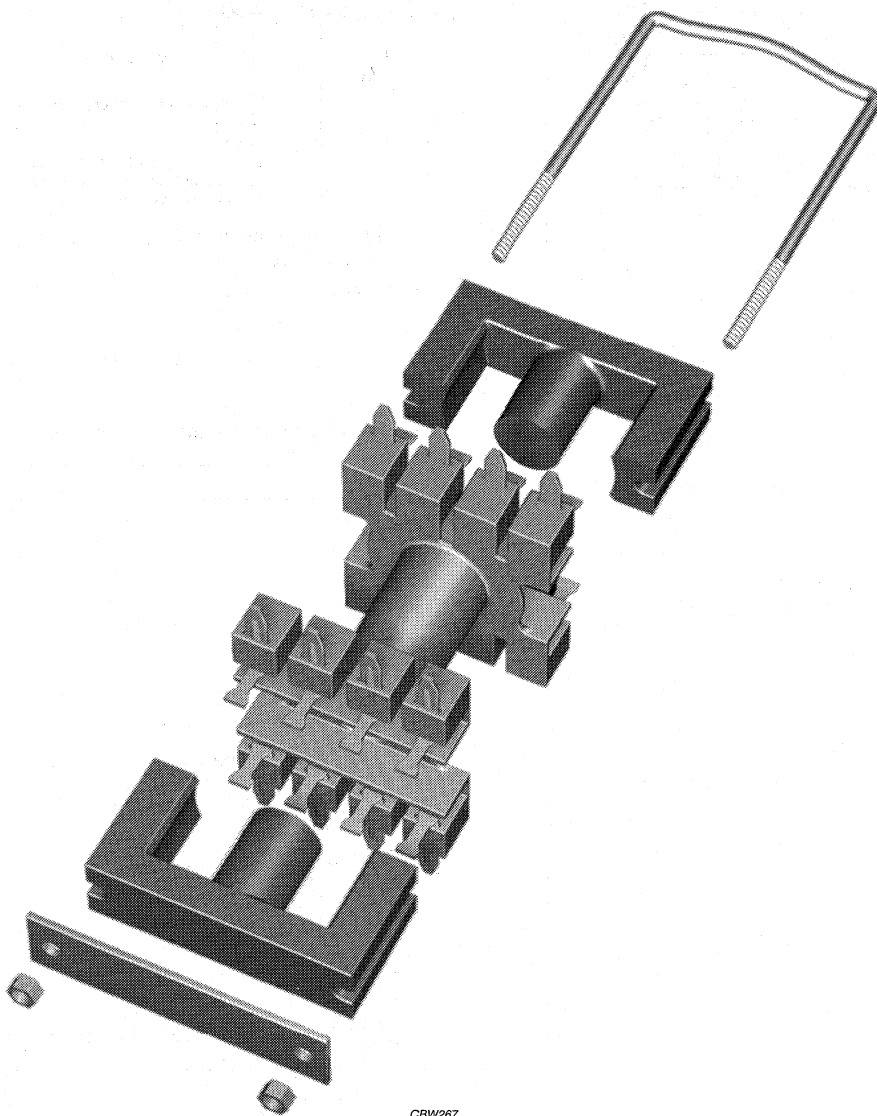
E64/10/50

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <small>des</small>	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 78	$\approx$ 1100	E64/10-3F4-A-630-P
	1000 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 124	$\approx$ 660	E64/10-3F4-A-1000-P
	1600 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 199	$\approx$ 385	E64/10-3F4-A-1600-P
	2500 $\pm$ 10%	$\approx$ 310	$\approx$ 225	E64/10-3F4-A-2500-P
	3150 $\pm$ 10%	$\approx$ 391	$\approx$ 170	E64/10-3F4-A-3150-P
	7920 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 860	$\approx$ 0	E64/10/50-3F4

## Properties under power conditions

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
E+E64-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 4.90	$\leq$ 5.20	–	–	–
E+PLT64-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 4.30	$\leq$ 4.55	–	–	–
E+E64-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 4.50	$\leq$ 7.80	–	–
E+PLT64-3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 3.95	$\leq$ 6.80	–	–
E+E64-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 12.0	$\leq$ 15.0
E+PLT64-3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	$\leq$ 10.5	$\leq$ 13.0





For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

EC cores and accessories

**PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE**

**Product overview EC cores**

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
EC35	6530	84.3	19
EC41	10800	121	30
EC52	18800	180	56
EC70	40100	279	127

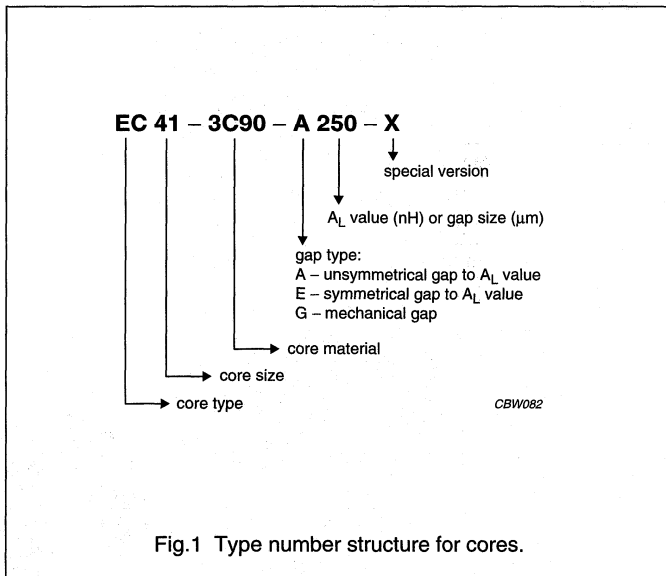


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

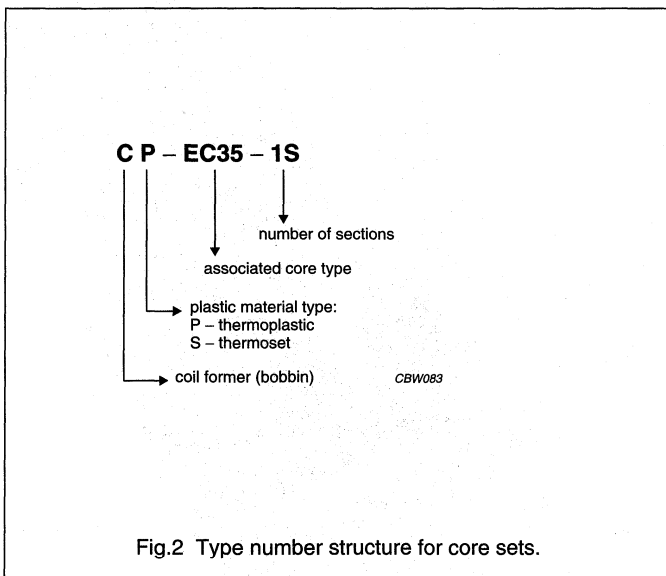


Fig.2 Type number structure for core sets.

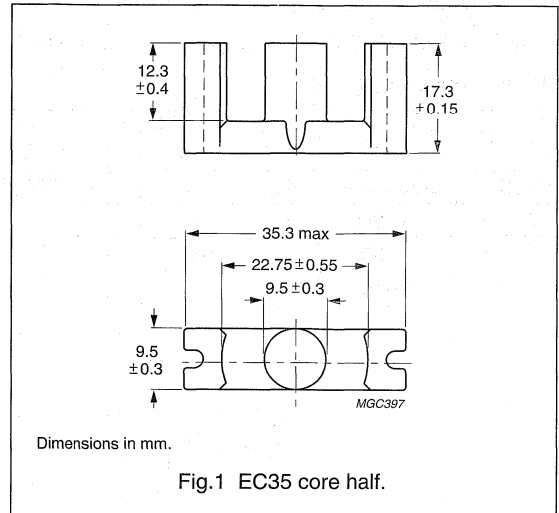
## EC cores and accessories

## EC35

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.918	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	6530	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	77.4	mm
$A_e$	effective area	84.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	71	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈19	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈73	≈1470	EC35-3C81-E100
	160 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈117	≈820	EC35-3C81-E160
	250 ±3%	≈184	≈470	EC35-3C81-A250
	315 ±5%	≈231	≈350	EC35-3C81-A315
	400 ±10%	≈290	≈260	EC35-3C81-A400
	≥2250	≥1640	≈0	EC35-3C81
3C90 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈73	≈1470	EC35-3C90-E100
	160 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈117	≈820	EC35-3C90-E160
	250 ±3%	≈184	≈470	EC35-3C90-A250
	315 ±5%	≈231	≈350	EC35-3C90-A315
	400 ±10%	≈290	≈260	EC35-3C90-A400
	2100 ±25%	≈1530	≈0	EC35-3C90

## Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half (symmetrical air gap).

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤1.40	—
3C90	≥320	≤0.79	≤0.83

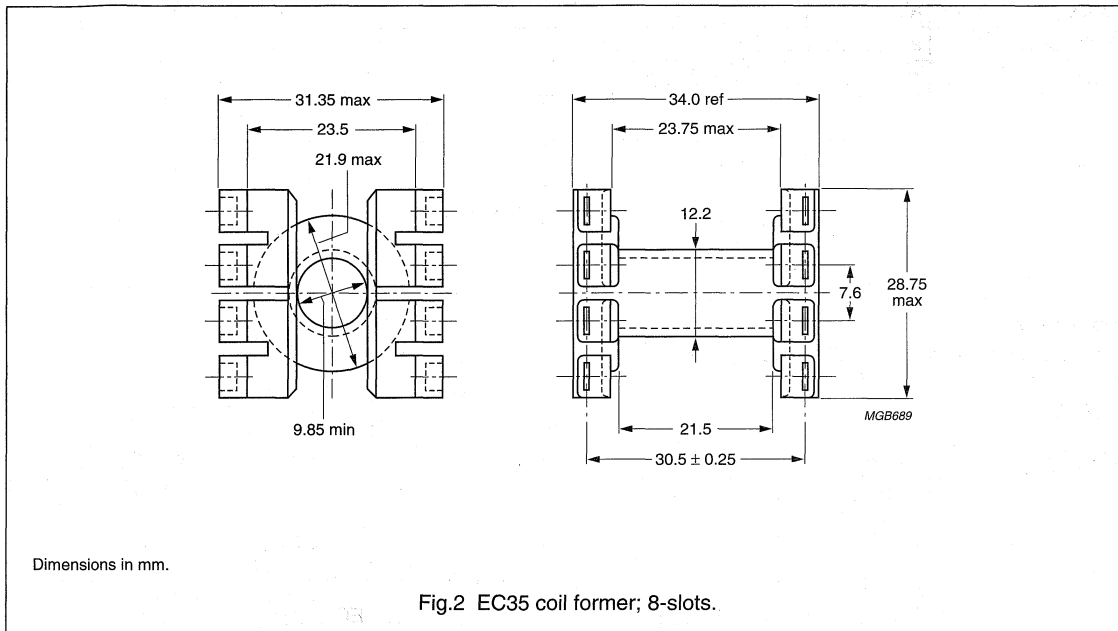
## EC cores and accessories

## EC35

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 8-slots EC35 coil former for insertable pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E44716(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data 8-slots EC35 coil former for insertable pins

Coil formers with inserted pins are available on request.

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	97.1	21.5	53.1	CP-EC35-1S



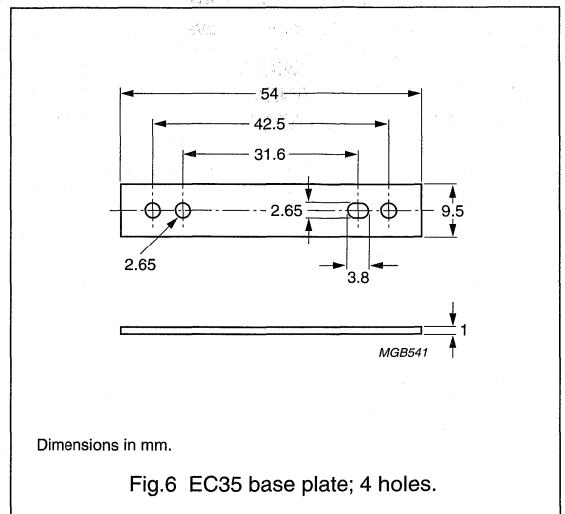
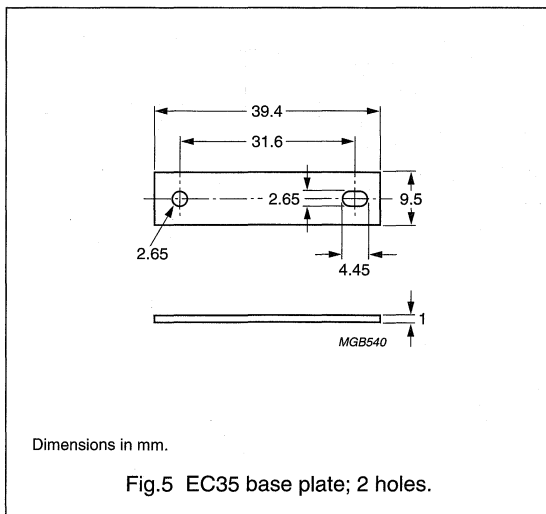
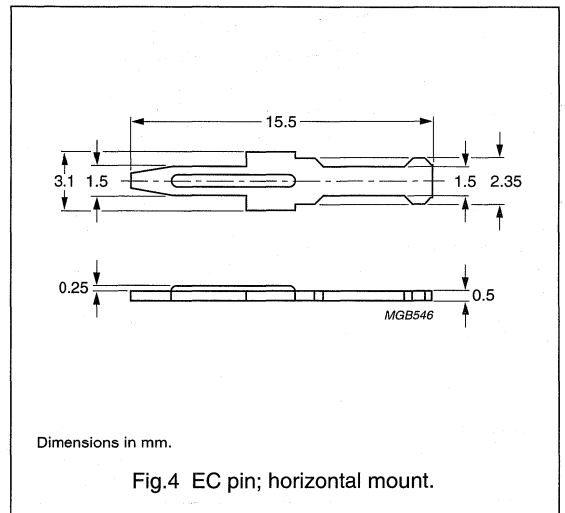
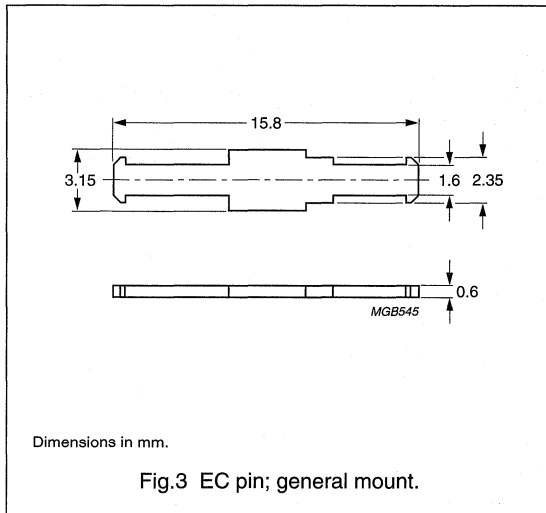
EC cores and accessories

EC35

**MOUNTING PARTS**

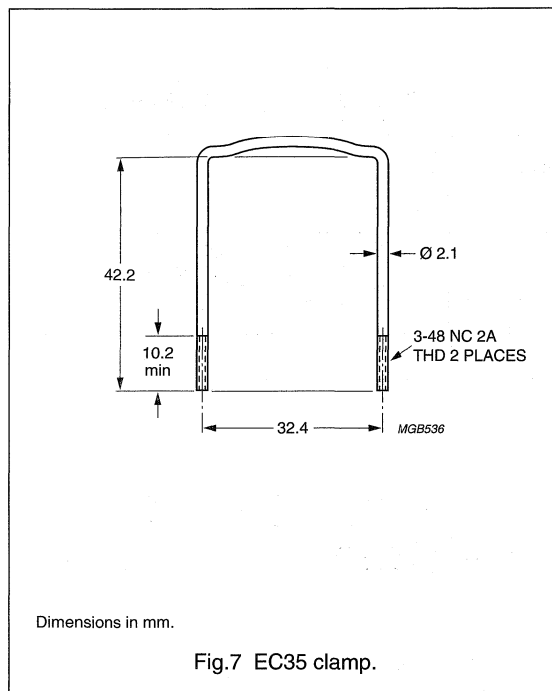
**General data and ordering information**

ITEM	REMARKS	MOUNT	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Insertable pins	solderability: "IEC 68-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1; material: copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated	general	3	PIN-EC
		horizontal	4	PIN/H-EC
Base plate 2 holes	aluminium		5	BPL2-EC35
Base plate 4 holes	aluminium		6	BPL4-EC35
Clamp	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn)		7	CLM/U-EC35



## EC cores and accessories

## EC35



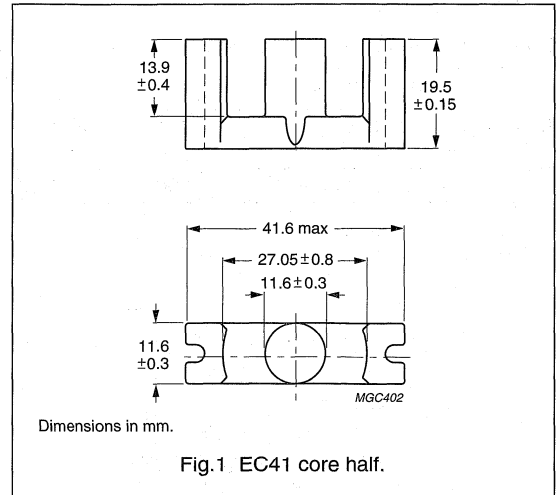
## EC cores and accessories

## EC41

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.735	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	10800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	89.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	121	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	106	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈30	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with an non-gapped core half, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈59	≈2200	EC41-3C81-E100
	160 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈94	≈1220	EC41-3C81-E160
	250 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈147	≈705	EC41-3C81-E250
	315 ±5%	≈186	≈530	EC41-3C81-A315
	400 ±5%	≈236	≈390	EC41-3C81-A400
	≥2800	≥1640	≈0	EC41-3C81
3C90 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈59	≈2200	EC41-3C90-E100
	160 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈94	≈1220	EC41-3C90-E160
	250 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈147	≈705	EC41-3C90-E250
	315 ±5%	≈186	≈530	EC41-3C90-A315
	400 ±5%	≈186	≈390	EC41-3C90-A400
	2700 ±25%	≈1580	≈0	EC41-3C90

## Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half (symmetrical air gap).

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤2.2	–
3C90	≥320	≤1.3	≤1.4

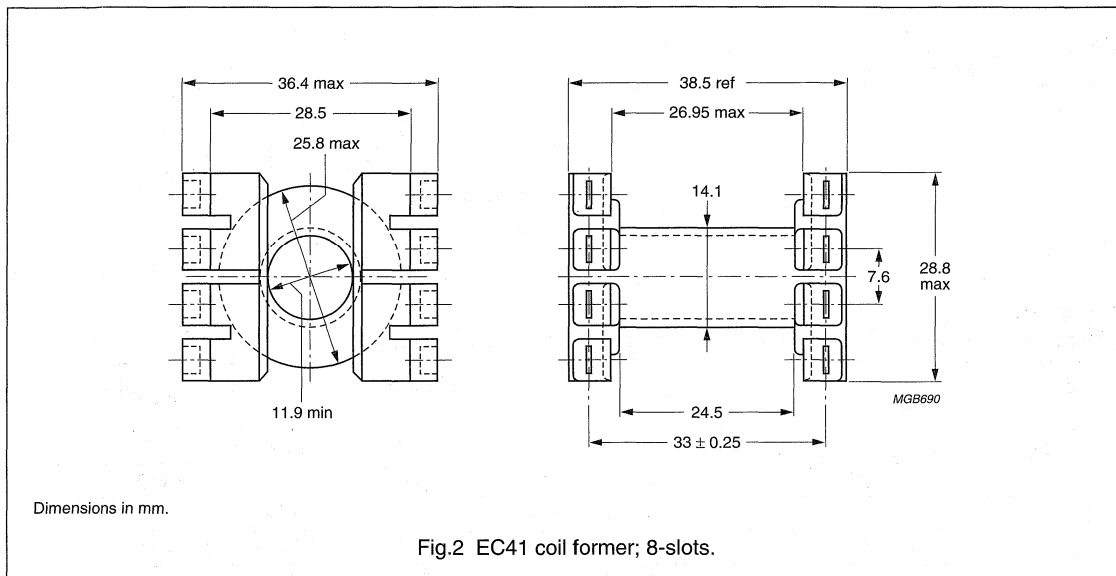
## EC cores and accessories

## EC41

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 8-slots EC41 coil former for insertable pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E44716(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data 8-slots EC41 coil former for insertable pins

Coil formers with inserted pins are available on request.

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	137.5	24.5	62.4	CP-EC41-1S

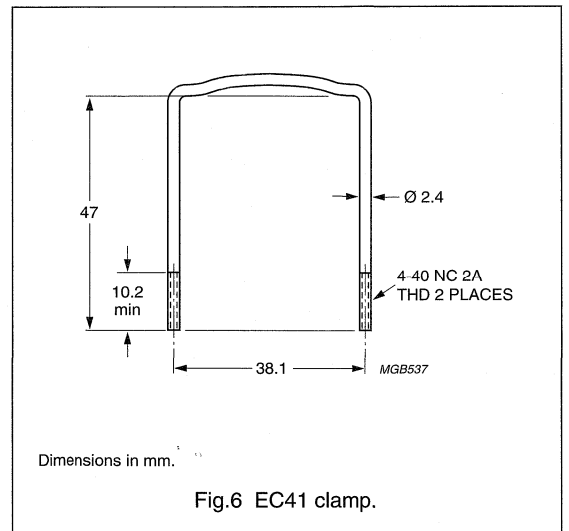
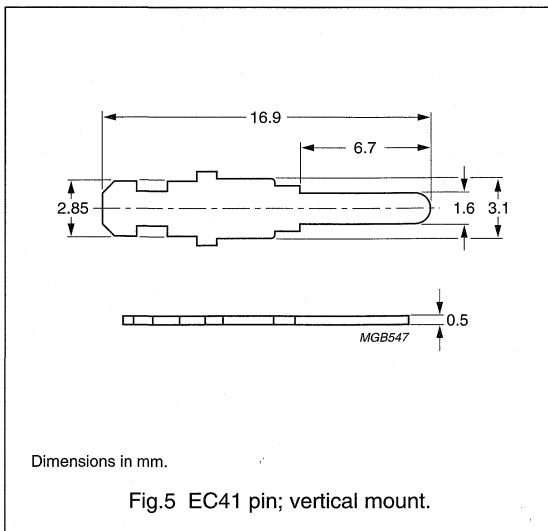
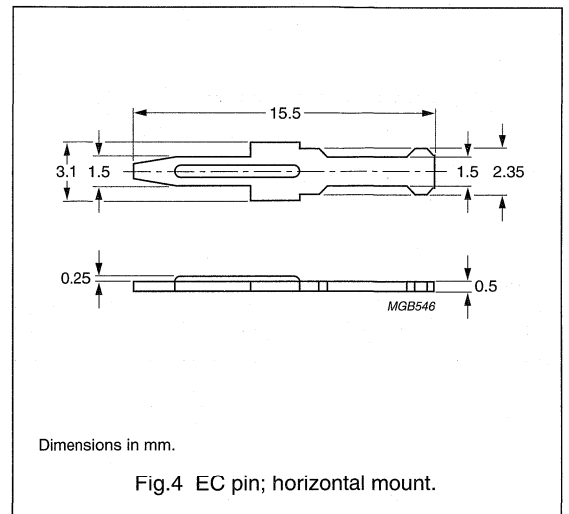
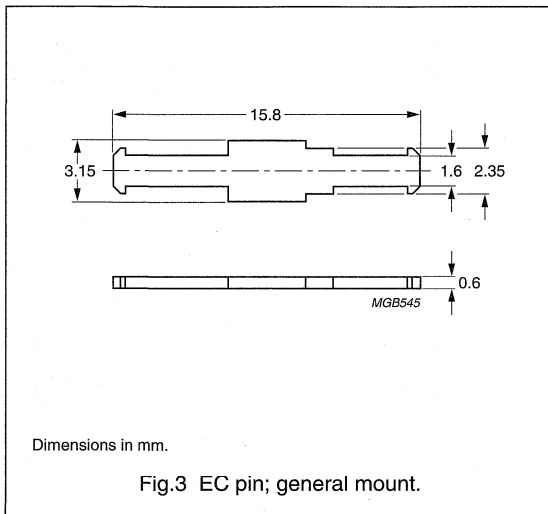
EC cores and accessories

EC41

**MOUNTING PARTS**

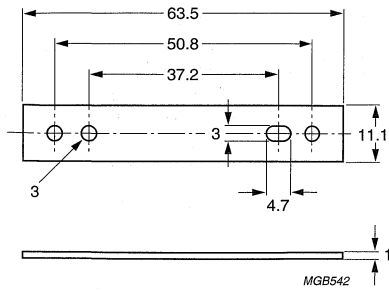
**General data and ordering information**

ITEM	REMARKS	MOUNT	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Insertable pins	solderability: "IEC 68-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1 material: copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated	general	3	PIN-EC
		horizontal	4	PIN/H-EC
		vertical	5	PIN/V-EC41
Clamp	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn)		6	CLM/U-EC41
Base plate 4 holes	aluminium (Al)		7	BPL4-EC41



## EC cores and accessories

## EC41



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.7 EC41 base plate; 4 holes.

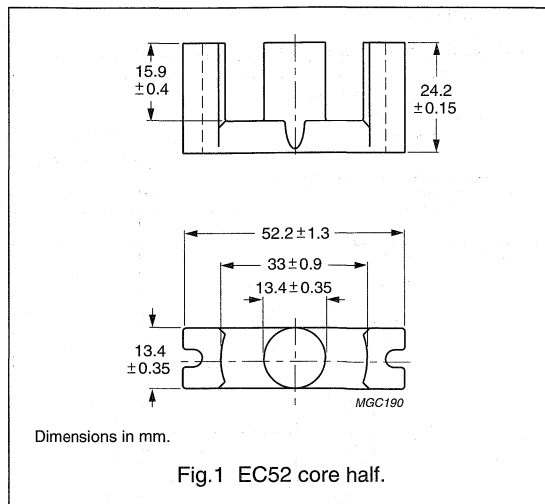
EC cores and accessories

EC52

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.581	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	18800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	105	mm
$A_e$	effective area	180	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	141	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈56	g



Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with an non-gapped core half, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈74	≈1920	EC52-3C81-E160
	250 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈116	≈1100	EC52-3C81-E250
	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈147	≈830	EC52-3C81-E315
	400 ±3%	≈185	≈620	EC52-3C81-A400
	630 ±5%	≈290	≈350	EC52-3C81-A630
	≥3550	≥1640	≈0	EC52-3C81
3C90 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈74	≈1920	EC52-3C90-E160
	250 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈116	≈1100	EC52-3C90-E250
	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈147	≈830	EC52-3C90-E315
	400 ±3%	≈185	≈620	EC52-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈290	≈350	EC52-3C90-A630
	3600 ±25%	≈1660	≈0	EC52-3C90

Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half (symmetrical air gap).

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤3.8	-
3C90	≥320	≤2.3	≤2.4

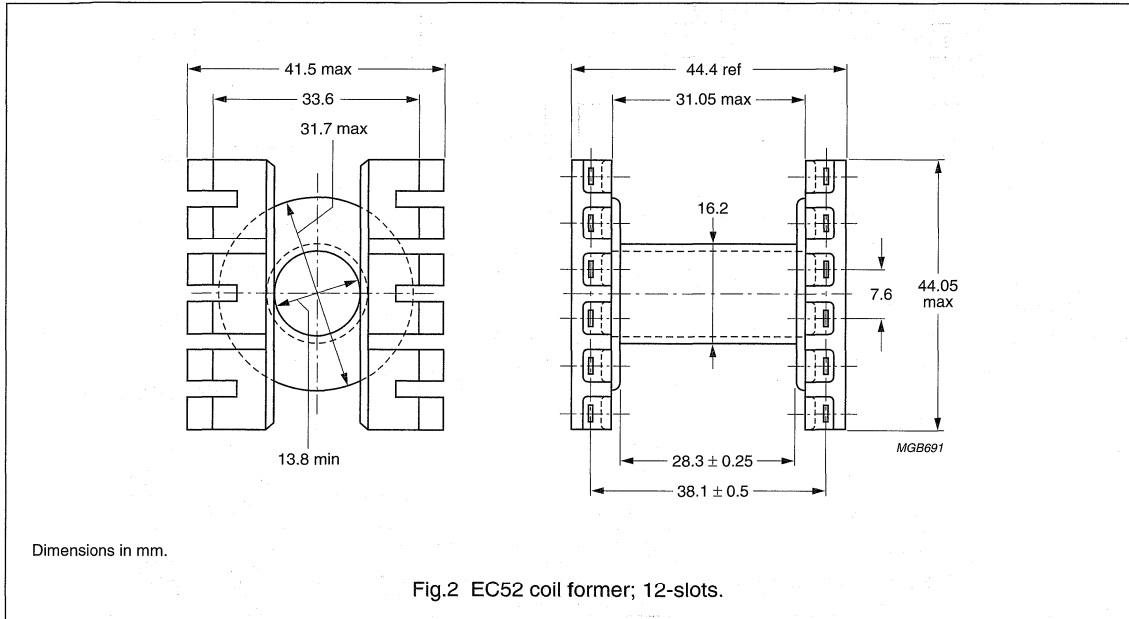
## EC cores and accessories

EC52

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 12-slots EC52 coil former for insertable pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E44716(R)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data for 12-slots EC52 coil former for insertable pins

Coil formers with inserted pins are available on request.

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	212	28.3	74.9	CP-EC52-1S



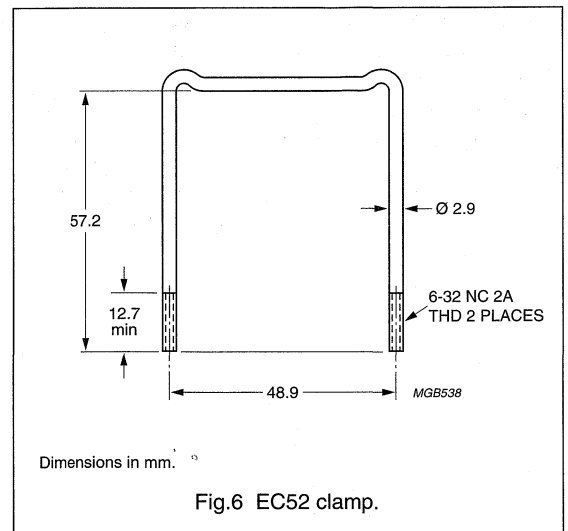
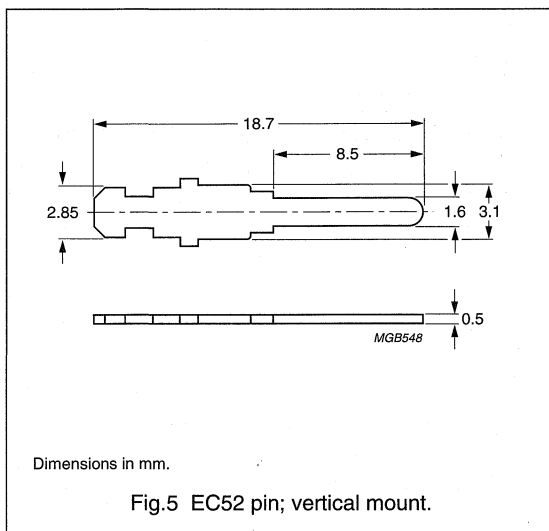
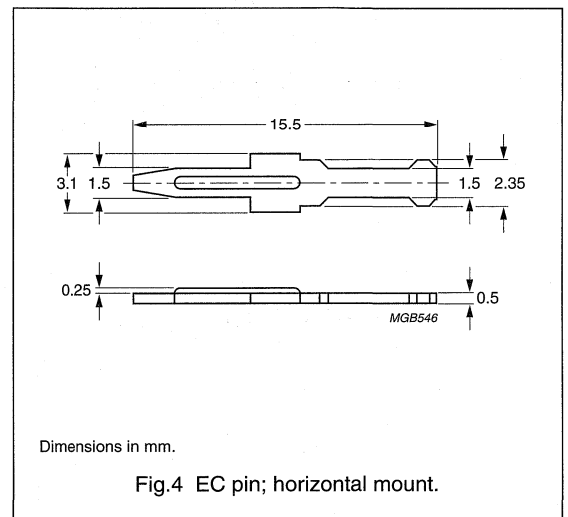
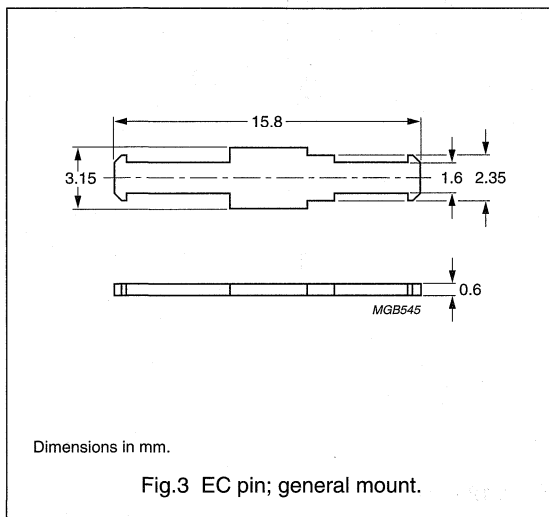
# EC cores and accessories

# EC52

## MOUNTING PARTS

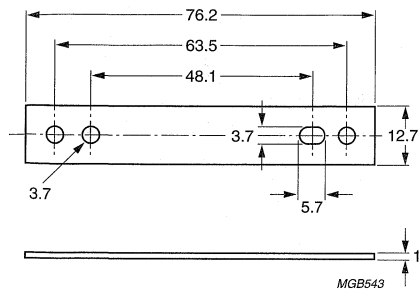
### General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	MOUNT	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Insertable pins	solderability: "IEC 68-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1 material: copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated	general	3	PIN-EC
		horizontal	4	PIN/H-EC
		vertical	5	PIN/V-EC52
Clamp	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn)		5	CLM/U-EC52
Base plate 4 holes	aluminium		5	BPL4-EC52



## EC cores and accessories

## EC52



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.7 EC52 base plate; 4 holes.

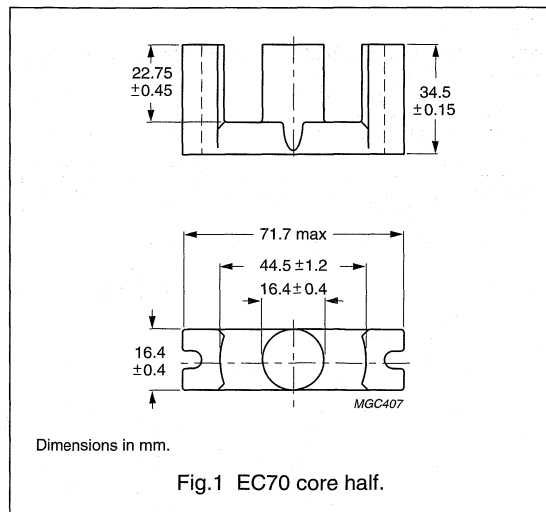
# EC cores and accessories

# EC70

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.514	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	40100	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	144	mm
$A_e$	effective area	279	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	211	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈127	g



### Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with a non-gapped core half, unless stated otherwise.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81 <sup>sup</sup>	250 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈102	≈1830	EC70-3C81-E250
	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈130	≈1370	EC70-3C81-E315
	400 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈165	≈1020	EC70-3C81-E400
	630 ±5%	≈256	≈580	EC70-3C81-A630
	1000 ±10%	≈406	≈320	EC70-3C81-A1000
	≥4000	≥1620	≈0	EC70-3C81
3C90 <sup>sup</sup>	250 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈102	≈1830	EC70-3C90-E250
	315 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈130	≈1370	EC70-3C90-E315
	400 ±3% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈165	≈1020	EC70-3C90-E400
	630 ±5%	≈256	≈580	EC70-3C90-A630
	1000 ±10%	≈406	≈320	EC70-3C90-A1000
	3900 ±25%	≈1580	≈0	EC70-3C90

### Note

1. Measured in combination with an equal gapped core half (symmetrical air gap).

### Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥330	≤8.2	—
3C90	≥330	≤4.9	≤5.1

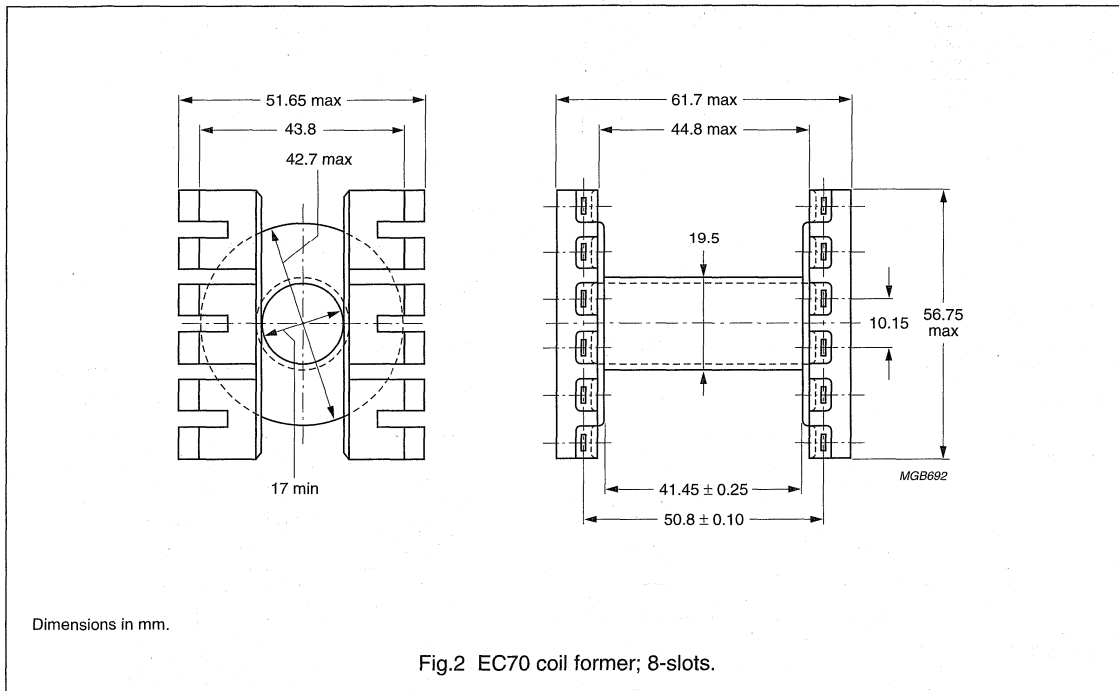
## EC cores and accessories

## EC70

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 8-slots EC70 coil former for insertable pins

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E44716(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B



## Winding data 8-slots EC70 coil former for insertable pins; see note 1

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	465	41.5	97.3	CP-EC70-1S

## Note

- Coil formers with inserted pins are available on request.

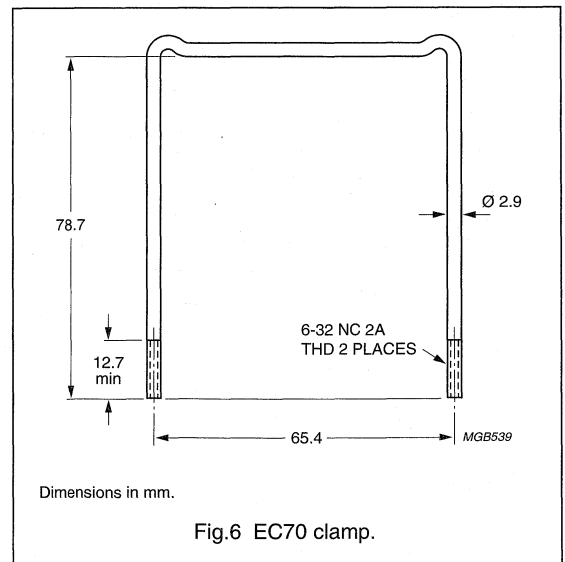
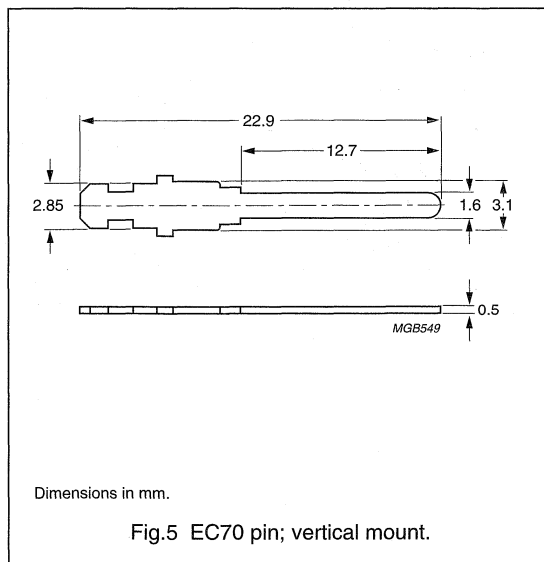
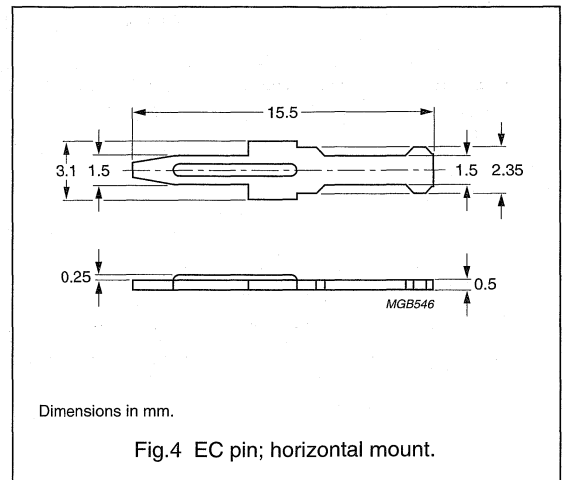
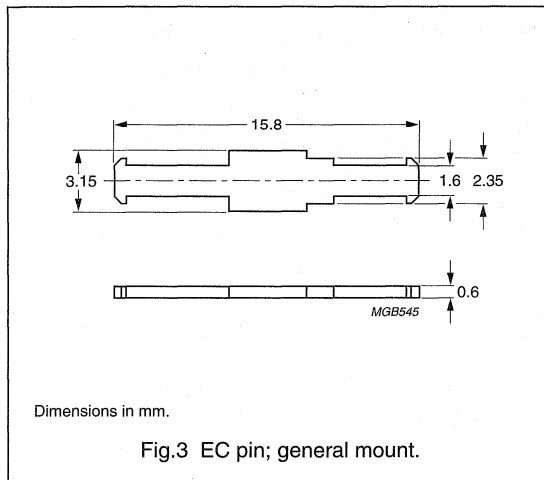
EC cores and accessories

EC70

MOUNTING PARTS

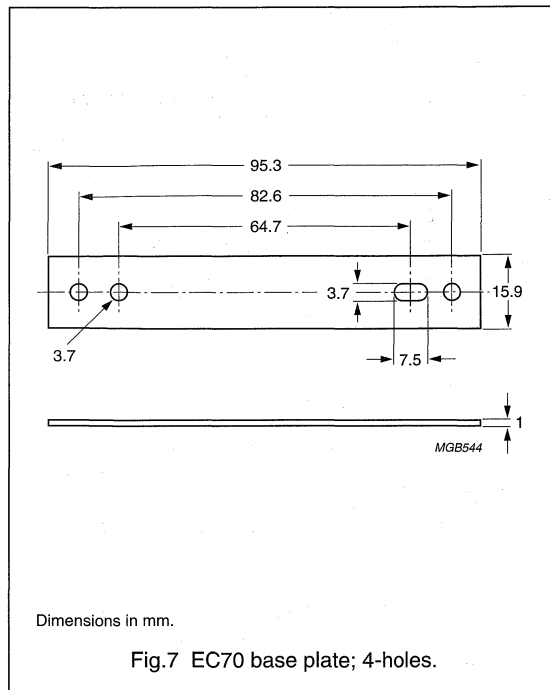
General data and ordering information

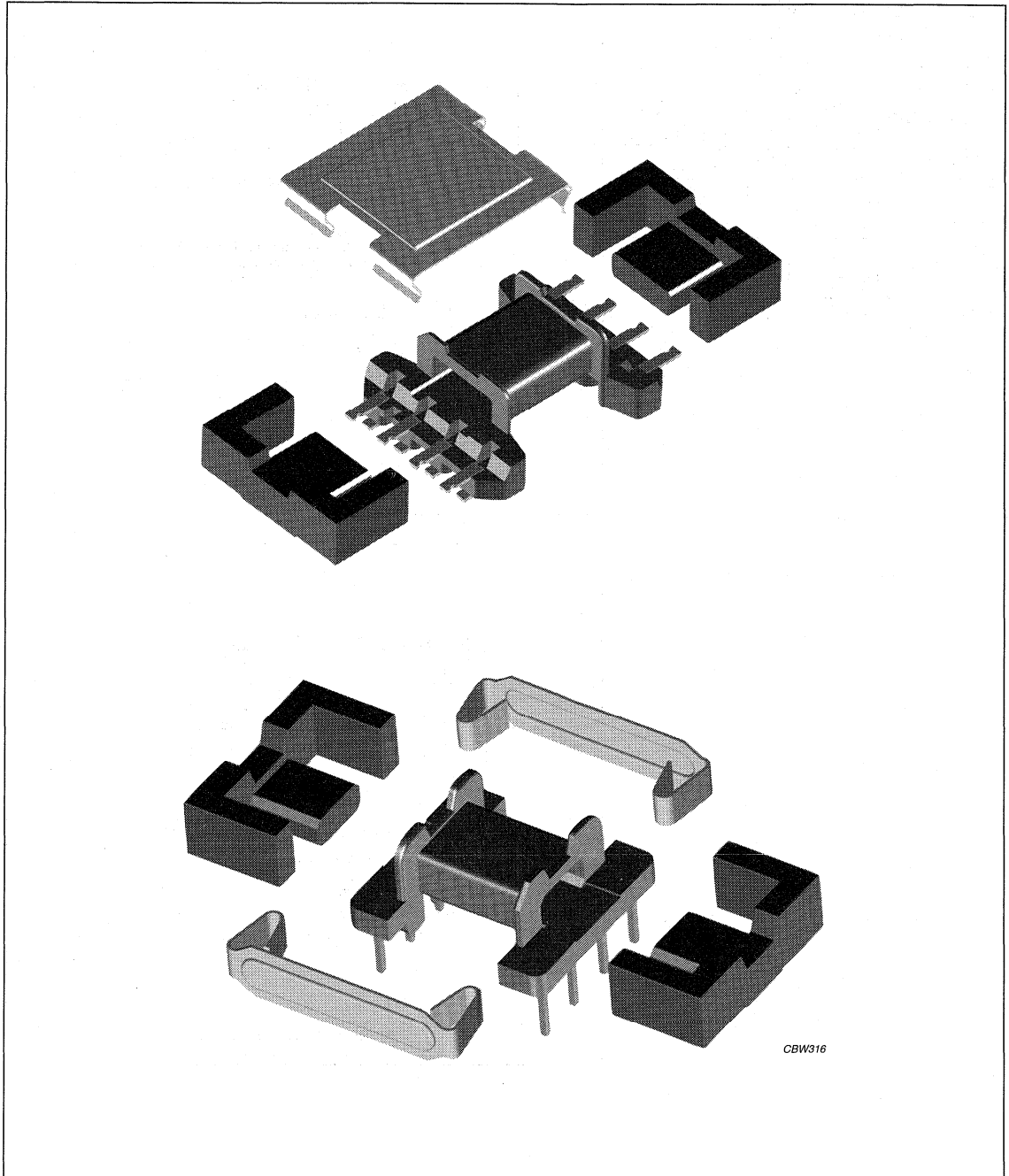
ITEM	REMARKS	MOUNT	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Insertable pins	solderability: "IEC 68-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1 material: copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated	general	3	PIN-EC
		horizontal	4	PIN/H-EC
		vertical	5	PIN/V-EC70
Clamp	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn)		6	CLM/U-EC70
Base plate 4 holes	aluminium		7	BPL4-EC70



## EC cores and accessories

## EC70





CBW316

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

# Soft Ferrites

# EFD cores and accessories

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

### Product overview EFD cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
EFD10	171	7.2	0.45
EFD12	325	11.4	0.9
EFD15	510	15.0	1.4
EFD20	1460	31.0	3.5
EFD25	3300	58.0	8
EFD30	4700	69.0	12

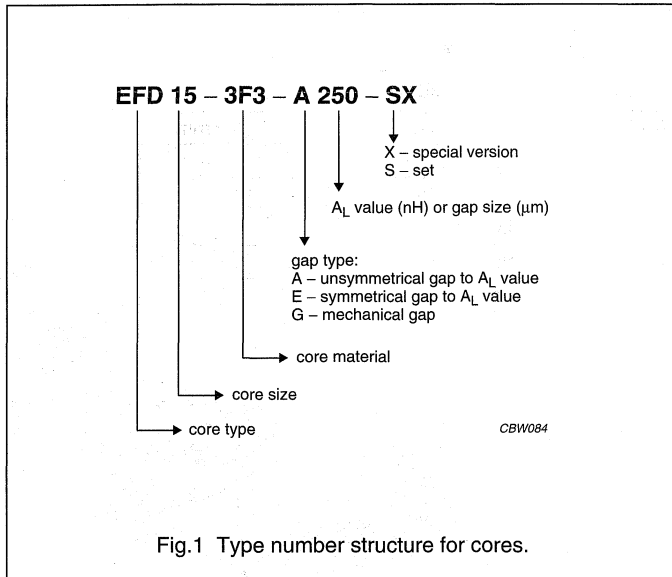


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

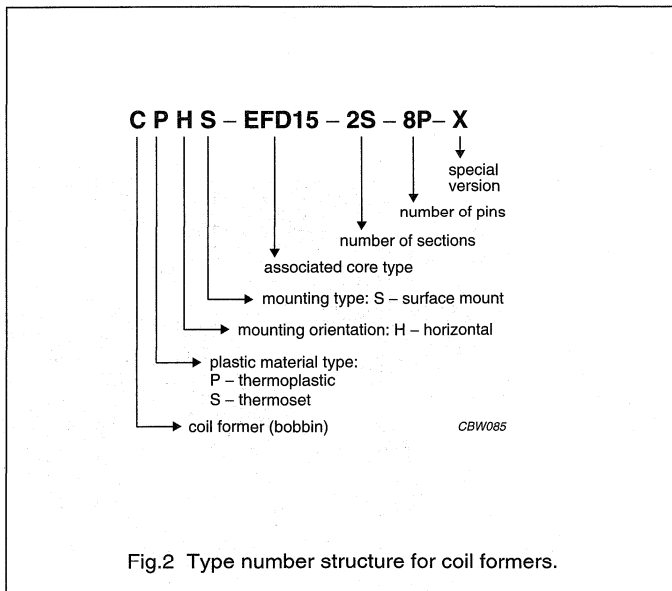


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.



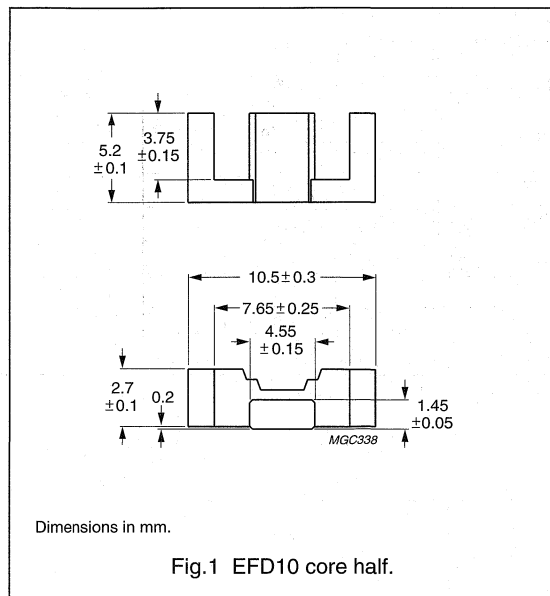
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD10

## CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.29	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	171	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	23.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	7.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	6.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈0.45	g



## Core sets

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 10 ± 5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	25 ± 5%	≈ 66	≈ 540	EFD10-3C90-A25-S
	40 ± 8%	≈ 105	≈ 300	EFD10-3C90-A40-S
	63 ± 10%	≈ 165	≈ 170	EFD10-3C90-A63-S
	585 ± 25%	≈ 1510	≈ 0	EFD10-3C90-S
3C94 <small>des</small>	25 ± 5%	≈ 66	≈ 540	EFD10-3C94-A25-S
	40 ± 8%	≈ 105	≈ 300	EFD10-3C94-A40-S
	63 ± 10%	≈ 165	≈ 170	EFD10-3C94-A63-S
	585 ± 25%	≈ 1510	≈ 0	EFD10-3C94-S
3C96 <small>prot</small>	525 ± 25%	≈ 1360	≈ 0	EFD10-3C96-S
3F3	25 ± 5%	≈ 66	≈ 540	EFD10-3F3-A25-S
	40 ± 8%	≈ 105	≈ 300	EFD10-3F3-A40-S
	63 ± 10%	≈ 165	≈ 170	EFD10-3F3-A63-S
	500 ± 25%	≈ 1290	≈ 0	EFD10-3F3-S
3F35 <small>prot</small>	400 ± 25%	≈ 1030	≈ 0	EFD10-3F35-S

## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD10

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <small>des</small>	25 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 66	$\approx$ 520	EFD10-3F4-A25-S
	40 $\pm$ 8%	$\approx$ 105	$\approx$ 280	EFD10-3F4-A40-S
	63 $\pm$ 10%	$\approx$ 165	$\approx$ 150	EFD10-3F4-A63-S
	280 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 730	$\approx$ 0	EFD10-3F4-S
3E4 <small>sup</small>	1400 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 3670	$\approx$ 0	EFD10-3E4-S
3E5 <small>des</small>	2000 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 5240	$\approx$ 0	EFD10-3E5-S

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.019	–	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.015	$\approx$ 0.074	$\approx$ 0.033
3C96	$\geq$ 320	$\approx$ 0.011	$\approx$ 0.052	$\approx$ 0.023
3F35	$\geq$ 300	–	–	$\approx$ 0.017
3F3	$\geq$ 315	$\leq$ 0.020	–	$\leq$ 0.035
3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq$ 320	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq$ 300	$\approx$ 0.028	$\approx$ 0.200	–	–
3F3	$\geq$ 315	–	–	–	–
3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	$\leq$ 0.034	$\leq$ 0.055

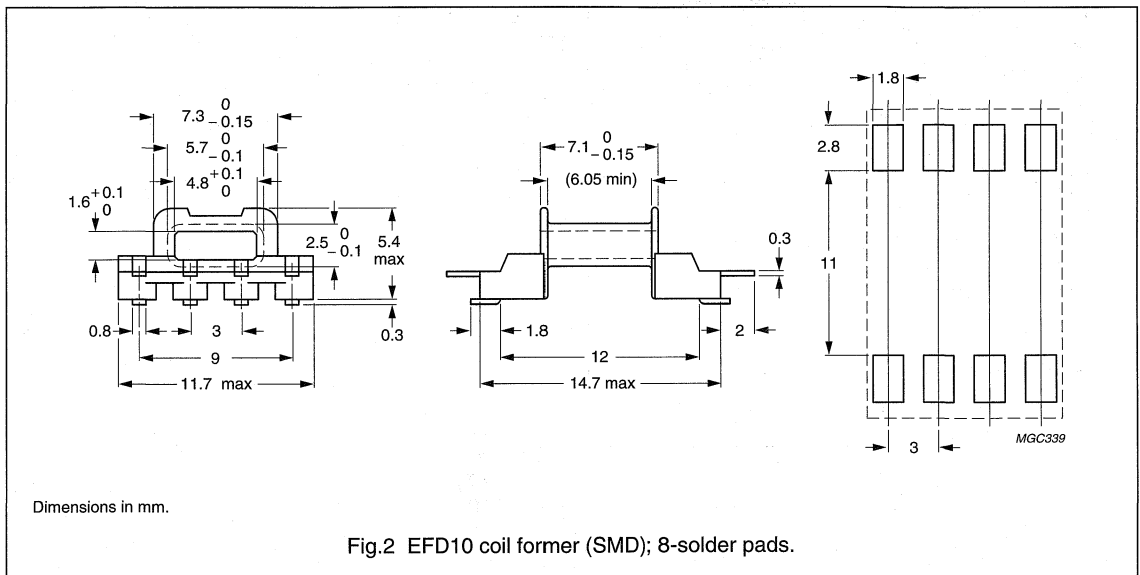
EFD cores and accessories

EFD10

**COIL FORMERS**

**General data**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E83005(M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



**Winding data for EFD10 coil former (SMD) with 8-solder pads**

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	4.2	6.05	14.8	CPHS-EFD10-1S-8P

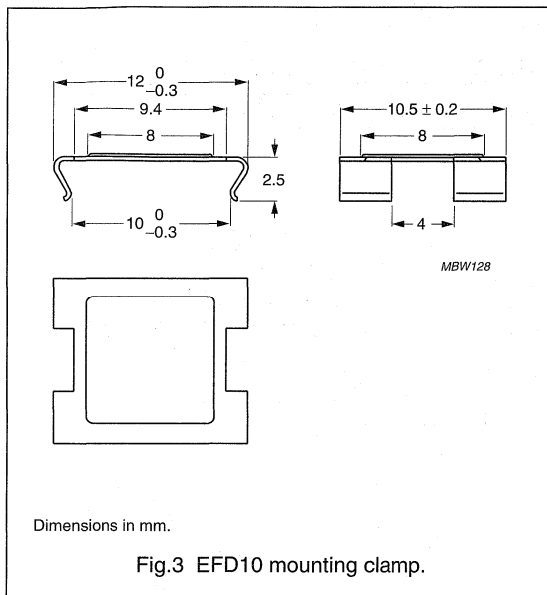
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD10

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 15$ N	3	CLM-EFD10



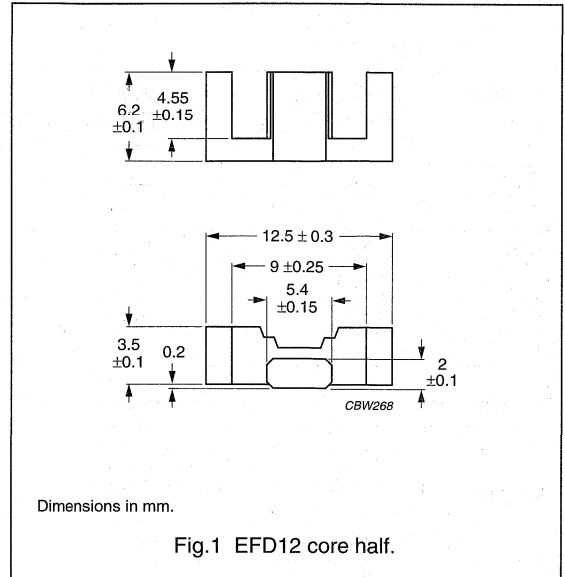
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD12

## CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.50	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	325	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	28.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	11.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	10.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈0.9	g



## Core sets

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 15 ± 5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	40 ± 5%	≈ 80	≈ 490	EFD12-3C90-A40-S
	63 ± 8%	≈ 125	≈ 280	EFD12-3C90-A63-S
	100 ± 10%	≈ 200	≈ 160	EFD12-3C90-A100-S
	825 ± 25%	≈ 1610	≈ 0	EFD12-3C90-S
3C94 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	40 ± 5%	≈ 80	≈ 490	EFD12-3C94-A40-S
	63 ± 8%	≈ 125	≈ 280	EFD12-3C94-A63-S
	100 ± 10%	≈ 200	≈ 160	EFD12-3C94-A100-S
	825 ± 25%	≈ 1610	≈ 0	EFD12-3C94-S
3C96 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">prot</span>	750 ± 25%	≈ 1460	≈ 0	EFD12-3C96-S
3F3	40 ± 5%	≈ 80	≈ 490	EFD12-3F3-A40-S
	63 ± 8%	≈ 125	≈ 280	EFD12-3F3-A63-S
	100 ± 10%	≈ 200	≈ 160	EFD12-3F3-A100-S
	700 ± 25%	≈ 1370	≈ 0	EFD12-3F3-S
3F35 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">prot</span>	550 ± 25%	≈ 1070	≈ 0	EFD12-3F35-S
3F4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	40 ± 5%	≈ 80	≈ 470	EFD12-3F4-A40-S
	63 ± 8%	≈ 125	≈ 260	EFD12-3F4-A63-S
	100 ± 10%	≈ 200	≈ 140	EFD12-3F4-A100-S
	280 ± 25%	≈ 730	≈ 0	EFD12-3F4-S
3E4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">sup</span>	1900 +40/-30%	≈ 3780	≈ 0	EFD12-3E4-S
3E5 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2800 +40/-30%	≈ 5570	≈ 0	EFD12-3E5-S

## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD12

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.036	–	–
3C94	≥320	≤0.029	≈0.14	≈0.062
3C96	≥320	≈0.021	≈0.10	≈0.043
3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.033
3F3	≥315	≤0.04	–	≤0.065
3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.052	≈0.39	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.065	≤0.11

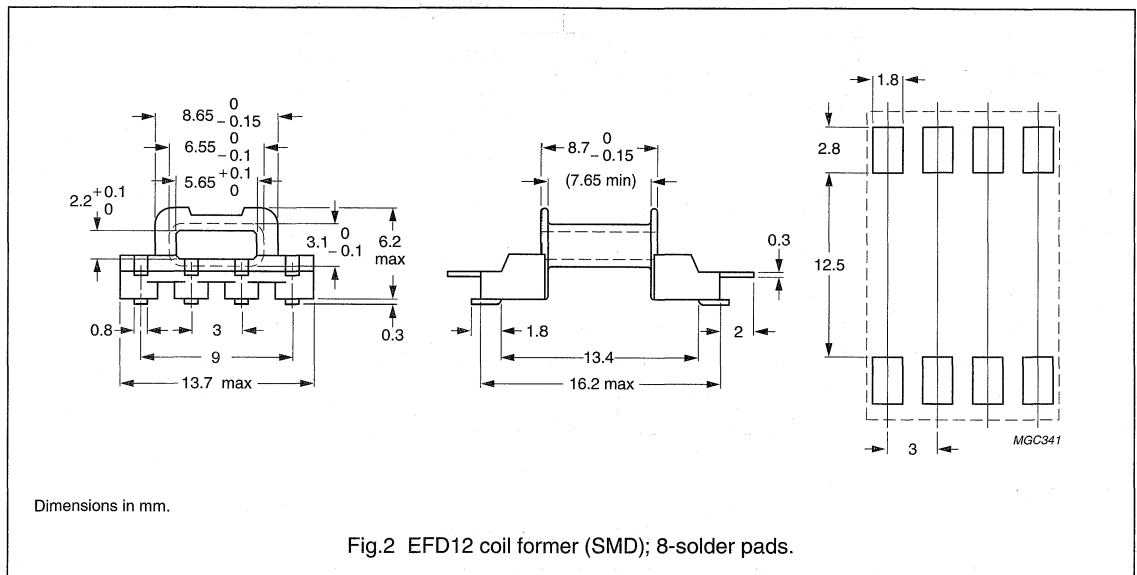
## EFD cores and accessories

EFD12

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E83005(M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD12 coil former (SMD) with 8-solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	6.5	7.65	18.6	CPHS-EFD12-1S-8P

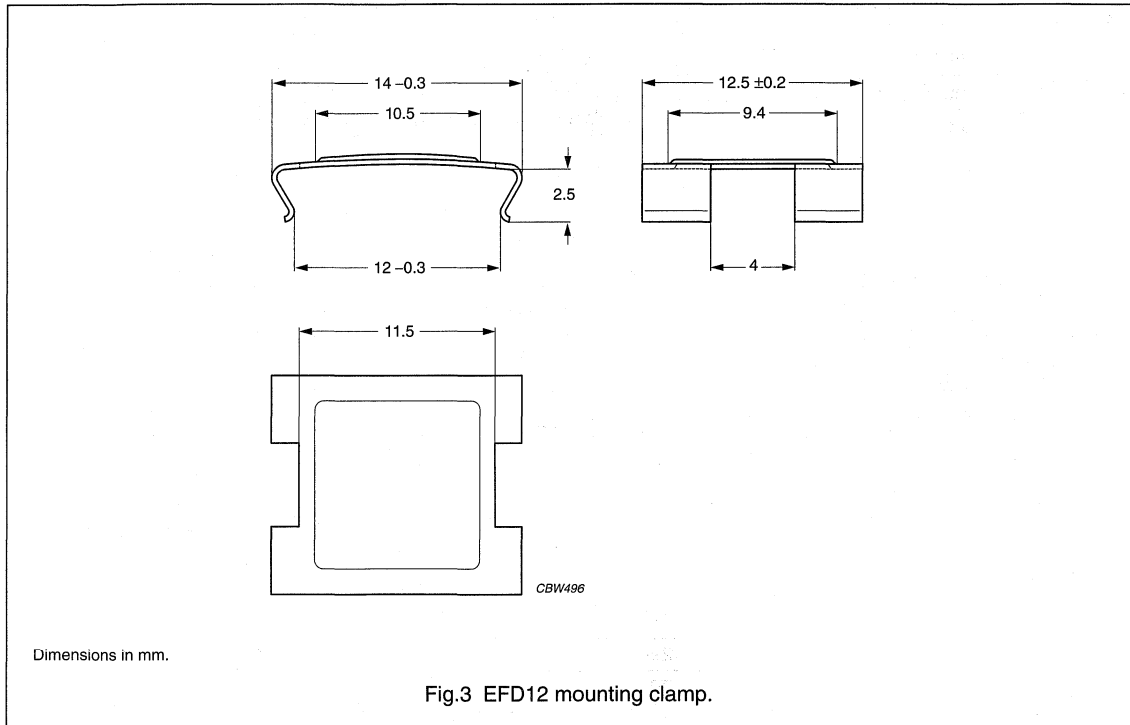
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD12

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 20$ N	3	CLM-EFD12





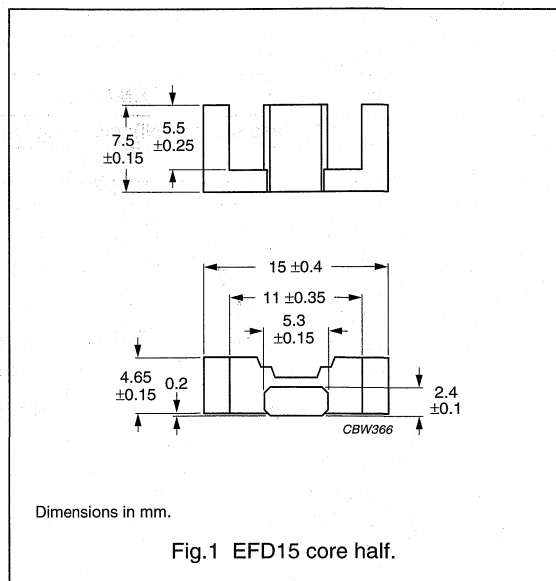
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD15

## CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.27	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	510	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	34.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	15.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	12.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈1.4	g



## Core sets

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ± 5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	63 ± 5%	≈ 115	≈ 350	EFD15-3C90-A63-S
	100 ± 8%	≈ 180	≈ 170	EFD15-3C90-A100-S
	160 ± 10%	≈ 290	≈ 100	EFD15-3C90-A160-S
	950 ± 25%	≈ 1700	≈ 0	EFD15-3C90-S
3C94 <b>des</b>	63 ± 5%	≈ 115	≈ 350	EFD15-3C94-A63-S
	100 ± 8%	≈ 180	≈ 170	EFD15-3C94-A100-S
	160 ± 10%	≈ 290	≈ 100	EFD15-3C94-A160-S
	950 ± 25%	≈ 1700	≈ 0	EFD15-3C94-S
3C96 <b>prot</b>	850 ± 25%	≈ 1520	≈ 0	EFD15-3C96-S
3F3	63 ± 5%	≈ 115	≈ 350	EFD15-3F3-A63-S
	100 ± 8%	≈ 180	≈ 170	EFD15-3F3-A100-S
	160 ± 10%	≈ 290	≈ 100	EFD15-3F3-A160-S
	780 ± 25%	≈ 1400	≈ 0	EFD15-3F3-S
3F35 <b>prot</b>	630 ± 25%	≈ 1130	≈ 0	EFD15-3F35-S
3F4 <b>des</b>	63 ± 5%	≈ 115	≈ 350	EFD15-3F4-A63-S
	100 ± 8%	≈ 180	≈ 160	EFD15-3F4-A100-S
	160 ± 10%	≈ 290	≈ 90	EFD15-3F4-A160-S
	400 ± 25%	≈ 720	≈ 0	EFD15-3F4-S
3E4 <b>sup</b>	2000 +40/-30%	≈ 3610	≈ 0	EFD15-3E4-S
3E5	3600 +40/-30%	≈ 6500	≈ 0	EFD15-3E5-S

## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD15

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.057	–	–
3C94	≥320	≤0.045	≈0.22	≈0.100
3C96	≥320	≈0.032	≈0.15	≈0.070
3F35	≥300	–	–	≈0.051
3F3	≥315	≤0.06	–	≤0.100
3F4	≥250	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; B̂ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.082	≈0.61	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.10	≤0.16

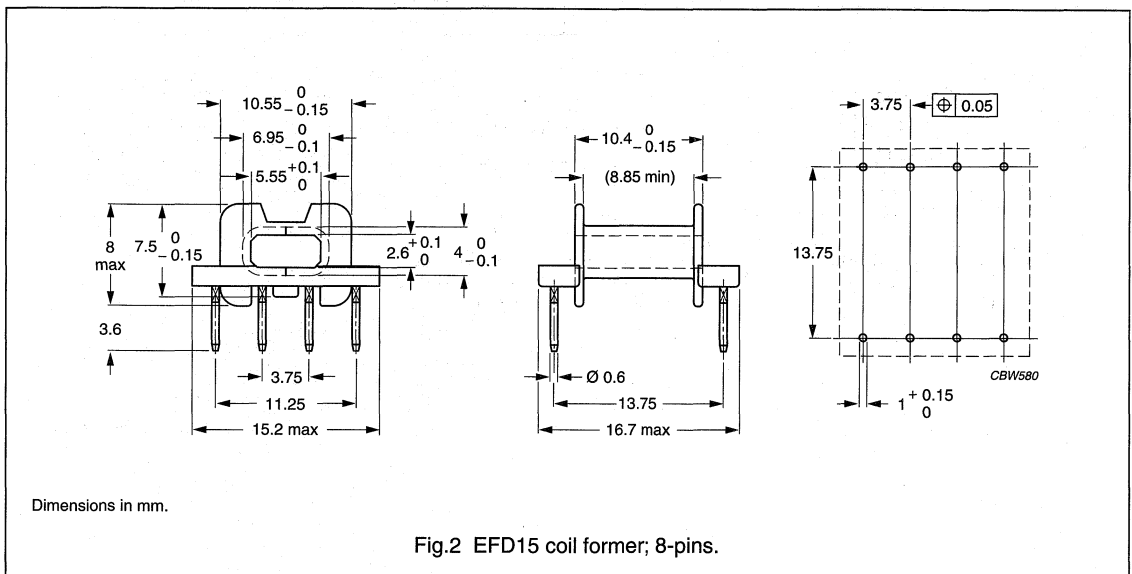
## EFD cores and accessories

EFD15

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD15 coil former with 8-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	14.8	8.85	26.3	CSH-EFD15-1S-8P; see note 1

## Note

- Also available with post-inserted pins.

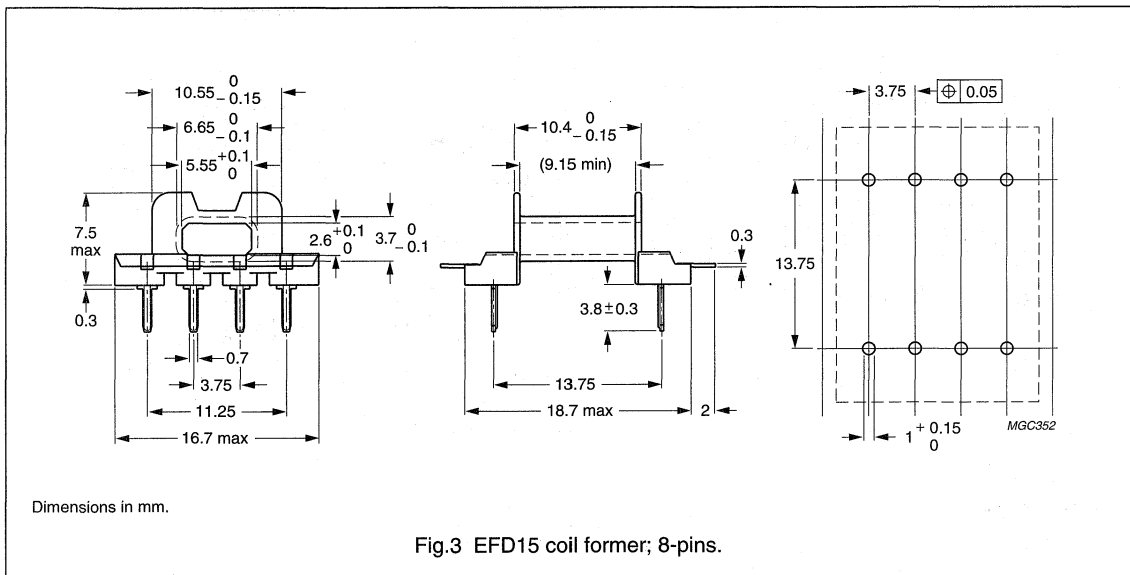
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD15

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E83005(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD15 coil former (PCB) with 8-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	16.7	9.15	25.6	CPH-EFD15-1S-8P

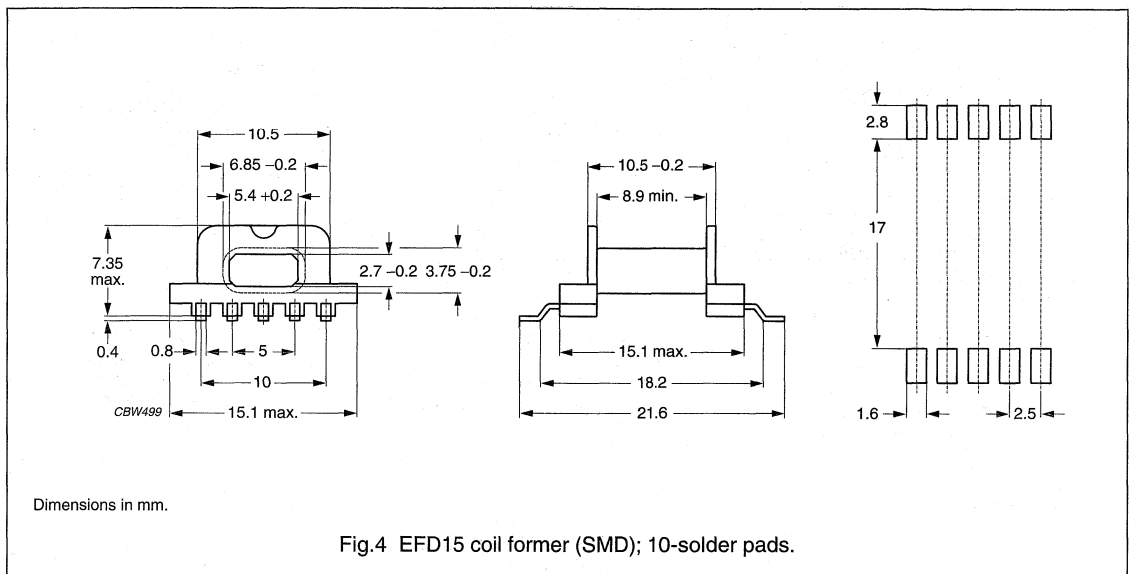
## EFD cores and accessories

EFD15

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD15 coil former (SMD)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	16	8.9	26	CPHS-EFD15-1S-8P-T
1	10	16	8.9	26	CPHS-EFD15-1S-10P

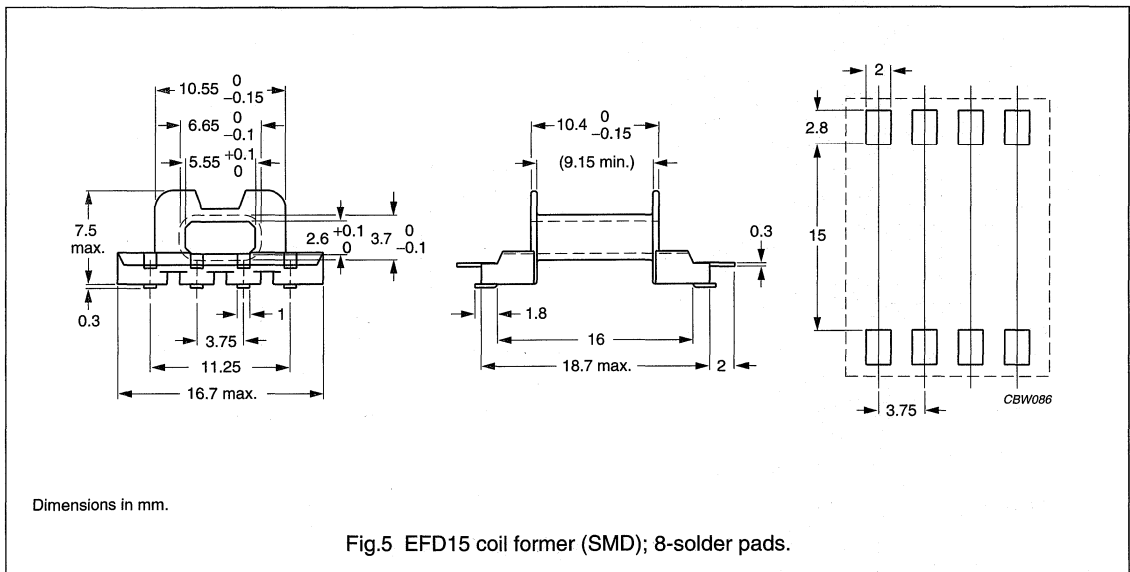
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD15

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E83005(M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD15 coil former (SMD) with 8-solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	16.7	9.15	25.6	CPHS-EFD15-1S-8P

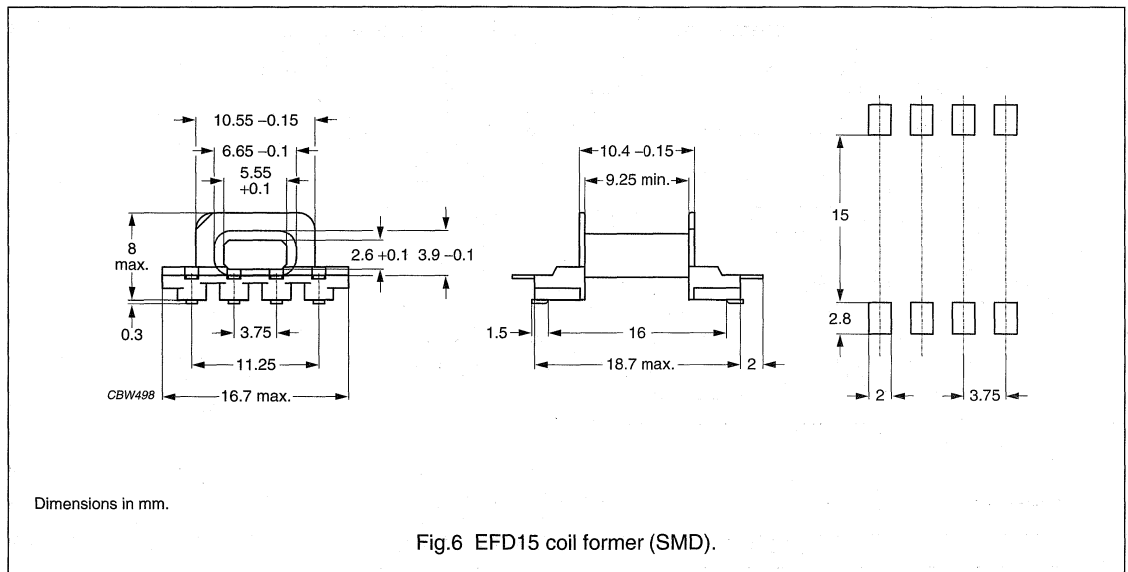
EFD cores and accessories

EFD15

**COIL FORMERS**

**General data**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



**Winding data for EFD15 (SMD) coil former**

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	16.7	9.25	24.1	CSSH-EFD15-1S-8P-T

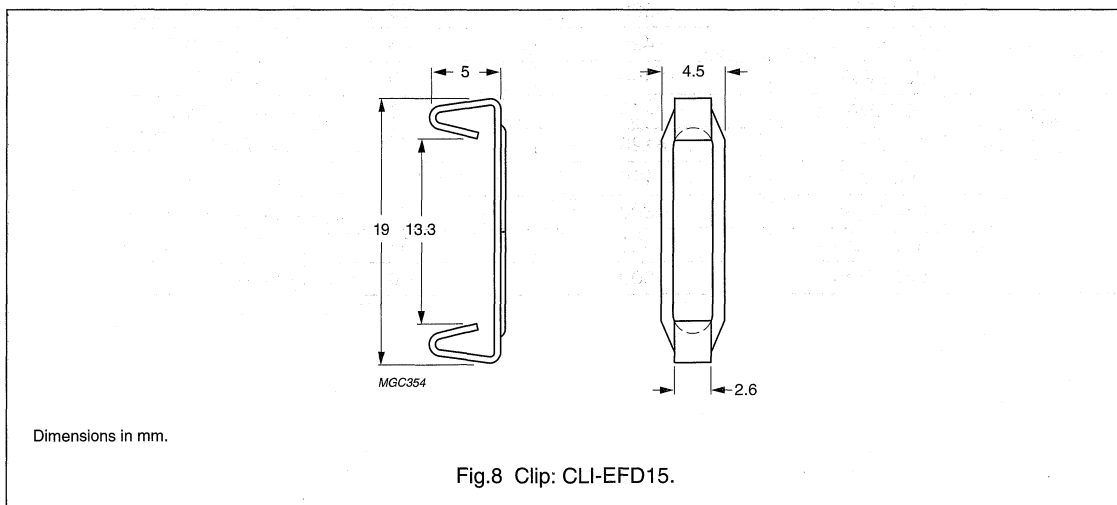
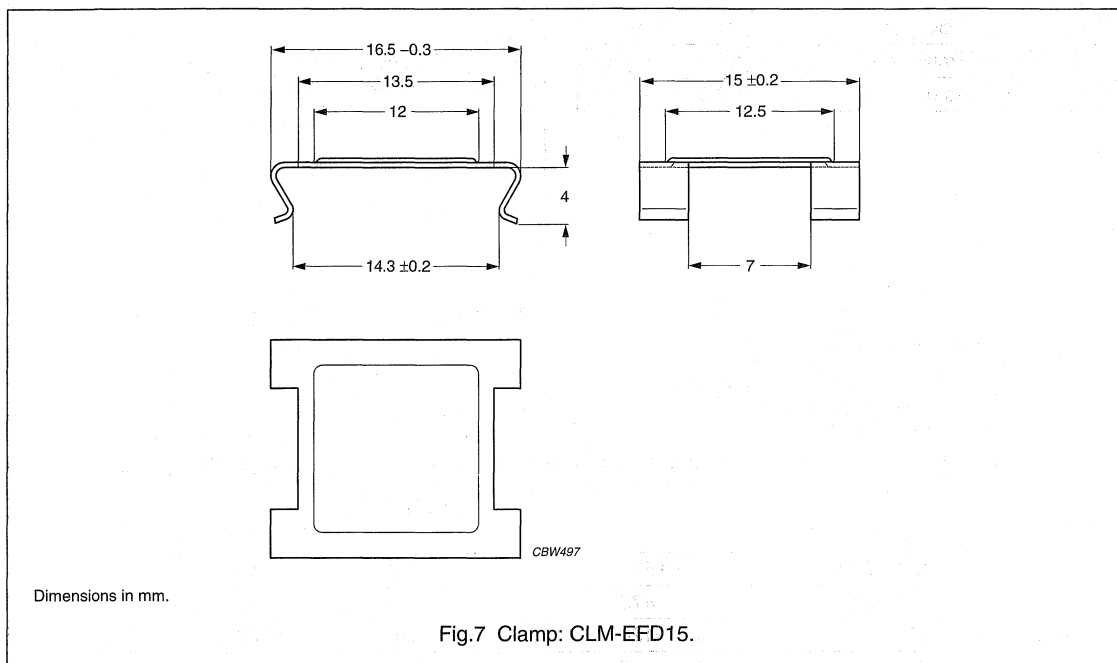
EFD cores and accessories

EFD15

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 25$ N	7	CLM-EFD15
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 12.5$ N	8	CLI-EFD15





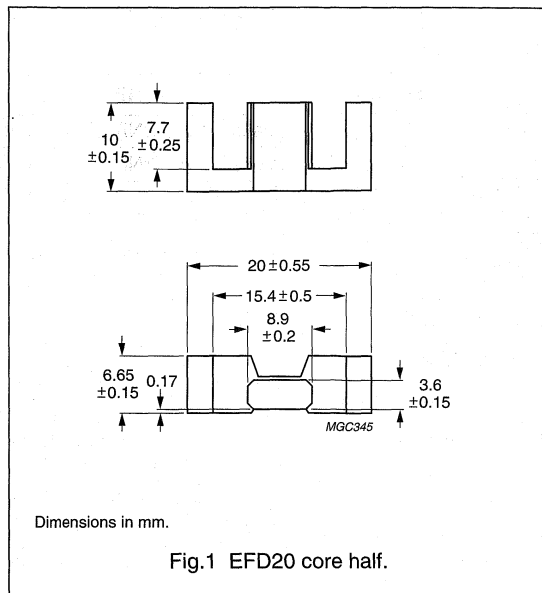
EFD cores and accessories

EFD20

**CORES**

**Effective core parameters**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.52	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1460	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	47.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	31.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	29	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈3.5	g



**Core halves and sets**

$A_L$  measured as a set or in combination with a non-gapped core half, clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ± 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1300 ±25%	≈1540	≈0	EFD20-3C90
3F3	63 ±3%	≈75	≈500	EFD20-3F3-E63-S
	100 ±3%	≈120	≈240	EFD20-3F3-A100-S
	160 ±5%	≈195	≈140	EFD20-3F3-A160-S
	250 ±8%	≈300	≈90	EFD20-3F3-A250-S
	315 ±10%	≈425	≈65	EFD20-3F3-A315-S
	1200 ±25%	≈1450	≈0	EFD20-3F3
3F4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	63 ±3%	≈75	≈500	EFD20-3F4-E63-S
	100 ±3%	≈120	≈240	EFD20-3F4-A100-S
	160 ±5%	≈195	≈140	EFD20-3F4-A160-S
	250 ±8%	≈300	≈90	EFD20-3F4-A250-S
	315 ±10%	≈425	≈65	EFD20-3F4-A315-S
	650 ±25%	≈800	≈0	EFD20-3F4

## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD20

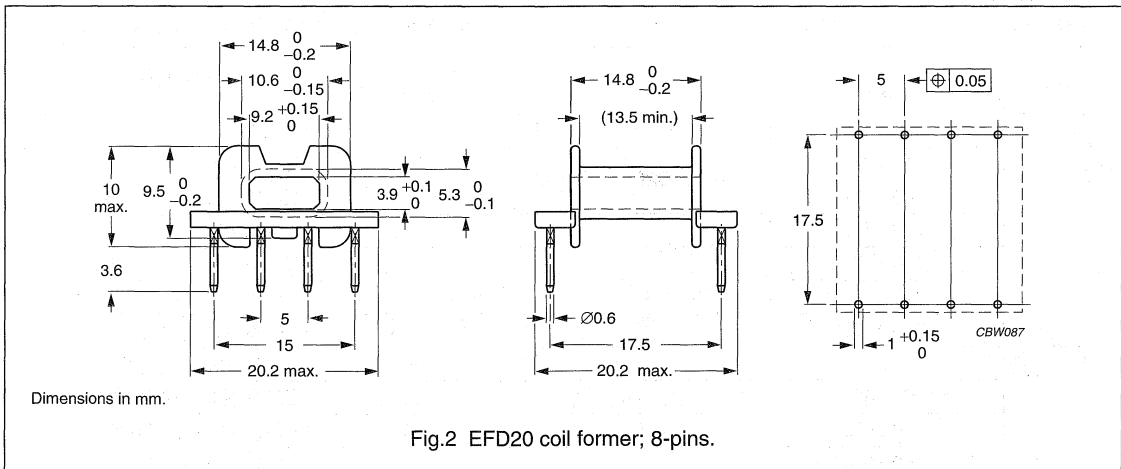
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.16	≤0.17	–	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.17	≤0.28	–	–
3F4	≥300	–	–	–	≤0.30	≤0.50

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL94 V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD20 coil former with 8-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	26.4	13.2	36.5	CSH-EFD20-1S-8P; see note 1

## Note

- Also available with post-inserted pins.

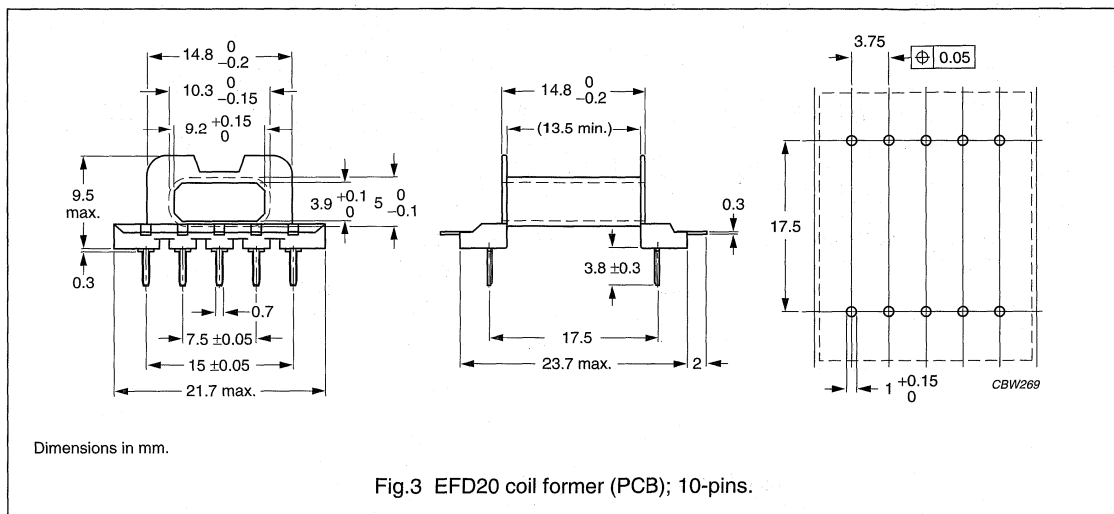
EFD cores and accessories

EFD20

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL94 V-0"; UL file number E83005 (M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for EFD20 coil former (PCB) with 10-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	27.7	13.5	34.1	CPH-EFD20-1S-10P

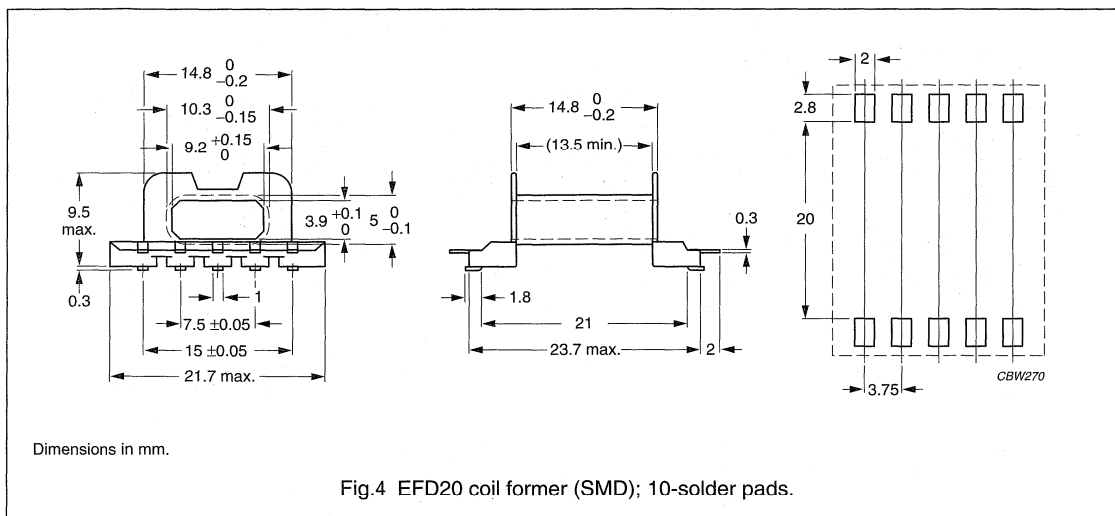
EFD cores and accessories

EFD20

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL94 V-0"; UL file number E83005 (M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for EFD20 coil former (SMD) with 10-solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	27.7	13.5	34.1	CPHS-EFD20-1S-10P

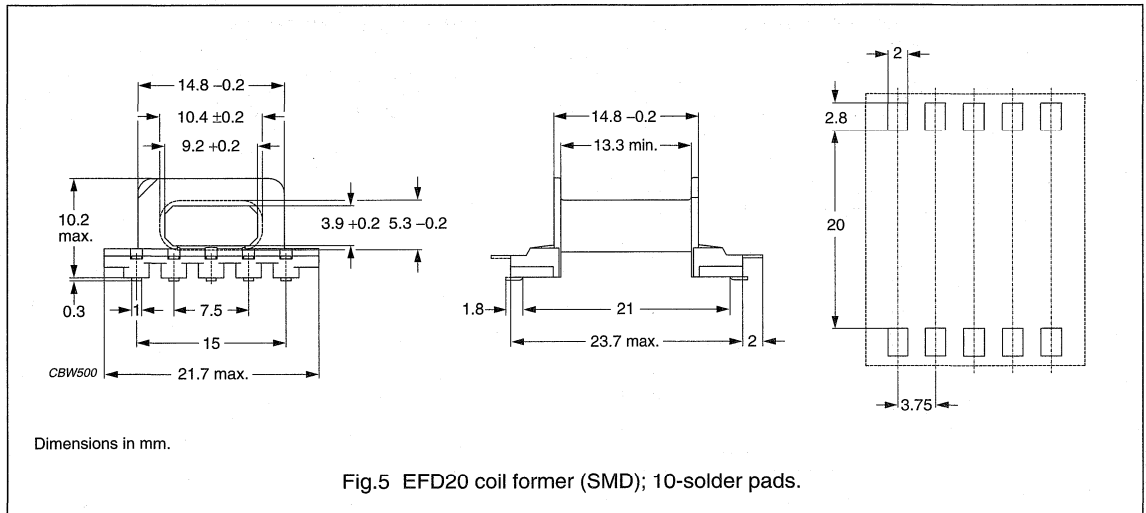
EFD cores and accessories

EFD20

**COIL FORMERS**

**General data**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL94 V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	185 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



**Winding data for EFD20 coil former (SMD) with 10-solder pads**

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	10	27.2	13.3	34.9	CSHS-EFD20-1S-10P-T

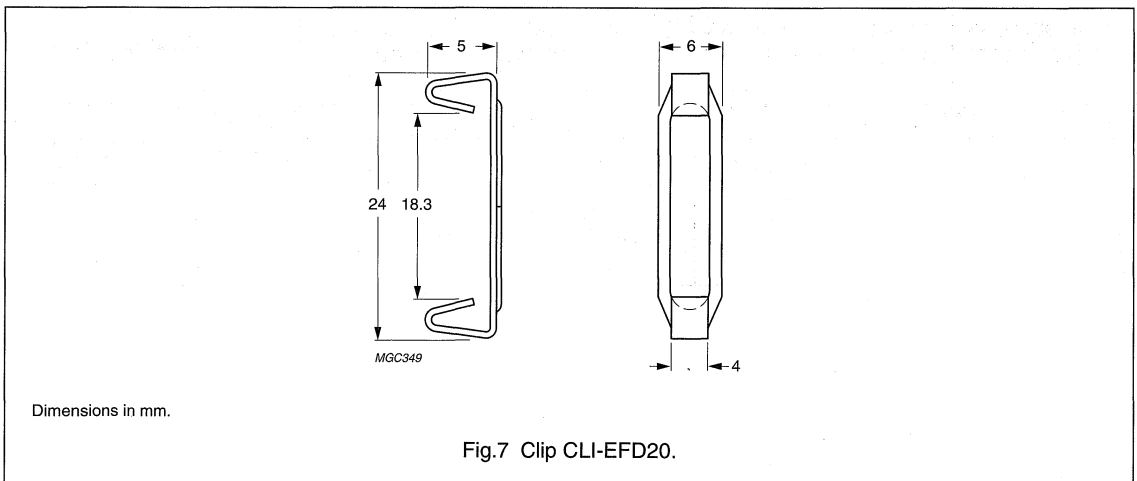
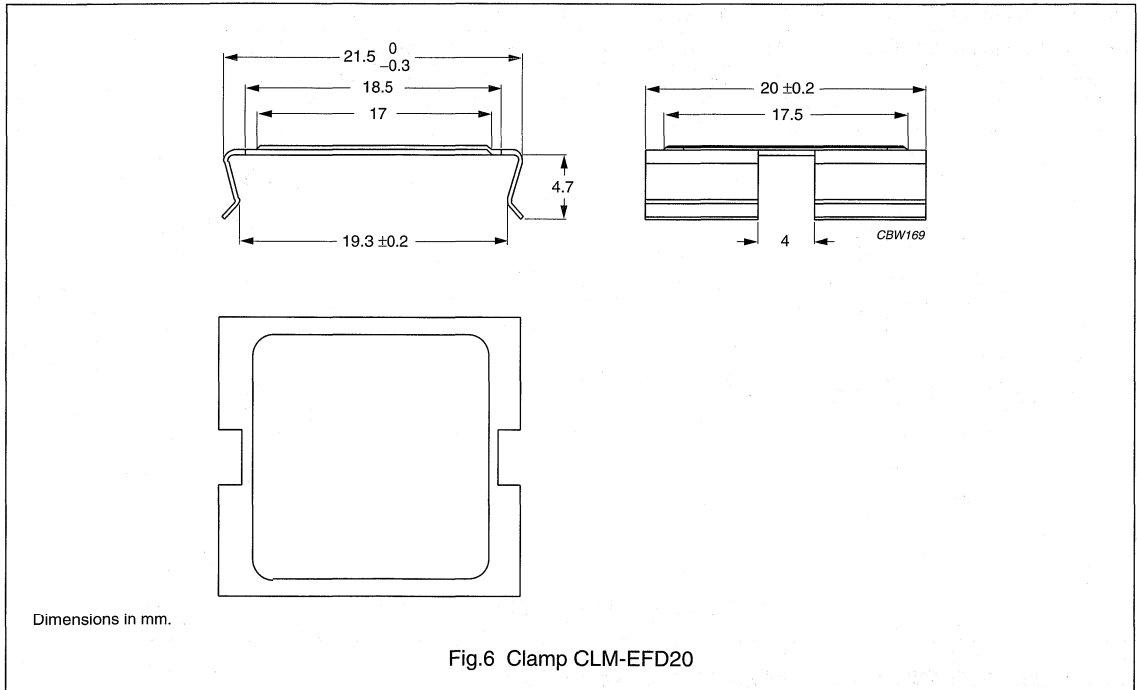
EFD cores and accessories

EFD20

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx$ 30 N	6	CLM-EFD20
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx$ 20 N	7	CLI-EFD20



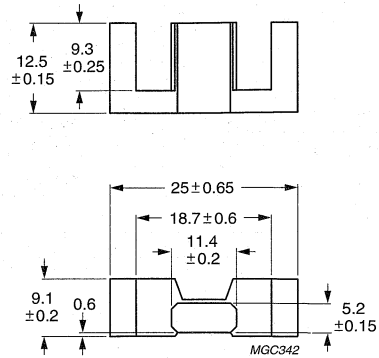
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD25

## CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.00	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3300	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	57.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	58.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	55	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈8	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 EFD25 core half.

## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2200 \pm 25\%$	≈1780	≈0	EFD25-3C90
3F3	$2000 \pm 25\%$	≈1600	≈0	EFD25-3F3
3F4 <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	$1000 \pm 25\%$	≈800	≈0	EFD25-3F4

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\dot{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\dot{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.35	≤0.38	–	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.38	≤0.66	–	–
3F4	≥300	–	–	–	≤0.70	≤1.10

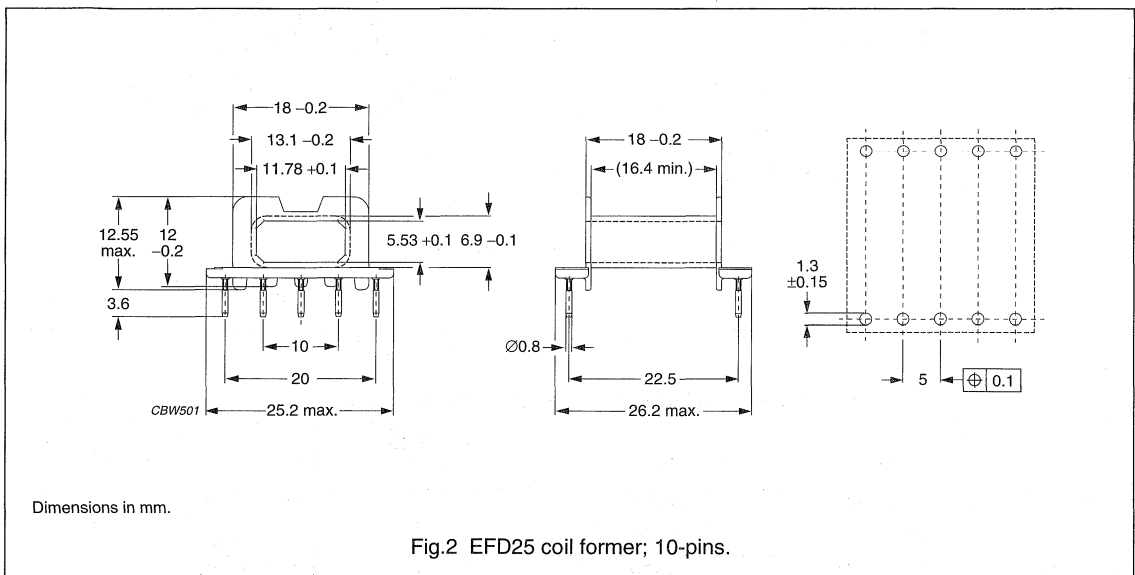
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD25

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD25 coil former with 10-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	40.2	16.4	46.4	CSH-EFD25-1S-10P; see note 1

## Note

- Also available with post-inserted pins.



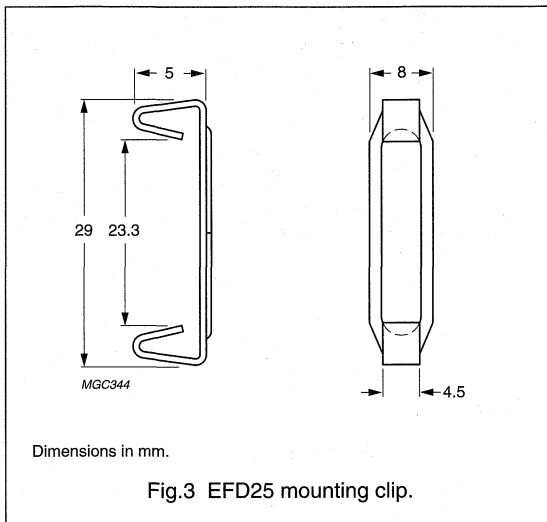
## EFD cores and accessories

EFD25

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 30$ N	3	CLI-EFD25



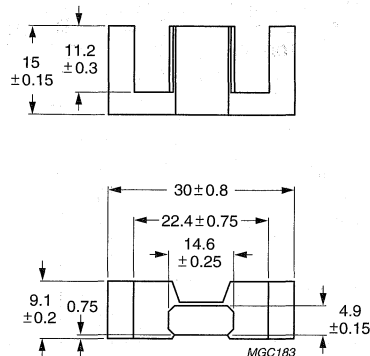
## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD30

## CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.98	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4700	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	68.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	69.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	66.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈12	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 EFD30 core half.

## Core halves and sets

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 70 ± 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	2100 ± 25%	≈ 1650	≈ 0	EFD30-3C90
3F3	160 ± 3%	≈ 126	≈ 500	EFD30-3F3-A160-S
	250 ± 3%	≈ 195	≈ 350	EFD30-3F3-A250-S
	315 ± 5%	≈ 250	≈ 250	EFD30-3F3-A315-S
	400 ± 5%	≈ 315	≈ 200	EFD30-3F3-A400-S
	630 ± 10%	≈ 500	≈ 120	EFD30-3F3-A630-S
	1900 ± 25%	≈ 1500	≈ 0	EFD30-3F3
3F4 <small>des.</small>	160 ± 3%	≈ 126	≈ 500	EFD30-3F4-A160-S
	250 ± 3%	≈ 195	≈ 350	EFD30-3F4-A250-S
	315 ± 5%	≈ 250	≈ 250	EFD30-3F4-A315-S
	400 ± 5%	≈ 315	≈ 200	EFD30-3F4-A400-S
	630 ± 10%	≈ 500	≈ 120	EFD30-3F4-A630-S
	1050 ± 25%	≈ 820	≈ 0	EFD30-3F4

## EFD cores and accessories

## EFD30

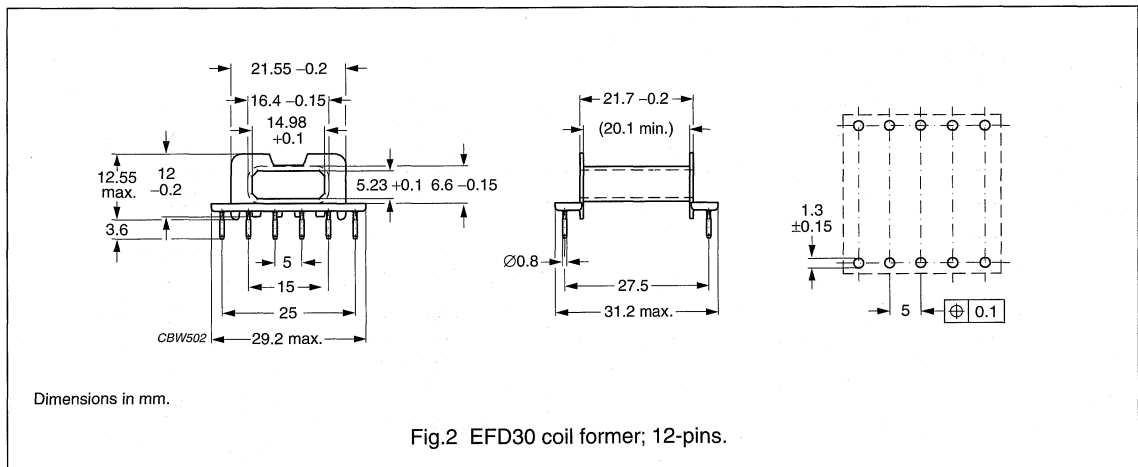
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 Mz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.50	≤0.54	–	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.54	≤0.91	–	–
3F4	≥300	–	–	–	≤1.00	≤1.60

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521 (M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EFD30 coil former with 12-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	52.3	20.1	52.9	CSH-EFD30-1S-12P <sup>1</sup> ; see note 1

## Note

- Also available with post-inserted pins.

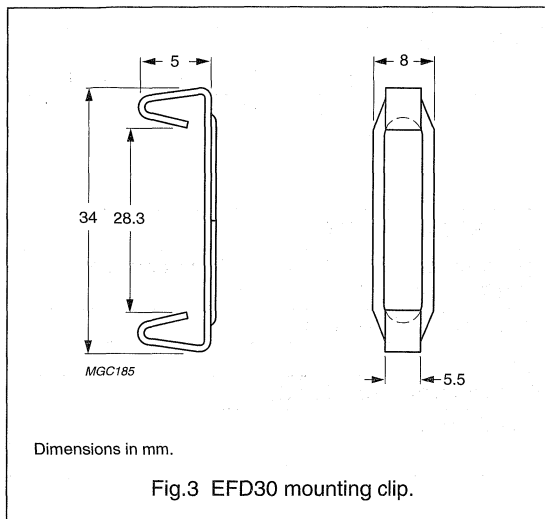
## EFD cores and accessories

EFD30

## MOUNTING PARTS

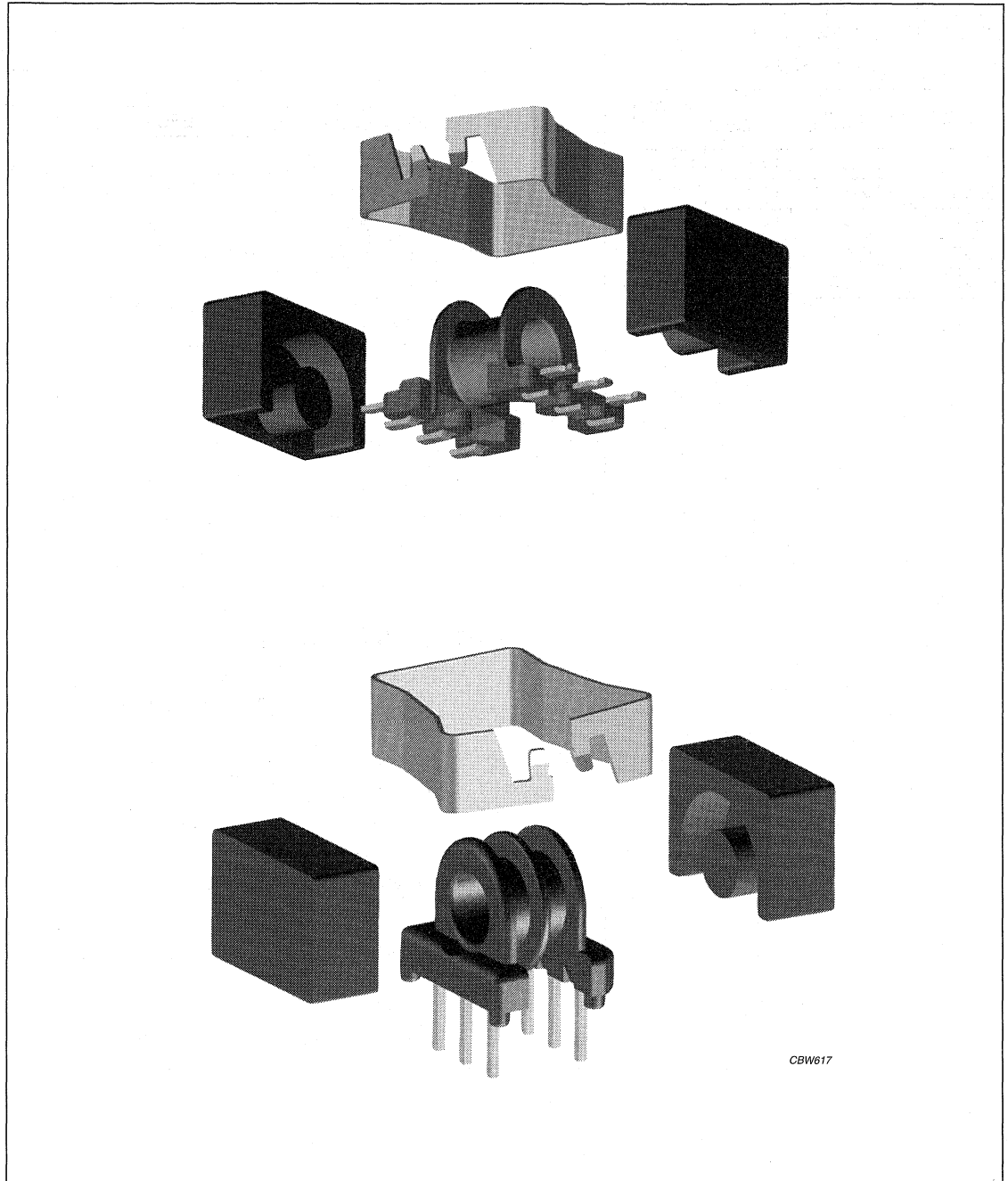
## General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 35$ N	3	CLI-EFD30



Soft Ferrites

EP cores and accessories



CBW617

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

EP cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview EP cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
EP7	165	10.7	1.4
EP10	215	11.3	2.8
EP13	472	19.5	4.7
EP17	999	33.7	12
EP20	3230	78.7	27

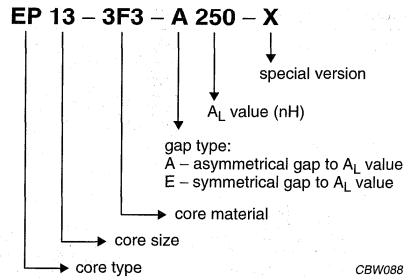


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

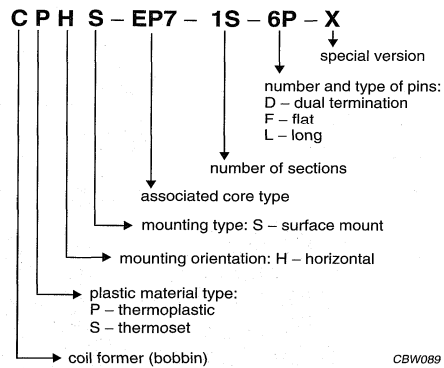


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.

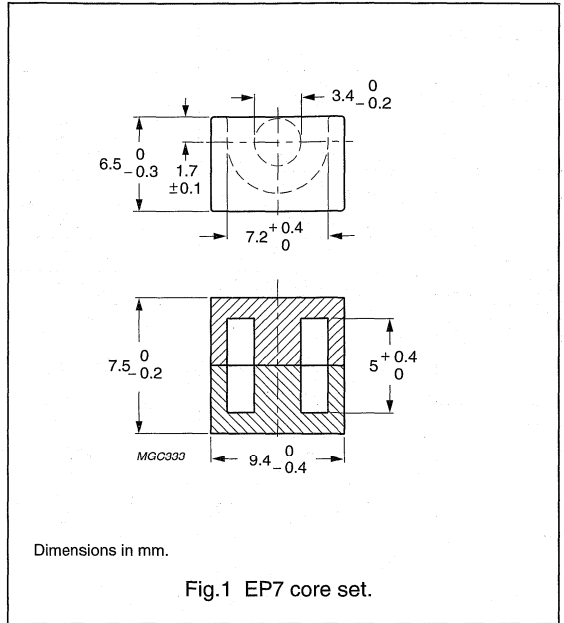
EP cores and accessories

EP7

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.45	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	165	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	15.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	10.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	8.55	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core set	≈1.4	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	25 ±3%	≈30	≈790	EP7-3C90-E25
	40 ±3%	≈48	≈440	EP7-3C90-A40
	63 ±3%	≈76	≈260	EP7-3C90-A63
	100 ±3%	≈121	≈150	EP7-3C90-A100
	160 ±5%	≈193	≈85	EP7-3C90-A160
	1200 ±25%	≈1450	≈0	EP7-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	25 ±3%	≈30	≈790	EP7-3C94-E25
	40 ±3%	≈48	≈440	EP7-3C94-A40
	63 ±3%	≈76	≈260	EP7-3C94-A63
	100 ±3%	≈121	≈150	EP7-3C94-A100
	160 ±5%	≈193	≈85	EP7-3C94-A160
	1200 ±25%	≈1450	≈0	EP7-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	1120 ±25%	≈1350	≈0	EP7-3C96
3D3	40 ±3%	≈48	≈440	EP7-3D3-A40
	63 ±3%	≈76	≈260	EP7-3D3-A63
	100 ±3%	≈121	≈150	EP7-3D3-A100
	530 ±25%	≈640	≈0	EP7-3D3

## EP cores and accessories

## EP7

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	25 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 30	$\approx$ 790	EP7-3F3-E25
	40 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 48	$\approx$ 440	EP7-3F3-A40
	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 76	$\approx$ 260	EP7-3F3-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 121	$\approx$ 150	EP7-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 193	$\approx$ 85	EP7-3F3-A160
	1000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1210	$\approx$ 0	EP7-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	850 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1030	$\approx$ 0	EP7-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 121	$\approx$ 150	EP7-3F4-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 193	$\approx$ 85	EP7-3F4-A160
	600 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 730	$\approx$ 0	EP7-3F4
3H3	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 76	$\approx$ 260	EP7-3H3-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 121	$\approx$ 150	EP7-3H3-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 193	$\approx$ 85	EP7-3H3-A160
	1120 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1350	$\approx$ 0	EP7-3H3

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20  $\pm$ 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <b>sup</b>	2100 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2540	EP7-3E1
3E27	$\geq$ 2500	$\geq$ 3020	EP7-3E27
3E5	5200 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 6290	EP7-3E5
3E6	5800 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 7000	EP7-3E6



## EP cores and accessories

## EP7

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.018	≈0.018	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.015	≈0.070	≈0.030
3C96	≥320	–	≈0.011	≈0.050	≈0.021
3F35	≥320	–	–	–	≈0.017
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.020	–	≤0.035
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\dot{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\dot{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥320	≈0.026	≈0.200	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.033	≤0.053

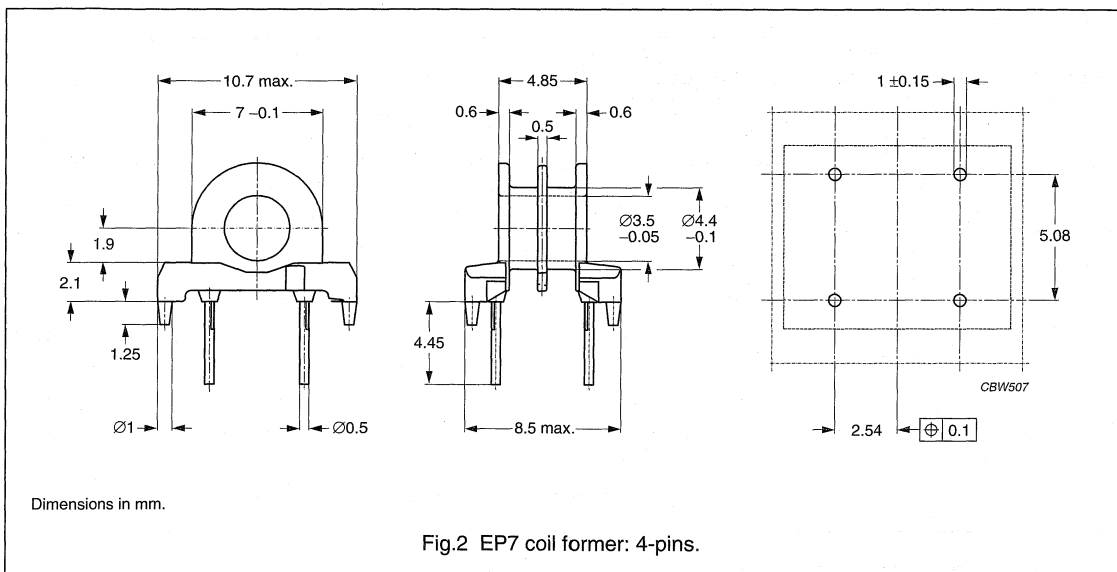
## EP cores and accessories

## EP7

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E46770(M)
Pin material	copper clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 4-pins EP7 coil former

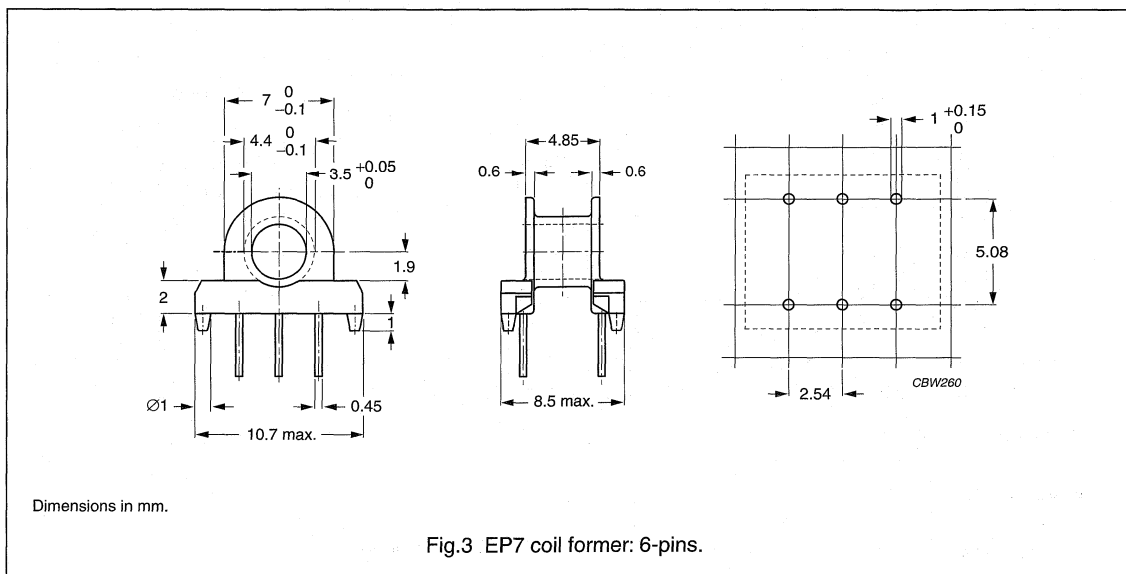
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
2	2 × 1.75	2 × 1.45	17.9	CSH-EP7-2S-4P-TA
1	4.3	3.4	17.9	CSH-EP7-1S-4P-TA

EP cores and accessories

EP7

General data CSH-EP7-1S-6P-B

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429(M)
Pin material	copper clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 6-pins EP7 coil former

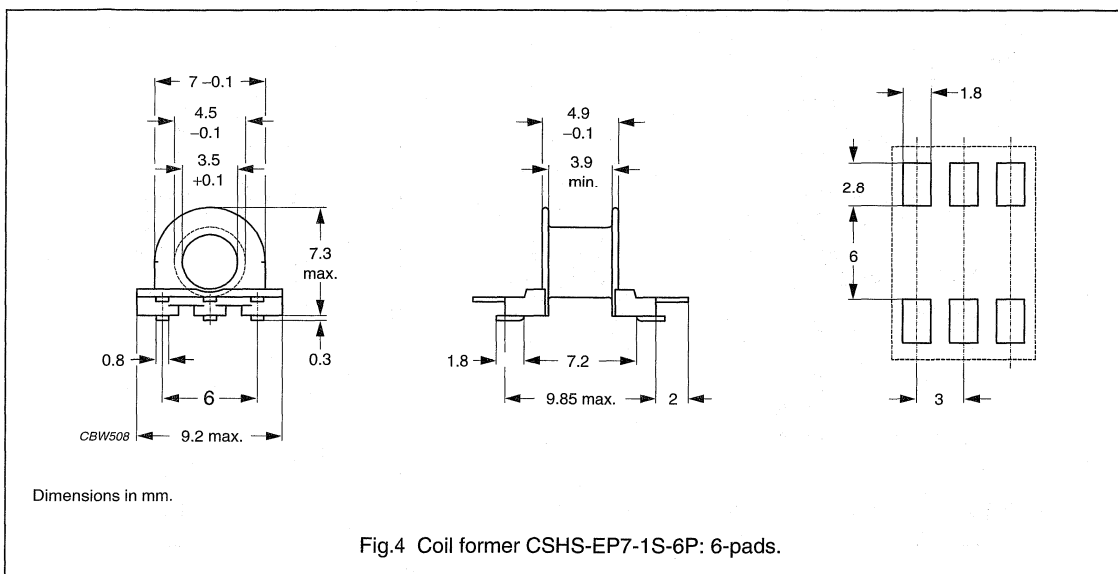
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4.3	3.4	17.7	CSH-EP7-1S-6P-B
1	4.3	3.4	17.7	CSH-EP7-1S-4P-B

## EP cores and accessories

EP7

## General data for 6-pads EP7 SMD coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number: E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 6-pads EP7 SMD coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4.7	3.9	17.9	CSHS-EP7-1S-6P

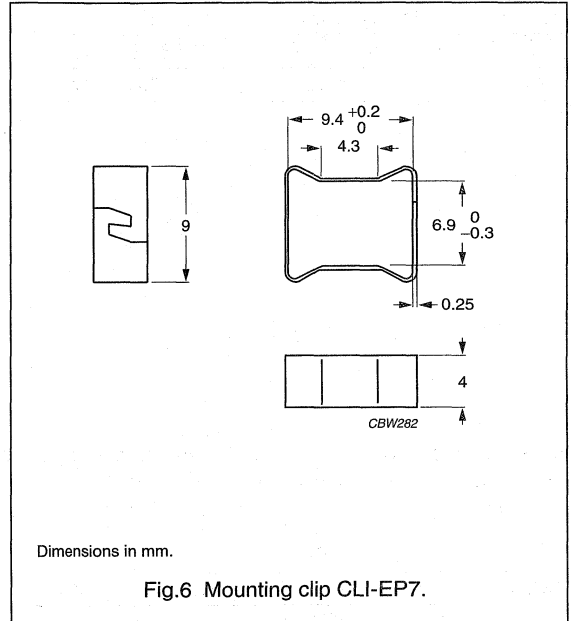
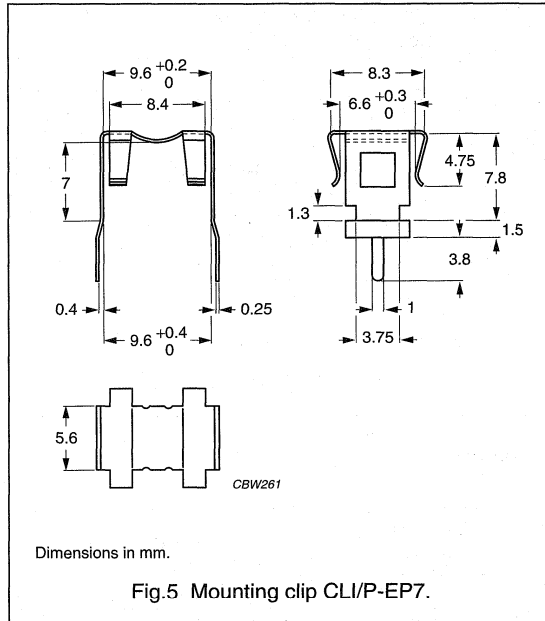
EP cores and accessories

EP7

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	stainless steel (CrNi); to be used in combination with CSH-EP7-1S-6P-B	5	CLI/P-EP7
Mounting clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force ≈22 N	6	CLI-EP7



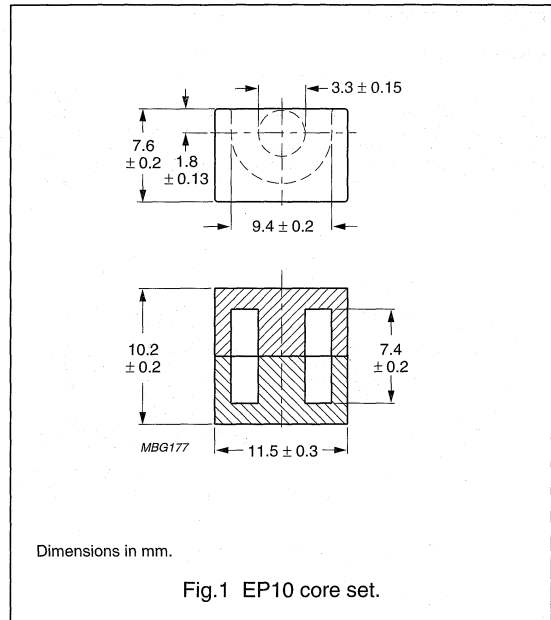
## EP cores and accessories

EP10

## CORE SETS


## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.70	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	215	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	19.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	11.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	8.55	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core set	≈2.8'	g







## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	25 $\pm 3\%$	≈34	≈870	EP10-3C81-E25
	40 $\pm 3\%$	≈54	≈480	EP10-3C81-A40
	63 $\pm 3\%$	≈85	≈280	EP10-3C81-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	≈135	≈160	EP10-3C81-A100
	160 $\pm 5\%$	≈216	≈90	EP10-3C81-A160
	≥900	≥1210	≈0	EP10-3C81
3C90	25 $\pm 3\%$	≈34	≈870	EP10-3C90-E25
	40 $\pm 3\%$	≈54	≈480	EP10-3C90-A40
	63 $\pm 3\%$	≈85	≈280	EP10-3C90-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	≈135	≈160	EP10-3C90-A100
	160 $\pm 5\%$	≈216	≈90	EP10-3C90-A160
	1 140 $\pm 25\%$	≈1530	≈0	EP10-3C90
3C91 	≥900	≥1210	≈0	EP10-3C91



## EP cores and accessories

EP10

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 	25 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 34	$\approx$ 870	EP10-3C94-E25
	40 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 54	$\approx$ 480	EP10-3C94-A40
	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 85	$\approx$ 280	EP10-3C94-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 135	$\approx$ 160	EP10-3C94-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 216	$\approx$ 90	EP10-3C94-A160
	1140 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1530	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3C94
3C96 	1025 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1380	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3C96
3D3	40 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 54	$\approx$ 480	EP10-3D3-A40
	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 85	$\approx$ 280	EP10-3D3-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 135	$\approx$ 160	EP10-3D3-A100
	470 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 635	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3D3
3F3	25 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 34	$\approx$ 870	EP10-3F3-E25
	40 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 54	$\approx$ 480	EP10-3F3-A40
	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 85	$\approx$ 280	EP10-3F3-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 135	$\approx$ 160	EP10-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 216	$\approx$ 90	EP10-3F3-A160
	1000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1350	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3F3
3F35 	800 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1080	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3F35
3F4 	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 85	$\approx$ 280	EP10-3F4-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 135	$\approx$ 160	EP10-3F4-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 216	$\approx$ 90	EP10-3F4-A160
	560 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 760	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3F4
3H3	40 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 54	$\approx$ 480	EP10-3H3-A40
	63 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 85	$\approx$ 280	EP10-3H3-A63
	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 135	$\approx$ 160	EP10-3H3-A100
	160 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 216	$\approx$ 90	EP10-3H3-A160
	1025 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1390	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3H3

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 30  $\pm$ 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 	2000 +30/-20%	$\approx$ 2700	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3E1
3E4 	3200 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 4300	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3E4
3E27	$\geq$ 2500	$\geq$ 3370	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3E27
3E5	4800 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 6500	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3E5
3E6	6900 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 9340	$\approx$ 0	EP10-3E6

## EP cores and accessories

## EP10

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	≤0.043	–	–	–
3C90	≥320	≤0.024	≈0.024	–	–
3C91	≥315	≈0.022	≈0.022	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.019	≈0.093	≈0.043
3C96	≥320	–	≈0.014	≈0.065	≈0.030
3F35	≥300	–	–	–	≈0.022
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.025	–	≤0.045
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; B̂ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C91	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.035	≈0.26	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.043	≤0.069



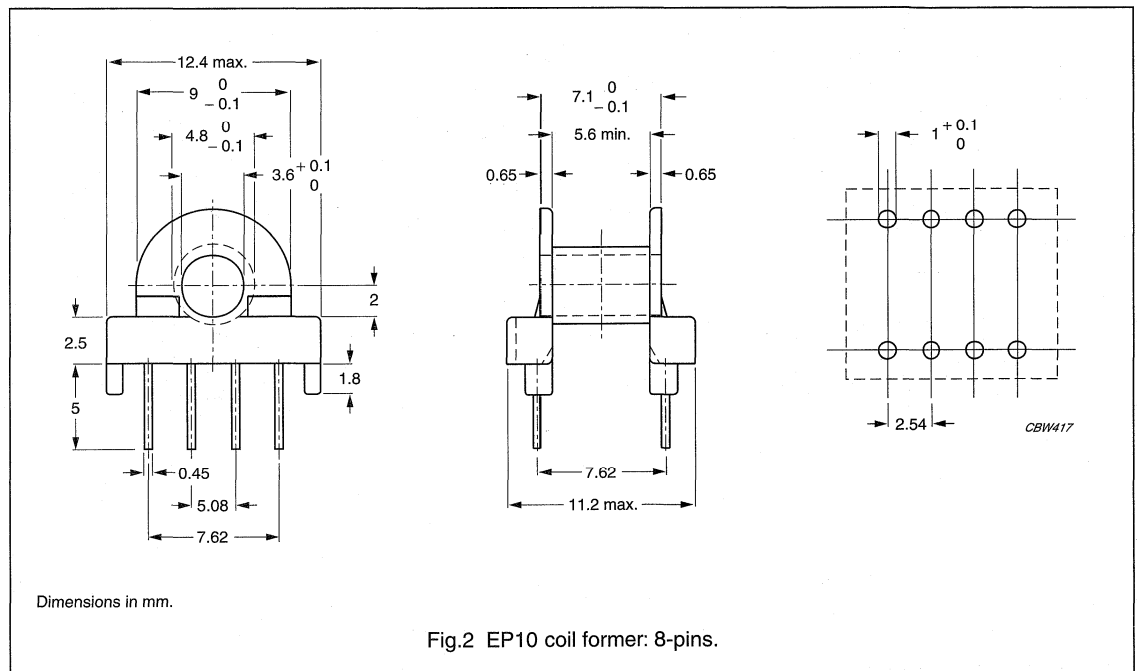
EP cores and accessories

EP10

COIL FORMER

General data CSH-EP10-1S-8P

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429(M)
Pin material	copper clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 8-pins EP10 coil former

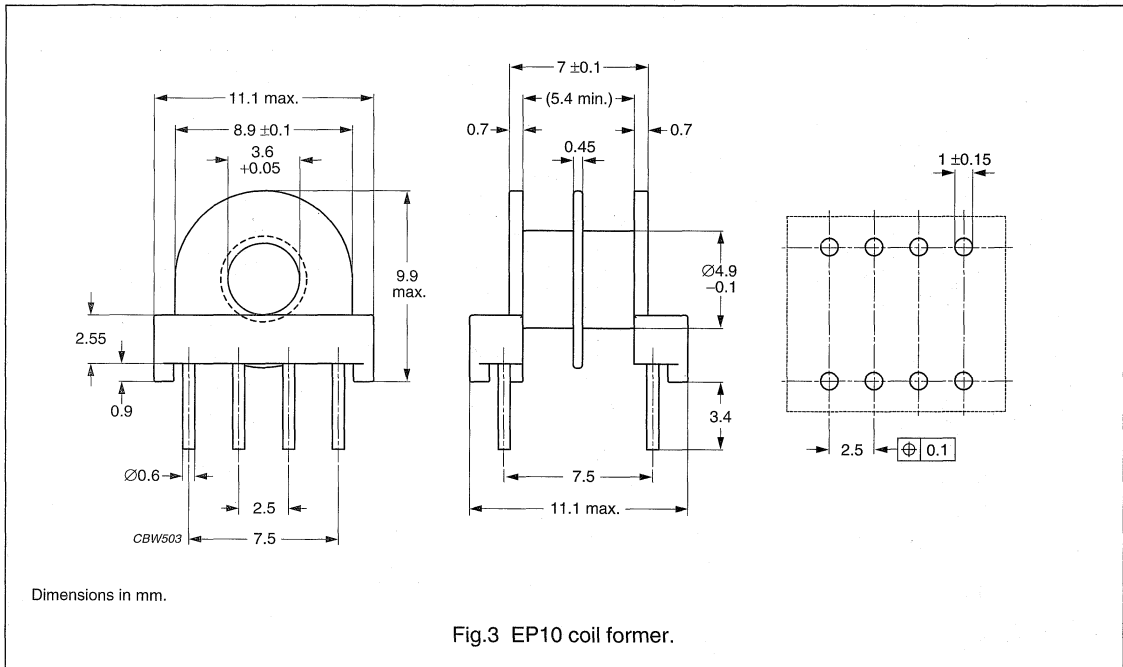
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	11.4	5.6	21.5	CSH-EP10-1S-8P

EP cores and accessories

EP10

General data CSH-EP10-2S-8P

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for EP10 coil former

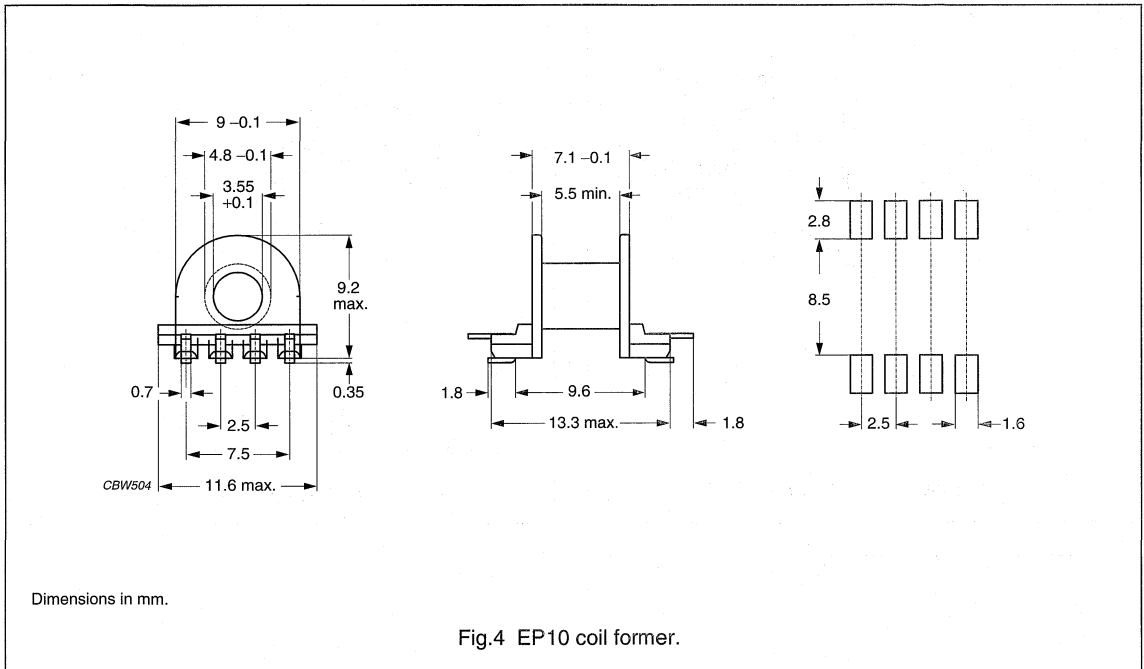
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
2	2 × 4.8	2 × 2.6	21.6	CSH-EP10-2S-8P

EP cores and accessories

EP10

General data CSHS-EP10-1S-8P-T

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for EP10 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	11.3	5.5	21.5	CSHS-EP10-1S-8P-T

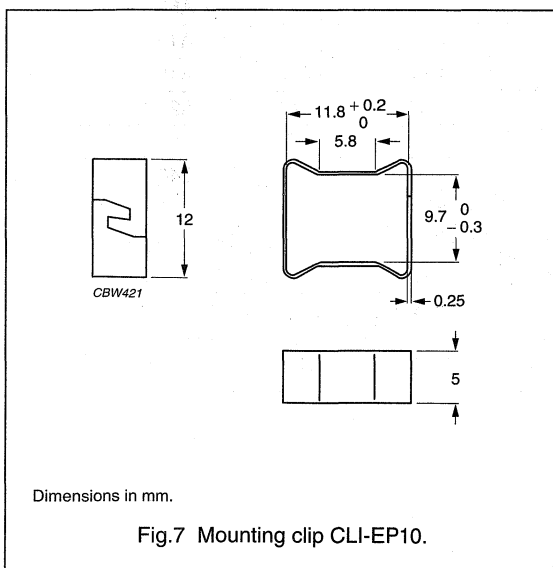
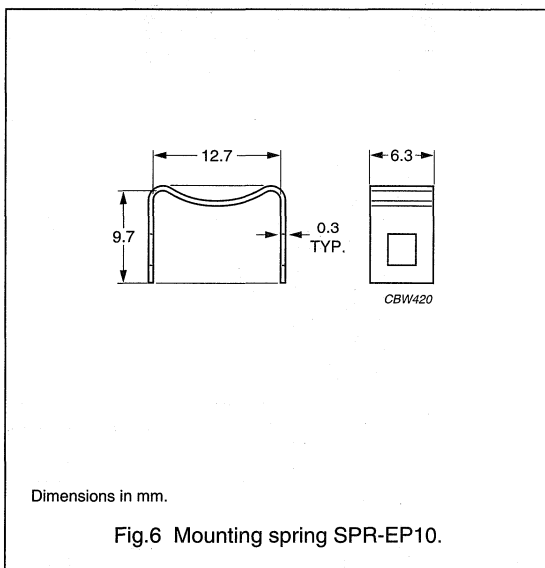
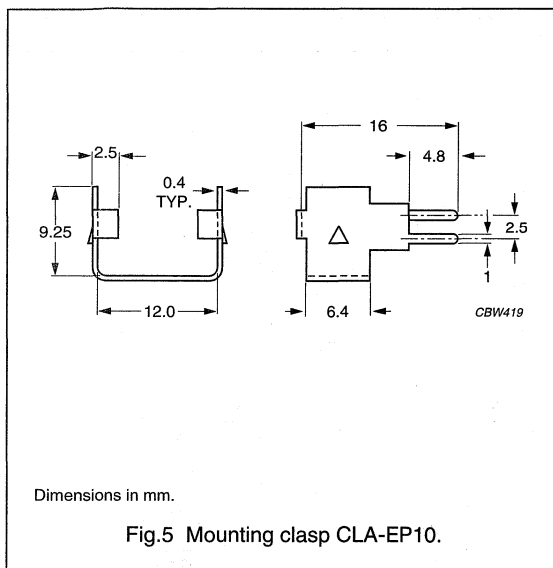
EP cores and accessories

EP10

MOUNTING PARTS

General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	5	CLA-EP10
Spring	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	6	SPR-EP10
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 27$ N	7	CLI-EP10



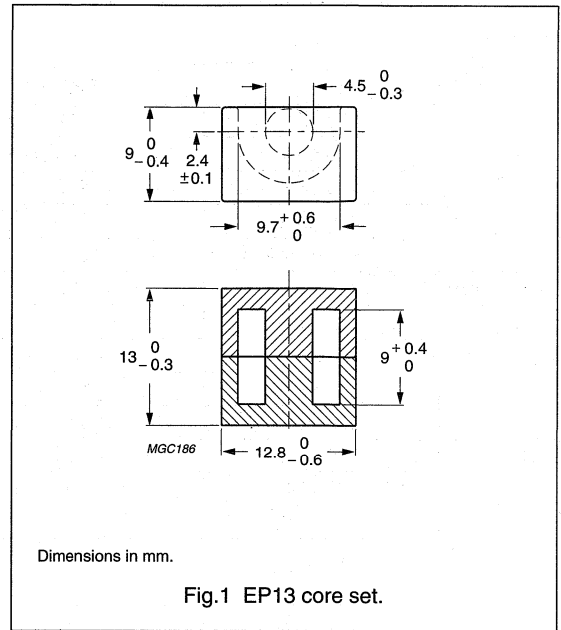
EP cores and accessories

EP13

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.24	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	472	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	24.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	19.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	14.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core set	≈4.7	g







Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 30 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	40 ±3%	≈39	≈880	EP13-3C81-E40
	63 ±3%	≈62	≈500	EP13-3C81-A63
	100 ±3%	≈100	≈250	EP13-3C81-A100
	160 ±3%	≈160	≈150	EP13-3C81-A160
	250 ±5%	≈250	≈85	EP13-3C81-A250
	≥1250	≥1230	≈0	EP13-3C81
3C90	40 ±3%	≈39	≈880	EP13-3C90-E40
	63 ±3%	≈62	≈500	EP13-3C90-A63
	100 ±3%	≈100	≈230	EP13-3C90-A100
	160 ±3%	≈160	≈130	EP13-3C90-A160
	250 ±5%	≈250	≈75	EP13-3C90-A250
	1650 ±25%	≈1630	≈0	EP13-3C90
3C91	≥1250	≥1230	≈0	EP13-3C91



## EP cores and accessories

## EP13

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 	40 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 39$	$\approx 880$	EP13-3C94-E25
	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	EP13-3C94-A40
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 230$	EP13-3C94-A63
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 160$	$\approx 130$	EP13-3C94-A100
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 250$	$\approx 75$	EP13-3C94-A160
	1650 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1630$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3C94
3C96 	1475 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1460$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3C96
3D3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	EP13-3D3-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 250$	EP13-3D3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 160$	$\approx 150$	EP13-3D3-A160
	670 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 660$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3D3
3F3	40 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 39$	$\approx 880$	EP13-3F3-E40
	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	EP13-3F3-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 160$	$\approx 250$	EP13-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 160$	$\approx 150$	EP13-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 250$	$\approx 85$	EP13-3F3-A250
	1325 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1310$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3F3
3F35 	1100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1090$	$\approx 0$	EP10-3F35
3F4 	160 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 160$	$\approx 150$	EP13-3F4-A160
	250 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 250$	$\approx 85$	EP13-3F4-A250
	315 $\pm 12\%$	$\approx 315$	$\approx 50$	EP13-3F4-A315
	780 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 880$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3F4
3H3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	EP13-3H3-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 250$	EP13-3H3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 160$	$\approx 150$	EP13-3H3-A160
	1475 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1460$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3H3

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 30  $\pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 	2600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2560$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3E1
3E27	$\geq 3400$	$\geq 3350$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3E27
3E4 	4400 $+30/-20\%$	$\approx 4300$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3E4
3E5	7000 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 6900$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3E5
3E6	10000 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 9900$	$\approx 0$	EP13-3E6

## EP cores and accessories

## EP13

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	≤0.100	–	–	–
3C90	≥320	≤0.052	≈0.052	–	≈
3C91	≥315	≈0.050	≈0.050	≈0.30	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.045	≈0.20	≈0.10
3C96	≥320	–	≈0.032	≈0.14	≈0.07
3F35	≥300	–	–	–	≈0.05
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.050	–	≤0.100
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C91	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.075	≈0.57	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.094	≤0.15

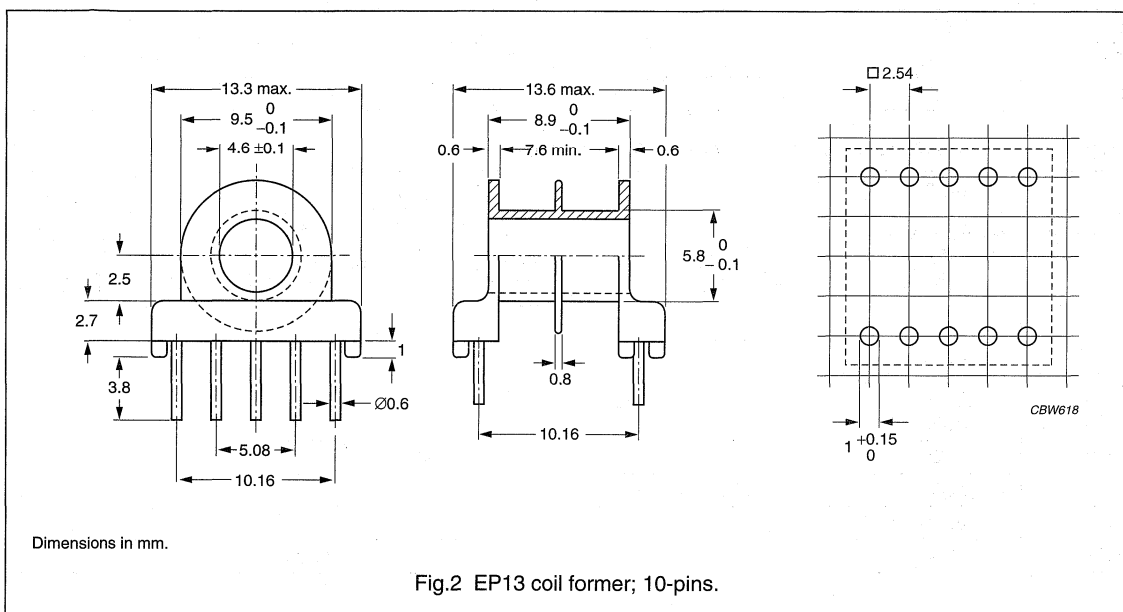
## EP cores and accessories

## EP13

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number: E41429(M)
Pin material	copper clad steel tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 10-pins EP13 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	13.6	7.6	23.8	CSH-EP13-1S-10P
2	2 × 6.1	2 × 3.4	23.8	CSH-EP13-2S-10P

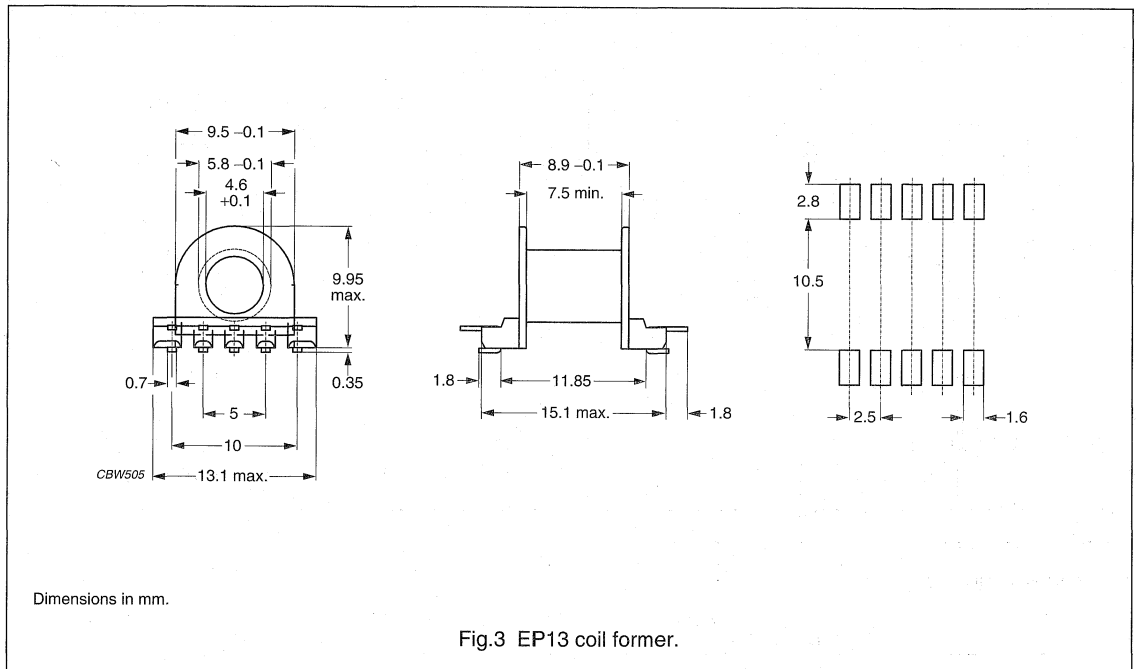


## EP cores and accessories

## EP13

## General data CSHS-EP13-1S-10P-T

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for EP13 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	13.5	7.5	23.8	CSHS-EP13-1S-10P-T

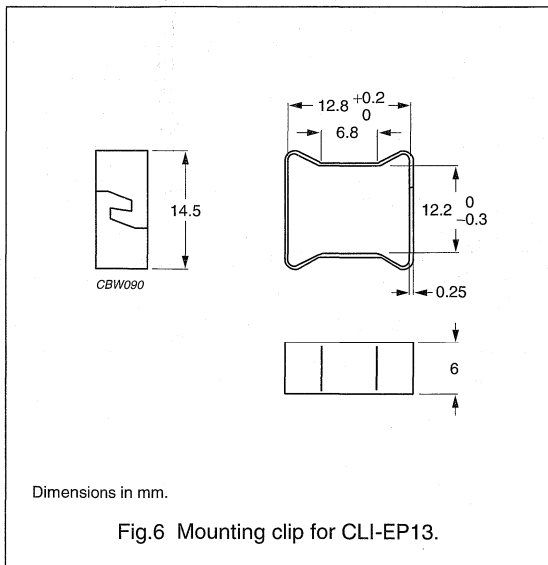
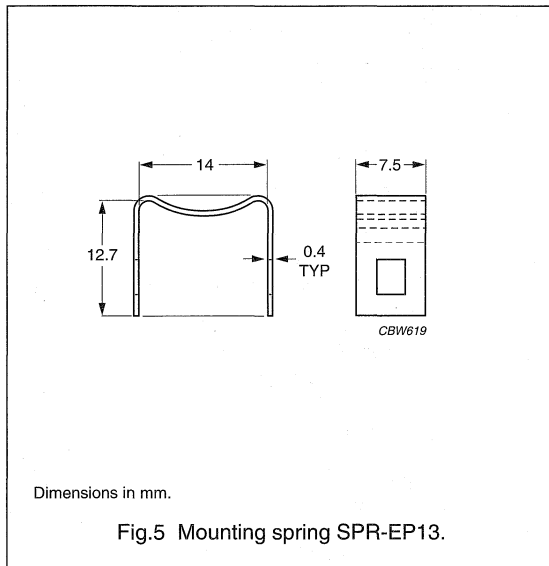
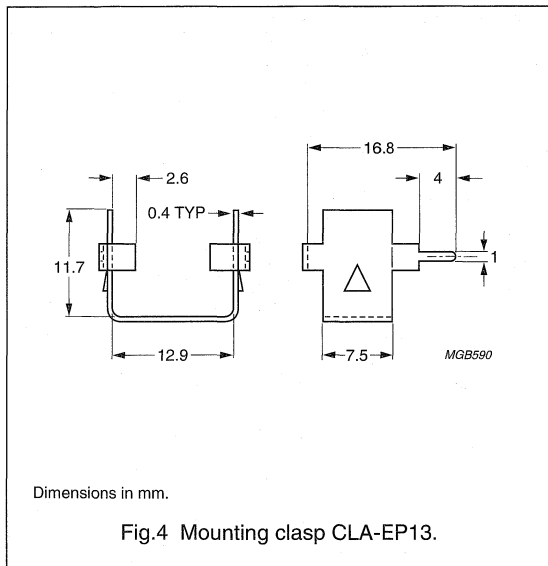
EP cores and accessories

EP13

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	4	CLA-EP13
Spring	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	5	SPR-EP13
Clip	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 32$ N	6	CLI-EP13



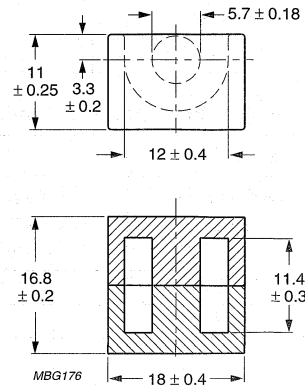
## EP cores and accessories

## EP17

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.870	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	999	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	29.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	33.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	25.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈12	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 EP17 core set.

## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	63 $\pm 3\%$	≈42	≈930	EP17-3C90-E63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	≈67	≈530	EP17-3C90-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈107	≈300	EP17-3C90-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈167	≈180	EP17-3C90-A250
	315 $\pm 5\%$	≈210	≈135	EP17-3C90-A315
	2485 $\pm 25\%$	≈1660	≈0	EP17-3C90
3C94 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	63 $\pm 3\%$	≈42	≈930	EP17-3C94-E63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	≈67	≈530	EP17-3C94-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈107	≈300	EP17-3C94-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈167	≈180	EP17-3C94-A250
	315 $\pm 5\%$	≈210	≈135	EP17-3C94-A315
	2485 $\pm 25\%$	≈1660	≈0	EP17-3C94

## EP cores and accessories

EP17

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	$\geq 5300$	$\geq 3530$	$\approx 0$	EP17-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.12$	$\leq 0.13$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.09$	$\approx 0.43$	$\approx 0.20$

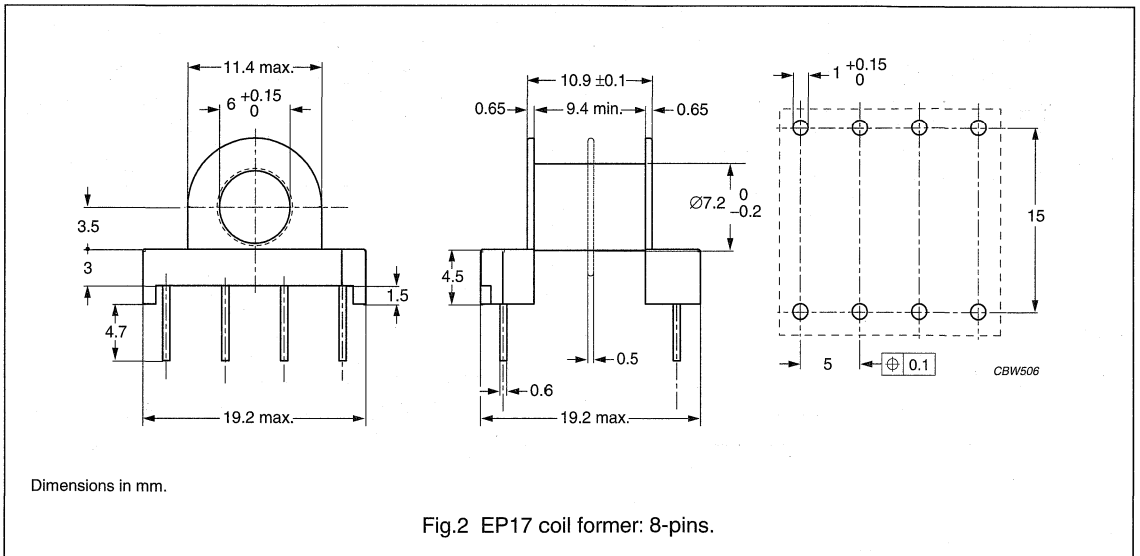
EP cores and accessories

EP17

COIL FORMER

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 8-pins EP17 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	18.0	9.45	28.9	CSH-EP17-1S-8P
2	2 × 8.3	2 × 4.6	28.9	CSH-EP17-2S-8P

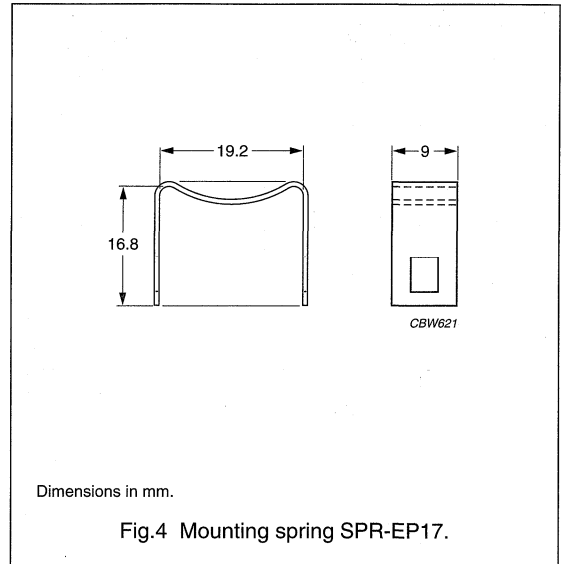
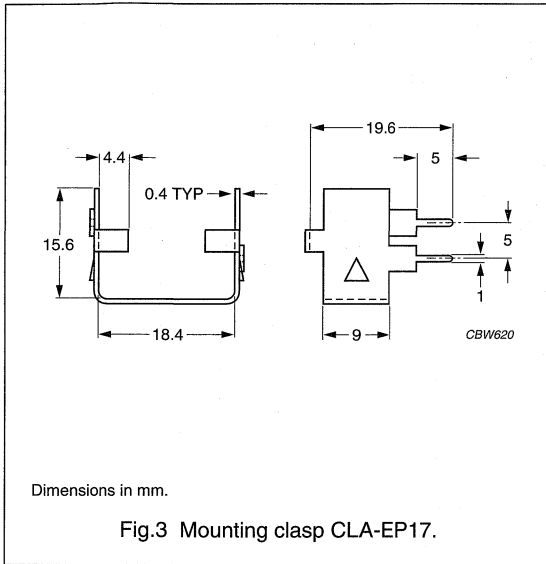
EP cores and accessories

EP17

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	3	CLA-EP17
Spring	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	4	SPR-EP17



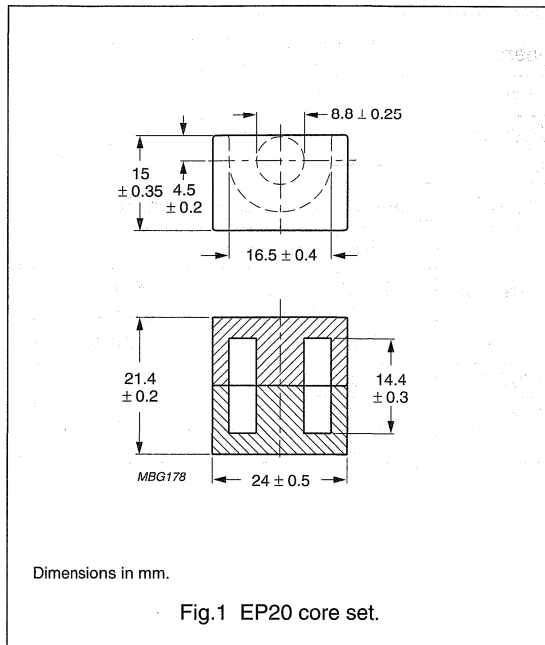
EP cores and accessories

EP20

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.520	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3230	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	41.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	78.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	60.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈27	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	160 ±3%	≈65	≈740	EP20-3C90-E160
	250 ±3%	≈101	≈440	EP20-3C90-A250
	315 ±3%	≈127	≈340	EP20-3C90-A315
	400 ±3%	≈162	≈250	EP20-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈255	≈150	EP20-3C90-A630
	4435 ±25%	≈1800	≈0	EP20-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	160 ±3%	≈65	≈740	EP20-3C94-E160
	250 ±3%	≈101	≈440	EP20-3C94-A250
	315 ±3%	≈127	≈340	EP20-3C94-A315
	400 ±3%	≈162	≈250	EP20-3C94-A400
	630 ±5%	≈255	≈150	EP20-3C94-A630
	4435 ±25%	≈1800	≈0	EP20-3C94
3F3	160 ±3%	≈65	≈740	EP20-3F3-E160
	250 ±3%	≈101	≈440	EP20-3F3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈127	≈340	EP20-3F3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈162	≈250	EP20-3F3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈255	≈150	EP20-3F3-A630
	3550 ±25%	≈1440	≈0	EP20-3F3

## EP cores and accessories

## EP20

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	$\geq 8700$	$\geq 3520$	$\approx 0$	EP20-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.39$	$\leq 0.41$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.31$	$\approx 1.4$	$\approx 0.65$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.36$	–	$\leq 0.62$



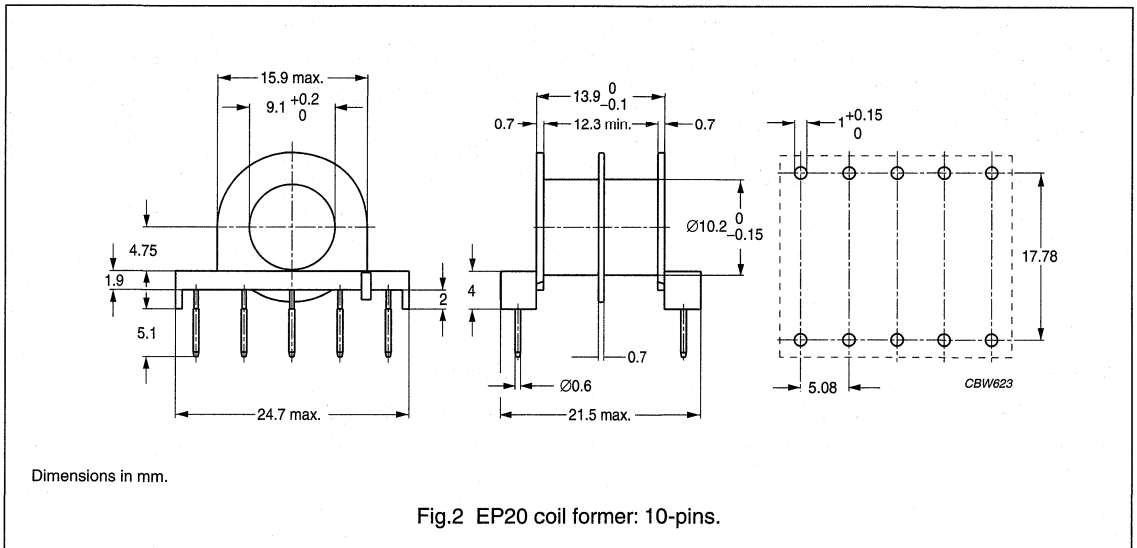
EP cores and accessories

EP20

COIL FORMER

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for 10-pins EP20 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	32.6	12.5	41.0	CSH-EP20-1S-10P
2	2 × 15.5	5.85	41.0	CSH-EP20-2S-10P

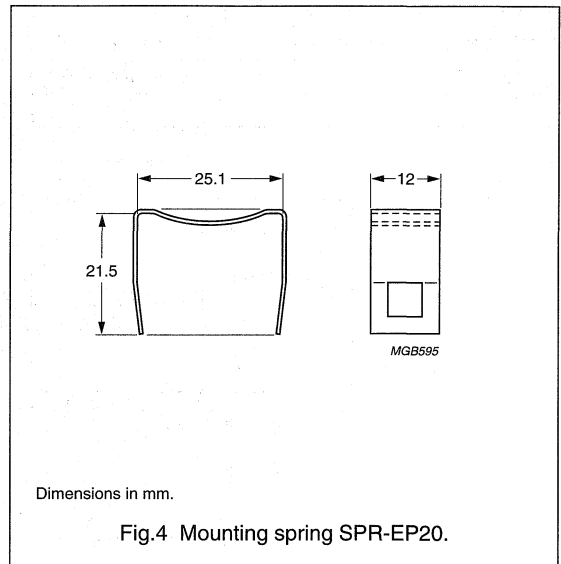
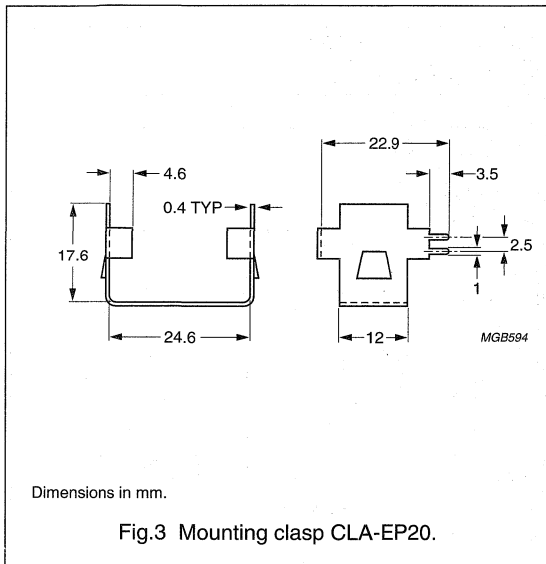
EP cores and accessories

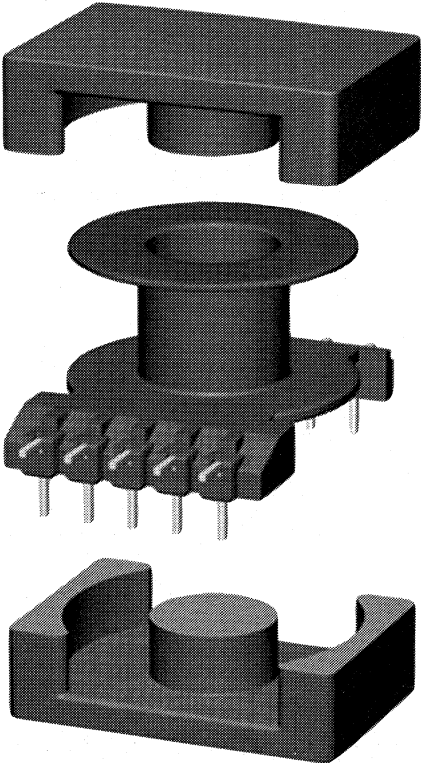
EP20

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clasp	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	3	CLA-EP20
Spring	copper-nickel-zinc alloy (nickel silver)	4	SPR-EP20





CBW586

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

EQ cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview EQ cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
EQ13	348	19.9	0.9
EQ30	4970	108	13.5

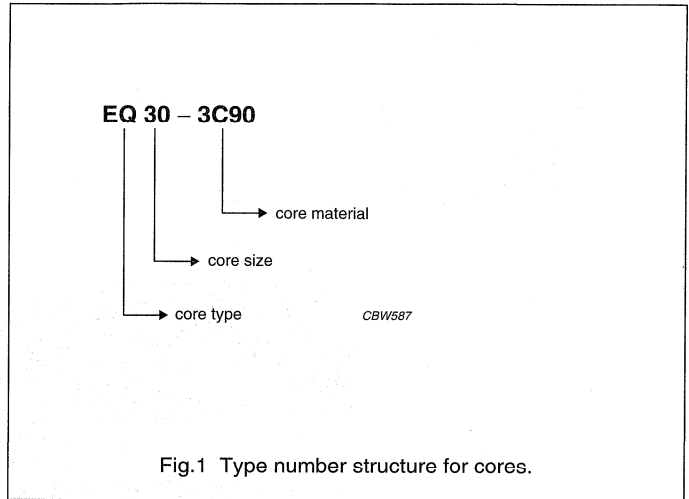


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

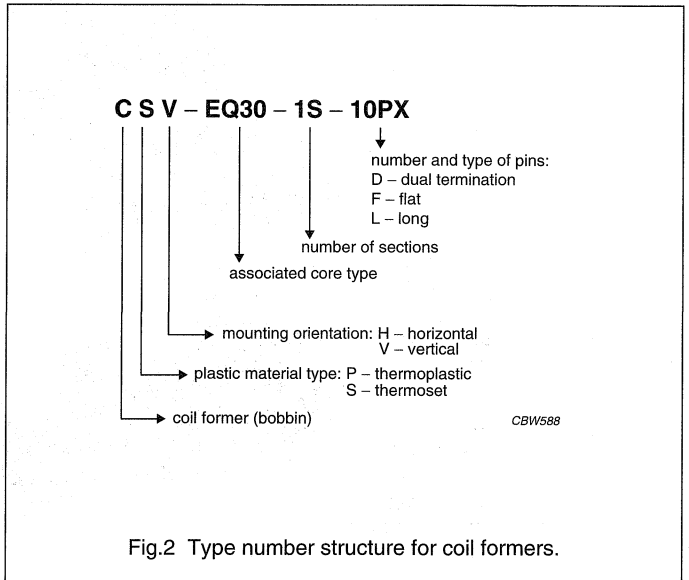


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.

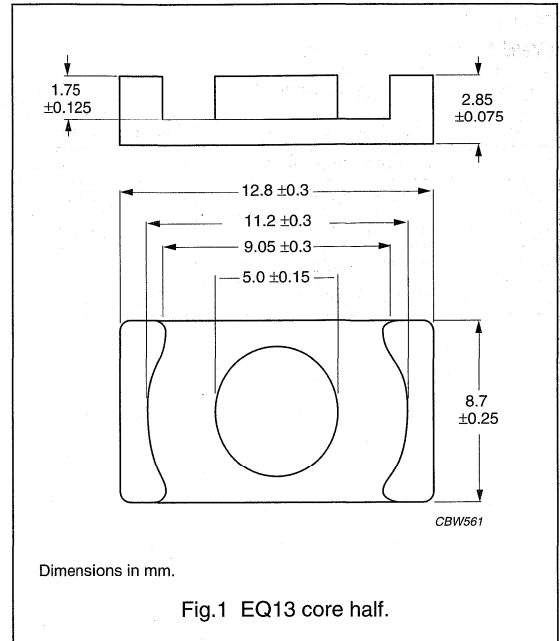
## EQ cores and accessories

## EQ13

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.911	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	348	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	17.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	19.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	19.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈0.9	g



## Core halves for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$1700 \pm 3\%$	≈1230	≈0	EQ13-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.035	≈0.035

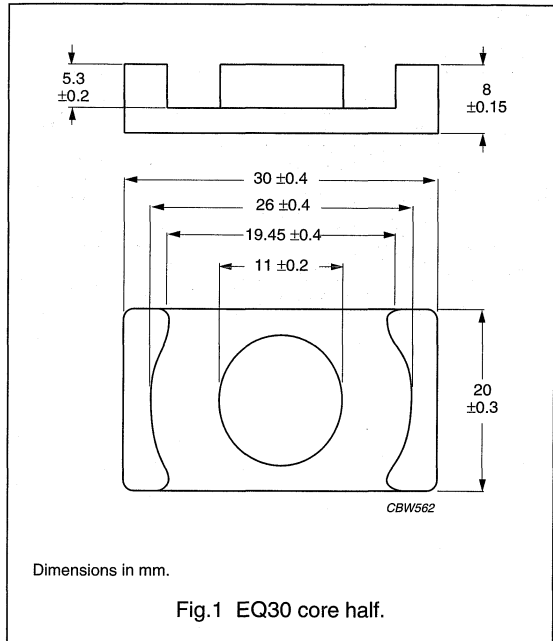
EQ cores and accessories

EQ30

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.426	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4970	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	46	mm
$A_e$	effective area	108	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	95	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈13.5	g



Core halves for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 40 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	4300 ±25%	≈1460	≈0	EQ30-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	4300 ±25%	≈1460	≈0	EQ30-3C94

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.60	≤0.60	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.45	≈2.1	≈1.0

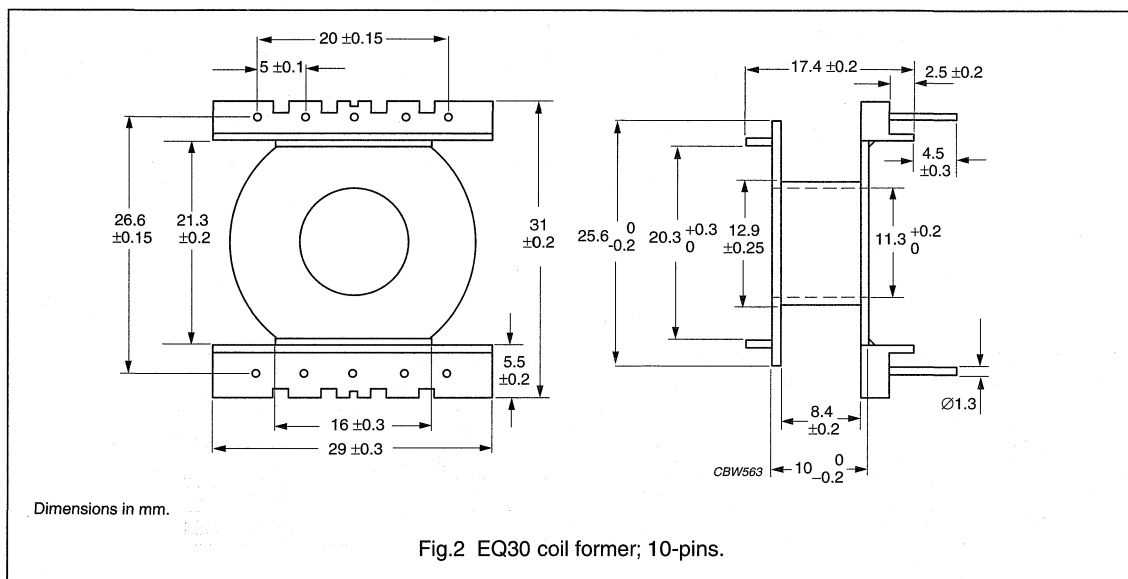
## EQ cores and accessories

EQ30

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s

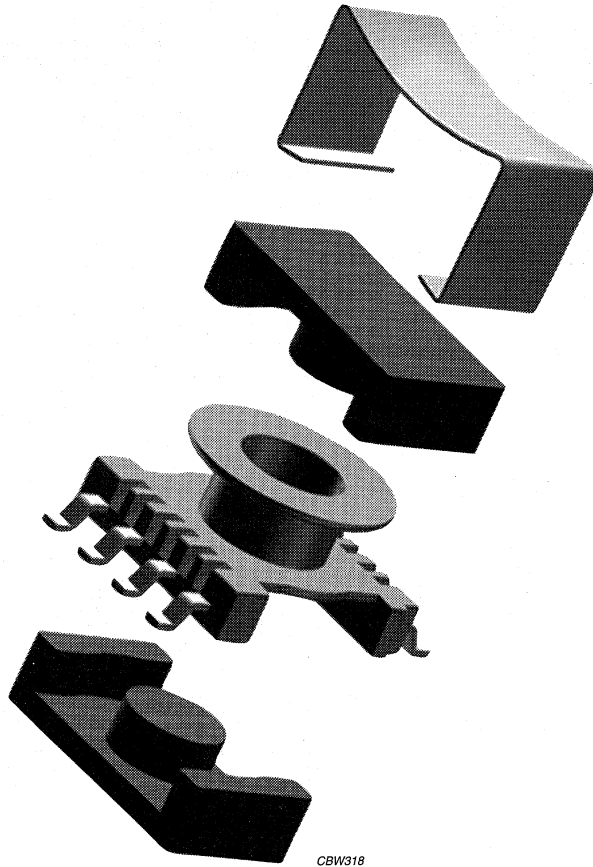


## Winding data for EQ30 coil former with 10 pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	5.2	8.2	60	CSV-EQ30-1S-10P







CBW318

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

ER cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview ER cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
ER9.5	120	8.47	0.35
ER11	174	11.9	0.5
ER14.5	333	17.6	0.9
ER28	5260	81.4	14
ER28L	6140	81.4	16
ER35	9710	107	23
ER40	14600	149	37
ER42	19200	194	48
ER42A	16800	170	45
ER48	25500	255	64
ER54	23000	250	61

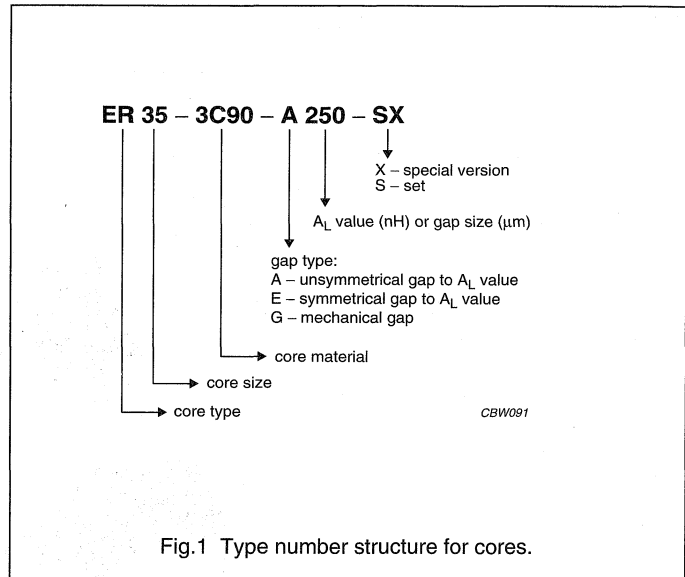


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

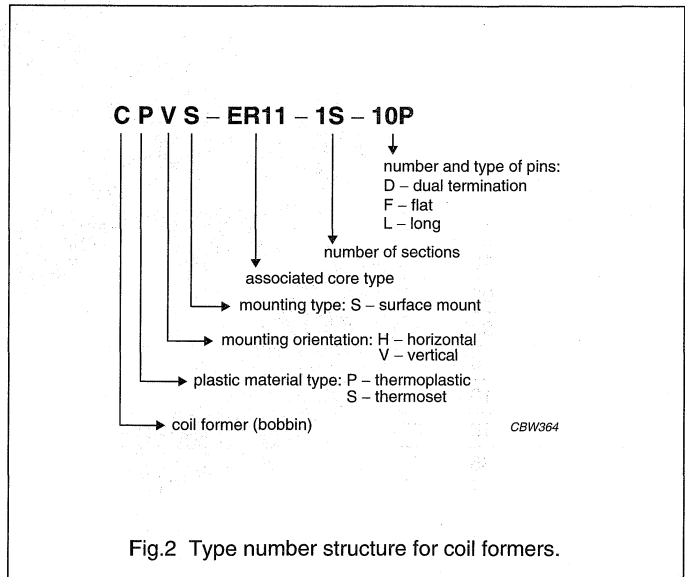


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.

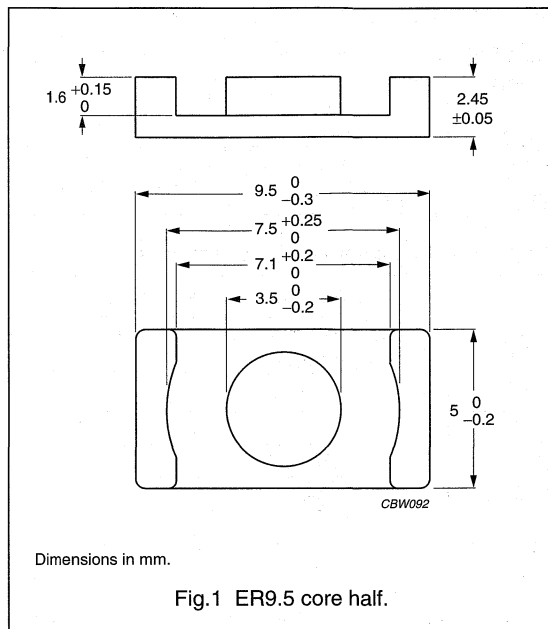
## ER cores and accessories

## ER9.5

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.67	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	120	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	14.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	8.47	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	7.60	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈0.35	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 10 ±5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <b>des</b>	63 ±3%	≈84	≈200	ER9.5-3C94-A63-S
	100 ±3%	≈133	≈100	ER9.5-3C94-A100-S
	160 ±10%	≈213	≈70	ER9.5-3C94-A160-S
	1000 ±25%	≈1330	≈0	ER9.5-3C94-S
3C96 <b>prot</b>	900 ±25%	≈1200	≈0	ER9.5-3C96-S
3F3	63 ±3%	≈84	≈200	ER9.5-3F3-A63-S
	100 ±3%	≈133	≈100	ER9.5-3F3-A100-S
	160 ±10%	≈213	≈70	ER9.5-3F3-A160-S
	850 ±25%	≈1130	≈0	ER9.5-3F3-S
3F35 <b>prot</b>	700 ±25%	≈930	≈0	ER9.5-3F35-S
3F4 <b>des</b>	40 ±3%	≈53	≈300	ER9.5-3F4-A40-S
	63 ±5%	≈84	≈200	ER9.5-3F4-A63-S
	100 ±5%	≈133	≈100	ER9.5-3F4-A100-S
	525 ±25%	≈700	≈0	ER9.5-3F4-S

## ER cores and accessories

## ER9.5

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N, flux density  $\hat{B} \leq 0.1$  mT.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E5	3600 +40/-30%	$\approx 4780$	$\approx 0$	ER9.5-3E5-S
3E6	4800 +40/-30%	$\approx 6380$	$\approx 0$	ER9.5-3E6-S

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.011$	$\approx 0.053$	$\leq 0.023$
3C96	$\geq 320$	$\approx 0.008$	$\approx 0.038$	$\approx 0.016$
3F3	$\geq 300$	$\leq 0.015$	–	$\leq 0.025$
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	$\approx 0.012$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B} = 30$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B} = 10$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq 300$	$\approx 0.02$	$\approx 0.15$	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.024$	$\leq 0.038$

ER cores and accessories

ER9.5

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s

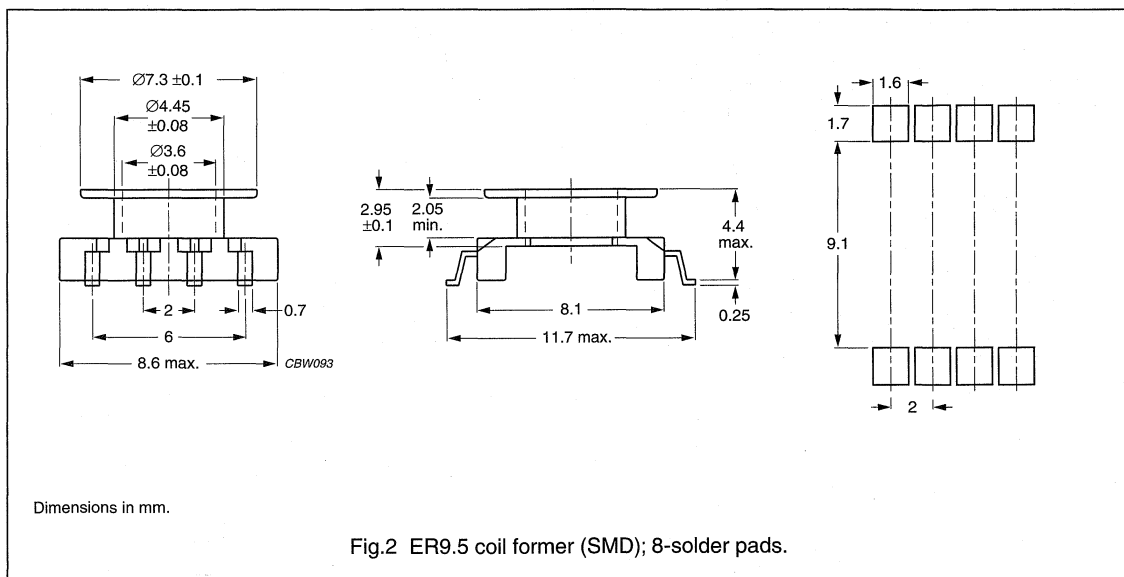


Table 1 Winding data for ER9.5 coil former (SMD) with 8 solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	2.8	2.05	18.4	CPVS-ER9.5-1S-8P

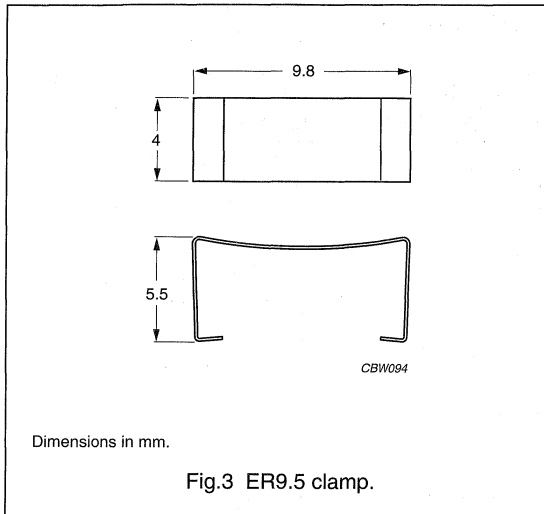
## ER cores and accessories

## ER9.5

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 20$ N	3	CLM-ER9.5



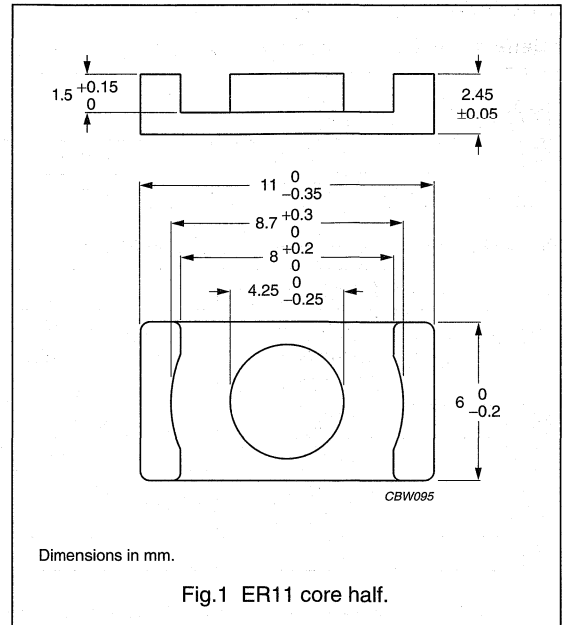
## ER cores and accessories

## ER11

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.23	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	174	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	14.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	11.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	10.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈0.5	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 15 ±5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <b>des</b>	100 ±3%	≈98	≈200	ER11-3C94-A100-S
	160 ±3%	≈155	≈100	ER11-3C94-A160-S
	250 ±10%	≈245	≈60	ER11-3C94-A250-S
	1400 ±25%	≈1370	≈0	ER11-3C94-S
3C96 <b>prot</b>	1250 ±25%	≈1220	≈0	ER11-3C96-S
3F3	100 ±3%	≈98	≈200	ER11-3F3-A100-S
	160 ±3%	≈155	≈100	ER11-3F3-A160-S
	250 ±10%	≈245	≈60	ER11-3F3-A250-S
	1200 ±25%	≈1170	≈0	ER11-3F3-S
3F35 <b>prot</b>	1000 ±25%	≈980	≈0	ER11-3F35-S
3F4 <b>des</b>	63 ±3%	≈61	≈300	ER11-3F4-A63-S
	100 ±5%	≈98	≈200	ER11-3F4-A100-S
	160 ±8%	≈155	≈100	ER11-3F4-A160-S
	725 ±25%	≈710	≈0	ER11-3F4-S

## ER cores and accessories

## ER11

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $15 \pm 5$  N, flux density  $\hat{B} \leq 0.1$  mT.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E5	5000 +40/-30%	$\approx 4890$	$\approx 0$	ER11-3E5-S
3E6	6700 +40/-30%	$\approx 6560$	$\approx 0$	ER11-3E6-S

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.018$	$\approx 0.075$	$\approx 0.037$
3C96	$\geq 320$	$\approx 0.013$	$\approx 0.055$	$\approx 0.025$
3F3	$\geq 300$	$\leq 0.025$	–	$\leq 0.040$
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	$\approx 0.017$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B} = 30$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B} = 10$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 300$	$\approx 0.028$	$\approx 0.20$	–	–
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.035$	$\leq 0.056$



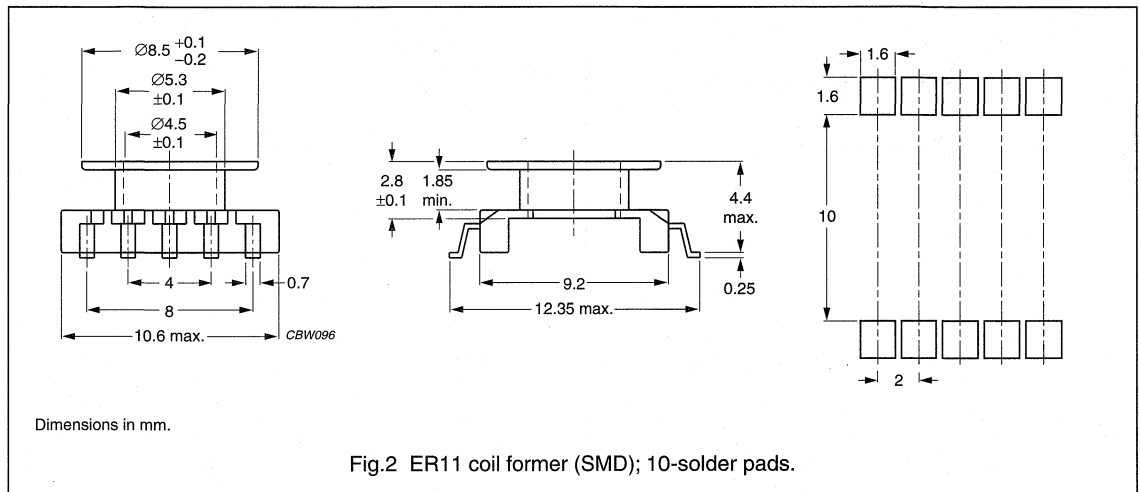
ER cores and accessories

ER11

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for ER11 coil former (SMD)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	2.8	1.85	21.6	CPVS-ER11-1S-10P
1	2.8	1.85	21.6	CPVS-ER11-1S-12P

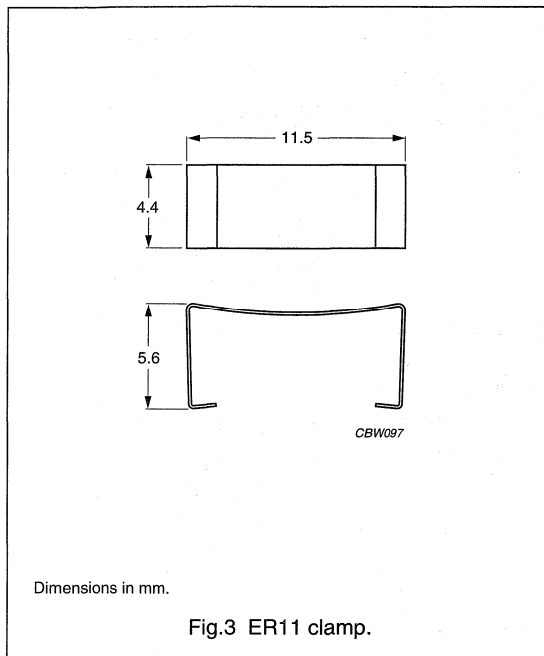
## ER cores and accessories

ER11

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi); clamping force $\approx 25$ N	3	CLM-ER11



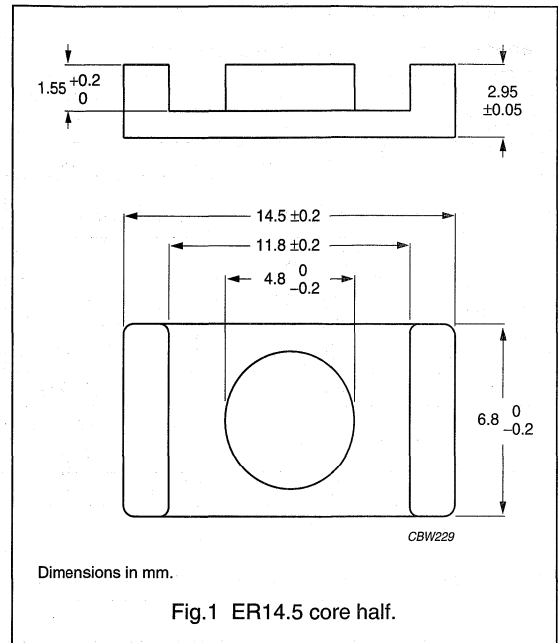
## ER cores and accessories

## ER14.5

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.08	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	333	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	19.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	17.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	17.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈0.9	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 10 ± 5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <b>des</b>	100 ± 3%	≈ 86	≈ 250	ER14.5-3C94-A100-S
	160 ± 3%	≈ 139	≈ 150	ER14.5-3C94-A160-S
	250 ± 8%	≈ 215	≈ 90	ER14.5-3C94-A250-S
	1600 ± 25%	≈ 1370	≈ 0	ER14.5-3C94-S
3C96 <b>prot</b>	1500 ± 25%	≈ 1290	≈ 0	ER14.5-3C96-S
3F3	100 ± 3%	≈ 86	≈ 250	ER14.5-3F3-A100-S
	160 ± 3%	≈ 139	≈ 150	ER14.5-3F3-A160-S
	250 ± 8%	≈ 215	≈ 90	ER14.5-3F3-A250-S
	1400 ± 25%	≈ 1200	≈ 0	ER14.5-3F3-S
3F35 <b>prot</b>	1150 ± 25%	≈ 990	≈ 0	ER14.5-3F35-S
3F4 <b>des</b>	100 ± 3%	≈ 86	≈ 240	ER14.5-3F4-A100-S
	160 ± 5%	≈ 139	≈ 130	ER14.5-3F4-A160-S
	250 ± 8%	≈ 215	≈ 70	ER14.5-3F4-A250-S
	850 ± 25%	≈ 730	≈ 0	ER14.5-3F4

## ER cores and accessories

## ER14.5

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N, flux density  $\hat{B} \leq 0.1$  mT.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E6	7900 +40/-30%	$\approx 6800$	$\approx 0$	ER14.5-3E6-S

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.032$	$\approx 0.15$	$\leq 0.070$
3C96	$\geq 320$	$\approx 0.022$	$\approx 0.11$	$\approx 0.005$
3F3	$\geq 300$	$\leq 0.043$	–	$\leq 0.061$
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	$\approx 0.033$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B} = 30$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B} = 10$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq 300$	$\approx 0.053$	$\approx 0.4$	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.067$	$\leq 0.107$

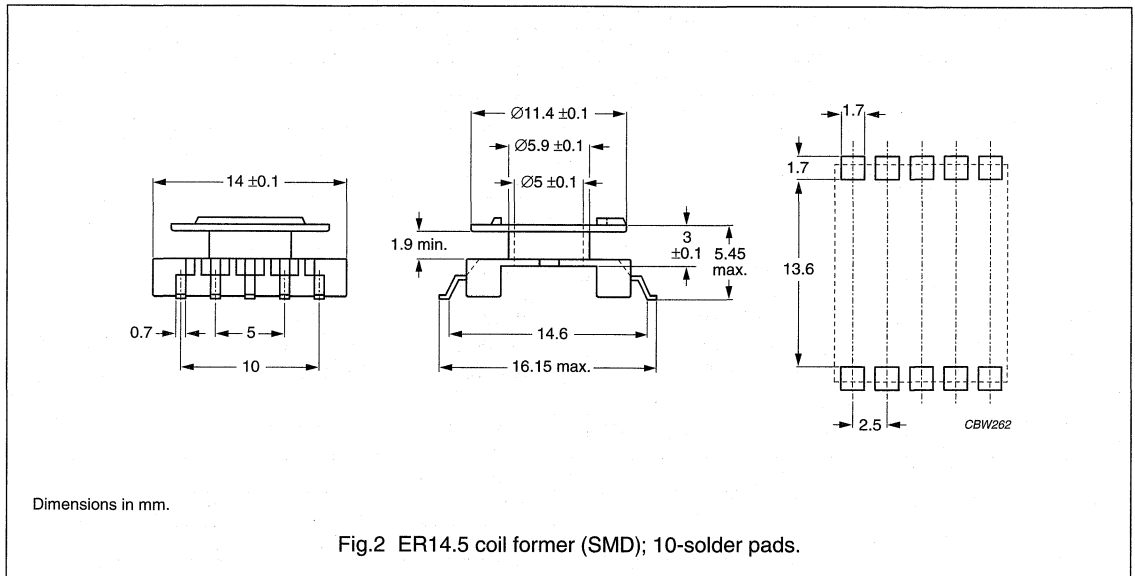
ER cores and accessories

ER14.5

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3,5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data for ER14.5 coil former (SMD) with 10 solder pads

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	5.1	1.9	27	CPVS-ER14.5-1S-10P

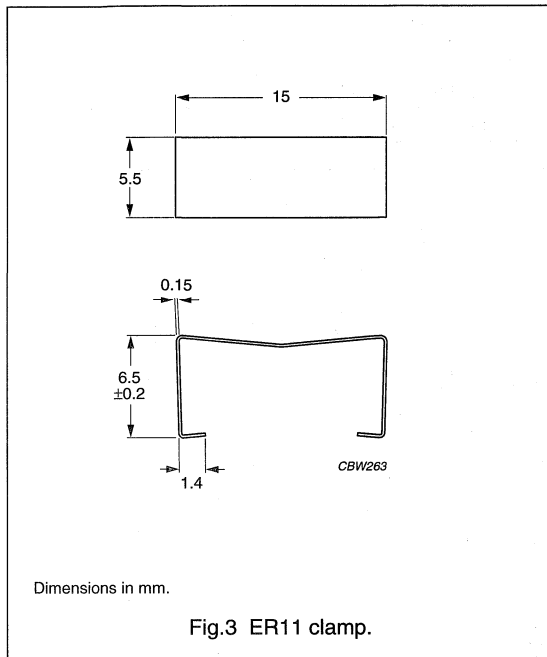
ER cores and accessories

ER14.5

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data and ordering information**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	stainless steel (CrNi)	3	CLM-ER14.5



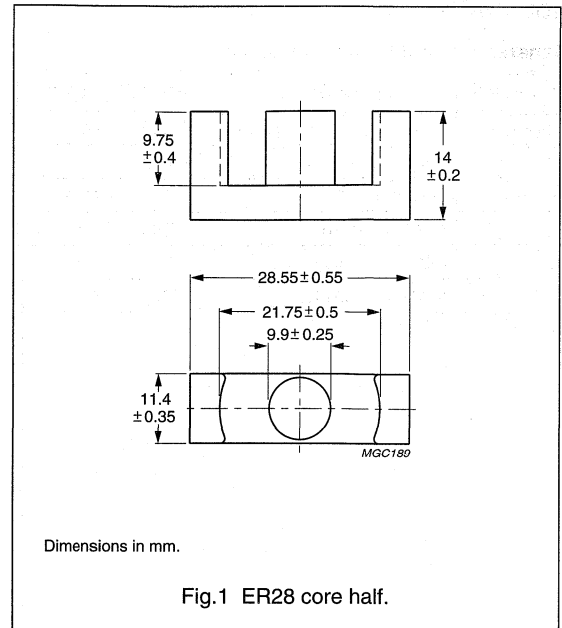
## ER cores

## ER28

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.786	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5260	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	64	mm
$A_e$	effective area	81.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	77	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈14	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2900 \pm 25\%$	≈1800	≈0	ER28-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$2900 \pm 25\%$	≈1800	≈0	ER28-3C94

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.63	≤0.67	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.50	≈2.3	≈1.1

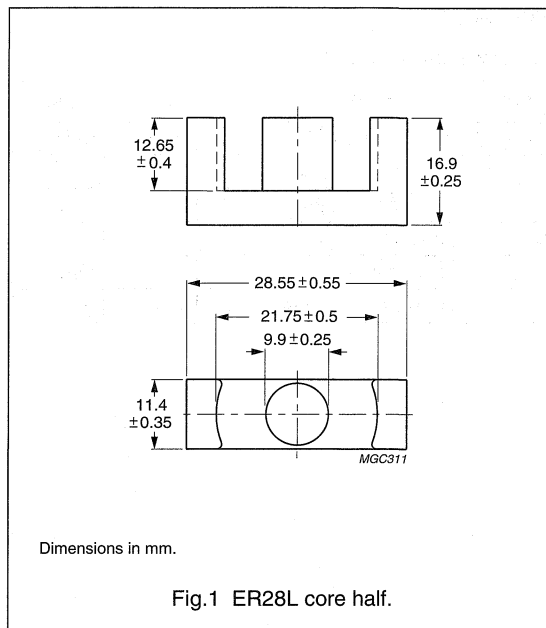
## ER cores

## ER28L

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.928	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	6140	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	75.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	81.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	77	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈16	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2500 \pm 25\%$	≈1900	≈0	ER28L-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$2500 \pm 25\%$	≈1900	≈0	ER28L-3C94

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.74	≤0.77	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.58	≈2.6	≈1.3



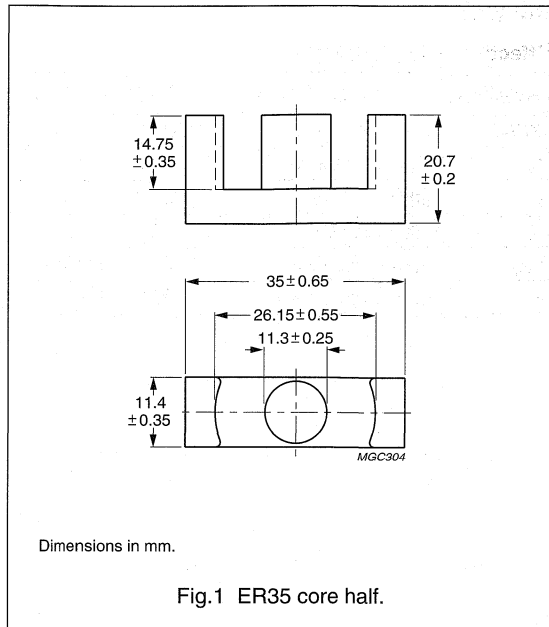
ER cores

ER35

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.849	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9710	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	90.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	107	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	100	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈23	g



Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 40 ± 20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	2800 ± 25%	≈1900	≈0	ER35-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	2800 ± 25%	≈1900	≈0	ER35-3C94

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤1.2	≤1.3	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.95	≈0.4.2	≈2.0

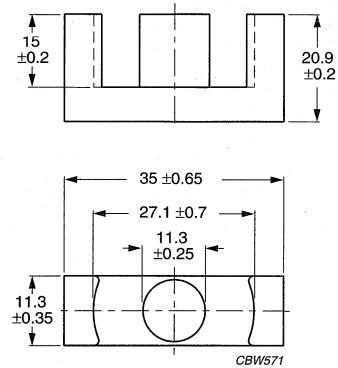
## ER cores

## ER35W

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.900	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9548	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	92.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	103	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	100	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈27	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 ER35W core half.

## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$3000 \pm 25\%$	≈2150	≈0	ER35W-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤1.2	≤1.3

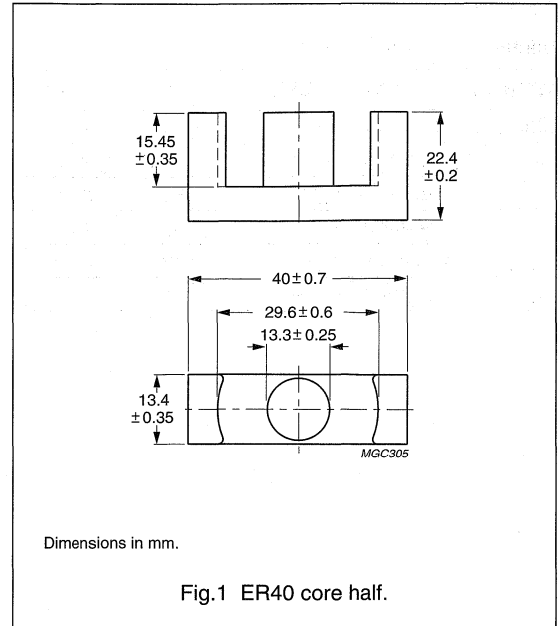
ER cores

ER40

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.658	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	14600	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	98	mm
$A_e$	effective area	149	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	139	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈37	g



Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 50 ±20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	3600 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	ER40-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	3600 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	ER40-3C94

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤1.8	≤1.9	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤1.45	≈6.3	≈2.9

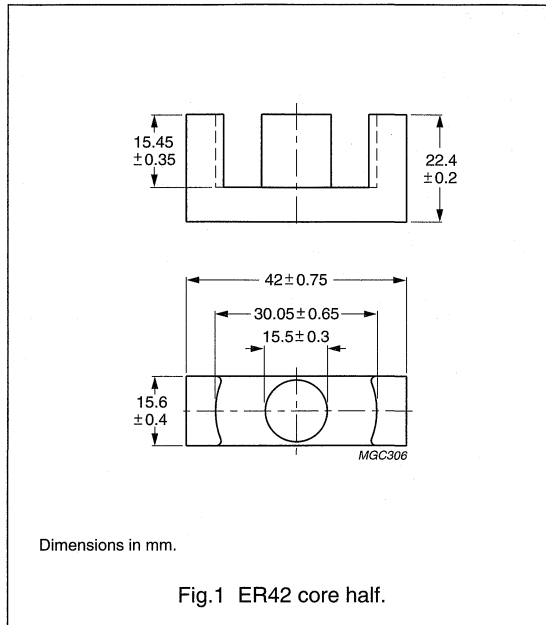
## ER cores

## ER42

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.509	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	19200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	98.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	194	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	189	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈48	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $50 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	4600 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	ER42-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	4600 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	ER42-3C94

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤2.3	≤2.4	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤1.8	≈8.3	≈4.0

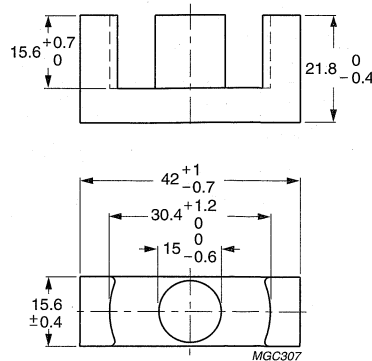
## ER cores

## ER42A

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.582	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	16800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	99	mm
$A_e$	effective area	170	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	170	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈45	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 ER42A core half.

## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 40 ±20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	4000 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	ER42A-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	4000 ±25%	≈1900	≈0	ER42A-3C94

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤2.0	≤2.1	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤1.6	≈7.2	≈3.5

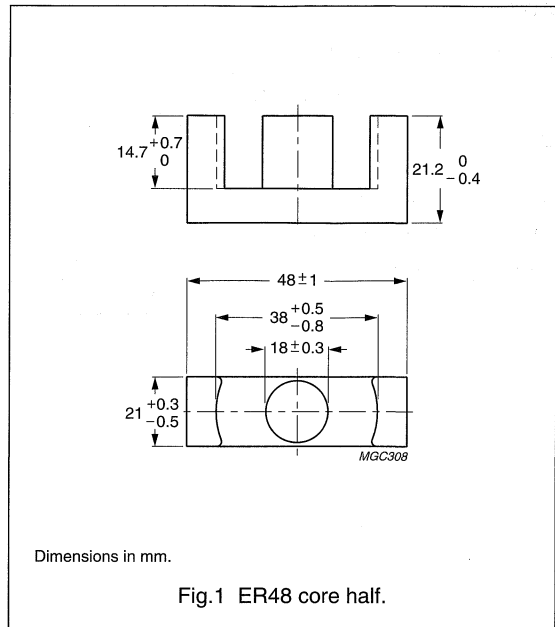
## ER cores

## ER48

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.392	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	25500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	100	mm
$A_e$	effective area	255	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	248	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈64	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $50 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$5700 \pm 25\%$	≈1900	≈0	ER48-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$5700 \pm 25\%$	≈1900	≈0	ER48-3C94

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤3.1	≤3.3	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤2.6	≈11	≈5.9

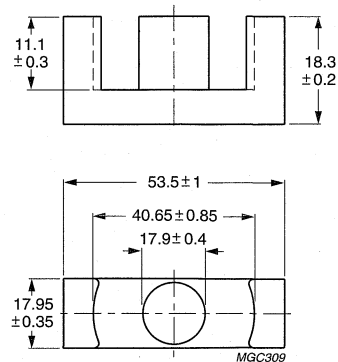
## ER cores

## ER54

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.370	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	23000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	91.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	250	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	240	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈61	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 ER54 core half.

## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $50 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

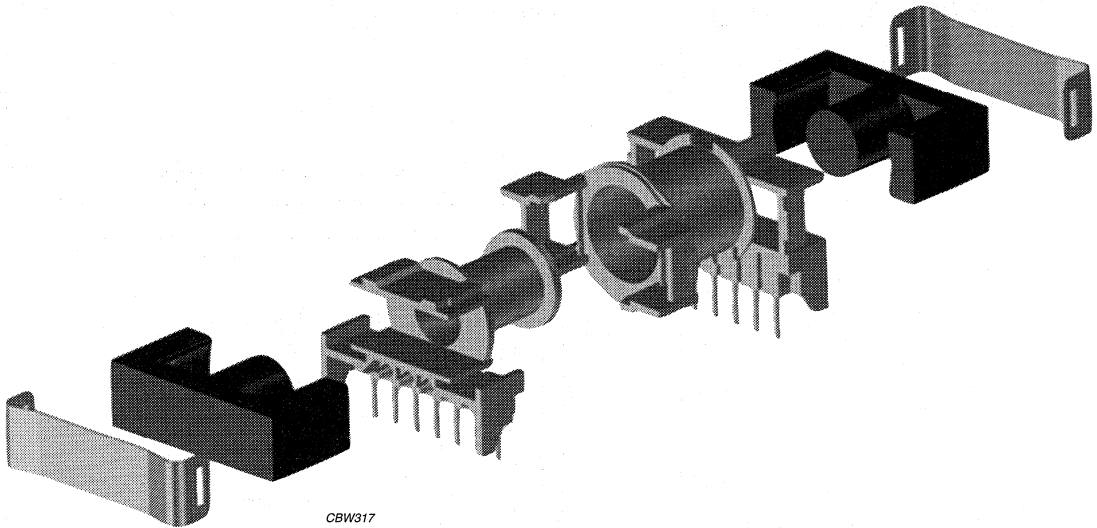
GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$6100 \pm 25\%$	≈1800	≈0	ER54-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$6100 \pm 25\%$	≈1800	≈0	ER54-3C94

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤2.8	≤2.9	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤2.3	≈10	≈5.3







CBW317

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

ETD cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview ETD cores

CORE TYPE	V <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>3</sup> )	A <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
ETD29	5470	76.0	14
ETD34	7640	97.1	20
ETD39	11500	125	30
ETD44	17800	173	47
ETD49	24000	211	62
ETD54	35500	280	90
ETD59	51500	368	130

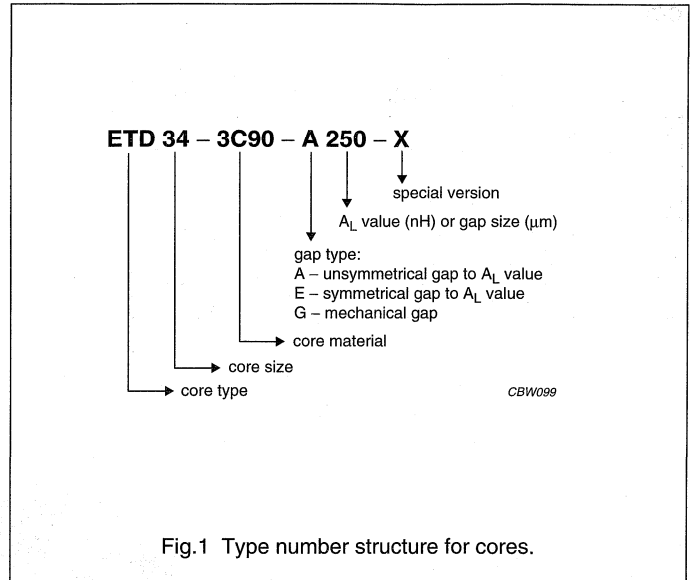


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

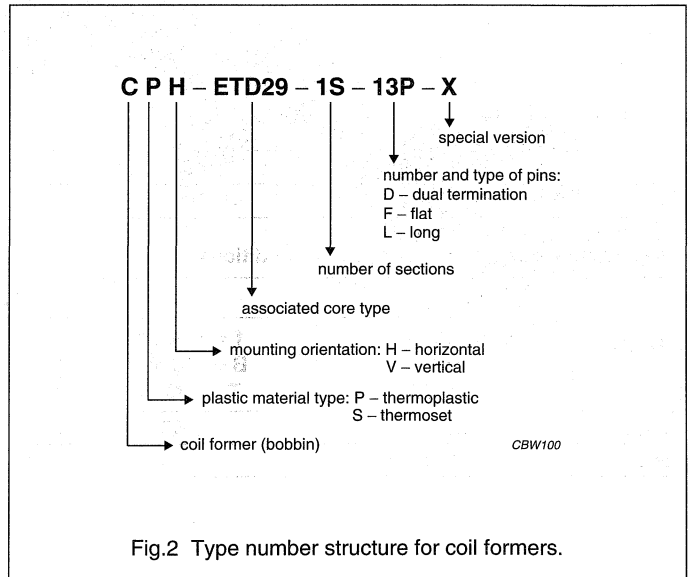


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.

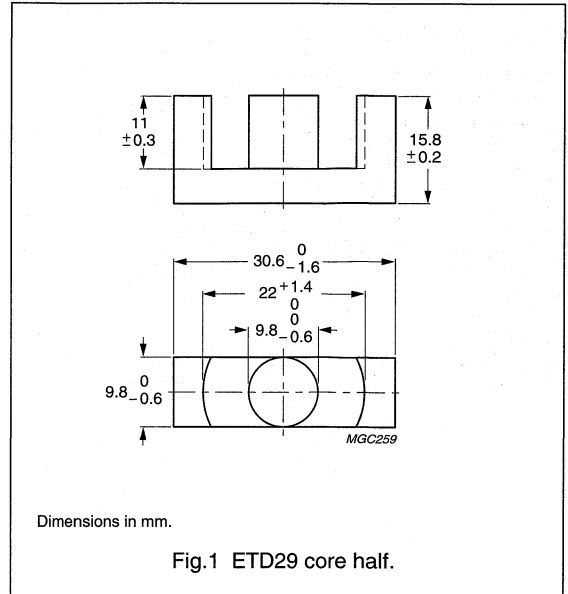
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD29

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.947	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5470	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	72	mm
$A_e$	effective area	76	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	71	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈14	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2350 \pm 25\%$	≈1850	≈0	ETD29-3C90
3F3	$2200 \pm 25\%$	≈1700	≈0	ETD29-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.66	≤0.69	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.65	≤1.1

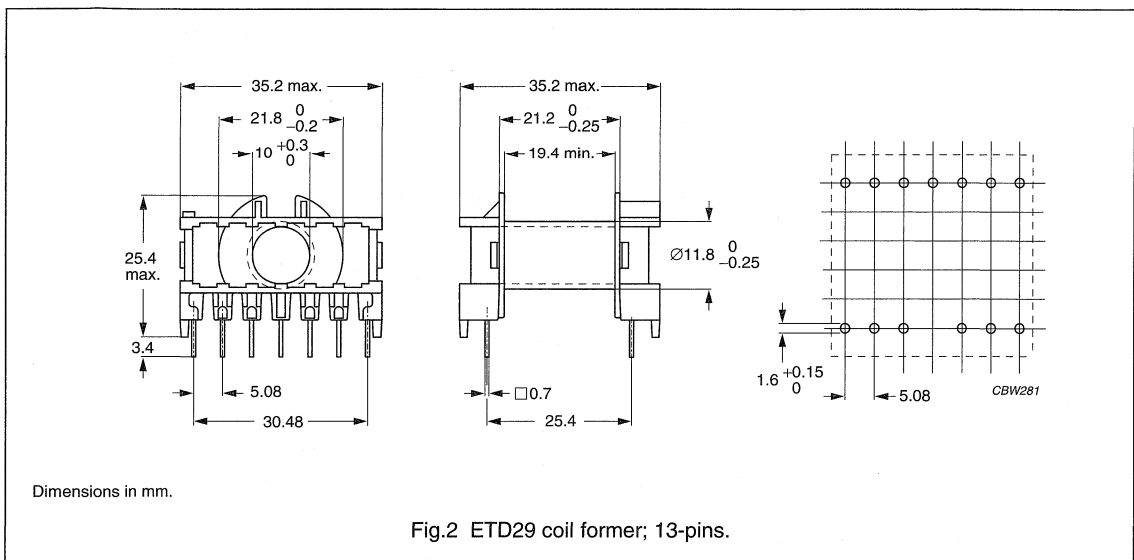
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD29

## COIL FORMER

## General data 13-pins ETD29 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 13-pins ETD29 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	90	19.4	53	CPH-ETD29-1S-13P

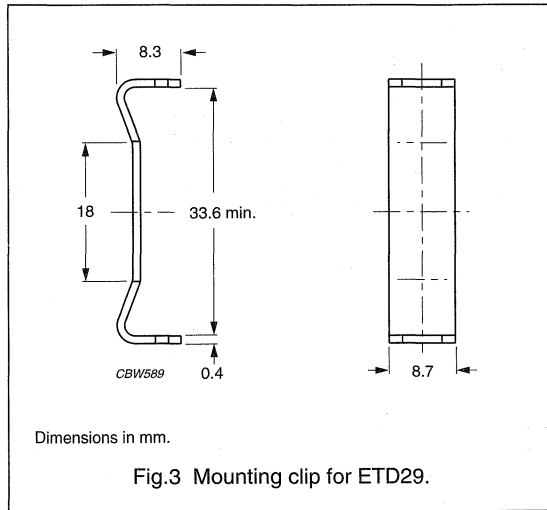
ETD cores and accessories

ETD29

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	3	CLI-ETD29



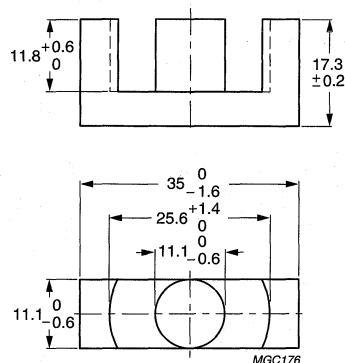
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD34

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.810	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	7640	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	78.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	97.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	91.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈20	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 ETD34 core half.

## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2700 \pm 25\%$	≈1870	≈0	ETD34-3C90
3F3	$2500 \pm 25\%$	≈1750	≈0	ETD34-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤0.92	≤0.97	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤0.90	≤1.6

ETD cores and accessories

ETD34

COIL FORMERS

General data 14-pins ETD34 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

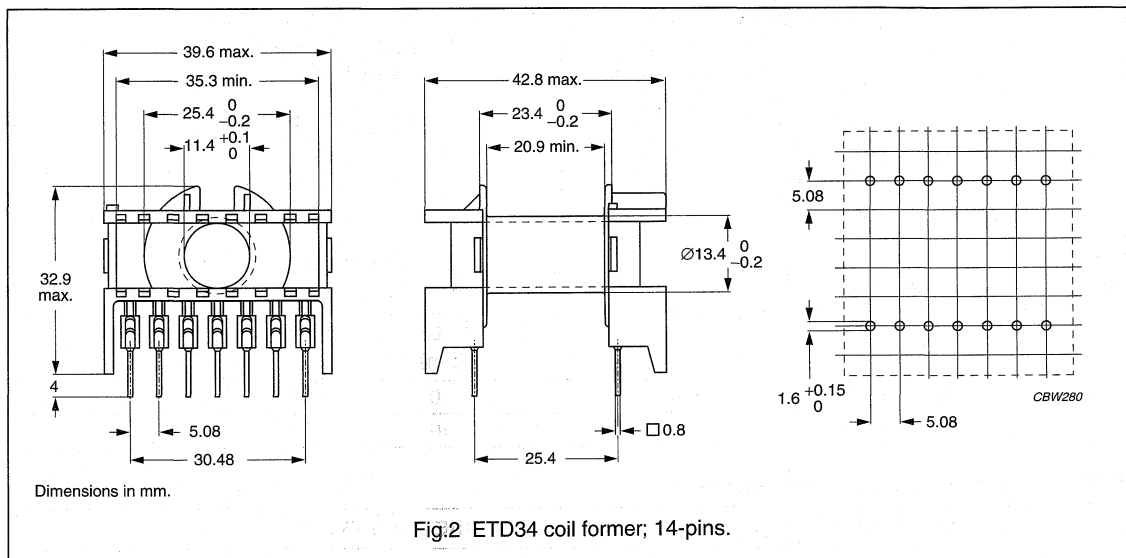


Fig.2 ETD34 coil former; 14-pins.

Winding data for 14-pins ETD34 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	123	20.9	60	CPH-ETD34-1S-14P <sup>(1)</sup>

Note

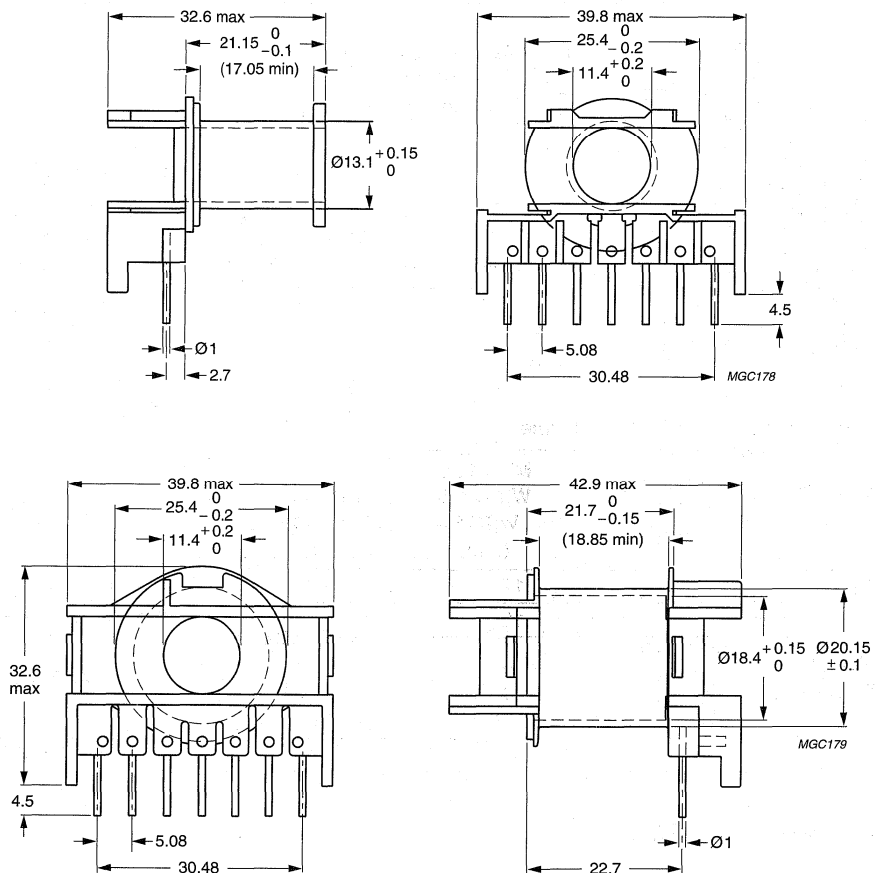
1. Also available with  $\varnothing 1.0$  mm pins.

ETD cores and accessories

ETD34

General data 14-pins coaxial ETD34 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E63312(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



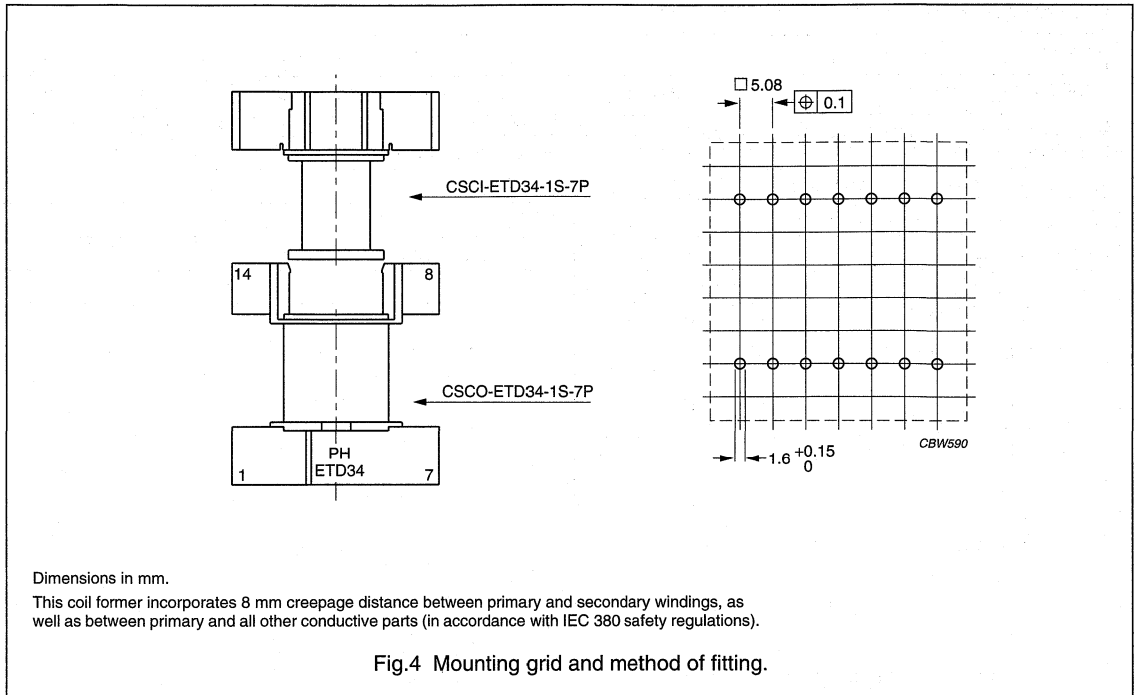
Dimensions in mm.  
For mounting grid and method of fitting, see Fig.4.

Fig.3 Coaxial ETD34 coil former; 14-pins.



ETD cores and accessories

ETD34



Winding data for coaxial ETD34 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	44.5	17	49.5	CSCI-ETD34-1S-7P
1	49	18.9	71	CSCO-ETD34-1S-7P

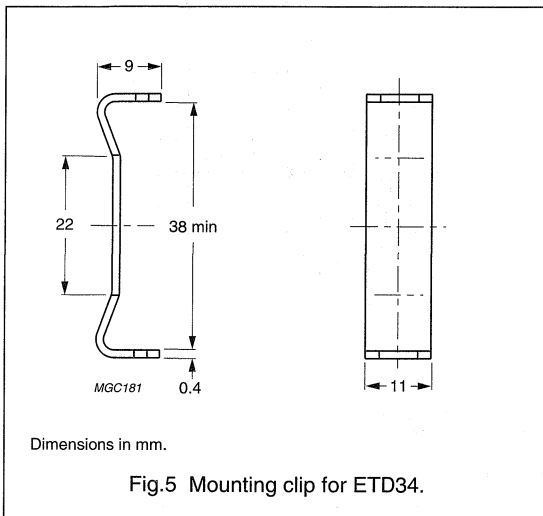
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD34

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	5	CLI-ETD34



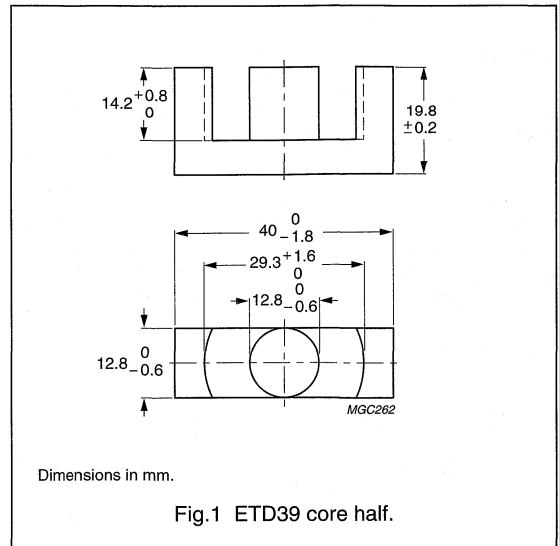
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD39

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.737	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	11500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	92.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	125	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	123	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈30	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$3000 \pm 25\%$	≈1900	≈0	ETD39-3C90
3F3	$2800 \pm 25\%$	≈1750	≈0	ETD39-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤1.4	≤1.5	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤1.4	≤2.5

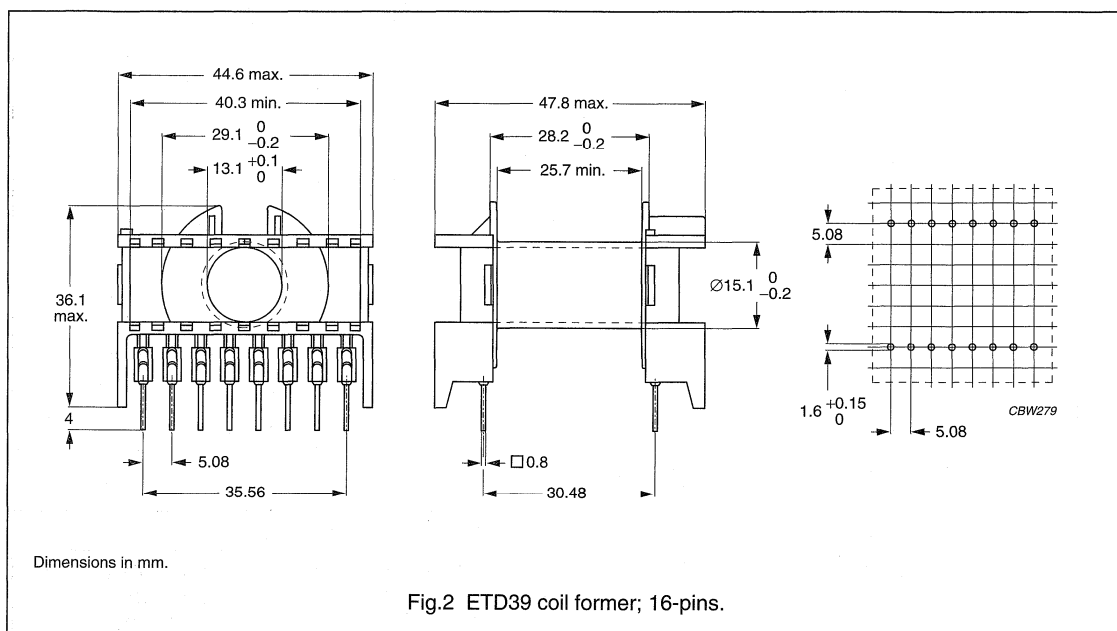
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD39

## COIL FORMER

## General data 16-pins ETD39 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 16-pins ETD39 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	177	25.7	69	CPH-ETD39-1S-16P <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

- Also available with  $\varnothing 1.0$  mm pins.

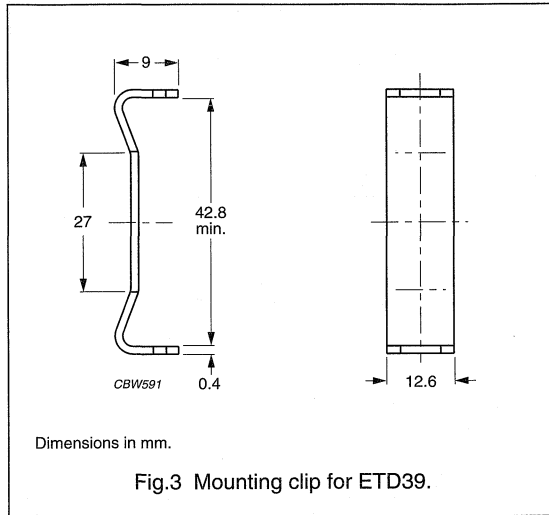
ETD cores and accessories

ETD39

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	3	CLI-ETD39



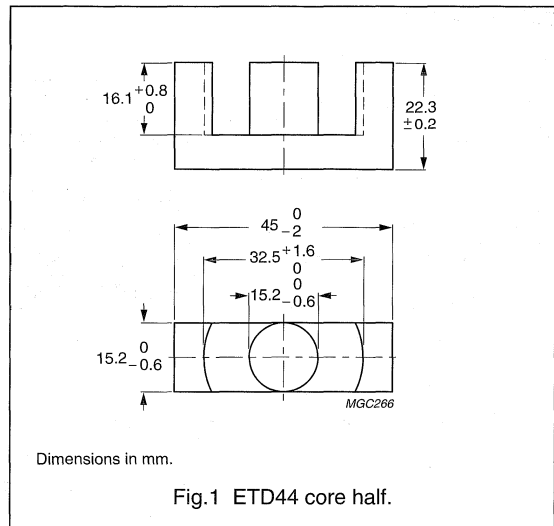
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD44

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.589	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	17800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	103	mm
$A_e$	effective area	173	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	172	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈47	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$3800 \pm 25\%$	≈1900	≈0	ETD44-3C90
3F3	$3500 \pm 25\%$	≈1780	≈0	ETD44-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤2.2	≤2.3	-
3F3	≥320	-	≤2.2	≤3.9

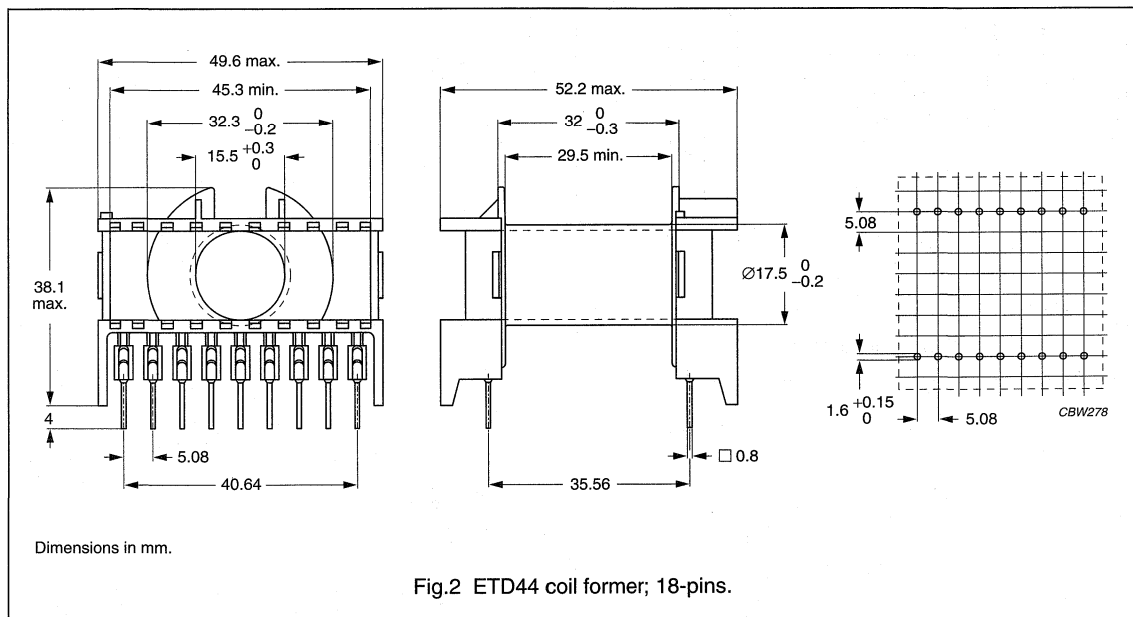
ETD cores and accessories

ETD44

COIL FORMERS

General data 18-pins ETD44 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 18-pins ETD44 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	214	29.5	77	CPH-ETD44-1S-18P <sup>(1)</sup>

Note

- Also available with Ø1.0 mm pins.

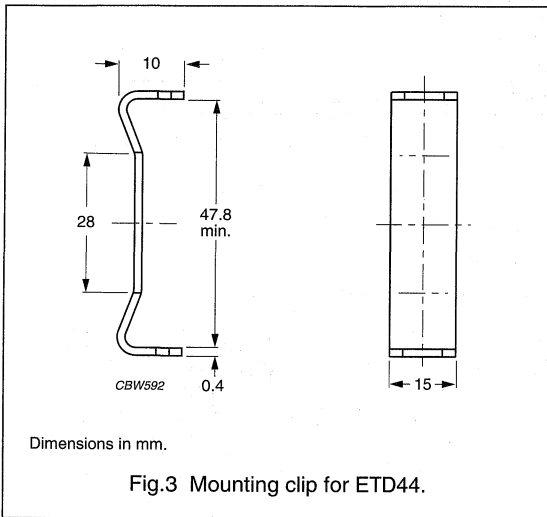
ETD cores and accessories

ETD44

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	3	CLI-ETD44





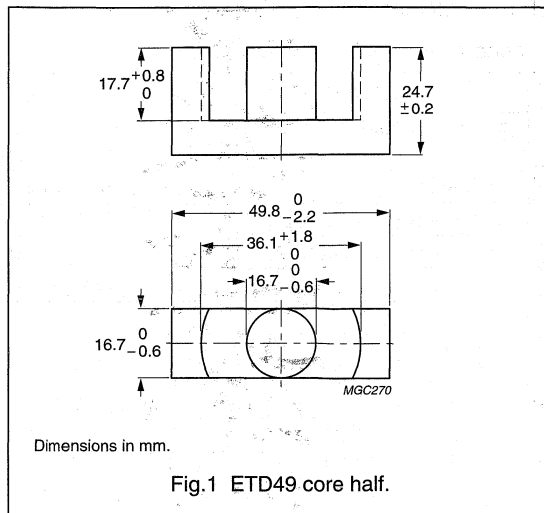
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD49

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.534	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	24000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	114	mm
$A_e$	effective area	211	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	209	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈62	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $50 \pm 20$  N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$4200 \pm 25\%$	≈1950	≈0	ETD49-3C90
3F3	$3900 \pm 25\%$	≈1800	≈0	ETD49-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤2.9	≤3.1	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤3.0	≤5.4

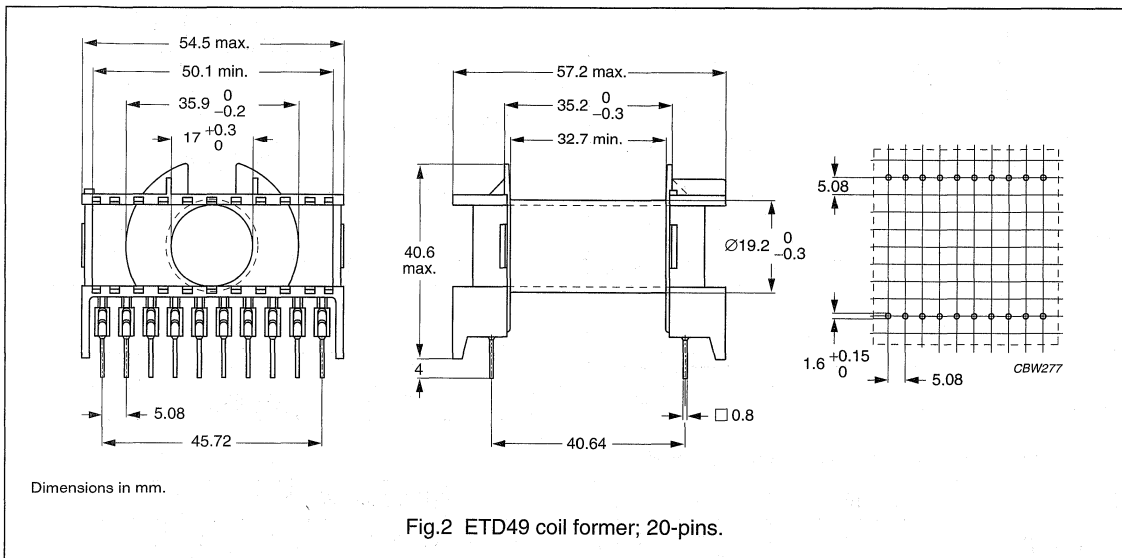
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD49

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 20-pins ETD49 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 20-pins ETD49 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	273	32.7	85	CPH-ETD49-1S-20P <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

- Also available with  $\varnothing 1.0$  mm pins.

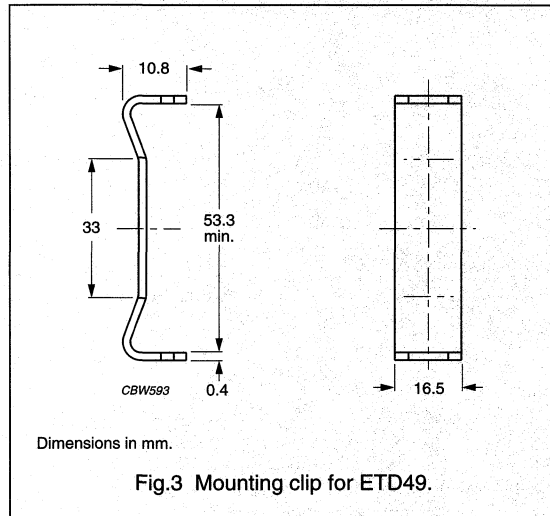
ETD cores and accessories

ETD49

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	3	CLI-ETD49



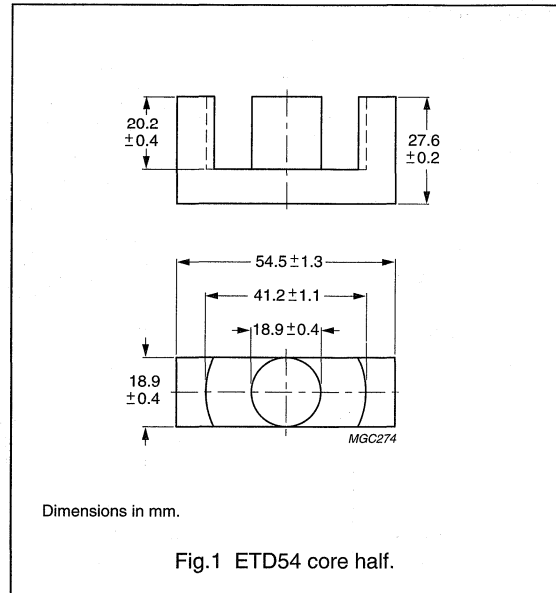
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD54

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.454	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	35500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	127	mm
$A_e$	effective area	280	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	270	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈90	g



## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 50 ± 20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	5000 ± 25%	≈1950	≈0	ETD54-3C90
3F3	4600 ± 25%	≈1800	≈0	ETD54-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤4.3	≤4.8	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤4.5	≤8.5

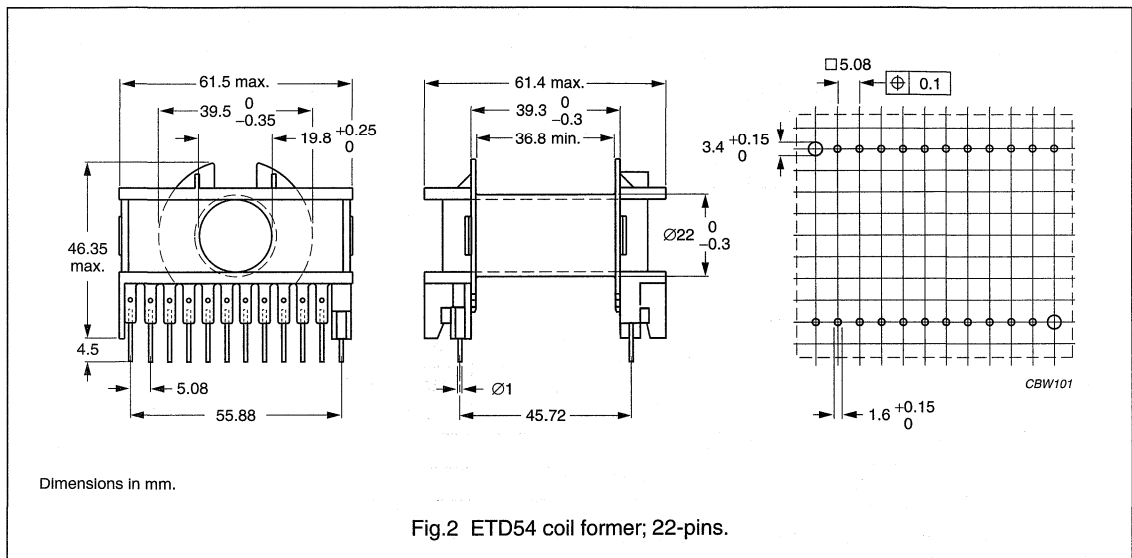
ETD cores and accessories

ETD54

COIL FORMERS

General data 22-pins ETD54 coil former

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E41613(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 22-pins ETD54 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	316	36.8	96	CPH-ETD54-1S-22P

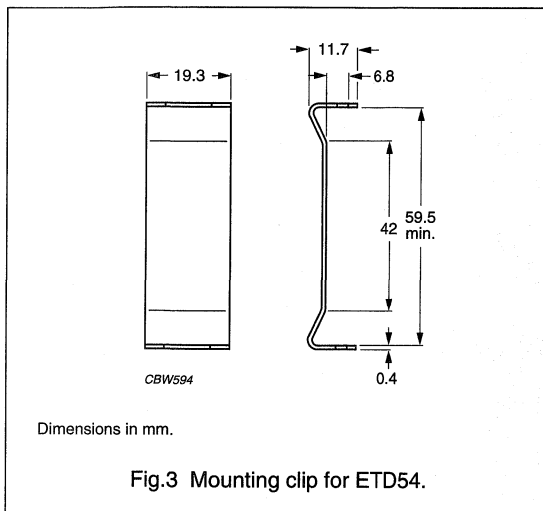
## ETD cores and accessories

ETD54

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	3	CLI-ETD54



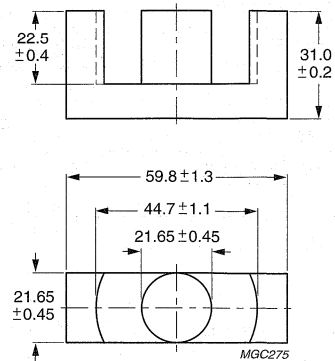
## ETD cores and accessories

## ETD59

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.378	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	51500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	139	mm
$A_e$	effective area	368	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	360	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈130	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 ETD59 core half.

## Core halves

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 70 ±20 N. Gapped cores are available on request.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	6000 ±25%	≈1950	≈0	ETD59-3C90
3F3	5600 ±25%	≈1800	≈0	ETD59-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤6.2	≤7.3	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤6.7	≤12.8

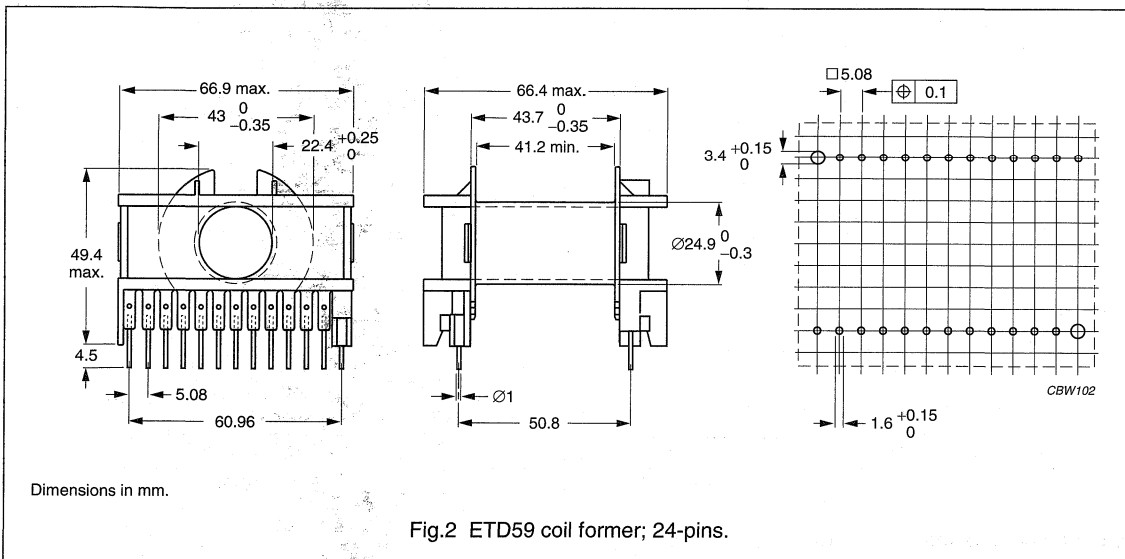
ETD cores and accessories

ETD59

COIL FORMER

General data 24-pins ETD59 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41613(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 24-pins ETD59 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	366	41.2	106	CPH-ETD59-1S-24P



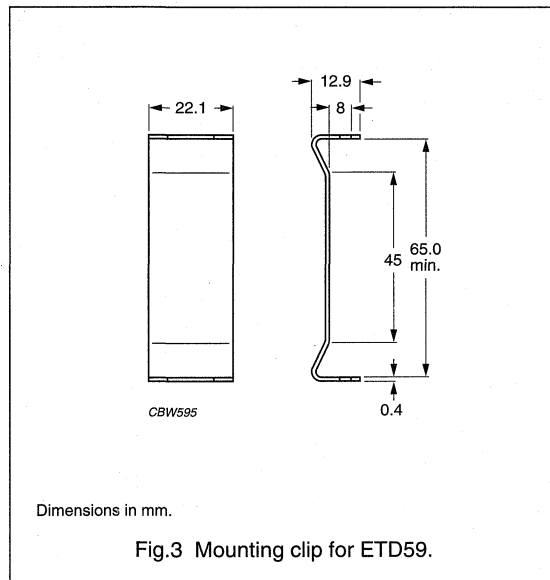
ETD cores and accessories

ETD59

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

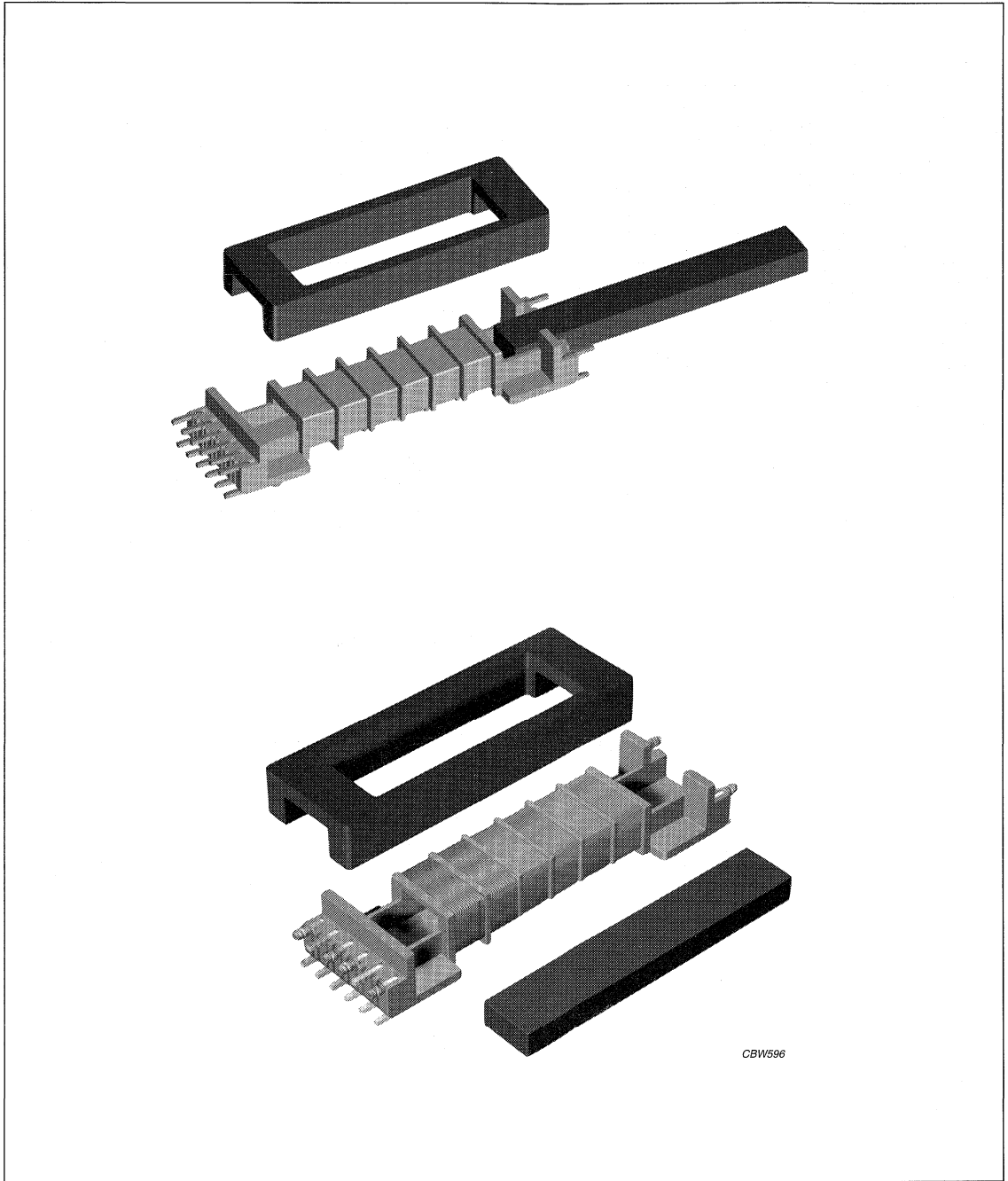
ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Mounting clip	material: stainless steel	3	CLI-ETD59





Soft Ferrites

Frame and Bar cores and accessories



CBW596

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

Frame and Bar cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview Frame and Bar cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
FRM20/5/15	655	14	2.1
BAR20/3/5.5	655	14	1.5
FRM21/4/12	312	7.9	1.5
BAR22/2/6	312	7.9	1.0
FRM24/3.5/10	348	7.6	1.2
BAR25/2.2/4	370	8.1	1.2
FRM27/3.8/9	504	9.7	1.6
BAR28/3.8/2.3	504	9.7	1.2

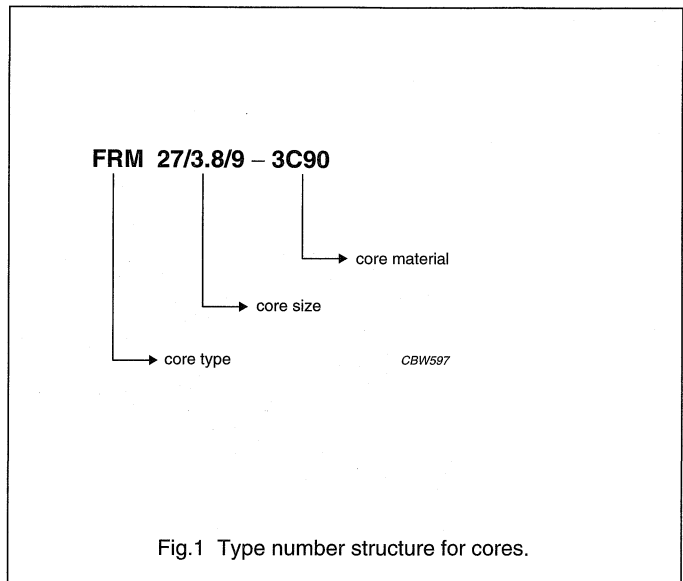


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

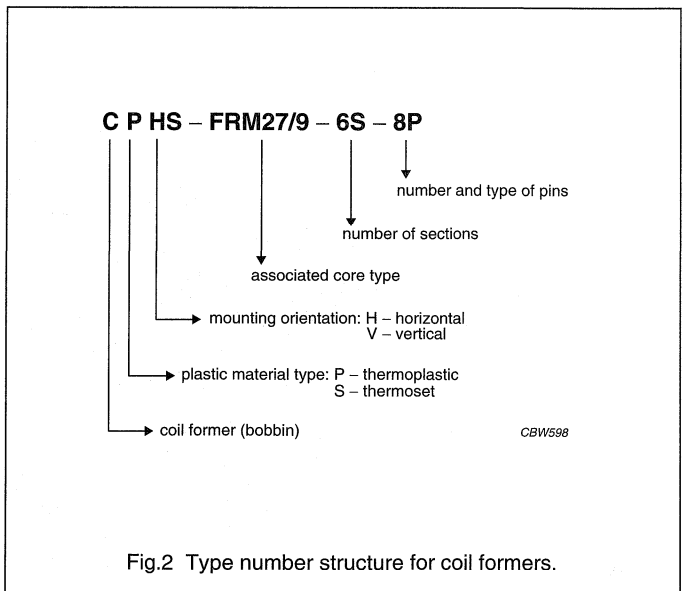


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.

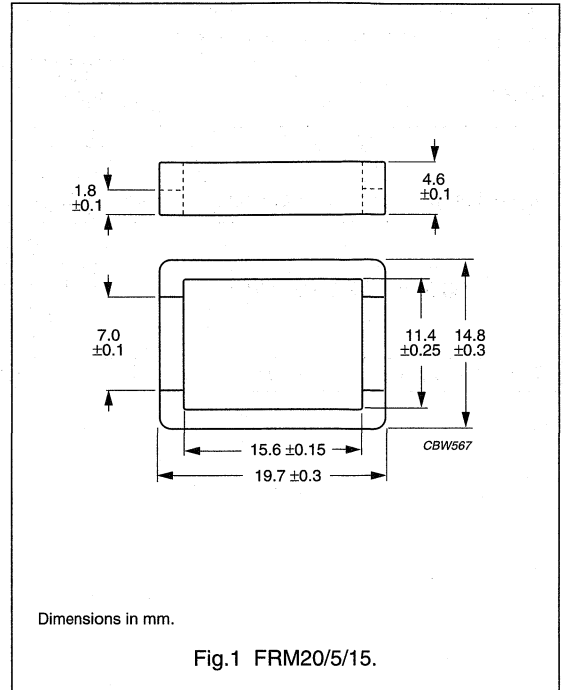
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM20/5/15

CORE SETS

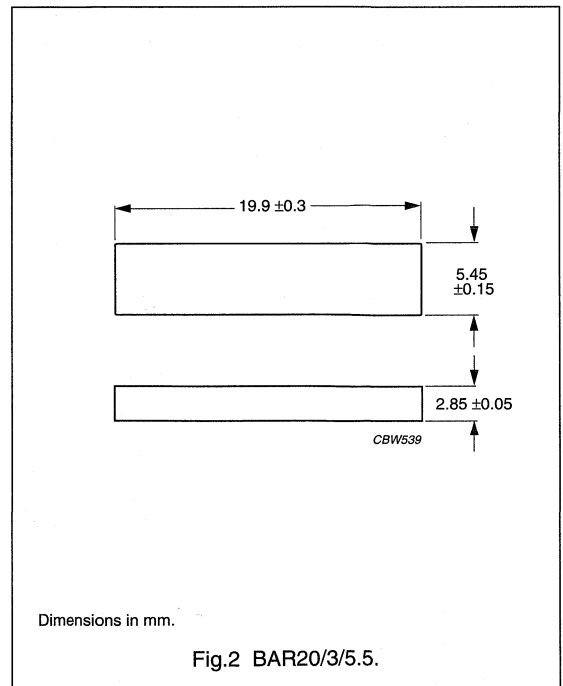
Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.29	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	655	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	46	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	7.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of frame	≈2.1	g
m	mass of bar	≈1.5	g



Ordering information for bar cores

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	BAR20/3/5.5-3C90



# Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM20/5/15

## Frame cores for use in combination with matching bar cores

$A_L$  measured in combination with bar core

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	500 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1310	$\approx$ 0	FRM20/5/15-3C90

## Properties of Frame and Bar combinations under power conditions

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
FRM20/5/15-3C90 + BAR20/3/5.5-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.073	$\leq$ 0.080

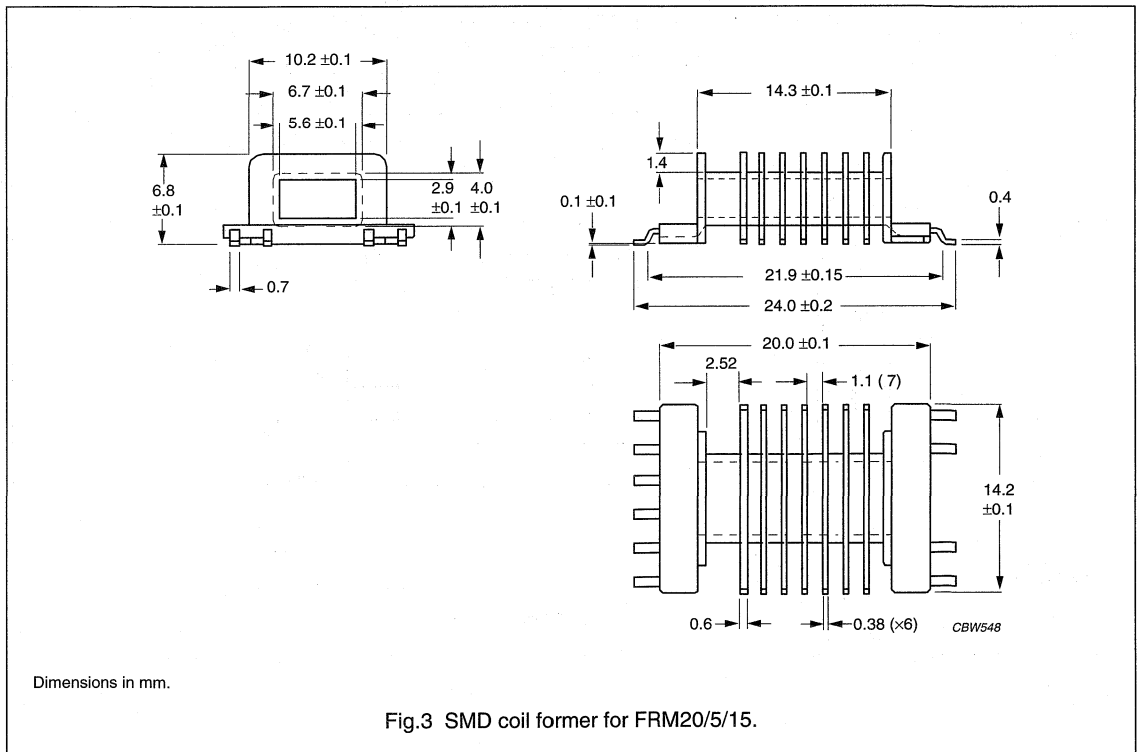
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM20/5/15

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDERPADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
8	10	3.5 + 7 × 1.5	2.52 + 8 × 1.1	27	CPHS-FRM20/15-8S-10P

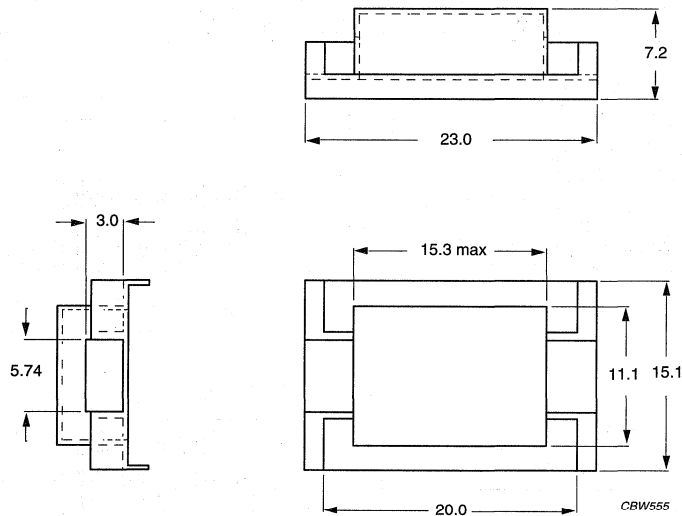
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM20/5/15

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Cover material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.4 Cover for FRM20/5/15.



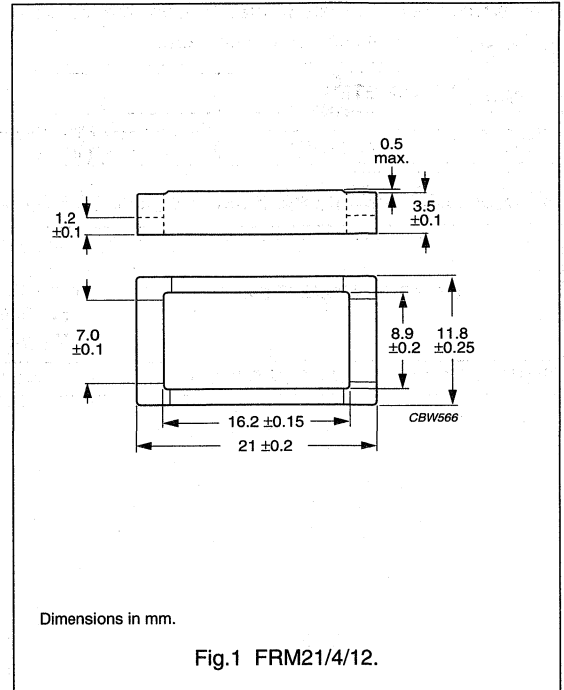
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM21/4/12

CORE SETS

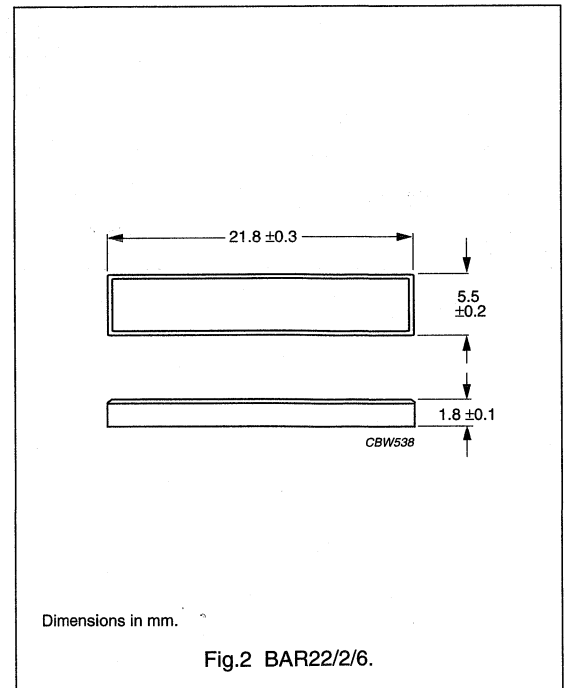
Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.06	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	312	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	40	mm
$A_e$	effective area	7.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	5.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of frame	≈1.5	g
m	mass of bar	≈1.0	g



Ordering information for bar cores

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	BAR22/2/6-3C90



## Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM21/4/12

**Frame cores for use in combination with matching bar cores** $A_L$  measured in combination with bar core.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	400 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1610	$\approx$ 0	FRM21/4/12-3C90

**Properties of Frame and Bar combinations under power conditions**

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
FRM21/4/12-3C90 + BAR22/2/6-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.034	$\leq$ 0.037

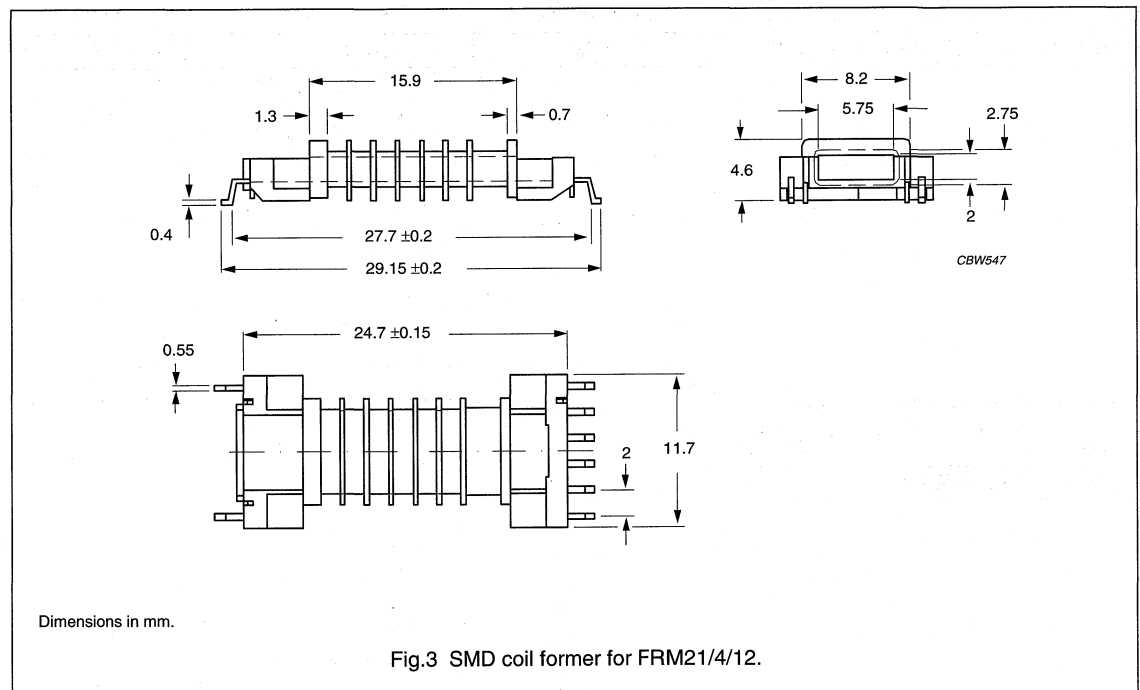
## Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM21/4/12

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDERPADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
7	8	2.3 + 6 × 1.35	2.6 + 6 × 1.5	21	CPHS-FRM21/12-7S-8P

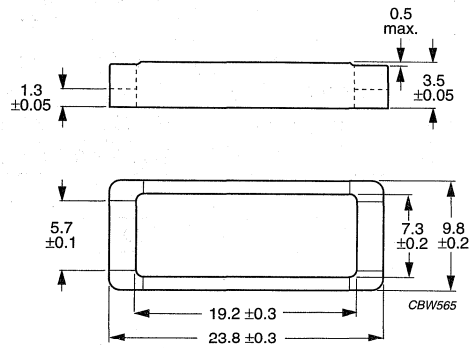
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM24/3.5/10

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	6.03	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	348	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	45.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	7.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	6.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of frame	≈1.2	g
m	mass of bar	≈1.2	g

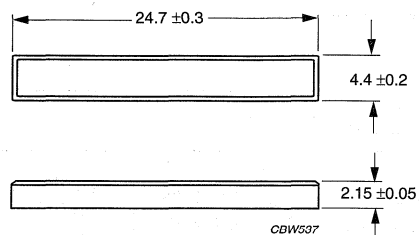


Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 FRM24/3.5/10 core.

Ordering information for bar cores

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	BAR25/2.2/4-3C90



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 BAR 25/2.2/4.

## Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM24/3.5/10

**Frame cores for use in combination with matching bar cores**

AL measured in combination with bar core.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$370 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1660$	$\approx 0$	FRM24/3.5/10-3C90

**Properties of Frame and Bar combinations under power conditions**

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
FRM24/3.5/10-3C90 + BAR25/2.2/4-3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.041$	$\leq 0.044$

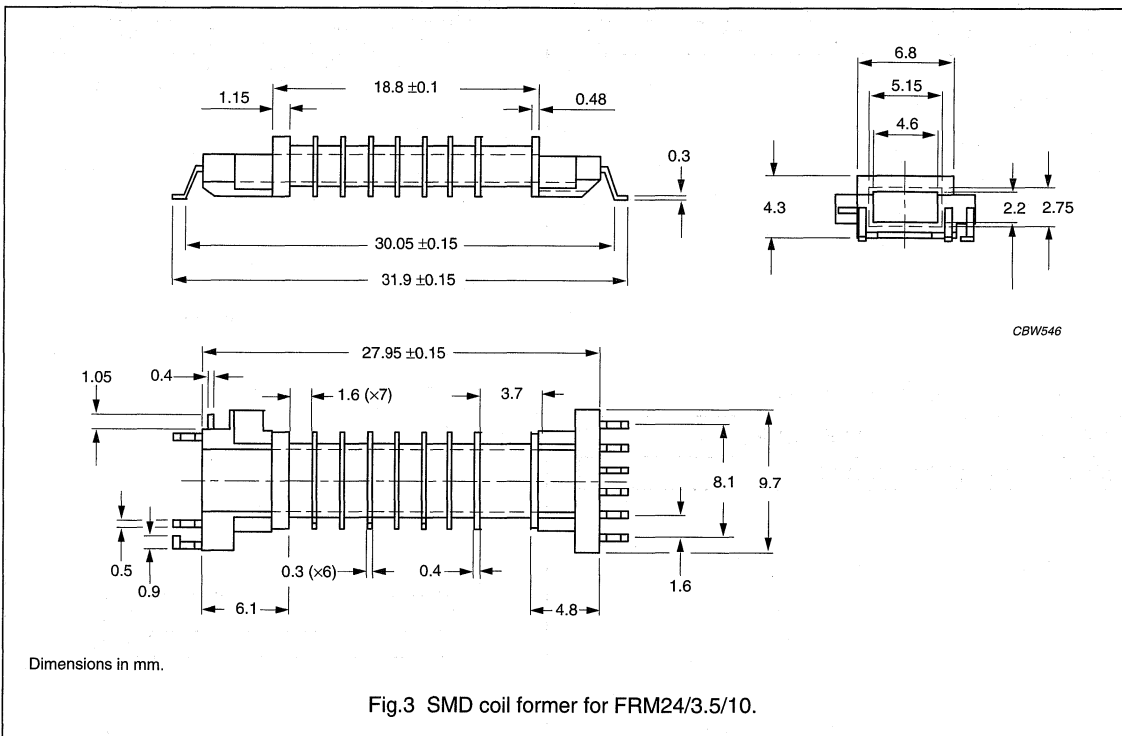
## Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM24/3.5/10

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDERPADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
8	9	5.9 + 7 × 1.23	3.7 + 7 × 1.6	17.3	CPHS-FRM24/10-8S-9P

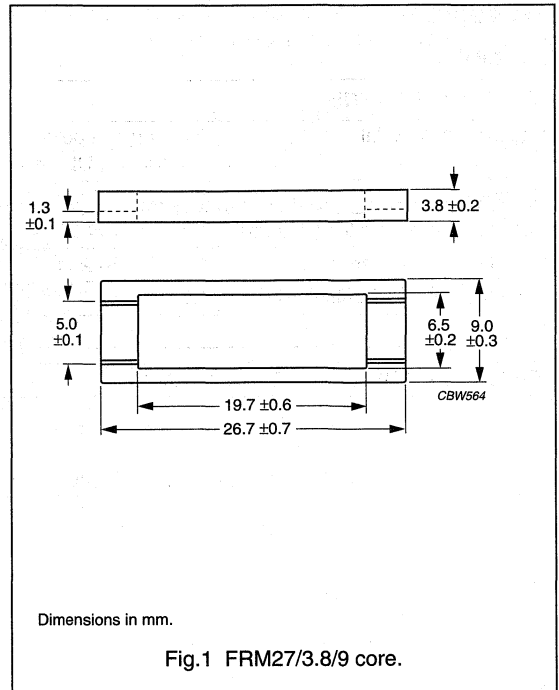
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM27/3.8/9

CORE SETS

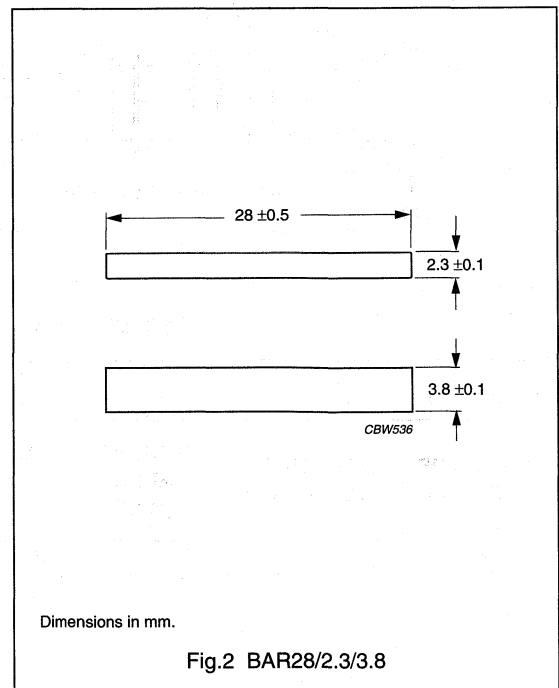
Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.56	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	504	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	52.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	9.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	8.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of frame	≈1.6	g
m	mass of bar	≈1.2	g



Ordering information for bar cores

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	BAR28/2.3/3.8-3C90



## Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM27/3.8/9

**Frame cores for use in combination with matching bar cores** $A_L$  measured in combination with a bar core.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	350 $\pm$ 20%	$\approx$ 1550	$\approx$ 0	FRM27/3.8/9-3C90

**Properties of Frame and Bar combinations under power conditions**

CORE COMBINATION	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 10 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
FRM27/3.8/9-3C90 + BAR28/2.3/3.8-3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.056	$\leq$ 0.060



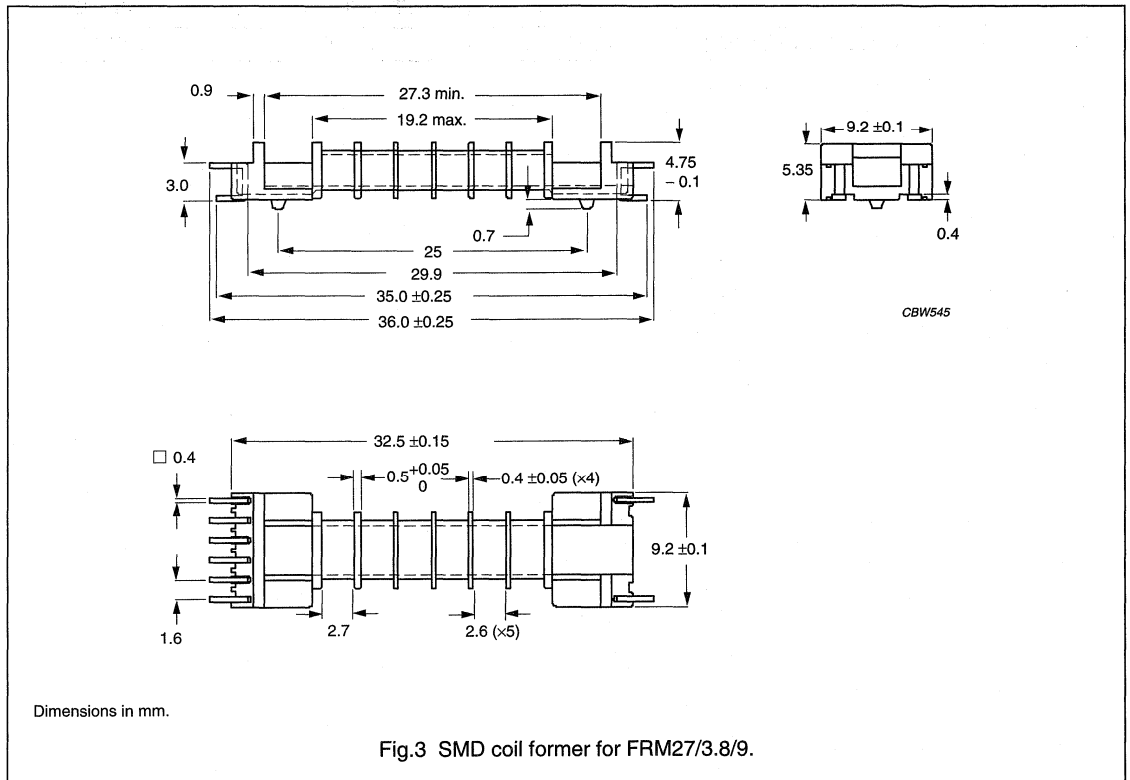
Frame and Bar cores and accessories

FRM27/3.8/9

COIL FORMERS

General data

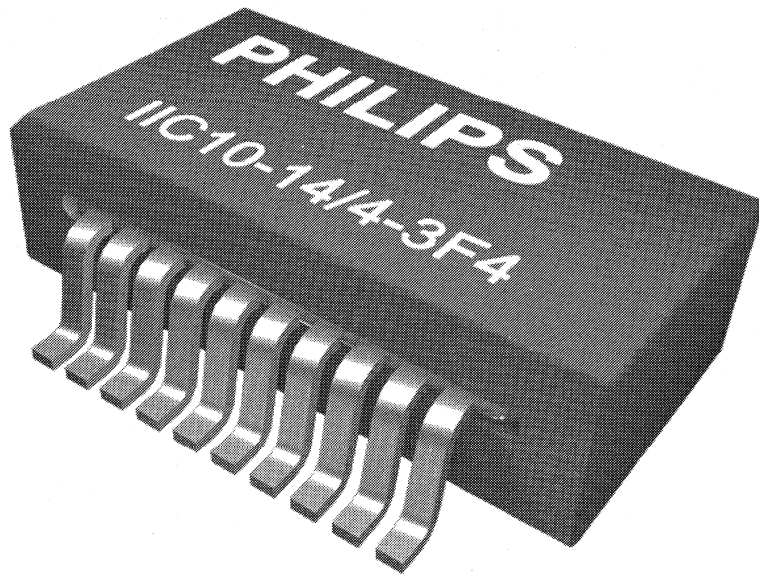
PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E54705(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



Winding data

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDERPADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
6	8	1.75 + 5 × 1.7	2.7 + 5 × 2.6	18.5	CPHS-FRM27/9-6S-8P





CBW630

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

Integrated inductive components

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview IIC

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
IIC10-14/4	33.8	11.7	≈1.85
IIC10P-14/4	33.8	11.7	≈1.85

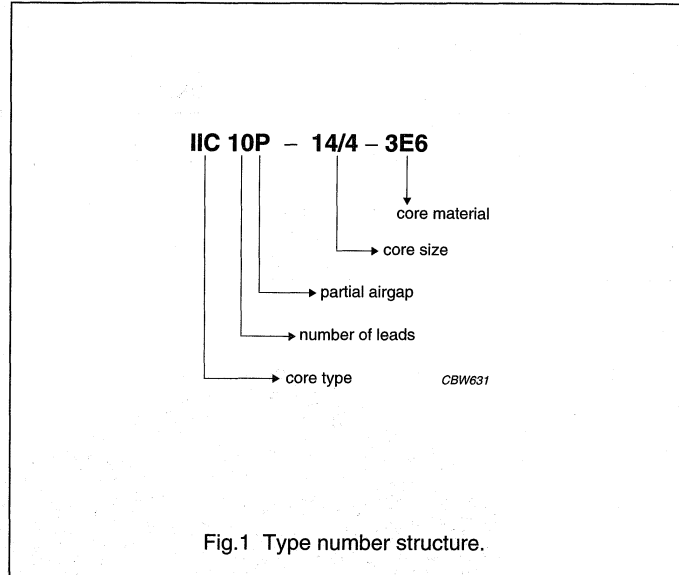


Fig.1 Type number structure.

# Integrated inductive components

IIC10P-14/4  
IIC10-14/4

## IIC10P-14/4

### Effective core parameters

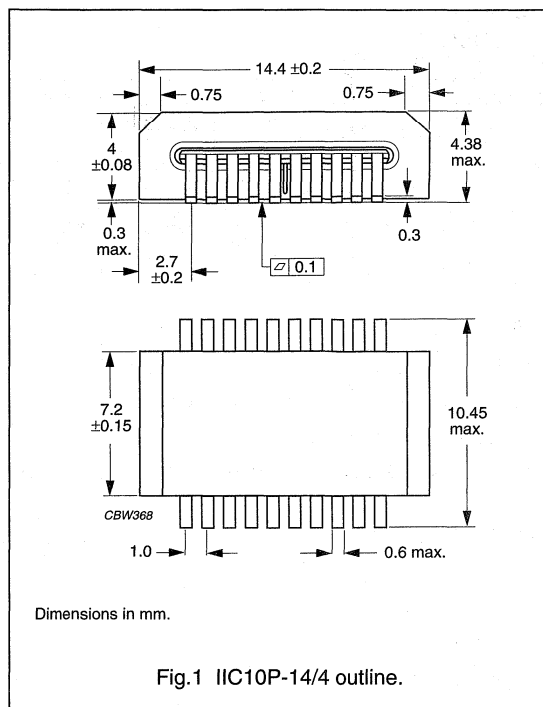
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.47	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	338	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	28.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	11.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈1.85	g

### FEATURES

- Inductive SMD component that looks like a standard IC.
- Windings are completed by PCB tracks.
- Suitable for reflow soldering.
- Partial air gap to resist saturation.
- Number of turns can be adapted by track layout.

### APPLICATIONS

- Power inductor
- Output choke
- EMI choke with bias current.



### IICs with partial air gap for use as power inductors

GRADE	L (μH) FOR 10 TURNS NO BIAS CURRENT			L (μH) FOR 10 TURNS WITH A BIAS CURRENT OF 1 A			TYPE NUMBER
	f = 100 kHz; T = 25 °C	f = 500 kHz; T = 25 °C	f = 1 MHz; T = 25 °C	f = 100 kHz; T = 25 °C	f = 500 kHz; T = 25 °C	f = 1 MHz; T = 25 °C	
3C30 <small>des</small>	92 ±25%	–	–	≥5	–	–	IIC10P-14/4-3C30
3F4 <small>des</small>	–	–	45 ±25%	–	–	≥5	IIC10P-14/4-3F4
3F35 <small>des</small>	–	70 ±25%	–	–	≥5	–	IIC10P-14/4-3F35

### IICs with partial air gap under power conditions

GRADE	CORE LOSS (mW) at			TYPE NUMBER
	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	
3C30	≤30	–	–	IIC10P-14/4-3C30
3F4	–	–	≤70	IIC10P-14/4-3F4
3F35	–	≤40	–	IIC10P-14/4-3F35

## Integrated inductive components

IIC10P-14/4  
IIC10-14/4

## IIC10-14/4

## Effective core parameters

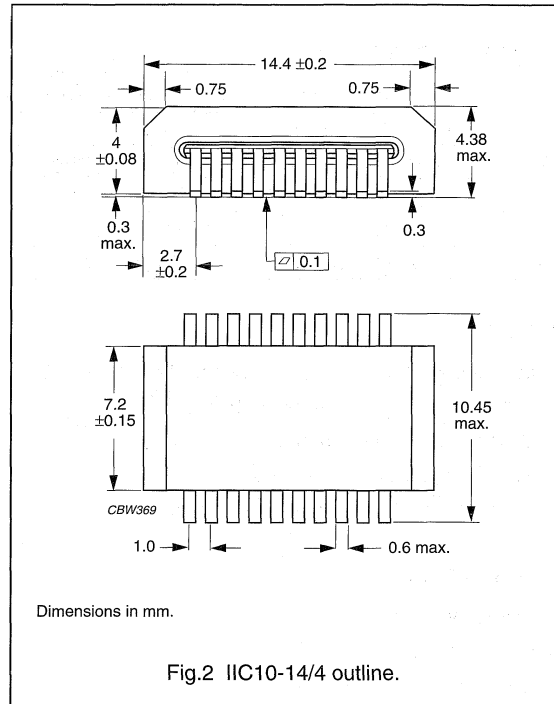
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.47	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	338	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	28.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	11.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈1.85	g

## FEATURES

- Inductive SMD component that looks like a standard IC.
- Windings are completed by PCB tracks.
- Suitable for reflow soldering.
- Several magnetic functions, depending on track layout.

## APPLICATIONS

- Common-mode choke
- Multi-line choke
- Power transformers
- Signal transformers
- Saturable inductor.



## IICs for use as transformer or common-mode chokes

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH) at			CORE LOSS (mW) at		TYPE NUMBER
	$f = 10$ kHz; $T = 25$ °C	$f = 500$ kHz; $T = 25$ °C	$f = 1$ MHz; $T = 25$ °C	$f = 500$ kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; $T = 100$ °C	$f = 1$ MHz; $\hat{B} = 30$ mT; $T = 100$ °C	
3F4 <small>des</small>	–	–	450 ±25%	–	≤70	IIC10-14/4-3F4
3E6 <small>des</small>	6000 ±30%	–	–	–	–	IIC10-14/4-3E6
3F35 <small>des</small>	–	700 ±25%	–	≤40	–	IIC10-14/4-3F35

## IIC for use as a common-mode choke or multi-line choke

GRADE	$ Z $ Ω for 1 turn at $f = 100$ MHz; $T = 25$ °C <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPE NUMBER
3S4 <small>des</small>	≈35	IIC10-14/4-3S4

## Note

1. Minimum value,  $|Z|_{\min}$  is –20%.

## IIC with rectangular hysteresis loop for use in magnetic regulators

GRADE	E·t product (V·μs) at		TYPE NUMBER
	$f = 100$ kHz; $H = 800$ A/m; $T = 100$ °C; $I_{\text{reset}} = 70$ mA; 10 turns	$f = 100$ kHz; $H = 800$ A/m; $T = 100$ °C; $I_{\text{reset}} = 0$ mA; 10 turns	
3R1 <small>des</small>	≥33	≤12	IIC10-14/4-3R1

# Integrated inductive components

IIC10P-14/4  
IIC10-14/4

## GENERAL DATA

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Leadframe material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Moulding material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), flame retardant in accordance with "ULV94-0"
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-58", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Taping method	"IEC 60286-3" and "EIA 481-1"

### R<sub>dc</sub>

≈65 mΩ (25 °C) and ≈85 mΩ (100 °C) for 10 turns including 20 solder joints (assuming 70 μm Cu PCB tracks).

### Isolation voltage

>500 V (DC) between leads and between leads and ferrite core.

### Isolation resistance

>100 MΩ between leads.

### Inter winding capacitance

2 windings of 5 turns:

unifilar ≈5 pF

bifilar ≈10 pF.

(depending on track layout; see Figs 1 and 2)

### Leakage inductance

2 windings of 5 turns:

unifilar ≈1.8 μH

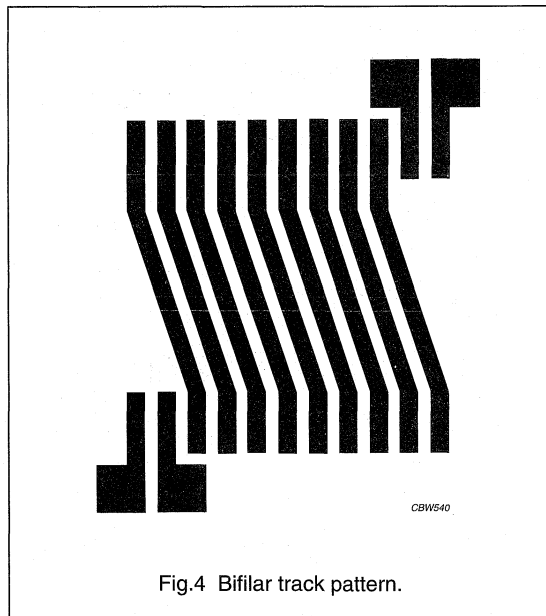
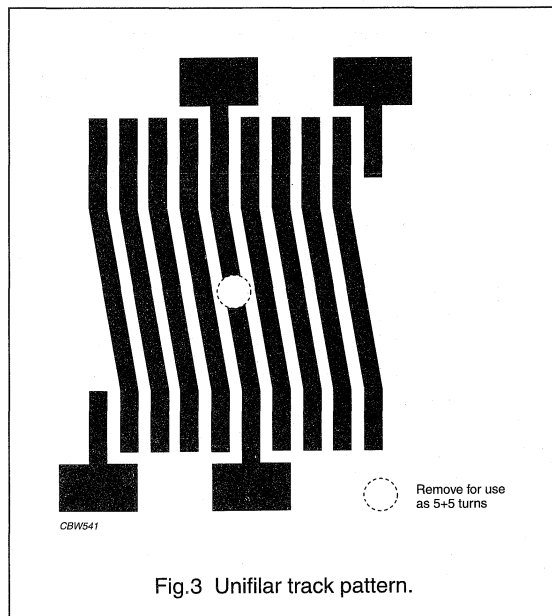
bifilar ≈0.2 μH.

### Maximum continuous current (DC)

4 A (depending on copper track thickness on PCB).

### Maximum peak current

10 A.



# Integrated inductive components

IIC10P-14/4  
IIC10-14/4

## MOUNTING

### Soldering information

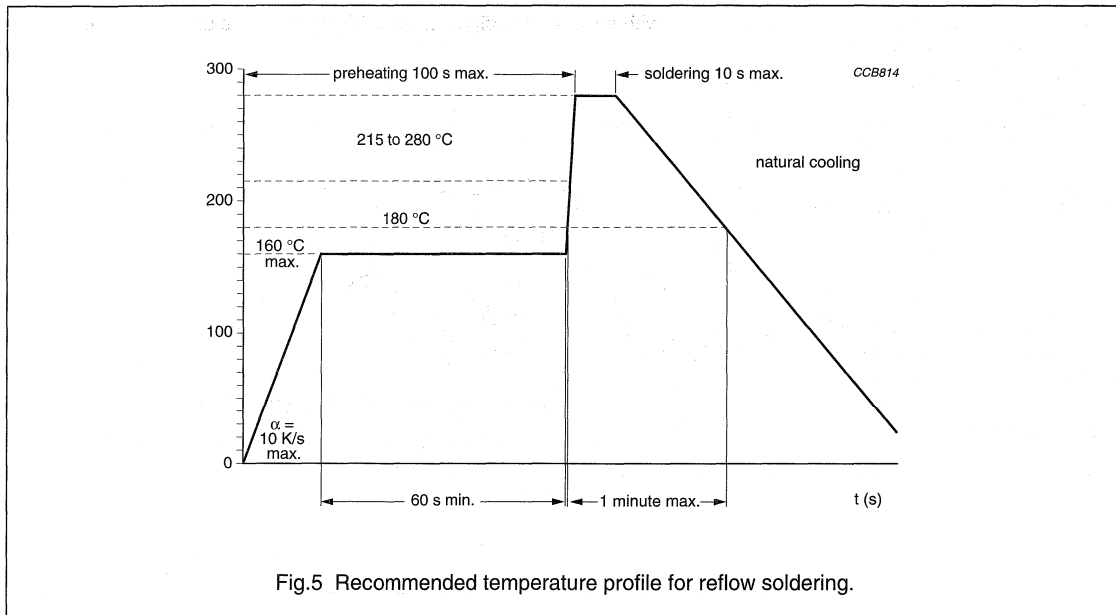


Fig.5 Recommended temperature profile for reflow soldering.

### RECOMMENDED SOLDER LANDS

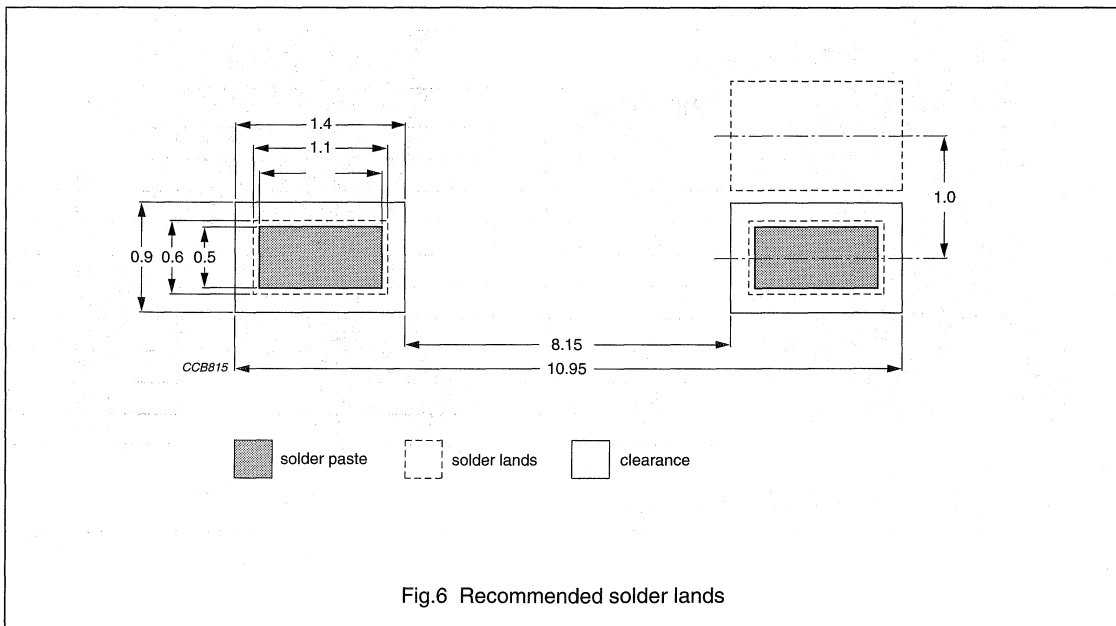


Fig.6 Recommended solder lands



Integrated inductive components

IIC10P-14/4  
IIC10-14/4

PACKAGING

Tape and reel specifications

All tape and reel specifications are in accordance with the second edition of "IEC 60286-3". Basic dimensions are given in Figs 7 and 8, and Table 1.

Blister tape

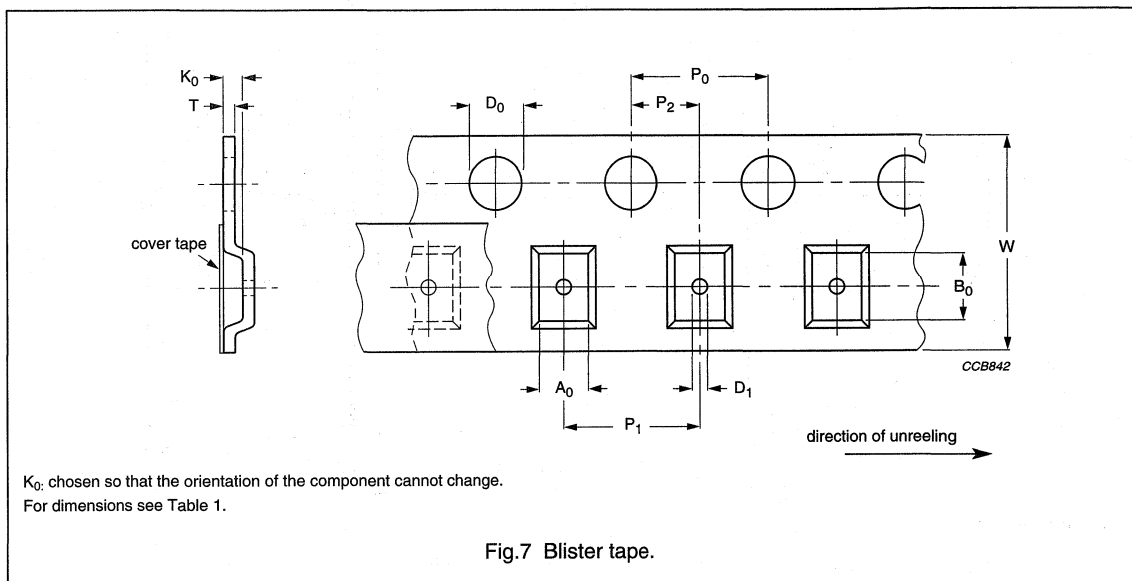


Table 1 Dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.7

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS	TOL.	UNIT
$A_0$	10.6	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$B_0$	14.75	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$K_0$	4.75	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$W$	24	$\pm 0.3$	mm
$D_0$	1.5	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$D_1$	1.5	$\pm 0.25$	mm
$P_0$ ; note 1	4	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$P_1$	12	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$P_2$	6	$\pm 0.1$	mm
$T$	0.3	$\pm 0.1$	mm

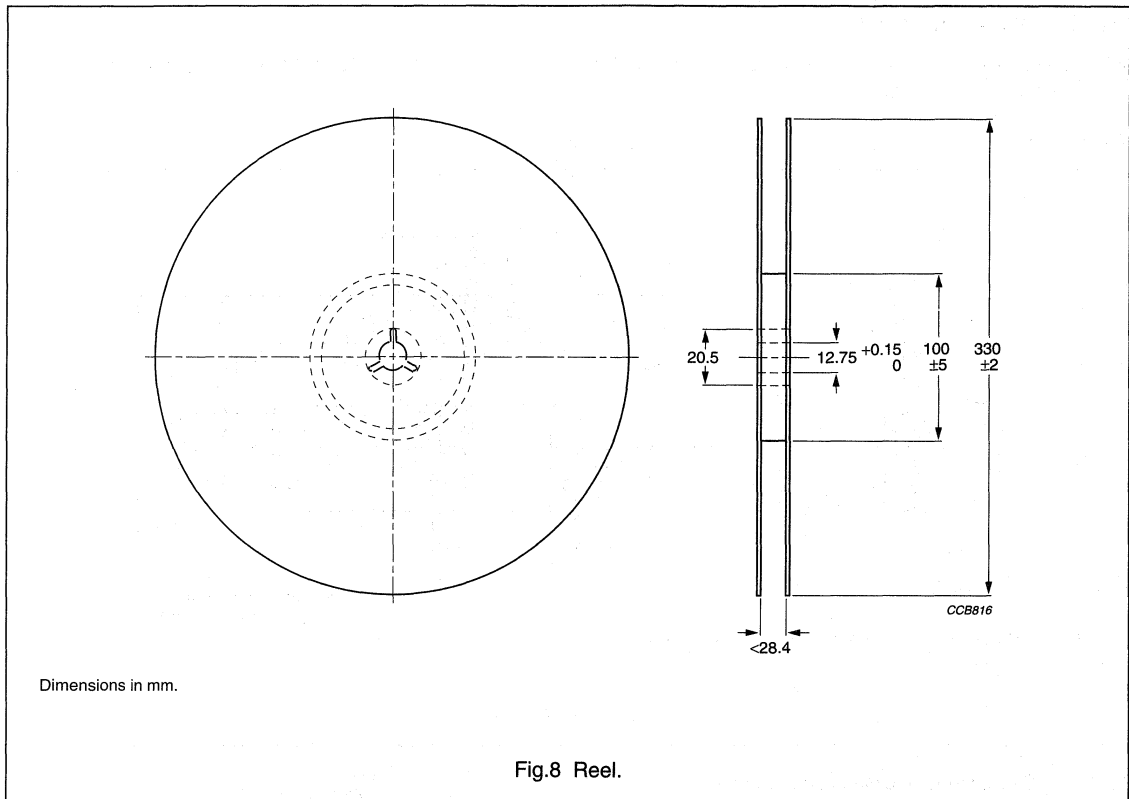
Note

1.  $P_0$  pitch tolerance over any 10 pitches is  $\pm 0.2$  mm.

## Integrated inductive components

IIC10P-14/4  
IIC10-14/4

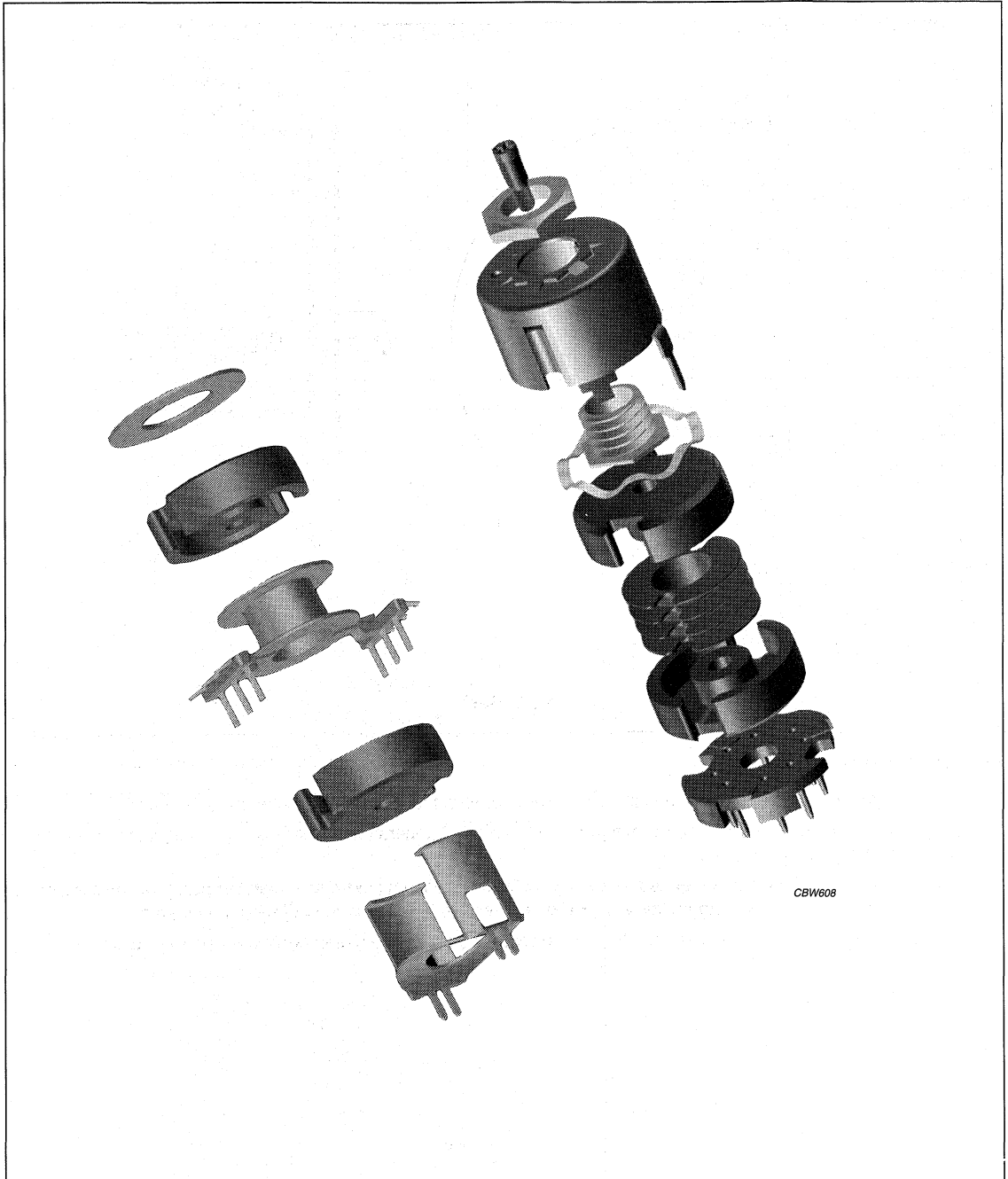
## Reel specifications



## Storage requirements

These storage requirements should be observed in order to ensure the soldering of the exposed electrode:

- Maximum ambient temperature shall not exceed 40 °C. Storage temperature higher than 40 °C could result in the deformation of packaging materials.
- Maximum relative humidity recommended for storage is 70% RH. High humidity with high temperature can accelerate the oxidation of the tin-lead plating on the termination and reduce the solderability of the components.
- Products shall not be stored in environments with the presence of harmful gases containing sulfur or chlorine.



For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

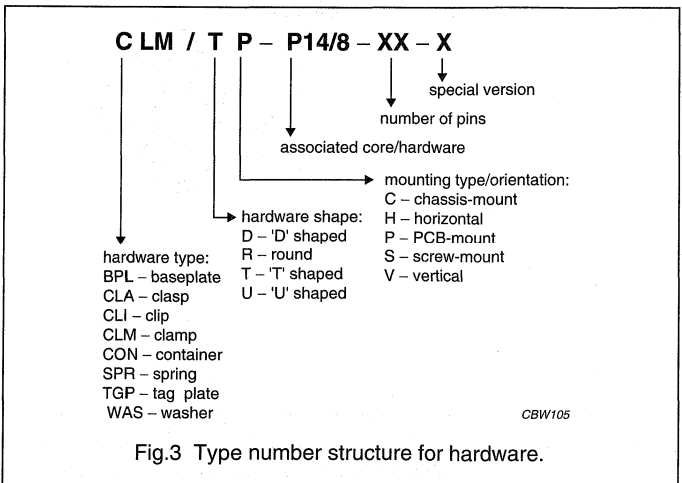
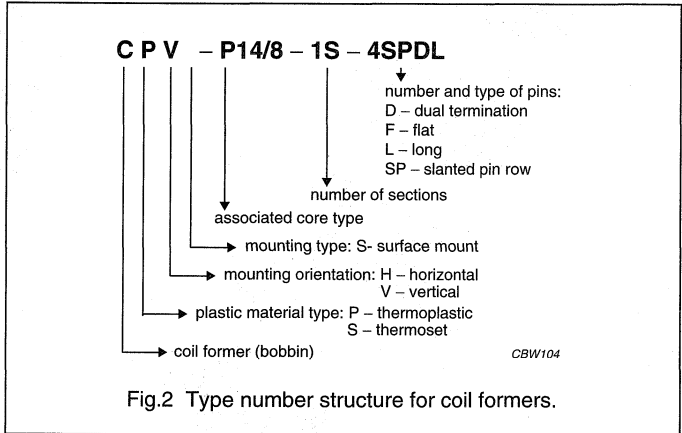
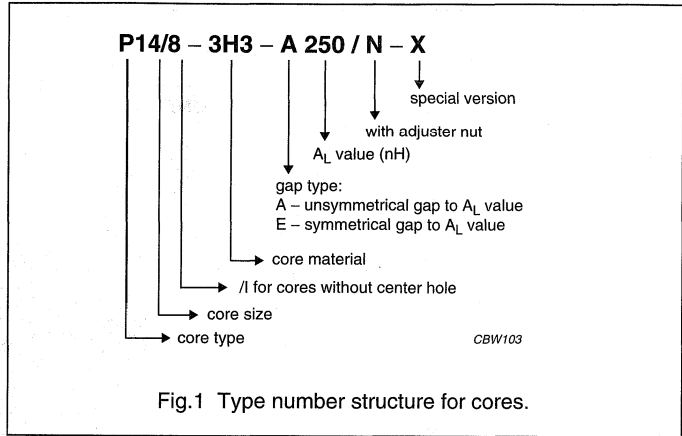
# Soft Ferrites

# P, P/I, PT cores and accessories

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

### Product overview P cores

CORE TYPE	V <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>3</sup> )	A <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
P9/5	126	10.1	0.8
P11/7	251	16.2	1.8
P11/7/I	309	19.0	1.9
P14/8	495	25.1	3.2
P14/18/I	628	29.9	3.5
PT14/8	492	23.3	2.8
P18/11	1120	43.3	6.0
P18/11/I	1270	47.5	7
PT18/11	1110	40.6	6
P22/13	2000	63.4	12
P22/13/I	2460	73.4	13
PT23/11	1740	61.0	10.5
PT23/18	2590	62.2	14
P26/16	3530	93.9	20
P26/16/I	4370	110	21
P30/19	6190	137	34
P36/22	10700	202	54
P42/29	18200	265	104



P cores and accessories

P9/5

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.24	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	126	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	12.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	10.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	8.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈0.8	g

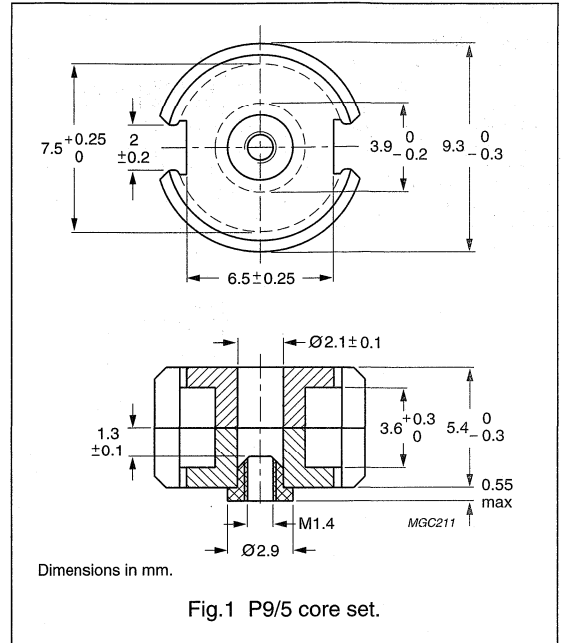


Fig.1 P9/5 core set.

Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 25 ±5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (µm)	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	40 ±3%	≈40	≈400	P9/5-3D3-E40/N	P9/5-3D3-E40
	63 ±3%	≈63	≈200	P9/5-3D3-A63/N	P9/5-3D3-A63
	630 ±25%	≈630	≈0	—	P9/5-3D3

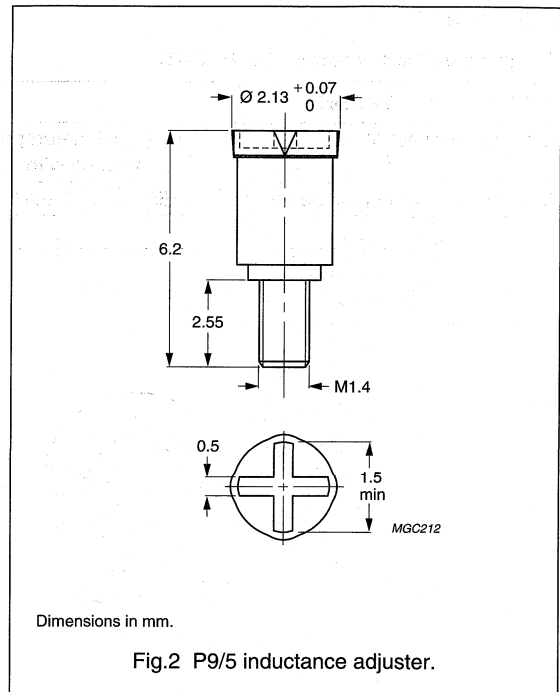
## P cores and accessories

P9/5

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C

Inductance adjuster selection chart <sup>sup</sup> (applies to all types)

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>
3D3	40	—	—	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	11	—	—
	63	—	—	—	18	ADJ-P9/P11-BROWN	31

## Note

1. Maximum adjustment range.

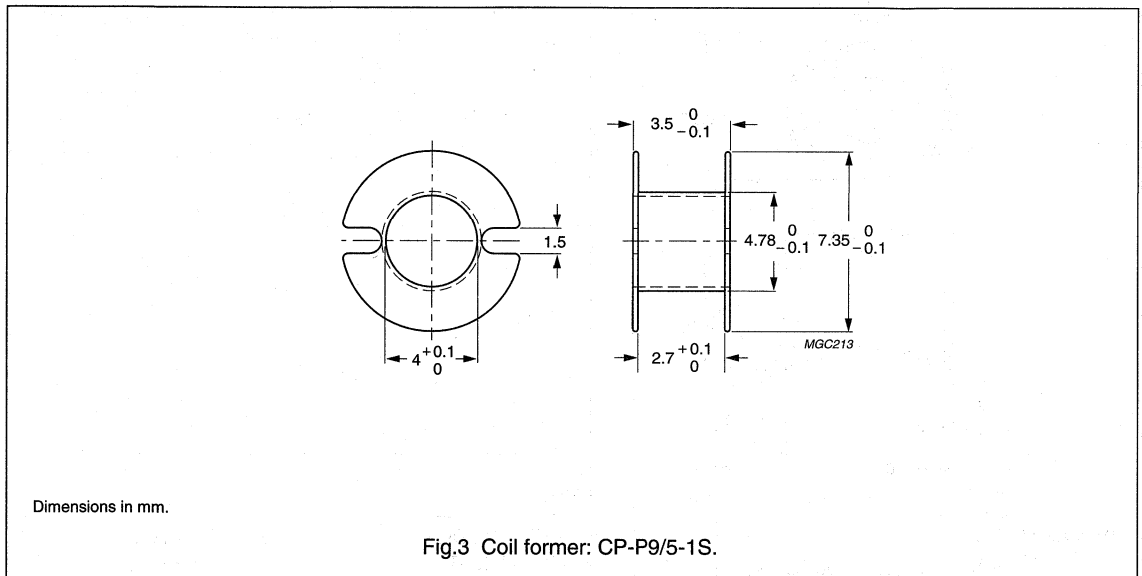
P cores and accessories

P9/5

COIL FORMERS

General data for coil former CP-P9/5-1S

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



Winding data for coil former CP-P9/5-1S

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	3.1	2.5	18.9	CP-P9/5-1S

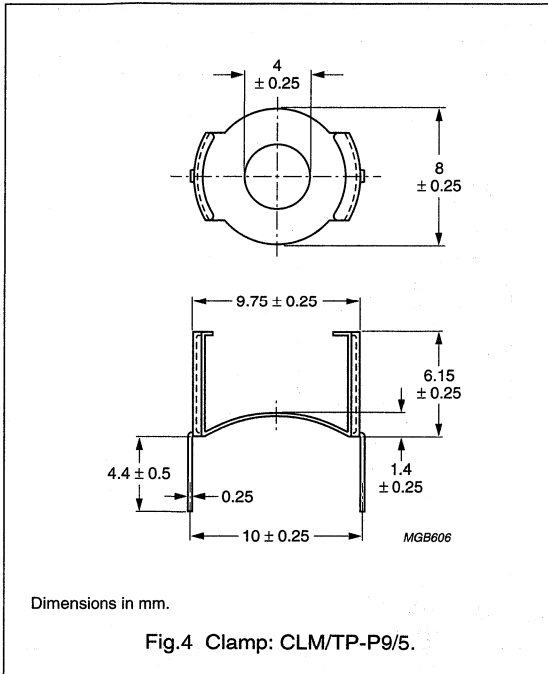
P cores and accessories

P9/5

MOUNTING PARTS

General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Clamp	spring steel, tin plated	4	CLM/TP-P9/5





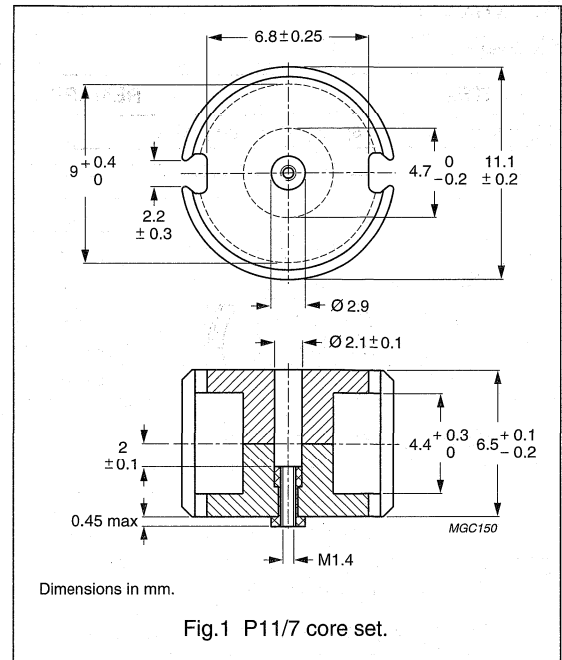
## P cores and accessories

P11/7

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.956	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	251	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	15.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	16.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	13.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈1.8	g



## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 35 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	16 ±3%	≈12	≈1500	P11/7-3D3-E16/N	P11/7-3D3-E16
	25 ±3%	≈19	≈900	P11/7-3D3-E25/N	P11/7-3D3-E25
	40 ±3%	≈31	≈600	P11/7-3D3-E40/N	P11/7-3D3-E40
	63 ±3%	≈48	≈350	P11/7-3D3-E63/N	P11/7-3D3-E63
	100 ±3%	≈76	≈200	P11/7-3D3-A100/N	P11/7-3D3-A100
	800 ±25%	≈610	≈0	–	P11/7-3D3
3H3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ±3%	≈122	≈110	P11/7-3H3-A160/N	P11/7-3H3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈190	≈70	P11/7-3H3-A250/N	P11/7-3H3-A250
	1650 ±25%	≈1250	≈0	–	P11/7-3H3

## P cores and accessories

P11/7

**Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $35 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 76$	$\approx 200$	P11/7-3C81-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 122$	$\approx 110$	P11/7-3C81-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 190$	$\approx 70$	P11/7-3C81-A250
	2020 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1540$	$\approx 0$	P11/7-3C81
3F3 <sup>sup</sup>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 76$	$\approx 200$	P11/7-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 122$	$\approx 110$	P11/7-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 190$	$\approx 70$	P11/7-3F3-A250
	1500 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1150$	$\approx 0$	P11/7-3F3

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $35 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	4 100 +40/-30%	$\approx 3100$	$\approx 0$	P11/7-3E4

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 315$	$\leq 0.05$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 0.03$	$\leq 0.05$

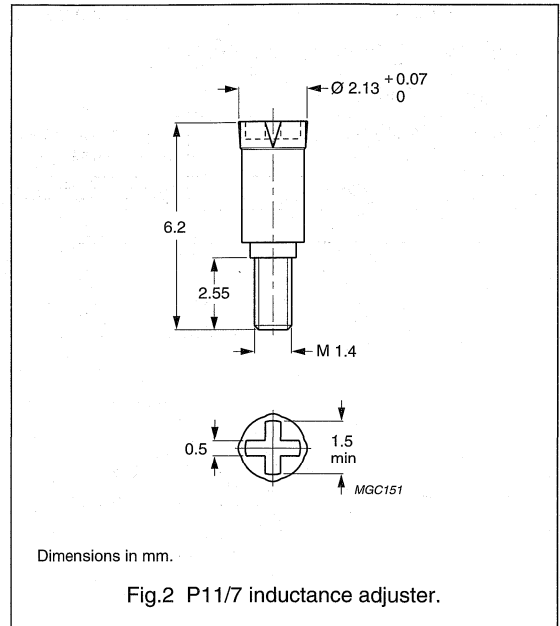
P cores and accessories

P11/7

**INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS**

**General data**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



**Inductance adjuster selection chart <sup>sup</sup>(applies to all types)**

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>
3H3	100	–	–	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	13	ADJ-P9/P11-BROWN	24
	160	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	8	ADJ-P9/P11-BROWN	15	ADJ-P9/P11-GREY	22
	250	ADJ-P9/P11-BROWN	9	ADJ-P9/P11-GREY	14	–	–
3D3	16	–	–	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	19	–	–
	25	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	30
	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	24
	63	–	–	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	18	–	–
	100	–	–	ADJ-P9/P11-YELLOW	11	–	–

**Note**

1. Maximum adjustment range.

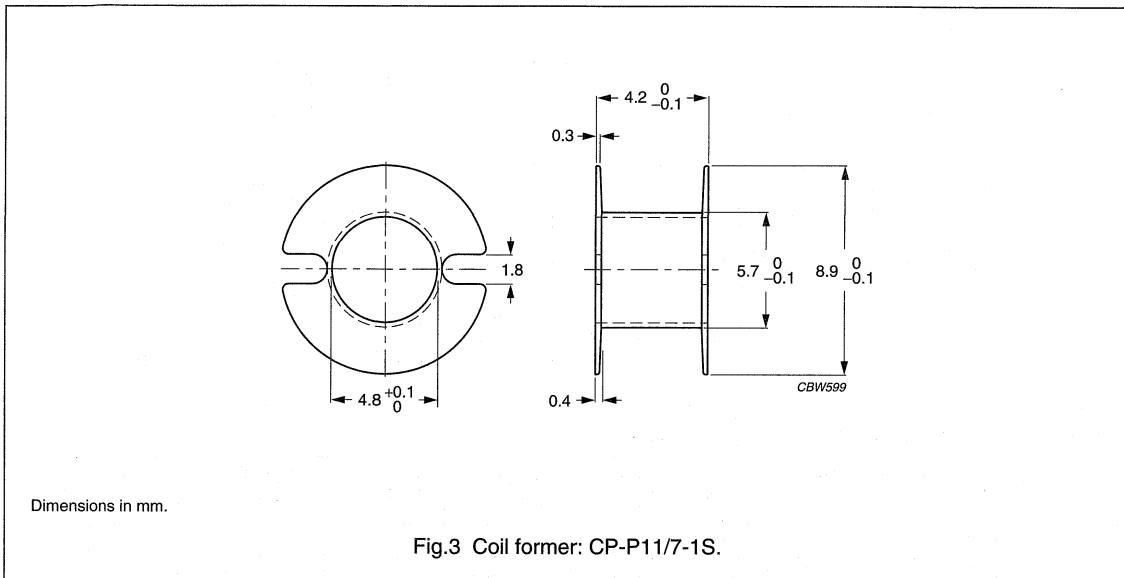
## P cores and accessories

P11/7

## COIL FORMERS

## General data CP-P11/7-1S coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for CP-P11/7-1S coil former

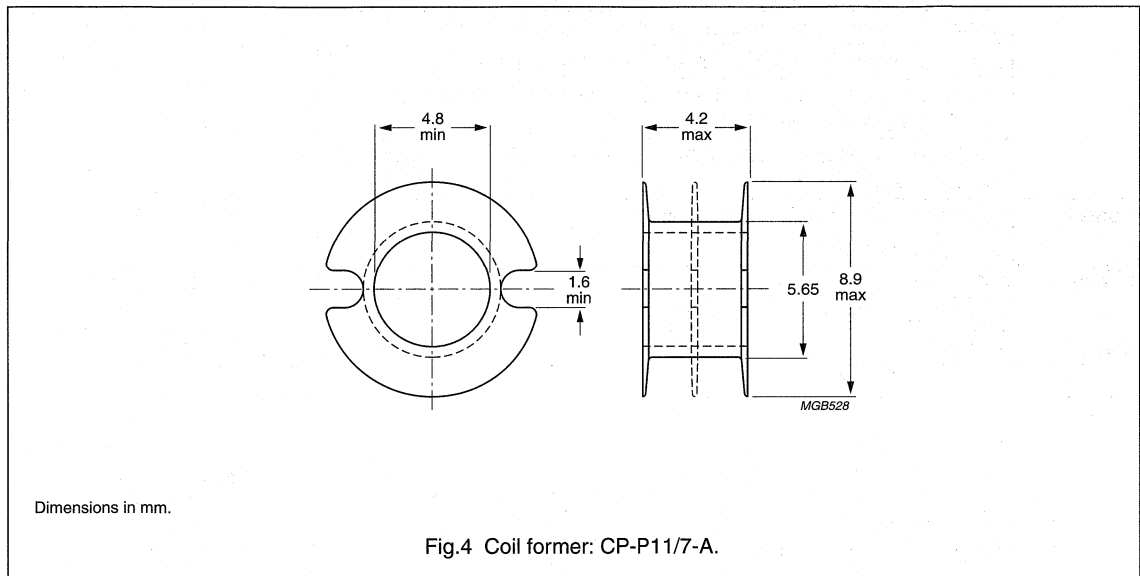
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4.8	3.1	22.6	CP-P11/7-1S

## P cores and accessories

P11/7

## General data for CP-P11/7-A coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	acetal (POM), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E66288(R)
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C



## Winding data for CP-P11/7-A coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
2	2 × 2.00	2 × 1.52	22.7	CP-P11/7-2S-A
3	3 × 1.16	3 × 0.91	22.7	CP-P11/7-3S-A <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

- UL file number E93370(M).

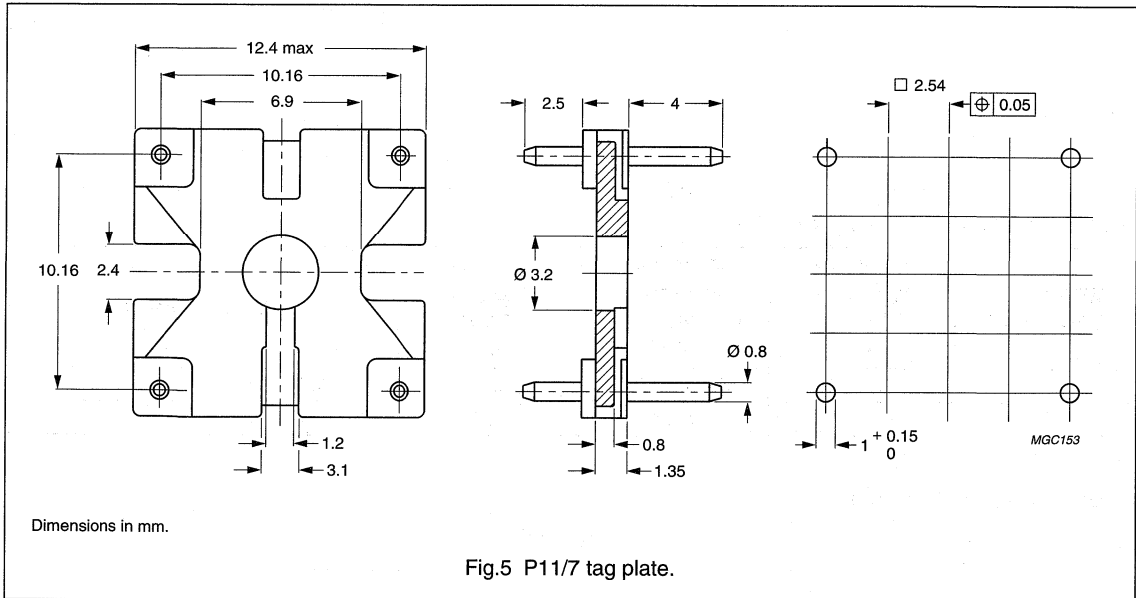
P cores and accessories

P11/7

MOUNTING PARTS

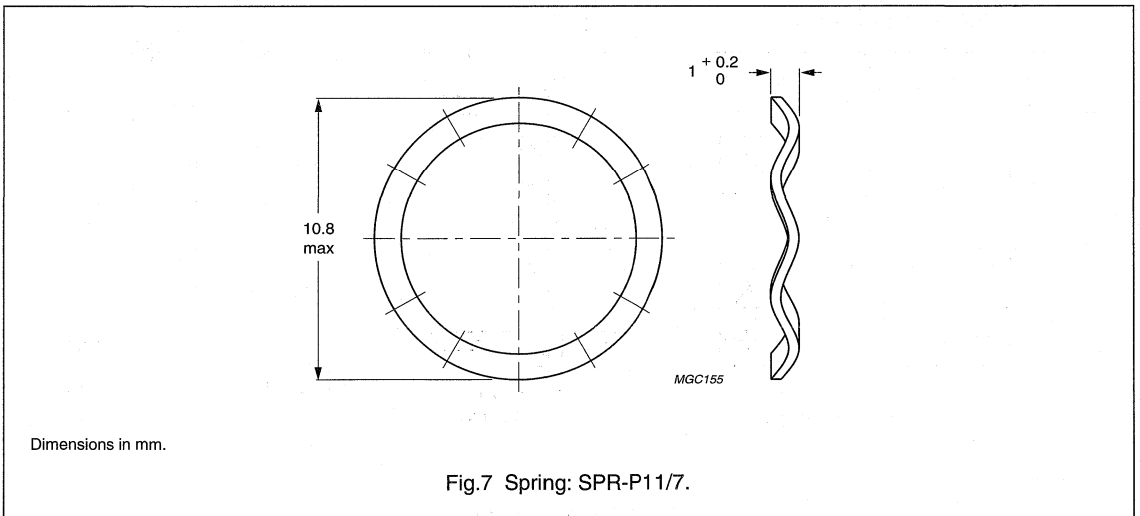
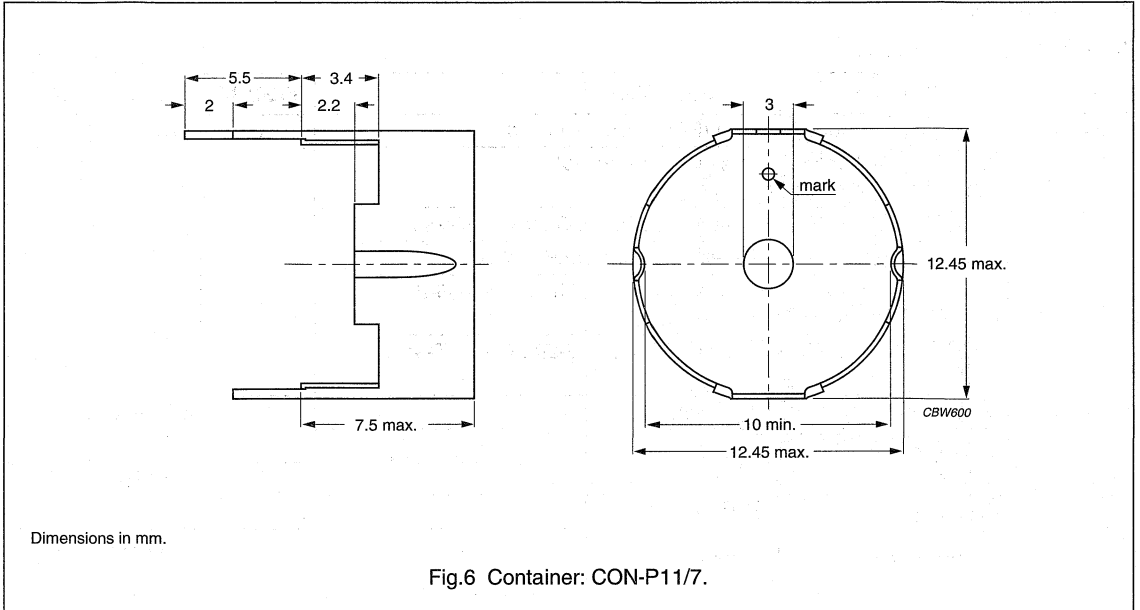
General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	5	TGP-P11/7-4P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; file number E167521(M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	6	CON-P11/7
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	7	SPR-P11/7
	spring force: ≈35 N when mounted		
Clamp	spring steel, tin-plated	8	CLM/TP-P11/7



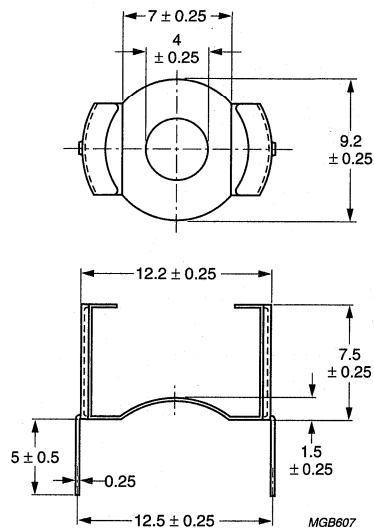
P cores and accessories

P11/7



## P cores and accessories

P11/7



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.8 Clamp: CLM/TP-P11/7.



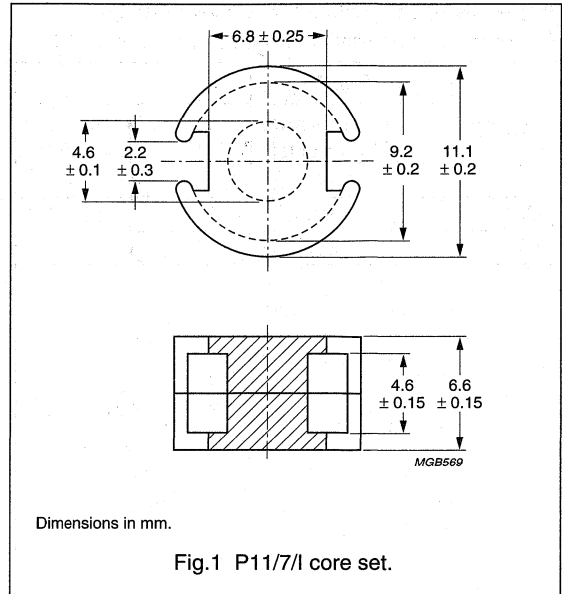
## P cores and accessories

P11/7/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.860	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	309	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	16.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	19.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	13.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈1.9	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	63 ±3%	≈43	≈475	P11/7/I-3C81-A63
	100 ±3%	≈68	≈277	P11/7/I-3C81-A100
	160 ±3%	≈109	≈160	P11/7/I-3C81-A160
	250 ±5%	≈170	≈97	P11/7/I-3C81-A250
	315 ±5%	≈215	≈74	P11/7/I-3C81-A315
	2100 ±25%	≈1440	≈0	P11/7/I-3C81
3F3	63 ±3%	≈43	≈475	P11/7/I-3F3-A63
	100 ±3%	≈68	≈277	P11/7/I-3F3-A100
	160 ±3%	≈109	≈160	P11/7/I-3F3-A160
	250 ±5%	≈170	≈97	P11/7/I-3F3-A250
	315 ±5%	≈215	≈74	P11/7/I-3F3-A315
	1750 ±25%	≈1211	≈0	P11/7/I-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P11/7/I

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

For coil former and winding data, see data sheet, "P11/7".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.07	–	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.04	≤0.06

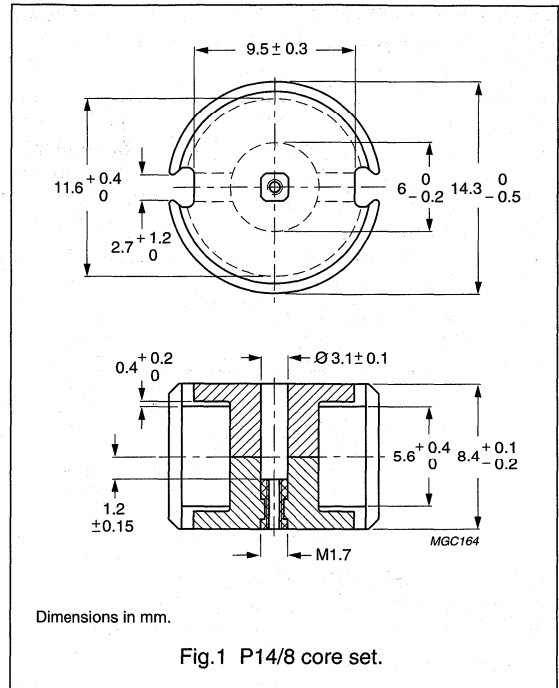
P cores and accessories

P14/8

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.789	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	495	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	19.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	25.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	19.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈3.2	g



Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ± 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	40 ± 3%	≈25	≈900	P14/8-3D3-E40/N	P14/8-3D3-E40
	63 ± 3%	≈40	≈550	P14/8-3D3-E63/N	P14/8-3D3-E63
	100 ± 3%	≈63	≈300	P14/8-3D3-E100/N	P14/8-3D3-E100
	1000 ± 25%	≈630	≈0	-	P14/8-3D3
3H3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ± 3%	≈100	≈180	P14/8-3H3-A160/N	P14/8-3H3-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈157	≈110	P14/8-3H3-A250/N	P14/8-3H3-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈198	≈80	P14/8-3H3-A315/N	P14/8-3H3-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈252	≈60	P14/8-3H3-A400/N	P14/8-3H3-A400
	2150 ± 25%	≈1350	≈0	-	P14/8-3H3

## P cores and accessories

P14/8

**Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 40$	$\approx 650$	P14/8-3C81-E63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 63$	$\approx 380$	P14/8-3C81-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 180$	P14/8-3C81-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 157$	$\approx 110$	P14/8-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 198$	$\approx 80$	P14/8-3C81-A315
	2800 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1760$	$\approx 0$	P14/8-3C81
3F3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 40$	$\approx 650$	P14/8-3F3-E63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 63$	$\approx 380$	P14/8-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 180$	P14/8-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 157$	$\approx 110$	P14/8-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 198$	$\approx 80$	P14/8-3F3-A315
	2000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1250$	$\approx 0$	P14/8-3F3

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	3700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2350$	P14/8-3E1
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	5300 +40/-30%	$\approx 3300$	P14/8-3E4
3E27	5750 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3610$	P14/8-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 315$	$\leq 0.10$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 0.06$	$\leq 0.10$

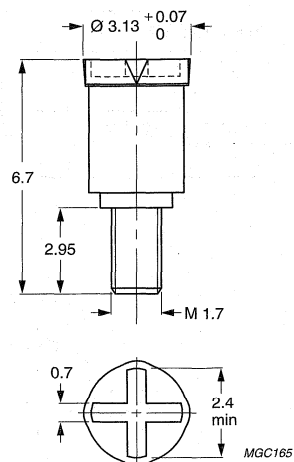
## P cores and accessories

P14/8

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 P14/8 inductance adjuster.

Inductance adjuster selection chart <sup>sup</sup> (applies to all types)

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$
3H3	100	—	—	ADJ-P14-ORANGE	14	—	—
	160	—	—	ADJ-P14-WHITE	17	ADJ-P14-BROWN	24
	250	ADJ-P14-WHITE	10	ADJ-P14-BROWN	15	—	—
	315	ADJ-P14-WHITE	8	—	—	—	—
	400	ADJ-P14-BROWN	9	—	—	—	—
	630	ADJ-P14-BROWN	4	—	—	—	—
3D3	40	—	—	—	—	ADJ-P14-ORANGE	24
	63	—	—	—	—	ADJ-P14-ORANGE	20
	100	ADJ-P14-ORANGE	11	—	—	—	—

## Note

1. Maximum adjustment range.

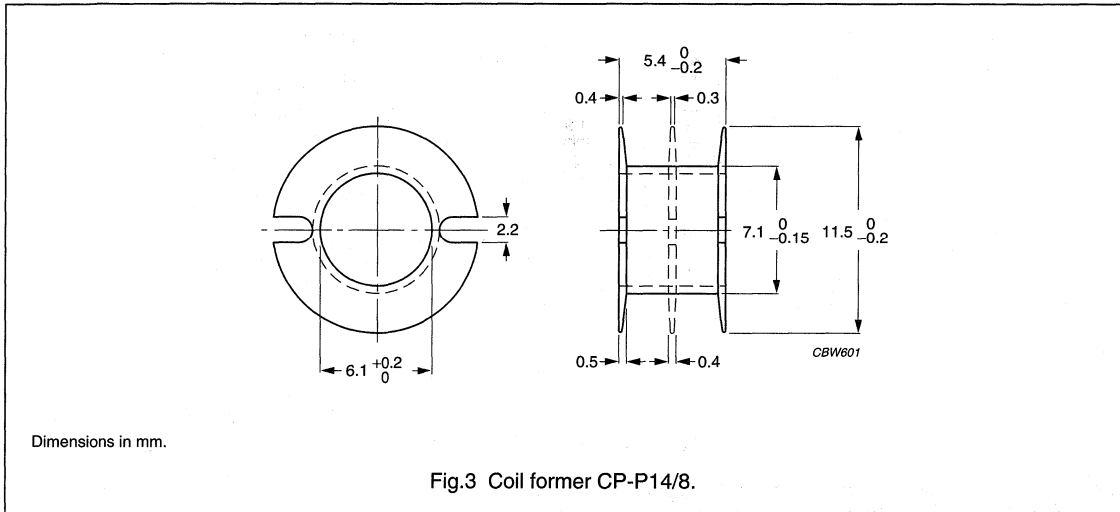
## P cores and accessories

P14/8

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for CP-P14/8 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for CP-P14/8 coil former

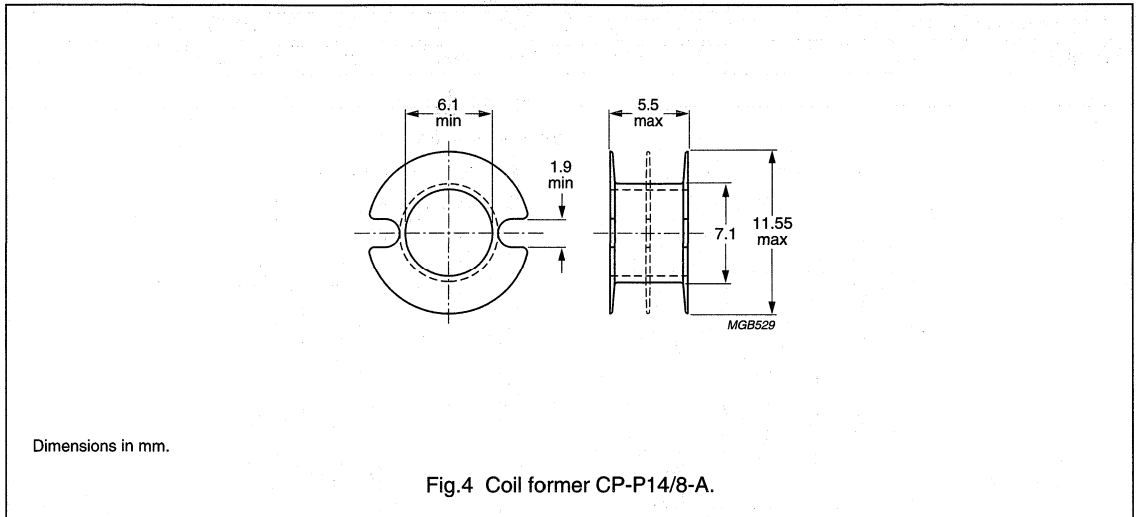
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8.8	4.1	28.9	CP-P14/8-1S
2	2 × 4.0	2 × 1.85	28.9	CP-P14/8-2S

P cores and accessories

P14/8

General data for CP-P14/8-A coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	acetal (POM), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E66288(R)
Maximum operating temperature	105 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



Winding data for CP-P14/8-A coil former

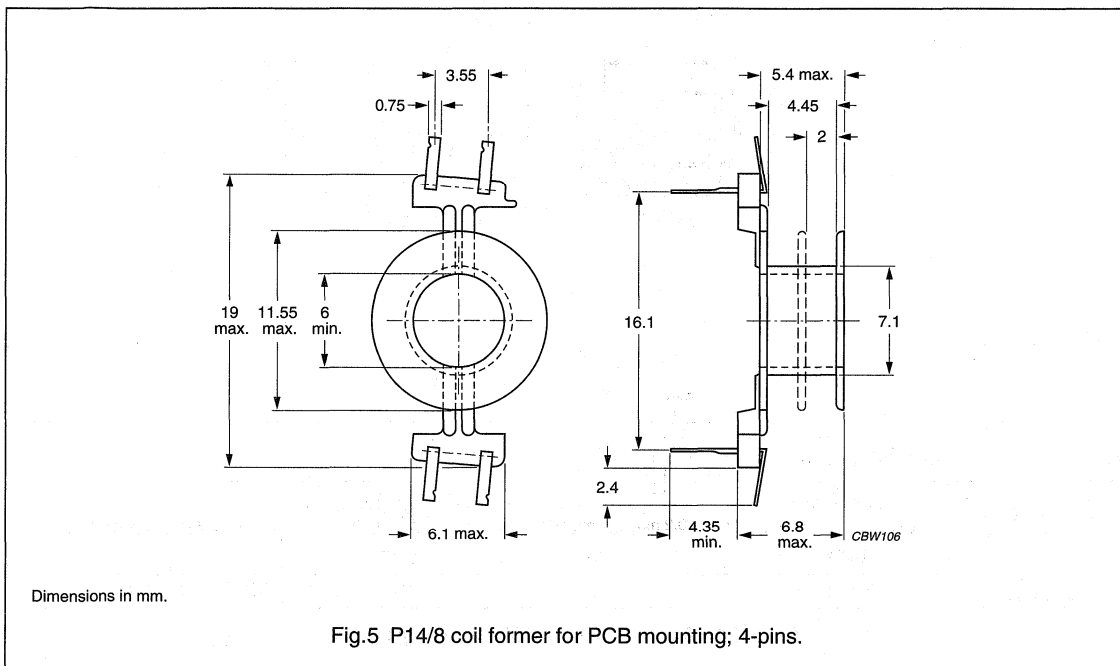
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
3	3 × 2.19	3 × 1.2	29.3	CP-P14/8-3S-A

P cores and accessories

P14/8

General data 4-pins P14/8 coil former for PCB mounting

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



Data for 4-pins P14/8 coil former for PCB mounting

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	LENGTH OF PINS (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8.65	4.4	29.0	4.4	CPV-P14/8-1S-4SPD
1	8.65	4.4	29.0	6.8	CPV-P14/8-1S-4SPDL
2	2 × 3.87	2 × 2.0	29.0	4.4	CPV-P14/8-2S-4SPD
2	2 × 3.87	2 × 2.0	29.0	6.8	CPV-P14/8-2S-4SPDL

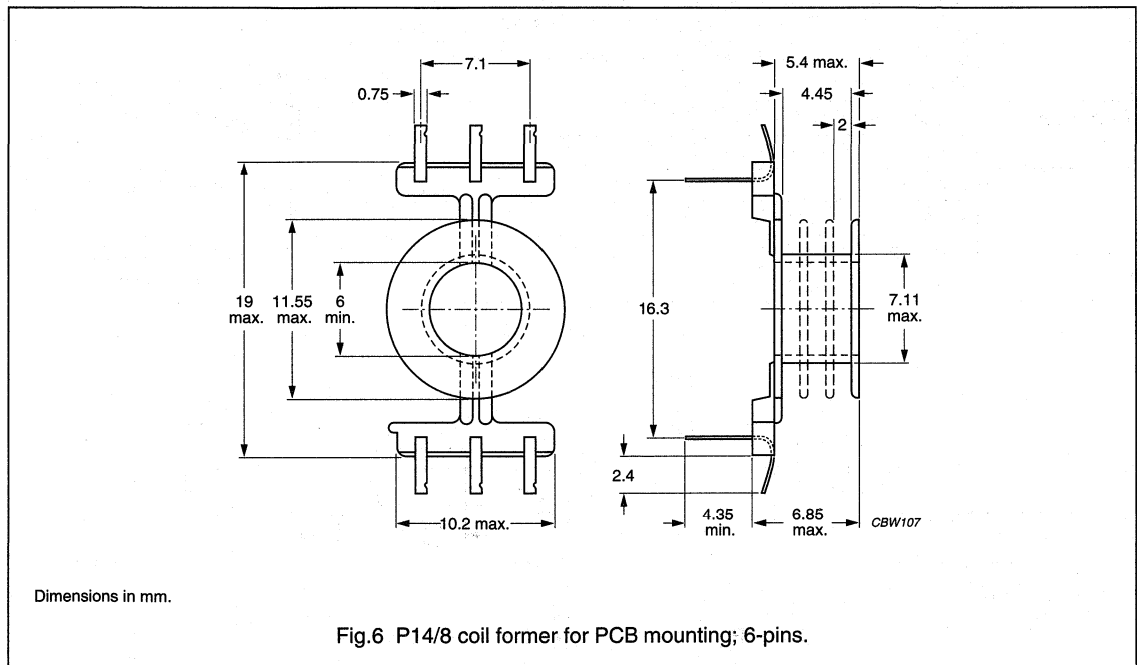


## P cores and accessories

P14/8

## General data 6-pins P14/8 coil former for PCB mounting

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Data for 6-pins P14/8 coil former for PCB mounting

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	LENGTH OF PINS (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8.65	4.4	29.0	4.4	CPV-P14/8-1S-6PD
1	8.65	4.4	29.0	6.8	CPV-P14/8-1S-6PDL
2	2 × 3.87	2 × 2.0	29.0	4.4	CPV-P14/8-2S-6PD
2	2 × 3.87	2 × 2.0	29.0	6.8	CPV-P14/8-2S-6PDL

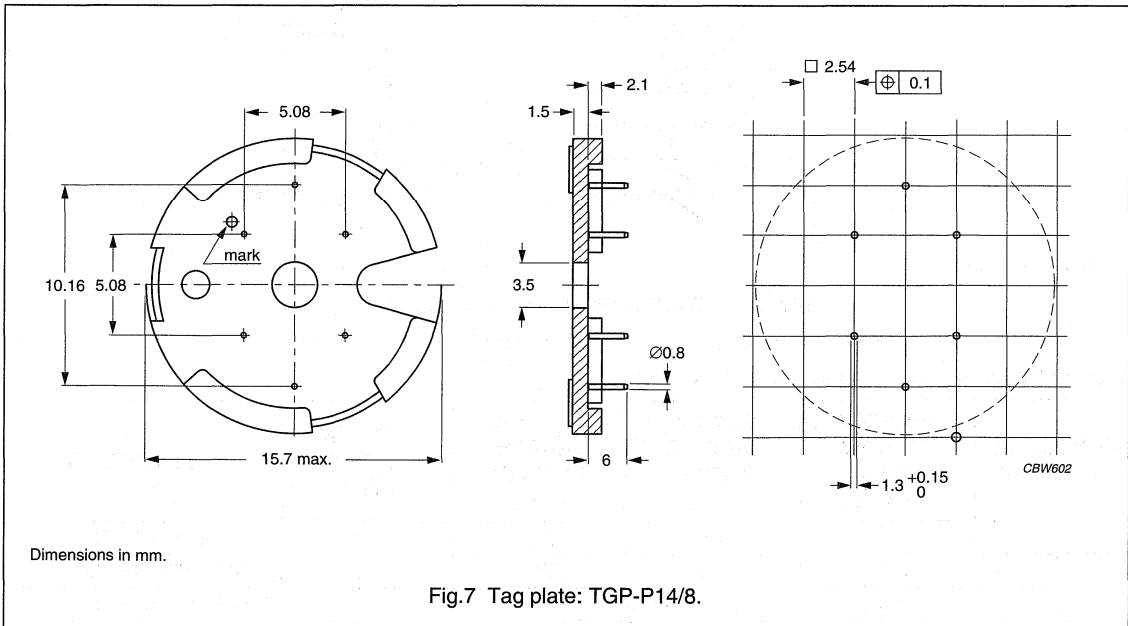
P cores and accessories

P14/8

**MOUNTING PARTS**

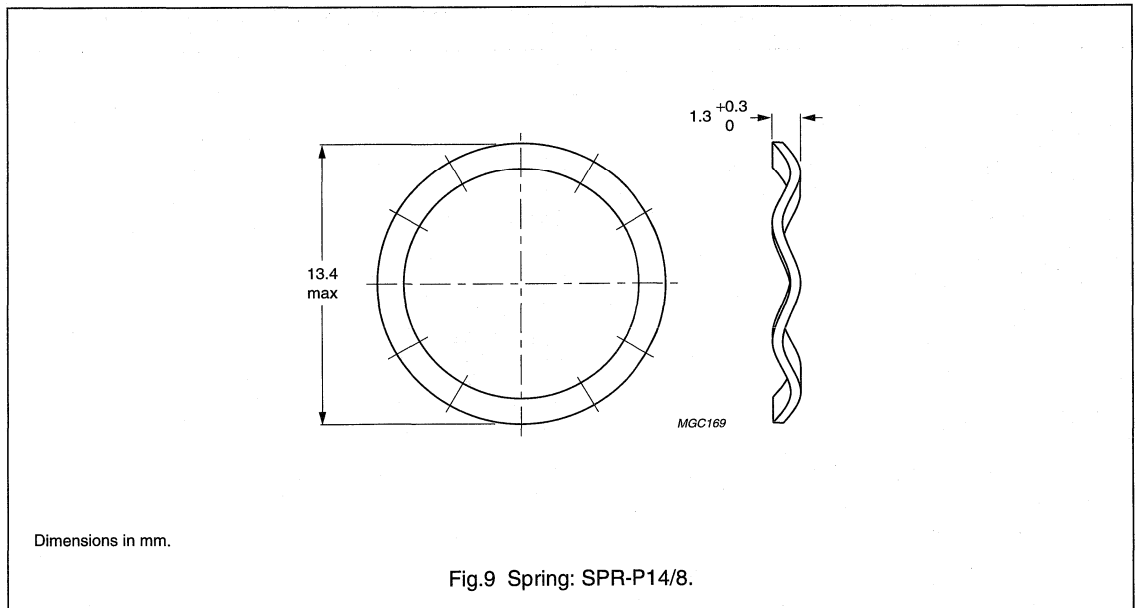
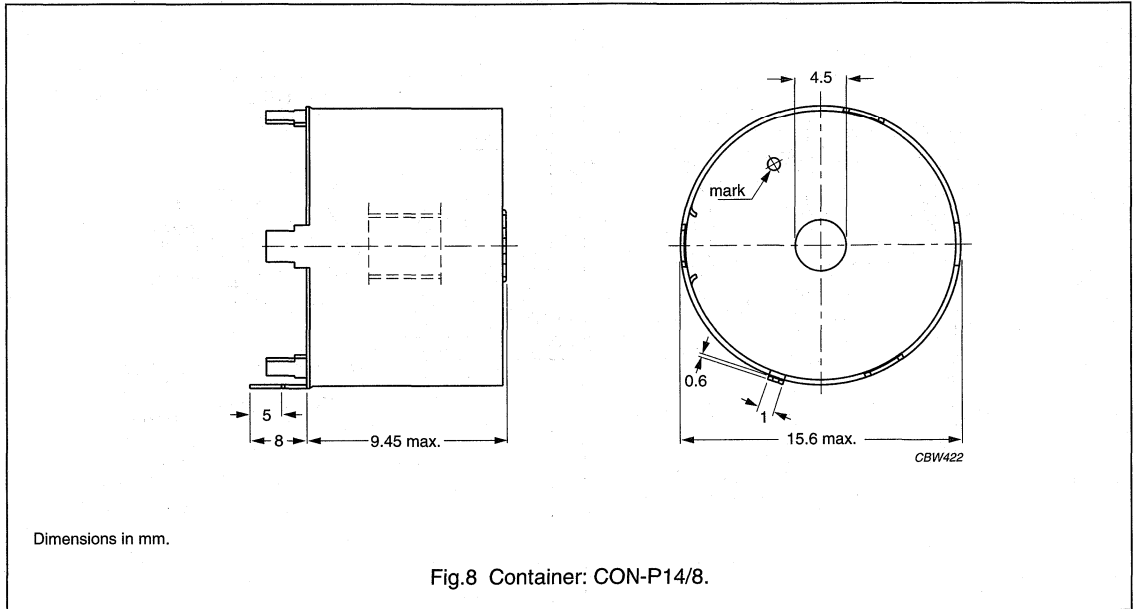
**General data for mounting parts**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	7	TGP-P14/8-6P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521 (M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	8	CON-P14/8
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	9	SPR-P14/8
	spring force: ≈60 N when mounted		
Clamp	spring steel, tin-plated	10	CLM/TP-P14/8
Washer	phenolformaldehyde (PF)	11	WAS-CLM/TP-P14/8



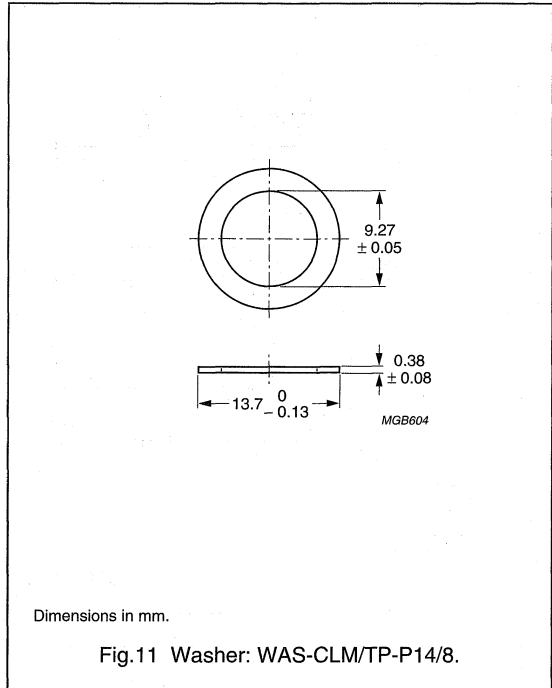
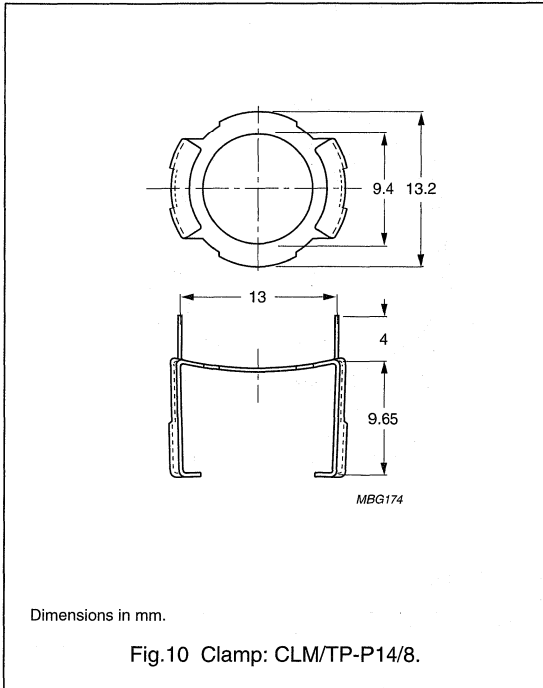
P cores and accessories

P14/8



P cores and accessories

P14/8



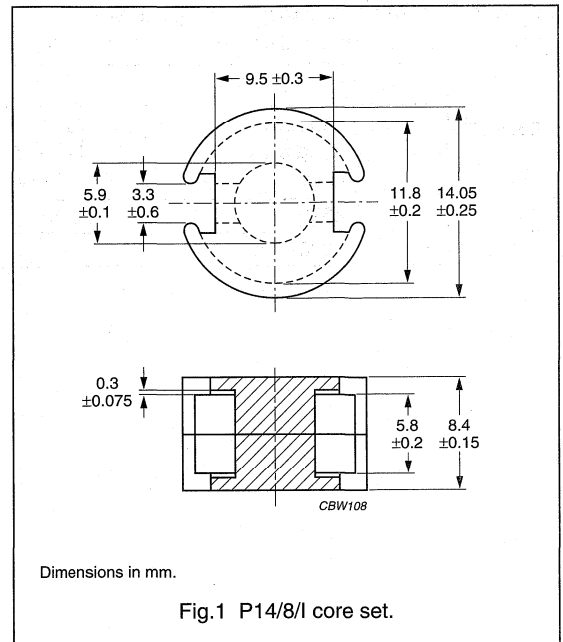
## P cores and accessories

P14/8/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.700	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	628	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	21.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	29.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	21.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈3.5	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements  $15 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	100 $\pm 3\%$	≈56	≈455	P14/8/I-3C81-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈89	≈264	P14/8/I-3C81-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈139	≈157	P14/8/I-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm 5\%$	≈175	≈119	P14/8/I-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm 5\%$	≈223	≈92	P14/8/I-3C81-A400
	2900 $\pm 25\%$	≈1610	≈0	P14/8/I-3C81
3F3	100 $\pm 3\%$	≈56	≈455	P14/8/I-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈89	≈264	P14/8/I-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈139	≈157	P14/8/I-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 5\%$	≈175	≈119	P14/8/I-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm 5\%$	≈223	≈92	P14/8/I-3F3-A400
	2400 $\pm 25\%$	≈1330	≈0	P14/8/I-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P14/8/I

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

For coil former and winding data, see data sheet, "P14/8".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.15	–	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.07	≤0.12

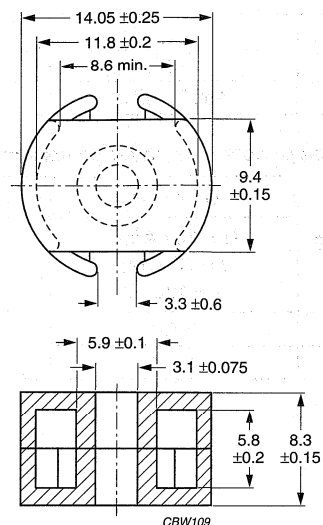
## P cores and accessories

PT14/8  
(1408TS)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.910	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	492	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	21.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	23.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	19.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈2.8	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 PT14/8 core set.

## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 15 ± 15 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	63 ± 3%	≈45	≈594	PT14/8-3C81-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈72	≈345	PT14/8-3C81-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈115	≈201	PT14/8-3C81-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈180	≈119	PT14/8-3C81-A250
	315 ± 5%	≈227	≈89	PT14/8-3C81-A315
	2400 ± 25%	≈1730	≈0	PT14/8-3C81
3F3	63 ± 3%	≈45	≈594	PT14/8-3F3-A63
	100 ± 3%	≈72	≈345	PT14/8-3F3-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈115	≈201	PT14/8-3F3-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈180	≈119	PT14/8-3F3-A250
	315 ± 5%	≈227	≈89	PT14/8-3F3-A315
	1650 ± 25%	≈1190	≈0	PT14/8-3F3

## P cores and accessories

PT14/8  
(1408TS)**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $15 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	$4500 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3240$	$\approx 0$	PT14/8-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.11$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.06$	$\leq 0.10$



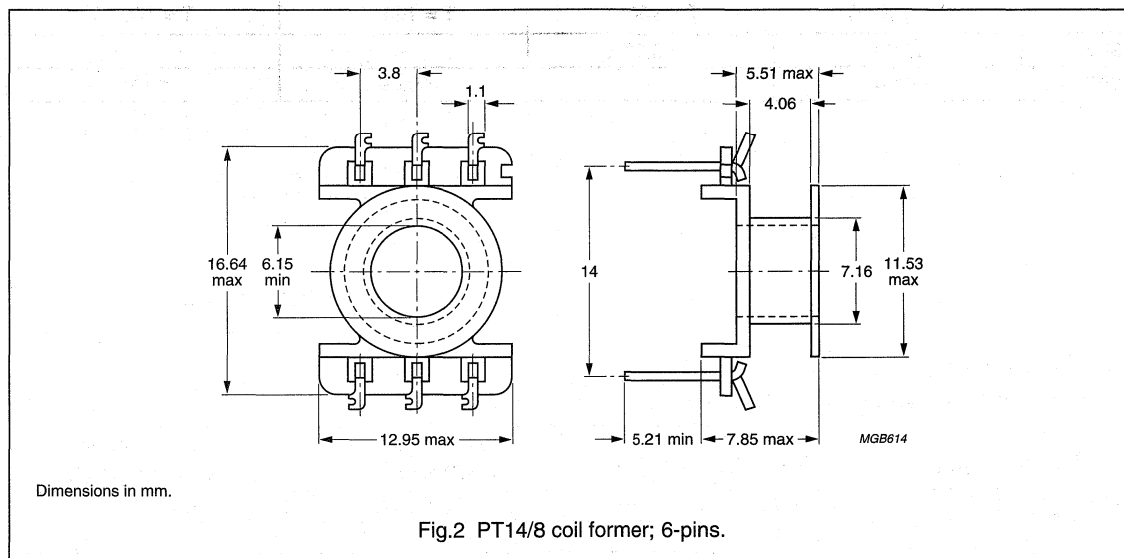
## P cores and accessories

PT14/8  
(1408TS)

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 6-pins PT14/8 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085" class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 6-pins PT14/8 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	7.9	4.1	29.2	CPV-PT14/8-1S-6P

## Note

- For additional coil formers and mounting parts, see data sheet, "P14/8".

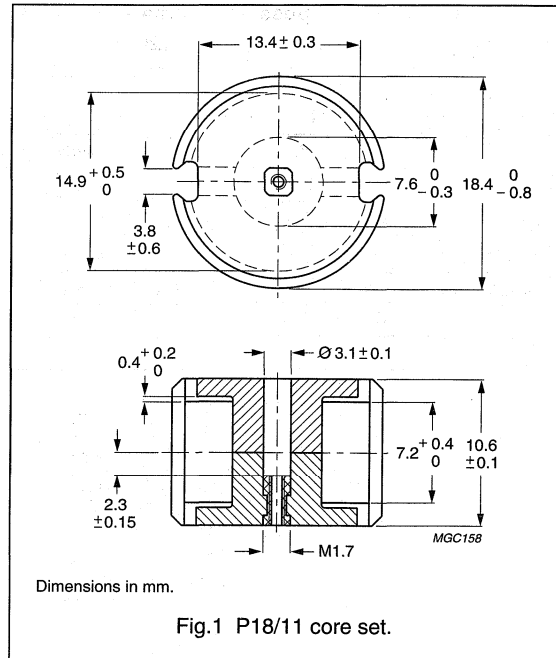
## P cores and accessories

P18/11

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.597	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1120	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	25.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	43.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	36.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈6.0	g



## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 80 ± 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	63 ± 3%	≈30	≈1 100	P18/11-3D3-E63/N	P18/11-3D3-E63
	100 ± 3%	≈48	≈550	P18/11-3D3-E100/N	P18/11-3D3-E100
	160 ± 3%	≈76	≈300	P18/11-3D3-E160/N	P18/11-3D3-E160
	1 400 ± 25%	≈670	≈0	—	P18/11-3D3
3H3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ± 3%	≈76	≈350	P18/11-3H3-E160/N	P18/11-3H3-E160
	250 ± 3%	≈119	≈200	P18/11-3H3-A250/N	P18/11-3H3-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈149	≈150	P18/11-3H3-A315/N	P18/11-3H3-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈190	≈120	P18/11-3H3-A400/N	P18/11-3H3-A400
	630 ± 5%	≈300	≈80	P18/11-3H3-A630/N	P18/11-3H3-A630
	3 100 ± 25%	≈1 470	≈0	—	P18/11-3H3

## P cores and accessories

P18/11

**Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 80  $\pm$ 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 46	$\approx$ 680	P18/11-3C81-E100
	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 76	$\approx$ 350	P18/11-3C81-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 119	$\approx$ 200	P18/11-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 149	$\approx$ 150	P18/11-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 190	$\approx$ 120	P18/11-3C81-A400
	4000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1900	$\approx$ 0	P18/11-3C81
3F3 <sup>sup</sup>	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 46	$\approx$ 680	P18/11-3F3-E100
	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 76	$\approx$ 350	P18/11-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 119	$\approx$ 200	P18/11-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 149	$\approx$ 150	P18/11-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 190	$\approx$ 120	P18/11-3F3-A400
	2850 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1350	$\approx$ 0	P18/11-3F3

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60  $\pm$ 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	5400 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2560	P18/11-3E1
3E27	7500 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 3560	P18/11-3E27
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	7550 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 3580	P18/11-3E4

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 315	$\leq$ 0.26	–	–
3F3	$\geq$ 315	–	$\leq$ 0.13	$\leq$ 0.22

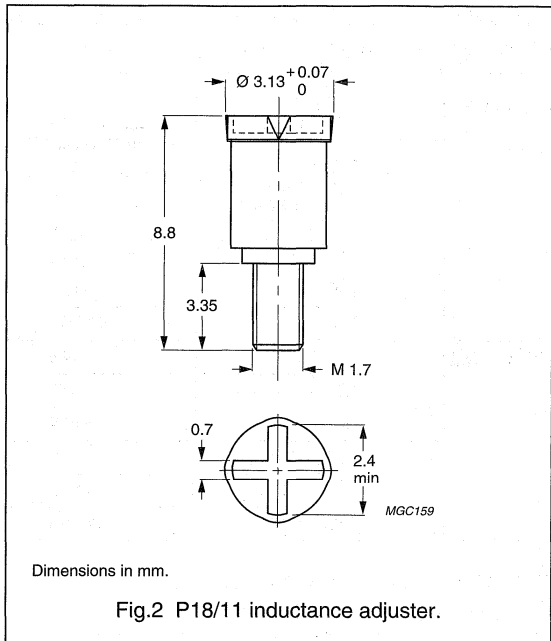
P cores and accessories

P18/11

**INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



**Inductance adjuster selection chart (applies to all types)**

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ (1)	types for medium adjustment	$\Delta L/L$ (1)	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ (1)
3H3	63	–	–	ADJ-P18-YELLOW	16	–	–
	100	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P18-BROWN	42
	160	ADJ-P18-YELLOW	9	ADJ-P18-RED	18	ADJ-P18-BROWN	28
	250	ADJ-P18-RED	11	ADJ-P18-WHITE	14	ADJ-P18-BROWN	18
	315	ADJ-P18-RED	8	ADJ-P18-BROWN	14	ADJ-P18-VIOLET	20
	400	ADJ-P18-WHITE	8	ADJ-P18-VIOLET	16	–	–
	630	ADJ-P18-VIOLET	8	–	–	–	–
	1000	ADJ-P18-VIOLET	5	–	–	–	–
	1250	–	–	–	–	–	–
3D3	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P18-YELLOW	19
	63	–	–	ADJ-P18-YELLOW	17	–	–
	100	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P18-RED	26
	160	–	–	ADJ-P18-RED	15	–	–

**Note**

1. Maximum adjustment range.

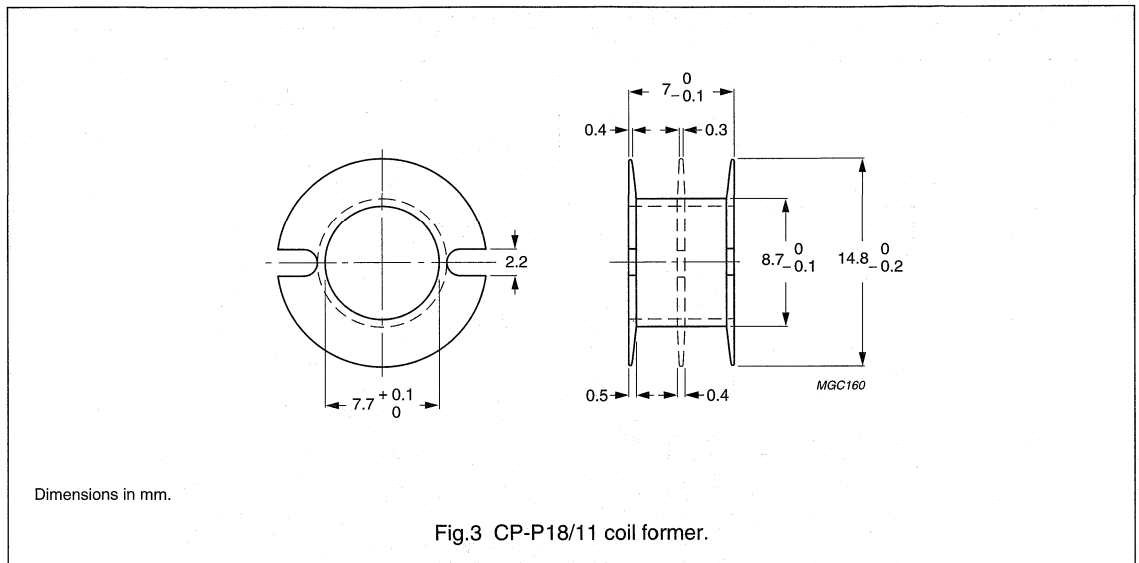
## P cores and accessories

P18/11

## COIL FORMERS

## General data CP-P18/11

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for CP-P18/11 coil former

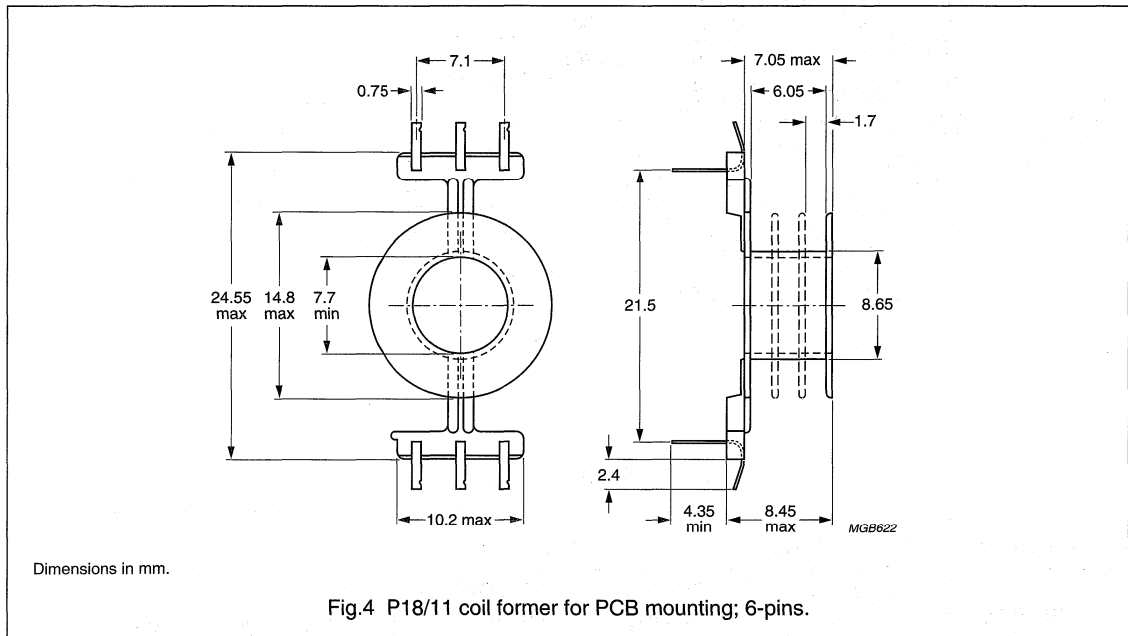
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	17.1	5.7	36.6	CP-P18/11-1S
2	2 × 7.95	2 × 2.65	36.6	CP-P18/11-2S
3	3 × 4.95	3 × 1.6	36.6	CP-P18/11-3S

## P cores and accessories

P18/11

## General data 6-pins P18/11 coil former for PCB mounting

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Data for 6-pins P18/11 coil former for PCB mounting

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	LENGTH OF PINS (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	16.8	6.0	36.7	4.4	CPV-P18/11-1S-6PD
1	16.8	6.0	36.7	6.8	CPV-P18/11-1S-6PDL
2	2 × 7.61	2 × 2.8	36.7	4.4	CPV-P18/11-2S-6PD
2	2 × 7.61	2 × 2.8	36.7	6.8	CPV-P18/11-2S-6PDL
3	3 × 4.58	3 × 1.7	36.7	4.4	CPV-P18/11-3S-6PD
3	3 × 4.58	3 × 1.7	36.7	6.8	CPV-P18/11-3S-6PDL

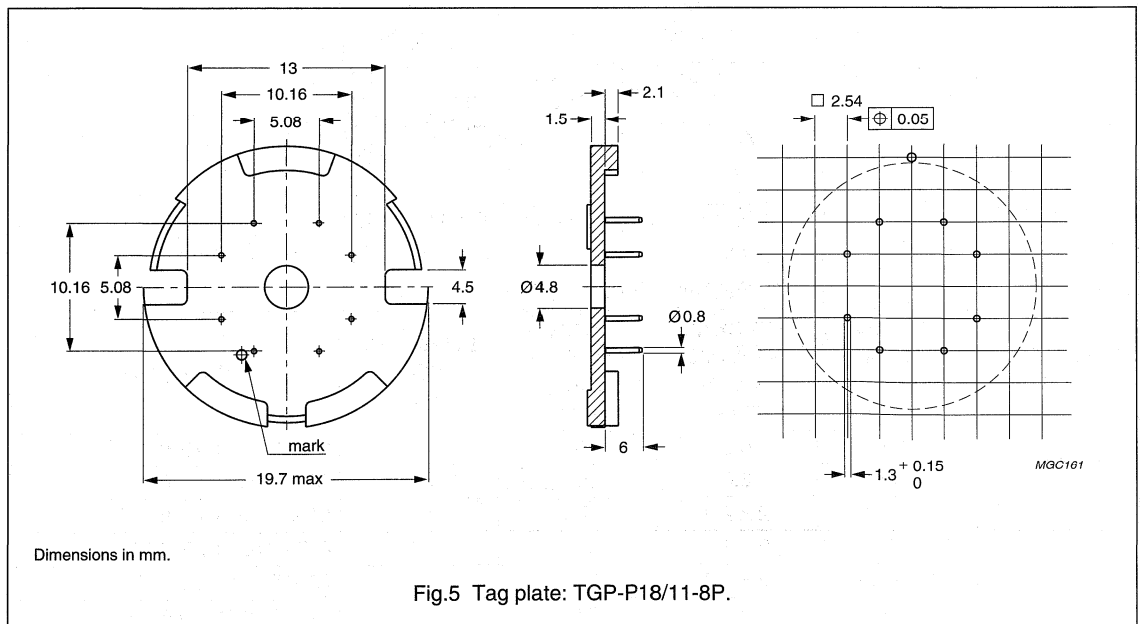
P cores and accessories

P18/11

**MOUNTING PARTS**

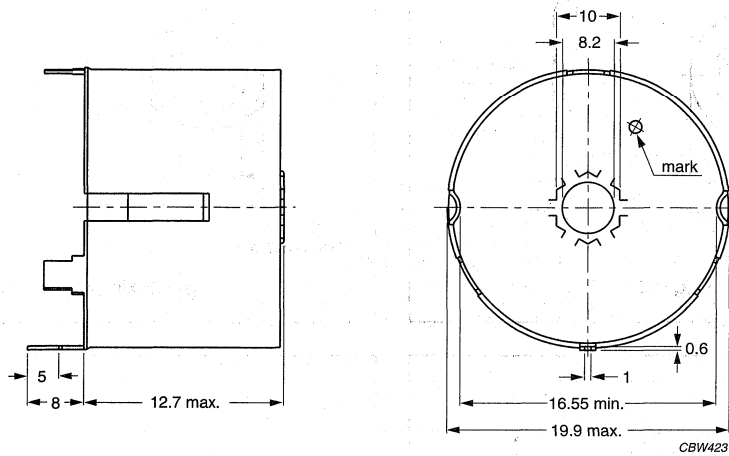
**General data for mounting parts**

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	5	TGP-P18/11-8P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521 (M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	6	CON-P18/11
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	7	SPR-P18/11
	spring force: ≈100 N when mounted		
Nut	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	8	NUT
Bush	nickel-plated copper-zinc alloy	9	FIB
Clamp	spring steel, tin-plated	10	CLM/TP-P18/11
Washer	phenolformaldehyde (PF)	11	WAS-CLM/TP-P18/11



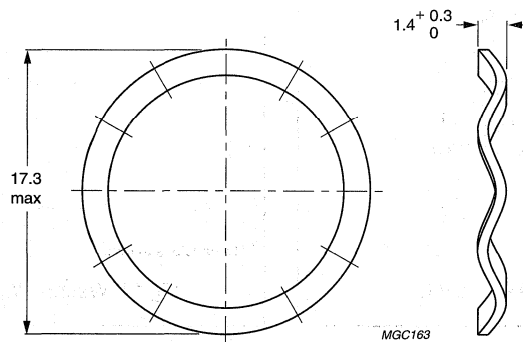
P cores and accessories

P18/11



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.6 Container: CON-P18/11.



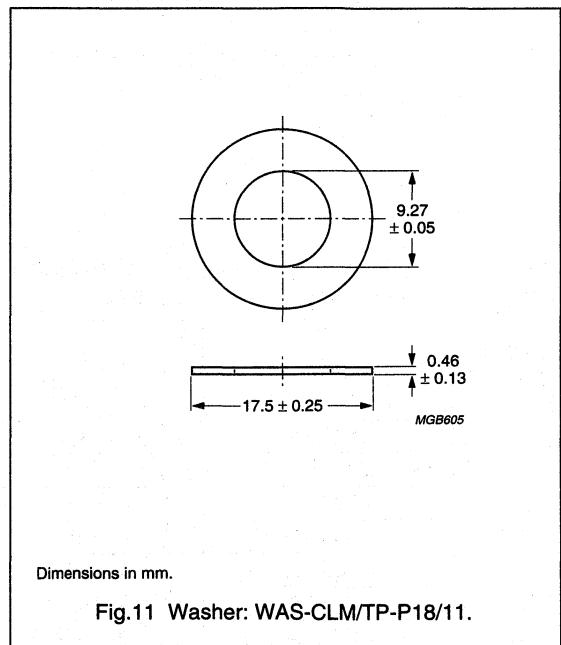
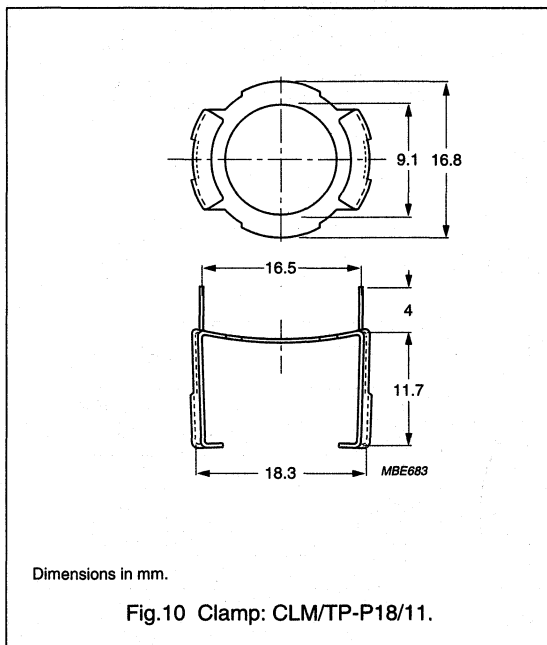
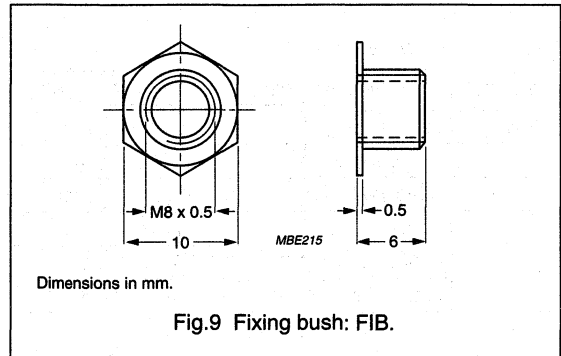
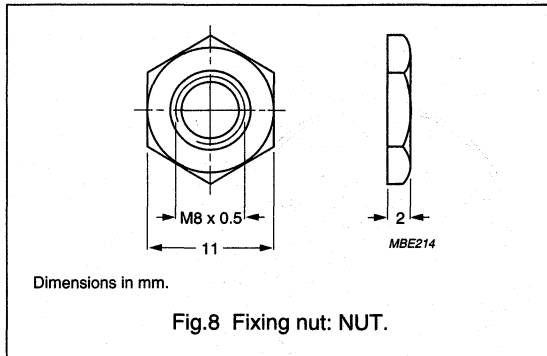
Dimensions in mm.

Fig.7 Spring: SPR-P18/11.



P cores and accessories

P18/11



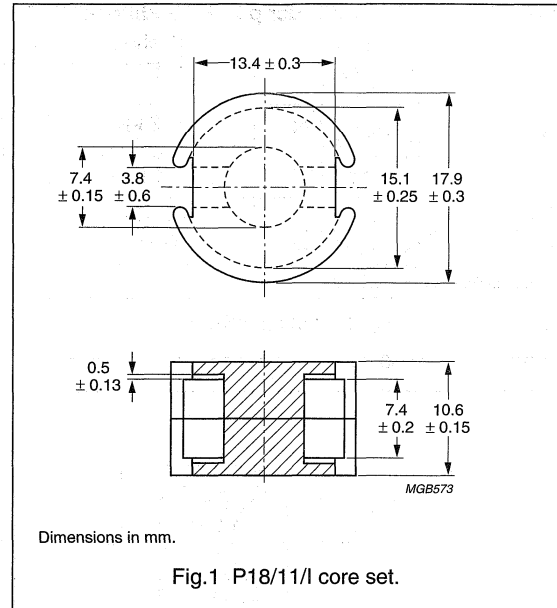
## P cores and accessories

P18/11/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.560	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1270	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	26.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	47.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	42.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈7	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 ±3%	≈72	≈432	P18/11/I-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈112	≈259	P18/11/I-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈141	≈198	P18/11/I-3C81-A315
	400 ±3%	≈179	≈150	P18/11/I-3C81-A400
	630 ±5%	≈282	≈86	P18/11/I-3C81-A630
	4200 ±25%	≈1870	≈0	P18/11/I-3C81
3C91 <small>prot</small>	4200 ±25%	≈1870	≈0	P18/11/I-3C91
3F3	160 ±3%	≈72	≈432	P18/11/I-3F3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈112	≈259	P18/11/I-3F3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈141	≈198	P18/11/I-3F3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈179	≈150	P18/11/I-3F3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈282	≈86	P18/11/I-3F3-A630
	3110 ±25%	≈1395	≈0	P18/11/I-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P18/11/I

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

For coil former and winding data, see data sheet, "P18/11".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.26	–	–	–
3C91	≥320	–	≈0.12 <sup>(1)</sup>	≈0.7 <sup>(1)</sup>	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.14	–	≤0.24

**Note**

1. Measured at 60 °C.

## P cores and accessories

PT18/11  
(1811TS)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.670	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1110	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	27.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	40.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	32.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈6	g

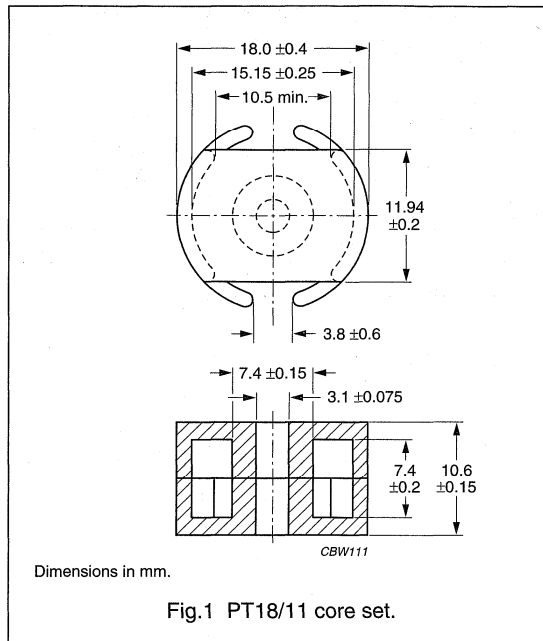


Fig.1 PT18/11 core set.

## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ± 5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	100 ± 3%	≈ 53	≈ 632	PT18/11-3C81-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈ 85	≈ 366	PT18/11-3C81-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈ 133	≈ 216	PT18/11-3C81-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈ 168	≈ 165	PT18/11-3C81-A315
	400 ± 5%	≈ 213	≈ 124	PT18/11-3C81-A400
	3130 ± 25%	≈ 1670	≈ 0	PT18/11-3C81
3F3	100 ± 3%	≈ 53	≈ 632	PT18/11-3F3-A100
	160 ± 3%	≈ 85	≈ 366	PT18/11-3F3-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈ 133	≈ 216	PT18/11-3F3-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈ 168	≈ 165	PT18/11-3F3-A315
	400 ± 5%	≈ 213	≈ 124	PT18/11-3F3-A400
	2505 ± 25%	≈ 1340	≈ 0	PT18/11-3F3

## P cores and accessories

PT18/11  
(1811TS)

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $15 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	$5760 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3075$	$\approx 0$	PT18/11-3E27

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

For coil formers and mounting parts, see data sheet, "P18/11".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.23$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.12$	$\leq 0.21$

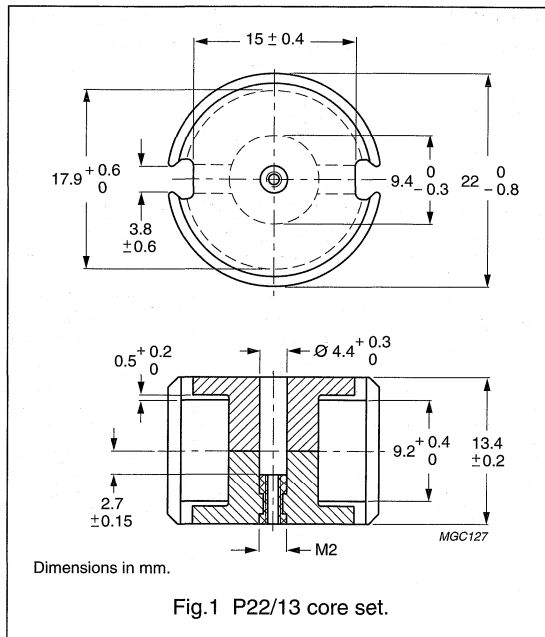
## P cores and accessories

P22/13

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.497	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	31.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	63.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	51.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈12	g



## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 140 ±30 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	40 ±3%	≈16	≈3000	P22/13-3D3-E40/N	P22/13-3D3-E40
	63 ±3%	≈25	≈1500	P22/13-3D3-E63/N	P22/13-3D3-E63
	100 ±3%	≈40	≈900	P22/13-3D3-E100/N	P22/13-3D3-E100
	160 ±3%	≈64	≈500	P22/13-3D3-E160/N	P22/13-3D3-E160
	1700 ±25%	≈670	≈0	—	P22/13-3D3
3H3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ±3%	≈64	≈500	P22/13-3H3-E160/N	P22/13-3H3-E160
	250 ±3%	≈99	≈300	P22/13-3H3-E250/N	P22/13-3H3-E250
	315 ±3%	≈125	≈250	P22/13-3H3-E315/N	P22/13-3H3-E315
	400 ±3%	≈158	≈170	P22/13-3H3-A400/N	P22/13-3H3-A400
	630 ±3%	≈249	≈100	P22/13-3H3-A630/N	P22/13-3H3-A630
	3900 ±25%	≈1540	≈0	—	P22/13-3H3

## P cores and accessories

P22/13

**Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 140  $\pm$ 30 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 64	$\approx$ 500	P22/13-3C81-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 99	$\approx$ 300	P22/13-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 125	$\approx$ 250	P22/13-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 158	$\approx$ 170	P22/13-3C81-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 249	$\approx$ 100	P22/13-3C81-A630
	5200 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2060	$\approx$ 0	P22/13-3C81
3F3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 64	$\approx$ 500	P22/13-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 99	$\approx$ 300	P22/13-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 125	$\approx$ 250	P22/13-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 158	$\approx$ 170	P22/13-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 249	$\approx$ 100	P22/13-3F3-A630
	3550 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1410	$\approx$ 0	P22/13-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P22/13

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $140 \pm 30$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	$6900 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2730$	P22/13-3E1
3E27	$9250 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3660$	P22/13-3E27
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	$9450 +40/-30\%$	$\approx 3740$	P22/13-3E4

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 315$	$\leq 0.46$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 0.22$	$\leq 0.40$



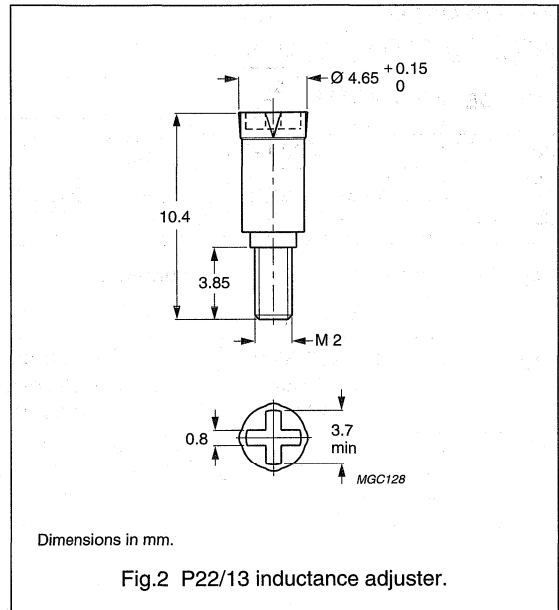
P cores and accessories

P22/13

**INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS**

**General data**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



**Inductance adjuster selection chart**

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L (1)	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L (1)	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L (1)
3H3	100	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	16	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	21
	160	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	11	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	18	ADJ-P22/RM8-WHITE	27
	250	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	12	ADJ-P22/RM8-WHITE	18	–	–
	315	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	9	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	22
	400	ADJ-P22/RM8-WHITE	11	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	17	ADJ-P22/RM8-BLACK	30
	630	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	10	ADJ-P22/RM8-BLACK	18	–	–
	1000	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	6	ADJ-P22/RM8-BLACK	12	–	–
	1250	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	4	ADJ-P22/RM8-BLACK	7	–	–
3D3	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	27
	63	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	26
	100	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8RED	16	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	27
	160	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	10	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	17	–	–
	250	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	–	–	–	–	–

**Note**

1. Maximum adjustment range.

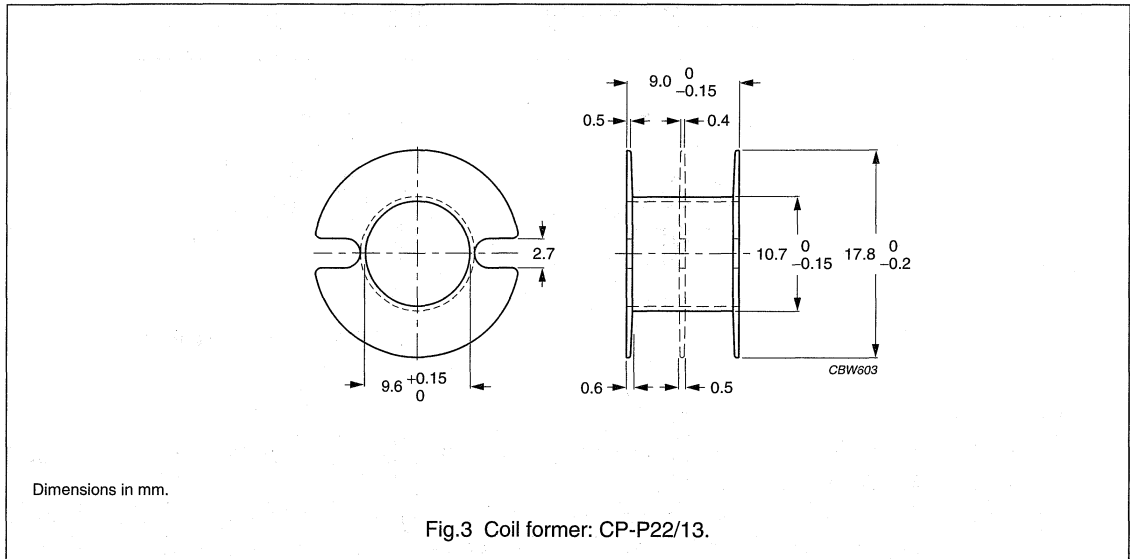
## P cores and accessories

P22/13

## COIL FORMERS

## General data CP-P22/13 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for CP-P22/13 coil former

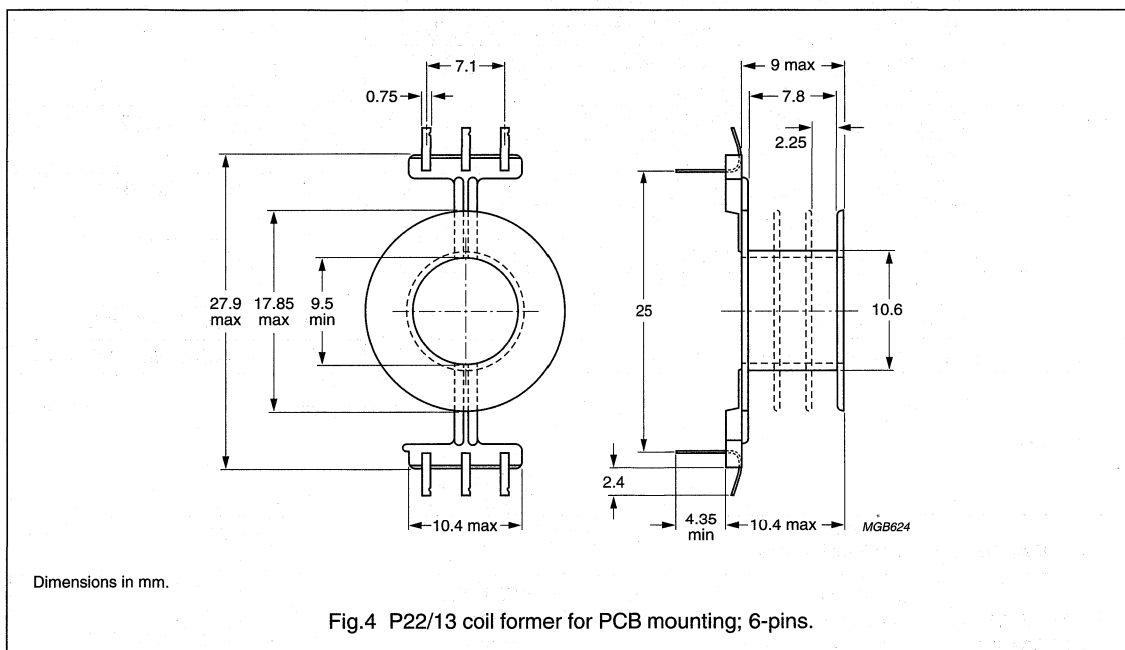
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	26.2	7.5	44.5	CP-P22/13-1S
2	2 × 12.2	2 × 3.45	44.5	CP-P22/13-2S
3	3 × 7.6	3 × 2.1	44.5	CP-P22/13-3S

## P cores and accessories

P22/13

## General data 6-pins P22/13 coil former for PCB mounting

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Data for 6-pins P22/13 coil former for PCB mounting

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	MINIMUM LENGTH OF PINS (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	25.2	7.8	44.5	4.4	CPV-P22/13-1S-6PD
1	25.2	7.8	44.5	6.8	CPV-P22/13-1S-6PDL
2	2 × 11.7	2 × 3.6	44.5	4.4	CPV-P22/13-2S-6PD
2	2 × 11.7	2 × 3.6	44.5	6.8	CPV-P22/13-2S-6PDL
3	3 × 7.03	3 × 2.2	44.5	4.4	CPV-P22/13-3S-6PD <sup>(1)</sup>
3	3 × 7.03	3 × 2.2	44.5	6.8	CPV-P22/13-3S-6PDL <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

1. In accordance with "UL 94-HB".

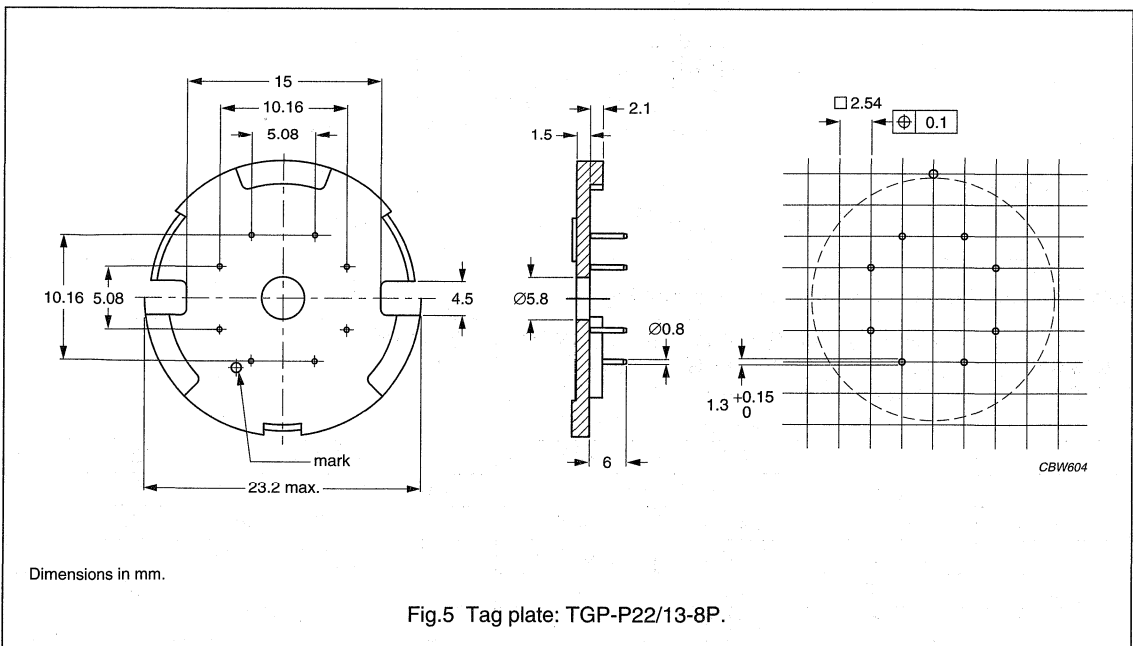
P cores and accessories

P22/13

MOUNTING PARTS

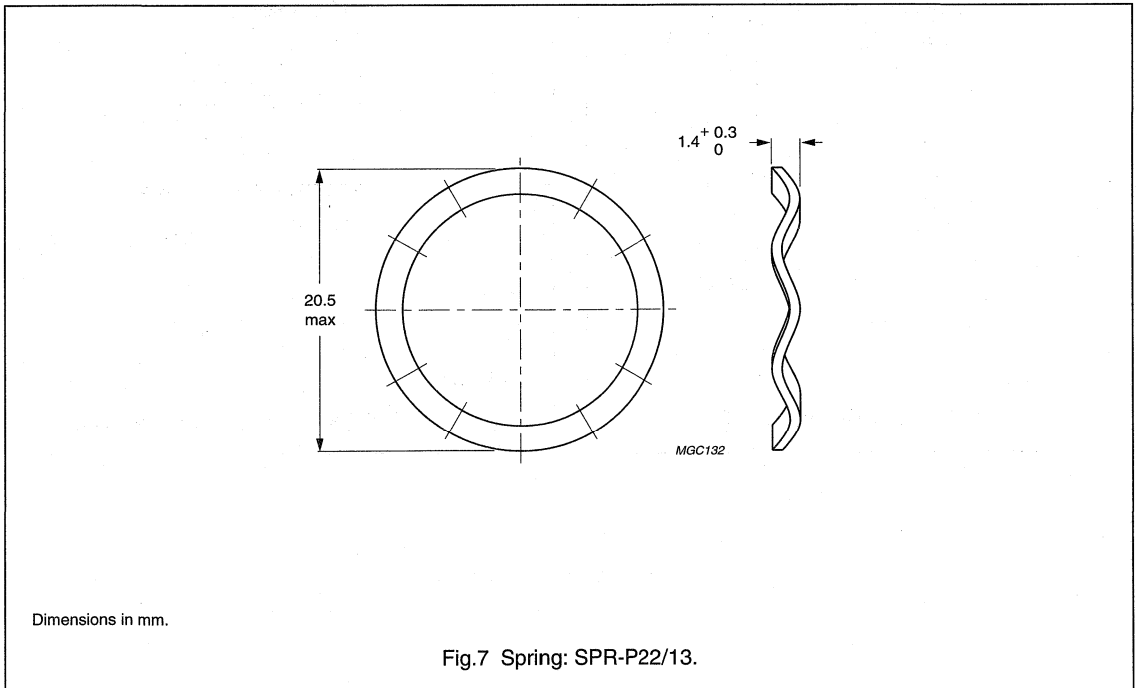
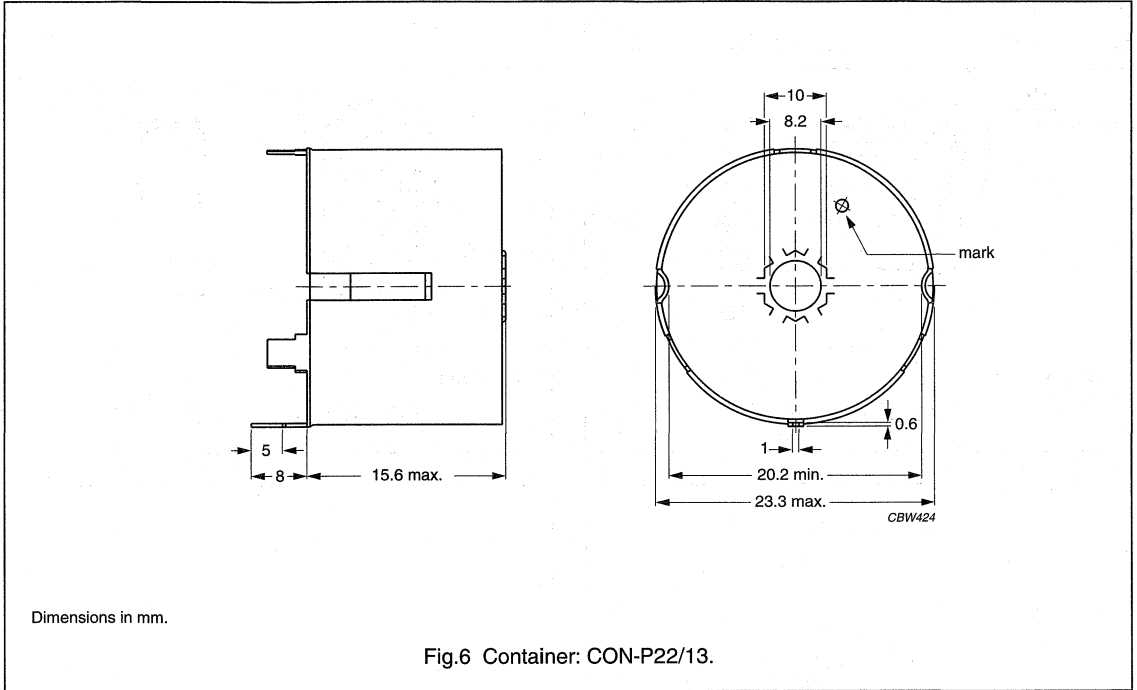
General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	5	TGP-P22/13-8P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	6	CON-P22/13
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	7	SPR-P22/13
	spring force: ≈140 N when mounted		
Nut	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	8	NUT
Bush	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	9	FIB
Clamp	spring steel, tin-plated	10	CLM/TS-P22/13
Washer	phenolformaldehyde (PF)	11	WAS-CLM/TS-P22/13



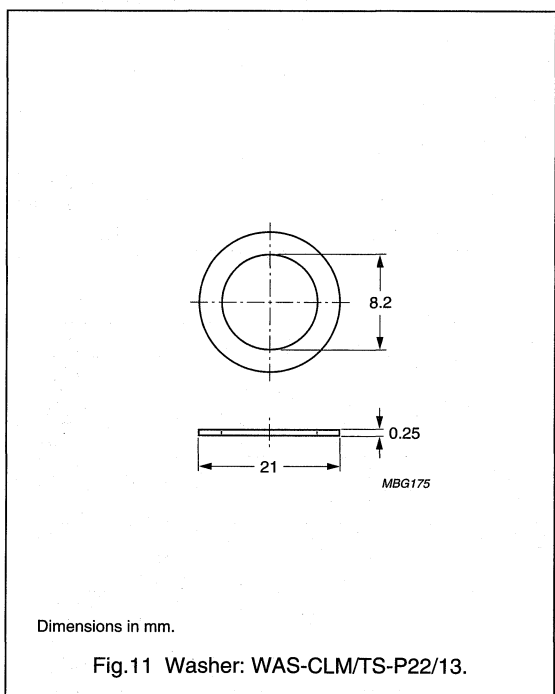
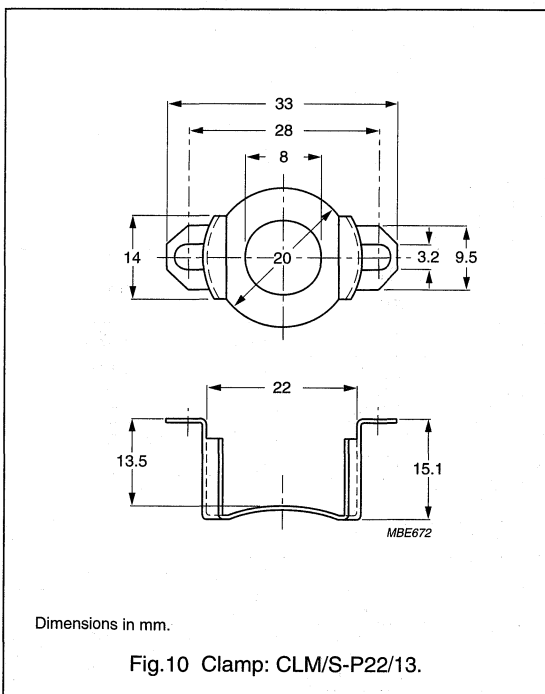
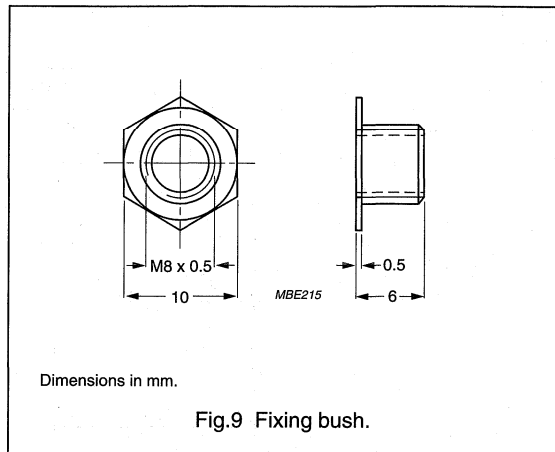
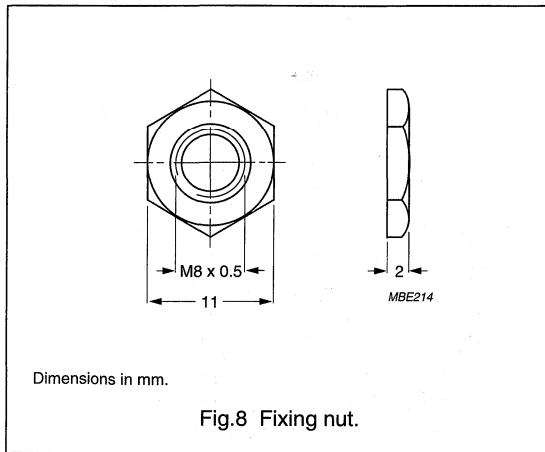
P cores and accessories

P22/13



P cores and accessories

P22/13



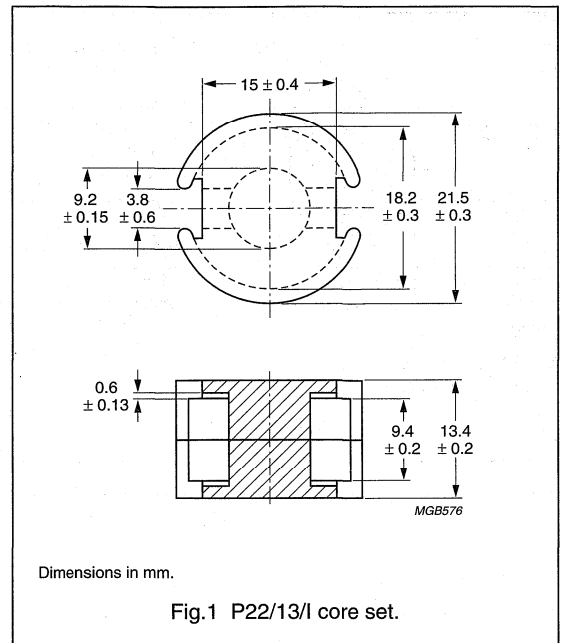
## P cores and accessories

P22/13/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.450	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2460	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	33.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	73.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	53.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈13	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 40 ± 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 ± 3%	≈90	≈417	P22/13/I-3C81-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈113	≈320	P22/13/I-3C81-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈143	≈241	P22/13/I-3C81-A400
	630 ± 3%	≈225	≈142	P22/13/I-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 5%	≈358	≈81	P22/13/I-3C81-A1000
	5330 ± 25%	≈1910	≈0	P22/13/I-3C81
3C91 <small>prot</small>	5330 ± 25%	≈1910	≈0	P22/13/I-3C91
3F3	250 ± 3%	≈90	≈417	P22/13/I-3F3-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈113	≈320	P22/13/I-3F3-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈143	≈241	P22/13/I-3F3-A400
	630 ± 3%	≈225	≈142	P22/13/I-3F3-A630
	1000 ± 5%	≈358	≈81	P22/13/I-3F3-A1000
	4070 ± 25%	≈1459	≈0	P22/13/I-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P22/13/I

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

For coil former and mounting data, see data sheet, "P22/13".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.57	–	–	–
3C91	≥320	–	≈0.23 <sup>(1)</sup>	≈1.3 <sup>(1)</sup>	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.27	–	≤0.47

**Note**

1. Measured at 60 °C.



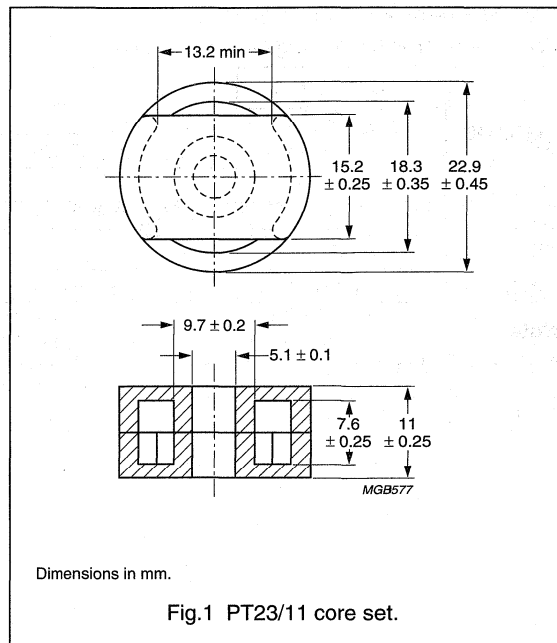
P cores and accessories

PT23/11  
(2311TS)

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.470	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1740	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	28.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	61.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	53.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈10.5	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 30 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 ±3%	≈59	≈564	PT23/11-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈93	≈338	PT23/11-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈117	≈259	PT23/11-3C81-A315
	400 ±3%	≈149	≈196	PT23/11-3C81-A400
	630 ±5%	≈235	≈114	PT23/11-3C81-A630
	5500 ±25%	≈2050	≈0	PT23/11-3C81
3F3	160 ±3%	≈59	≈564	PT23/11-3F3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈93	≈338	PT23/11-3F3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈117	≈259	PT23/11-3F3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈149	≈196	PT23/11-3F3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈235	≈114	PT23/11-3F3-A630
	3700 ±25%	≈1380	≈0	PT23/11-3F3

## P cores and accessories

PT23/11  
(2311TS)**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	$8400 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3134$	$\approx 0$	PT23/11-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.40$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.19$	$\leq 0.33$

P cores and accessories

PT23/11  
(2311TS)

COIL FORMERS

General data 10-pins PT23/11 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085" class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 68-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 68-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

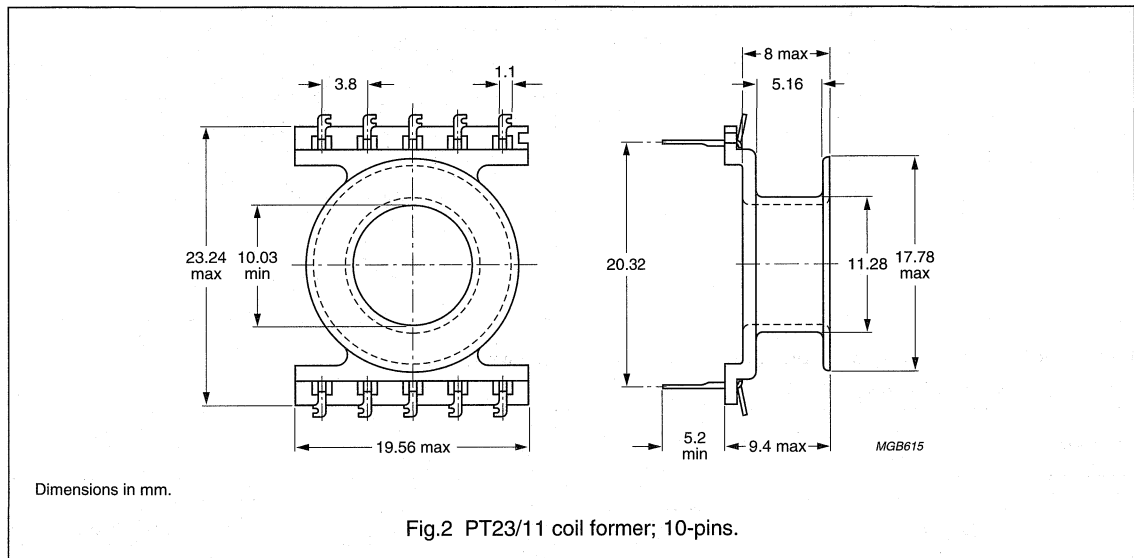


Fig.2 PT23/11 coil former; 10-pins.

Winding data for 10-pins PT23/11 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	15.1	5.2	45.2	CPV-PT23/11-1S-10P

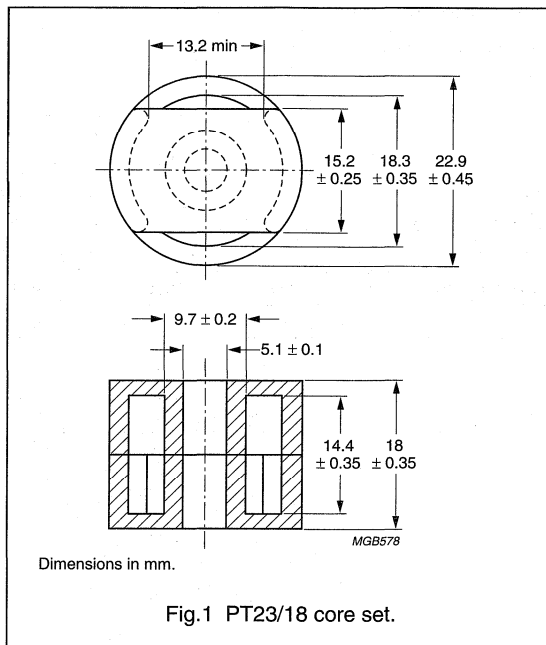
## P cores and accessories

PT23/18  
(2318TS)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.670	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2590	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	41.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	62.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	53.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈14	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 ±3%	≈85	≈581	PT23/18-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈133	≈345	PT23/18-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈168	≈262	PT23/18-3C81-A315
	400 ±3%	≈213	≈196	PT23/18-3C81-A400
	630 ±5%	≈335	≈112	PT23/18-3B9-A630
	4100 ±25%	≈2180	≈0	PT23/18-3C81
3F3	160 ±3%	≈85	≈581	PT23/18-3F3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈133	≈345	PT23/18-3F3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈168	≈262	PT23/18-3F3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈213	≈196	PT23/18-3F3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈335	≈112	PT23/18-3B9-A630
	2750 ±25%	≈1480	≈0	PT23/18-3F3

## P cores and accessories

PT23/18  
(2318TS)**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E27	$6400 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3410$	$\approx 0$	PT23/18-3E27

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.60$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.29$	$\leq 0.49$

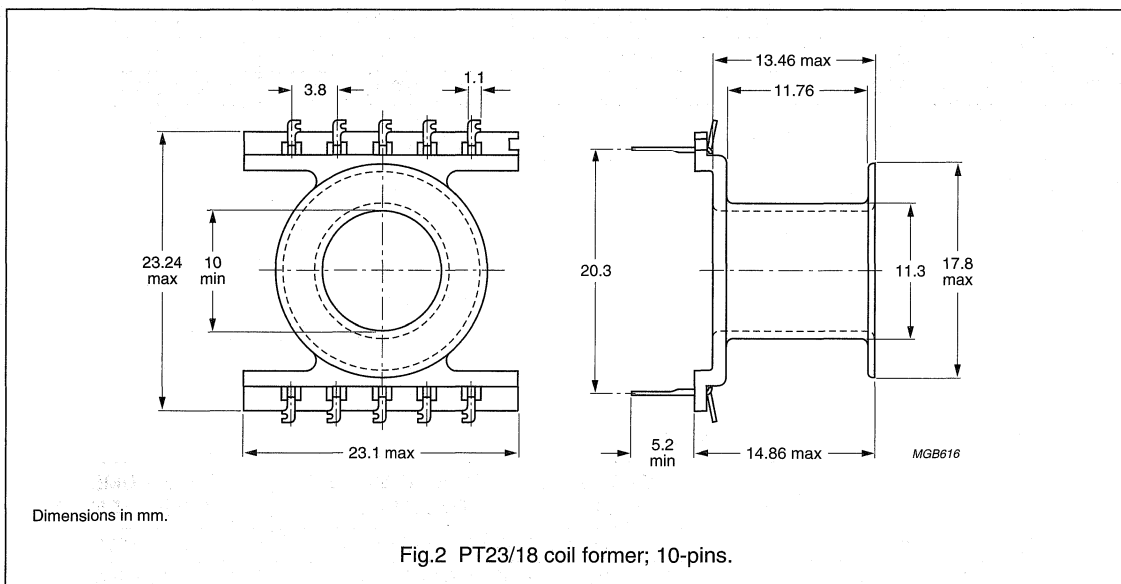
## P cores and accessories

PT23/18  
(2318TS)

## COIL FORMER

## General data 10-pins PT23/18 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 10-pins PT23/18 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	36.0	11.8	45.2	CPV-PT23/18-1S-10P

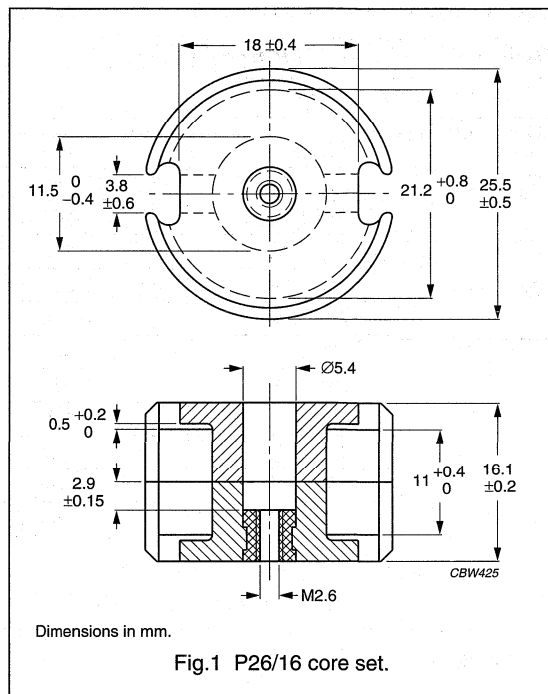
# P cores and accessories

P26/16

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.400	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3530	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	37.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	93.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	76.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈20	g



### Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 200 ± 50 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ± 3%	≈32	≈1600	P26/16-3D3-E100/N	P26/16-3D3-E100
	160 ± 3%	≈51	≈900	P26/16-3D3-E160/N	P26/16-3D3-E160
	250 ± 3%	≈80	≈500	P26/16-3D3-E250/N	P26/16-3D3-E250
	2150 ± 25%	≈680	≈0	—	P26/16-3D3
3H3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ± 3%	≈51	≈900	P26/16-3H3-E160/N	P26/16-3H3-E160
	250 ± 3%	≈80	≈500	P26/16-3H3-E250/N	P26/16-3H3-E250
	315 ± 3%	≈100	≈370	P26/16-3H3-E315/N	P26/16-3H3-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈127	≈260	P26/16-3H3-E400/N	P26/16-3H3-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈200	≈150	P26/16-3H3-A630/N	P26/16-3H3-A630
	5000 ± 25%	≈1590	≈0	—	P26/16-3H3

## P cores and accessories

P26/16

## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 200  $\pm$ 50 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 51	$\approx$ 900	P26/16-3C81-E160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 80	$\approx$ 500	P26/16-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 100	$\approx$ 370	P26/16-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 127	$\approx$ 260	P26/16-3C81-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 200	$\approx$ 150	P26/16-3C81-A630
	6700 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2130	$\approx$ 0	P26/16-3C81
3F3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 51	$\approx$ 90	P26/16-3F3-E160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 80	$\approx$ 500	P26/16-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 100	$\approx$ 370	P26/16-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 127	$\approx$ 260	P26/16-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 200	$\approx$ 150	P26/16-3F3-A630
	4600 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1460	$\approx$ 0	P26/16-3F3

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 200  $\pm$ 50 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	9000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2860	P26/16-3E1
3E27	12000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 3810	P26/16-3E27
3E4	12100 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 3850	P26/16-3E4

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 315	$\leq$ 0.82	–	–
3F3	$\geq$ 315	–	$\leq$ 0.40	$\leq$ 0.65



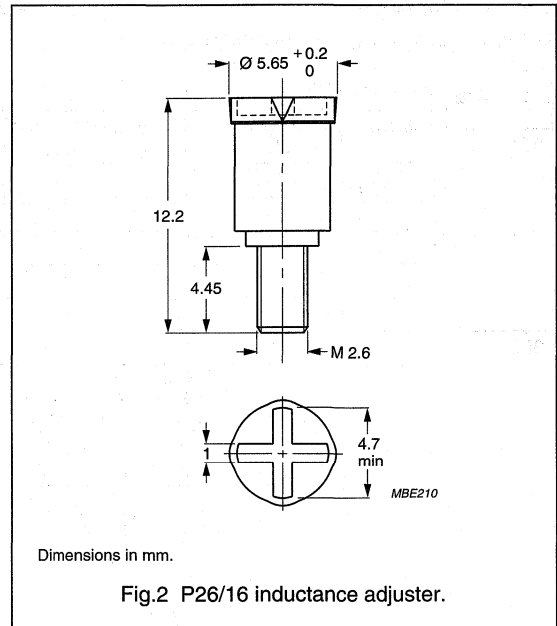
P cores and accessories

P26/16

INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



Inductance adjuster selection chart <sup>sup</sup> (applies to all types)

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	ΔL/L <sup>(1)</sup>
3H3	63	—	—	—	—	ADJ-P26-RED	25
	100	—	—	—	—	ADJ-P26-RED	22
	160	—	—	ADJ-P26-RED	15	—	—
	250	ADJ-P26-RED	10	—	—	ADJ-P26-BROWN	23
	315	ADJ-P26-RED	8	—	—	ADJ-P26-BROWN	18
	400	ADJ-P26-RED	6	ADJ-P26-BROWN	13	ADJ-P26-GREY	25
	630	ADJ-P26-BROWN	8	ADJ-P26-GREY	16	—	—
	1000	ADJ-P26-BROWN	5	ADJ-P26-GREY	9	—	—
	1600	—	—	ADJ-P26-GREY	5	—	—
3D3	100	—	—	—	—	ADJ-P26-RED	21
	160	—	—	ADJ-P26-RED	14	—	—
	250	ADJ-P26-RED	9	—	—	ADJ-P26-GREY	35
	400	—	8	ADJ-P26-GREY	17	—	—

Note

- Maximum adjustment range.

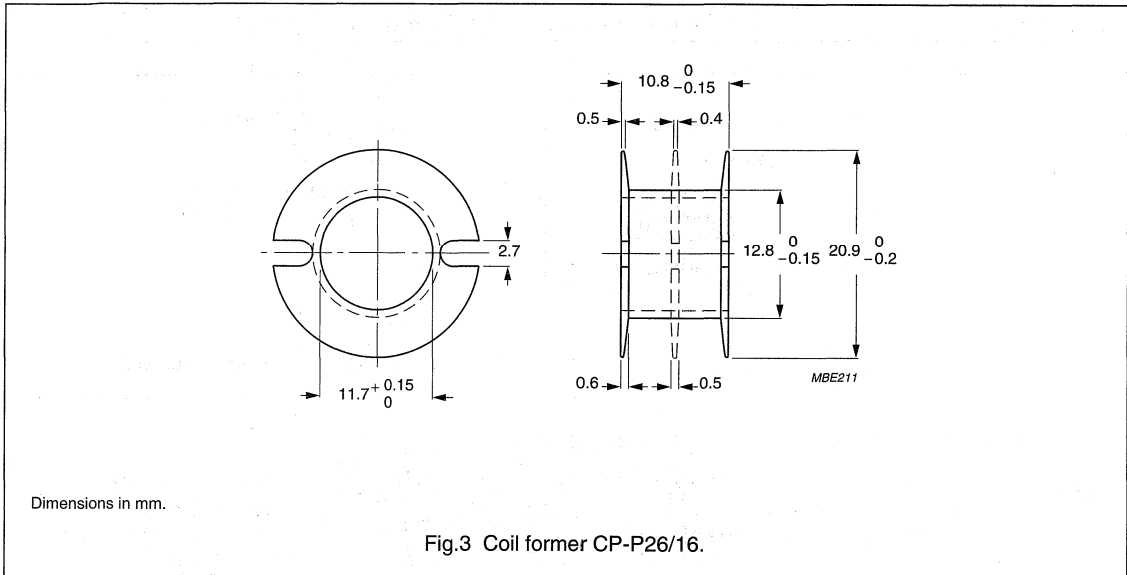
## P cores and accessories

P26/16

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for CP-P26/16 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for CP-P26/16 coil former

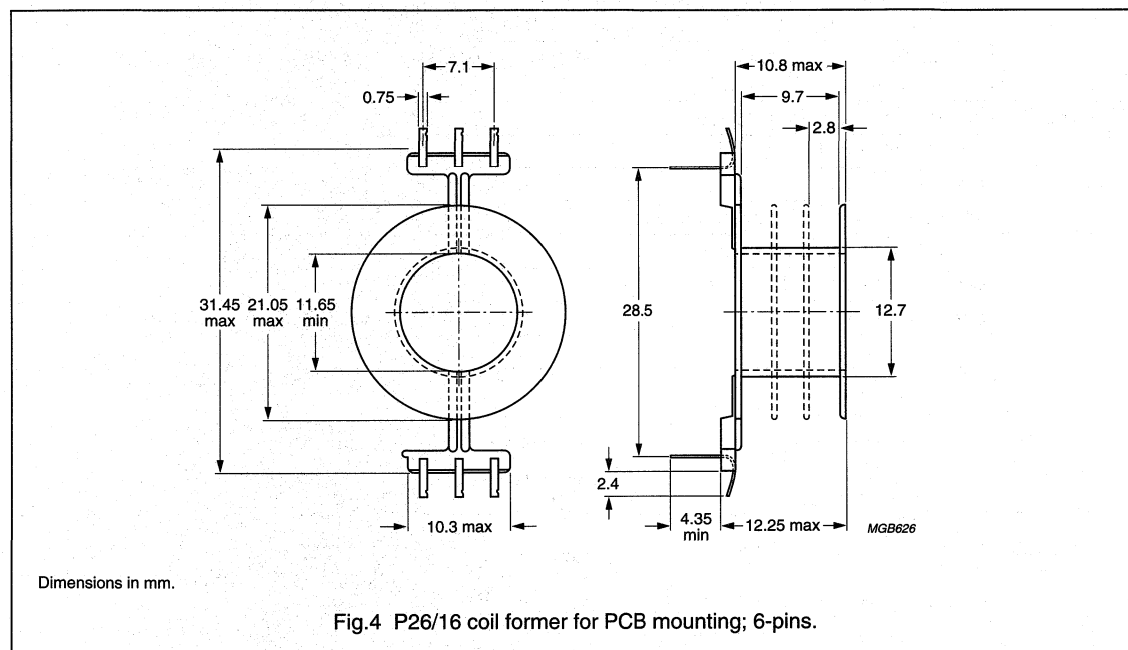
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	37.1	9.3	52.6	CP-P26/16-1S
2	2 × 17.5	2 × 4.35	52.6	CP-P26/16-2S
3	3 × 11	3 × 2.7	52.6	CP-P26/16-3S

## P cores and accessories

P26/16

## General data 6-pins P26/16 coil former for PCB mounting

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Data for 6-pins P26/16 coil former for PCB mounting

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	MINIMUM LENGTH OF PINS (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	36.7	9.7	52.7	4.4	CPV-P26/16-1S-6PD
1	36.7	9.7	52.7	6.8	CPV-P26/16-1S-6PDL
2	2 × 16.6	2 × 4.5	52.7	4.4	CPV-P26/16-2S-6PD
2	2 × 16.6	2 × 4.5	52.7	6.8	CPV-P26/16-2S-6PDL
3	3 × 10.3	3 × 2.8	52.7	4.4	CPV-P26/16-3S-6PD <sup>(1)</sup>
3	3 × 10.3	3 × 2.8	52.7	6.8	CPV-P26/16-3S-6PDL <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

- In accordance with "UL 94-HB".

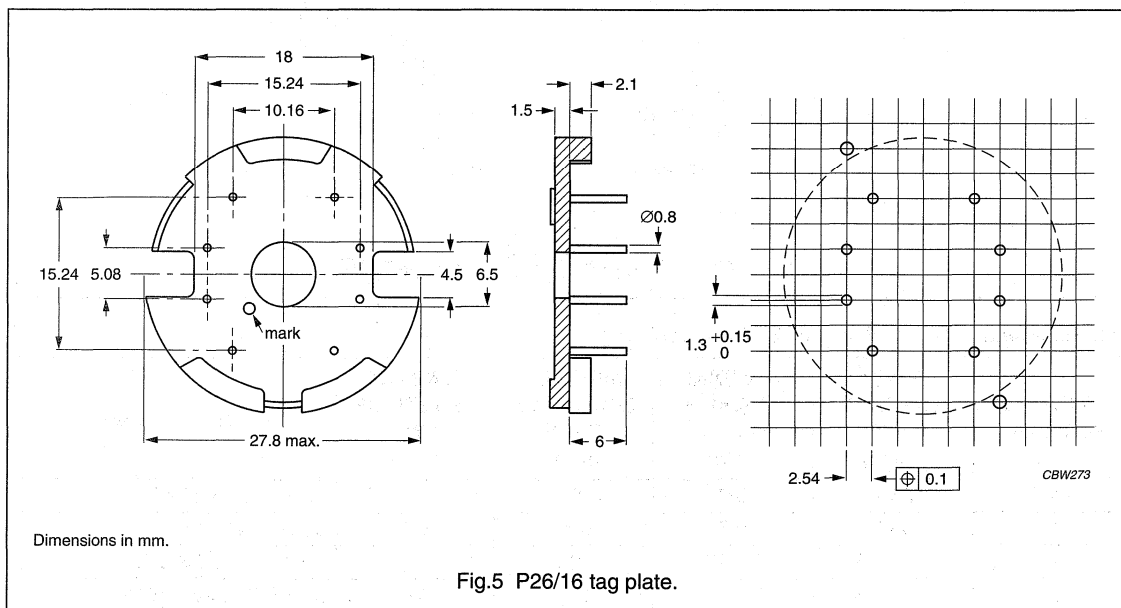
P cores and accessories

P26/16

MOUNTING PARTS

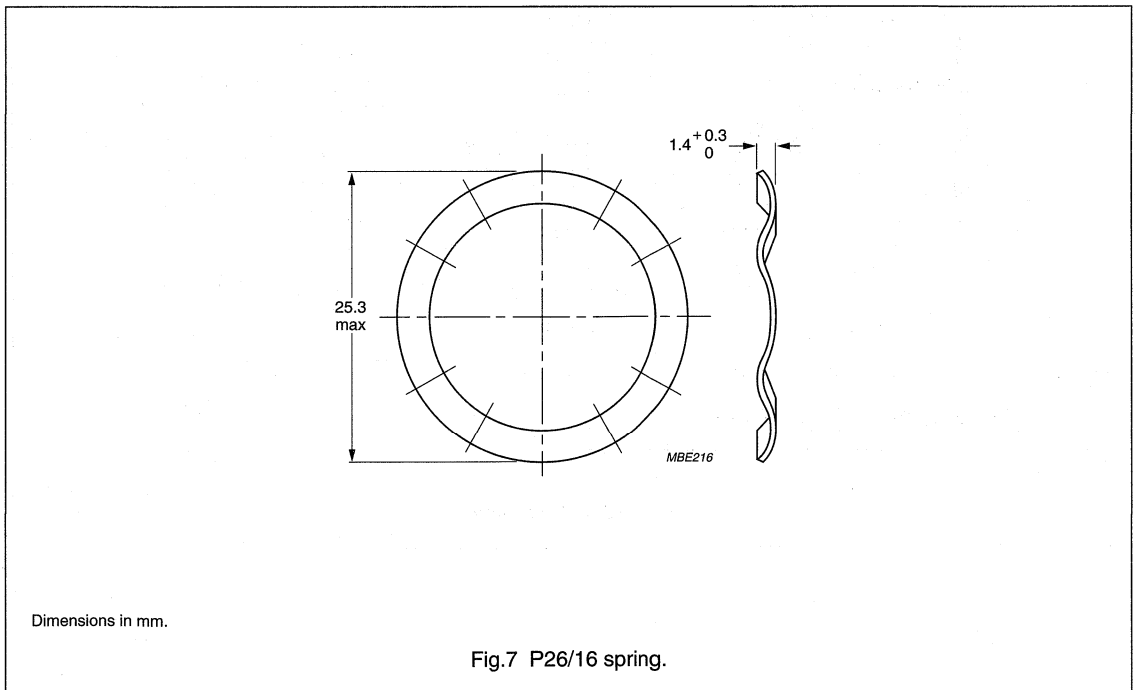
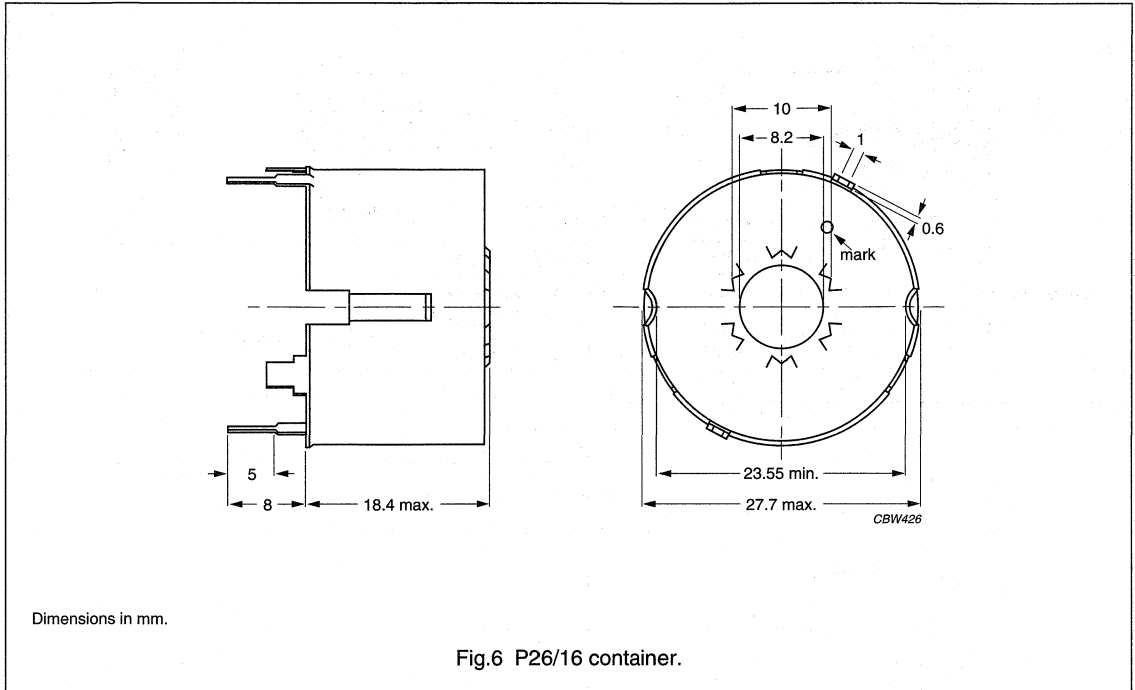
General data

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	5	TGP-P26/16-8P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy, SnPb-plated	6	CON-P26/16
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	7	SPR-P26/16
	spring force: ≈200 N when mounted		
Nut	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	8	NUT
Bush	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	9	FIB
Clamp	spring steel, tin-plated	10	CLM/TP-P26/16



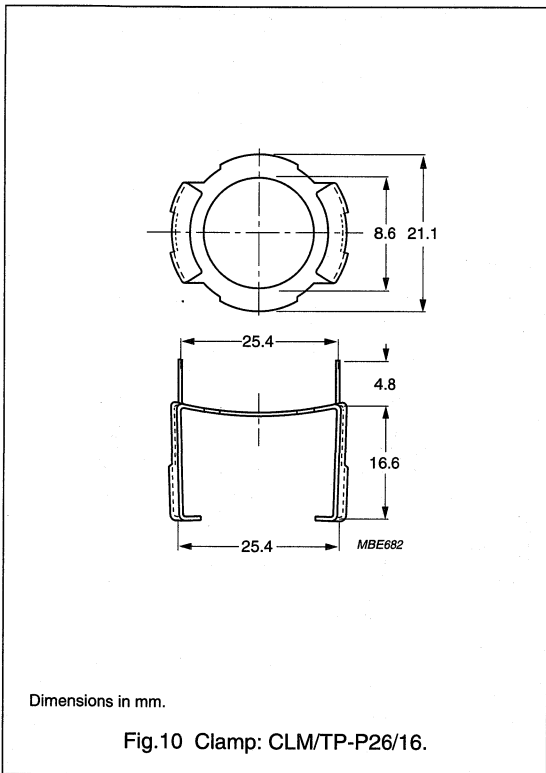
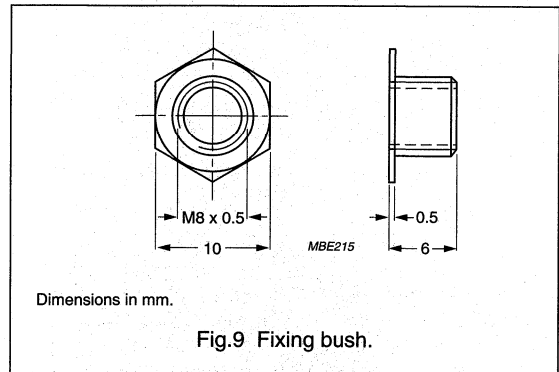
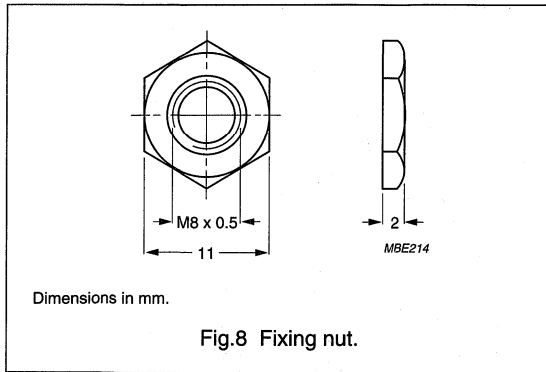
P cores and accessories

P26/16



P cores and accessories

P26/16



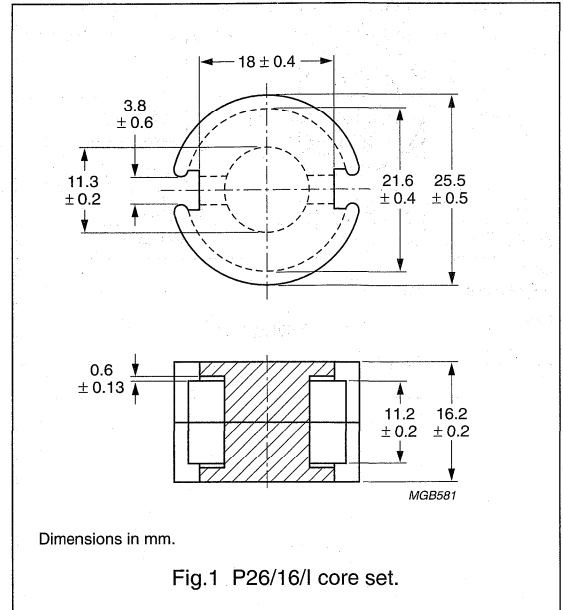
## P cores and accessories

P26/16/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.360	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4370	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	39.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	110	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	82.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈21	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $50 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 ±3%	≈72	≈638	P26/16/I-3C81-E250
	315 ±3%	≈90	≈488	P26/16/I-3C81-A315
	400 ±3%	≈115	≈371	P26/16/I-3C81-A400
	630 ±3%	≈181	≈218	P26/16/I-3C81-A630
	1000 ±3%	≈287	≈127	P26/16/I-3C81-A1000
	7000 ±25%	≈2010	≈0	P26/16/I-3C81
3C91 <small>prot</small>	7000 ±25%	≈2010	≈0	P26/16/I-3C91
3F3	250 ±3%	≈72	≈638	P26/16/I-3F3-E250
	315 ±3%	≈90	≈488	P26/16/I-3F3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈115	≈371	P26/16/I-3F3-A400
	630 ±3%	≈181	≈218	P26/16/I-3F3-A630
	1000 ±3%	≈287	≈127	P26/16/I-3F3-A1000
	5250 ±25%	≈1505	≈0	P26/16/I-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P26/16/I

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

For coil former and winding data, see data sheet, "P26/16".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤1.0	–	–	–
3C91	≥320	–	≈0.40 <sup>(1)</sup>	≈2.3 <sup>(1)</sup>	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.48	–	≤0.83

**Note**

1. Measured at 60 °C.



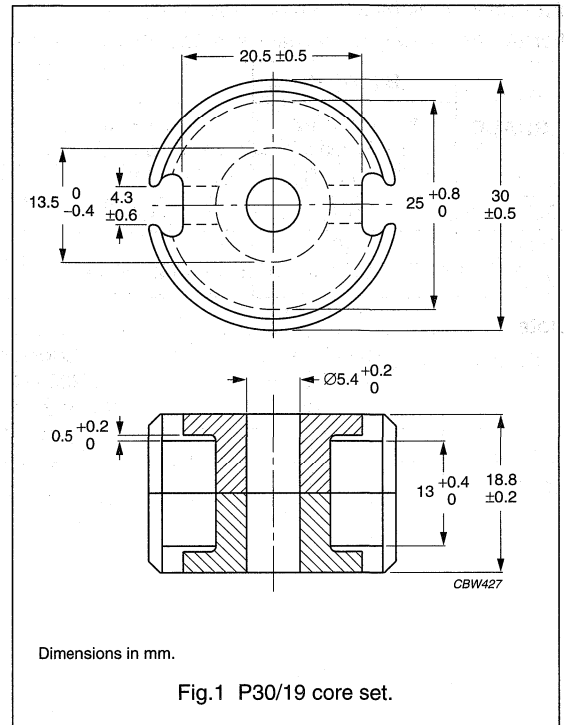
## P cores and accessories

P30/19

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.330	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	6 190	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	45.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	137	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	115	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of set	$\approx 34$	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $250 \pm 50$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 700$	P30/19-3C81-E250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 550$	P30/19-3C81-A315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 105$	$\approx 400$	P30/19-3C81-A400
	$630 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 165$	$\approx 250$	P30/19-3C81-A630
	$1000 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 263$	$\approx 160$	P30/19-3C81-A1000
	$8300 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2170$	$\approx 0$	P30/19-3C81
3F3	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 66$	$\approx 700$	P30/19-3F3-E250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 83$	$\approx 550$	P30/19-3F3-A315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 105$	$\approx 400$	P30/19-3F3-A400
	$630 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 165$	$\approx 250$	P30/19-3F3-A630
	$1000 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 263$	$\approx 160$	P30/19-3F3-A1000
	$5750 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1500$	$\approx 0$	P30/19-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P30/19

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $250 \pm 50$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	$10300 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2700$	P30/19-3E1
3E27	$14000 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3650$	P30/19-3E27
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	$15100 +40/-30\%$	$\approx 3960$	P30/19-3E4

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 315$	$\leq 1.43$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 0.70$	$\leq 1.20$

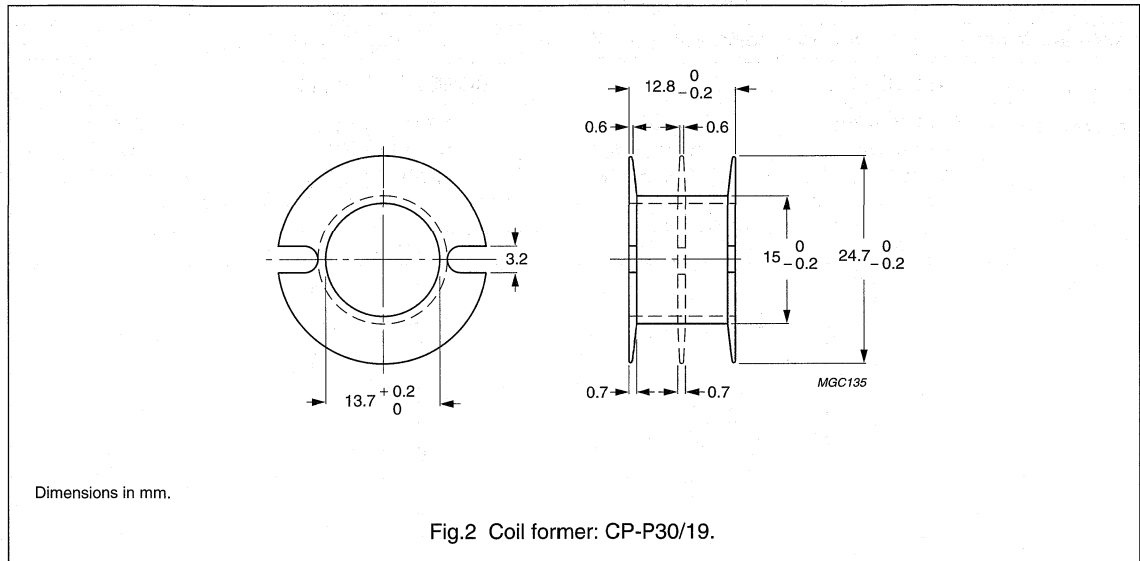
## P cores and accessories

P30/19

## COIL FORMERS

## General data CP-P30/19 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for P30/19 coil former

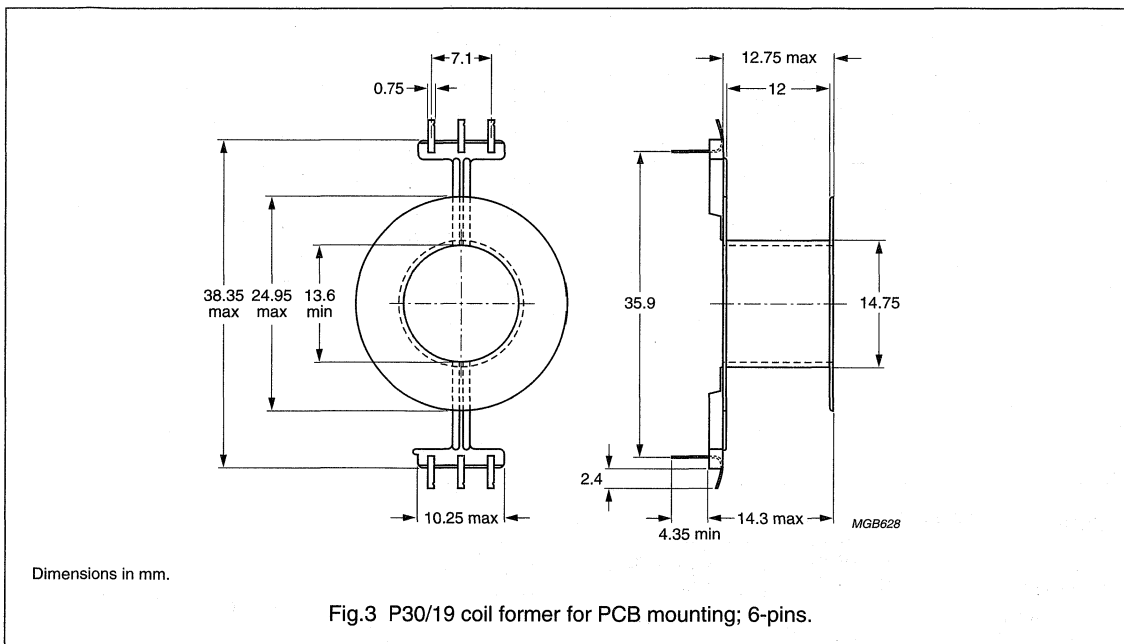
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	53.2	11.1	62	CP-P30/19-1S
2	2 × 24.9	2 × 5.15	62	CP-P30/19-2S
3	3 × 15.5	3 × 3.2	62	CP-P30/19-3S

## P cores and accessories

P30/19

## General data 6-pins P30/19 coil former for PCB mounting

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyamide (PA6.6), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94-HB"; UL file number E41938(M)
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085", class B
Pin material	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 1, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s. For connection of wire to pins: 430 °C, 2 seconds
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1, 235 °C, 2 s



## Data for 6-pins P30/19 coil former for PCB mounting

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	MINIMUM LENGTH OF PINS (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	55.2	12.8	62.2	4.4	CPV-P30/19-1S-6PD
1	55.2	12.8	62.2	6.8	CPV-P30/19-1S-6PDL

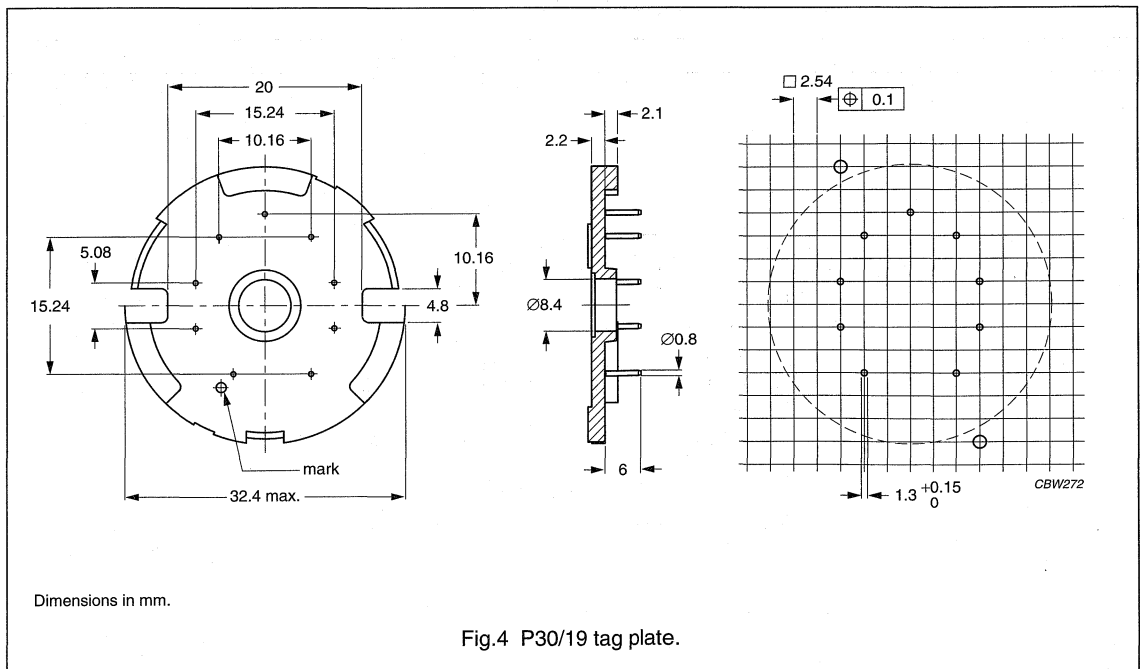
P cores and accessories

P30/19

MOUNTING PARTS

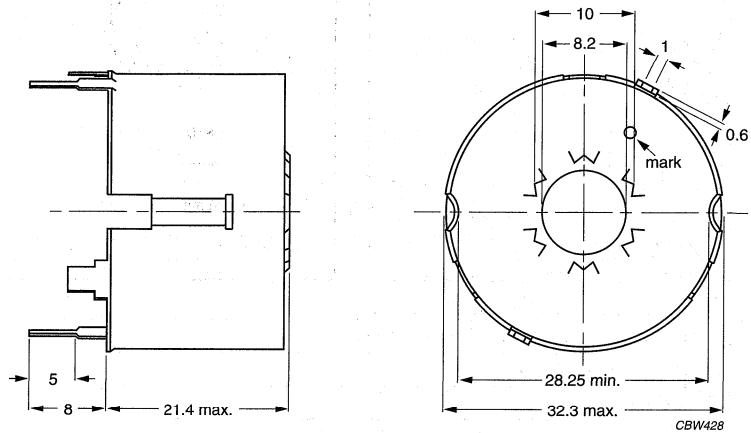
General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	4	TGP-P30/19-9P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	5	CON-P30/19
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	6	SPR-P30/19
	spring force: ≈250 N when mounted		
Nut	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	7	NUT
Bush	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	8	FIB
Clamp	spring steel, tin-plated	9	CLM/TS-P30/19



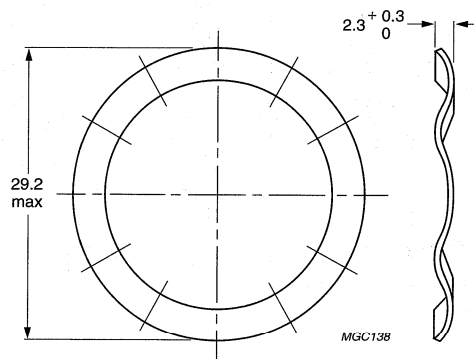
P cores and accessories

P30/19



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.5 P30/19 container.

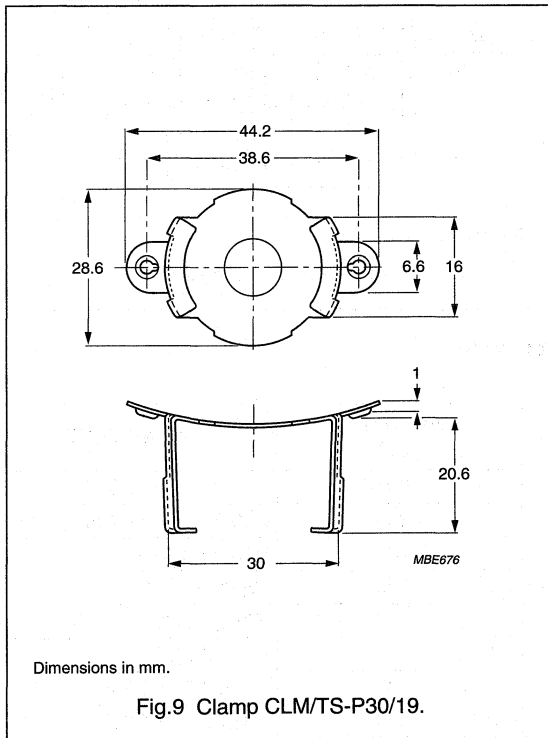
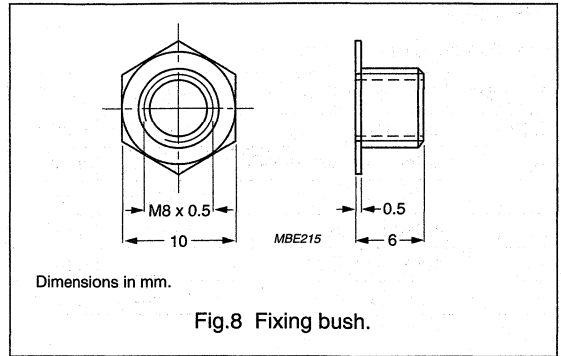
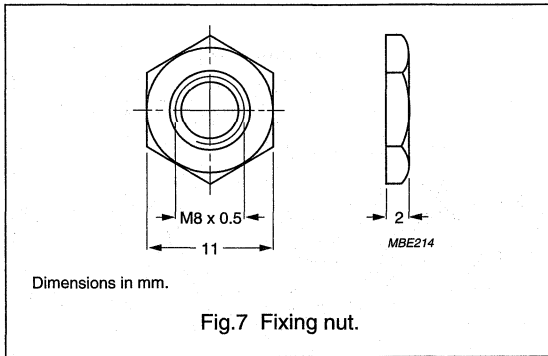


Dimensions in mm.

Fig.6 P30/19 spring.

P cores and accessories

P30/19



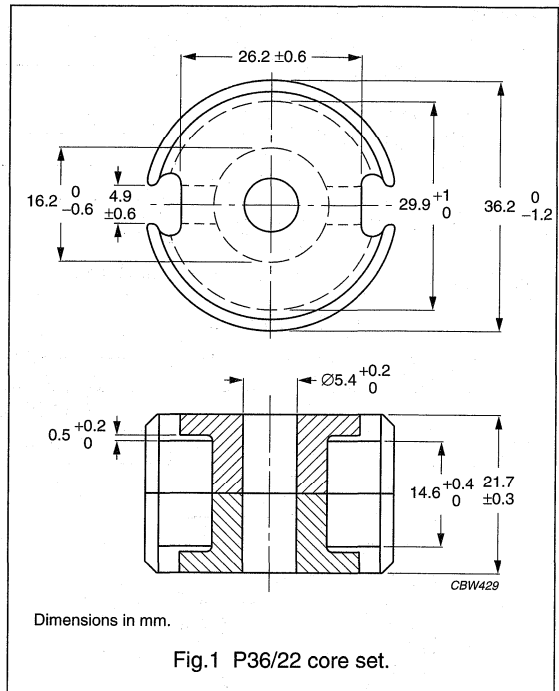
## P cores and accessories

P36/22

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.264	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	10700	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	53.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	202	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	172	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈54	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 350 ± 50 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	315 ± 3%	≈ 66	≈ 800	P36/22-3C81-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈ 84	≈ 600	P36/22-3C81-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈ 132	≈ 400	P36/22-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 3%	≈ 210	≈ 200	P36/22-3C81-A1000
	1600 ± 5%	≈ 336	≈ 160	P36/22-3C81-A1600
	10800 ± 25%	≈ 2260	≈ 0	P36/22-3C81
3F3	250 ± 3%	≈ 53	≈ 1100	P36/22-3F3-E250
	315 ± 3%	≈ 66	≈ 800	P36/22-3F3-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈ 84	≈ 600	P36/22-3F3-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈ 132	≈ 400	P36/22-3F3-A630
	1000 ± 3%	≈ 210	≈ 200	P36/22-3F3-A1000
	1600 ± 5%	≈ 336	≈ 160	P36/22-3F3-A1600
	7350 ± 25%	≈ 1540	≈ 0	P36/22-3F3



## P cores and accessories

P36/22

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $350 \pm 50$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	$13300 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 2800$	P36/22-3E1
3E27	$17500 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 3670$	P36/22-3E27
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	$19300 +40/-30\%$	$\approx 4050$	P36/22-3E4

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 315$	$\leq 2.5$	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 1.2$	$\leq 2.0$

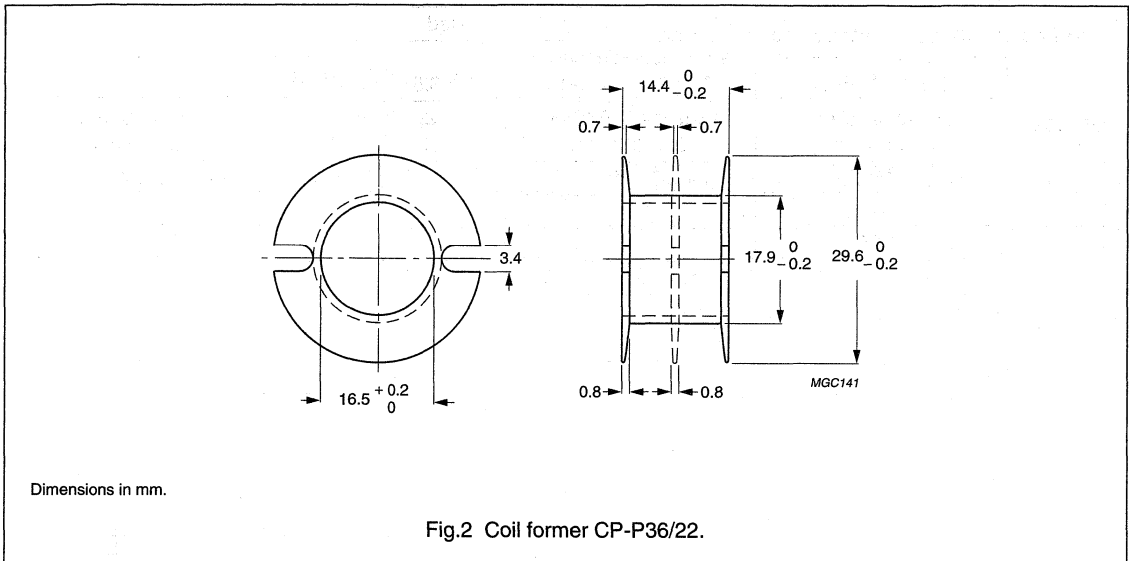
## P cores and accessories

P36/22

## COIL FORMERS

## General data for coil former CP-P36/22

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329 (R)
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F



## Winding data for coil former CP-P36/22

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	72.4	12.5	74.3	CP-P36/22-1S
2	2 × 33.9	2 × 5.8	74.3	CP-P36/22-2S
3	3 × 21.0	3 × 3.6	74.3	CP-P36/22-3S

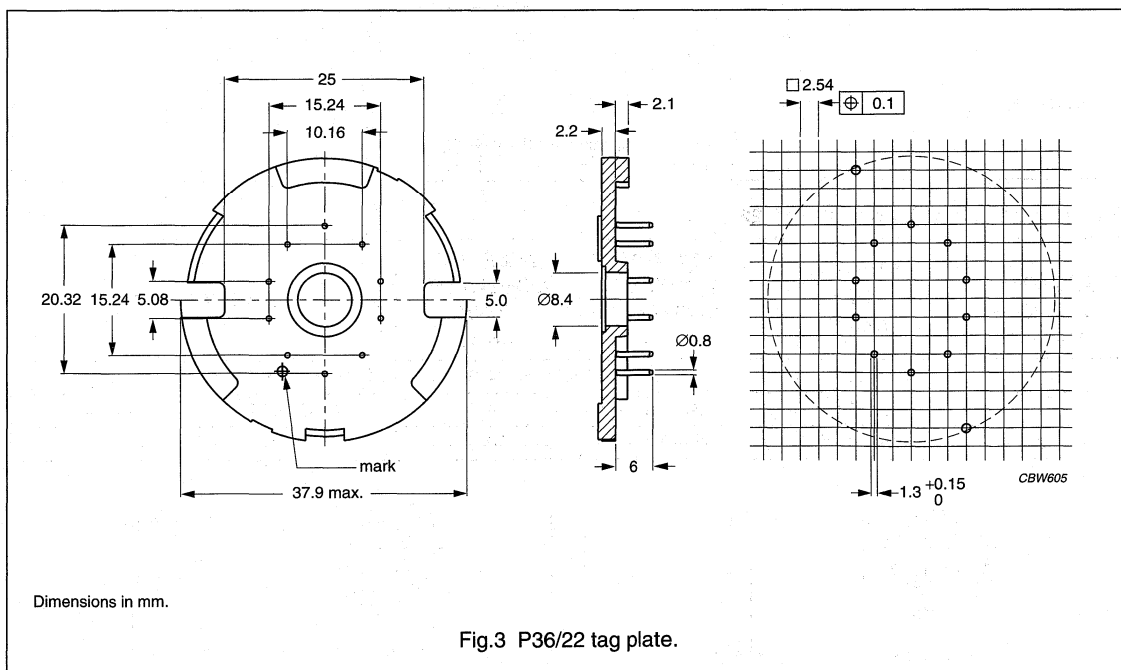
P cores and accessories

P36/22

MOUNTING PARTS

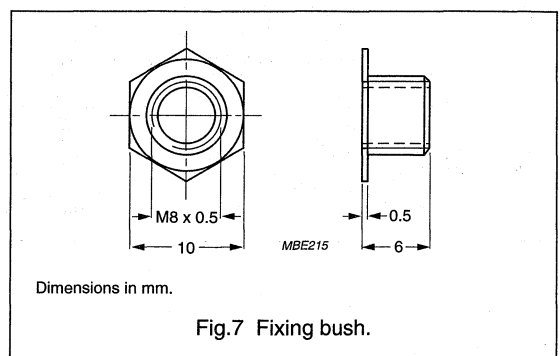
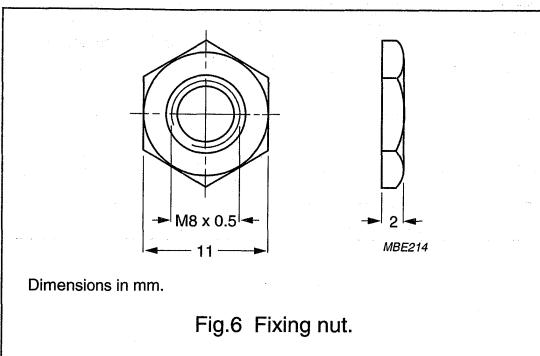
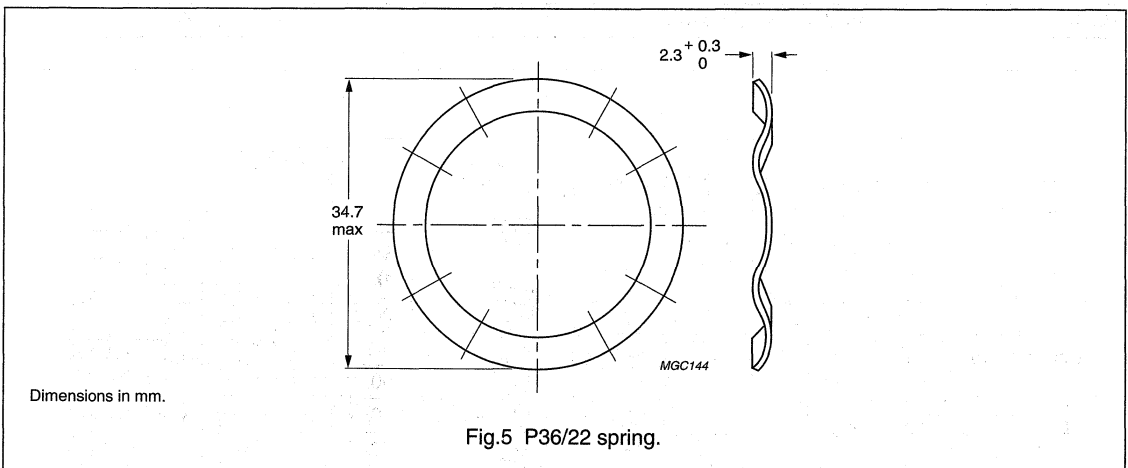
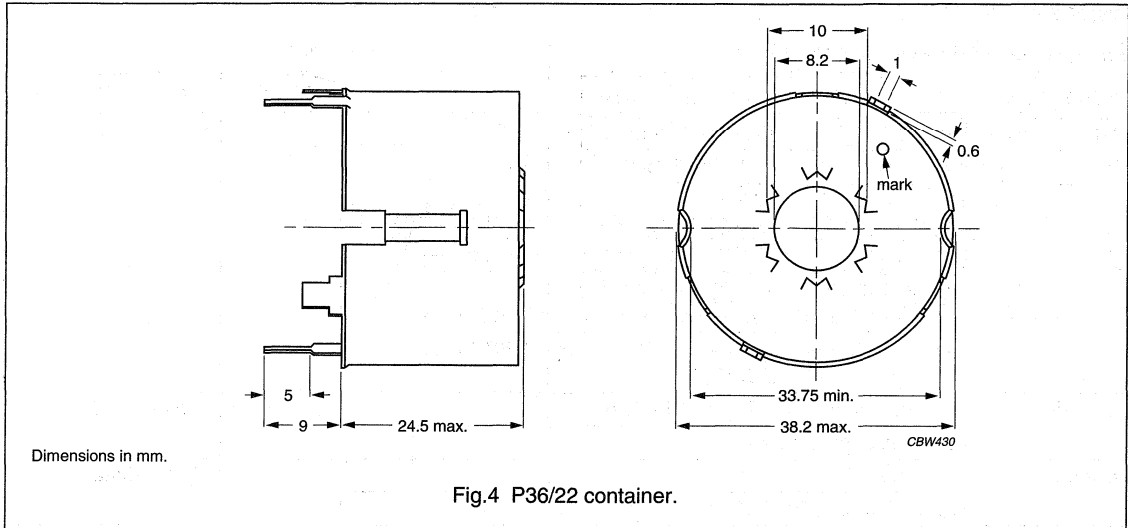
General data and ordering information

ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	3	TGP-P36/22-10P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	4	CON-P36/22
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	5	SPR-P36/22
	spring force: ≈350 N when mounted		
Nut	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	6	NUT
Bush	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	7	FIB



P cores and accessories

P36/22



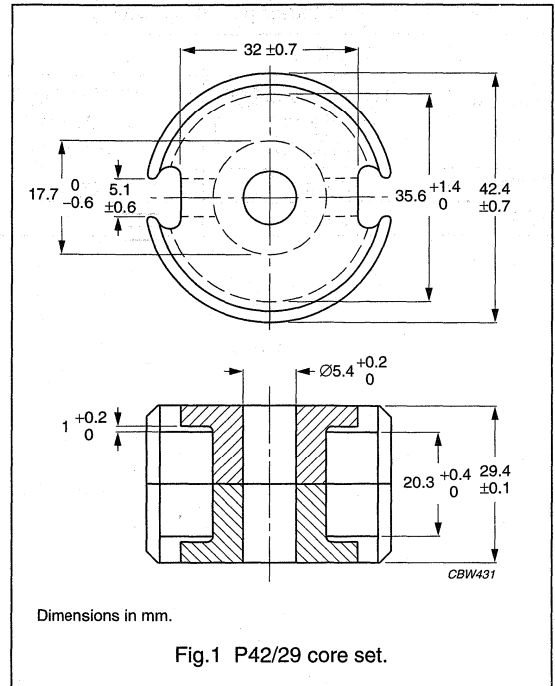
P cores and accessories

P42/29

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.259	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	18200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	68.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	265	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	214	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈104	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 550 ± 100 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	315 ± 3%	≈65	≈1100	P42/29-3C81-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈81	≈800	P42/29-3C81-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈130	≈500	P42/29-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 3%	≈205	≈270	P42/29-3C81-A1000
	1600 ± 5%	≈325	≈150	P42/29-3C81-A1600
	11500 ± 25%	≈2340	≈0	P42/29-3C81
3F3	315 ± 3%	≈65	≈1100	P42/29-3F3-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈81	≈800	P42/29-3F3-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈130	≈500	P42/29-3F3-A630
	1000 ± 3%	≈205	≈270	P42/29-3F3-A1000
	1600 ± 5%	≈325	≈150	P42/29-3F3-A1600
	7700 ± 25%	≈1600	≈0	P42/29-3F3

## P cores and accessories

P42/29

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	≤4.2	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	≤2.0	≤3.5

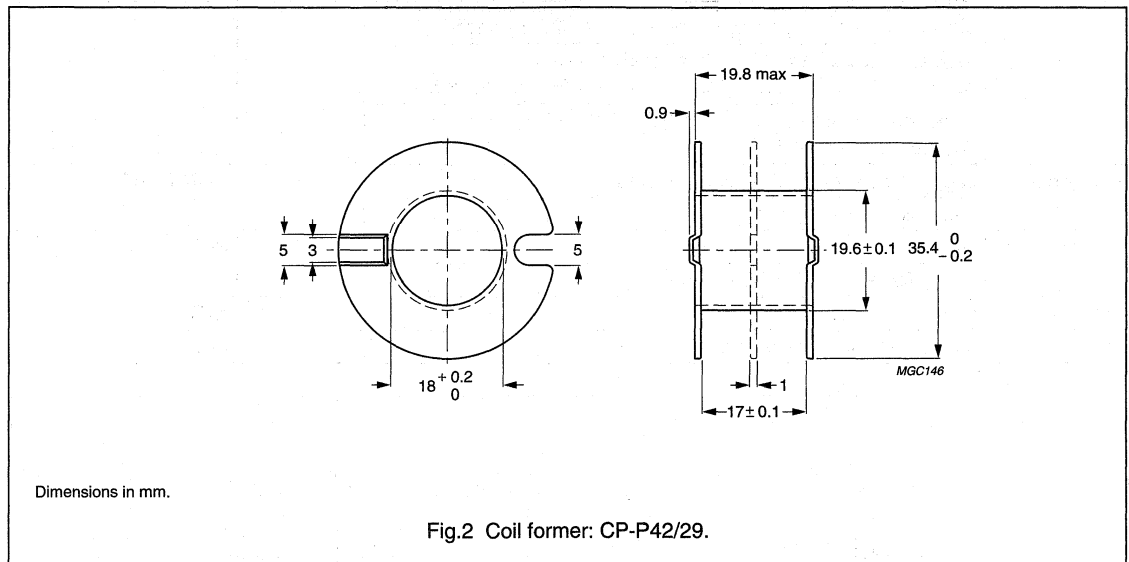
P cores and accessories

P42/29

**COIL FORMERS**

**General data CP-P42/29 coil former**

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polycarbonate (PC), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E41613(M)
Maximum operating temperature	115 °C



**Winding data for CP-P42/29 coil former**

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	140	17.7	86	CP-P42/29-1S
2	2 × 63	2 × 8	86	CP-P42/29-2S

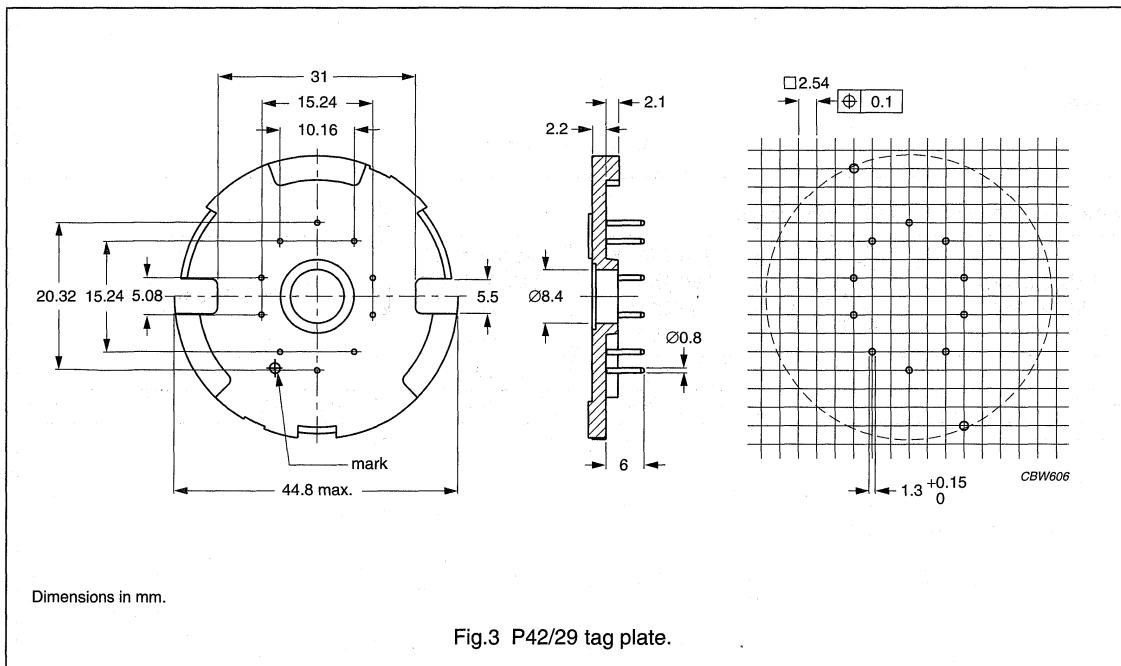
P cores and accessories

P42/29

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data and ordering information**

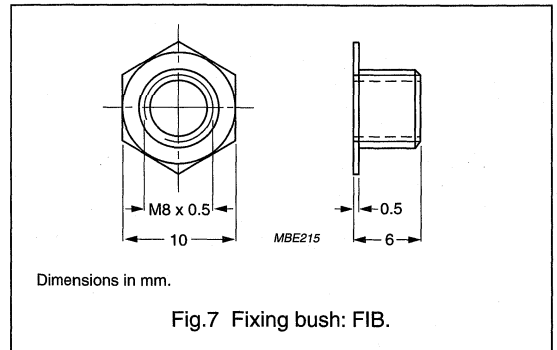
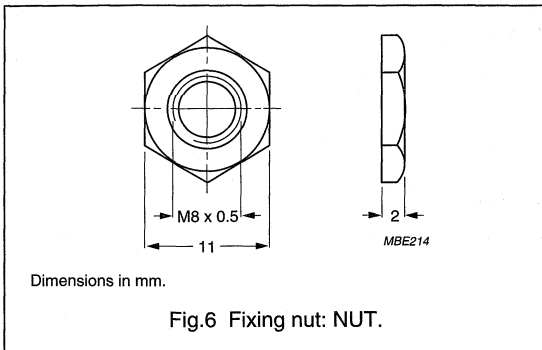
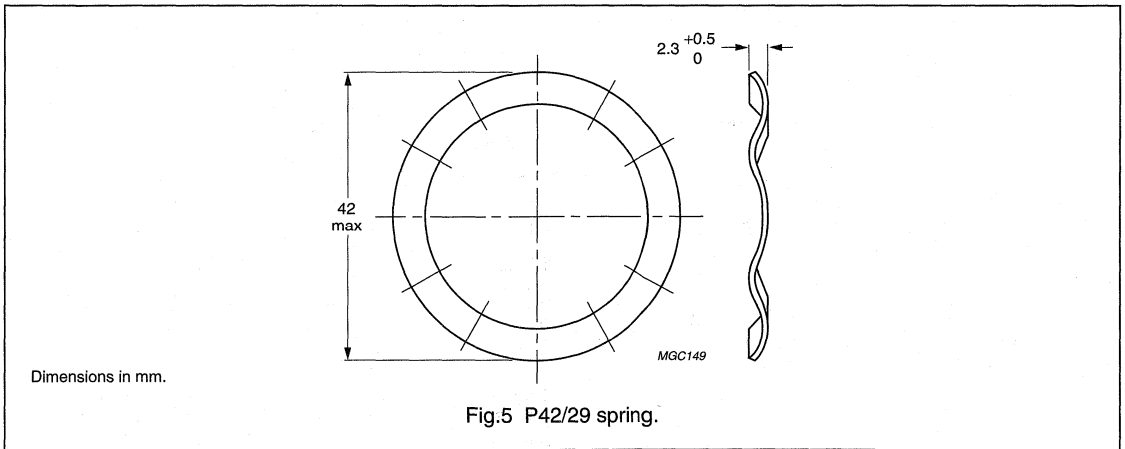
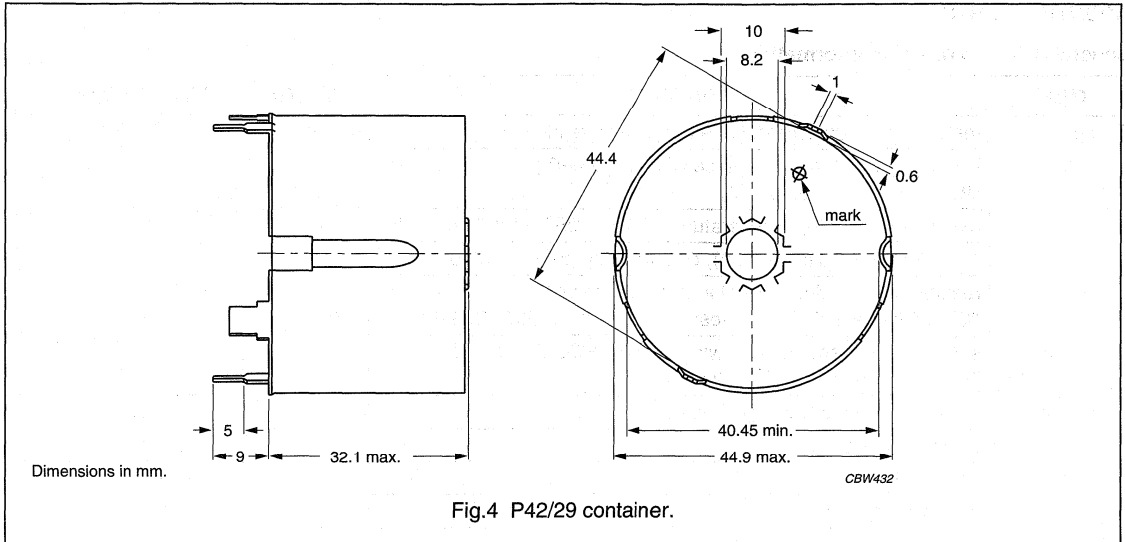
ITEM	REMARKS	FIGURE	TYPE NUMBER
Tag plate	material: phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced	3	TGP-P42/29-10P
	flame retardant: in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)		
	maximum operating temperature: 180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H		
	pins: copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated		
	resistance to soldering heat in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s		
	solderability in accordance with "IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s		
Container	copper-zinc alloy (CuZn), SnPb-plated	4	CON-P42/29
	earth pins: presoldered		
Spring	CrNi-steel	5	SPR-P42/29
	spring force: ≈350 N when mounted		
Nut	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	6	NUT
Bush	copper-zinc alloy, nickel-plated	7	FIB



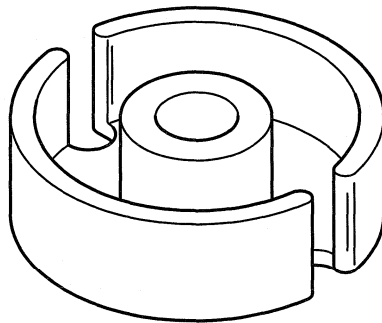


P cores and accessories

P42/29







CBW363

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

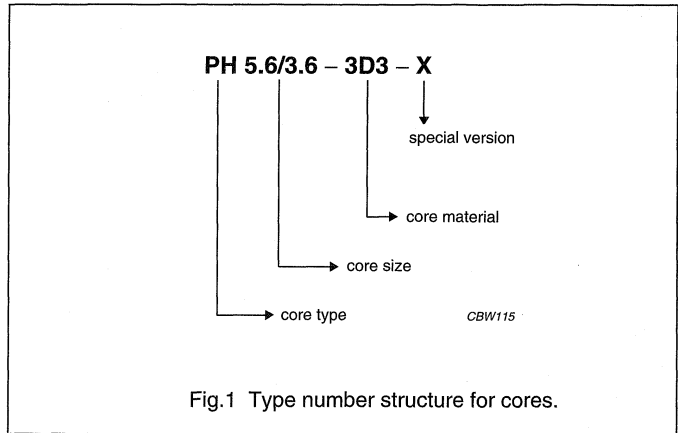
Soft Ferrites

PH cores

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND  
TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview PH cores

CORE TYPE
PH5.6/3.6
PH7.4/3.9
PH9.4/4.8



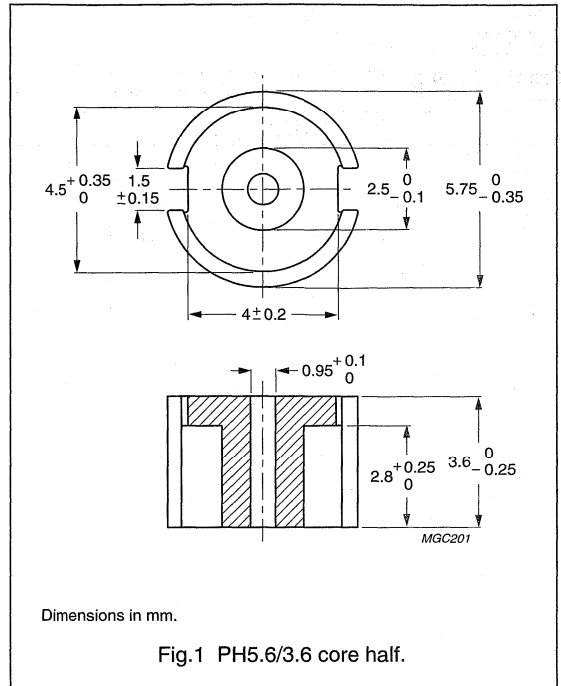
PH cores

PH5.6/3.6

CORE HALF

Ordering information

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3D3	PH5.6/3.6-3D3



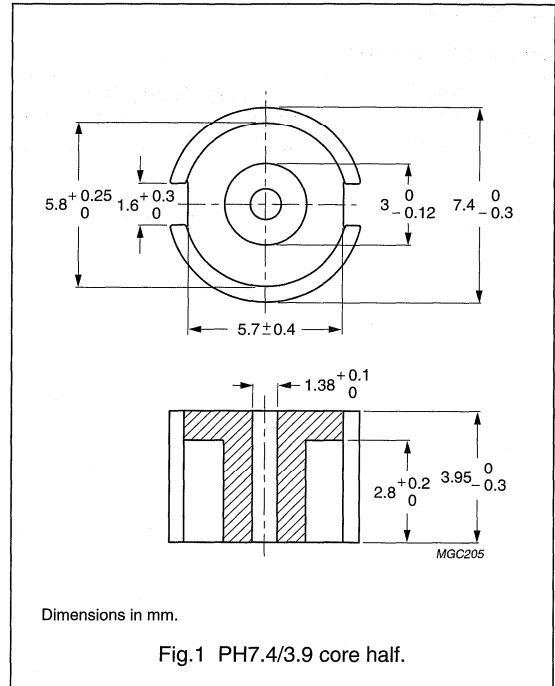
PH cores

PH7.4/3.9

**CORE HALF**

**Ordering information**

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3D3	PH7.4/3.9-3D3



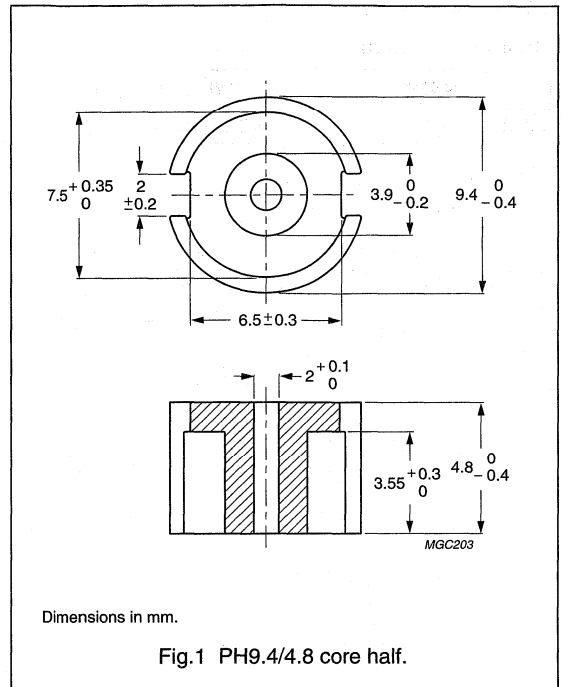
PH cores

PH9.4/4.8

CORE HALF

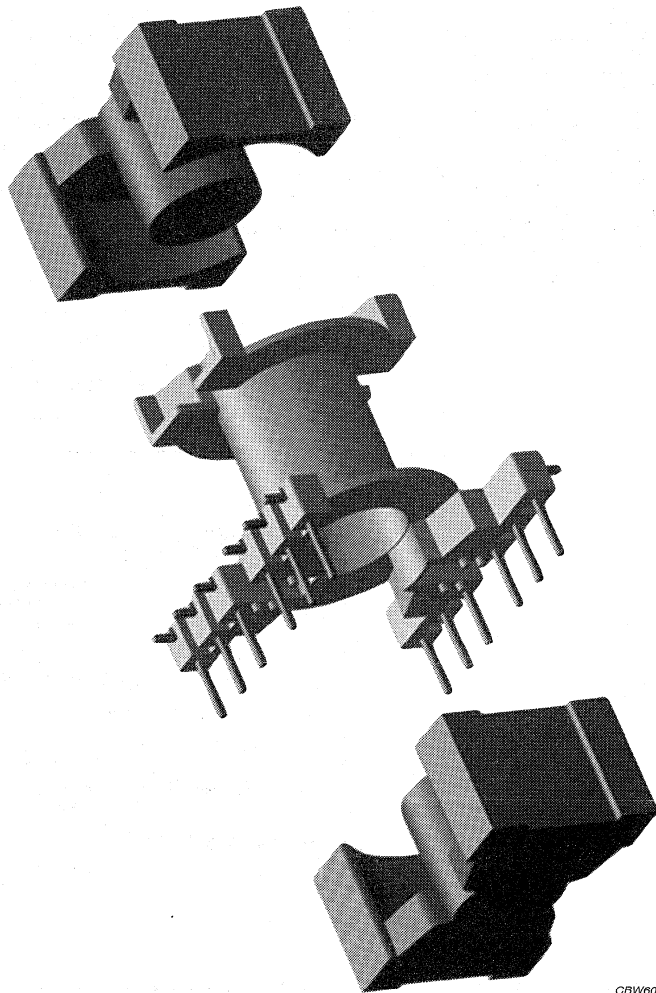
Ordering information

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3D3	PH9.4/4.8-3D3









CBW607

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

PQ cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview PQ cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
PQ20/16	2330	61.9	11
PQ20/20	2850	62.6	14
PQ26/20	5820	121	29
PQ26/25	6530	120	32
PQ32/20	9440	169	47
PQ32/30	12500	167	62
PQ35/35	16300	190	80

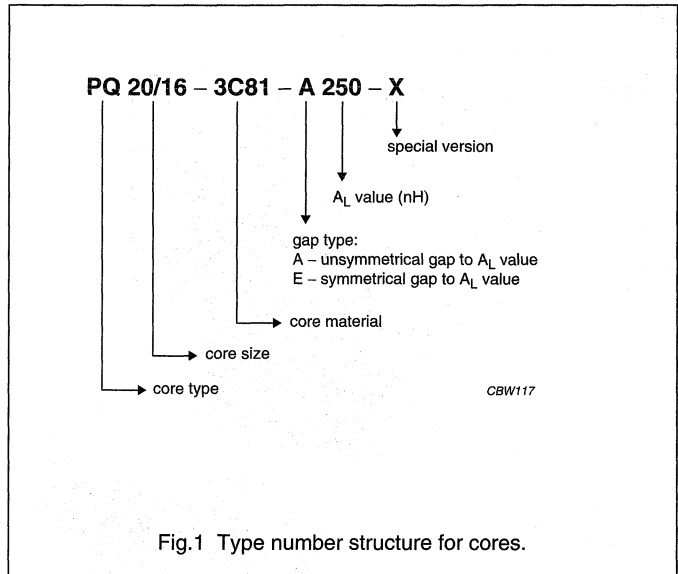


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

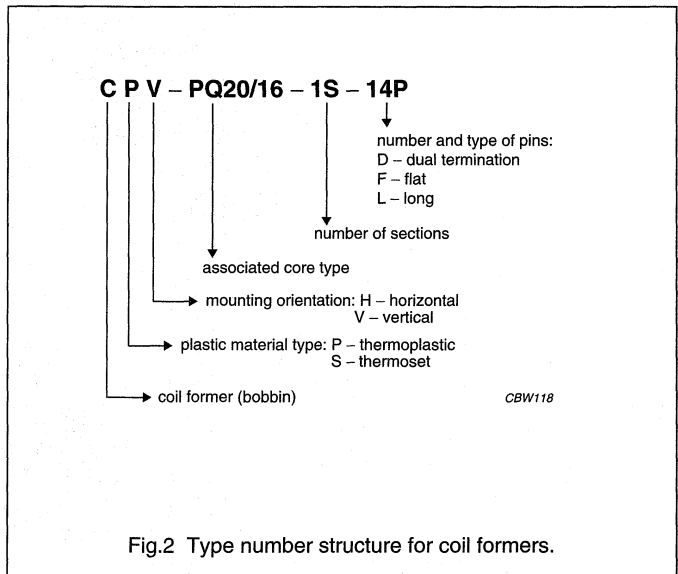


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.

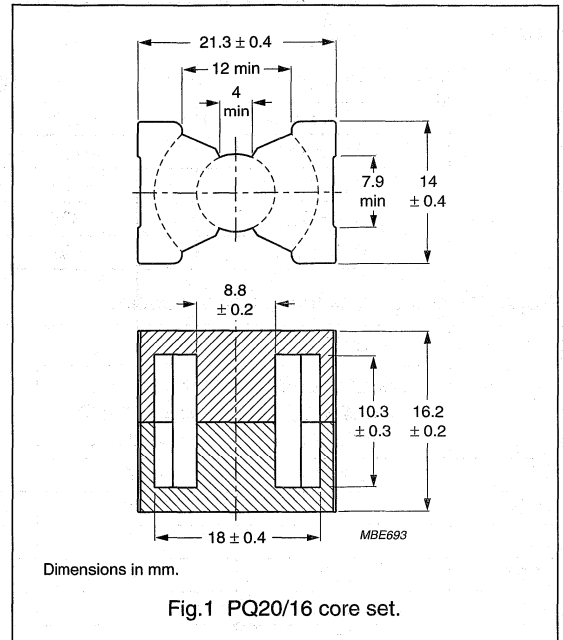
## PQ cores and accessories

PQ20/16

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.607	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2330	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	37.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	61.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	59.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈11	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 30 ± 10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 ± 3%	≈78	≈577	PQ20/16-3C81-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈121	≈340	PQ20/16-3C81-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈153	≈262	PQ20/16-3C81-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈194	≈196	PQ20/16-3C81-A400
	630 ± 5%	≈305	≈114	PQ20/16-3C81-A630
	4080 ± 25%	≈1980	≈0	PQ20/16-3C81
3C90	160 ± 3%	≈78	≈577	PQ20/16-3C90-A160
	250 ± 3%	≈121	≈340	PQ20/16-3C90-A250
	315 ± 3%	≈153	≈262	PQ20/16-3C90-A315
	400 ± 3%	≈194	≈196	PQ20/16-3C90-A400
	630 ± 5%	≈305	≈114	PQ20/16-3C90-A630
	3250 ± 25%	≈1580	≈0	PQ20/16-3C90
3C91 <small>prot</small>	4080 ± 25%	≈1980	≈0	PQ20/16-3C91
3C94 <small>des</small>	3250 ± 25%	≈1580	≈0	PQ20/16-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	3250 ± 25%	≈1580	≈0	PQ20/16-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

PQ20/16

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 78	$\approx$ 577	PQ20/16-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 121	$\approx$ 340	PQ20/16-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 153	$\approx$ 262	PQ20/16-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 194	$\approx$ 196	PQ20/16-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 305	$\approx$ 114	PQ20/16-3F3-A630
	3080 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1492	$\approx$ 0	PQ20/16-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.54	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.28	$\leq$ 0.30	–	–
3C91	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.25	$\approx$ 1.5	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.22	$\approx$ 1.0	$\approx$ 0.49
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.16	$\approx$ 0.7	$\approx$ 0.35
3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.26	–	$\leq$ 0.44

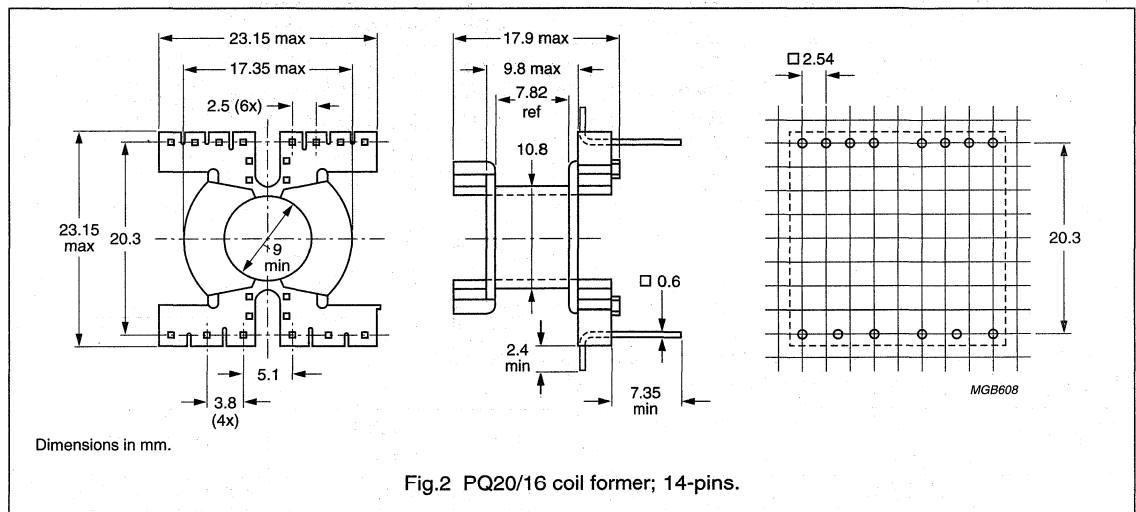
PQ cores and accessories

PQ20/16

COIL FORMER

General data 14-pins PQ20/16 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 14-pins PQ20/16 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	23.5	7.95	44.0	CPV-PQ20/16-1S-14P
1	23.5	7.95	44.0	CPV-PQ20/16-1S-14PD

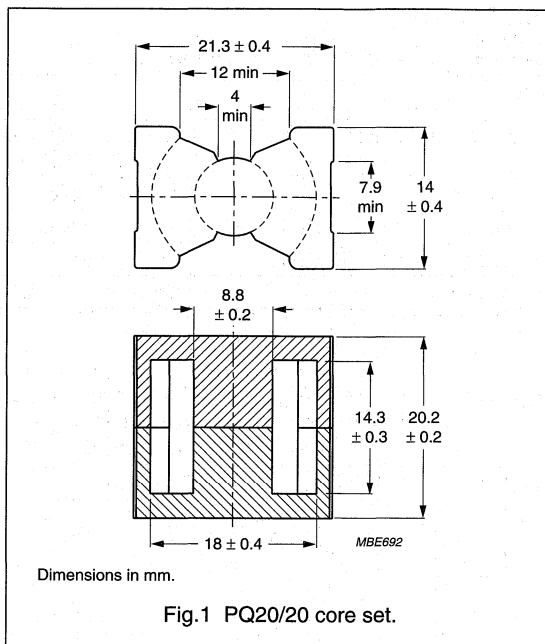
## PQ cores and accessories

PQ20/20

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.731	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2850	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	45.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	62.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	59.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈14	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 ±3%	≈93	≈582	PQ20/20-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈145	≈340	PQ20/20-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈183	≈259	PQ20/20-3C81-A315
	400 ±3%	≈232	≈193	PQ20/20-3C81-A400
	630 ±5%	≈365	≈109	PQ20/20-3C81-A630
	3580 ±25%	≈2080	≈0	PQ20/20-3C81
3C90	160 ±3%	≈93	≈582	PQ20/20-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈145	≈340	PQ20/20-3C90-A250
	315 ±3%	≈183	≈259	PQ20/20-3C90-A315
	400 ±3%	≈232	≈193	PQ20/20-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈365	≈109	PQ20/20-3C90-A630
	2820 ±25%	≈1635	≈0	PQ20/20-3C90
3C91	3580 ±25%	≈2080	≈0	PQ20/20-3C91
3C94	2820 ±25%	≈1635	≈0	PQ20/20-3C94
3C96	2820 ±25%	≈1635	≈0	PQ20/20-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

PQ20/20

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 93$	$\approx 582$	PQ20/20-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 145$	$\approx 340$	PQ20/20-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 183$	$\approx 259$	PQ20/20-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 232$	$\approx 193$	PQ20/20-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 365$	$\approx 109$	PQ20/20-3F3-A630
	2650 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1538$	$\approx 0$	PQ20/20-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.66$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.35$	$\leq 0.37$	–	–
3C91	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.3$	$\approx 2.0$	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.27$	$\approx 1.3$	$\approx 0.60$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.2$	$\approx 1.0$	$\approx 0.45$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.31$	–	$\leq 0.54$

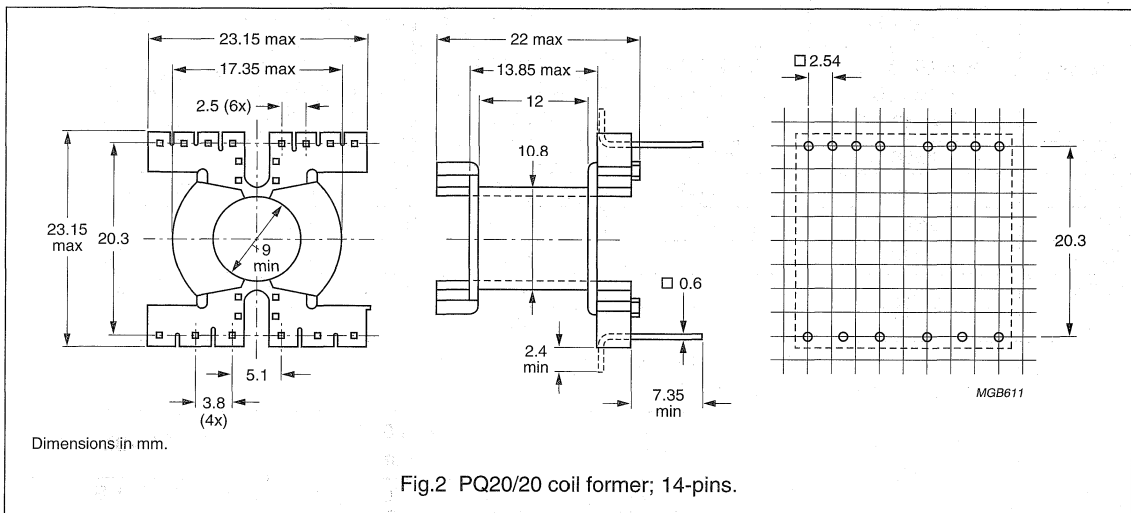
## PQ cores and accessories

## PQ20/20

## COIL FORMER

## General data 14-pins PQ20/20 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 14-pins PQ20/20 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	36.0	12.0	44.0	CPV-PQ20/20-1S-14P
1	36.0	12.0	44.0	CPV-PQ20/20-1S-14PD



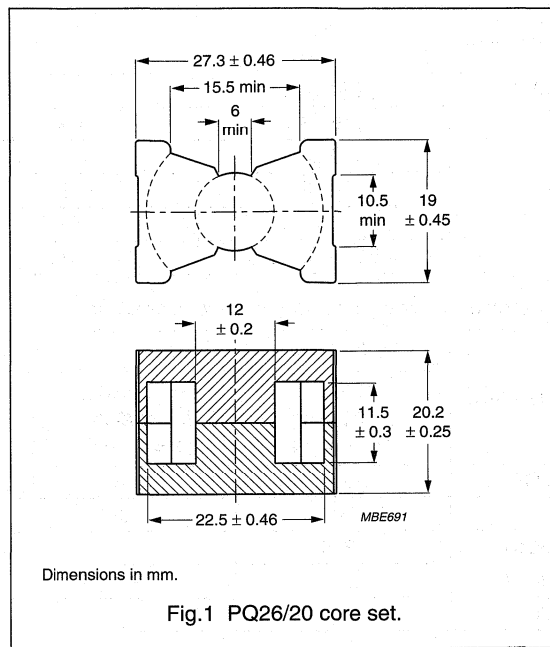
## PQ cores and accessories

## PQ26/20

## CORE SETS




## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.372	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5470	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	45.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	121	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	109	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈29	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 15$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈74	≈704	PQ26/20-3C81-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	≈93	≈539	PQ26/20-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	≈118	≈406	PQ26/20-3C81-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	≈186	≈241	PQ26/20-3C81-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	≈259	≈137	PQ26/20-3C81-A1000
	7020 $\pm 25\%$	≈2070	≈0	PQ26/20-3C81
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈74	≈704	PQ26/20-3C90-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	≈93	≈539	PQ26/20-3C90-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	≈118	≈406	PQ26/20-3C90-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	≈186	≈241	PQ26/20-3C90-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	≈259	≈137	PQ26/20-3C90-A1000
	5530 $\pm 25\%$	≈1630	≈0	PQ26/20-3C90
3C91 	7020 $\pm 25\%$	≈2070	≈0	PQ26/20-3C91
3C94 	5530 $\pm 25\%$	≈1580	≈0	PQ26/20-3C94
3C96 	5530 $\pm 25\%$	≈1580	≈0	PQ26/20-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

PQ26/20

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 74$	$\approx 704$	PQ26/20-3F3-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 93$	$\approx 539$	PQ26/20-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 118$	$\approx 406$	PQ26/20-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 186$	$\approx 241$	PQ26/20-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 259$	$\approx 137$	PQ26/20-3C81-A1000
	5200 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1535$	$\approx 0$	PQ26/20-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 1.3$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.66$	$\leq 0.70$	–	–
3C91	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.6$	$\approx 3.5$	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.52$	$\approx 2.4$	$\approx 1.2$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.4$	$\approx 1.7$	$\approx 0.9$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.64$	–	$\leq 1.1$

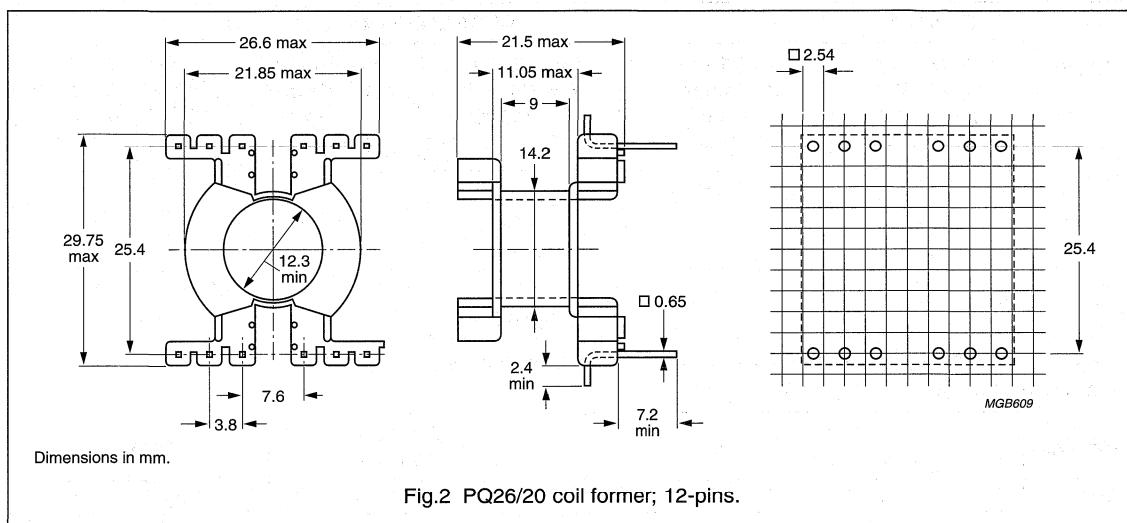
PQ cores and accessories

PQ26/20

**COIL FORMER**

**General data 12-pins PQ26/20 coil former**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



**Winding data for 12-pins PQ26/20 coil former**

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	31.1	9.0	56.4	CPV-PQ26/20-1S-12P
1	31.1	9.0	56.4	CPV-PQ26/20-1S-12PD

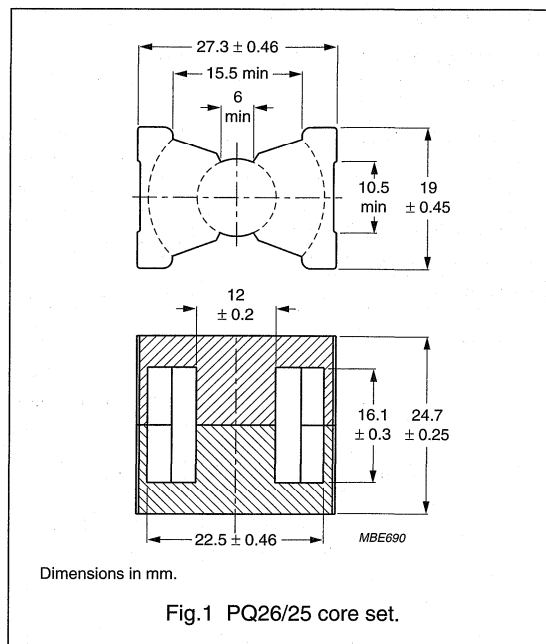
## PQ cores and accessories

PQ26/25

## CORE SETS




## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.451	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	6530	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	54.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	120	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	108	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of set	$\approx 32$	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 15$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 90$	$\approx 701$	PQ26/25-3C81-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 113$	$\approx 533$	PQ26/25-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 143$	$\approx 401$	PQ26/25-3C81-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 226$	$\approx 234$	PQ26/25-3C81-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 359$	$\approx 132$	PQ26/25-3C81-A1000
	6010 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2160$	$\approx 0$	PQ26/25-3C81
3C90	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 90$	$\approx 701$	PQ26/25-3C90-E250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 113$	$\approx 533$	PQ26/25-3C90-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 143$	$\approx 401$	PQ26/25-3C90-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 226$	$\approx 234$	PQ26/25-3C90-A630
	1000 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 359$	$\approx 132$	PQ26/25-3C90-A1000
	4700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1690$	$\approx 0$	PQ26/25-3C90
	3C91 	6010 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2160$	$\approx 0$
3C94 	4700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1690$	$\approx 0$	PQ26/25-3C94
3C96 	4700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1690$	$\approx 0$	PQ26/25-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

PQ26/25

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 90	$\approx$ 701	PQ26/25-3F3-E250
	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 113	$\approx$ 533	PQ26/25-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 143	$\approx$ 401	PQ26/25-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 226	$\approx$ 234	PQ26/25-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 359	$\approx$ 132	PQ26/25-3F3-A1000
	4390 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1574	$\approx$ 0	PQ26/25-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.5	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.79	$\leq$ 0.83	–	–
3C91	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.65	$\approx$ 4.0	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.62	$\approx$ 2.8	$\approx$ 1.4
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.45	$\approx$ 2.0	$\approx$ 1.0
3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.72	–	$\leq$ 1.2

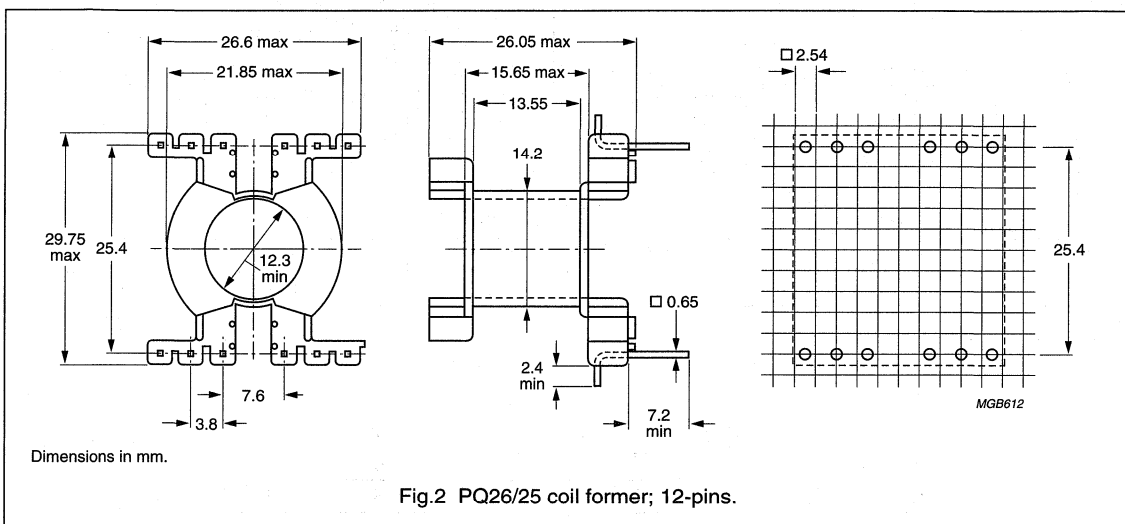
## PQ cores and accessories

PQ26/25

## COIL FORMER

## General data 12-pins PQ26/25 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 12-pins PQ26/25 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	47.5	13.6	56.4	CPV-PQ26/25-1S-12P
1	47.5	13.6	56.4	CPV-PQ26/25-1S-12PD

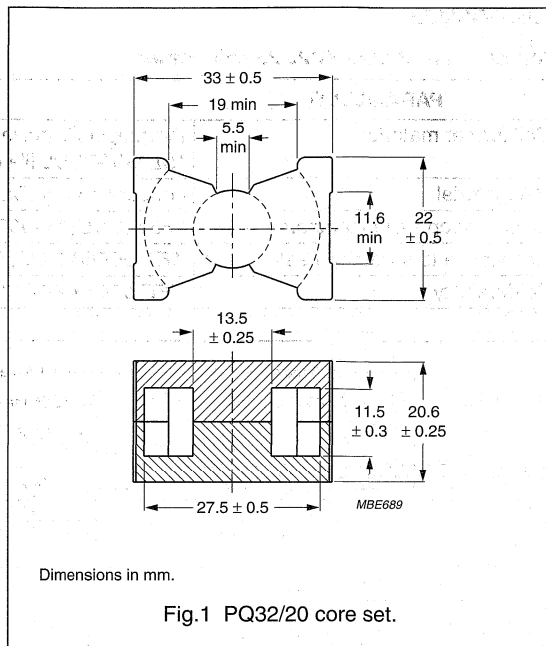
PQ cores and accessories

PQ32/20

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.331	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9440	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	55.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	169	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	142	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈47	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 80 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L^0$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	315 ±3%	≈83	≈765	PQ32/20-3C81-E315
	400 ±3%	≈105	≈582	PQ32/20-3C81-A400
	630 ±3%	≈166	≈343	PQ32/20-3C81-A630
	1000 ±3%	≈263	≈198	PQ32/20-3C81-A1000
	1600 ±5%	≈421	≈109	PQ32/20-3C81-A1600
	7560 ±25%	≈1990	≈0	PQ32/20-3C81
3C90	315 ±3%	≈83	≈765	PQ32/20-3C90-E315
	400 ±3%	≈105	≈582	PQ32/20-3C90-A400
	630 ±3%	≈166	≈343	PQ32/20-3C90-A630
	1000 ±3%	≈263	≈198	PQ32/20-3C90-A1000
	1600 ±5%	≈421	≈109	PQ32/20-3C90-A1600
	6000 ±25%	≈1580	≈0	PQ32/20-3C90
3C91	7560 ±25%	≈1990	≈0	PQ32/20-3C91
3C94	6000 ±25%	≈1580	≈0	PQ32/20-3C94
3C96	6000 ±25%	≈1580	≈0	PQ32/20-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

PQ32/20

GRADE	$A_L^0$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 83	$\approx$ 765	PQ32/20-3F3-E315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 105	$\approx$ 582	PQ32/20-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 166	$\approx$ 343	PQ32/20-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 263	$\approx$ 198	PQ32/20-3F3-A1000
	1600 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 421	$\approx$ 109	PQ32/20-3C81-A1600
	6000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1580	$\approx$ 0	PQ32/20-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.9	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.2	$\leq$ 1.3	–	–
3C91	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 1.0	$\approx$ 6.0	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.90	$\approx$ 4.0	$\approx$ 2.0
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.65	$\approx$ 3.0	$\approx$ 1.4
3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.0	$\approx$ 4.0	$\leq$ 1.8



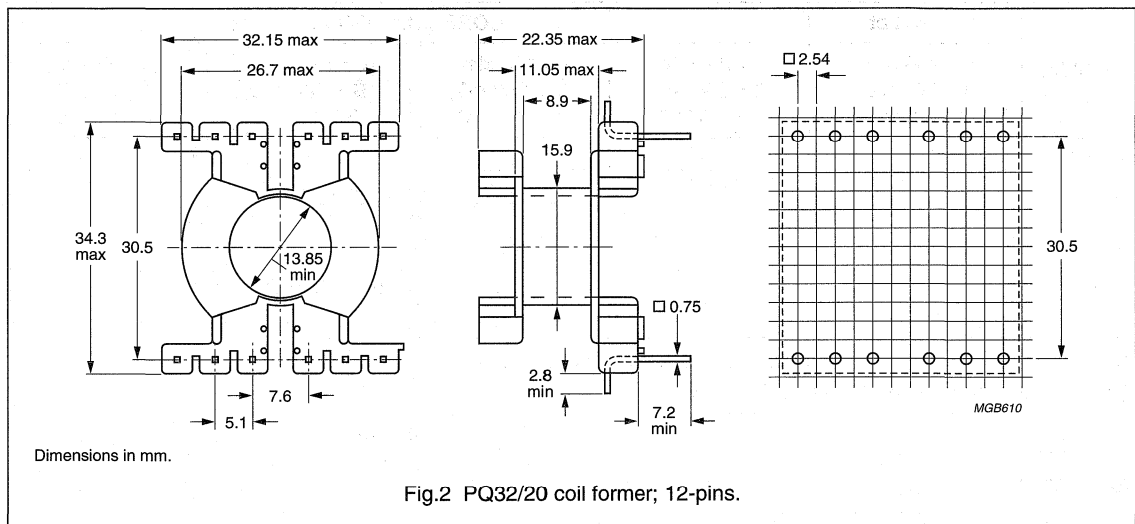
## PQ cores and accessories

PQ32/20

## COIL FORMER

## General data 12-pins PQ32/20 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94 V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 6068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 12-pins PQ32/20 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	44.8	8.9	66.7	CPV-PQ32/20-1S-12P
1	44.8	8.9	66.7	CPV-PQ32/20-1S-12PD

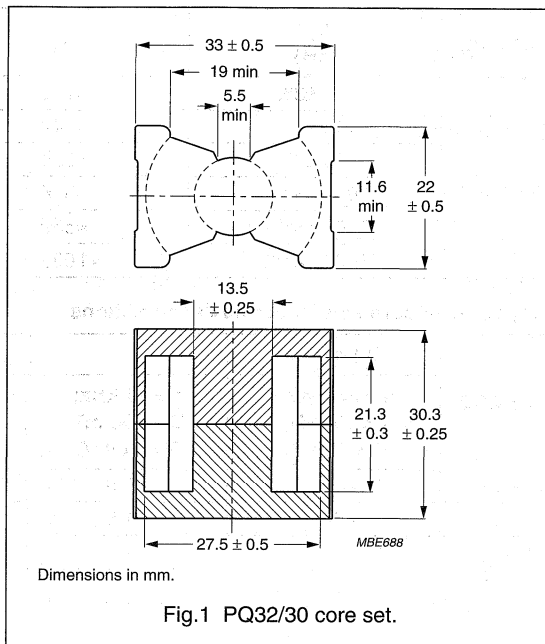
## PQ cores and accessories

## PQ32/30

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.447	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	12500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	74.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	167	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	142	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈62	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $80 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	315 ±3%	≈112	≈766	PQ32/30-3C81-E315
	400 ±3%	≈142	≈576	PQ32/30-3C81-A400
	630 ±3%	≈224	≈334	PQ32/30-3C81-A630
	1000 ±3%	≈356	≈188	PQ32/30-3C81-A1000
	1600 ±5%	≈569	≈99	PQ32/30-3C81-A1600
	6570 ±25%	≈2335	≈0	PQ32/30-3C81
3C90	315 ±3%	≈112	≈766	PQ32/30-3C90-E315
	400 ±3%	≈142	≈576	PQ32/30-3C90-A400
	630 ±3%	≈224	≈334	PQ32/30-3C90-A630
	1000 ±3%	≈356	≈188	PQ32/30-3C90-A1000
	1600 ±5%	≈569	≈99	PQ32/30-3C90-A1600
	5040 ±25%	≈1790	≈0	PQ32/30-3C90
3C91	6570 ±25%	≈2335	≈0	PQ32/30-3C91
3C94	5040 ±25%	≈1790	≈0	PQ32/30-3C94
3C96	5040 ±25%	≈1790	≈0	PQ32/30-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

PQ32/30

GRADE	$A_L^0$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	315 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 112	$\approx$ 766	PQ32/30-3F3-E315
	400 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 142	$\approx$ 576	PQ32/30-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 224	$\approx$ 334	PQ32/30-3F3-A630
	1000 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 356	$\approx$ 188	PQ32/30-3F3-A1000
	1600 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 569	$\approx$ 99	PQ32/30-3C81-A1600
	4580 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1630	$\approx$ 0	PQ32/30-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 2.6	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 1.5	$\leq$ 1.6	–	–
3C91	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 1.3	$\approx$ 8.0	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.2	$\approx$ 5.4	$\approx$ 2.6
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.9	$\approx$ 4.0	$\approx$ 1.8
3F3	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 1.4	–	$\leq$ 2.4

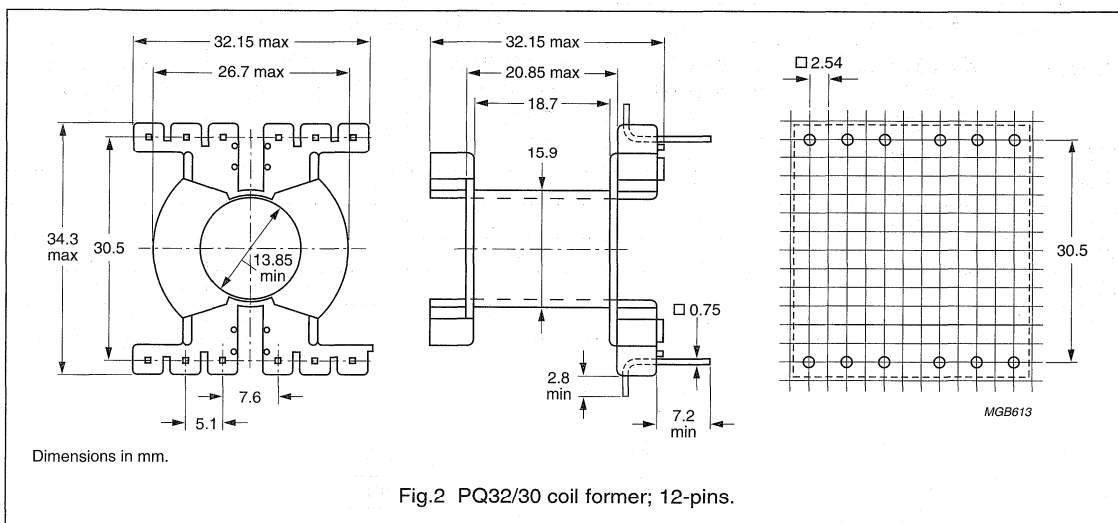
## PQ cores and accessories

## PQ32/30

## COIL FORMER

## General data 14-pins PQ32/30 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	thermoplastic polyester, glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 60094V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 12-pins PQ32/30 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	MINIMUM WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	NOMINAL WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	53.0	18.7	66.7	CPV-PQ32/30-1S-12P
1	53.0	18.7	66.7	CPV-PQ32/30-1S-12PD

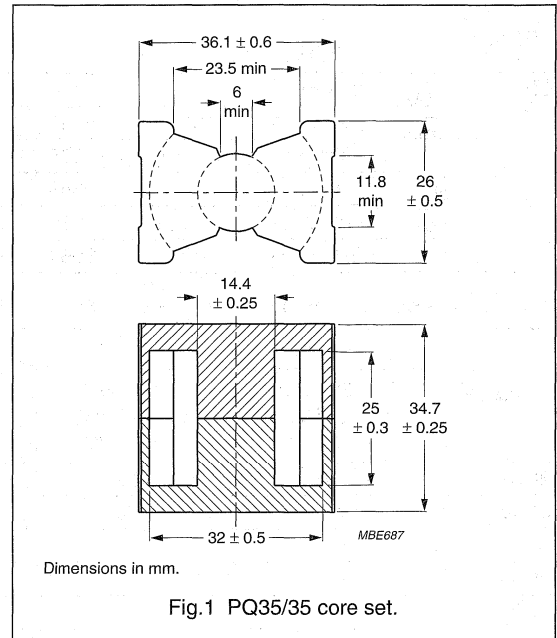
## PQ cores and accessories

## PQ35/35

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.454	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	16300	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	86.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	190	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	162	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈80	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 80 ± 20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	315 ± 3%	≈114	≈880	PQ35/35-3C81-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈145	≈660	PQ35/35-3C81-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈228	≈381	PQ35/35-3C81-A630
	1000 ± 3%	≈361	≈214	PQ35/35-3C81-A1000
	1600 ± 5%	≈578	≈112	PQ35/35-3C81-A1600
	5330 ± 25%	≈1920	≈0	PQ35/35-3C81
3C90	315 ± 3%	≈114	≈880	PQ35/35-3C90-E315
	400 ± 3%	≈145	≈660	PQ35/35-3C90-E400
	630 ± 3%	≈228	≈381	PQ35/35-3C90-A630
	1000 ± 3%	≈361	≈214	PQ35/35-3C90-A1000
	1600 ± 5%	≈578	≈112	PQ35/35-3C90-A1600
	4300 ± 25%	≈1550	≈0	PQ35/35-3C90
3C91	5330 ± 25%	≈1920	≈0	PQ32/35-3C91
3C94	4300 ± 25%	≈1550	≈0	PQ32/35-3C94
3C96	4300 ± 25%	≈1550	≈0	PQ32/35-3C96

## PQ cores and accessories

## PQ35/35

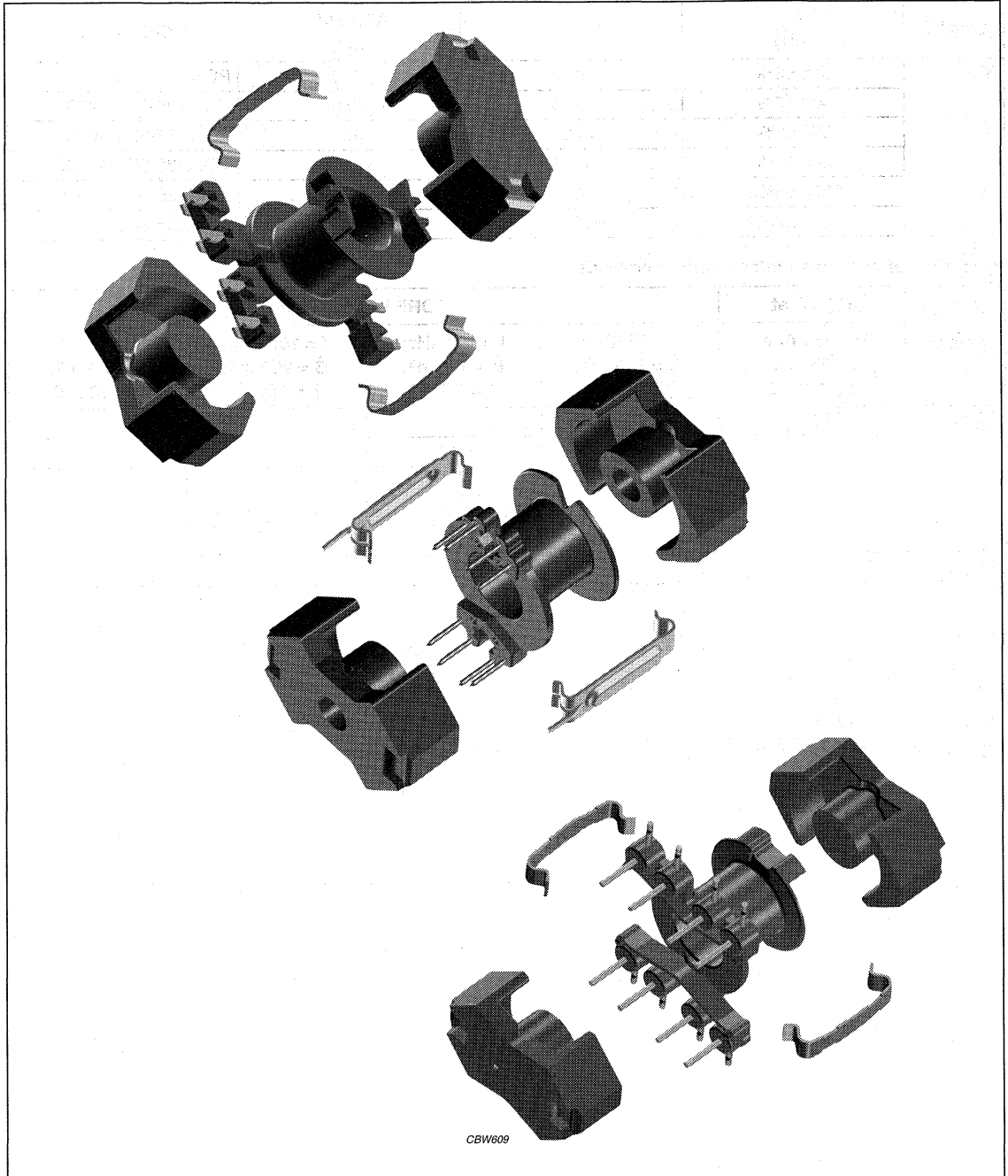
GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 114$	$\approx 880$	PQ35/35-3F3-E315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 145$	$\approx 660$	PQ35/35-3F3-E400
	$630 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 228$	$\approx 381$	PQ35/35-3F3-A630
	$1000 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 361$	$\approx 214$	PQ35/35-3F3-A1000
	$1600 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 578$	$\approx 112$	PQ35/35-3F3-A1600
	$4570 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1650$	$\approx 0$	PQ35/35-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 3.8$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 2.0$	$\leq 2.1$	–	–
3C91	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 1.7$	$\approx 10$	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 1.6$	$\approx 7.0$	$\approx 3.4$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 1.2$	$\approx 5.0$	$\approx 2.4$
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 1.8$	–	$\leq 3.1$

**Soft Ferrites**

**RM, RM/I, RM/ILP  
cores and accessories**



For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

# Soft Ferrites

# RM, RM/I, RM/ILP cores and accessories

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

### Product overview RM cores

CORE TYPE	V <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>3</sup> )	A <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
RM4	230	11.0	2.5
RM4/I	322	13.8	2.8
RM4/ILP	251	14.5	1.5
RM5	450	21.2	3.0
RM5/I	574	24.8	3.3
RM5/ILP	430	24.5	2.2
RM6S	840	31.4	4.5
RM6S/I	1090	37.0	4.9
RM6S/ILP	820	37.5	4.2
RM6R	810	32.0	4.5
RM7/I	1325	44.1	7.7
RM7/ILP	1060	45.3	6.0
RM8	1850	52.0	10.9
RM8/I	2440	63.0	12.0
RM8/ILP	1860	64.9	10.0
RM10/I	4310	96.6	22
RM10/ILP	3360	99.1	17
RM12/I	8340	146	45
RM12/ILP	6195	148	34
RM14/I	13900	198	74
RM14/ILP	10230	201	55

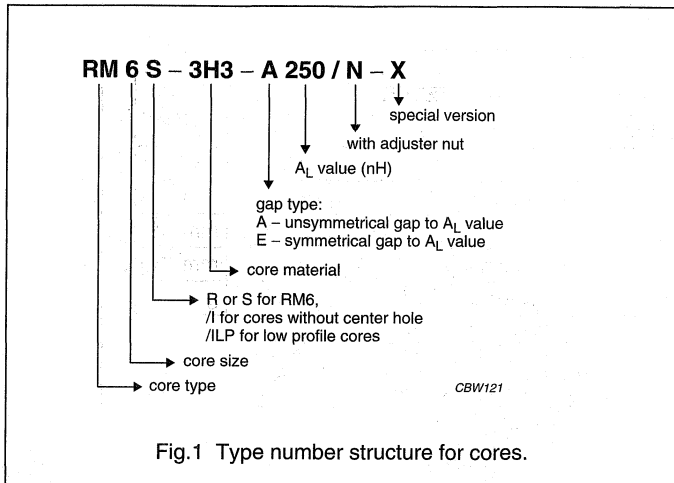


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

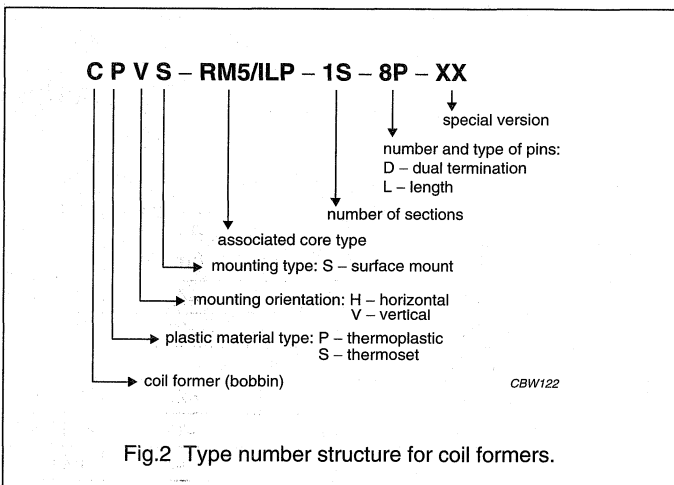


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.



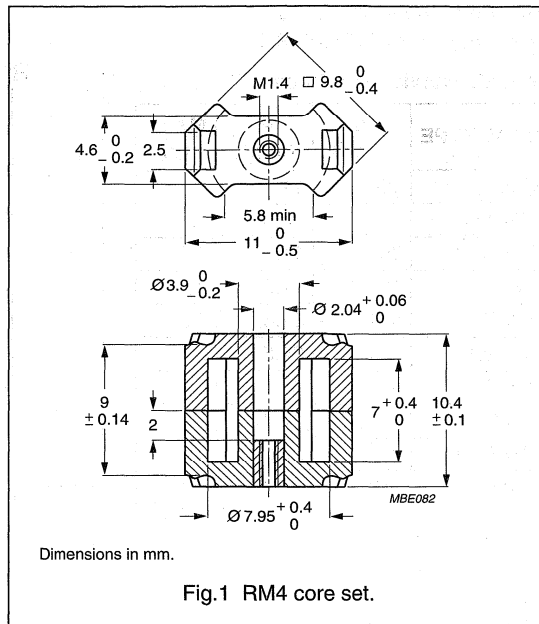
RM cores and accessories

RM4

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.94	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	230	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	21.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	11.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	8.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈1.4	g



Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3	40 ±3%	≈62	≈400	RM4-3D3-E40/N	RM4-3D3-E40
	63 ±3%	≈96	≈200	RM4-3D3-A63/N	RM4-3D3-A63
	400 ±25%	≈610	≈0	—	RM4-3D3
3H3	63 ±3%	≈96	≈200	RM4-3H3-A63/N	RM4-3H3-A63
	100 ±3%	≈152	≈120	RM4-3H3-A100/N	RM4-3H3-A100
	160 ±3%	≈242	≈80	RM4-3H3-A160/N	RM4-3H3-A160
	900 ±25%	≈1360	≈0	—	RM4-3H3

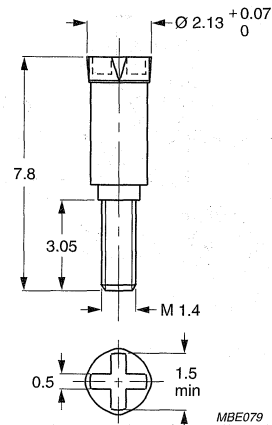
## RM cores and accessories

## RM4

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 RM4 inductance adjuster.

## Inductance adjuster selection chart

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>
3H3; 3D3	63	—	—	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	27
	100	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	17	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	25
	160	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREEN	5	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	14	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREY	26
	250	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	5	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREY	12	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BLACK	17

## Note

- Maximum adjustment range.

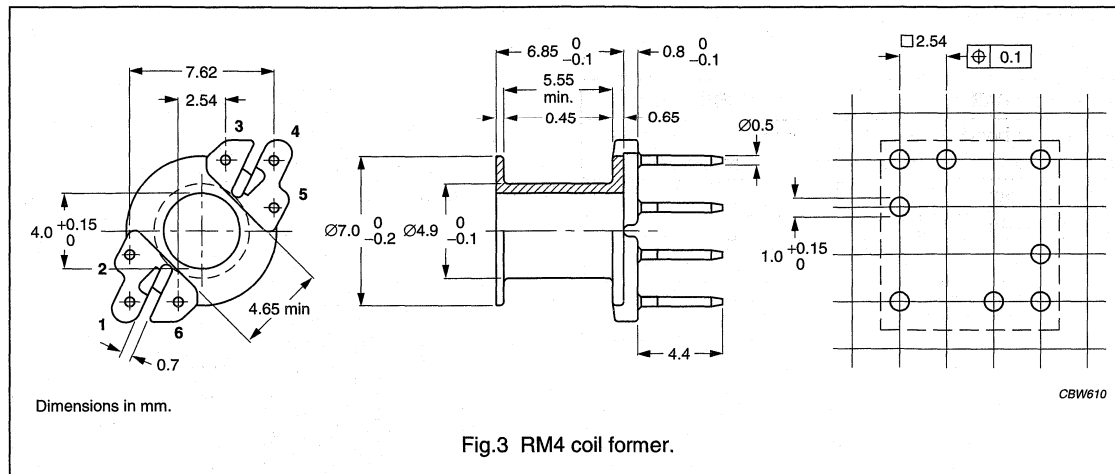
## COIL FORMER

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyester (UP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E61040(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

RM cores and accessories

RM4



Winding data for RM4 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	6	all	20	7.4	5.55	CSV-RM4-1S-6P <sup>(1)</sup>
1	5	1, 2, 4, 5, 6	20	7.4	5.55	CSV-RM4-1S-5P <sup>(1)</sup>

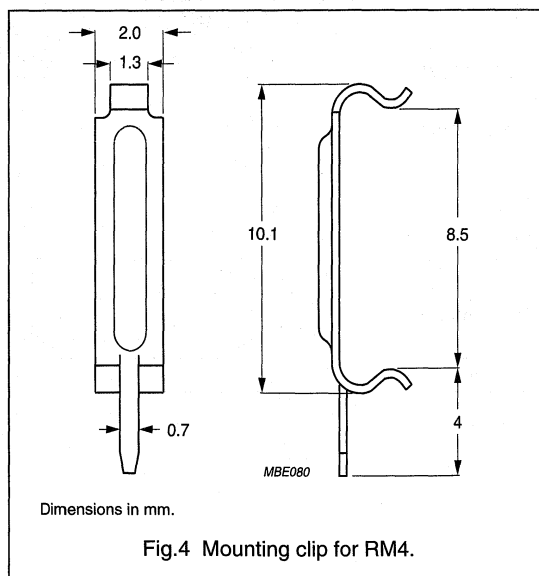
Note

- 1. Also available with post-inserted pins.

MOUNTING PARTS

General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈10 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	silver (Ag)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM4/5



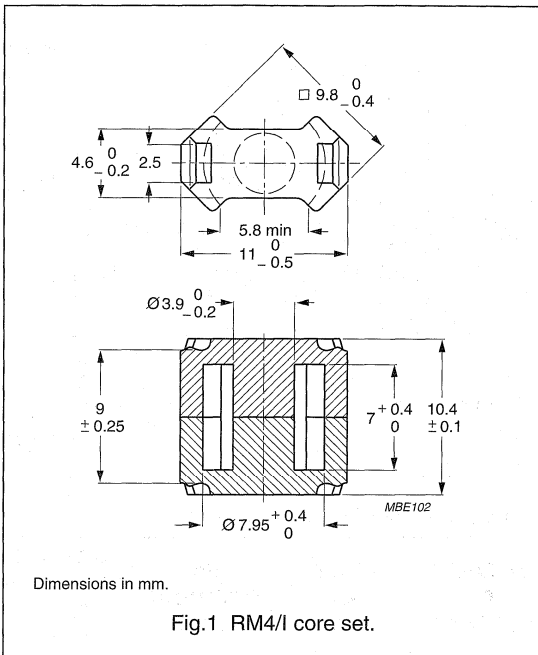
RM cores and accessories

RM4/I

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.69	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	322	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	23.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	13.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	11.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈1.7	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 10 ±5 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1125 ±25%	≈1520	≈0	RM4/I-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	1125 ±25%	≈1520	≈0	RM4/I-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	1000 ±25%	≈1350	≈0	RM4/I-3C96
3F3	100 ±3%	≈134	≈170	RM4/I-3F3-A100
	160 ±3%	≈215	≈100	RM4/I-3F3-A160
	250 ±10%	≈336	≈50	RM4/I-3F3-A250
	950 ±25%	≈1280	≈0	RM4/I-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	800 ±25%	≈1080	≈0	RM4/I-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	100 ±3%	≈134	≈150	RM4/I-3F4-A100
	160 ±3%	≈215	≈80	RM4/I-3F4-A160
	250 ±10%	≈336	≈40	RM4/I-3F4-A250
	560 ±25%	≈750	≈0.12	RM4/I-3F4

## RM cores and accessories

RM4/I

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $10 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	A (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	1800 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2400$	RM4/I-3E1
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	2500 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 3360$	RM4/I-3E4
3E5	3500 $+40/-30\%$	$\approx 4700$	RM4/I-3E5

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.039$	$\leq 0.04$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.03$	$\approx 0.14$	$\approx 0.07$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.02$	$\approx 0.10$	$\approx 0.05$
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	$\leq 0.05$	–	$\leq 0.07$
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	$\approx 0.03$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–	–

**Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B} = 30$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B} = 10$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq 300$	$\approx 0.05$	$\approx 0.35$	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.065$	$\leq 0.11$

## RM cores and accessories

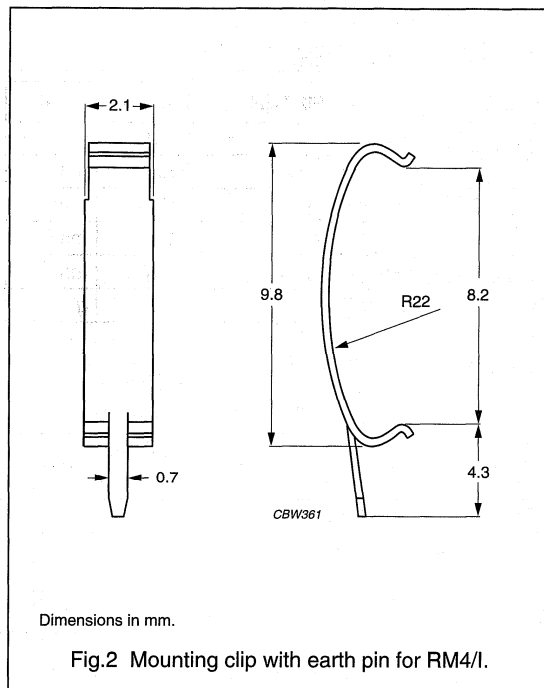
RM4/I

## COIL FORMERS

## MOUNTING PARTS

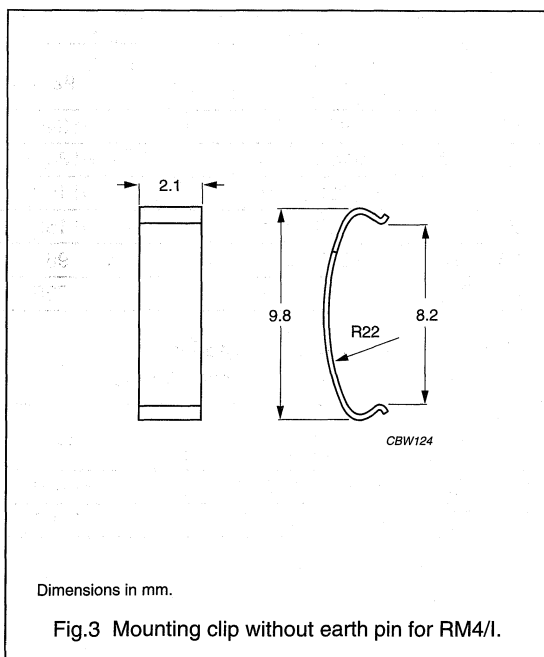
## General data mounting clip with earth pin

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈5 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Clip plating	lead tin alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM4/5/I



## General data mounting clip without earth pin

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈5 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Type number	CLI-RM4/5/I



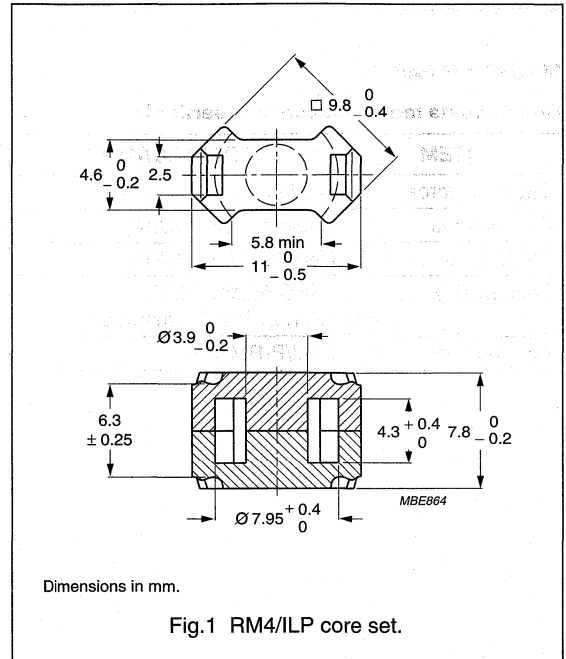
RM cores

RM4/ILP

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.20	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	251	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	17.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	11.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈1.5	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 10 ±5 N.

GRADE	A (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1400 ±25%	≈1340	≈0	RM4/ILP-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	1400 ±25%	≈1340	≈0	RM4/ILP-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	1250 ±25%	≈1190	≈0	RM4/ILP-3C96
3F3	1200 ±25%	≈1150	≈0	RM4/ILP-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	1000 ±25%	≈960	≈0	RM4/ILP-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	750 ±25%	≈720	≈0	RM4/ILP-3F4

Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 10 ±5 N.

GRADE	A (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3E5 <b>des</b>	5000 +40/-30%	≈4800	≈0	RM4/ILP-3E5
3E6 <b>des</b>	6000 +40/-30%	≈5700	≈0	RM4/ILP-3E6

## RM cores

## RM4/ILP

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.04	≤0.04	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.024	≈0.11	≈0.055
3C96	≥320	–	≈0.018	≈0.08	≈0.04
3F3	≥300	–	≤0.04	–	≤0.06
3F35	≥300	–	–	–	≈0.022
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; B̂ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.04	≈0.3	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.05	≤0.08



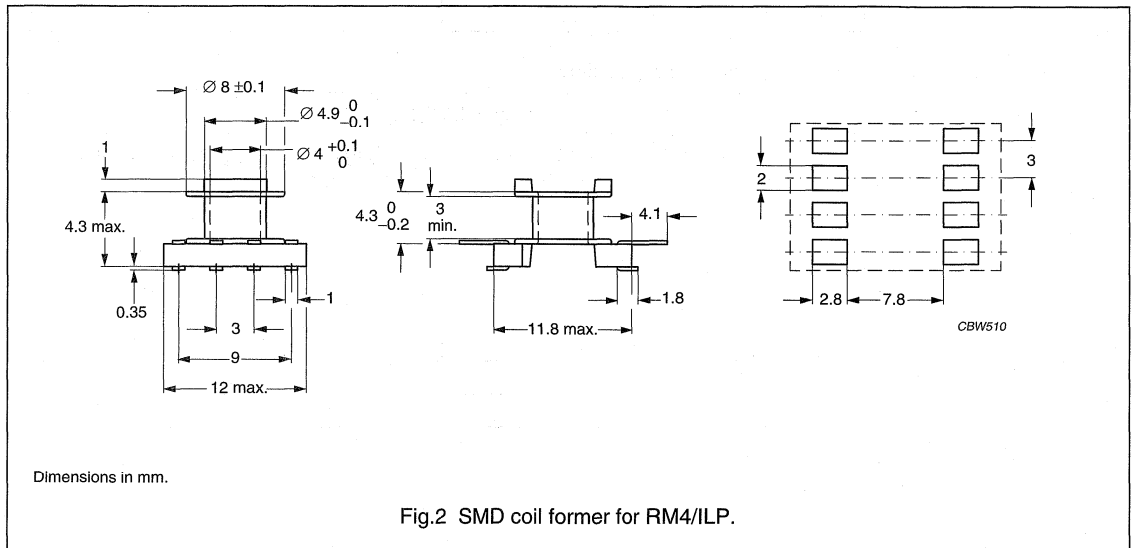
RM cores

RM4/ILP

COIL FORMERS

General data SMD coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM4/ILP coil former (SMD)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	3.75	3.0	20.7	CPVS-RM4/LP-1S-8PL

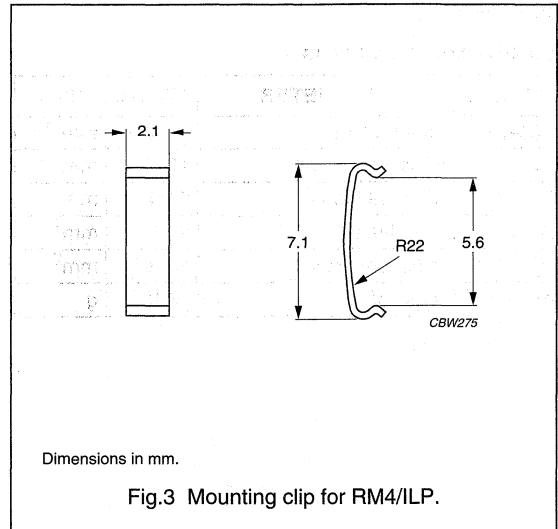
RM cores

RM4/ILP

MOUNTING PARTS

General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈5 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Type number	CLI-RM4/5/ILP



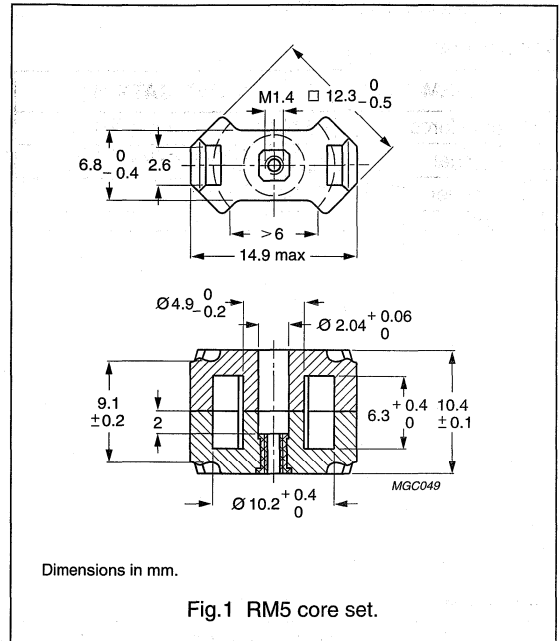
## RM cores and accessories

RM5

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.01	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	450	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	21.4	mm
$A_e$	effective area	21.2	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	14.8	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of set	$\approx 3.0$	g



## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $25 \pm 10 \text{ N}$ .

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3	$40 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 33$	$\approx 700$	RM5-3D3-E40/N	RM5-3D3-E40
	$63 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 51$	$\approx 400$	RM5-3D3-E63/N	RM5-3D3-E63
	$100 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 82$	$\approx 300$	RM5-3D3-E100/N	RM5-3D3-E100
	$800 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 630$	$\approx 0$	—	RM5-3D3
3H3	$160 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 130$	$\approx 200$	RM5-3H3-A160/N	RM5-3H3-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 200$	$\approx 120$	RM5-3H3-A250/N	RM5-3H3-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 250$	$\approx 90$	RM5-3H3-A315/N	RM5-3H3-A315
	$400 \pm 5\%$	$\approx 320$	$\approx 70$	RM5-3H3-A400/N	RM5-3H3-A400
	$1650 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1310$	$\approx 0$	—	RM5-3H3

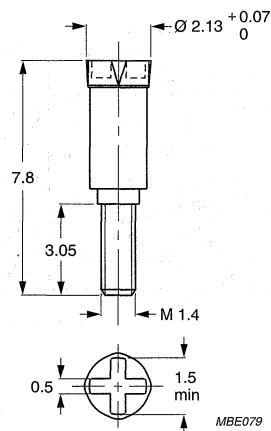
## RM cores and accessories

## RM5

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 RM5 inductance adjuster.

## Inductance adjuster selection chart

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>
3H3	63	—	—	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	23
	100	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	15	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	24
	160	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	11	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	15	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREY	28
	250	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	6	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	10	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREY	17
	315	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	7	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREY	13	—	—
	400	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BROWN	5	ADJ-RM4/RM5-BLACK	14	—	—
3D3	40	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-GREEN	15	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	30
	63	—	—	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	20
	100	—	—	ADJ-RM4/RM5-RED	14	—	—

## Note

1. Maximum adjustment range.

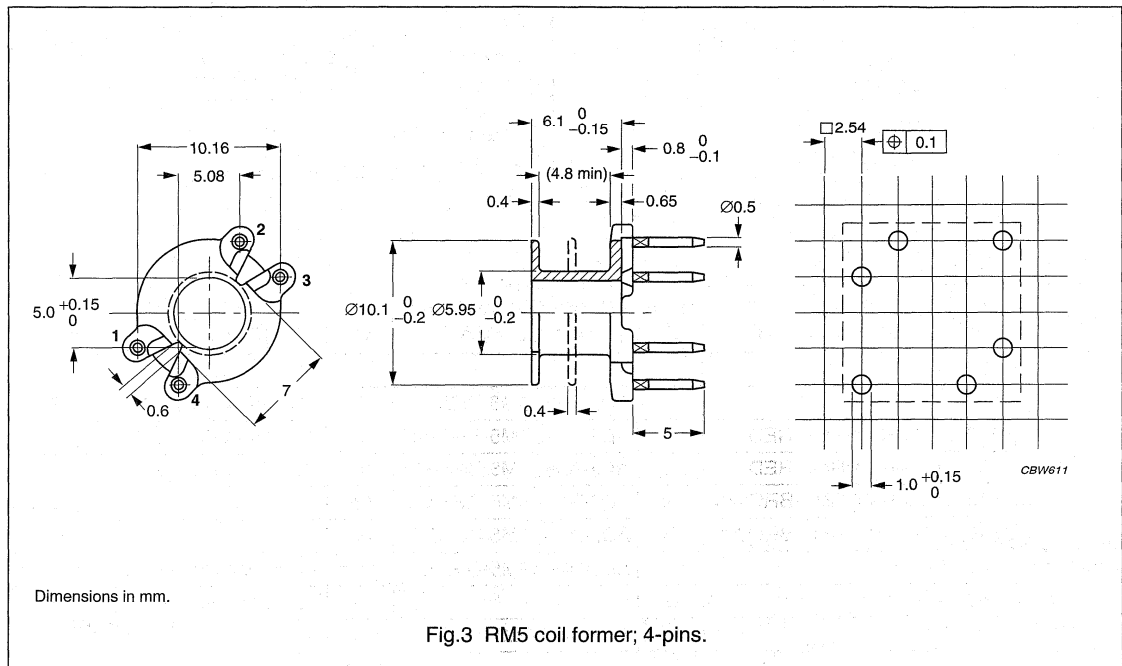
RM cores and accessories

RM5

COIL FORMER

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 4-pins RM5 coil former

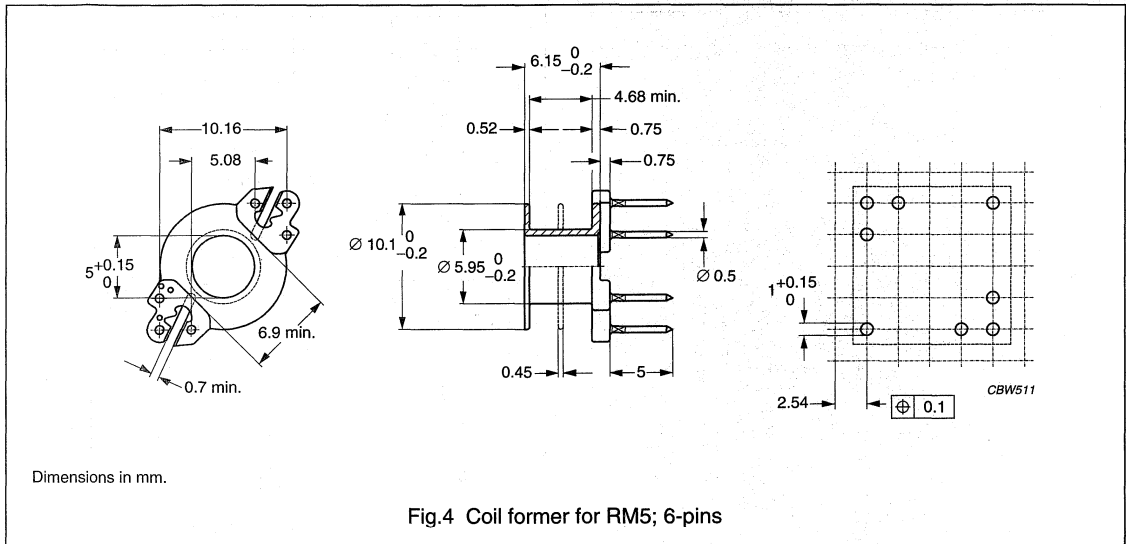
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4	all	9.5	4.8	25	CSV-RM5-1S-4P
2	4	all	2 × 4.35	2 × 2.2	25	CSV-RM5-2S-4P

## RM cores and accessories

RM5

## General data coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	unsaturated polyester (UP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E61040 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy CuSn, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 6-pins RM5 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITION S USED	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	6	all	9.2	4.68	24.9	CSV-RM5-1S-6P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
1	5	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	9.2	4.68	24.9	CSV-RM5-1S-5P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
1	4	2, 3, 5, 6	9.2	4.68	24.9	CSV-RM5-1S-4P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
2	6	all	2 × 4.15	2 × 2.06	24.9	CSV-RM5-2S-6P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
2	5	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	2 × 4.15	2 × 2.06	24.9	CSV-RM5-2S-5P-G <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

- Also available with post-inserted pins.

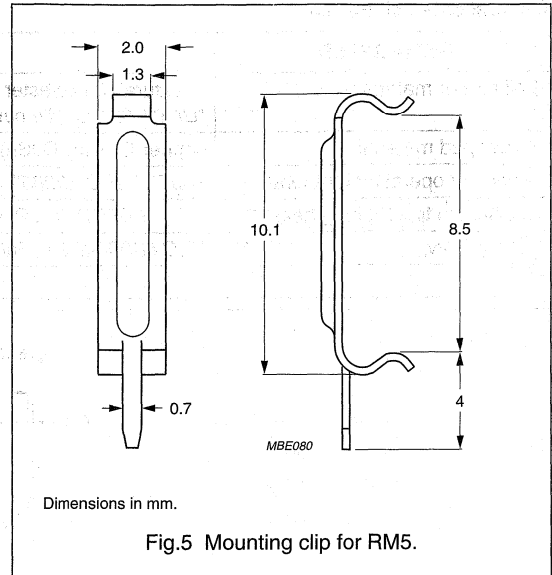
RM cores and accessories

RM5

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈ 12 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	silver (Ag)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM4/5



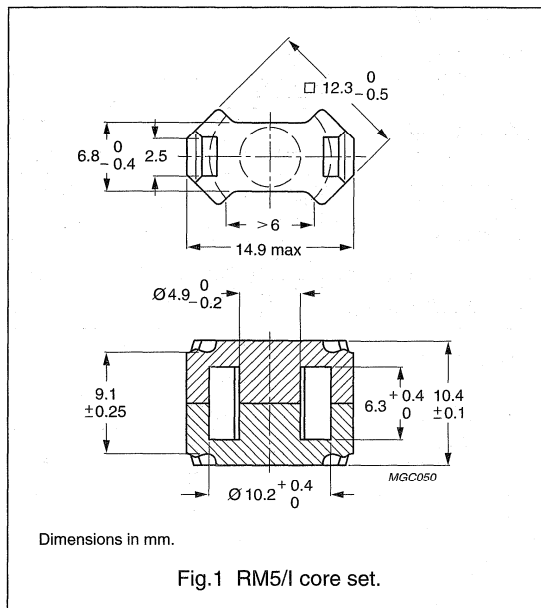
## RM cores and accessories

RM5/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.935	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	574	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	23.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	24.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	18.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈3.3	g



## Core sets for general purpose

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $12 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	A (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	63 ±3%	≈47	≈640	RM5/I-3C90-A63
	100 ±3%	≈74	≈300	RM5/I-3C90-A100
	160 ±3%	≈119	≈200	RM5/I-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈186	≈130	RM5/I-3C90-A250
	315 ±5%	≈234	≈100	RM5/I-3C90-A315
	2000 ±25%	≈1490	≈0	RM5/I-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	63 ±3%	≈47	≈640	RM5/I-3C94-A63
	100 ±3%	≈74	≈300	RM5/I-3C94-A100
	160 ±3%	≈119	≈200	RM5/I-3C94-A160
	250 ±3%	≈186	≈130	RM5/I-3C94-A250
	315 ±5%	≈234	≈100	RM5/I-3C94-A315
	2000 ±25%	≈1490	≈0	RM5/I-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	1800 ±25%	≈1340	≈0	RM5/I-3C96
3F3	63 ±3%	≈47	≈640	RM5/I-3F3-A63
	100 ±3%	≈74	≈300	RM5/I-3F3-A100
	160 ±3%	≈119	≈200	RM5/I-3F3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈186	≈130	RM5/I-3F3-A250
	315 ±5%	≈234	≈100	RM5/I-3F3-A315
	1700 ±25%	≈1270	≈0	RM5/I-3F3



## RM cores and accessories

RM5/I

GRADE	A (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F35 <small>prof</small>	1400 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1050	$\approx$ 0	RM5/I-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	100 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 74	$\approx$ 300	RM5/I-3F4-A100
	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 119	$\approx$ 200	RM5/I-3F4-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 186	$\approx$ 130	RM5/I-3F4-A250
	1000 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 750	$\approx$ 0	RM5/I-3F4

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $12 \pm 5$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <small>sup</small>	3150 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 2350	RM5/I-3E1
3E4 <small>sup</small>	4500 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 3350	RM5/I-3E4
3E27	4975 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 3700	RM5/I-3E27
3E5	6700 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 4980	RM5/I-3E5
3E6	8500 +40/-30%	$\approx$ 6300	RM5/I-3E6

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq$ 320	$\leq$ 0.07	$\leq$ 0.08	–	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	$\leq$ 0.055	$\approx$ 0.25	$\leq$ 0.12
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.04	$\approx$ 0.18	$\approx$ 0.09
3F3	$\geq$ 315	–	$\leq$ 0.08	–	$\leq$ 0.11
3F35	$\geq$ 300	–	–	–	$\approx$ 0.06
3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq$ 320	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq$ 320	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq$ 315	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq$ 300	$\approx$ 0.09	$\approx$ 0.7	–	–
3F4	$\geq$ 250	–	–	$\leq$ 0.11	$\leq$ 0.20

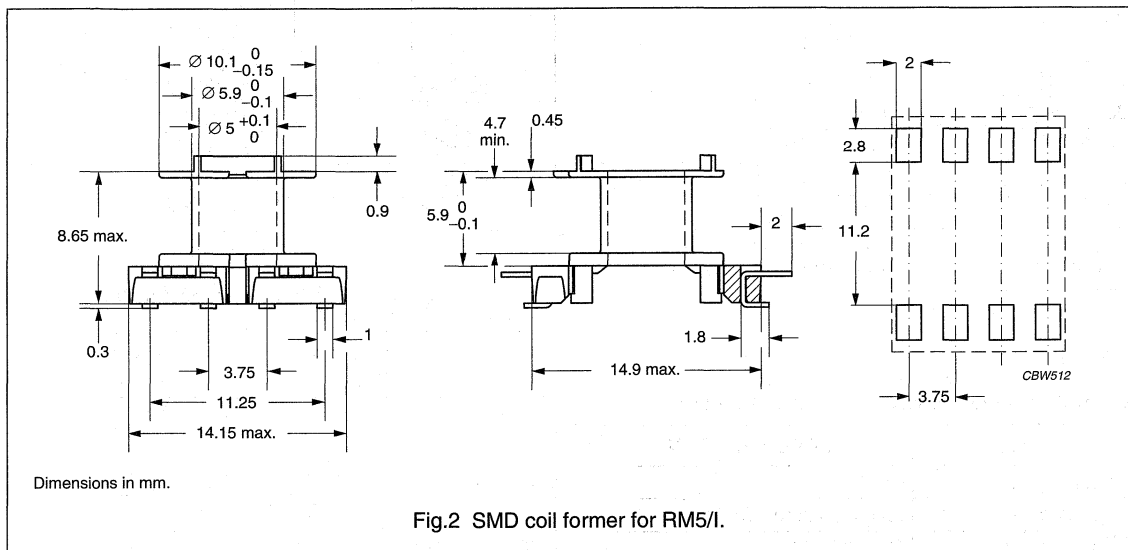
## RM cores and accessories

RM5/I

## COIL FORMERS

## General data SMD coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM5/I coil former (SMD)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	9.5	4.7	24.9	CSV5-RM5-1S-8P

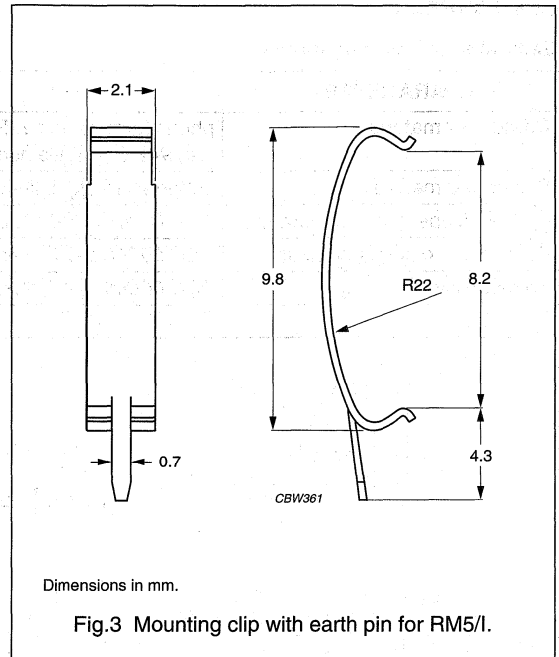
RM cores and accessories

RM5/I

**MOUNTING PARTS**

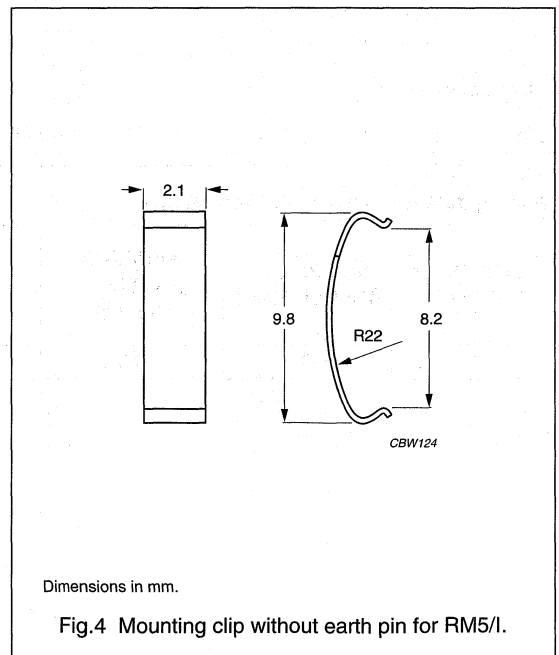
**General data mounting clip with earth pin**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈6 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM4/5/I



**General data mounting clip without earth pin**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈5 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Type number	CLI-RM4/5/I



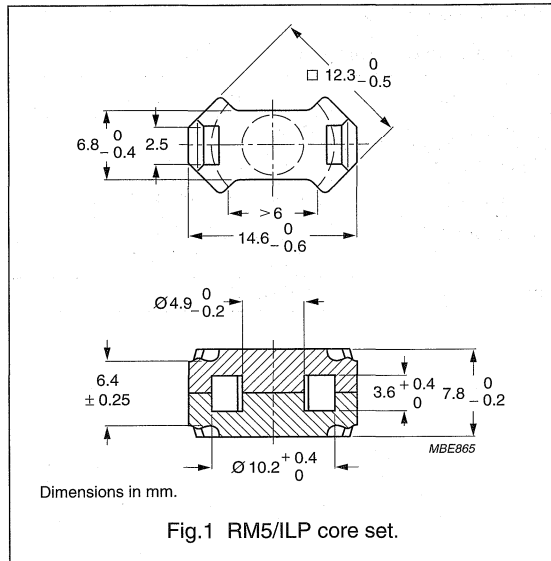
## RM cores and accessories

## RM5/ILP

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.710	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	430	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	17.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	24.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	18.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈2.2	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	$2350 \pm 25\%$	≈1320	≈0	RM5/ILP-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	$2350 \pm 25\%$	≈1320	≈0	RM5/ILP-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	$2100 \pm 25\%$	≈1180	≈0	RM5/ILP-3C96
3F3	$2000 \pm 25\%$	≈1130	≈0	RM5/ILP-3F3
3F35 <small>prot</small>	$1700 \pm 25\%$	≈950	—	RM5/ILP-3F35
3F4 <small>des</small>	$1250 \pm 25\%$	≈710	≈0	RM5/ILP-3F4

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E5 <small>des</small>	$8500 +40/-30\%$	≈4800	≈0	RM5/ILP-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	$10000 +40/-30\%$	≈5650	≈0	RM5/ILP-3E6

## RM cores and accessories

## RM5/ILP

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.06	≤0.06	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.04	≈0.19	≈0.09
3C96	≥320	–	≈0.03	≈0.14	≈0.06
3F3	≥300	–	≤0.06	–	≤0.08
3F35	≥300	–	–	–	≈0.05
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; B̂ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; B̂ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥300	≈0.07	≈0.5	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.086	≤0.14

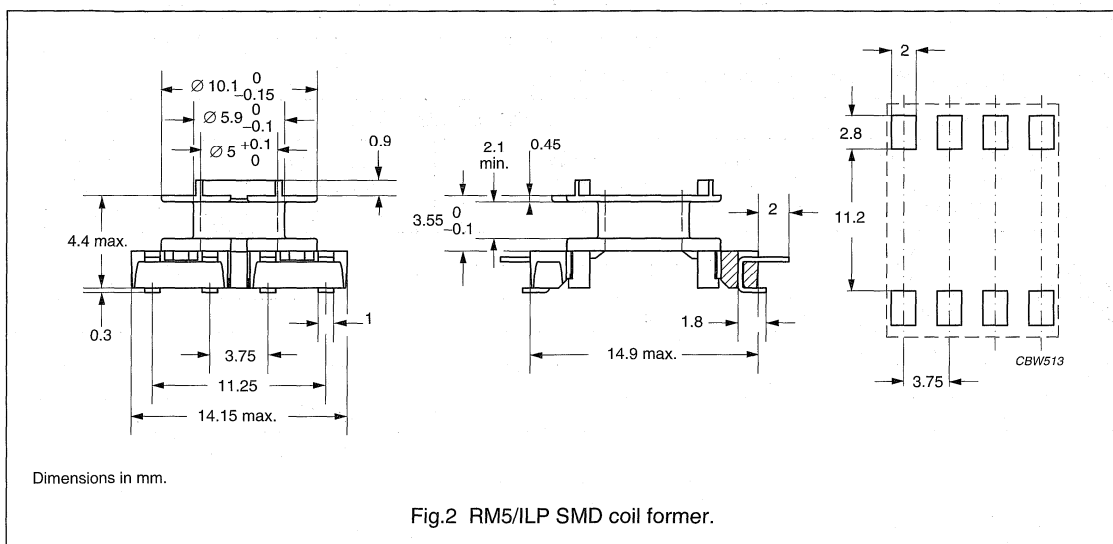
## RM cores and accessories

## RM5/ILP

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number: E41429 (M)
Pin material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 8-pads RM5/ILP SMD coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4.6	2.1	24.9	CSV5-RM5/LP-1S-8P

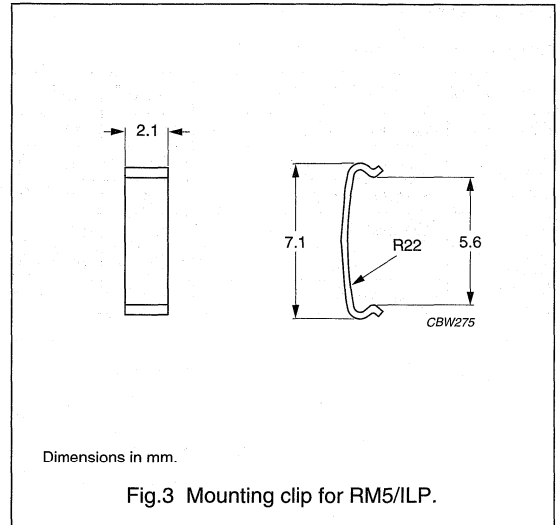
## RM cores and accessories

## RM5/ILP

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈5 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Type number	CLI-RM4/5/ILP



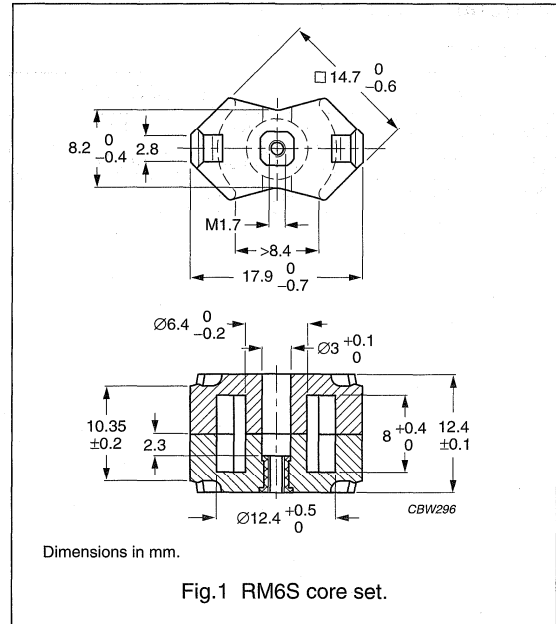
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.863	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	840	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	27.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	31.0	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	23.8	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of set	$\approx 4.5$	g



## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $40 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3	$63 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 43$	$\approx 700$	RM6S-3D3-E63/N	RM6S-3D3-E63
	$100 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 69$	$\approx 400$	RM6S-3D3-E100/N	RM6S-3D3-E100
	$160 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 110$	$\approx 200$	RM6S-3D3-A160/N	RM6S-3D3-A160
	$950 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 650$	$\approx 0$	—	RM6S-3D3
3H3	$160 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 110$	$\approx 230$	RM6S-3H3-A160/N	RM6S-3H3-A160
	$250 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 171$	$\approx 110$	RM6S-3H3-A250/N	RM6S-3H3-A250
	$315 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 216$	$\approx 90$	RM6S-3H3-A315/N	RM6S-3H3-A315
	$400 \pm 3\%$	$\approx 274$	$\approx 70$	RM6S-3H3-A400/N	RM6S-3H3-A400
	$2100 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 1440$	$\approx 0$	—	RM6S-3H3



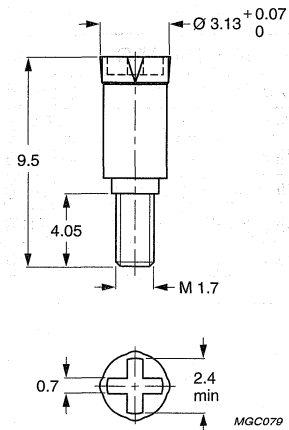
## RM cores and accessories

RM6S

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.2 RM6S inductance adjuster.

## Inductance adjuster selection chart

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$ %	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$ %	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$ %
3H3	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	20
	63	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	14	ADJ-RM6-RED	22
	100	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	10	ADJ-RM6-RED	16	–	–
	160	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	6	ADJ-RM6-RED	11	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	19
	200	ADJ-RM6-RED	9	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	15	ADJ-RM6-VIOLET	19
	250	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	12	ADJ-RM6-VIOLET	14	ADJ-RM6-BROWN	20
	315	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	9	ADJ-RM6-BROWN	15	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	23
	400	ADJ-RM6-VIOLET	8	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	16	ADJ-RM6-GREY	26
	630	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	9	ADJ-RM6-GREY	15	–	–
	1000	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	5	ADJ-RM6-GREY	9	–	–
	1250	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREY	5	–	–
3D3	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	19
	63	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	14	ADJ-RM6-RED	22
	100	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	9	ADJ-RM6-RED	15	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	27
	160	ADJ-RM6-RED	9	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	16	–	–

## Note

1. Maximum adjustment range.

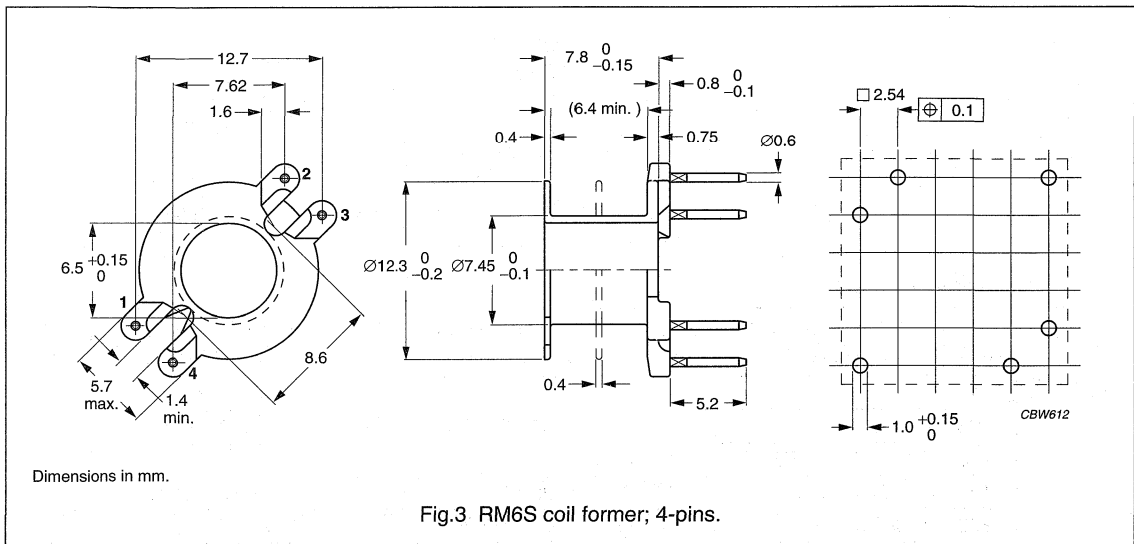
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for 4-pins RM6S coil former

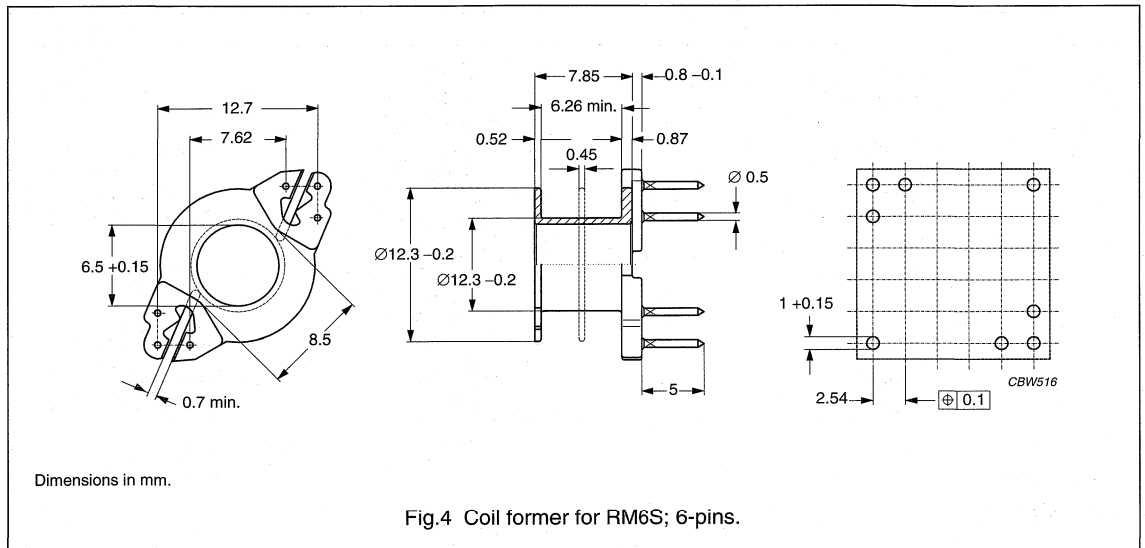
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4	all	15	6.4	30	CSV-RM6S/R-1S-4P
2	4	all	2 × 7.0	2 × 3.0	30	CSV-RM6S/R-2S-4P

RM cores and accessories

RM6S

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	unsaturated polyester (UP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E61040 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM6S coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	6	all	15.0	6.3	30.0	CSV-RM6S-1S-6P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
1	5	1, 2, 3, 5, 6	15.0	6.3	30.0	CSV-RM6S-1S-5P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
1	4	2, 3, 5, 6	15.0	6.3	30.0	CSV-RM6S-1S-4P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
2	6	all	2 × 7	2 × 3	30.0	CSV-RM6S-2S-6P-G <sup>(1)</sup>

Note

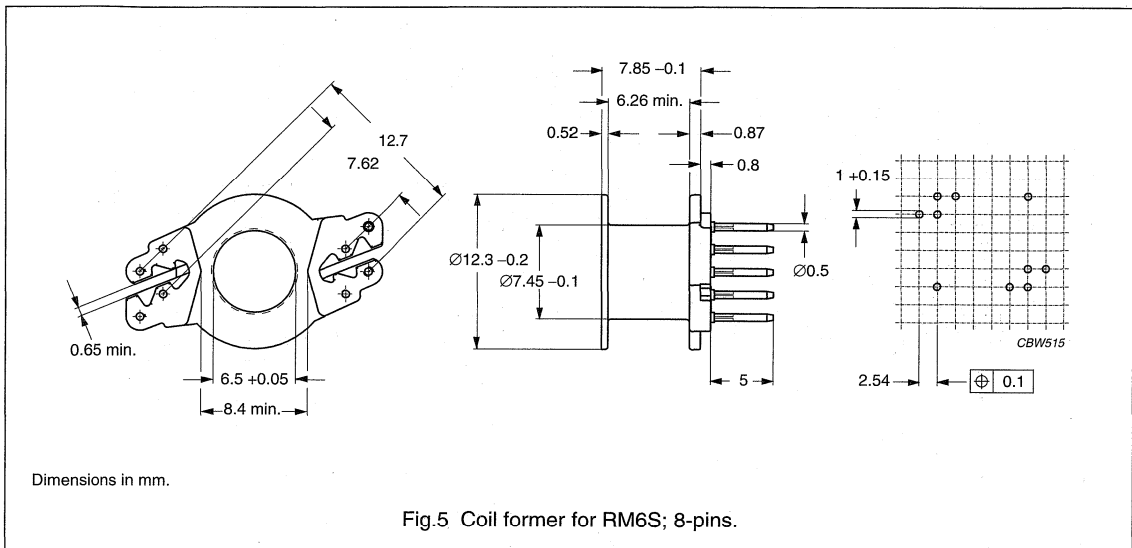
1. Also available with post-inserted pins.

## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	unsaturated polyester (UP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E61040 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM6S coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	14.5	6.26	30.7	CSV-RM6S-1S-8P

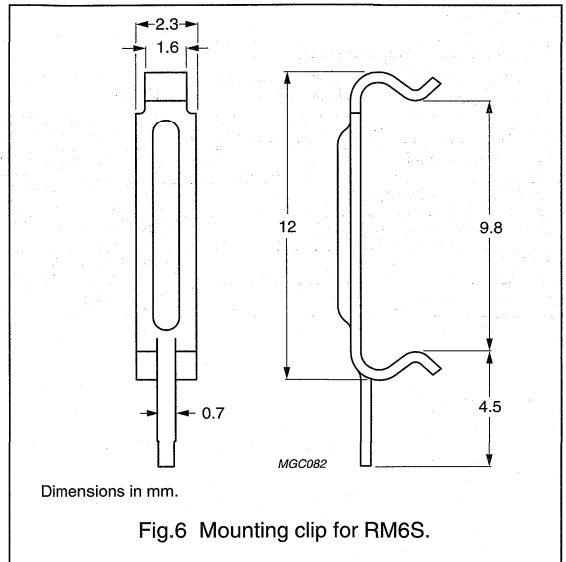
RM cores and accessories

RM6S

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈20 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	silver (Ag)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM6



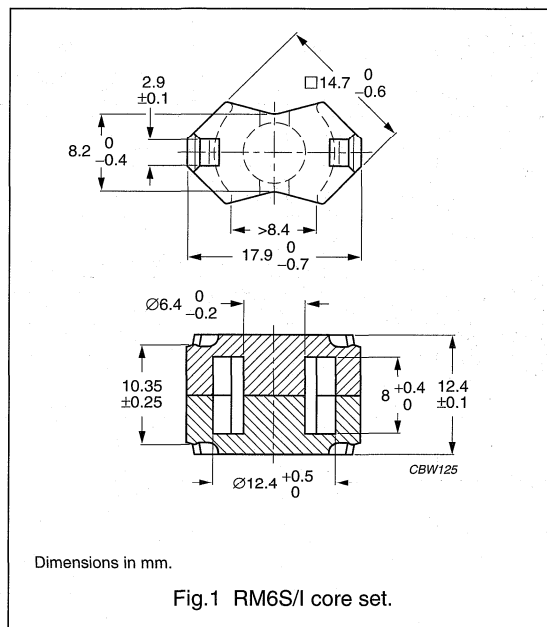
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S/I

## CORE SETS


## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.784	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1090	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	29.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	37.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	31.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈4.9	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	63 ±3%	≈39	≈950	RM6S/I-3C81-E63
	100 ±3%	≈62	≈500	RM6S/I-3C81-A100
	160 ±3%	≈100	≈300	RM6S/I-3C81-A160
	250 ±3%	≈156	≈200	RM6S/I-3C81-A250
	315 ±3%	≈197	≈150	RM6S/I-3C81-A315
	3000 ±25%	≈1870	≈0	RM6S/I-3C81
3C90	63 ±3%	≈39	≈950	RM6S/I-3C90-A63
	100 ±3%	≈62	≈500	RM6S/I-3C90-A100
	160 ±3%	≈100	≈300	RM6S/I-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈156	≈200	RM6S/I-3C90-A250
	315 ±3%	≈197	≈150	RM6S/I-3C90-A315
	400 ±3%	≈250	≈120	RM6S/I-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈390	≈70	RM6S/I-3C90-A630
	2600 ±25%	≈1630	≈0	RM6S/I-3C90
3C91 	3000 ±25%	≈1870	≈0	RM6S/I-3C91

## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S/I

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 39$	$\approx 950$	RM6S/I-3C94-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	RM6S/I-3C94-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 300$	RM6S/I-3C94-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 156$	$\approx 200$	RM6S/I-3C94-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 197$	$\approx 150$	RM6S/I-3C94-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 250$	$\approx 120$	RM6S/I-3C94-A400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 390$	$\approx 70$	RM6S/I-3C94-A630
	2600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1630$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/I-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	2350 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 1470$	$\approx 950$	RM6S/I-3C96
3D3 <b>des</b>	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 300$	RM6S/I-3D3-A160
	250 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 156$	$\approx 200$	RM6S/I-3D3-A250
	315 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 197$	$\approx 150$	RM6S/I-3D3-A315
	1050 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 655$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/I-3D3
3F3	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 39$	$\approx 950$	RM6S/I-3F3-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	RM6S/I-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 300$	RM6S/I-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 156$	$\approx 200$	RM6S/I-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 197$	$\approx 150$	RM6S/I-3F3-A315
	2150 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1350$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/I-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	1750 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1100$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/I-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	63 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 39$	$\approx 950$	RM6S/I-3F4-A63
	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 62$	$\approx 500$	RM6S/I-3F4-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 100$	$\approx 300$	RM6S/I-3F4-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 156$	$\approx 200$	RM6S/I-3F4-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 197$	$\approx 150$	RM6S/I-3F4-A315
	1250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 780$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/I-3F4
3H3 <b>des</b>	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 197$	$\approx 150$	RM6S/I-3H3-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 250$	$\approx 120$	RM6S/I-3H3-A400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 390$	$\approx 70$	RM6S/I-3H3-A630
	2350 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1470$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/I-3H3

## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S/I

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <sup>sup</sup>	4100 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2600$	RM6S/I-3E1
3E27	6000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3800$	RM6S/I-3E27
3E4 <sup>sup</sup>	5750 +40/-30%	$\approx 3590$	RM6S/I-3E4
3E5	8600 +40/-30%	$\approx 5370$	RM6S/I-3E5
3E6	11000 +40/-30%	$\approx 6850$	RM6S/I-3E6

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B} = 200$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.25$	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.13$	$\leq 0.14$	–	–
3C91	$\geq 315$	–	$\approx 0.11$	$\approx 0.65$	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.11$	$\approx 0.47$	$\approx 0.23$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.08$	$\approx 0.33$	$\approx 0.16$
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 0.14$	–	$\leq 0.20$
3F35	$\geq 315$	–	–	–	$\approx 0.11$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 50$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B} = 100$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B} = 30$ mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B} = 10$ mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C91	$\geq 315$	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq 315$	$\approx 0.18$	$\approx 1.3$	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.22$	$\leq 0.35$



RM cores and accessories

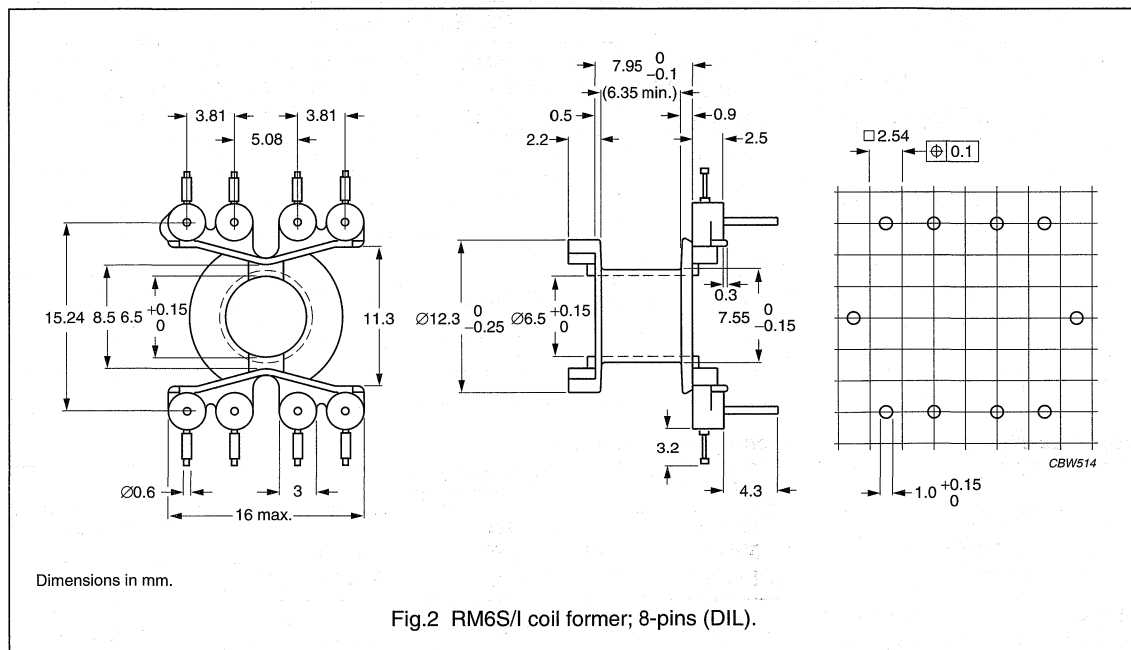
RM6S/I

COIL FORMERS

General data

For the information on other coil formers suitable for RM6S/I, see data sheet "RM6S".

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 60094V-0"; UL file number E45329(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 8-pins RM6S/I coil former (DIL)

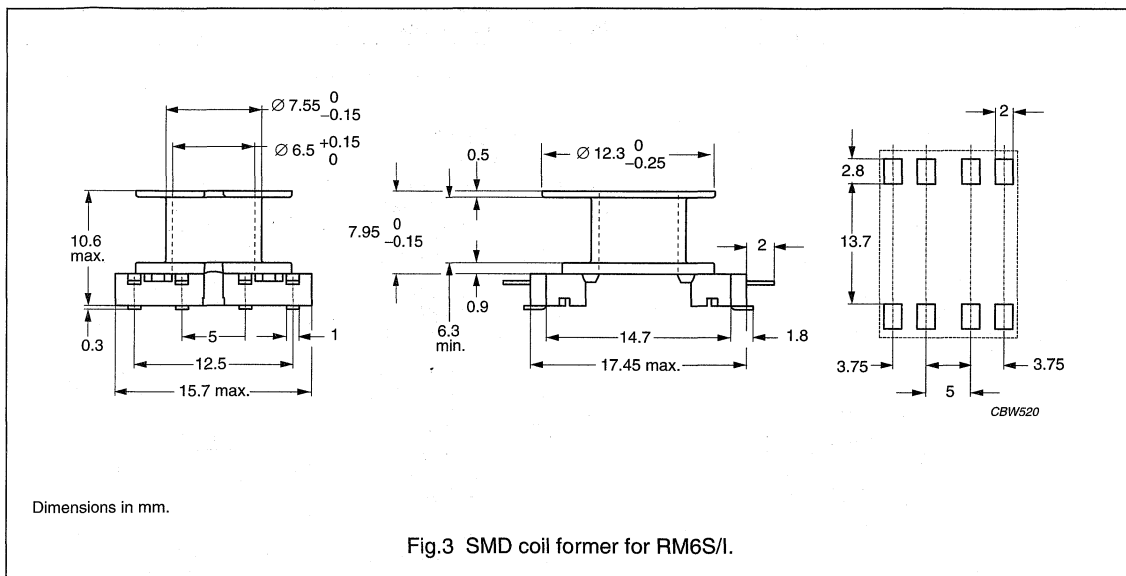
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	15.7	6.2	31	CPV-RM6S/I-1S-8PD

RM cores and accessories

RM6S/I

General data SMD coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM6S/I coil former (SMD)

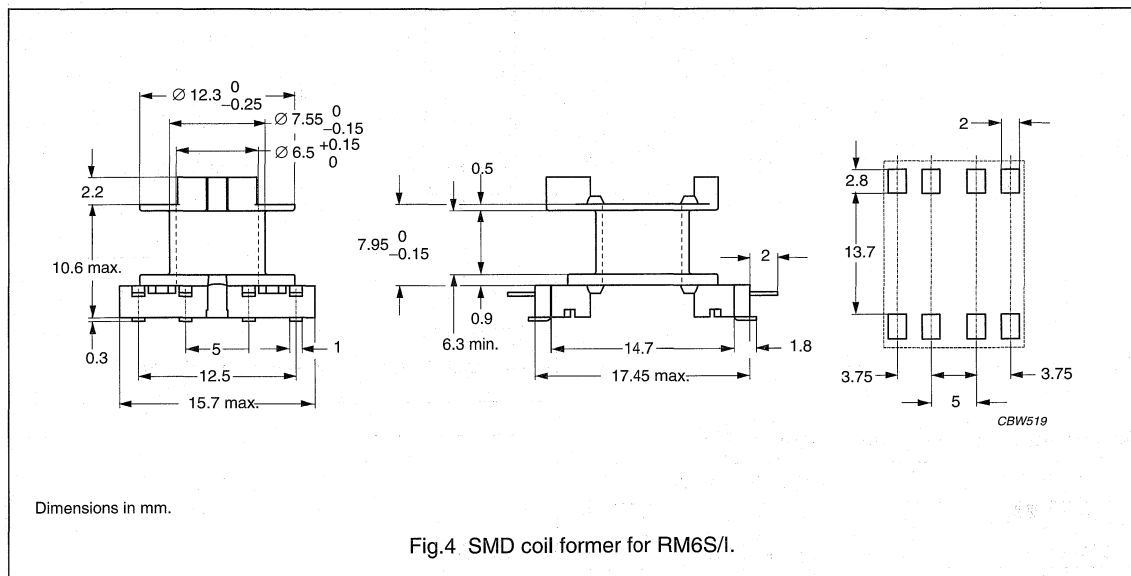
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	14	6.3	31	CSV5-RM6S-1S-8P

RM cores and accessories

RM6S/I

General data SMD coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM6S/I coil former (SMD)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	14.2	6.3	31.4	CSV5-RM6S-1S-8P-B

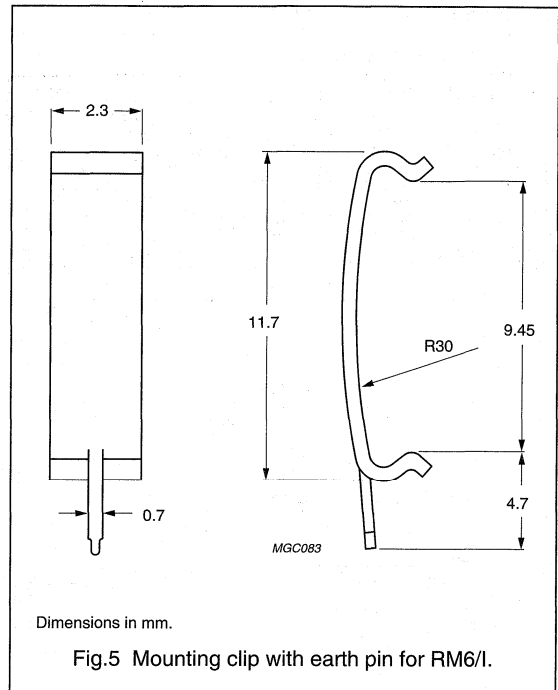
RM cores and accessories

RM6S/I

**MOUNTING PARTS**

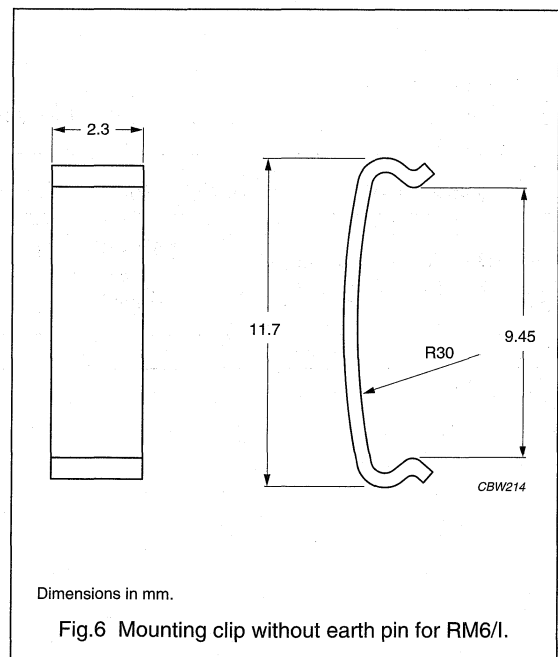
**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈10 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM6/I



**General data mounting clip without earth pin**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈10 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Type number	CLI-RM6/I



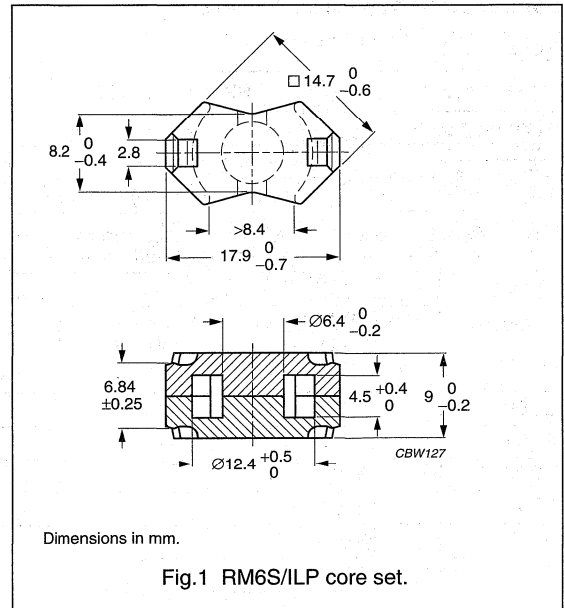
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S/ILP

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.580	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	820	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	21.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	37.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	31.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈4.2	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 20 ±10 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	3175 ±25%	≈1470	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3C90
3C94 <b>des</b>	3175 ±25%	≈1470	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	2900 ±25%	≈1340	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3C96
3D3 <b>des</b>	160 ±3%	≈74	≈350	RM6S/ILP-3D3-A160
	250 ±5%	≈116	≈200	RM6S/ILP-3D3-A250
	315 ±5%	≈146	≈150	RM6S/ILP-3D3-A315
	1350 ±25%	≈625	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3D3
3F3	2700 ±25%	≈1250	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	2200 ±25%	≈1020	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	1600 ±25%	≈740	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3F4
3H3 <b>des</b>	315 ±3%	≈146	≈150	RM6S/ILP-3H3-A315
	400 ±5%	≈185	≈120	RM6S/ILP-3H3-A400
	630 ±8%	≈290	≈80	RM6S/ILP-3H3-A630
	2900 ±25%	≈1340	≈0	RM6S/ILP-3H3

## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S/ILP

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $20 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E5 <small>des</small>	10500 +40/-30%	$\approx 4850$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/ILP-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	13000 +40/-30%	$\approx 6000$	$\approx 0$	RM6S/ILP-3E6

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.10$	$\leq 0.11$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.08$	$\approx 0.35$	$\approx 0.17$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.06$	$\approx 0.25$	$\approx 0.12$
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	$\leq 0.10$	–	$\leq 0.15$
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	$\approx 0.08$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq 300$	$\approx 0.13$	$\approx 1.0$	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.16$	$\leq 0.26$

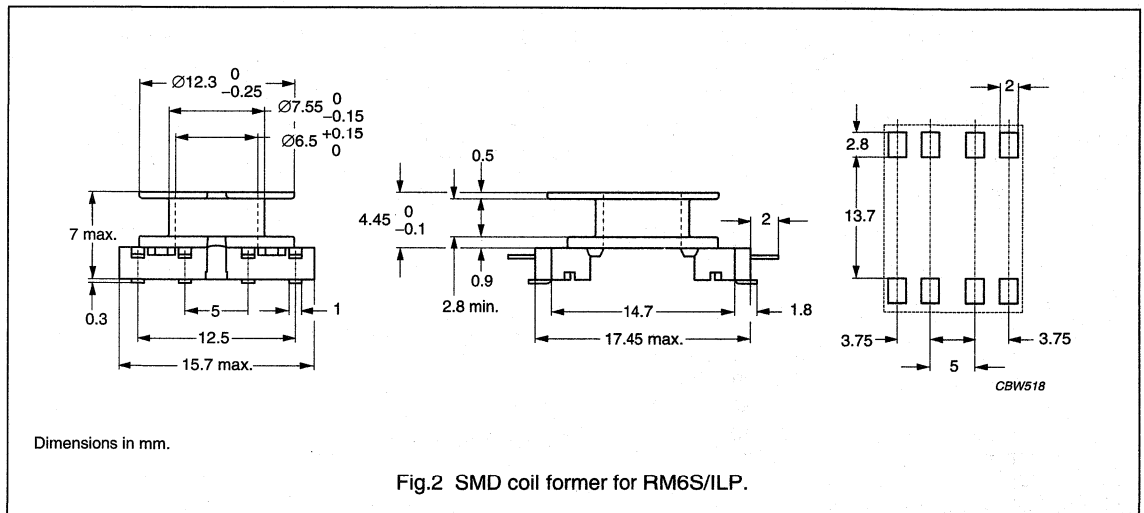
RM cores and accessories

RM6S/ILP

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM6S/ILP coil former (SMD)

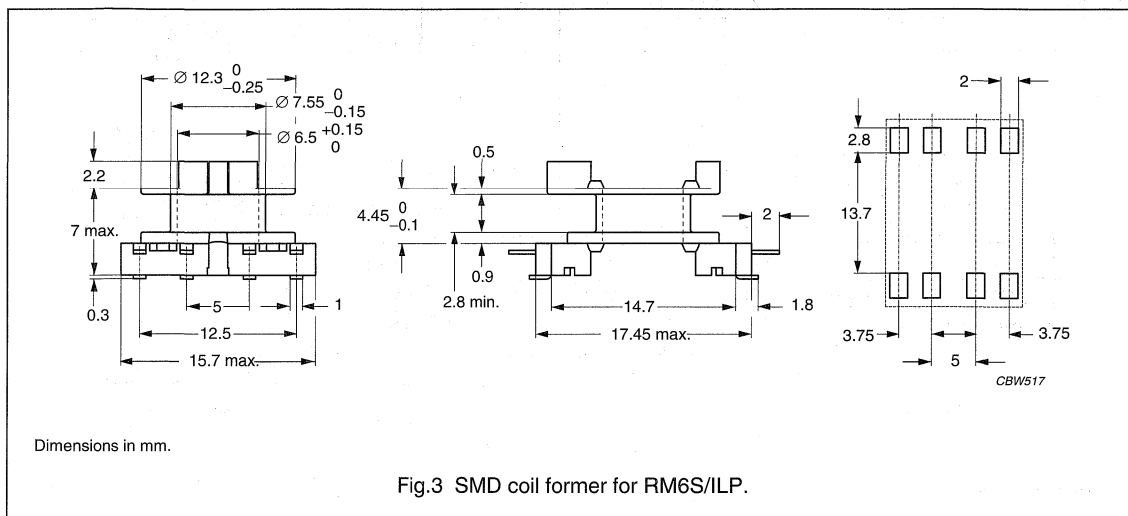
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	6.3	2.85	31.0	CSVS-RM6S/LP-1S-8P

## RM cores and accessories

## RM6S/ILP

## General data (continued)

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM6S/ILP coil former (SMD)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	6.4	2.85	31.4	CSV5-RM6S/LP-1S-8P-B



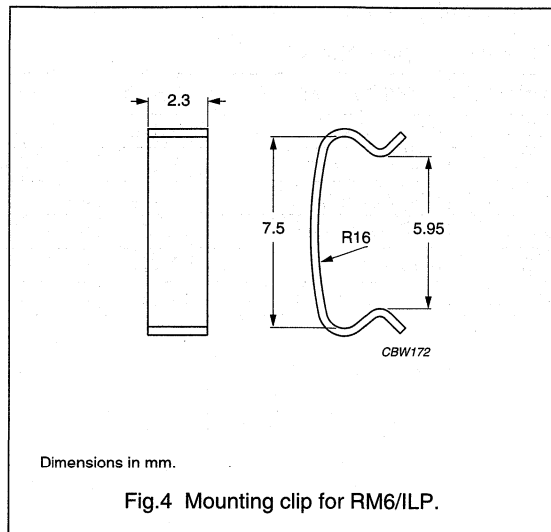
RM cores and accessories

RM6S/ILP

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈10 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Type number	CLI-RM6/ILP



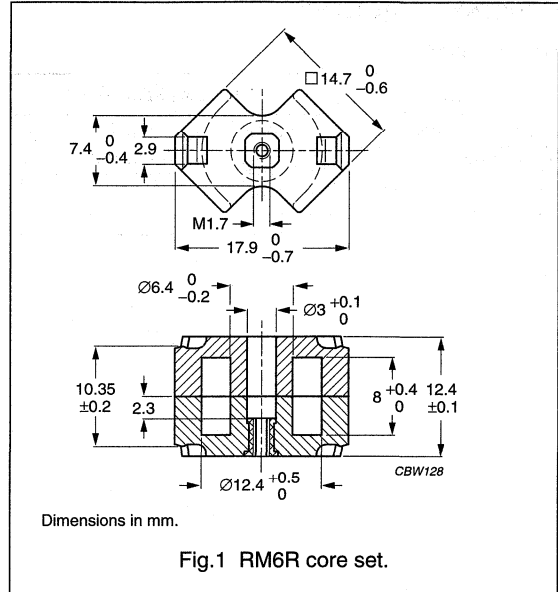
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6R

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.810	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	810	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	25.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	32.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	23.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈4.5	g



## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 40 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	40 ±3%	≈26	≈1200	RM6R-3D3-E40/N	RM6R-3D3-E40
	63 ±3%	≈41	≈700	RM6R-3D3-E63/N	RM6R-3D3-E63
	100 ±3%	≈65	≈400	RM6R-3D3-E100/N	RM6R-3D3-E100
	160 ±3%	≈103	≈200	RM6R-3D3-A160/N	RM6R-3D3-A160
	1000 ±25%	≈650	≈0	—	RM6R-3D3
3H3 <sup>sup</sup>	160 ±3%	≈103	≈230	RM6R-3H3-A160/N	RM6R-3H3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈161	≈110	RM6R-3H3-A250/N	RM6R-3H3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈203	≈90	RM6R-3H3-A315/N	RM6R-3H3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈258	≈70	RM6R-3H3-A400/N	RM6R-3H3-A400
	2200 ±25%	≈1420	≈0	—	RM6R-3H3

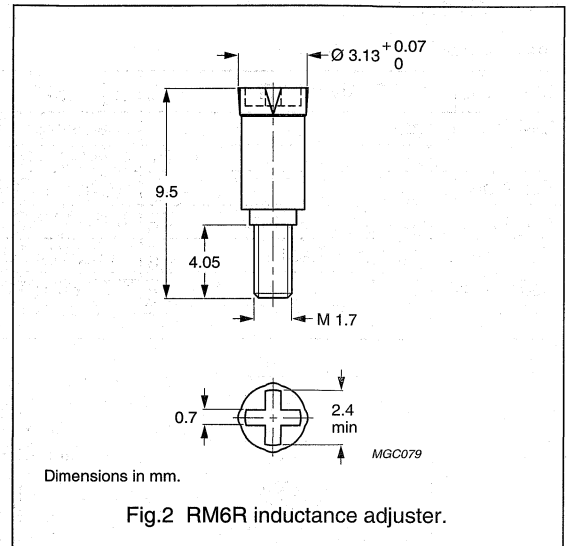
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6R

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTER

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



## Inductance adjuster selection chart

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$ %	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$ %	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L^{(1)}$ %
3H3	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	20
	63	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	14	ADJ-RM6-RED	22
	100	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	10	ADJ-RM6-RED	16	–	–
	160	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	6	ADJ-RM6-RED	10	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	19
	200	ADJ-RM6-RED	8	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	15	ADJ-RM6-VIOLET	18
	250	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	12	ADJ-RM6-VIOLET	14	ADJ-RM6-BROWN	20
	315	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	9	ADJ-RM6-BROWN	15	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	22
	400	ADJ-RM6-VIOLET	8	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	16	ADJ-RM6-GREY	30
	630	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	9	ADJ-RM6-GREY	15	–	–
	1000	ADJ-RM6-BLACK	5	ADJ-RM6-GREY	8	–	–
3D3	1250	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREY	5	–	–
	40	–	–	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	20
	63	–	–	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	14	ADJ-RM6-RED	23
	100	ADJ-RM6-GREEN	9	ADJ-RM6-RED	16	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	28
	160	ADJ-RM6-RED	10	ADJ-RM6-WHITE	17	–	–

## Note

1. Maximum adjustment range.

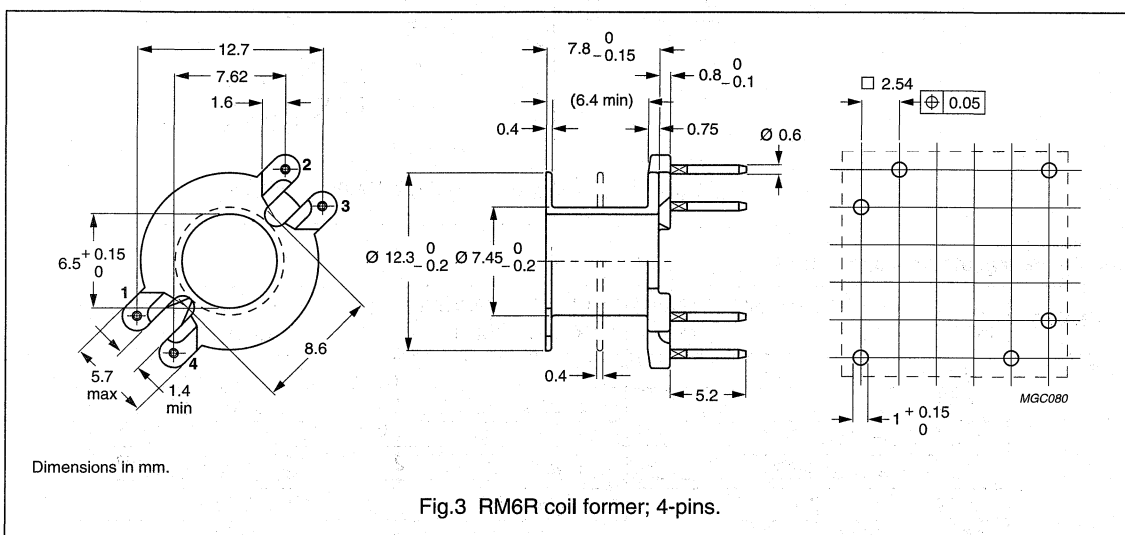
## RM cores and accessories

## RM6R

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

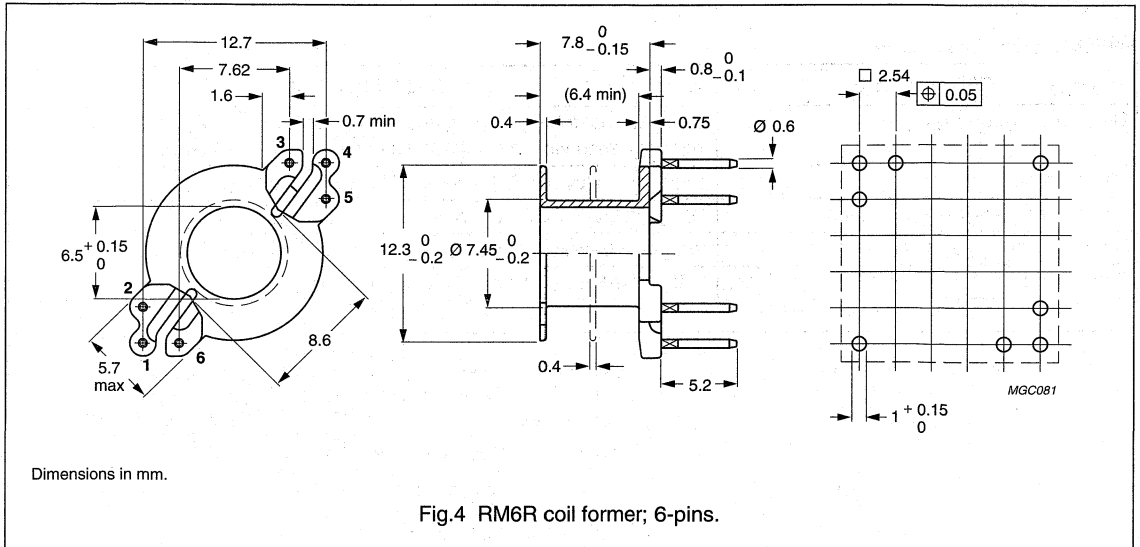


## Winding data for 4-pins RM6R coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4	all	30	15	6.4	CSV-RM6S/R-1S-4P
2	4	all	30	2 × 7.0	2 × 3.0	CSV-RM6S/R-2S-4P

RM cores and accessories

RM6R



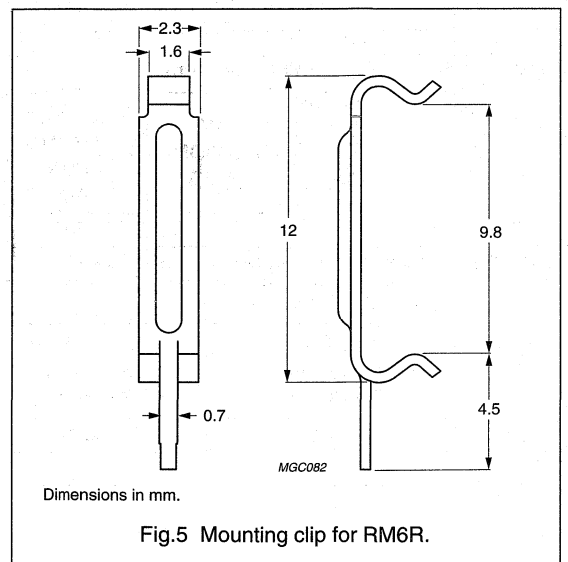
Winding data for 6-pins RM6R coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	6	all	30	15	6.4	CSV-RM6R-1S-6P
2	6	all	30	2 × 7.0	2 × 3.0	CSV-RM6R-2S-6P

MOUNTING PARTS

General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈20 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	silver (Ag)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM6



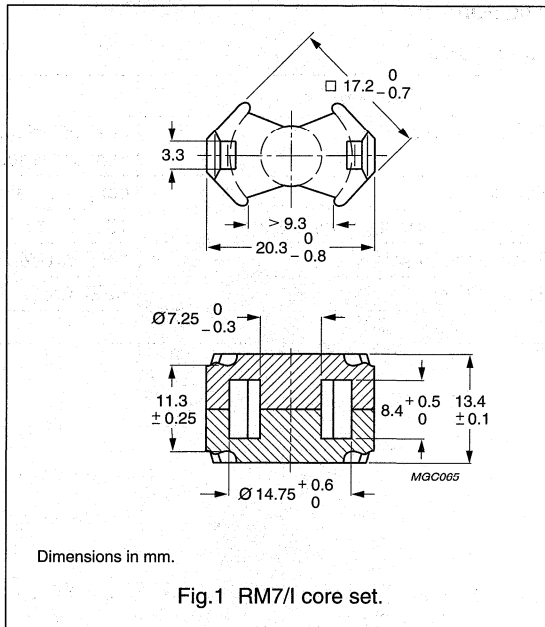
RM cores and accessories

RM7/I

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.680	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1325	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	30.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	44.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	39.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈7.7	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ±3%	≈56	≈800	RM7/I-3C90-A100
	160 ±3%	≈89	≈400	RM7/I-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈139	≈200	RM7/I-3C90-A250
	3000 ±25%	≈1670	≈0	RM7/I-3C90
3F3 <sup>sup</sup>	100 ±3%	≈56	≈800	RM7/I-3F3-A100
	160 ±3%	≈89	≈400	RM7/I-3F3-A160
	250 ±3%	≈139	≈200	RM7/I-3F3-A250
	2500 ±25%	≈1390	≈0	RM7/I-3F3

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.16	≤0.17	–
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.15	≤0.25

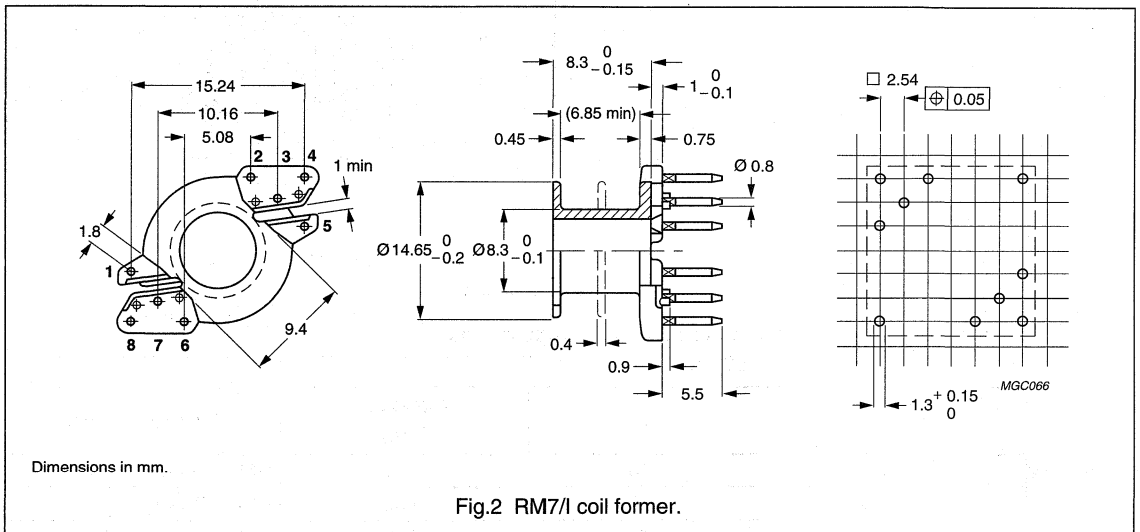
# RM cores and accessories

RM7/I

## COIL FORMER

### General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



### Winding data for RM7/I coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	4	1, 2, 5, 6	35	21	6.85	CSV-RM7-1S-4P
1	8	all	35	21	6.85	CSV-RM7-1S-8P
2	8	all	35	2 × 9.8	2 × 3.2	CSV-RM7-2S-8P

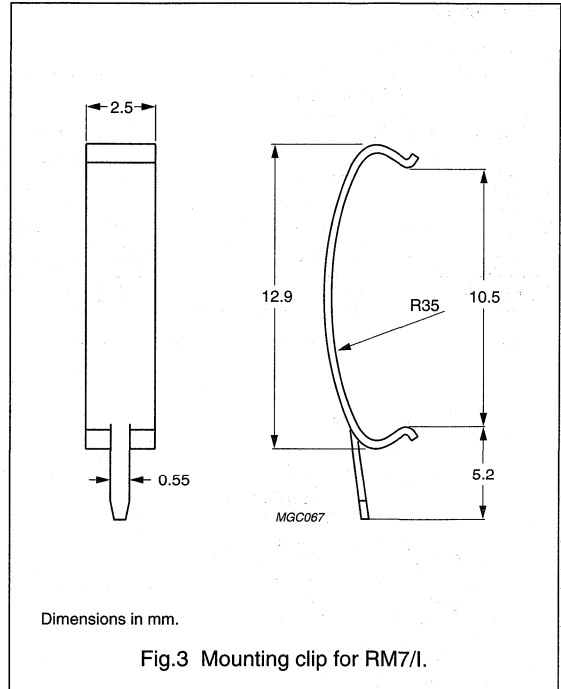
RM cores and accessories

RM7/I

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈20 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CL1/P-RM7





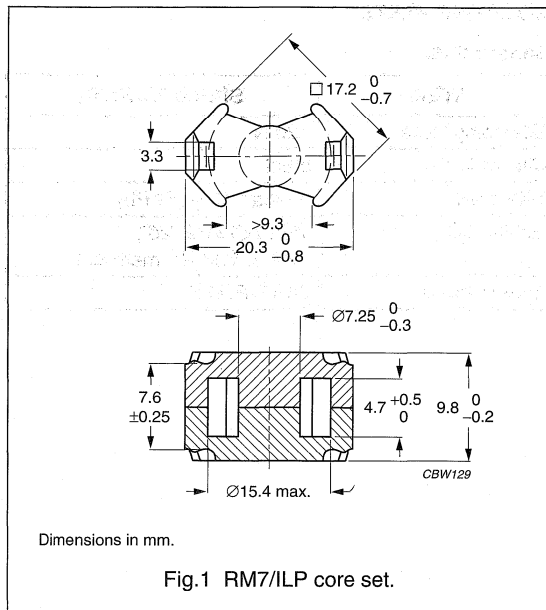
RM cores and accessories

RM7/ILP

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.520	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1 060	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	23.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	45.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	39.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈6.0	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements 40 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <sup>sup</sup>	3650 ±25%	≈1510	≈0	RM7/ILP-3C90
3F3 <sup>sup</sup>	3100 ±25%	≈1280	≈0	RM7/ILP-3F3
3F4 <sup>sup</sup>	1800 ±25%	≈740	≈0	RM7/ILP-3F4

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at				
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.13	≤0.14	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	≤0.12	≤0.20	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	≤0.21	≤0.34

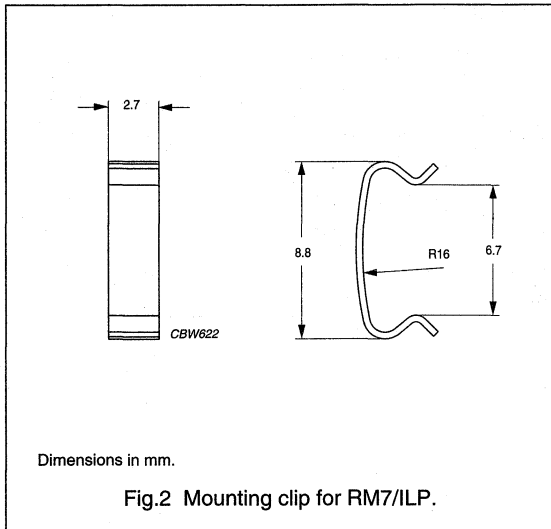
## RM cores and accessories

## RM7/ILP

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈20 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI-RM7/ILP



## RM cores and accessories

RM8

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.683	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1850	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	35.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	52.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	39.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈10.9	g

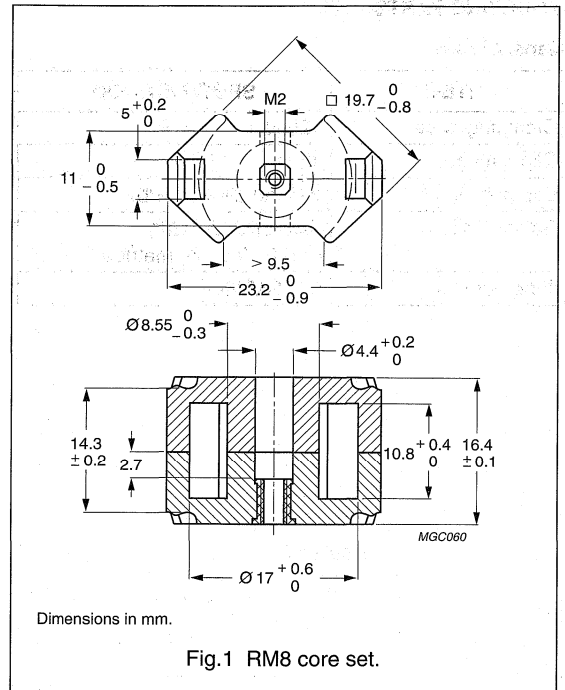


Fig.1 RM8 core set.

## Core sets for filter applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ±30 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER (WITH NUT)	TYPE NUMBER (WITHOUT NUT)
3D3	100 ±3%	≈54	≈750	RM8-3D3-E100/N	RM8-3D3-E100
	160 ±3%	≈87	≈400	RM8-3D3-E160/N	RM8-3D3-E160
	1240 ±25%	≈670	≈0	—	RM8-3D3
3H3	250 ±3%	≈135	≈210	RM8-3H3-A250/N	RM8-3H3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈170	≈160	RM8-3H3-A315/N	RM8-3H3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈220	≈130	RM8-3H3-A400/N	RM8-3H3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈340	≈100	RM8-3H3-A630/N	RM8-3H3-A630
	2850 ±25%	≈1540	≈0	—	RM8-3H3

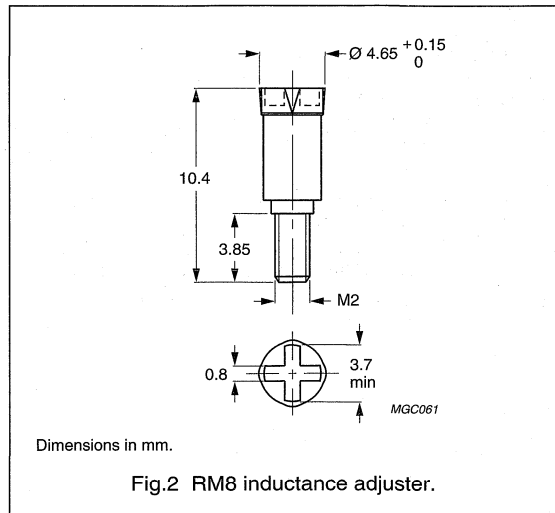
## RM cores and accessories

## RM8

## INDUCTANCE ADJUSTERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Material of head and thread	polypropylene (PP), glass fibre reinforced
Maximum operating temperature	125 °C



## Inductance adjuster selection chart

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPES FOR LOW ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR MEDIUM ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>	TYPES FOR HIGH ADJUSTMENT	$\Delta L/L$ % <sup>(1)</sup>
3H3	63	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	24
	100	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	16	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	21
	160	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	14	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	18
	250	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	7	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	12	ADJ-P22/RM8-WHITE	18
	315	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	9	ADJ-P22/RM8-WHITE	13	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	21
	400	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	7	ADJ-P22/RM8-WHITE	10	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	15
	630	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	4	ADJ-P22/RM8-BROWN	8	ADJ-P22/RM8-BLACK	13
3D3	63	–	–	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	23
	100	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-RED	15	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	22
	160	–	–	ADJ-P22/RM8-ORANGE	14	ADJ-P22/RM8-YELLOW	17

## Note

1. Maximum adjustment range.

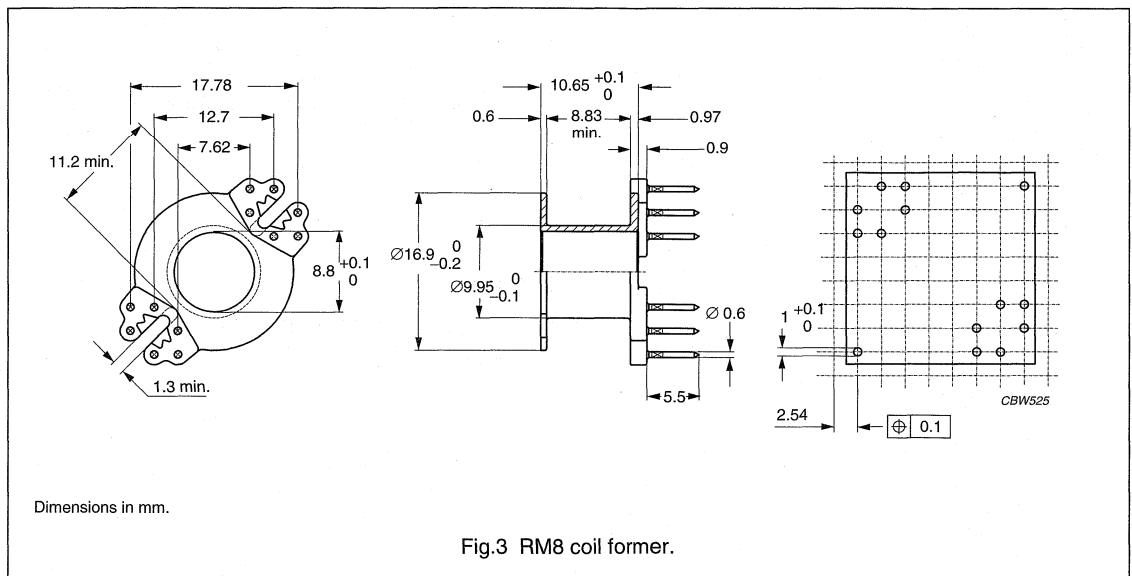
## RM cores and accessories

## RM8

## COIL FORMER

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	unsaturated polyester (UP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E61040 (M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM8 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	8	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12	42	30	9.1	CSV-RM8-1S-8P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
1	12	all	42	30	9.1	CSV-RM8-1S-12P-G <sup>(1)</sup>
2	8	1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12	42	2 × 13.5	2 × 4.3	CSV-RM8-2S-8P-G
2	12	all	42	2 × 13.5	2 × 4.3	CSV-RM8-2S-12P-G

## Note

- Also available with post-inserted pins.

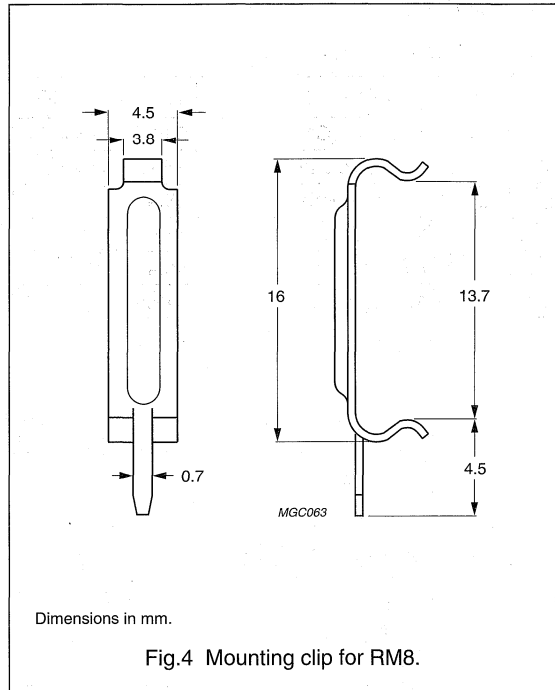
## RM cores and accessories

RM8

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈30 N
Clip material	steel
Clip plating	silver (Ag)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM8



## RM cores and accessories

## RM8/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.604	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	2440	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	38.4	mm
$A_e$	effective area	63.0	$\text{mm}^2$
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	55.4	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of set	$\approx 12.0$	g

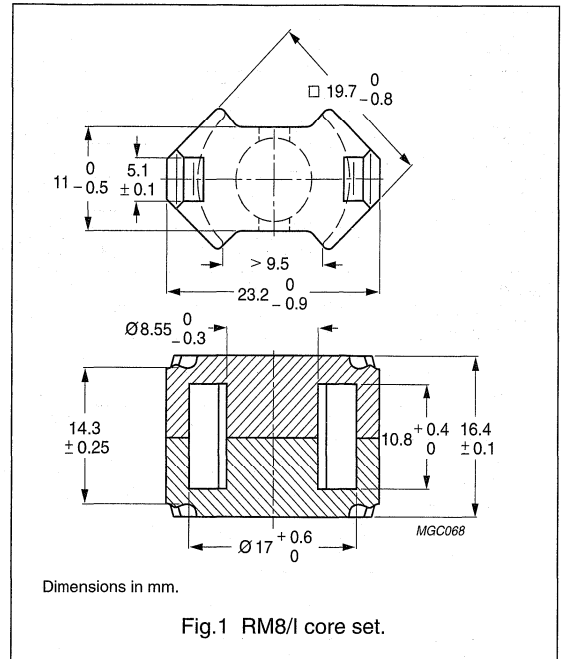



Fig.1 RM8/I core set.

## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 50$	$\approx 1100$	RM8/I-3C81-E100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 77$	$\approx 550$	RM8/I-3C81-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 120$	$\approx 300$	RM8/I-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 151$	$\approx 250$	RM8/I-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3C81-A400
	3400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1630$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3C81
3C90	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 50$	$\approx 1100$	RM8/I-3C90-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 77$	$\approx 550$	RM8/I-3C90-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 120$	$\approx 300$	RM8/I-3C90-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 151$	$\approx 250$	RM8/I-3C90-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3C90-A400
	3600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1730$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3C90
3C91 	3400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1630$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3C91

## RM cores and accessories

RM8/I

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C94 <b>des</b>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 50$	$\approx 1100$	RM8/I-3C94-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 77$	$\approx 550$	RM8/I-3C94-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 120$	$\approx 300$	RM8/I-3C94-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 151$	$\approx 250$	RM8/I-3C94-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3C94-A400
	3600 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1730$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3C94
3C96 <b>prot</b>	3250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1560$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3C96
3D3 <b>des</b>	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 120$	$\approx 300$	RM8/I-3D3-A250
	315 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 151$	$\approx 250$	RM8/I-3D3-A315
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3D3-A400
	1400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 675$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3D3
3F3	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 50$	$\approx 1100$	RM8/I-3F3-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 77$	$\approx 550$	RM8/I-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 120$	$\approx 300$	RM8/I-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 151$	$\approx 250$	RM8/I-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3F3-A400
	3000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1440$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3F3
3F35 <b>prot</b>	2400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1150$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3F35
3F4 <b>des</b>	100 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 50$	$\approx 1100$	RM8/I-3F4-A100
	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 77$	$\approx 550$	RM8/I-3F4-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 120$	$\approx 300$	RM8/I-3F4-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 151$	$\approx 250$	RM8/I-3F4-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3F4-A400
	1700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 820$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3F4
3H3 <b>des</b>	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 192$	$\approx 180$	RM8/I-3H3-A400
	630 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 302$	$\approx 115$	RM8/I-3H3-A630
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 480$	$\approx 70$	RM8/I-3H3-A1000
	3250 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1560$	$\approx 0$	RM8/I-3H3

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 30  $\pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <b>sup</b>	5800 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2800$	RM8/I-3E1
3E27	8000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3800$	RM8/I-3E27
3E4 <b>sup</b>	8000 +40/-30%	$\approx 3800$	RM8/I-3E4
3E5	12500 +40/-30%	$\approx 6000$	RM8/I-3E5
3E6	15500 +40/-30%	$\approx 7450$	RM8/I-3E6



## RM cores and accessories

RM8/I

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	≤0.56	–	–	≈0.17
3C90	≥320	≤0.30	≤0.31	–	–
3C91	≥315	–	≈0.25	≈1.5	–
3C94	≥320	–	≤0.23	≈1.1	≈0.51
3C96	≥320	–	≈0.16	≈0.8	≈0.35
3F3	≥315	–	≤0.27	–	≤0.47
3F35	≥315	–	–	–	≈0.25
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C90	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C91	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥320	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥320	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F35	≥315	≈0.4	≈3.0	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤0.49	≤0.78

## RM cores and accessories

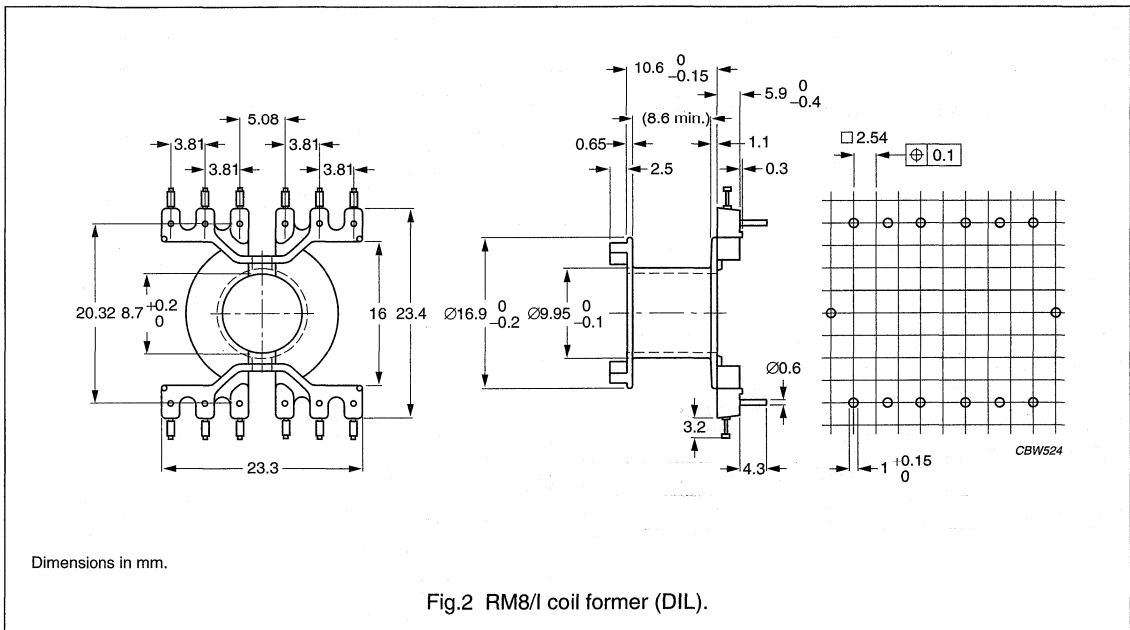
RM8/I

## COIL FORMER

## General data

For the information on another coil former suitable for RM8/I, see "Data sheet: RM8".

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0", UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM8/I coil former (DIL)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	42	30.9	8.6	CPV-RM8/I-1S-12PD

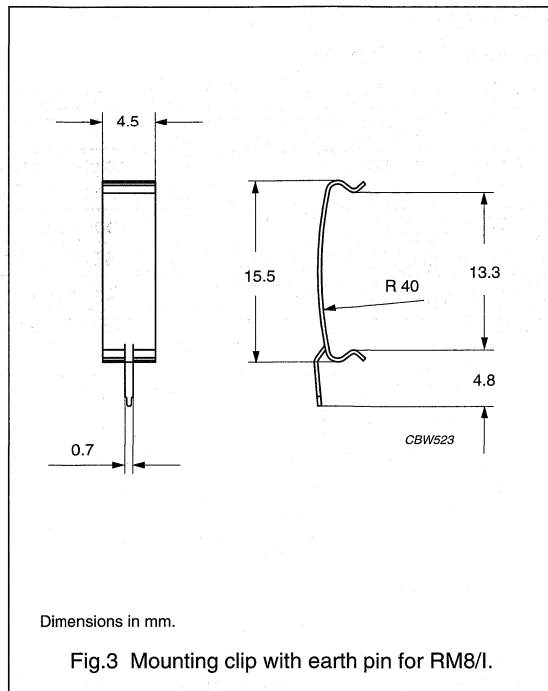
RM cores and accessories

RM8/I

**MOUNTING PARTS**

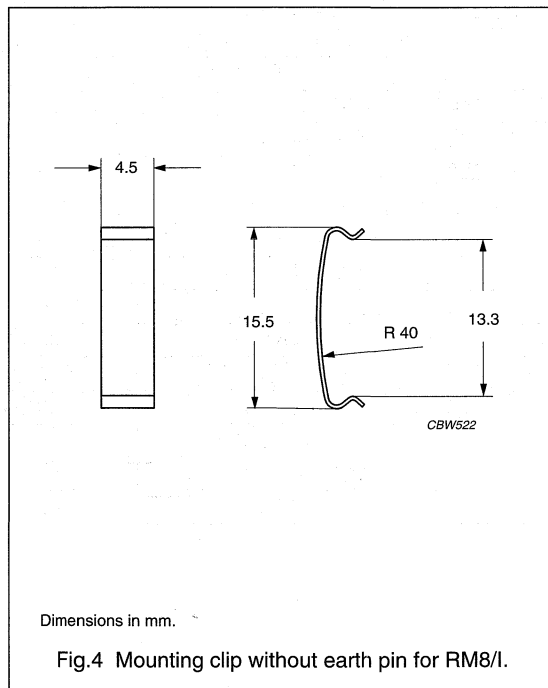
**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈15 N
Clip material	stainless steel
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM8/I



**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈15 N
Clip material	stainless steel
Type number	CLI-RM8/I



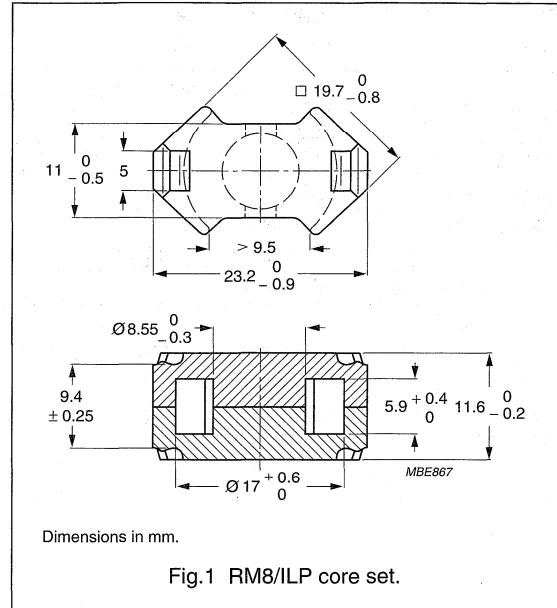
## RM cores and accessories

## RM8/ILP

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.440	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1860	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	28.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	64.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	55.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈10	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	4550 ±25%	≈1600	≈0	RM8/ILP-3C90
3C94 <b>des.</b>	4550 ±25%	≈1600	≈0	RM8/ILP-3C94
3C96 <b>prot.</b>	4100 ±25%	≈1440	≈0	RM8/ILP-3C96
3D3 <b>des.</b>	250 ±3%	≈88	≈400	RM8/ILP-3D3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈110	≈300	RM8/ILP-3D3-A315
	400 ±5%	≈140	≈200	RM8/ILP-3D3-A400
	1850 ±25%	≈650	≈0	RM8/ILP-3D3
3F3	3800 ±25%	≈1330	≈0	RM8/ILP-3F3
3F35 <b>prot.</b>	3100 ±25%	≈1090	≈0	RM8/ILP-3F35
3F4 <b>des.</b>	2200 ±25%	≈770	≈0	RM8/ILP-3F4
3H3 <b>des.</b>	400 ±3%	≈140	≈200	RM8/ILP-3H3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈220	≈130	RM8/ILP-3H3-A630
	1000 ±8%	≈350	≈80	RM8/ILP-3H3-A1000
	4100 ±25%	≈1440	≈0	RM8/ILP-3H3

## RM cores and accessories

## RM8/ILP

**Core sets of high permeability grades**Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $30 \pm 10$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E5 <small>des</small>	16000 +40/-30%	$\approx 5600$	$\approx 0$	RM8/ILP-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	19500 +40/-30%	$\approx 6800$	$\approx 0$	RM8/ILP-3E6

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.23$	$\leq 0.24$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.18$	$\approx 0.80$	$\approx 0.39$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.14$	$\approx 0.55$	$\approx 0.28$
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	$\leq 0.21$	–	$\leq 0.36$
3F35	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	$\approx 0.2$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–	–

**Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)**

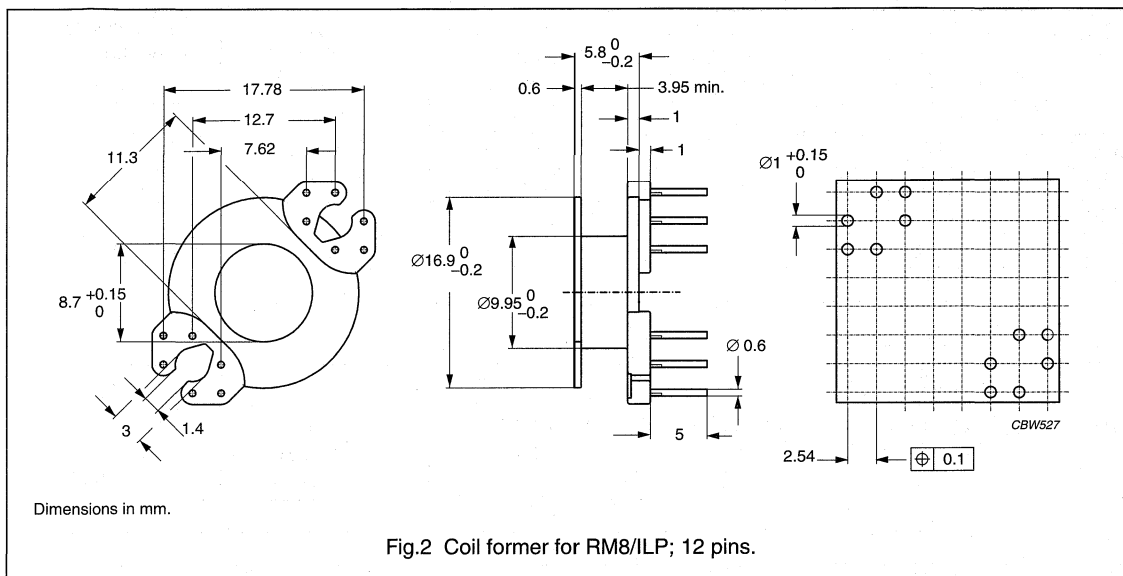
GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 315$	–	–	–	–
3F35	$\geq 300$	$\approx 0.3$	$\approx 2.2$	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.37$	$\leq 0.60$

## RM cores and accessories

## RM8/ILP

## General data coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E41429 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-clad steel, tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM8/ILP coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	12	all	13.3	3.95	41.8	CSV-RM8/ILP-1S-12P
1	10	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	13.3	3.95	41.8	CSV-RM8/ILP-1S-10P
1	10	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	13.3	3.95	41.8	CSV-RM8/ILP-1S-10P-T

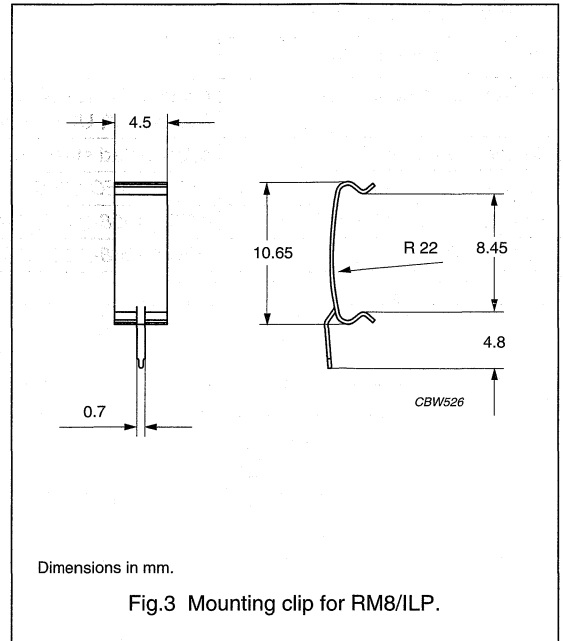
RM cores and accessories

RM8/ILP

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈15 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM8/ILP



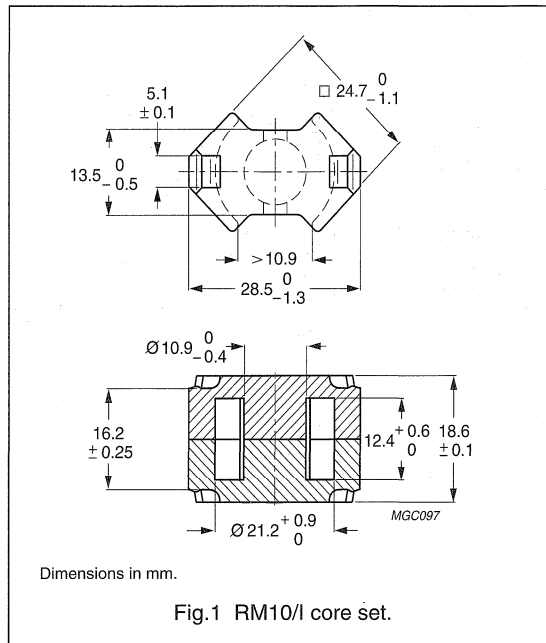
## RM cores and accessories

RM10/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.462	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4310	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	44.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	96.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	89.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈22	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈59	≈900	RM10/I-3C81-E160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈92	≈500	RM10/I-3C81-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	≈116	≈400	RM10/I-3C81-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	≈147	≈300	RM10/I-3C81-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	≈232	≈150	RM10/I-3C81-A630
	5400 $\pm 25\%$	≈2000	≈0	RM10/I-3C81
3C90	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈59	≈900	RM10/I-3C90-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈92	≈500	RM10/I-3C90-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	≈116	≈400	RM10/I-3C90-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	≈147	≈300	RM10/I-3C90-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	≈232	≈150	RM10/I-3C90-A630
	4950 $\pm 25\%$	≈1820	≈0	RM10/I-3C90
3C91 <small>prot.</small>	5400 $\pm 25\%$	≈2000	≈0	RM10/I-3C91
3C94 <small>des.</small>	160 $\pm 3\%$	≈59	≈900	RM10/I-3C94-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	≈92	≈500	RM10/I-3C94-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	≈116	≈400	RM10/I-3C94-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	≈147	≈300	RM10/I-3C94-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	≈232	≈150	RM10/I-3C94-A630
	4950 $\pm 25\%$	≈1820	≈0	RM10/I-3C94



## RM cores and accessories

RM10/I

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C96 <b>prof</b>	4400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1820$	$\approx 0$	RM10/I-3C96
3D3 <b>des</b>	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 116$	$\approx 400$	RM10/I-3D3-A315
	400 $\pm 5\%$	$\approx 147$	$\approx 300$	RM10/I-3D3-A400
	630 $\pm 8\%$	$\approx 232$	$\approx 150$	RM10/I-3D3-A630
	1900 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 700$	$\approx 0$	RM10/I-3D3
3F3 <b>des</b>	160 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 59$	$\approx 900$	RM10/I-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 92$	$\approx 500$	RM10/I-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 116$	$\approx 400$	RM10/I-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 147$	$\approx 300$	RM10/I-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 232$	$\approx 150$	RM10/I-3F3-A630
	4050 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1490$	$\approx 0$	RM10/I-3F3
3H3 <b>des</b>	400 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 147$	$\approx 300$	RM10/I-3H3-A400
	630 $\pm 3\%$	$\approx 232$	$\approx 150$	RM10/I-3H3-A630
	1000 $\pm 10\%$	$\approx 368$	$\approx 120$	RM10/I-3H3-A1000
	4400 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 1620$	$\approx 0$	RM10/I-3H3

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for AL measurements, 60  $\pm$  20 N.

GRADE	$A_L^0$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E1 <b>sup</b>	8000 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 2900$	RM10/I-3E1
3E27	10700 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 3880$	RM10/I-3E27
3E4 <b>sup</b>	11000 +40/-30%	$\approx 4040$	RM10/I-3E4
3E5	16000 +40/-30%	$\approx 5900$	RM10/I-3E5

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 315$	$\leq 1.0$	-	-	-
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.52$	$\leq 0.55$	-	-
3C91	$\geq 315$	-	$\approx 0.50$	$\approx 2.6$	-
3C94	$\geq 320$	-	$\leq 0.41$	$\approx 1.9$	$\approx 0.9$
3C96	$\geq 320$	-	$\approx 0.3$	$\approx 1.4$	$\approx 0.65$
3F3	$\geq 315$	-	$\leq 0.48$	-	$\leq 0.82$

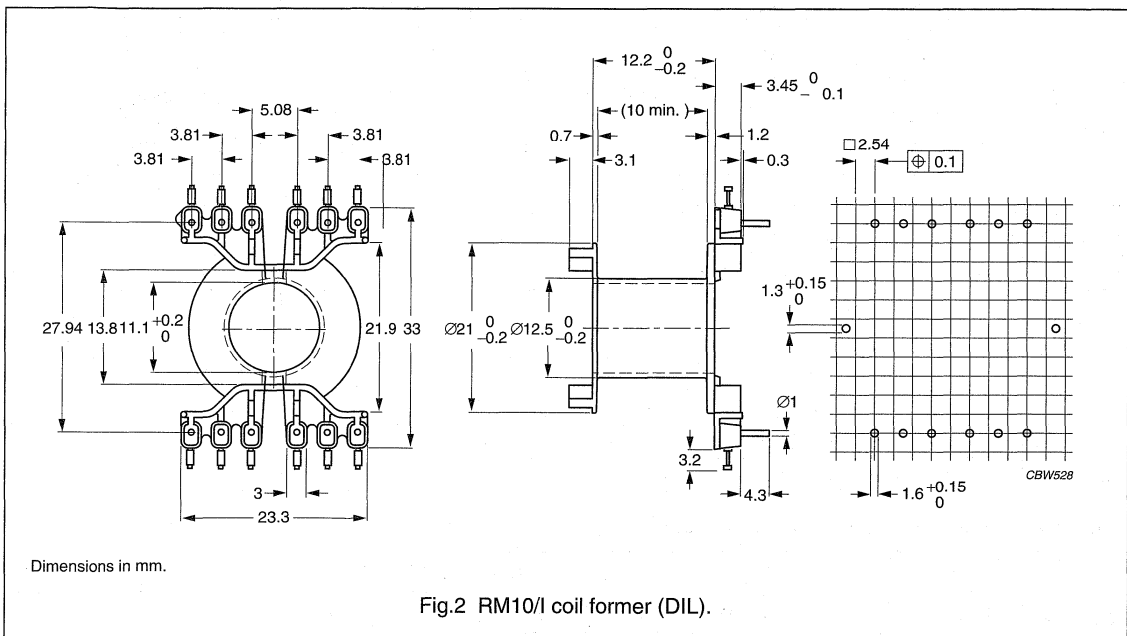
## RM cores and accessories

RM10/I

## COIL FORMER

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM10 coil former (DIL)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	52	44.2	10.0	CPV-RM10-1S-12PD

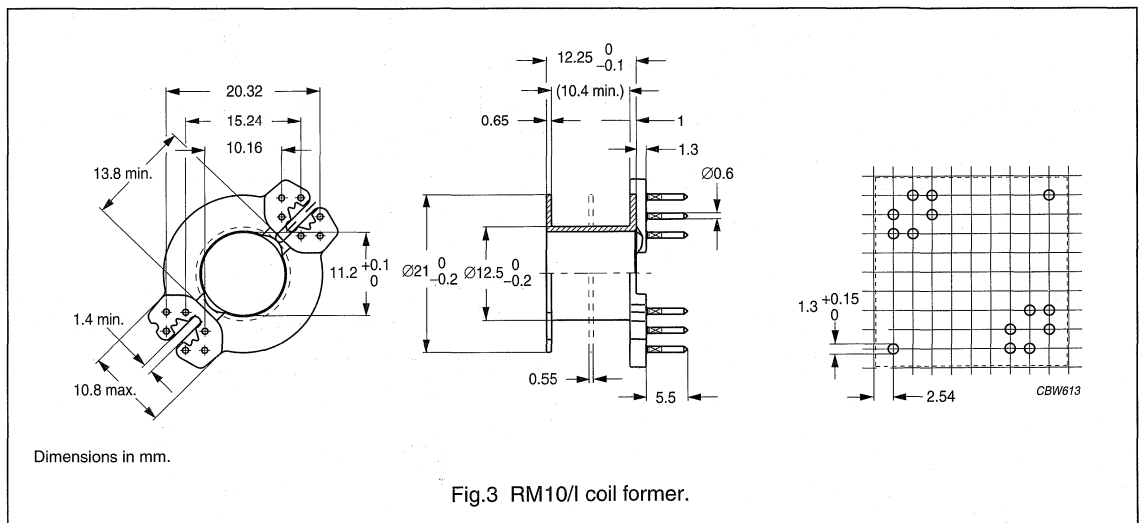
## RM cores and accessories

RM10/I

## COIL FORMER

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyester (UP), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0", UL file number E61040(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



## Winding data for RM10/I coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	12	all	52.3	42.7	10.3	CSV-RM10-1S-12P

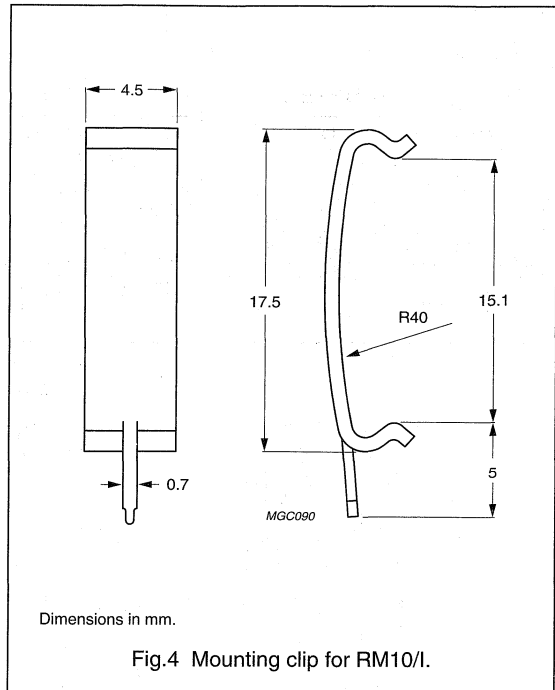
## RM cores and accessories

RM10/I

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈30 N
Clip material	stainless steel
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM10/I



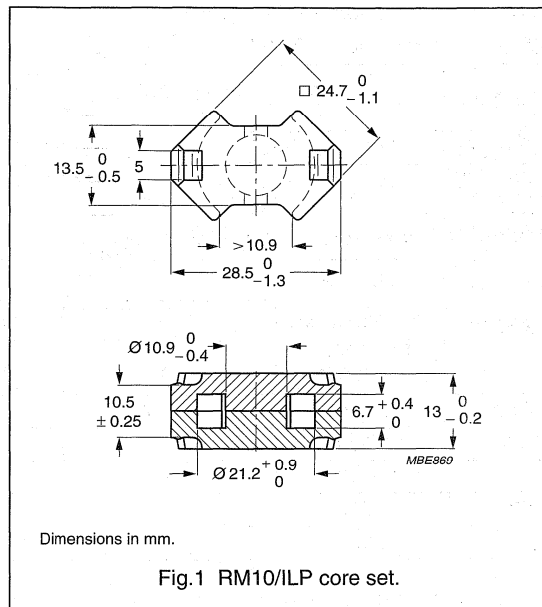
RM cores and accessories

RM10/ILP

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters RM10/ILP

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.340	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3360	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	33.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	99.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	89.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈17	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 60 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	6300 ±25%	≈1700	≈0	RM10/ILP-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	6300 ±25%	≈1700	≈0	RM10/ILP-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	5600 ±25%	≈1510	≈0	RM10/ILP-3C96
3D3 <small>des</small>	315 ±3%	≈85	≈500	RM10/ILP-3D3-A315
	400 ±3%	≈108	≈350	RM10/ILP-3D3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈170	≈200	RM10/ILP-3D3-A630
	2500 ±25%	≈675	≈0	RM10/ILP-3D3
3F3	5200 ±25%	≈1410	≈0	RM10/ILP-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	3000 ±25%	≈810	≈0	RM10/ILP-3F4
3H3 <small>des</small>	400 ±3%	≈108	≈350	RM10/ILP-3H3-A400
	630 ±3%	≈170	≈200	RM10/ILP-3H3-A630
	1000 ±5%	≈270	≈130	RM10/ILP-3H3-A1000
	5600 ±25%	≈1510	≈0	RM10/ILP-3H3

## RM cores and accessories

## RM10/ILP

## Core sets of high permeability grades

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $60 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3E5 <small>des</small>	22000 +40/-30%	$\approx 5950$	$\approx 0$	RM10/ILP-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	27000 +40/-30%	$\approx 7300$	$\approx 0$	RM10/ILP-3E6

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.41$	$\leq 0.43$	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.32$	$\approx 1.5$	$\approx 0.7$
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	$\approx 0.22$	$\approx 1.1$	$\approx 0.5$
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	$\leq 0.37$	–	$\leq 0.64$
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; $\hat{B}$ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C94	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3C96	$\geq 320$	–	–	–	–
3F3	$\geq 300$	–	–	–	–
3F4	$\geq 250$	–	–	$\leq 0.67$	$\leq 1.1$

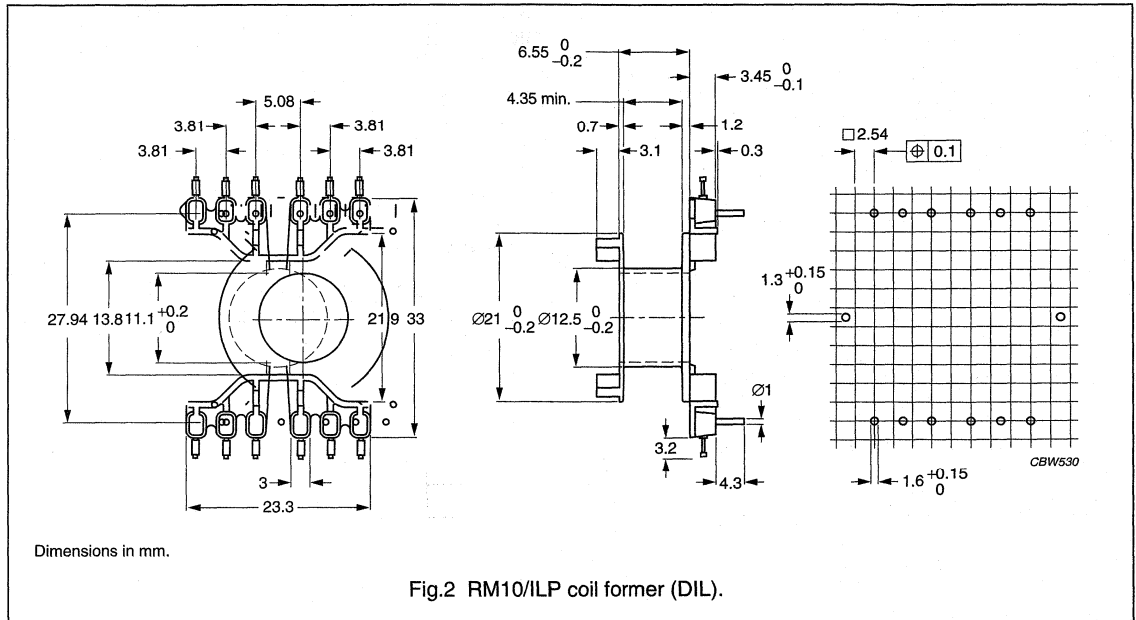
RM cores and accessories

RM10/ILP

COIL FORMER

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM10/I coil former (DIL)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	52	21.0	4.35	CPV-RM10/ILP-1S-12PD

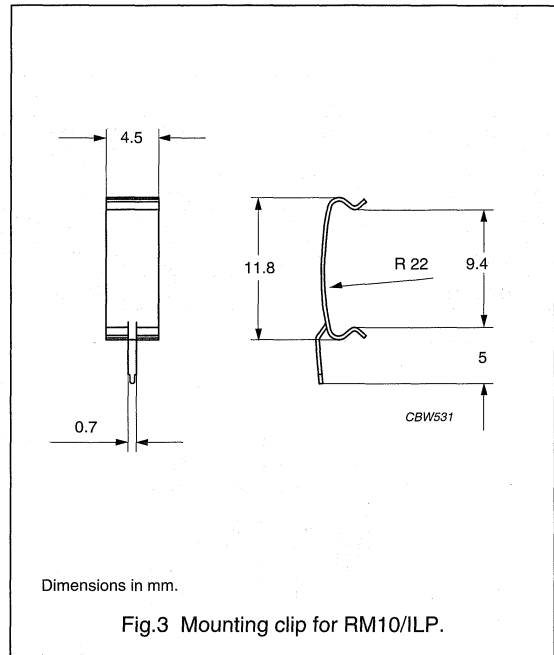
## RM cores and accessories

## RM10/ILP

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data mounting clip with earth pin

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈30 N
Clip material	stainless steel (CrNi)
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CLI/P-RM10/ILP





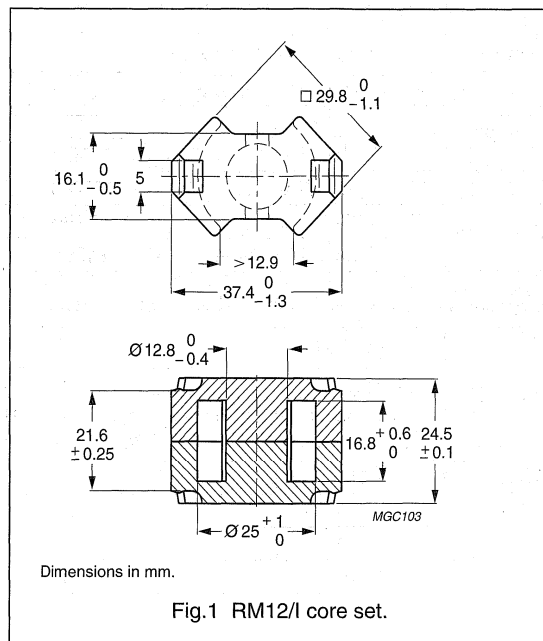
RM cores and accessories

RM12/I

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.388	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8340	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	56.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	146	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	125	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈45	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 70 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP (μm)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	160 ±3%	≈49	≈1400	RM12/I-3C90-A160
	250 ±3%	≈77	≈800	RM12/I-3C90-A250
	315 ±5%	≈97	≈550	RM12/I-3C90-A315
	400 ±5%	≈123	≈450	RM12/I-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈196	≈300	RM12/I-3C90-A630
	6200 ±25%	≈1910	≈0	RM12/I-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	160 ±3%	≈49	≈1400	RM12/I-3C94-A160
	250 ±3%	≈77	≈800	RM12/I-3C94-A250
	315 ±5%	≈97	≈550	RM12/I-3C94-A315
	400 ±5%	≈123	≈450	RM12/I-3C94-A400
	630 ±5%	≈196	≈300	RM12/I-3C94-A630
	6200 ±25%	≈1910	≈0	RM12/I-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	5500 ±25%	≈1510	≈0	RM12/I-3C96

## RM cores and accessories

RM12/I

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	160 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 49	$\approx$ 1400	RM12/I-3F3-A160
	250 $\pm$ 3%	$\approx$ 77	$\approx$ 800	RM12/I-3F3-A250
	315 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 97	$\approx$ 550	RM12/I-3F3-A315
	400 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 123	$\approx$ 450	RM12/I-3F3-A400
	630 $\pm$ 5%	$\approx$ 196	$\approx$ 300	RM12/I-3F3-A630
	5050 $\pm$ 25%	$\approx$ 1560	$\approx$ 0	RM12/I-3F3

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	$\geq$ 315	$\leq$ 1.00	$\leq$ 1.06	–	–
3C94	$\geq$ 315	–	$\leq$ 0.8	$\approx$ 3.5	$\approx$ 1.8
3C96	$\geq$ 320	–	$\approx$ 0.55	$\approx$ 2.5	$\approx$ 1.3
3F3	$\geq$ 315	–	$\leq$ 0.92	–	$\leq$ 1.60

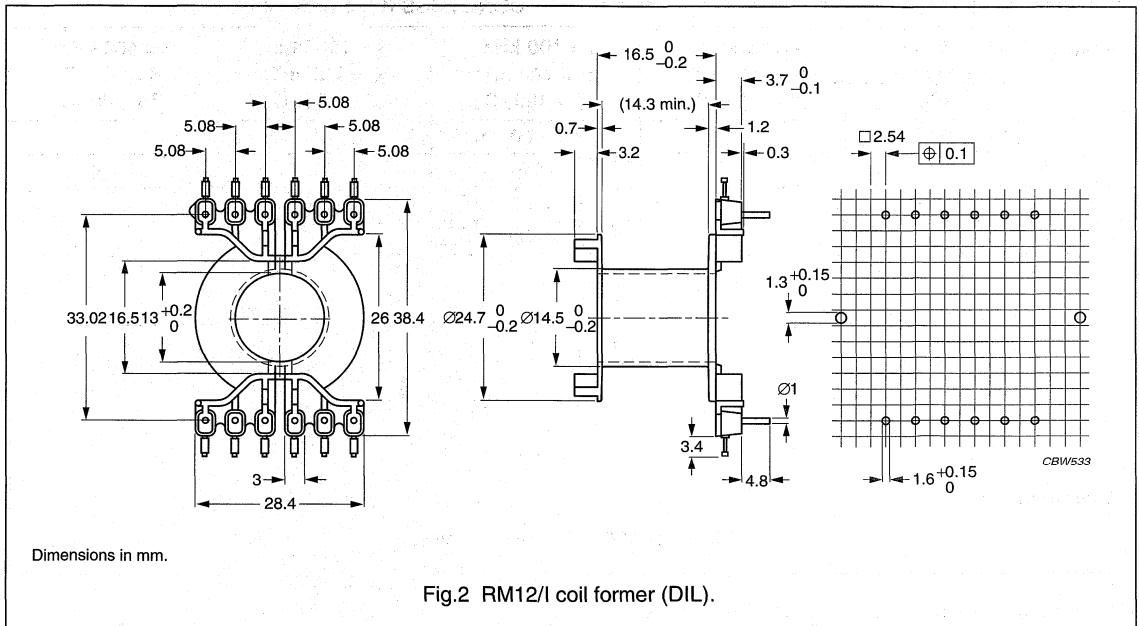
RM cores and accessories

RM12/I

COIL FORMER

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for RM12/I coil former (DIL)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	61	75.0	14.3	CPV-RM12/I-1S-12PD

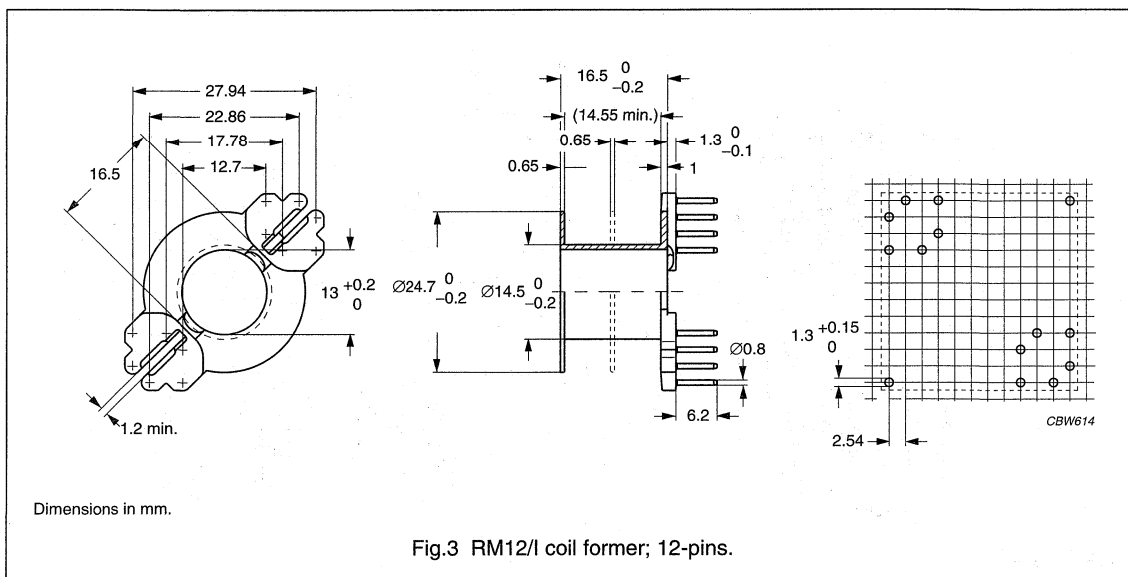
## RM cores and accessories

RM12/I

## COIL FORMERS

## General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for RM12/I coil former with 12-pins

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	72	14.4	61	CSV-RM12-1S-12P

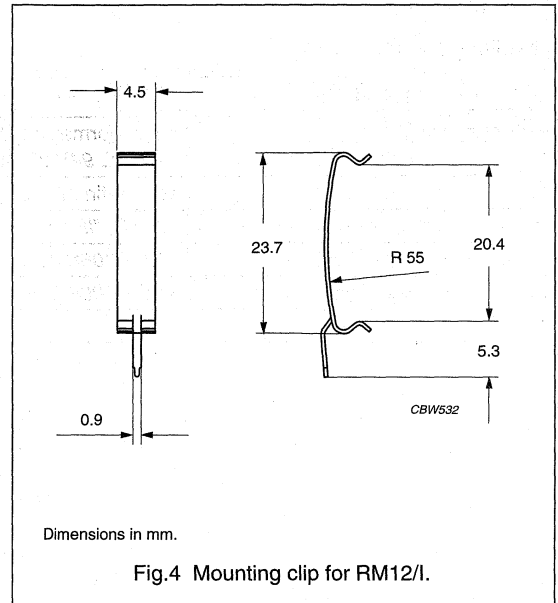
## RM cores and accessories

RM12/I

## MOUNTING PARTS

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈35 N
Clip material	stainless steel
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CL/P-RM12/I



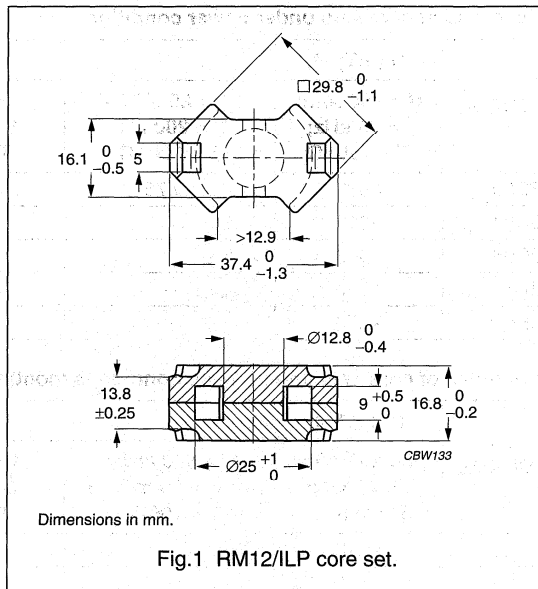
RM cores and accessories

RM12/ILP

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.280	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	6200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	42	mm
$A_e$	effective area	148	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	125	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈34	g



Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 70 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	8100 ±25%	≈1810	≈0	RM12/ILP-3C90
3C94 <small>des</small>	8100 ±25%	≈1810	≈0	RM12/ILP-3C94
3C96 <small>prot</small>	7200 ±25%	≈1450	≈0	RM12/ILP-3C96
3F3	6700 ±25%	≈1490	≈0	RM12/ILP-3F3
3F4 <small>des</small>	3600 ±25%	≈800	≈0	RM12/ILP-3F4

## RM cores and accessories

## RM12/ILP

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	≤0.75	≤0.79	–	–
3C94	≥315	–	≤0.65	≈2.7	≈1.3
3C96	≥315	–	≈0.45	≈1.9	≈0.9
3F3	≥300	–	≤0.68	–	≤1.2
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤1.2	≤2.0

## RM cores and accessories

## RM14/I

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.353	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	13900	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	70.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	198	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	168	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈74	g

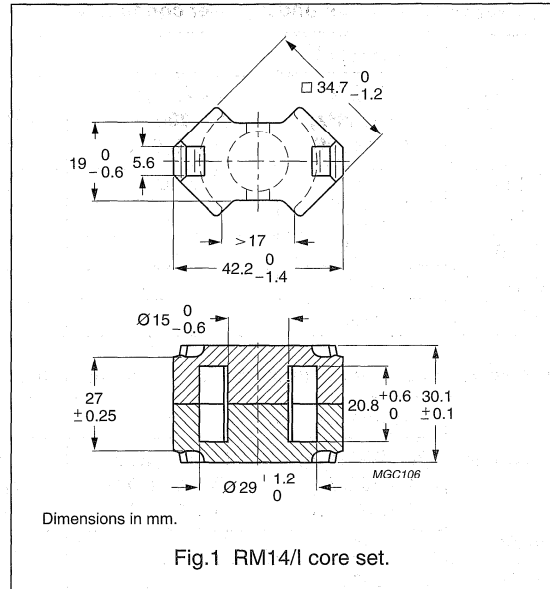




Fig.1 RM14/I core set.

## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements, 80 ±20 N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu$ m)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	250 ±3%	≈70	≈950	RM14/I-3C90-A250
	315 ±3%	≈88	≈700	RM14/I-3C90-A315
	400 ±3%	112	≈550	RM14/I-3C90-A400
	630 ±5%	≈177	≈250	RM14/I-3C90-A630
	1000 ±5%	≈281	≈150	RM14/I-3C90-A1000
	7100 ±25%	≈1990	≈0	RM14/I-3C90
3C94 	250 ±3%	≈70	≈950	RM14/I-3C94-A250
	315 ±3%	≈88	≈700	RM14/I-3C94-A315
	400 ±3%	112	≈550	RM14/I-3C94-A400
	630 ±5%	≈177	≈250	RM14/I-3C94-A630
	1000 ±5%	≈281	≈150	RM14/I-3C94-A1000
	7100 ±25%	≈1990	≈0	RM14/I-3C94
3C96 	6200 ±25%	≈1740	≈0	RM14/I-3C96
3F3	250 ±3%	≈70	≈950	RM14/I-3F3-A250
	315 ±3%	≈88	≈700	RM14/I-3F3-A315
	400 ±3%	112	≈550	RM14/I-3F3-A400
	630 ±5%	≈177	≈250	RM14/I-3F3-A630
	1000 ±5%	≈281	≈150	RM14/I-3F3-A1000
	5700 ±25%	≈1600	≈0	RM14/I-3F3



## RM cores and accessories

RM14/I

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	≤1.67	≤1.76	–	–
3C94	≥315	–	≤1.55	≈6.0	≈3.5
3C96	≥315	–	≈1.2	≈4.5	≈2.5
3F3	≥315	–	≤1.55	–	≤2.65

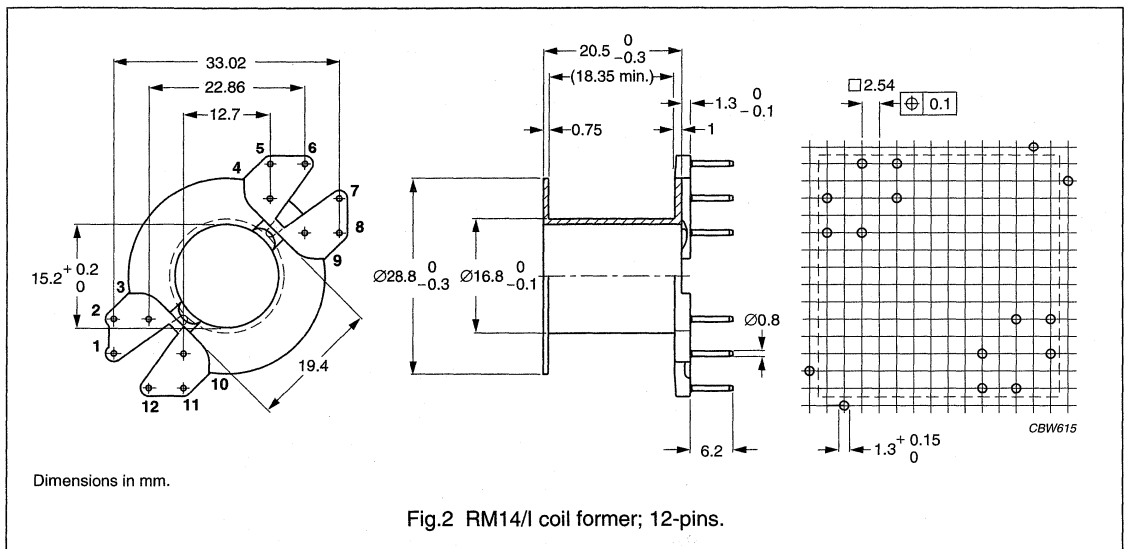
RM cores and accessories

RM14/I

COIL FORMERS

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	phenolformaldehyde (PF), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E167521(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	180 °C, "IEC 60085", class H
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 12-pins RM14/I coil former

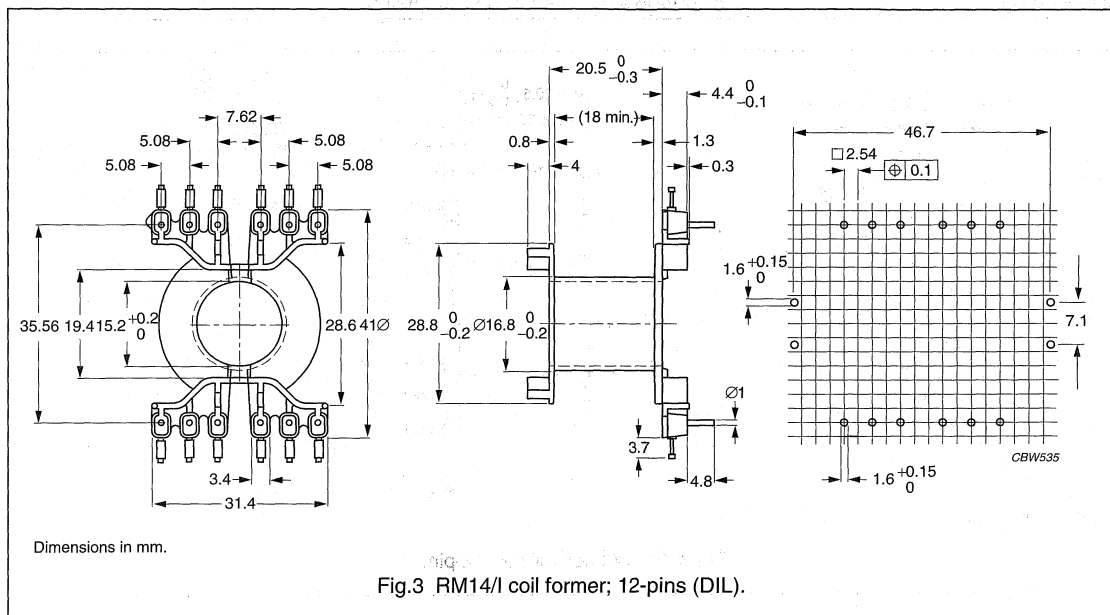
NUMBER OF SECTIONS	NUMBER OF PINS	PIN POSITIONS USED	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	10	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12	71	112	18.4	CSV-RM14-1S-10P
1	12	all	71	112	18.4	CSV-RM14-1S-12P

RM cores and accessories

RM14/I

General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybutyleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardent in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E45329(R)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B, 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1



Winding data for 12-pins RM14/I coil former (DIL)

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	WINDING WIDTH (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	71	111	18.0	CPV-RM14/I-1S-12PD

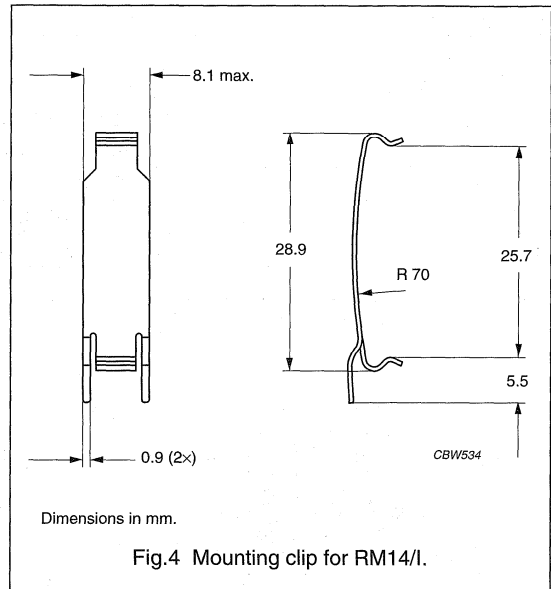
RM cores and accessories

RM14/I

**MOUNTING PARTS**

**General data mounting clip with earth pin**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Clamping force	≈40 N
Clip material	stainless steel
Clip plating	tin-lead alloy (SnPb)
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Type number	CL1/P-RM14/I



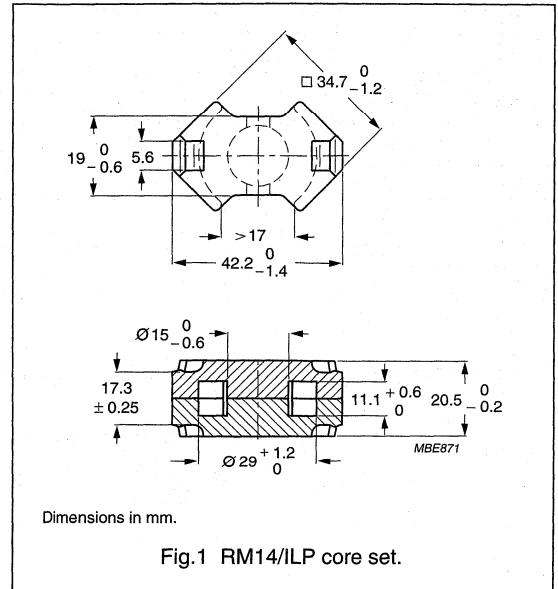
## RM cores and accessories

## RM14/ILP

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.250	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	10230	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	50.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	201	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	168	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of set	≈55	g



## Core sets for general purpose transformers and power applications

Clamping force for  $A_L$  measurements,  $80 \pm 20$  N.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	AIR GAP ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	9400 $\pm 25\%$	≈1870	≈0	RM14/ILP-3C90
3C94 <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	9400 $\pm 25\%$	≈1870	≈0	RM14/ILP-3C94
3C96 <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 0 2px;">prot</span>	8300 $\pm 25\%$	≈1650	≈0	RM14/ILP-3C96
3F3	7700 $\pm 25\%$	≈1530	≈0	RM14/ILP-3F3
3F4 <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	4200 $\pm 25\%$	≈840	≈0	RM14/ILP-3F4

## RM cores and accessories

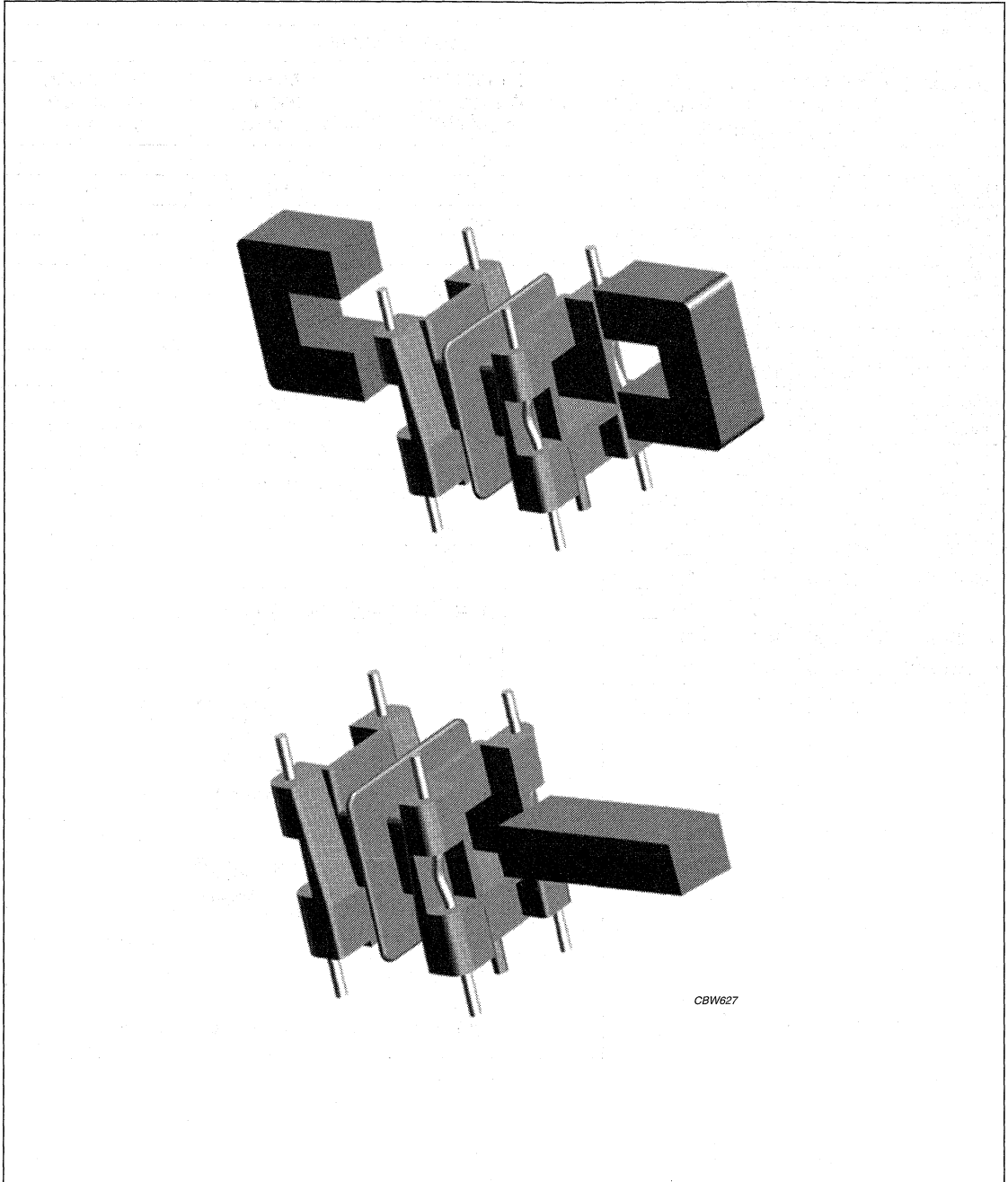
## RM14/ILP

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	≤1.3	≤1.4	–	–
3C94	≥315	–	≤1.1	≈4.6	≈2.4
3C96	≥315	–	≈0.80	≈3.5	≈1.7
3F3	≥300	–	≤1.2	–	≤2.0
3F4	≥250	–	–	–	–

## Properties of core sets under power conditions (continued)

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at			
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 500 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 1 MHz; Ḃ = 30 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 3 MHz; Ḃ = 10 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C94	≥315	–	–	–	–
3C96	≥315	–	–	–	–
3F3	≥300	–	–	–	–
3F4	≥250	–	–	≤2.0	≤2.3



For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

U, I cores and accessories

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview U, I cores

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
U10/8/3	309	8.07	0.9
U15/11/6	1680	32.3	4
I15/3/3	–	–	0.6
U20/16/7	3800	56	9
I20/6/5	–	–	3
U25/16/6	3380	40.3	8
I25/6/6	2590	40.3	4.5
U25/20/13	9180	104	23.5
I25/7/7	–	–	6
U30/25/16	17900	161	43
U33/22/9	9490	86.5	24
U67/27/14	35200	204	85
U93/76/16	159000	448	400
I93/28/16	115000	447	200
U93/52/30	217000	840	560
U93/76/30	297000	840	760
I93/28/30	175000	836	370
U100/57/25	199000	645	500
I100/25/25	158000	645	300

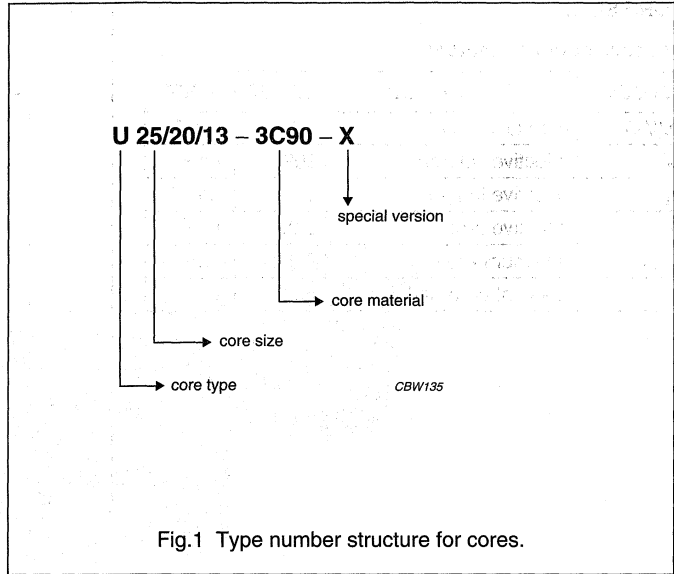


Fig.1 Type number structure for cores.

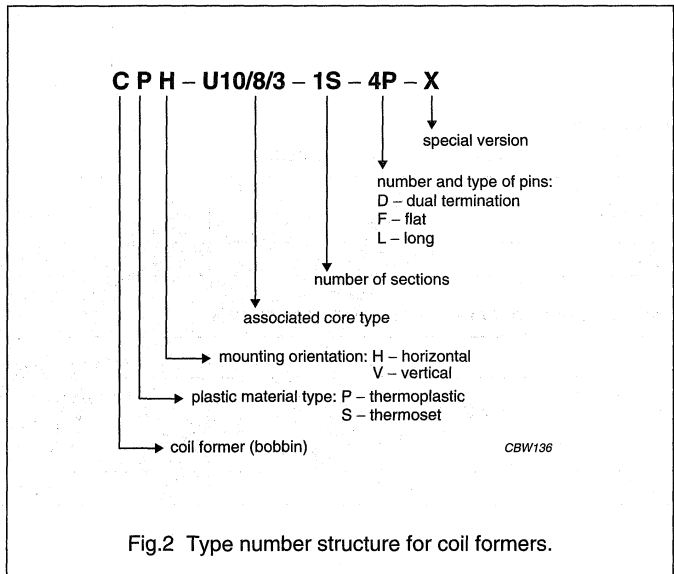


Fig.2 Type number structure for coil formers.



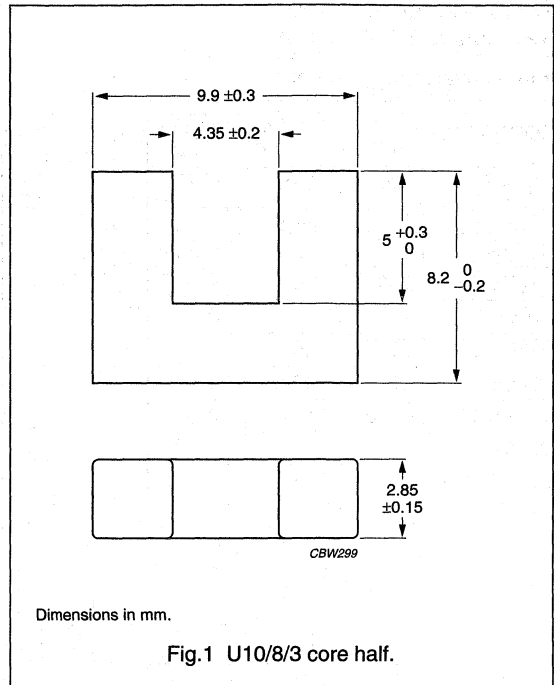
U cores and accessories

U10/8/3

**CORE SETS**

**Effective core parameters**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	4.74	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	309	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	38.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	8.07	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	7.91	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈0.9	g



**Core halves**

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	420 ±25%	≈1580	U10/8/3-3C90

**Properties of core sets under power conditions**

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.04	≤0.04

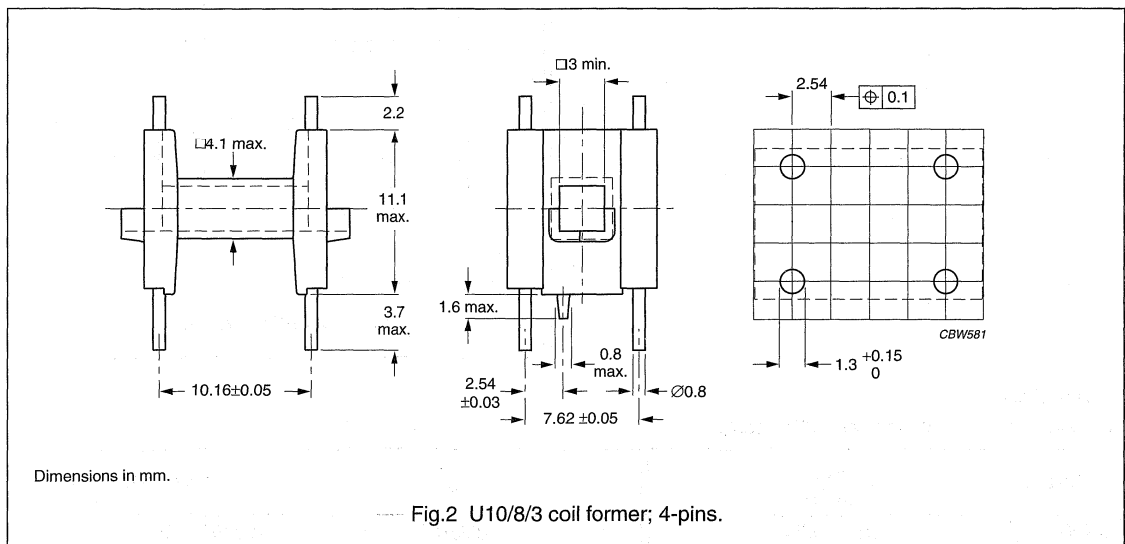
## U cores and accessories

U10/8/3

## COIL FORMERS

## General data 4-pins U10/8/3 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polybuteleneterephthalate (PBT), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578(M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



## Winding data for 4-pins U10/8/3 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	28	8	30	CPH-U10/8/3-1S-4P

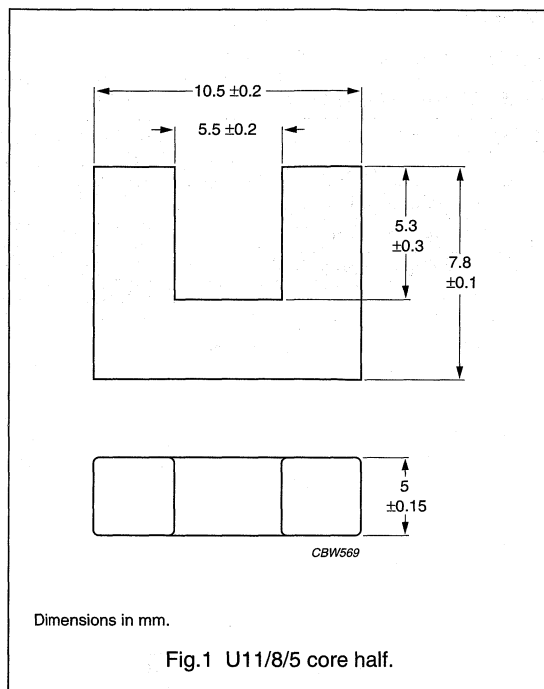
## U cores and accessories

U11/8/5

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.20	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	501	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	40	mm
$A_e$	effective area	12.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{min}$	minimum area	12.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈1.5	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	680 ±25%	≈1730	U11/8/5-3C90
3E25	1200 ±25%	≈3050	U11/8/5-3E25

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥315	≤0.08	≤0.095

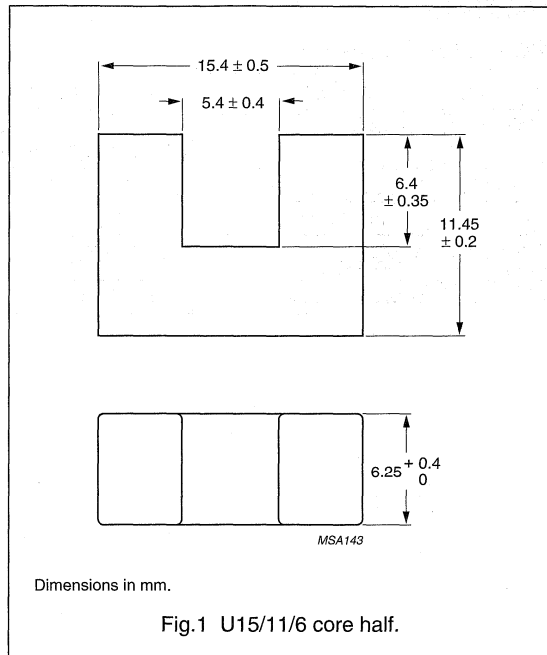
## U cores and accessories

U15/11/6

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.60	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1 680	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	52	mm
$A_e$	effective area	32.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈4	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1400 ±25%	≈1900	U15/11/6-3C90
3E25 <small>des</small>	3400 ±25%	≈4300	U15/11/6-3E25

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.20	≤0.22

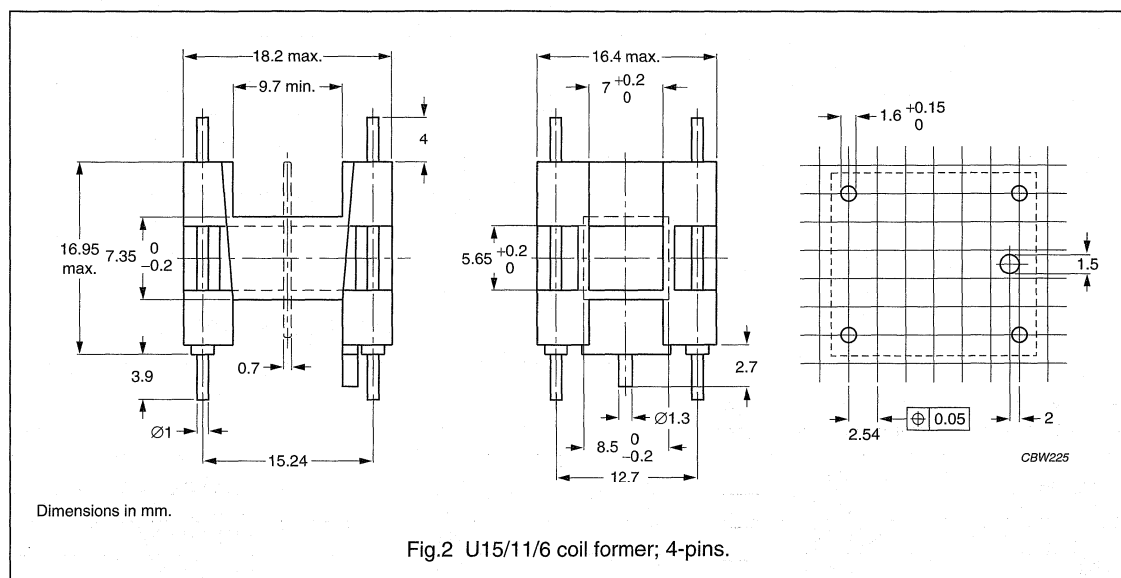
# U cores and accessories

# U15/11/6

## COIL FORMERS

### General data 4-pins U15/11/6 coil former

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Coil former material	polyethyleneterephthalate (PET), glass-reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E69578 (M)
Pin material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s



### Winding data for 4-pins U15/11/6 coil former

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MINIMUM WINDING WIDTH (mm)	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)	TYPE NUMBER
1	38.7	9.7	46.6	CPH-U15/11/6-1S-4P
2	2 × 17.9	2 × 4.45	46.6	CPH-U15/11/6-2S-4P

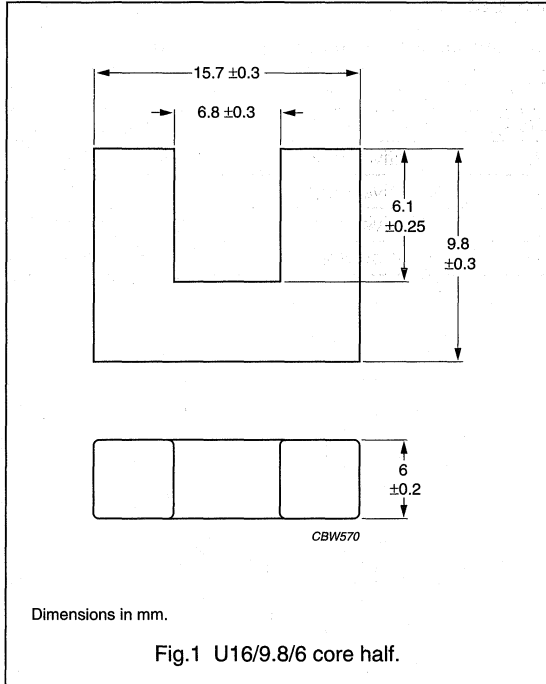
## U cores and accessories

U16/9.8/6

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.07	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1255	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	51	mm
$A_e$	effective area	24.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
$A_{\min}$	minimum area	22.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈3.6	g



## Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3E25	2600 ±25%	≈4280	U16/9.8/6-3E25
3E26	≥2890	≥4760	U16/9.8/6-3E26

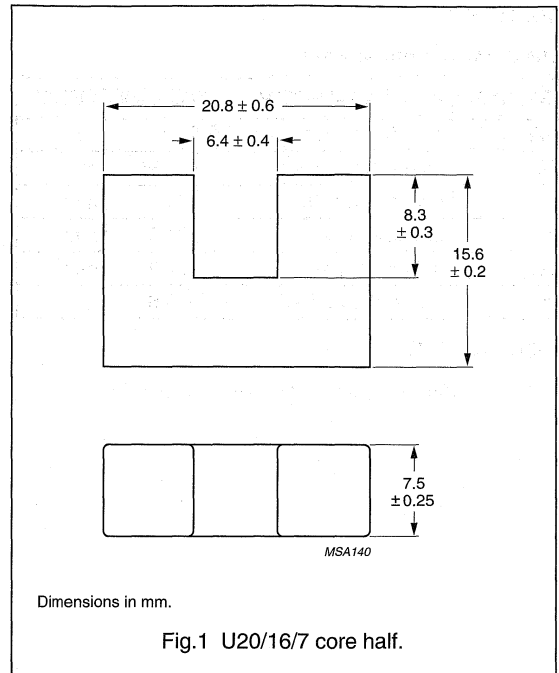
# U cores and accessories

U20/16/7

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.21	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3800	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	68	mm
$A_e$	effective area	56	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈9	g



### Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	1900 ±25%	≈1950	U20/16/7-3C90
3E25 <small>des</small>	4800 ±25%	≈4600	U20/16/7-3E25

### Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.46	≤0.48

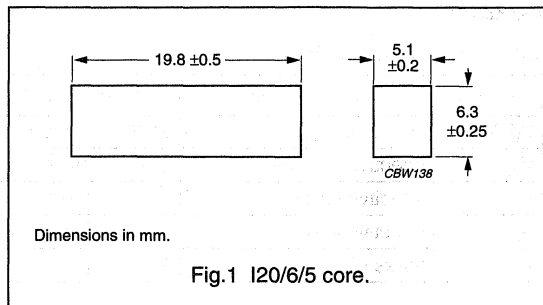
## I cores and accessories

I20/6/5

## CORE

## Ordering information

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	I20/6/5-3C90



## COIL FORMER

For coil former data, see data sheet, "U15/11/6".



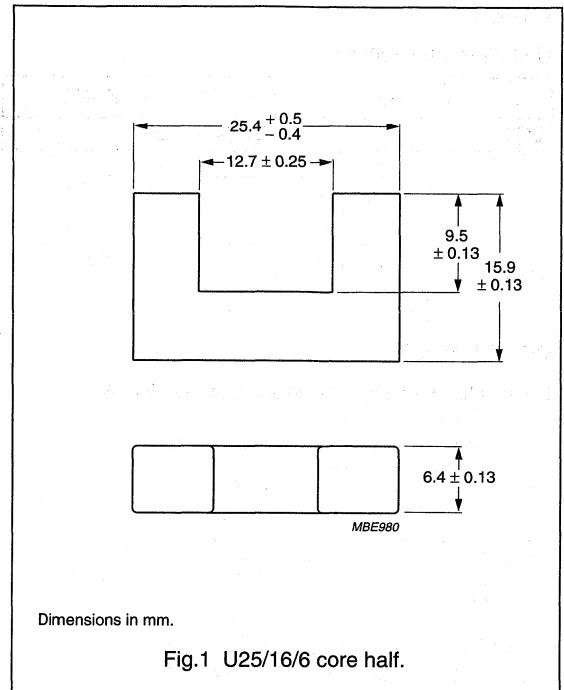
## U cores and accessories

U25/16/6  
(376U250)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.07	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3380	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	83.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	40.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈8	g



## Core halves

 $A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	1400 ±25%	≈2300	U25/16/6-3C81
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	2320 ±25%	≈3800	U25/16/6-3E25
3E27	2320 ±25%	≈3800	U25/16/6-3E27

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.78

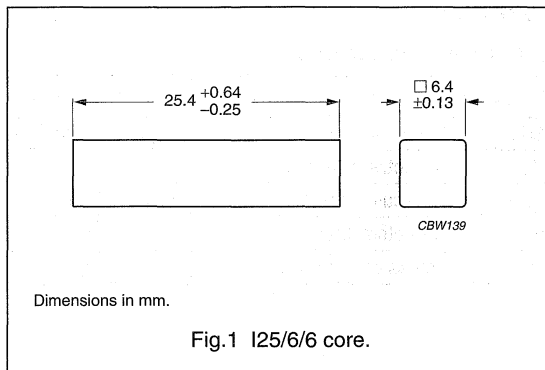
I core and accessories

I25/6/6  
(376B250)

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters measured in combination with U25/16/6

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.59	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2590	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	64.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	40.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of I core	≈4.5	g



Core halves

$A_L$  measured in combination with "U25/16/6".

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C81 <sup>sup</sup>	1750 ±25%	≈2250	I25/6/6-3C81
3E25 <sup>sup</sup>	2500 ±25%	≈3200	I25/6/6-3E25
3E27 <sup>sup</sup>	2500 ±25%	≈3200	I25/6/6-3E27

Properties of core sets under power conditions

Measured in combination with "U25/16/6".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.60

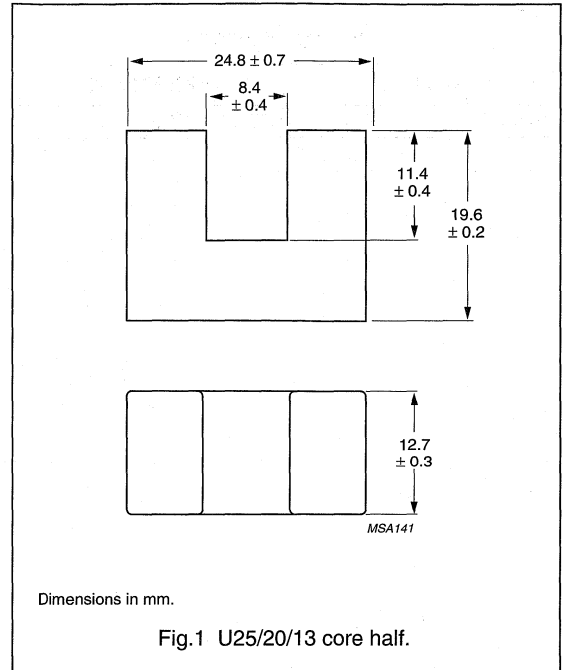
U cores and accessories

U25/20/13

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.85	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9180	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	88.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	104	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈23.5	g



Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	2900 ±25%	≈2000	U25/20/13-3C90
3E25	6300 ±25%	≈4300	U25/20/13-3E25

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤1.10	≤1.20

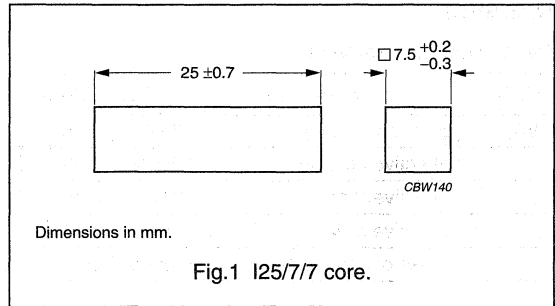
I cores and accessories

I25/7/7

CORE

Ordering information

GRADE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	I25/7/7-3C90



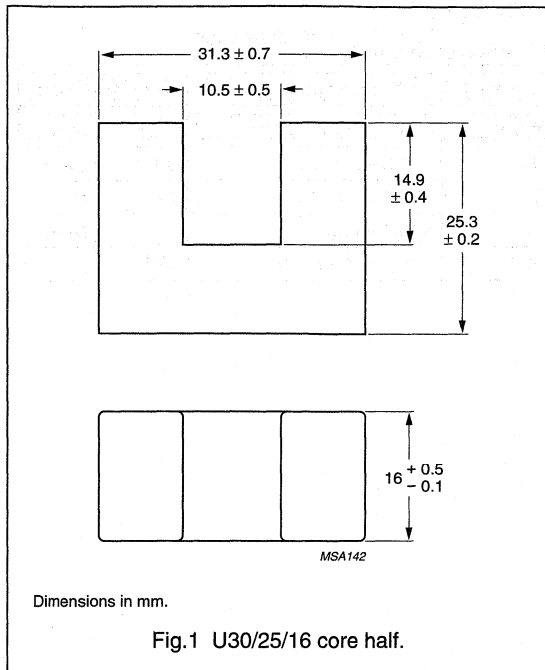
# U cores and accessories

U30/25/16

## CORE SETS

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.690	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	17900	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	111	mm
$A_e$	effective area	161	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈43	g



### Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	3700 ±25%	≈2000	U30/25/16-3C90

### Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤2.15	≤2.30

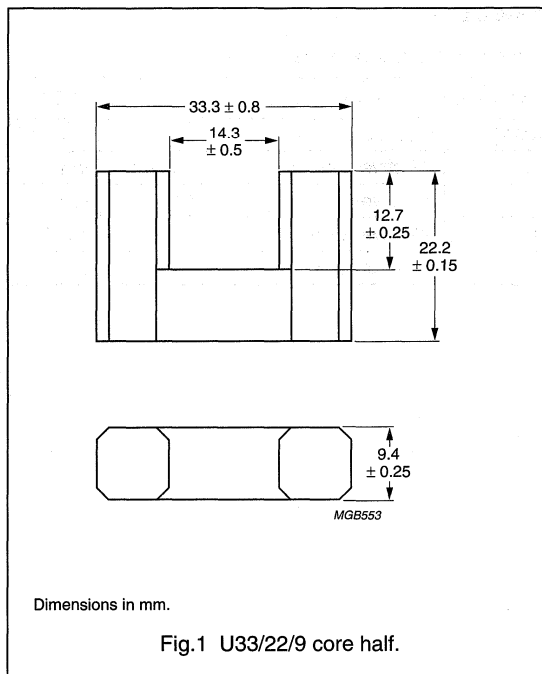
## U cores and accessories

U33/22/9  
(1F30)

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.27	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9490	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	110	mm
$A_e$	effective area	86.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈24	g



## Core half

 $A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	2300 ±25%	≈2320	U33/22/9-3C81

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥330	≤2.2

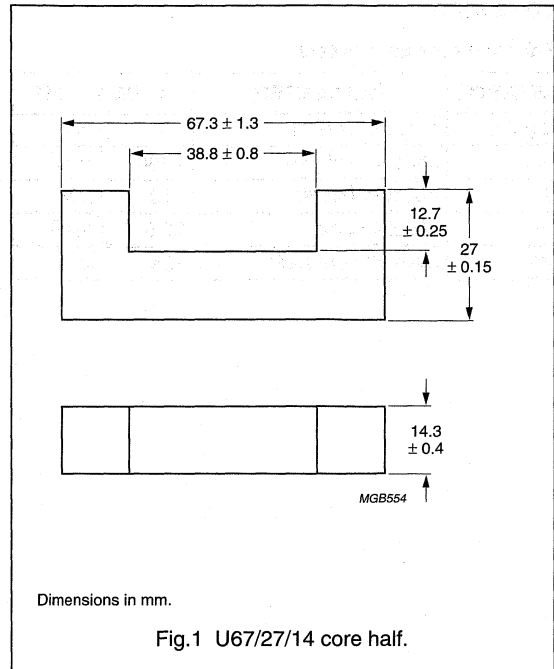
U cores and accessories

U67/27/14  
(1F10)

CORE SETS

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.850	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	35200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	173	mm
$A_e$	effective area	204	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈85	g



Core half

$A_L$  measured on a combination of 2 U cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	3800 ±25%	≈2570	U67/27/14 -3C81

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤8.1

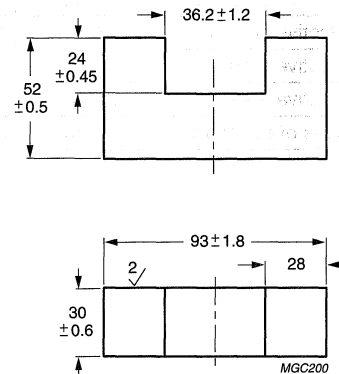
## U cores and accessories

U93/52/30

## U CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.307	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	217000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	258	mm
$A_e$	effective area	840	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈560	g



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 U93/52/30 core half.

## Core half

 $A_L$  measured on a combination of two u-cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	8700 ±25%	≈2100	U93/52/30-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤26	≤28



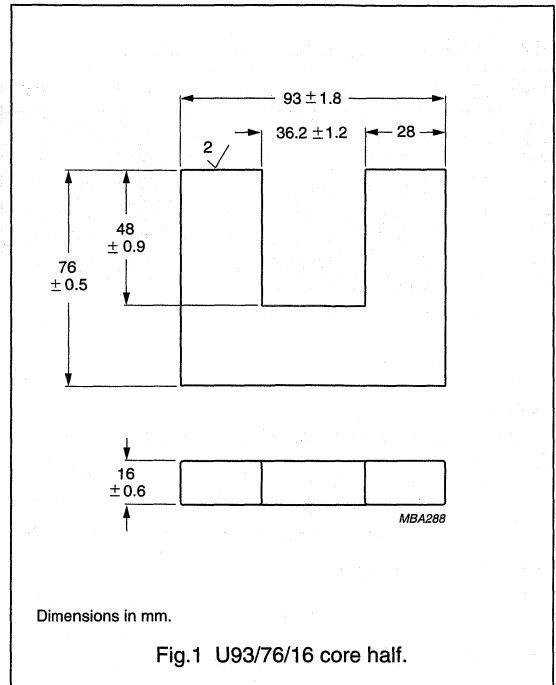
U cores and accessories

U93/76/16

U CORES

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.790	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	159000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	354	mm
$A_e$	effective area	448	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈400	g



Core half

$A_L$  measured on a combination of two U-cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	3400 ±25%	≈2200	U93/76/16-3C90

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤19	≤21

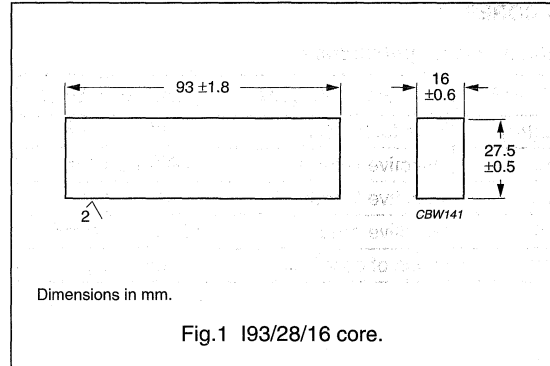
## I cores and accessories

I93/28/16

## CORE SETS

Effective core parameters in combination with U93/76/16

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.576	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	115000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	258	mm
$A_e$	effective area	447	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈200	g



## Core data

$A_L$  measured in combination with "U93/76/16".

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	4600 ±25%	≈2100	I93/28/16-3C90

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤14	≤15

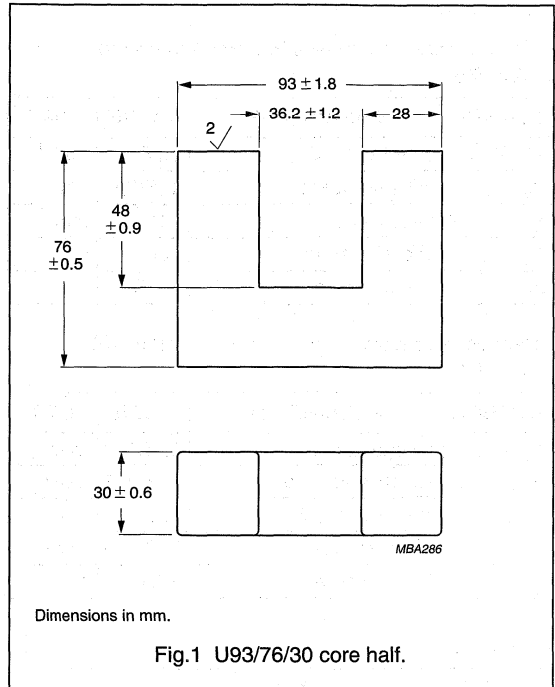
U cores and accessories

U93/76/30

U CORES

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.421	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	297000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	354	mm
$A_e$	effective area	840	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core half	≈760	g



Core halves

$A_L$  measured on a combination of two U-cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	6400 ±25%	≈2200	U93/76/30-3C90

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤35	≤38

## I cores and accessories

I93/28/30

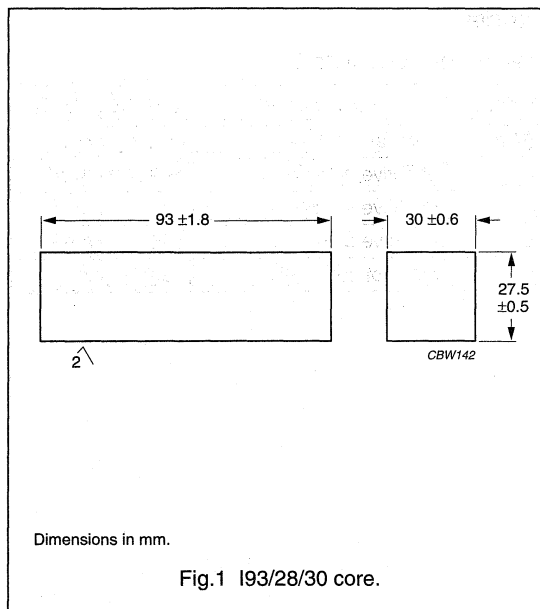
## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters in combination with U93/52/30

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.251	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	175 000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	210	mm
$A_e$	effective area	836	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈370	g

## Effective core parameters in combination with U93/76/30

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.307	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	217 000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	258	mm
$A_e$	effective area	840	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈370	g



## Core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	10 700 ±25% <sup>(1)</sup>	≈2150	I93/28/30-3C90
	8 700 ±25% <sup>(2)</sup>	≈2150	

## Notes

1. Measured in combination with "U93/52/30".
2. Measured in combination with "U93/76/30".

## Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤21.0 <sup>(1)</sup>	≤23 <sup>(1)</sup>
	≥330	≤25.0 <sup>(2)</sup>	≤28 <sup>(2)</sup>

## Notes

1. Measured in combination with "U93/52/30".
2. Measured in combination with "U93/76/30".

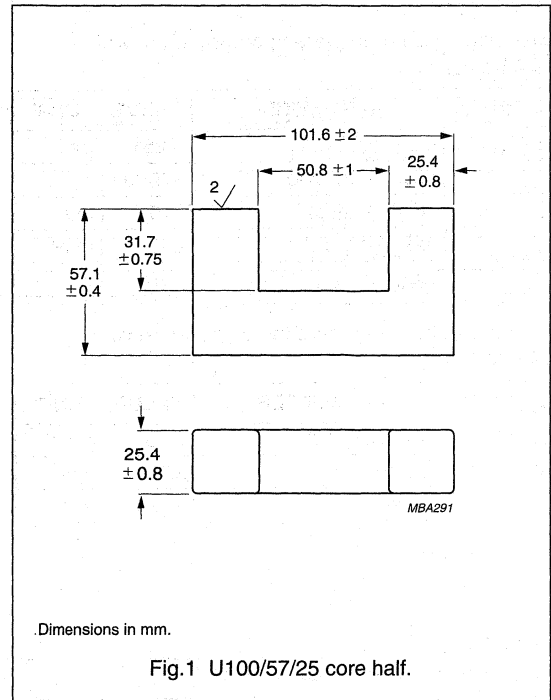
U cores and accessories

U100/57/25

U CORES

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.478	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	199 000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	308	mm
$A_e$	effective area	645	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core half	≈500	g



Core half

$A_L$  measured on a combination of two U-cores.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	5500 ±25%	≈2200	U100/57/25-3C90

Properties of core sets under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤23	≤26

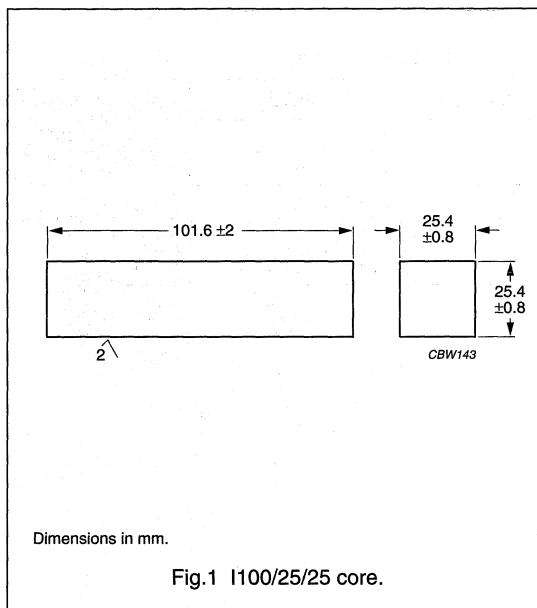
## I cores and accessories

I100/25/25

## CORE SETS

## Effective core parameters in combination with U100/57/25

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.379	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	158000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	245	mm
$A_e$	effective area	645	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈300	g



## Core data

 $A_L$  measured in combination with "U100/57/25".

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_e$	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	6700 ±25%	≈2150	I100/25/25-3C90

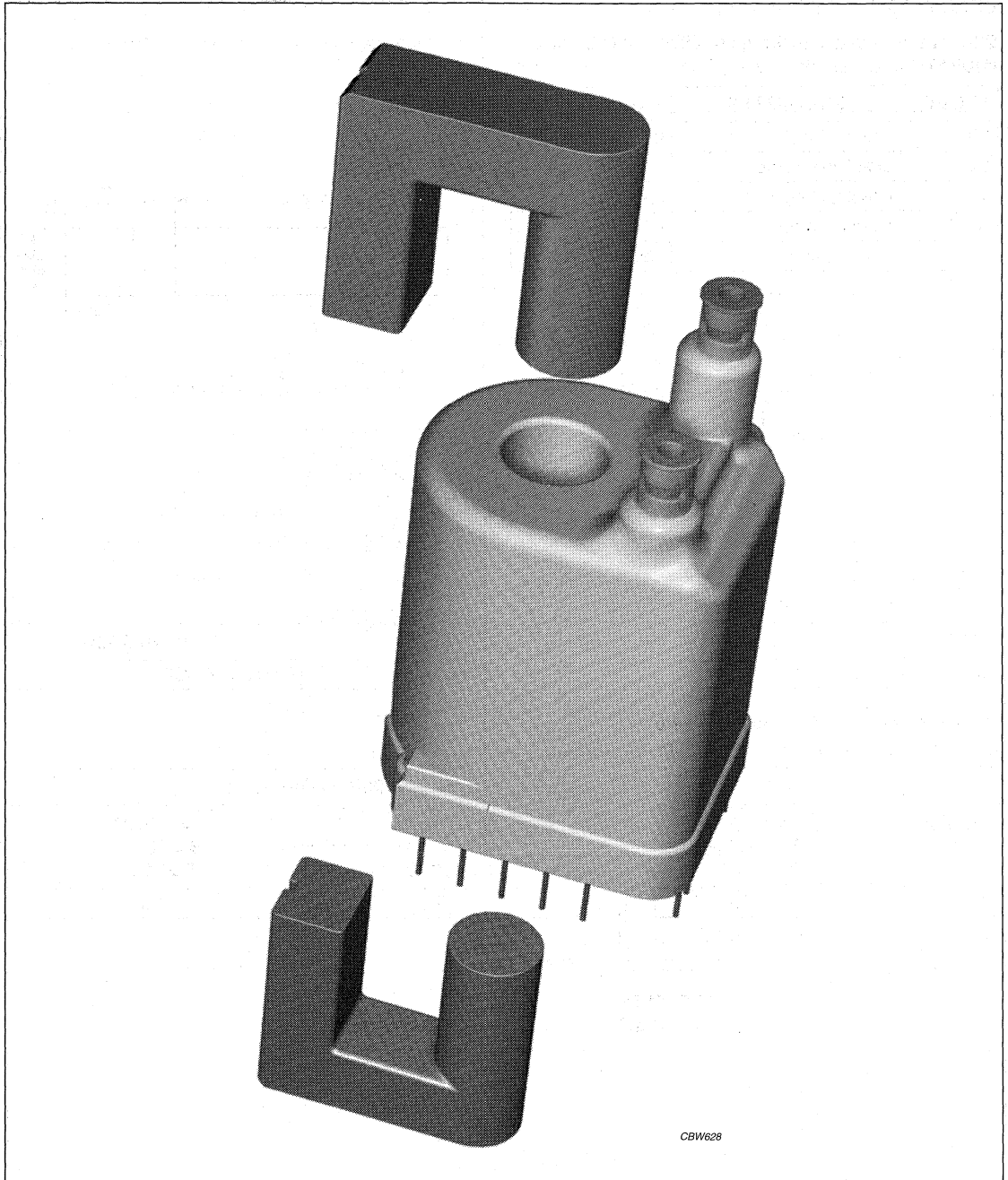
## Properties of core sets under power conditions

Core loss measured in combination with "U100/57/25".

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥330	≤19	≤20

UR cores and accessories

UR cores



CBW628

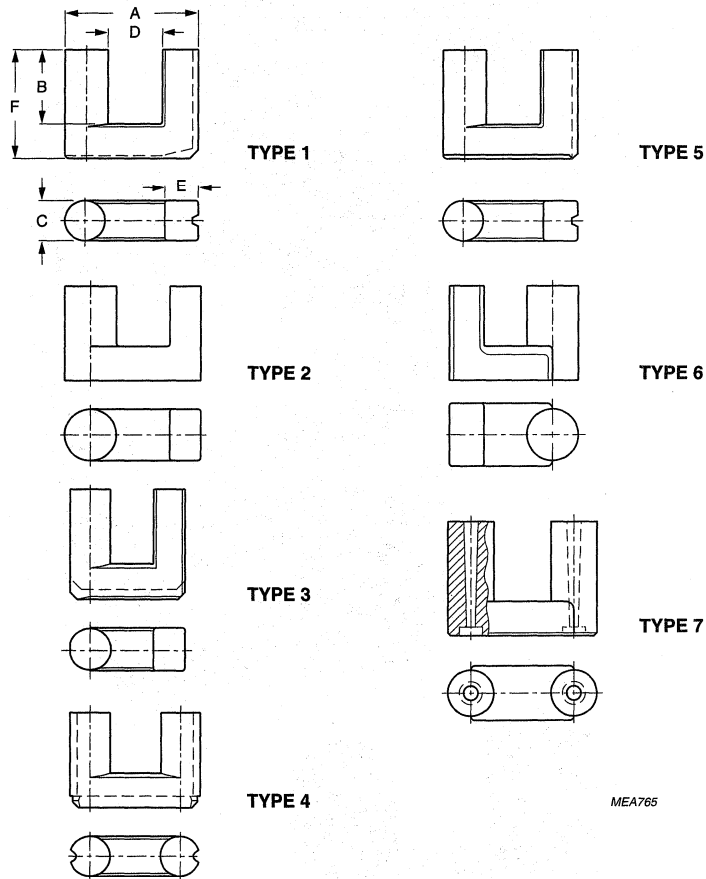
For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

UR cores and accessories

UR cores

PRESENT TYPES AND ORDERING CODES

Our present selection is displayed in Table 2. In principle, any core shape can be supplied in all available grades. Other customized shapes can be manufactured on request.



MEA765

For dimensions see Table 1.

Fig.2 UR cores for line output transformers.



## UR cores and accessories

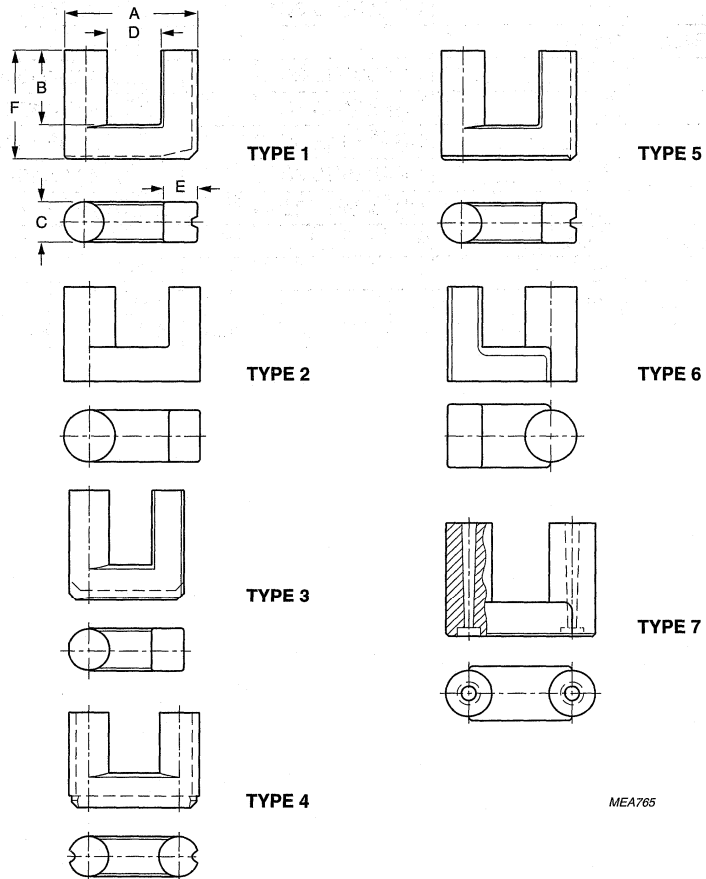
## UR cores

Table 1 Mechanical data

DESCRIPTION	SHAPE	DIMENSIONS (mm)						EFFECTIVE CORE PARAMETERS				
		A	B	C	D <sub>min</sub>	E	F	C1 (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	V <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>3</sup> )	I <sub>e</sub> (mm)	A <sub>e</sub> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
UR20/14/13	6	19.8	10.6	12.9	9.8	3.0	13.8	2.07	2956	782	37.8	8
UR28/20/14	6	28.3	13.0	11.2	8.5	7.5	20.4	0.990	9460	97	98	25
UR35/28/13	5	35.2	18.8	12.7	13.1	9.3	28.3	1.100	15900	132	120	42
UR39/35/15	3	38.7	24.8	14.9	15.0	9.1	35.2	1.094	24300	163	149	64
UR42/21/12	4	41.8	11.1	11.9	18.2	11.9	20.6	1.09	11800	113	104	31
UR42/32/15	5	42.5	20.2	15.2	14.4	12.0	31.8	0.832	26670	149	179	69
UR43/34/16	2	42.1	24.0	15.8	15.7	9.6	34.0	0.982	27100	163	166	71
UR44/36/15	1	43.8	24.45	14.65	16.65	11.8	35.9	1.006	28700	170	169	71
UR47/36/16	5	47.55	23.8	15.95	18.25	12.6	35.7	0.900	33800	174	194	86
UR48/39/17	5	48.0	26.9	17.0	17.4	13.0	39.4	0.865	39990	186	215	99
UR64/29/14	4	64.0	18.1	13.8	36.1	13.8	29.5	1.26	27000	185	147	71
UR64/40/20	7	64.0	26.5	20.0	23.2	20.0	40.5	0.726	61000	210	290	160

UR cores and accessories

UR cores



MEA765

For type numbers see Table 2.

Fig.3 UR cores for line output transformers.

## UR cores and accessories

## UR cores

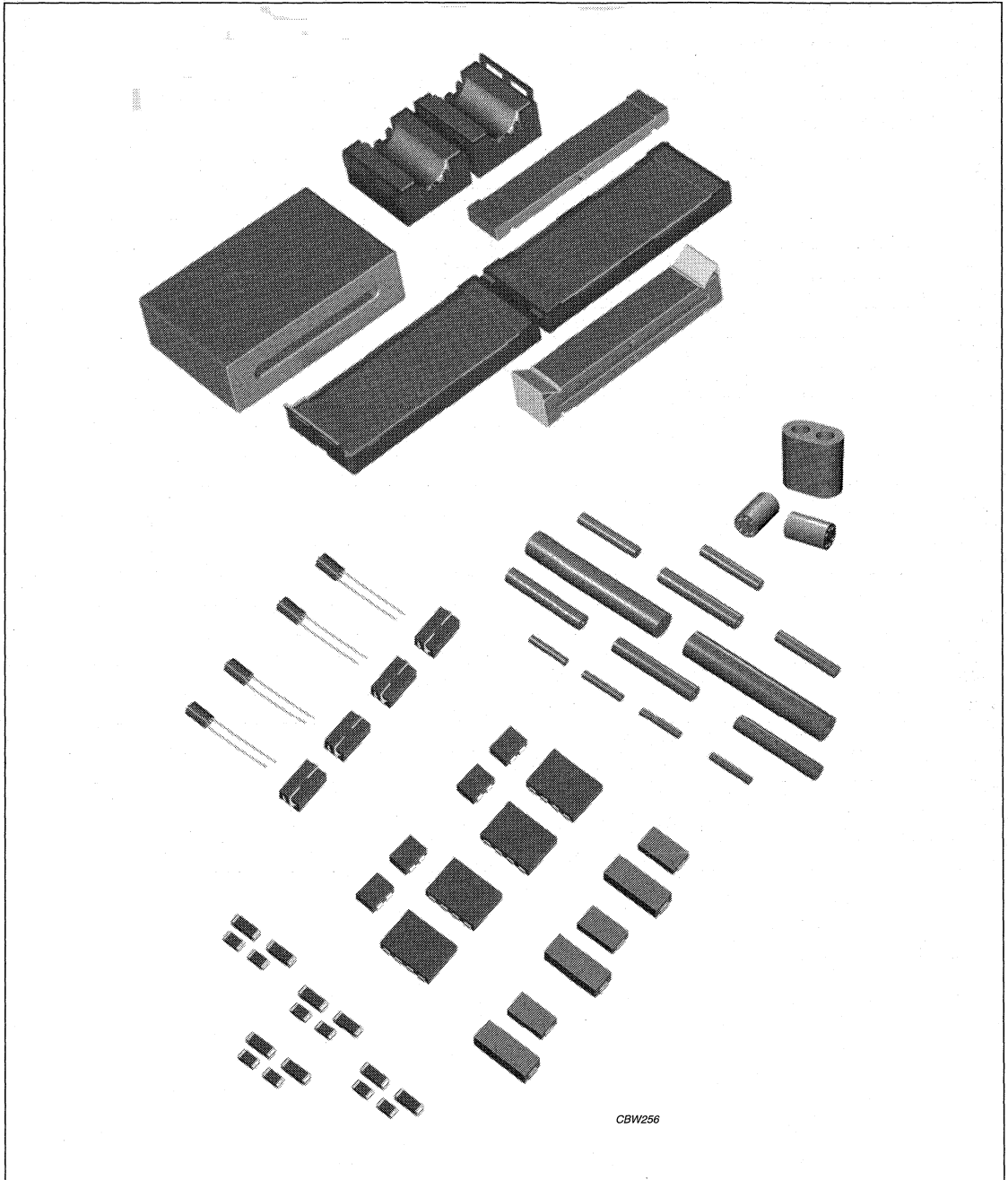
Table 2 Type numbers

SHAPE	MATERIAL GRADE			
	3C81/3F3	3C15	3C30	
6	–	–	UR20/14/13-3C30	des
6	–	–	UR28/20/14-3C30	des
5	–	UR35/28/13-3C15	UR35/28/13-3C30	des
3	–	UR39/35/15-3C15	UR39/35/15-3C30	des
4	UR42/21/12-3C81	–	–	
5	–	UR42/32/15-3C15	UR42/32/15-3C30	des
2	–	UR43/34/16-3C15	UR43/34/16-3C30	des
1	–	UR44/36/15-3C15	UR44/36/15-3C30	des
5	–	UR47/36/16-3C15	UR47/36/16-3C30	des
5	–	UR48/39/17-3C15	UR48/39/17-3C30	des
4	UR64/29/14-3C81	–	–	
7	–	–	–	
7	UR64/40/20-3F3	–	–	



Soft Ferrites

EMI-suppression products



CBW256

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

## Soft Ferrites

## EMI-suppression products

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

## Product overview EMI-suppression products

CORE TYPE	DESCRIPTION
BC	bobbin core
CMS	common mode choke SMD
CSA	cable shield arcade
CSA-EN	cable shield arcade encapsulated
CSC	cable shield C-shape
CSC-EN	cable shield C-shape encapsulated
CSU	cable shield U-shape
CSU-EN	cable shield U-shape encapsulated
CSF	cable shield flat
CST	cable shield tubular
BD	bead
BDS	bead SMD
BDW	bead on wire
MHB	multihole core binocular
MHC	multihole core circular
MHR	multihole core rectangular
MLS	mutilayer suppressors
ROD	rod
WBC	wideband choke
WBS	wideband choke SMD
TUB	tube
T	toroid (ring core)
TC	toroid coated with parylene C
TL	toroid coated with lacquer
TN	toroid coated with nylon
TX	toroid coated with epoxy

Soft Ferrites

Bobbin cores

**BOBBIN CORES**

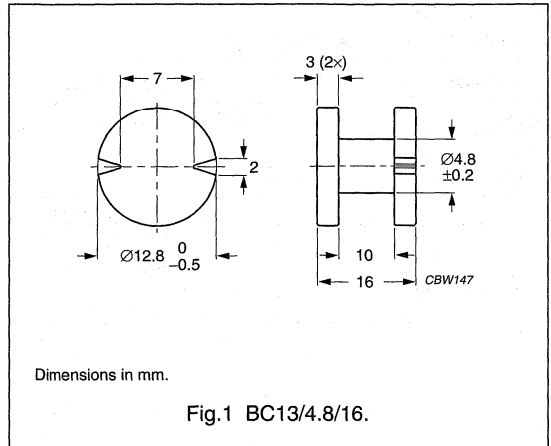
**Type BC13/4.8/16**

$A_L$  measured with fully wound bobbin.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	50	BC13/4.8/16-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

**Winding data for BC13/4.8/16**

WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)
38.8	27.3



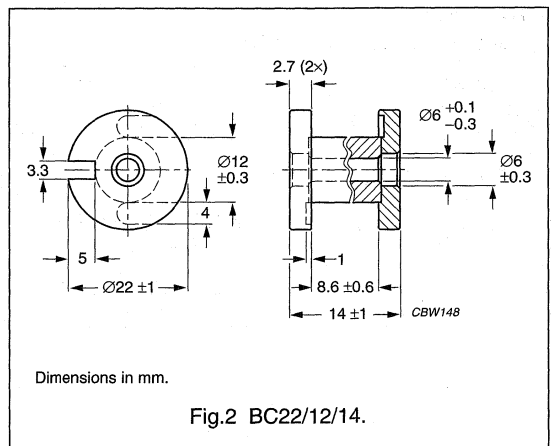
**Type BC22/12/14**

$A_L$  measured with fully wound bobbin.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	86	BC22/12/14-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

**Winding data for BC22/12/14**

WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)
43.0	53.4



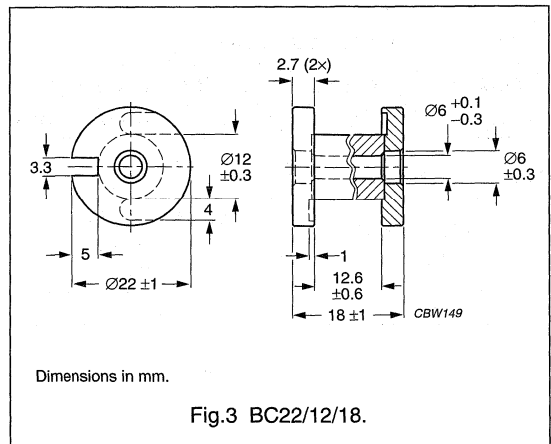
**Type BC22/12/18**

$A_L$  measured with fully wound bobbin.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	85	BC22/12/18-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

**Winding data for BC22/12/18**

WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)
63.0	53.4



Soft Ferrites

Bobbin cores

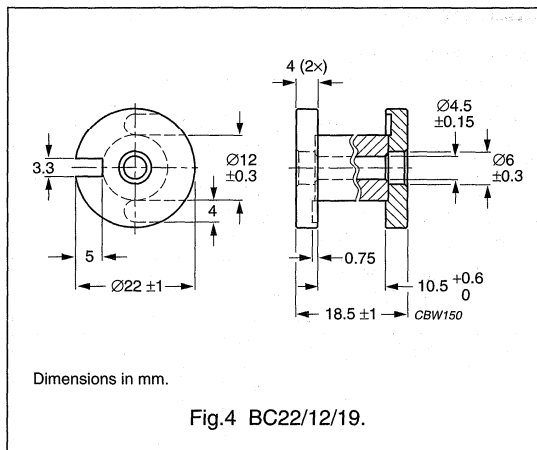
**Type BC22/12/19**

$A_L$  measured with fully wound bobbin.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	91	BC22/12/19-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

**Winding data for BC22/12/19**

WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)
52.5	53.4



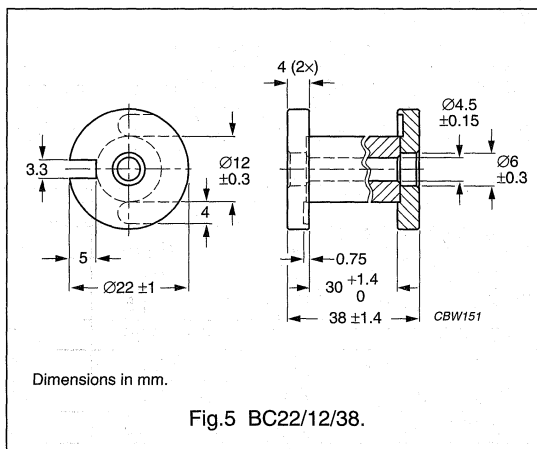
**Type BC22/12/38**

$A_L$  measured with fully wound bobbin.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	74	BC22/12/38-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

**Winding data for BC22/12/38**

WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)
150	53.4



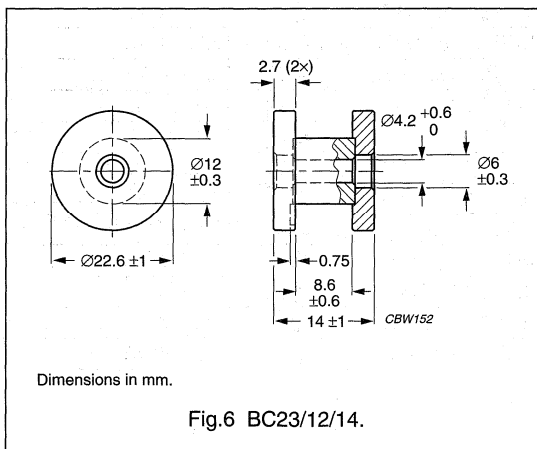
**Type BC23/12/14**

$A_L$  measured with fully wound bobbin.

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
3C90	86	BC23/12/14-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

**Winding data for BC23/12/14**

WINDING AREA (mm <sup>2</sup> )	AVERAGE LENGTH OF TURN (mm)
45.6	54.3





## Soft Ferrites

## Cable shields

## CABLE SHIELDS FOR EMI-SUPPRESSION

## Tubular cable shields

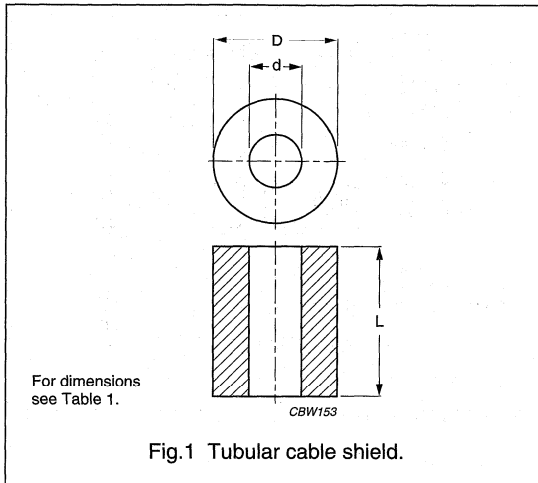


Table 1 Type numbers, dimensions and parameters; see Fig. 1

TYPE NUMBER	DIMENSIONS			$ Z _{\text{typ}}^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) at	
	D	d	L	25 MHz	100 MHz
CST7.8/5.3/9.8-3S4 <b>des</b>	7.8 $\pm$ 0.2	5.3 +0.3	9.8 $\pm$ 0.2	33	50
CST8.3/3.5/10-3S4 <b>des</b>	8.3 -0.4	3.5 +0.3	10 -0.6	70	96
CST9.5/4.8/6.4-4S2 <b>des</b>	9.5 $\pm$ 0.25	4.75 $\pm$ 0.25	6.35 $\pm$ 0.35	23	50
CST9.5/4.8/10-4S2 <b>des</b>	9.5 $\pm$ 0.25	4.75 $\pm$ 0.25	10.4 $\pm$ 0.25	53	80
CST9.5/4.8/19-4S2 <b>des</b>	9.5 $\pm$ 0.25	4.75 $\pm$ 0.25	19.05 $\pm$ 0.7	100	145
CST9.5/5.1/15-3S4 <b>des</b>	9.5 $\pm$ 0.3	5.1 $\pm$ 0.15	14.5 $\pm$ 0.45	66	110
CST9.7/5/5.1-4S2 <b>des</b>	9.65 $\pm$ 0.25	5 $\pm$ 0.2	5.05 -0.45	26	43
CST14/6.4/29-4S2 <b>des</b>	14.3 $\pm$ 0.45	6.35 $\pm$ 0.25	28.6 $\pm$ 0.75	170	250
CST14/7.3/29-4S2 <b>des</b>	14.3 $\pm$ 0.45	7.25 $\pm$ 0.15	28.6 $\pm$ 0.75	143	215
CST16/7.9/14-4S2 <b>des</b>	16.25 -0.75	7.9 $\pm$ 0.25	14.3 $\pm$ 0.35	70	113
CST16/7.9/29-4S2 <b>des</b>	16.25 -0.75	7.9 $\pm$ 0.25	28.6 $\pm$ 0.75	130	213
CST17/9.5/13-3S4 <b>des</b>	17.45 $\pm$ 0.35	9.53 $\pm$ 0.25	12.7 $\pm$ 0.5	55	90
CST17/9.5/13-4S2 <b>des</b>	17.45 $\pm$ 0.4	9.5 $\pm$ 0.25	12.7 $\pm$ 0.5	55	88
CST17/9.5/29-3S4 <b>des</b>	17.45 $\pm$ 0.35	9.53 $\pm$ 0.25	28.55 $\pm$ 0.75	125	200
CST17/9.5/29-4S2 <b>des</b>	17.45 $\pm$ 0.35	9.53 $\pm$ 0.25	28.55 $\pm$ 0.75	125	250
CST17/11/60-3S4 <b>des</b>	17.2 -1.2	11 $\pm$ 0.5	60 -2.5	200	320
CST19/10/29-4S2 <b>des</b>	19 -0.65	10.15 $\pm$ 0.25	28.6 $\pm$ 0.75	128	196
CST19/11/12-3S4 <b>des</b>	19 $\pm$ 0.4	10.6 $\pm$ 0.3	11.5 $\pm$ 0.4	50	75
CST26/13/29-4S2 <b>des</b>	25.9 $\pm$ 0.75	12.8 $\pm$ 0.25	28.6 $\pm$ 0.8	145	225
CST29/19/7.5-4S2 <b>des</b>	29 $\pm$ 0.75	19 $\pm$ 0.5	7.5 $\pm$ 0.25	28	47

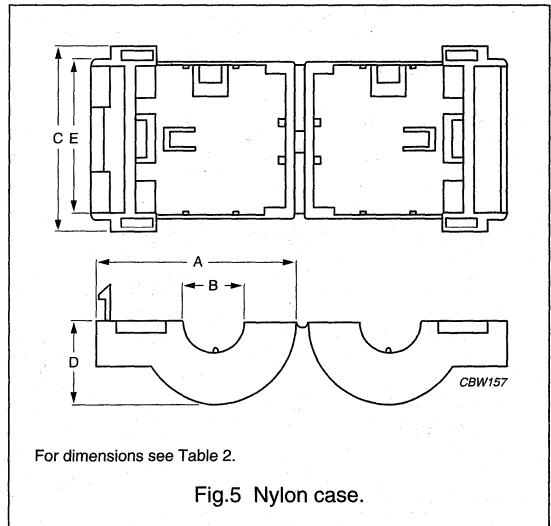
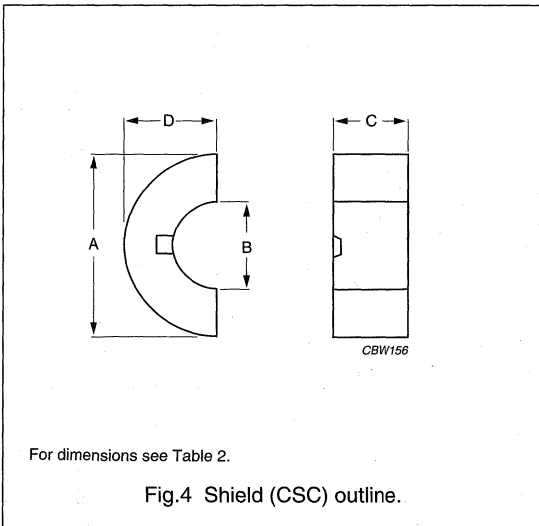
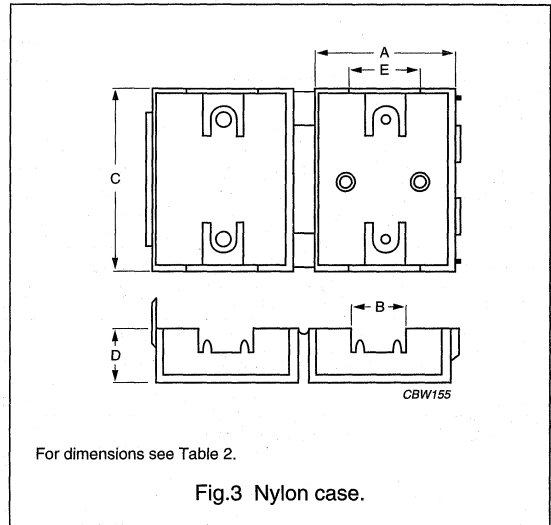
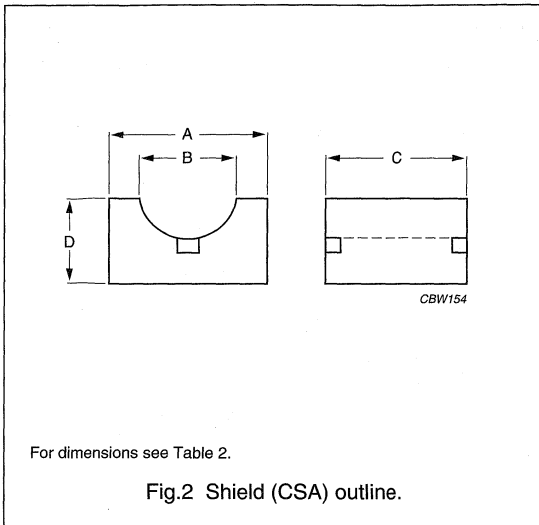
## Note

1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is  $|Z|_{\text{typ}} - 20\%$ .

Soft Ferrites

Cable shields

Round cable shields (split)



General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Case material	polyamide (PA66), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL94V-0", grade A82, colour black

## Soft Ferrites

## Cable shields

**Table 2** Type numbers, dimensions and parameters; see Figs 2 to 5

TYPE NUMBER	FIG.	DIMENSIONS					$ Z _{\text{typ}}^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) at		
		A	B	C	D	E	25 MHz	100 MHz	
<b>Round cable shields</b>									
CSA15/7.5/29-4S2 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2	15 ±0.25	6.6 ±0.3	28.6 ±0.8	7.5 ±0.15	–	165	275	
CSA19/9.4/29-4S2 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2	18.65 ±0.4	10.15 ±0.3	28.6 ±0.8	9.4 ±0.15	–	140	225	
CSA26/13/29-4S2 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2	25.9 ±0.5	13.05 ±0.3	28.6 ±0.8	12.8 ±0.25	–	155	250	
CSC16/7.9/14-4S2 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	4	15.9 ±0.4	7.9 ±0.3	14.3 ±0.4	7.95 ±0.2	–	50	113	
<b>Round cable shields in matching nylon cases</b>									
CSA15/7.5/29-4S2-EN <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2+3	17.9	7.0	32.3	9.2	9.0	165	275	
Nylon case	3	17.9	7.0	32.3	9.2	9.0	–	–	
CSA19/9.4/29-4S2-EN <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2+3	22.1	10.2	32.3	11.7	9.0	140	225	
Nylon case	3	22.1	10.2	32.3	11.7	9.0	–	–	
CSA26/13/29-4S2-EN <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	2+3	29	13.4	32.5	14.8	18.0	155	250	
Nylon case	3	29	13.4	32.5	14.8	18.0	–	–	
CSC16/7.9/14-4S2-EN <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	4+5	24.7	7.6	22.8	10.2	17.8	50	113	
Nylon case	5	24.7	7.6	22.8	10.2	17.8	–	–	

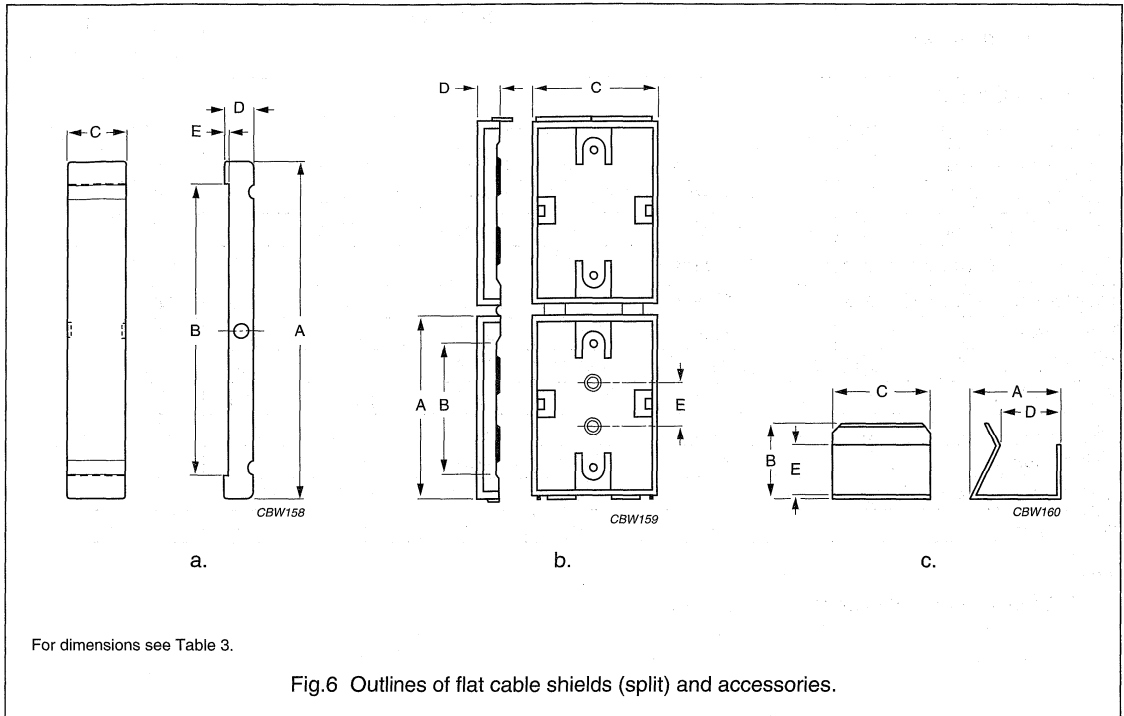
**Note**

1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is  $|Z|_{\text{typ}} - 20\%$ .

Soft Ferrites

Cable shields

Flat cable shields (split)



## Soft Ferrites

## Cable shields

## General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Case material	polyamide (PA66), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL94V-0", grade A82, colour black
Clip material	spring steel (0.5 mm), zinc plated

Table 3 Type numbers, dimensions and parameters; see Fig.6

TYPE NUMBER	FIG.	DIMENSIONS					$ Z _{\text{typ}}^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) at		
		A	B	C	D	E	25 MHz	100 MHz	
<b>Flat cable shields (split)</b>									
CSU45/6.4/29-4S2 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a	45.1 ±0.75	34.4 ±0.7	28.6 ±0.7	6.35 ±0.25	0.85 ±0.2	96	225	
CSU76/6.4/13-3S4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a	76.2 ±1.5	65.3 ±1.3	12.7 ±0.4	6.35 ±0.25	0.85 ±0.2	36	110	
CSU76/6.4/15-3S4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a	76.2 ±1.5	65.3 ±1.3	15.0 ±0.6	6.35 ±0.25	0.85 ±0.2	50	159	
CSU76/6.4/29-4S2 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a	76.2 ±1.5	65.3 ±1.3	28.6 ±0.8	6.35 ±0.25	0.85 ±0.2	75	215	
CSU76/6.4/29-3S4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a	76.2 ±1.5	65.3 ±1.3	28.6 ±0.8	6.35 ±0.25	0.85 ±0.2	70	235	
CLI-CSU6.4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6c	16.1	11.0	12.7	11.4	8.0	–	–	
<b>Flat cable shields in matching nylon cases</b>									
CSU45/6.4/29-4S2-EN <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a+b	49.5	34.3	32.3	8.1	20	96	225	
Nylon case	6b	49.5	34.3	32.3	8.1	20	–	–	
CSU76/6.4/29-4S2-EN <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	6a+b	80.8	65.5	32.3	8.1	50.8	75	215	
Nylon case	6b	80.8	65.5	32.3	8.1	50.8	–	–	

## Note

1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is  $|Z|_{\text{typ}} - 20\%$ .

Soft Ferrites

Cable shields

Flat cable shields

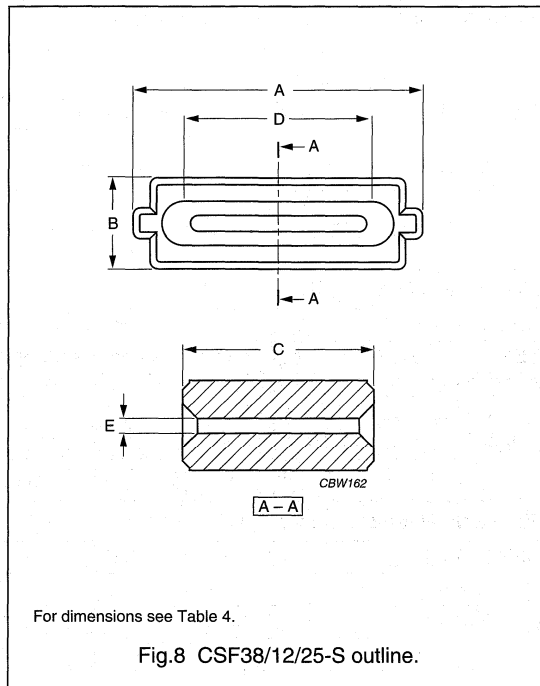
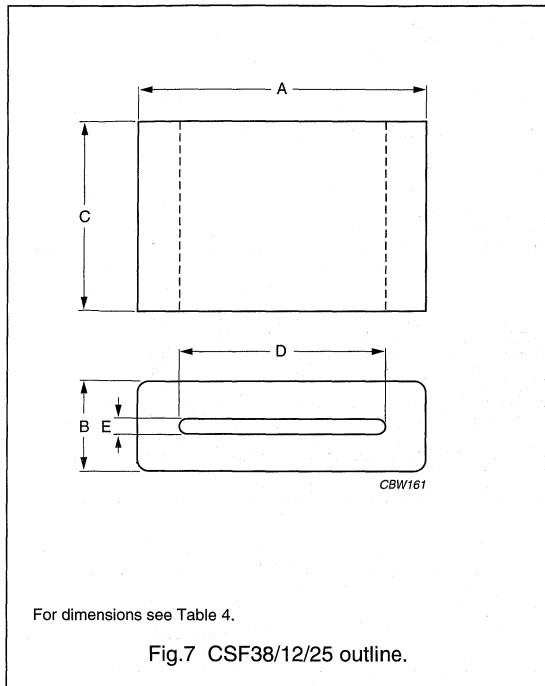


Table 4 Type numbers, dimensions and parameters; see Figs 7 and 8

TYPE NUMBER	FIG.	DIMENSIONS					Z  <sub>typ</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> (Ω) at		
		A	B	C	D	E	25 MHz	100 MHz	
<b>Flat cable shields</b>									
CSF38/12/25-3S4	7	38.1 ±1.0	12.1 ±0.35	25.4 ±0.75	26.7 ±0.75	1.9 ±0.35	110	215	
CSF38/12/25-3S4-S	8	38.5 ±0.6	12.1 ±0.4	25.4 ±0.8	26.8 ±0.8	1.9 ±0.4	98	196	

Note

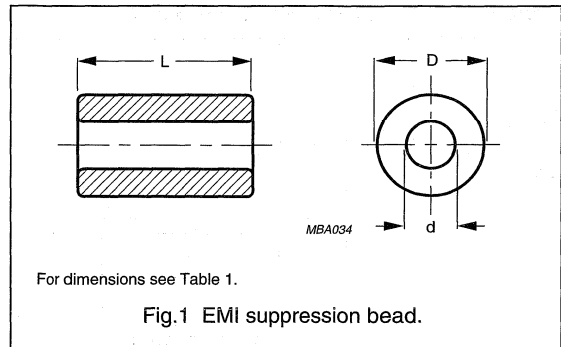
1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is |Z|<sub>typ</sub> -20%.

## Soft Ferrites

## EMI-suppression beads

## EMI-SUPPRESSION BEADS

Colour marking: 4S2 has a flash of yellow paint.



**Table 1** Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.1

GRADE	$ Z_{typ}  (\Omega)^{(1)}$							DIMENSIONS			TYPE NUMBER
	at frequency (MHz)							(mm)			
	1	3	10	25	30	100	300	D	d	L	
3S1	24	48	49	–	39	33	29	$3 \pm 0.1$	$0.7 + 0.1$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD3/0.7/4-3S1 <sup>sup</sup>
	18	36	38	–	30	25	23	$3 \pm 0.1$	$1 + 0.1/-0.05$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD3/1/4-3S1
	41	90	91	–	74	63	55	$3 \pm 0.1$	$1 + 0.1/-0.05$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD3/1/10-3S1 <sup>sup</sup>
	34	65	66	–	53	45	40	$5.1 - 0.3$	$0.75 + 0.1$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD5.1/0.8/4-3S1 <sup>sup</sup>
	16	28	40	–	33	28	25	$5.1 - 0.3$	$1.5 + 0.15$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD5.1/1.5/4-3S1
	50	90	100	–	80	69	60	$5.1 - 0.3$	$1.5 + 0.15$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD5.1/1.5/10-3S1 <sup>sup</sup>
	13	23	30	–	25	21	19	$5.1 - 0.3$	$2 + 0.2$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD5.1/2/4-3S1
	36	64	76	–	61	53	46	$5.1 - 0.3$	$2 + 0.2$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD5.1/2/10-3S1 <sup>sup</sup>
4S2	7	20	35	–	54	69	76	$1.9 + 0.2$	$0.8 + 0.2$	$9.75 - 0.2$	BD1.9/0.8/9.8-4S2 <sup>sup</sup>
	4	11	23	–	31	48	54	$3 \pm 0.1$	$1 + 0.1/-0.05$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD3/1/4-4S2
	–	–	–	27	–	40	–	$3.5 \pm 0.2$	$1.3 \pm 0.1$	$3.25 \pm 0.25$	BD3.5/1.3/3.3-4S2
	–	–	–	47	–	60	–	$3.5 \pm 0.2$	$1.3 \pm 0.1$	$6 \pm 0.25$	BD3.5/1.3/6-4S2
	–	–	–	89	–	125	–	$3.5 \pm 0.2$	$1.3 \pm 0.1$	$12.7 \pm 0.35$	BD3.5/1.3/13-4S2
	15	50	94	–	138	213	238	$5.1 - 0.3$	$0.75 + 0.1$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD5.1/0.8/10-4S2 <sup>sup</sup>
	4	13	25	–	34	51	59	$5.1 - 0.3$	$1.5 + 0.15$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD5.1/1.5/4-4S2
	9	31	56	–	85	130	145	$5.1 - 0.3$	$1.5 + 0.15$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD5.1/1.5/10-4S2
	3	10	19	–	25	40	45	$5.1 - 0.3$	$2 + 0.2$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD5.1/2/4-4S2
	–	–	34	–	–	78	–	$5.1 - 0.3$	$2 + 0.2$	$7.1 \pm 0.2$	BD5.1/2/7.1-4S2
	8	19	38	–	64	100	111	$5.1 - 0.3$	$2 + 0.2$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD5.1/2/10-4S2 <sup>sup</sup>
	–	–	–	135	–	200	–	$6.35 \pm 0.15$	$2.95 + 0.45$	$25.4 \pm 0.75$	BD6.4/3/25-4S2
	–	–	–	63	–	92	–	$7.65 - 0.25$	$2.25 + 0.25$	$7.55 \pm 0.25$	BD7.7/2.3/7.6-4S2
	5	13	25	–	39	61	69	$8 \pm 0.2$	$2 + 0.2$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD8/2/4-4S2
	3	10	19	–	28	43	48	$8 \pm 0.2$	$3 + 0.2$	$4 \pm 0.2$	BD8/3/4-4S2
8	25	50	–	69	106	119	$8 \pm 0.2$	$3 + 0.2$	$10 \pm 0.3$	BD8/3/10-4S2	

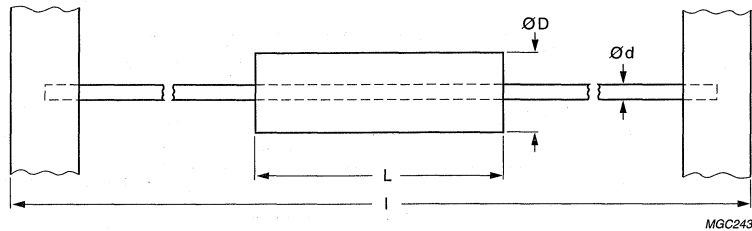
## Note

1. Typical values at 100 MHz,  $|Z|_{min}$  is  $-20\%$ .

## Soft Ferrites

## EMI-suppression beads on wire

## BEADS ON WIRE FOR EMI-SUPPRESSION



For dimensions, see Table 2.

Taping standard in accordance with "IEC 60286, part 1" and "EIA-RS-296-D".

Fig.2 Bead on wire.

**Table 2** Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.2

GRADE	$ Z_{typ} $ ( $\Omega$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>							DIMENSIONS (mm)				TYPE NUMBER
	at frequency (MHz)							$\varnothing D$	L	l	$\varnothing d$	
	1	3	10	25	30	100	300					
4S2	4	13	24	–	36	58	65	3.5 ± 0.2	3.5 – 0.5	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/3.5-4S2
	5	16	33	–	49	75	88	3.5 ± 0.2	4.7 – 0.5	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/4.7-4S2
	–	–	–	54	–	82	–	3.5 ± 0.25	5.25 ± 0.25	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/5.3-4S2
	6	21	44	–	66	100	119	3.5 ± 0.2	6.0 ± 0.25	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/6-4S2
	8	25	49	–	74	110	131	3.5 ± 0.2	6.7 ± 0.25	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/6.7-4S2
	9	28	55	–	84	131	150	3.5 ± 0.2	7.6 ± 0.35	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/7.6-4S2
	10	33	65	–	98	146	175	3.5 ± 0.2	8.9 ± 0.35	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/8.9-4S2
	–	–	–	96	–	150	–	3.5 ± 0.25	9.5 ± 0.3	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/9.5-4S2
	–	–	–	117	–	180	–	3.5 ± 0.25	11.4 ± 0.4	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/11-4S2
	–	–	–	143	–	220	–	3.5 ± 0.25	13.8 ± 0.5	64.4	0.64	BDW3.5/14-4S2

**Note**

1. Typical values at 100 MHz,  $|Z|_{min}$  is –20%.



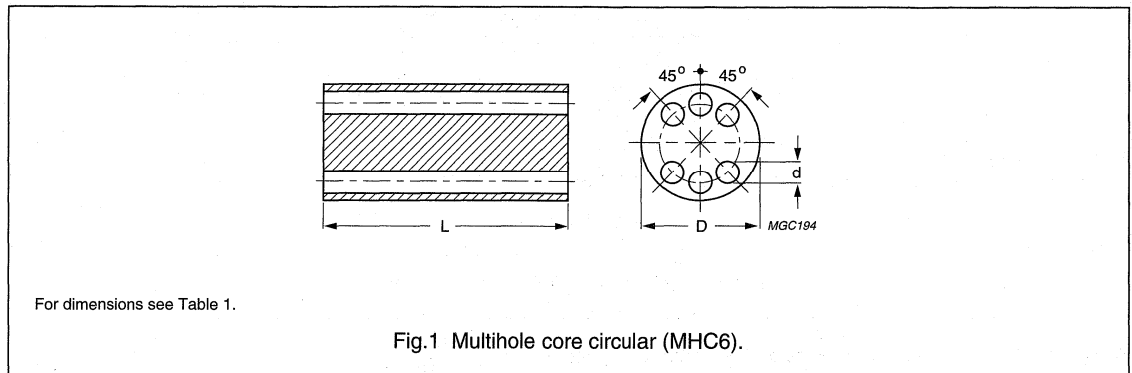
## Soft Ferrites

## Multihole cores

## MULTIHOLE CORES

**Table 1** MHC6 grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.1

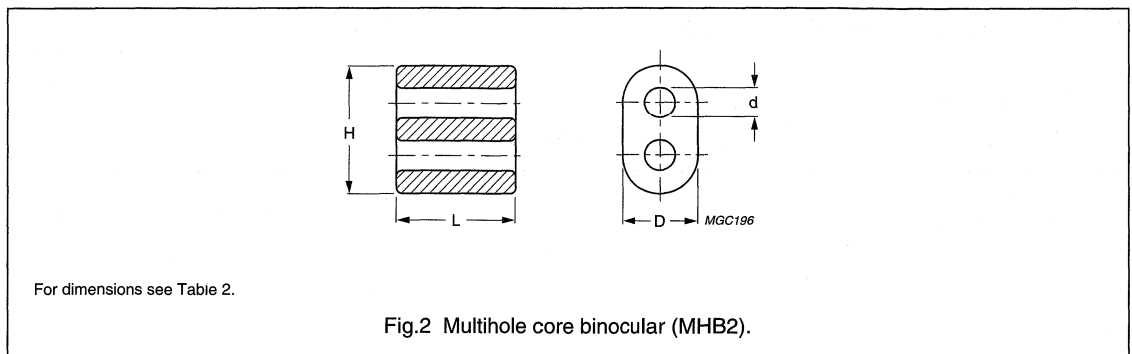
GRADE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			TYPE NUMBER
	D	d	L	
3S4	$6 \pm 0.3$	$0.7 + 0.2$	$10 \pm 0.5$	MHC6-6/10-3S4
4B1	$6 \pm 0.3$	$0.7 + 0.2$	$10 \pm 0.5$	MHC6-6/10-4B1
4S2	$6 \pm 0.3$	$0.7 + 0.2$	$5 - 0.2$	MHC6-6/5-4S2

**Table 2** MHB2 grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.2

GRADE	DIMENSIONS (mm)				TYPE NUMBER
	D	d	L	H	
4B1	$8.5 - 0.5$	$3.5 + 0.5$	$8 \pm 0.3$	$14 \pm 0.5$	MHB2-14/8.5/8-4B1 <sup>SUP</sup>
	$8.5 - 0.5$	$3.5 + 0.5$	$14 \pm 0.4$	$14 \pm 0.5$	MHB2-14/8.5/14-4B1
	$8.0 \pm 0.3$	$3 \pm 0.3$	$6 \pm 0.3$	$13 \pm 0.3$	MHB2-13/8/6-4B1 <sup>(1)</sup>
3C90	$8.0 \pm 0.3$	$3 \pm 0.3$	$6 \pm 0.3$	$13 \pm 0.3$	MHB2-13/8/6-3C90 <sup>(1)</sup>

**Note**

1. Chamfered holes and sides.

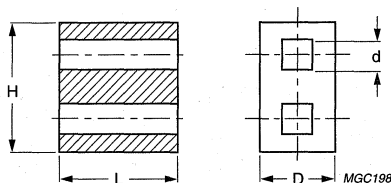


Soft Ferrites

Multihole cores

**Table 3** MHR2 grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.3

GRADE	DIMENSIONS (mm)				TYPE NUMBER
	D	d	L	H	
4A11	5.4 ±0.3	2.0 ±0.3	10.9 ±0.4	10.8 ±0.3	MHR2-11/5.4/11-4A11 <sup>sup</sup>
3C90	5.4 ±0.3	2.0 ±0.3	10.9 ±0.4	10.8 ±0.3	MHR2-11/5.4/11-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>

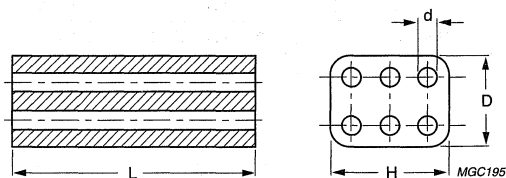


For dimensions see Table 3.

Fig.3 Multihole core rectangular (MHR2).

**Table 4** MHR6 grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.4

GRADE	DIMENSIONS (mm)				TYPE NUMBER
	D	d	L	H	
3B1	4 ±0.2	0.7 +0.3	10 ±0.5	6.1 ±0.3	MHR6-6.1/4/10-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>



For dimensions see Table 4.

Fig.4 Multihole core rectangular (MHR6).

## Soft Ferrites

## Multilayer suppressors

### MULTILAYER SUPPRESSORS

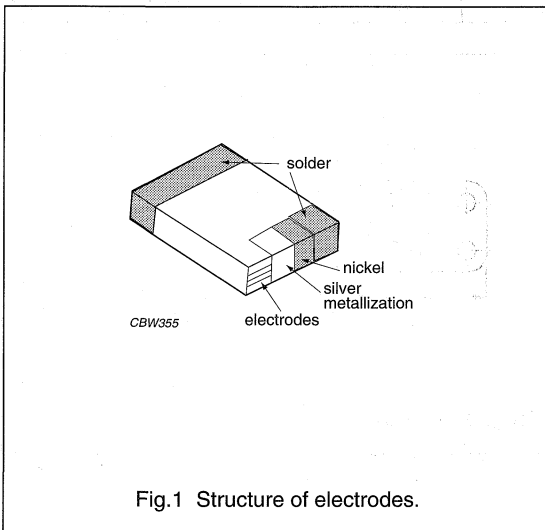
Multilayer suppressors are a powerful solution for EMI/RFI attenuation for electronic equipment. Supplied in four standard sizes (0603, 0805, 1206 and 1806), they have impedances between 30 and 1 000  $\Omega$  at 100 MHz.

When installed in series with signal and/or power circuits, high frequency noise is suppressed. There is no need for ground termination, which makes these devices very suitable for circuits with difficult ground. Typical suppression frequencies range from 10 MHz to 1 000 MHz and rated currents are between 0.1 and 0.6 A.

Multilayer suppressors are specially designed to reduce noise in low impedance circuits while keeping the signal free from distortion. This is because at the interfering frequencies these components behave as a resistor. The high frequency noise is converted into heat rather than reflected to the source. This dissipation prevents ringing and parasitic oscillations.

These characteristics can be used for many different purposes:

- Absorption of generated noise.
- Filtering and wave-shape correction of digital signals from high speed clock oscillators.
- Prevention of high frequency interference entering circuit electronics.



### Product construction

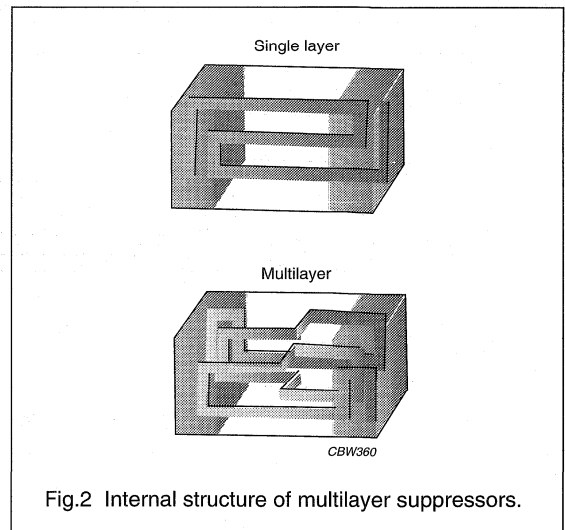
The use of silver for electrodes and terminations in multilayer suppressors ensures high electrical conductivity, which minimizes heat generation and crosstalk.

The internal construction can be single layer or multilayer, depending on impedance requirements. Single layer products have a meander design and are suitable for lower impedances, while multilayer types have alternating layers of ferrite and conductor stacked up to achieve higher impedance levels.

The terminal electrode forms a conductive connection to the circuit. It is formed by three layers:

- Silver: for good conductivity
- Nickel: to protect silver termination against leaching
- Tin-lead: applied to ensure good solderability.

The products are suitable for both reflow and wave soldering.



## Soft Ferrites

## Multilayer suppressors

**TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE**

Type numbers for these products consist of the following:

- Product type
- Size
- Material
- Impedance.

**Product type**

MLS: multilayer suppressor.

**Size**

0603: 1.6 × 0.80 mm

0805: 2.0 × 1.25 mm

1206: 3.2 × 1.60 mm

1806: 4.5 × 1.60 mm.

**Material**

4S4

4S7

**Impedance value**

Expressed in ohms ( $\Omega$ )

First two digits are significant figures

Last digit is the number of zeros to follow.

**EXAMPLES**

600: 60  $\Omega$

101: 100  $\Omega$

121: 120  $\Omega$

151: 150  $\Omega$

301: 300  $\Omega$

102: 1000  $\Omega$

**Example of the ordering code: MLS0603-4S7-600**

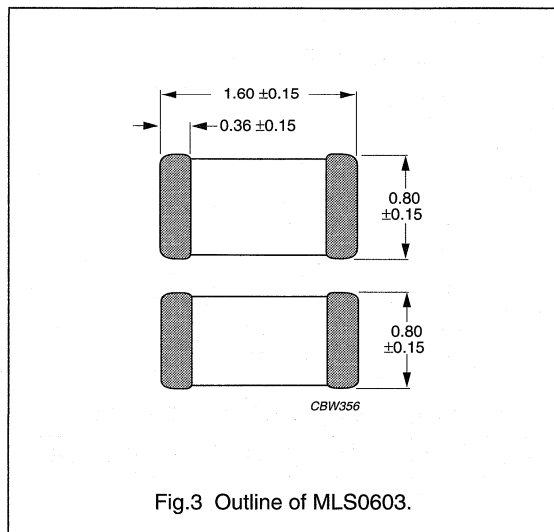
TYPE	SIZE	MATERIAL	IMPEDANCE
MLS	0603	4S7	60

Standard products are delivered taped on reel and have a tolerance on impedance of 25%. For different specifications a fifth group is added to the type number.

## Soft Ferrites

## MLS0603

## MULTILAYER SUPPRESSORS MLS0603

**Mass**

Approximately 5 mg.

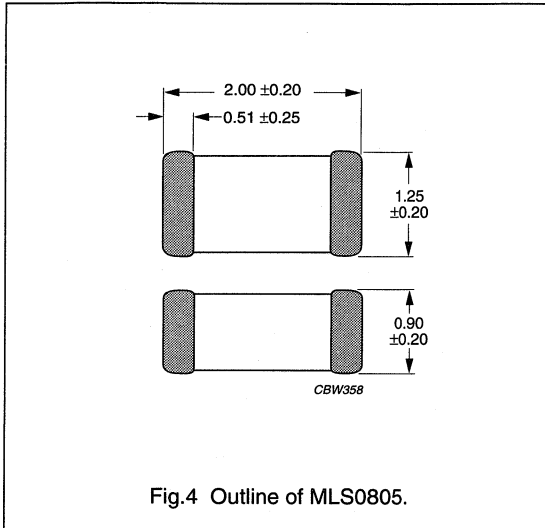
**Product specifications**

GRADE	SIZE	$ Z $ at 100 MHz ( $\Omega$ )	$R_{DC}$ MAX. ( $\Omega$ )	I MAX. (mA)	TYPE NUMBER
4S7	0603	60	0.2	300	MLS0603-4S7-600 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		100	0.3	250	MLS0603-4S7-101 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		120	0.3	250	MLS0603-4S7-121 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		150	0.3	250	MLS0603-4S7-151 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		300	0.35	230	MLS0603-4S7-301 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		600	0.45	210	MLS0603-4S7-601 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		1000	0.6	190	MLS0603-4S7-102 <span style="float: right;">des</span>

## Soft Ferrites

## MLS0805

## MULTILAYER SUPPRESSORS MLS0805

**Mass**

Approximately 11 mg.

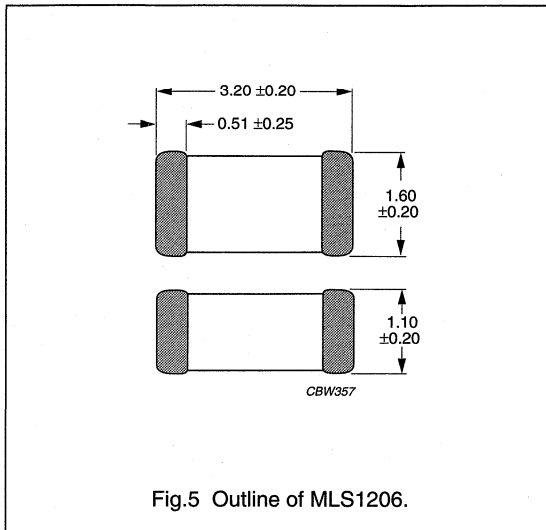
**Product specifications**

GRADE	SIZE	$ Z $ at 100 MHz ( $\Omega$ )	$R_{DC}$ MAX. ( $\Omega$ )	I MAX. (mA)	TYPE NUMBER
4S4	0805	30	0.1	600	MLS0805-4S4-300 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		60	0.1	600	MLS0805-4S4-600 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
4S7	0805	120	0.2	400	MLS0805-4S7-121 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		150	0.3	200	MLS0805-4S7-151 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		300	0.3	200	MLS0805-4S7-301 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		600	0.3	200	MLS0805-4S7-601 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		1000	0.4	200	MLS0805-4S7-102 <span style="float: right;">des</span>

## Soft Ferrites

## MLS1206

## MULTILAYER SUPPRESSORS MLS1206

**Mass**

Approximately 28 mg.

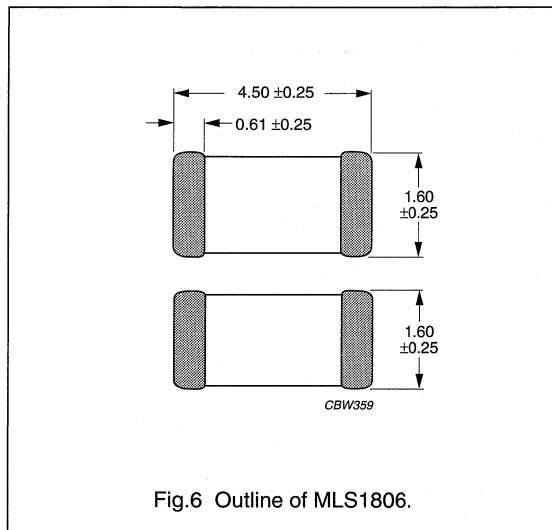
**Product specifications**

GRADE	SIZE	$ Z $ at 100 MHz ( $\Omega$ )	$R_{DC}$ MAX. ( $\Omega$ )	I MAX. (mA)	TYPE NUMBER
4S4	1206	30	0.1	600	MLS1206-4S4-300 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		70	0.1	600	MLS1206-4S4-700 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		90	0.2	400	MLS1206-4S4-900 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		120	0.2	300	MLS1206-4S4-121 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
		600	0.4	200	MLS1206-4S4-601 <span style="float: right;">des</span>
4S7	1206	1000	0.6	150	MLS1206-4S7-102 <span style="float: right;">des</span>

## Soft Ferrites

## MLS1806

## MULTILAYER SUPPRESSORS MLS1806

**Mass**

Approximately 55 mg.

**Product specifications**

GRADE	SIZE	$ Z $ at 100 MHz ( $\Omega$ )	$R_{DC}$ MAX. ( $\Omega$ )	I MAX. (mA)	TYPE NUMBER
4S4	1806	80	0.1	600	MLS1806-4S4-800 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>
		150	0.2	500	MLS1806-4S4-151 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>

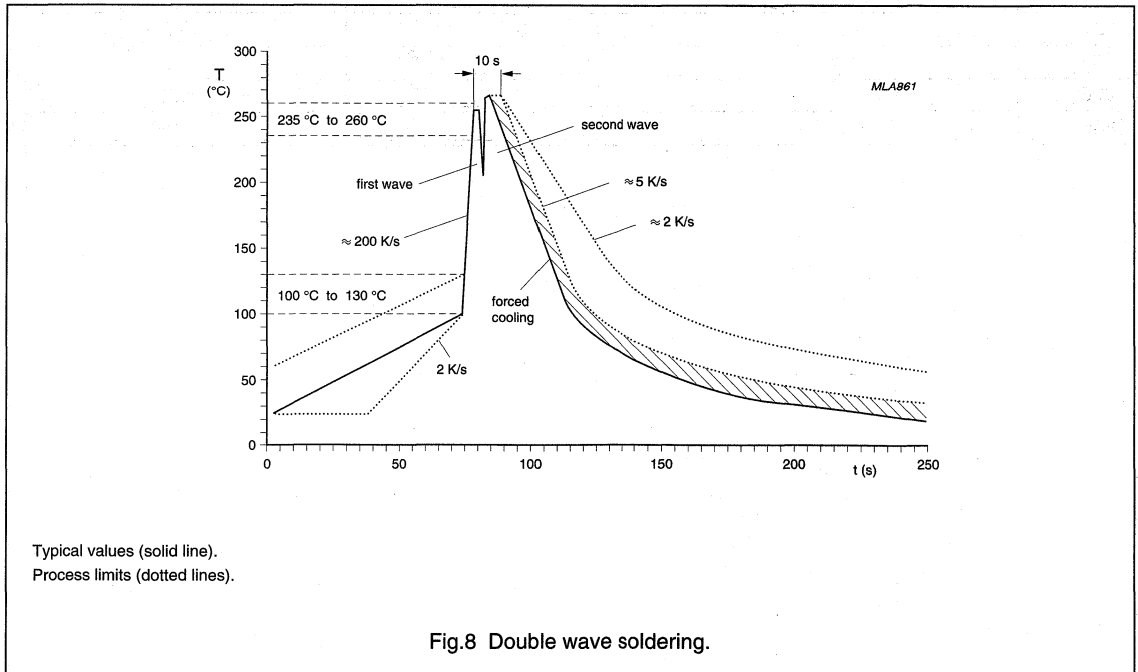
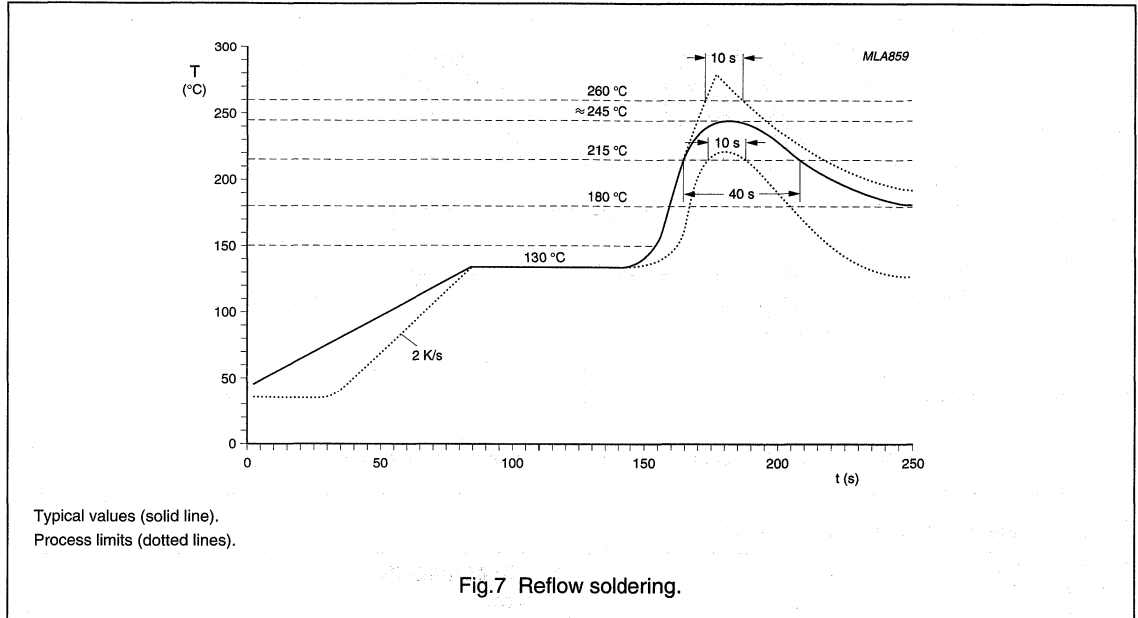


Soft Ferrites

Multilayer suppressors

MOUNTING

Soldering profiles



Soft Ferrites

Multilayer suppressors

Dimensions of solderlands

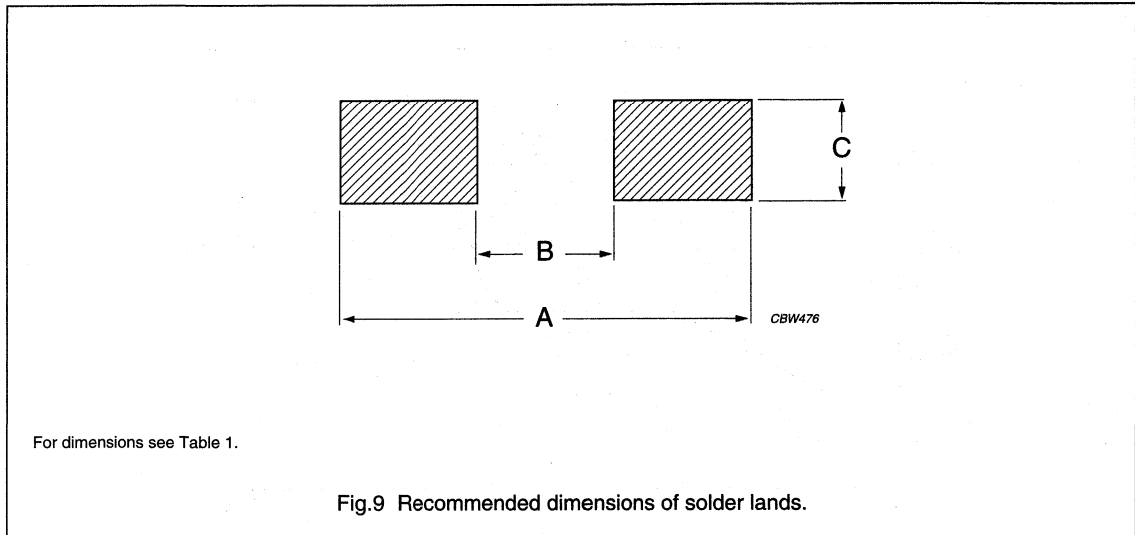


Table 1 Solder land dimensions; see Fig.9

CASE SIZE	FOOTPRINT DIMENSIONS (mm)		
	A	B	C
0603	2.1	0.7	0.7
0805	2.6	1.0	1.0
1206	4.4	2.2	1.35
1806	6.0	3.0	1.35

Soft Ferrites

Multilayer suppressors

BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS

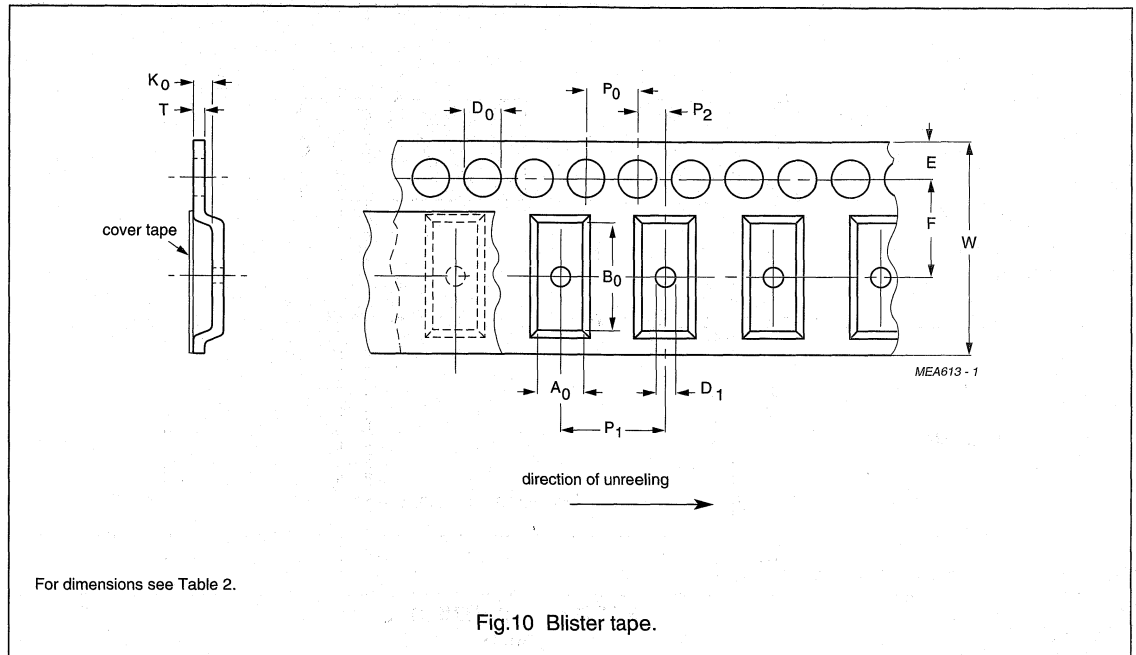


Table 2 Dimensions of blister tape for relevant product size code; see Fig.10

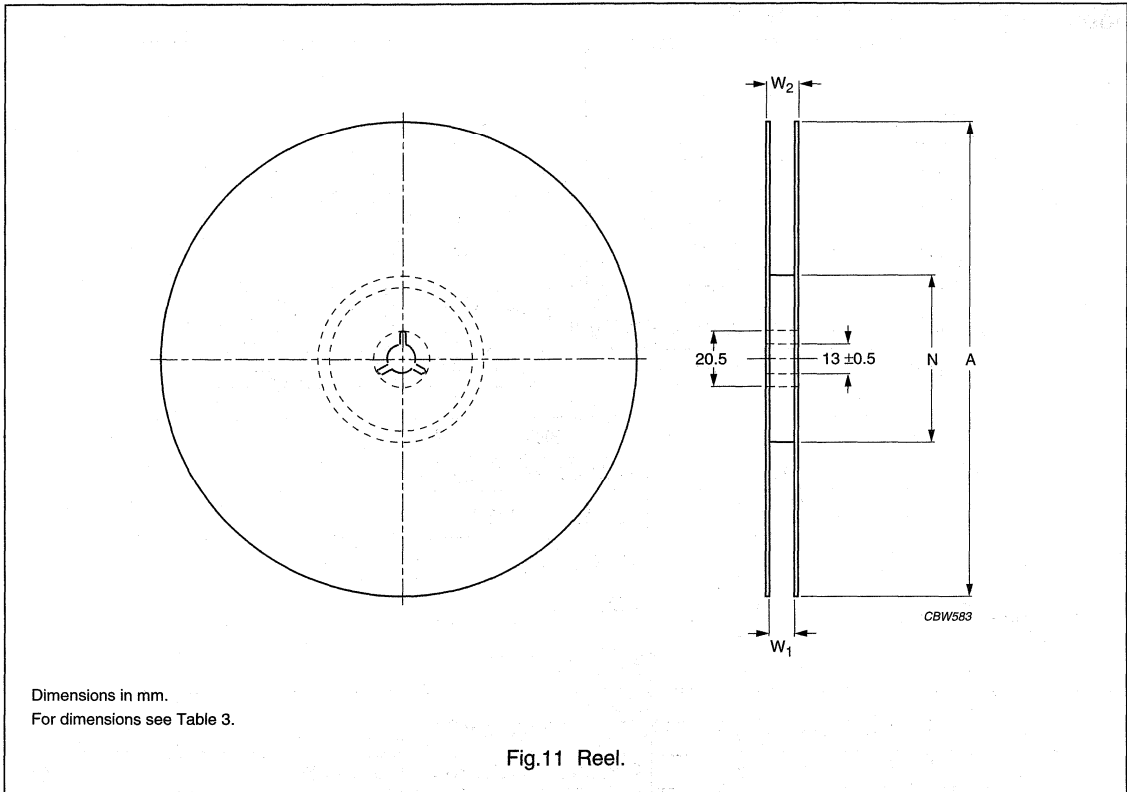
DIMENSION	PRODUCT SIZE CODE			
	0603	0805	1206	1806
$A_0$	$1.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.6 \pm 0.1$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$
$B_0$	$1.9 \pm 0.1$	$2.4 \pm 0.1$	$3.6 \pm 0.1$	$5.0 \pm 0.2$
$K_0$ minimum clearance; note 1	1.1	1.2	1.2	2.0
$W$	$8.0 \pm 0.2$	$8.0 \pm 0.2$	$8.0 \pm 0.2$	$12.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	—	—	—	—
$F$	—	—	—	—
$D_{0 \text{ min}}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
$D_{1 \text{ min}}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
$P_0$	4.0	4.0	4.0	8.0
$P_1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	—	—	—	—
$T_{\text{max}}$	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

Note

1. Typical product displacement in pocket.

Soft Ferrites

Multilayer suppressors



**Table 3** Reel dimensions; see Fig.11

TAPE WIDTH	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N MIN.	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
8	178 ±2	50	10 ±1.5	—
12			14 ±1.5	—

## Soft Ferrites

## Rods

## RODS

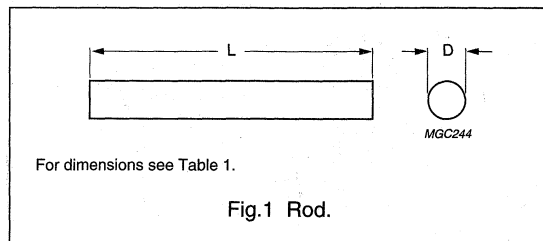


Table 1 Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.1

DIMENSIONS (mm)		TYPE NUMBER		
D	L	3B1	3S3	4B1
2 -0.05	20 -0.9	ROD2/20-3B1-D <sup>sup</sup>	-	-
3 -0.05	15 -0.8	-	-	ROD3/15-4B1-D
3 -0.3	20 ±0.4	-	ROD3/20-3S3	-
3 -0.05	20 -0.9	ROD3/20-3B1-D	-	-
3 -0.05	25 -1.0	ROD3/25-3B1-D	-	-
3.3 ±0.10	17 ±0.3	-	ROD3.3/17-3S3	-
4 -0.05	15 -0.8	ROD4/15-3B1-D	-	ROD4/15-4B1-D
4 -0.05	25 -1.0	ROD4/25-3B1-D	-	-
5 -0.30	20 ±0.5	-	ROD5/20-3S3	-
5 -0.05	20 -0.9	ROD5/20-3B1-D	-	ROD5/20-4B1-D <sup>sup</sup>
5 -0.30	25 -1.0	-	ROD5/25-3S3	-
5 -0.05	25 -1.0	ROD5/25-3B1-D	-	-
5 -0.05	30 -1.2	ROD5/30-3B1-D	-	ROD5/30-4B1-D <sup>sup</sup>
5.25 -0.3	18 ±0.3	-	ROD5.3/18-3S3	-
6 -0.30	25 ±0.6	-	ROD6/25-3S3	-
6 -0.30	30 ±0.9	-	ROD6/30-3S3	-
6 -0.10	30 -1.2	ROD6/30-3B1-D	-	ROD6/30-4B1-D <sup>sup</sup>
6 -0.10	40 -1.6	-	-	ROD6/40-4B1-D <sup>sup</sup>
6 -0.10	50 ±1.0	-	-	ROD6/50-4B1-D <sup>sup</sup>
6.5 -0.30	25 ±0.6	-	ROD6.5/25-3S3	-
8 -0.5	25 ±0.75	-	ROD8/25-3S3	-
8 -0.40	50 ±1.0	ROD8/50-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-	ROD8/50-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>
8 -0.40	150 ±3.0	-	-	ROD8/150-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>
10 -0.50	200 ±4.0	ROD10/200-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-	ROD10/200-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>

Soft Ferrites

SMD beads

SMD BEADS FOR EMI SUPPRESSION

General data

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Strip material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-58", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Taping method	"IEC 60286-3" and "EIA 481-1"

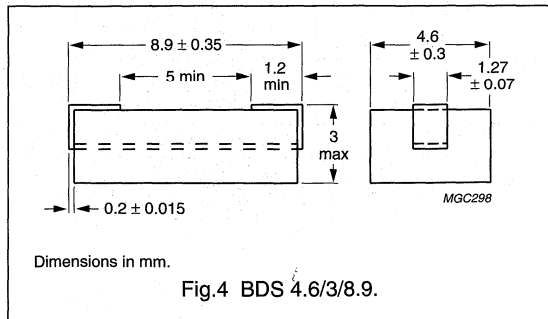
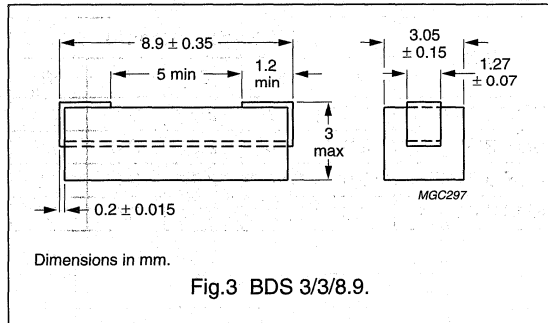
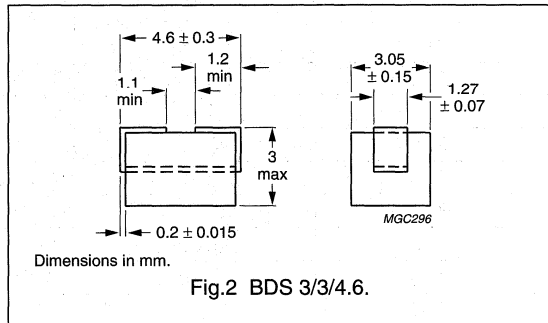
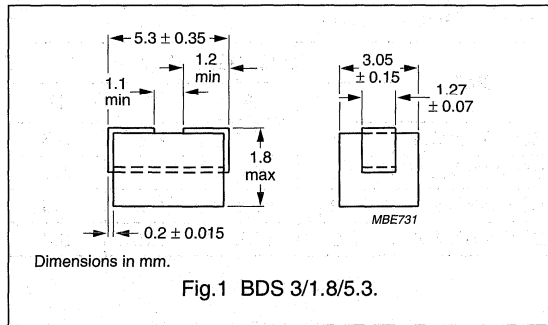
Grades, parameters and type numbers

GRADE	$ Z ^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	at f (MHz)	TYPE NUMBER
<b>BDS 3/1.8/5.3; mass ≈0.1 g</b>			
3S1	28	10	BDS 3/1.8/5.3-3S1
	33	25	
	25	100	
4S2	25	25	BDS 3/1.8/5.3-4S2
	38	100	
	45	300	
<b>BDS 3/3/4.6; mass ≈0.15 g</b>			
3S1	25	3	BDS3/3/4.6-3S1
	45	10	
	35	25	
4S2	30	25	BDS3/3/4.6-4S2
	50	100	
	55	300	
<b>BDS 3/3/8.9; mass ≈0.3 g</b>			
3S1	55	3	BDS 3/3/8.9-3S1
	80	10	
	55	25	
4S2	65	25	BDS 3/3/8.9-4S2
	100	100	
	110	300	
<b>BDS 4.6/3/8.9; mass ≈0.5 g</b>			
4S2	65	25	BDS 4.6/3/8.9-4S2
	100	100	
	110	300	

Note

- Typical values,  $|Z|_{min}$  is -20%;  
DC resistance <0.6 m $\Omega$ .

Mechanical data



Soft Ferrites

SMD beads

RECOMMENDED DIMENSIONS OF SOLDER LANDS

Table 1 Reflow soldering

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	B	C	D
BDS 3/1.8/5.3	2.8	7.2	2.2	3.3
BDS 3/3/4.6	2.8	6.4	1.8	3.3
BDS 3/3/8.9	7.0	10.8	1.9	3.3
BDS 4.6/3/8.9	7.0	10.8	1.9	3.3

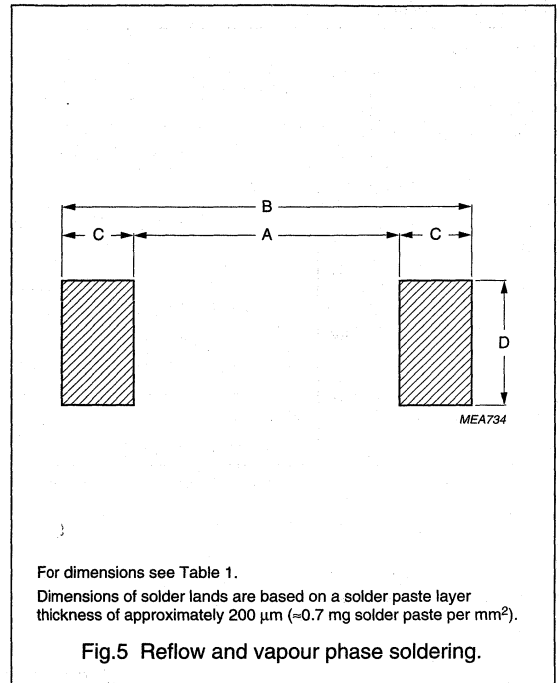
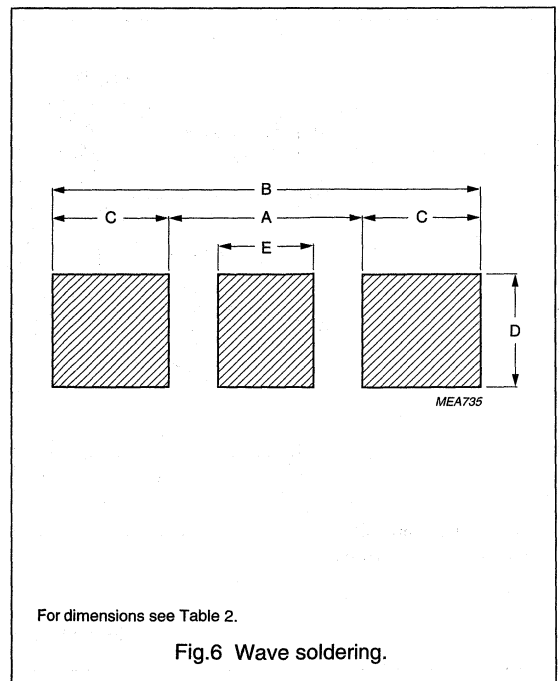


Table 2 Wave soldering

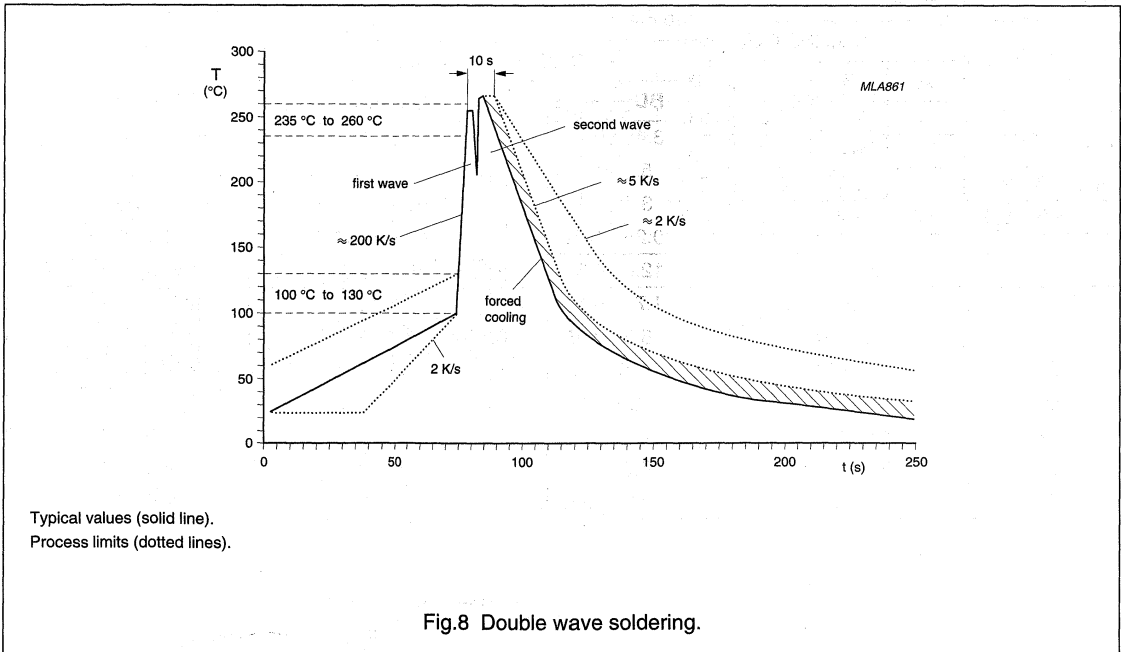
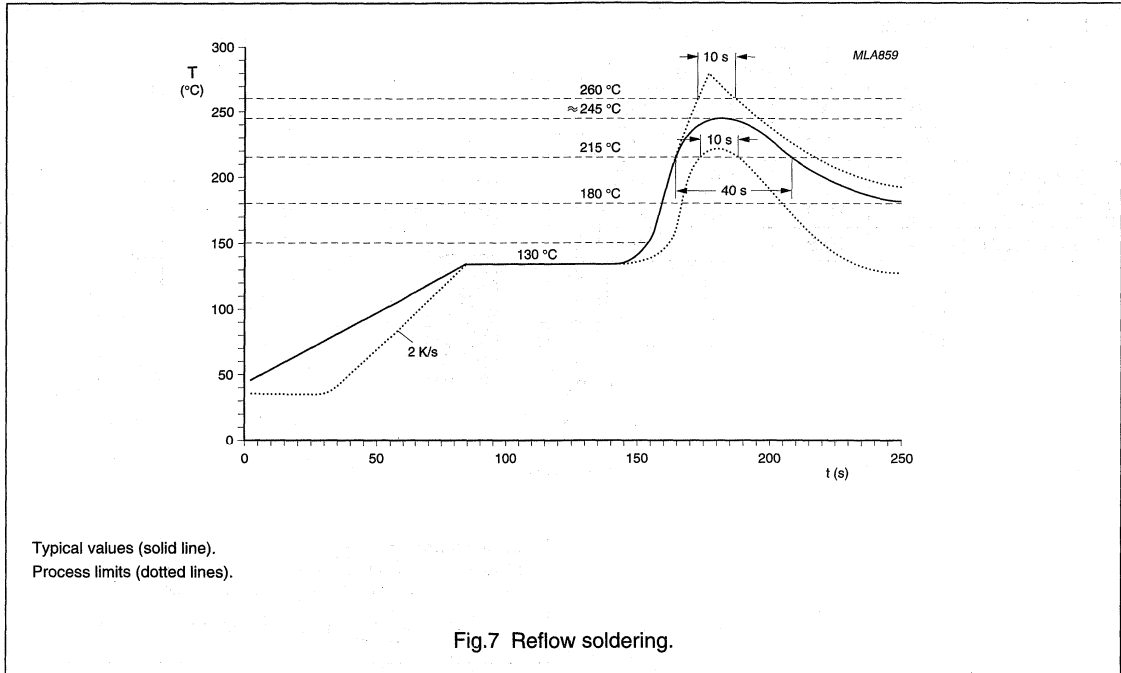
SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)				
	A	B	C	D	E
BDS 3/1.8/5.3	2.0	7.2	2.6	3.0	0.8
BDS 3/3/4.6	2.0	6.4	2.2	3.0	0.8
BDS 3/3/8.9	6.0	12.2	3.1	3.0	2.5
BDS 4.6/3/8.9	6.0	12.2	3.1	3.0	2.5



Soft Ferrites

SMD beads

Soldering profiles

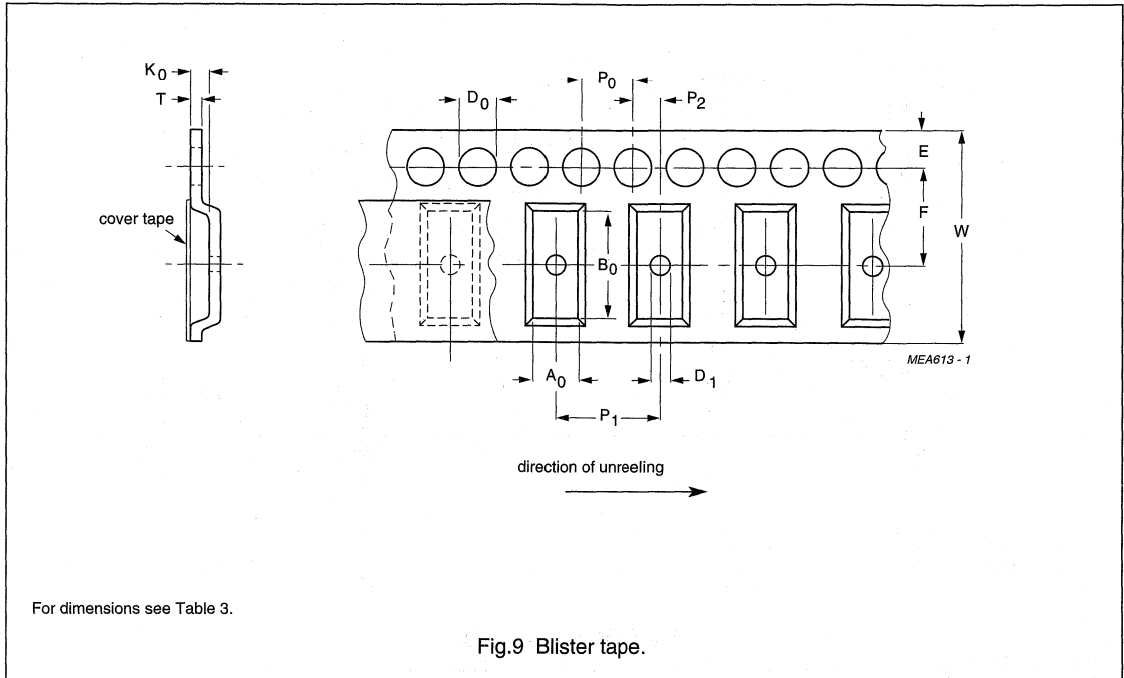




Soft Ferrites

SMD beads

**BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS**

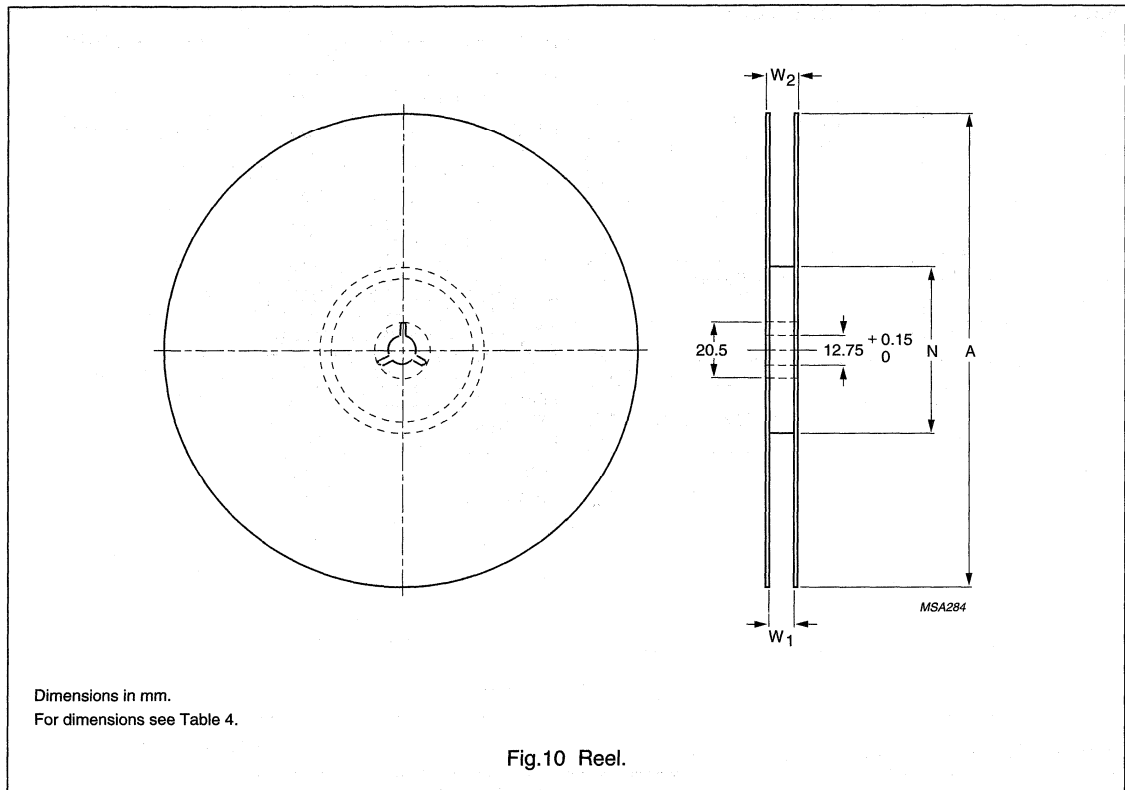


**Table 3** Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.9

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	BDS3/1.8/5.3	BDS3/3/4.6	BDS3/3/8.9	BDS4.6/3/8.9
$A_0$	$3.25 \pm 0.1$	$3.45 \pm 0.1$	$3.45 \pm 0.1$	$5.1 \pm 0.1$
$B_0$	$5.85 \pm 0.1$	$5.1 \pm 0.1$	$9.4 \pm 0.1$	$9.4 \pm 0.1$
$K_0$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$	$3.1 \pm 0.1$	$3.1 \pm 0.1$	$3.1 \pm 0.1$
$T$	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	$0.25 \pm 10\%$	$0.35 \pm 0.05$	$0.3 \pm 0.05$
$W$	$12.0 \pm 0.3$	$12.0 \pm 0.3$	$16.0 \pm 0.3$	$16.0 \pm 0.3$
$E$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$	$1.75 \pm 0.1$
$F$	$5.5 \pm 0.05$	$5.5 \pm 0.05$	$7.5 \pm 0.1$	$7.5 \pm 0.1$
$D_0$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$
$D_1$	$\geq 1.5$	$\geq 1.5$	$\geq 1.5$	$\geq 1.5$
$P_0$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$	$8.0 \pm 0.1$
$P_2$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$	$2.0 \pm 0.05$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$	$2.0 \pm 0.1$

## Soft Ferrites

## SMD beads

**Table 4** Reel dimensions; see Fig.10

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
12	330	100 ±5	12.4	≤16.4
16	330	100 ±5	16.4	≤20.4

Soft Ferrites

SMD common mode chokes

**SMD COMMON MODE CHOKES FOR EMI-SUPPRESSION**

**General data**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Strip material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-58", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Taping method	"IEC 60286-A" and "EIA 481-A"

**Grades, parameters and type numbers**

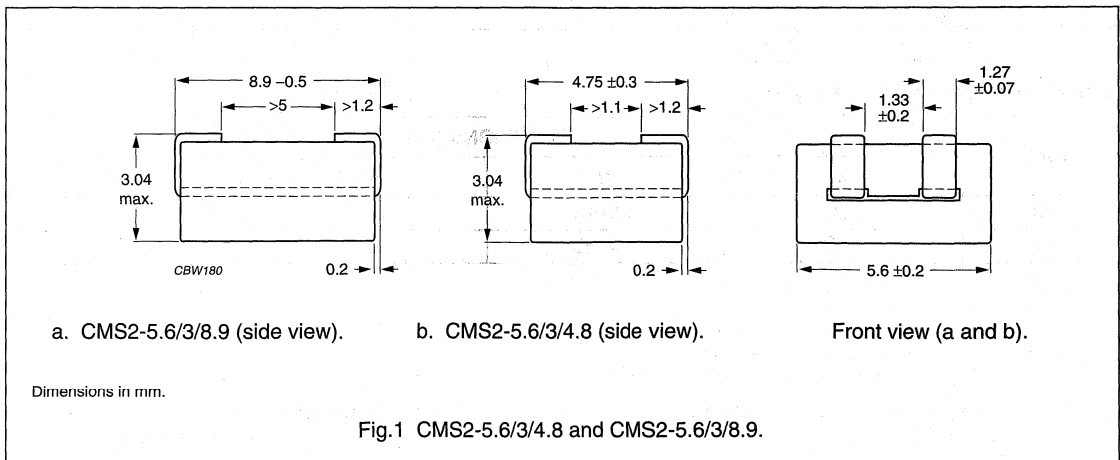
GRADE	$ Z ^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	at f (MHz)	TYPE NUMBER
<b>CMS2-5.6/3/4.8; mass <math>\approx</math>0.3 g</b>			
4S2	23	30	CMS2-5.6/3/4.8-4S2
	35	100	
	50	300	
<b>CMS2-5.6/3/8.9; mass <math>\approx</math>0.6 g</b>			
4S2	38	25	CMS2-5.6/3/8.9-4S2
	60	100	

GRADE	$ Z ^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	at f (MHz)	TYPE NUMBER
<b>CMS4-11/3/4.8; mass <math>\approx</math>0.6 g</b>			
4S2 inner channel	13	30	CMS4-11/3/4.8-4S2
	23	100	
	42	300	
4S2 outer channel	16	30	
	30	100	
	50	300	
<b>CMS4-11/3/8.9; mass <math>\approx</math>1.1 g</b>			
4S2 inner channel	25	25	CMS4-11/3/8.9-4S2
	45	100	
	82	300	
4S2 outer channel	27	25	
	58	100	
	97	300	

**Note**

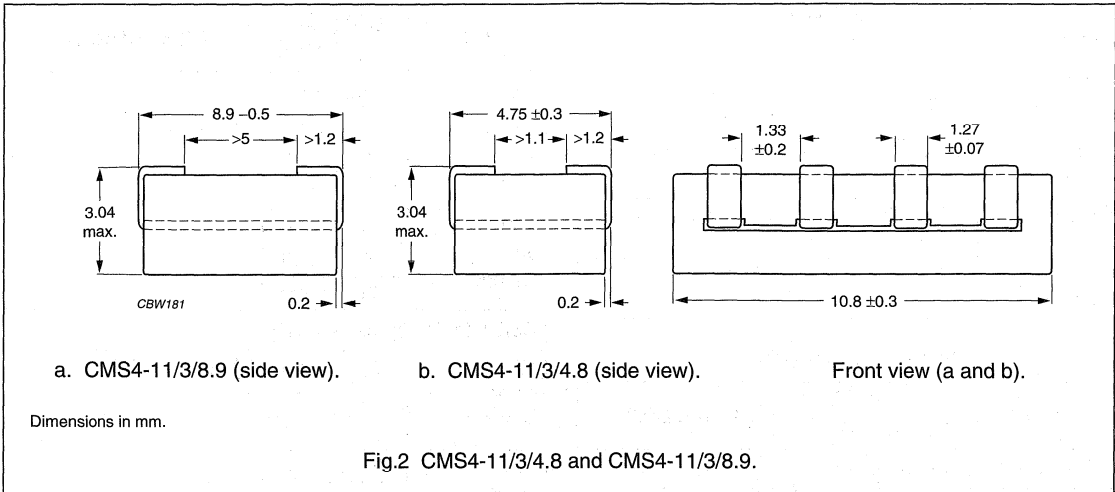
1. Typical values,  $|Z|_{\min}$  is  $-20\%$ .  
DC resistance  $< 0.6 \text{ m}\Omega$ .

**Mechanical data**

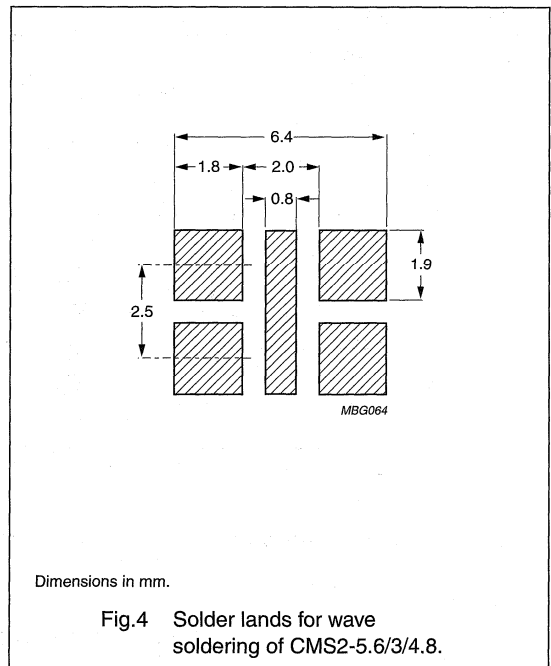
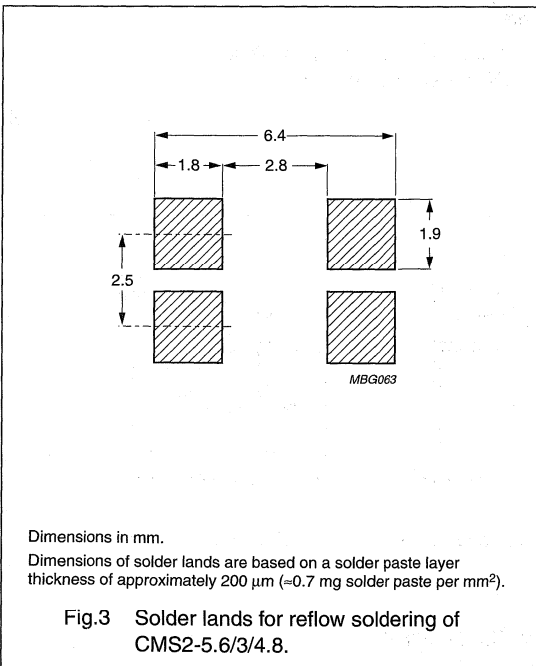


Soft Ferrites

SMD common mode chokes

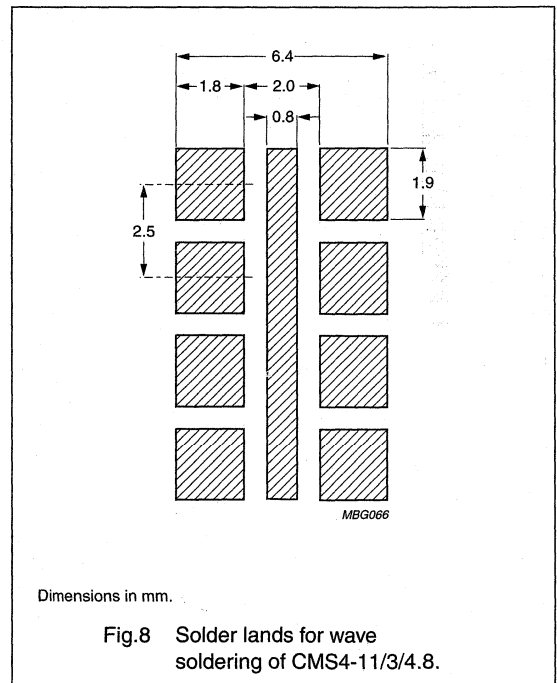
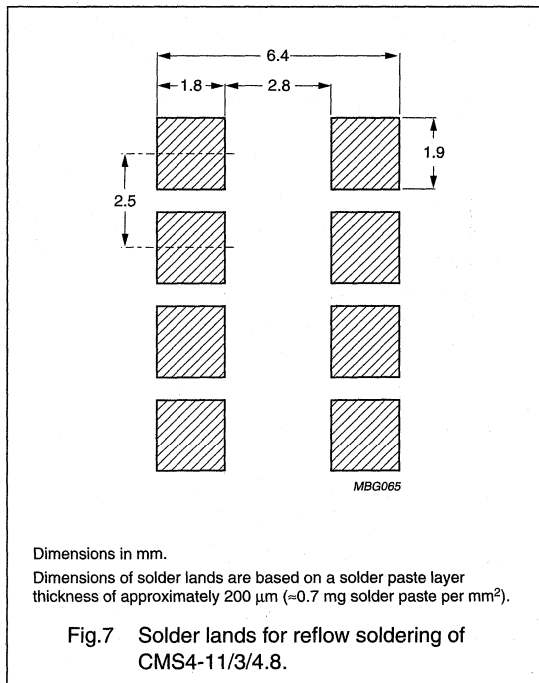
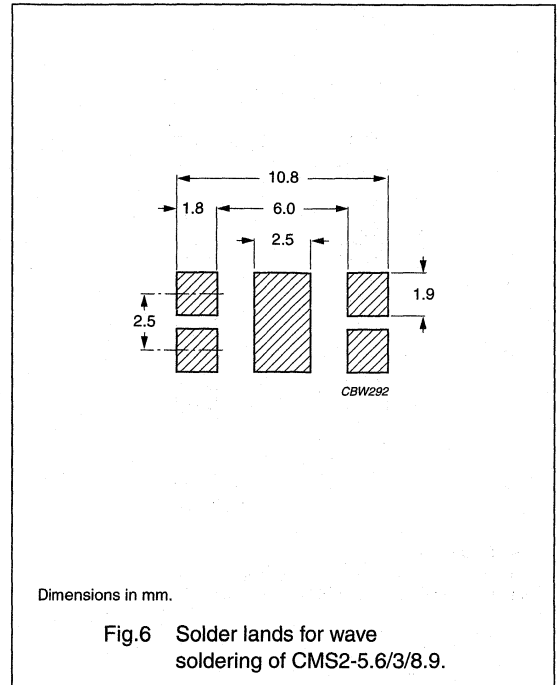
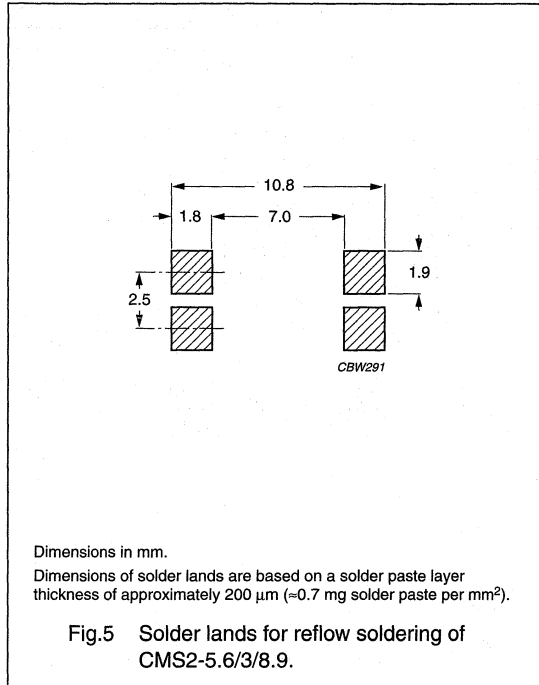


Recommended dimensions of solder lands



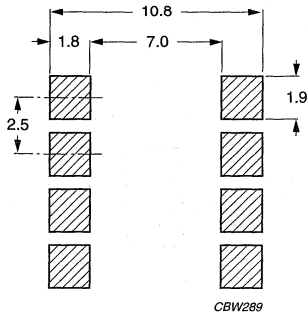
Soft Ferrites

SMD common mode chokes



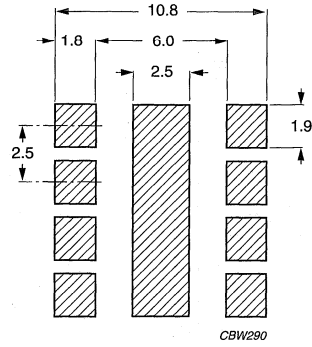
Soft Ferrites

SMD common mode chokes



Dimensions in mm.  
 Dimensions of solder lands are based on a solder paste layer thickness of approximately 200  $\mu\text{m}$  ( $\approx 0.7$  mg solder paste per  $\text{mm}^2$ ).

Fig.9 Solder lands for reflow soldering of CMS4-11/3/8.9.



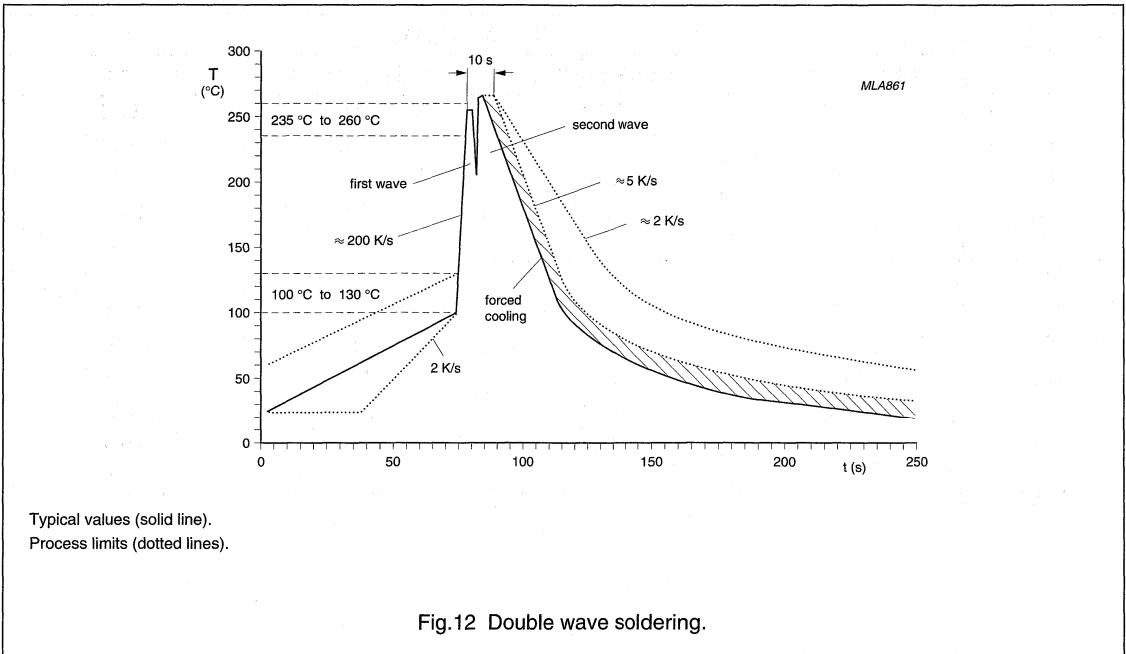
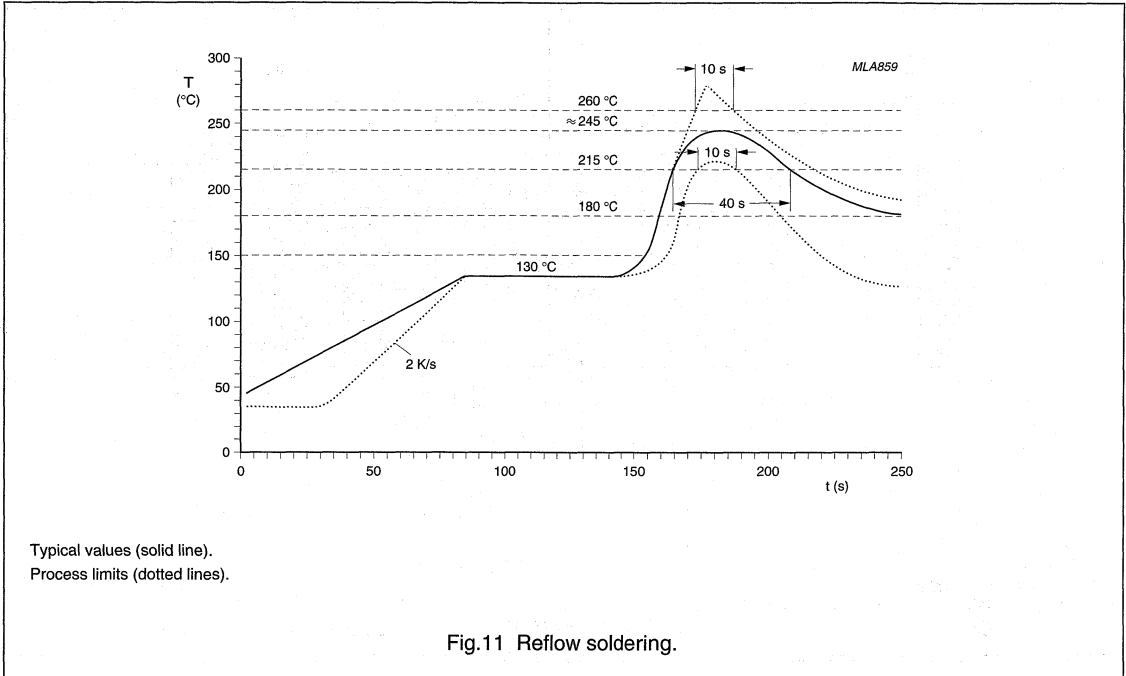
Dimensions in mm.

Fig.10 Solder lands for wave soldering of CMS4-11/3/8.9.

# Soft Ferrites

# SMD common mode chokes

## Soldering profiles



## Soft Ferrites

## SMD common mode chokes

## BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS

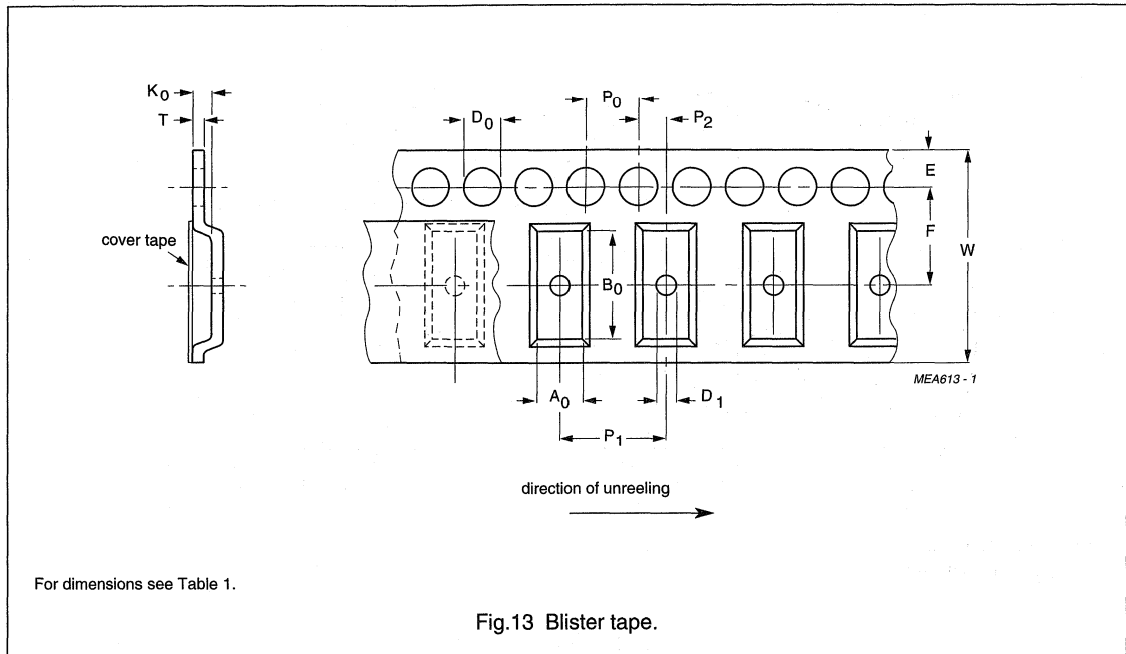


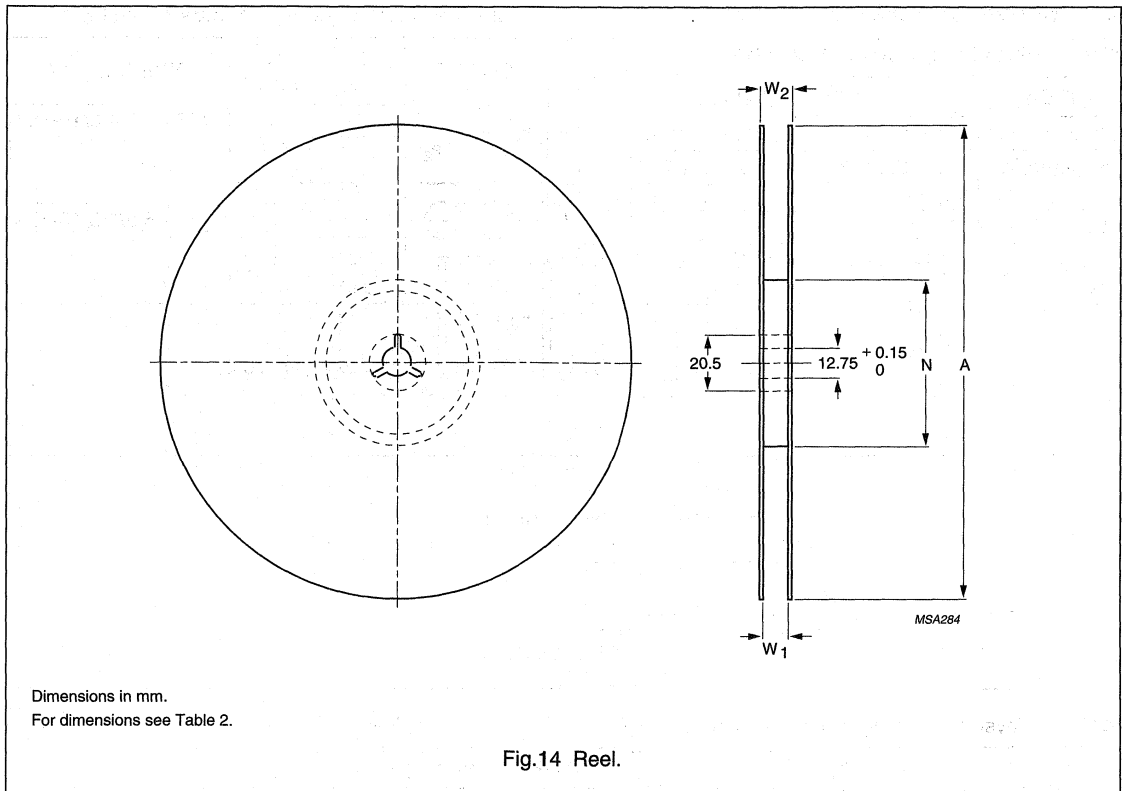
Table 1 Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.13

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	CMS2-5.6/3/4.8	CMS2-5.6/3/8.9	CMS2-5.6/3/8.9	CMS4-11/3/8.9
A <sub>0</sub>	5.26	5.99	5.23	10.13
B <sub>0</sub>	6.07	9.09	11.18	11.56
K <sub>0</sub>	3.18	3.18	4.5	4.5
T	0.3	0.33	0.34	0.36
W	12	16	24	24
E	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
F	5.5	7.5	11.75	11.5
D <sub>0</sub>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
D <sub>1</sub>	≥1.5	≥1.5	≥1.5	≥1.5
P <sub>0</sub>	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
P <sub>1</sub>	8.0	8.0	8.0	16.0
P <sub>2</sub>	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0



Soft Ferrites

SMD common mode chokes



**Table 2** Reel dimensions; see Fig.14

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
12	330	100 ±5	12.4	≤16.4
16	330	100 ±5	16.4	≤20.4
24	330	100 ±5	24.4	≤28.4

Soft Ferrites

SMD wideband chokes

SMD WIDEBAND CHOKES

SMD wideband choke WBS1.5-5/4.8/10

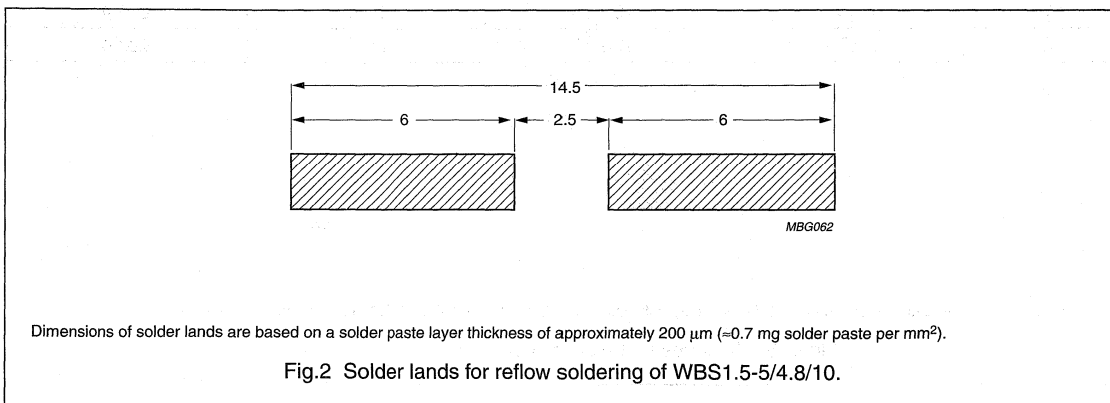
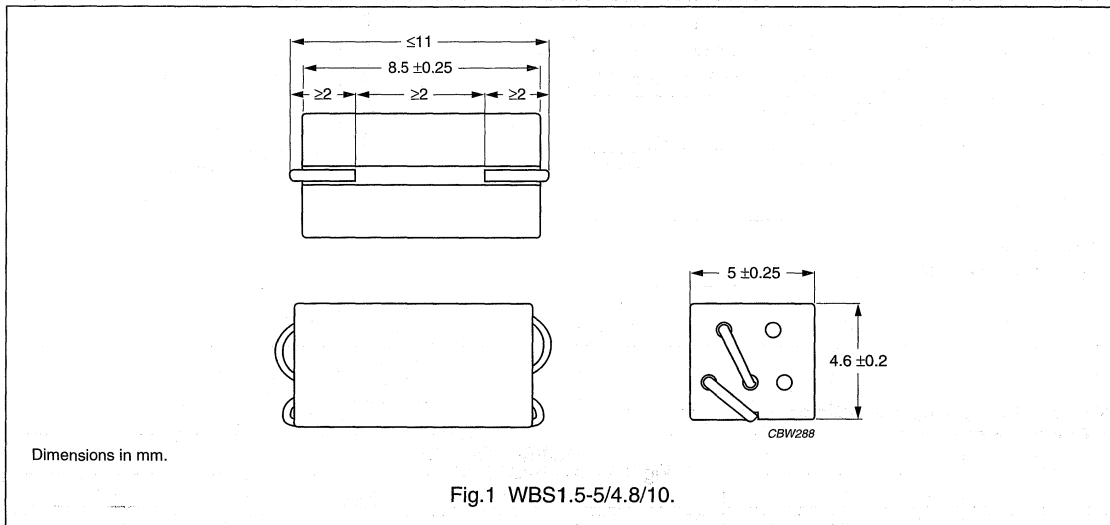
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Strip material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-58", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Mass	≈0.9 g
Taping method	"IEC 60286-A" and "EIA 481-A"

Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.1

GRADE	$ Z ^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	at f (MHz)	TYPE NUMBER
3S4	230	10	WBS1.5-5/4.8/10-3S4
	400	50	
	430	100	
4B1	275	25	WBS1.5-5/4.8/10-4B1
	500	100	
	350	300	

Note

1. Typical values,  $|Z|_{\min}$  is -20%;  
DC resistance <7.5 m $\Omega$ .



Soft Ferrites

SMD wideband chokes

SMD wideband choke WBS2.5-5/4.8/10

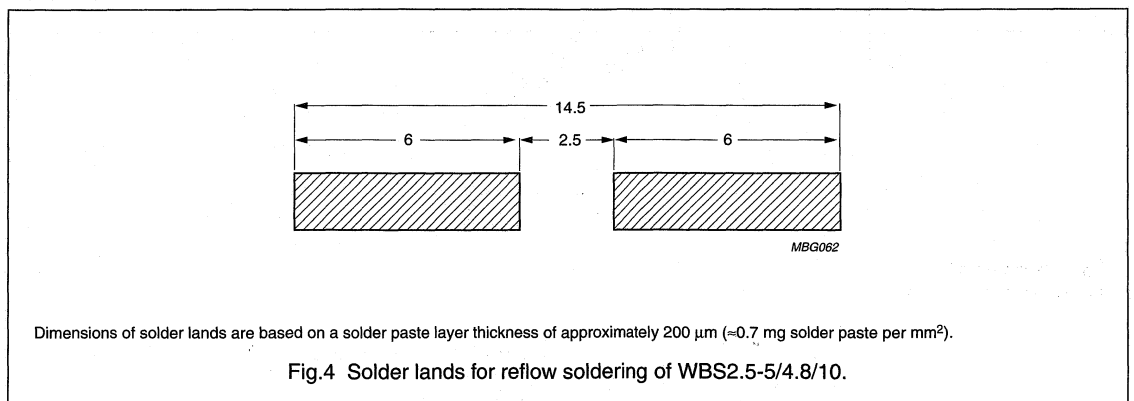
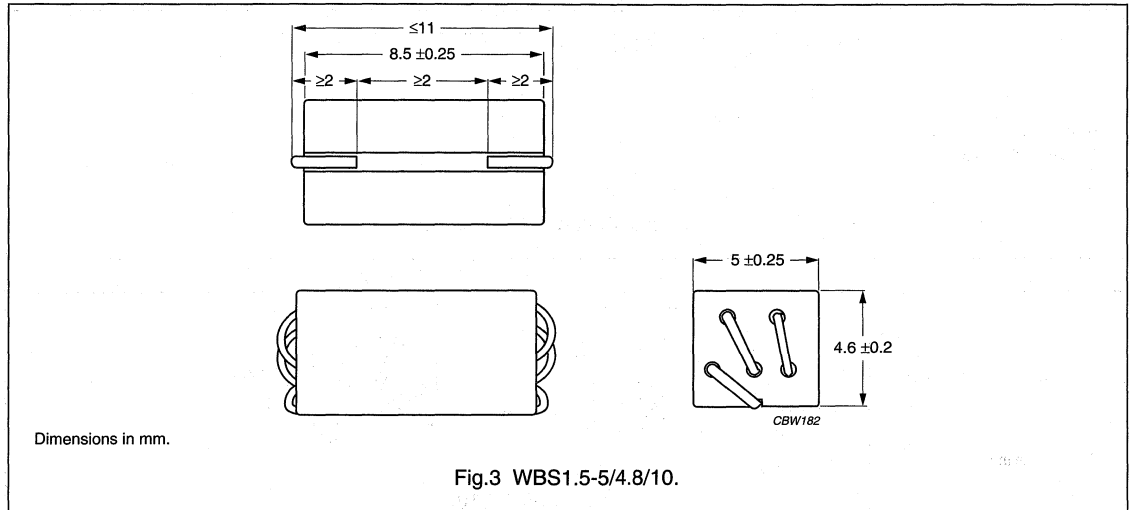
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Strip material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-58", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1
Mass	≈0.9 g
Taping method	"IEC 60286-A" and "EIA 481-A"

Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.3

GRADE	$ Z ^{(1)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	at f (MHz)	TYPE NUMBER
3S4	300	10	WBS2.5-5/4.8/10-3S4
	625	50	
	600	100	
4B1	485	25	WBS2.5-5/4.8/10-4B1
	850	100	
	350	300	

Note

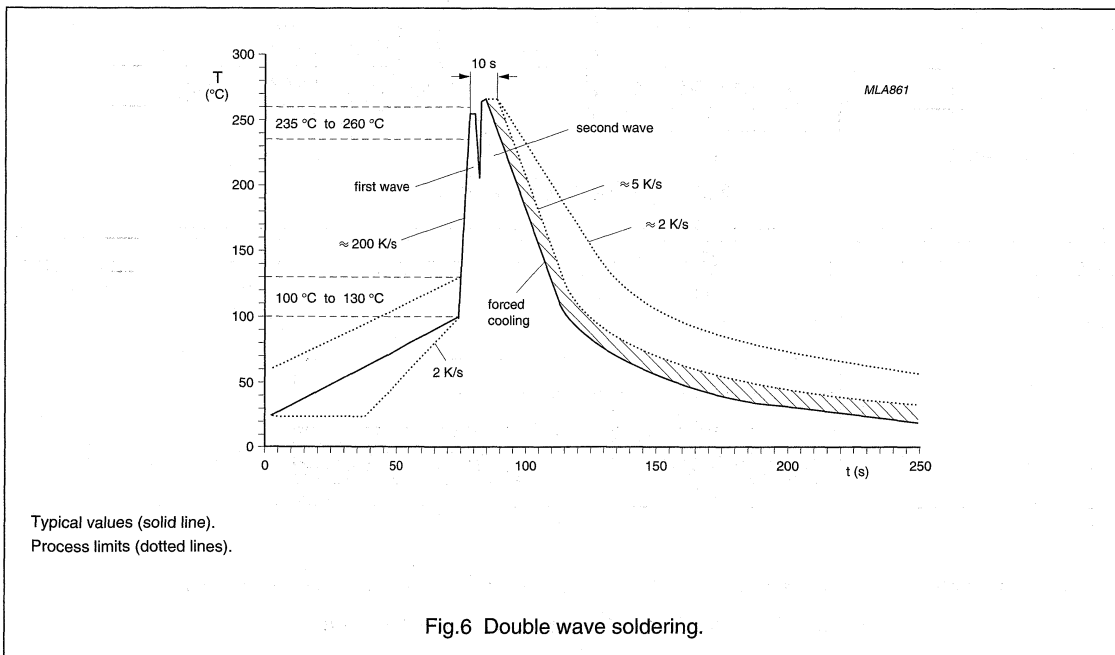
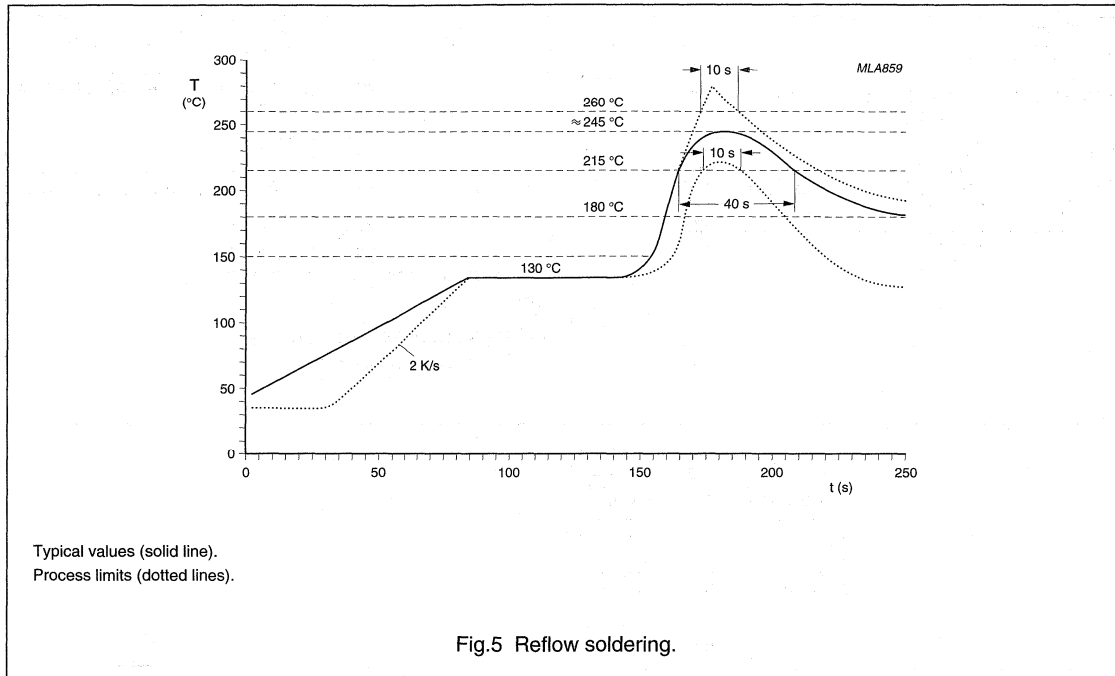
1. Typical values,  $|Z|_{\min}$  is -20%;  
DC resistance <7.5 m $\Omega$ .



Soft Ferrites

SMD wideband chokes

Soldering profiles



Soft Ferrites

SMD wideband chokes

BLISTER TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS

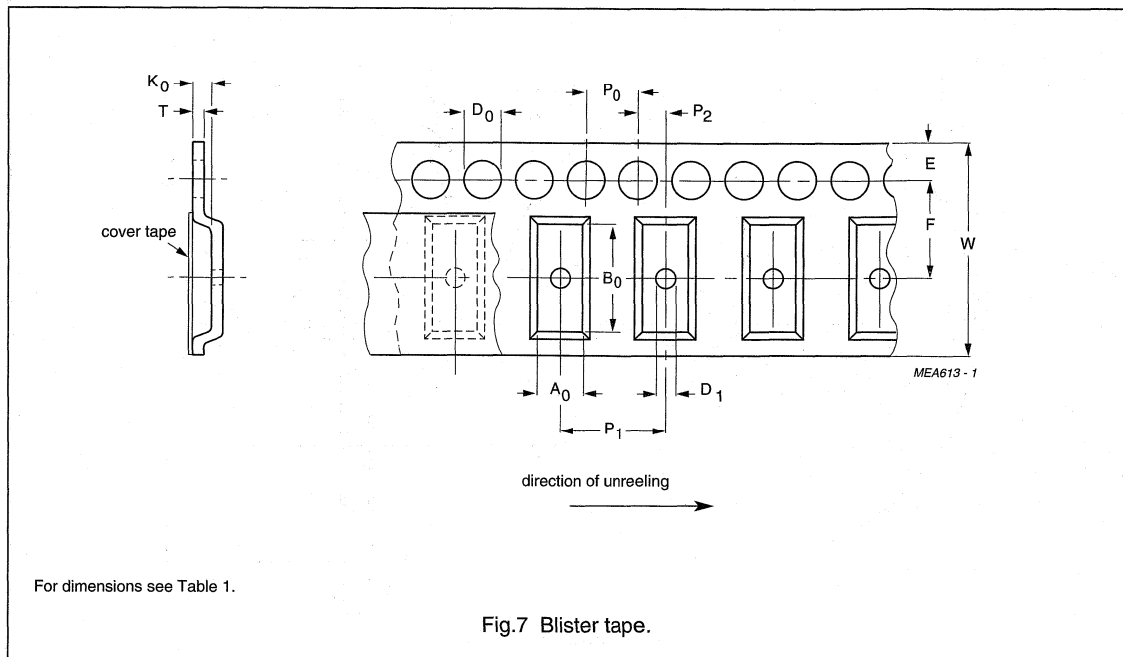


Table 1 Physical dimensions of blister tape; see Fig.7

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)	
	WBS1.5-5/4.8/10	WBS2.5-5/4.8/10
$A_0$	5.51	5.51
$B_0$	11	11
$K_0$	5.03	5.03
$T$	0.36	0.36
$W$	24	24
$E$	1.75	1.75
$F$	11.5	11.5
$D_0$	1.5	1.5
$D_1$	$\geq 1.5$	$\geq 1.5$
$P_0$	4.0	4.0
$P_1$	8.0	8.0
$P_2$	2.0	2.0

Soft Ferrites

SMD wideband chokes

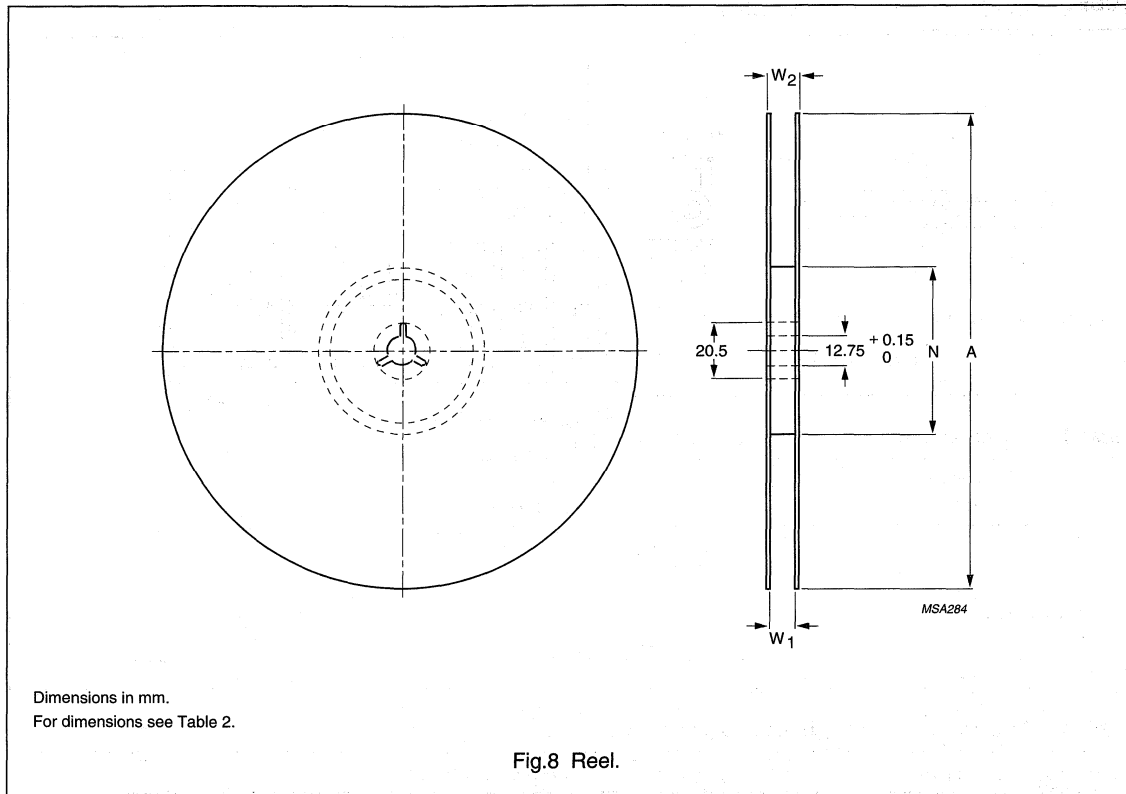


Table 2 Reel dimensions; see Fig.8

SIZE	DIMENSIONS (mm)			
	A	N	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2</sub>
24	330	100 ±5	24.4	≤28.4

Soft Ferrites

Tubes

TUBES

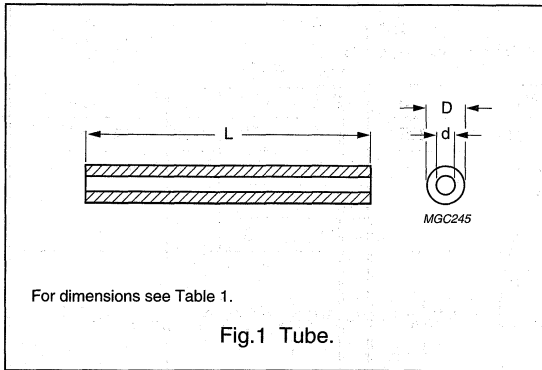


Table 1 Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.1

DIMENSIONS (mm)			TYPE NUMBER		
D	d	L	4B1	3B1	3C90
3.1 -0.02	1.3 +0.2	18.8 -0.5	-	TUB3.1/1.3/19-3B1-DL <sup>sup</sup>	-
3.5 +0.1/-0.2	1.3 +0.2	3.0 +0.5	-	TUB3.5/1.3/3-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
3.5 ±0.2	1.3 +0.2	7.5 +0.5	-	TUB3.5/1.3/7.5-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
3.7 -0.4	1.2 +0.2	3.5 -0.5	TUB3.7/1.2/3.5-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	TUB3.7/1.2/3.5-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
3.8 ±0.1	2.8 ±0.1	8 ±0.25	TUB3.8/2.8/8-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-	-
4.0 -0.25	1.6 +0.15	40 -1.6	TUB4/1.6/40-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-	-
4 ±0.2	2 ±0.2	5 ±0.5	-	TUB4/2/5-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
4 ±0.1	3 +0.2	9.45 +0.75	TUB4/3/9.5-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-	-
4.1 +0.1	2 +0.2	7 ±0.2	-	TUB4.1/2/7-3B1-D <sup>sup</sup>	-
4.1 +0.1	2 +0.2	11 ±0.2	-	TUB4.1/2/11-3B1-D <sup>sup</sup>	-
4.1 -0.2	2 +0.2	25.5 -1	TUB4.1/2/26-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-	-
4.15 -0.05	2 +0.2	12.2 -0.4	TUB4.2/2/12-4B1-DL <sup>sup</sup>	-	-
4.3 -0.2	2 +0.2	15.4 -0.8	TUB4.3/2/15-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	TUB4.3/2/15-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
4.3 -0.2	2 +0.2	25.5 -1	-	TUB4.3/2/26-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
5.0 -0.30	2.0 +0.2	50 ±1	-	-	TUB5/2/50-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>
5.3 -0.2	3.0 +0.2	22.4 -0.8	-	TUB5.3/3/22-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
6.0 -0.3	3.0 +0.2	20 -0.9	-	TUB6/3/20-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	TUB6/3/20-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>
6.0 -0.3	3.0 +0.2	30 -1.2	-	-	TUB6/3/30-3C90 <sup>sup</sup>
8.0 -0.4	4.0 +0.3	20 -0.9	TUB8/4/20-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>	TUB8/4/20-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
8.0 -0.4	4.0 +0.3	40 -1.6	-	TUB8/4/40-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
9.5 ±0.3	6.5 ±0.2	17 +0.5/-0.4	-	TUB9.5/6.5/17-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-
10.0 -0.5	4.2 +0.3	20 -0.9	-	TUB10/4.2/20-3B1 <sup>sup</sup>	-

## Soft Ferrites

## Wideband chokes

## WIDEBAND CHOKES FOR EMI-SUPPRESSION

## General data WBC1.5/A

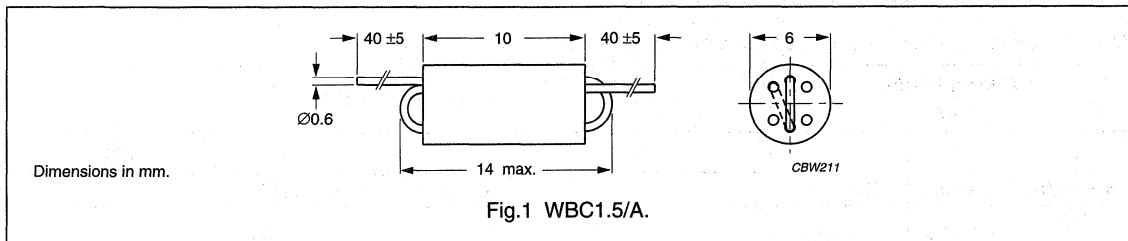
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

## Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.1

GRADE	No. OF TURNS	Z  at f		TYPE NUMBER
		( $\Omega$ )	(MHz)	
3S4	1.5	$\geq 300$	120	WBC1.5/A-3S4
4B1	1.5	$\geq 350$	250	WBC1.5/A-4B1
4S2	1.5	213 <sup>(1)</sup>	10	WBC1.5/A-4S2
		400 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	
		470 <sup>(1)</sup>	100	

## Note

1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is  $|Z|_{\text{typ}} - 20\%$ .



## General data WBC1.5/1.5/A

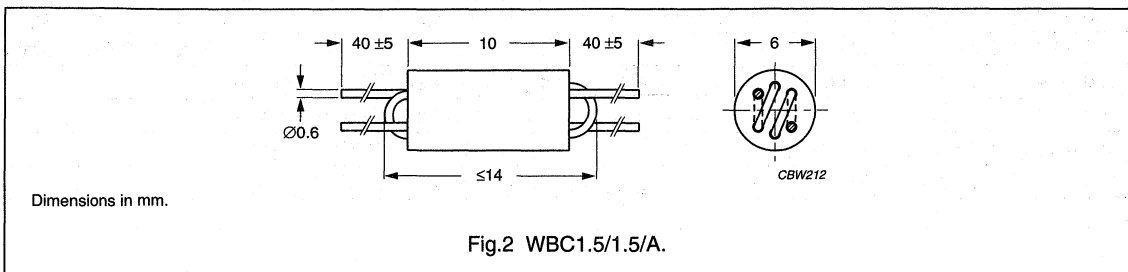
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

## Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.2

GRADE	No. OF TURNS	Z  at f		TYPE NUMBER
		( $\Omega$ )	(MHz)	
3S4	2 × 1.5	$\geq 700$ <sup>(1)</sup>	50	WBC1.5/1.5/A-3S4
4B1	2 × 1.5	$\geq 800$ <sup>(1)</sup>	110	WBC1.5/1.5/A-4B1
4S2	2 × 1.5	213 <sup>(2)</sup>	10	WBC1.5/1.5/A-4S2
		400 <sup>(2)</sup>	50	
		470 <sup>(2)</sup>	100	

## Notes

1.  $|Z|$  measured with both windings connected in series.
2. Minimum guaranteed impedance is  $|Z|_{\text{typ}} - 20\%$ ; measured with one winding.





Soft Ferrites

Wideband chokes

General data WBC2/R

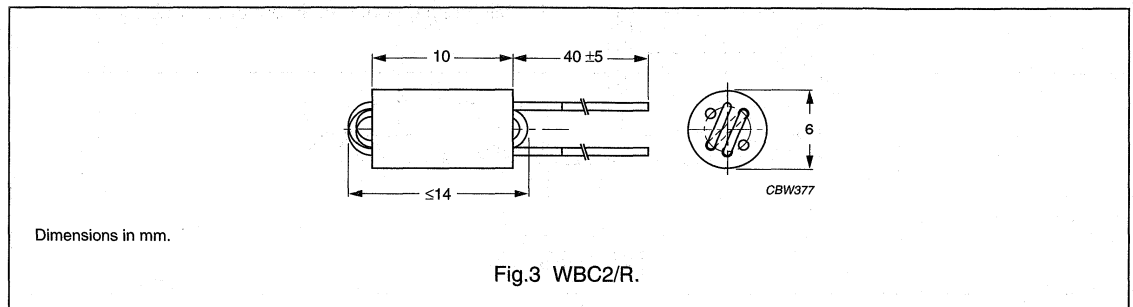
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.3

GRADE	No. OF TURNS	Z  <sup>(1)</sup> at f		TYPE NUMBER
		(Ω)	(MHz)	
4S2	2	300	10	WBC2/R-4S2
		650	50	
		600	100	

Note

1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is |Z|<sub>typ</sub> -20%.



General data WBC2.5/A

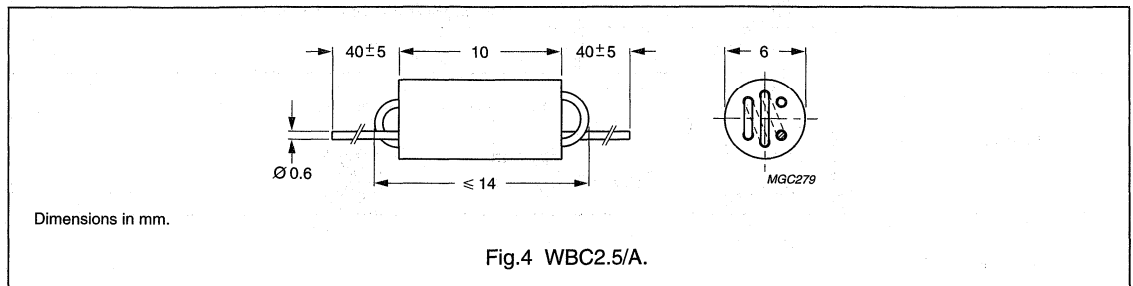
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.4

GRADE	No. OF TURNS	Z  at f		TYPE NUMBER
		(Ω)	(MHz)	
3S4	2.5	≥600	50	WBC2.5/A-3S4
4B1	2.5	≥700	180	WBC2.5/A-4B1
4S2	2.5	400 <sup>(1)</sup>	10	WBC2.5/A-4S2
		850 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	
		725 <sup>(1)</sup>	100	

Note

1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is |Z|<sub>typ</sub> -20%.



# Soft Ferrites

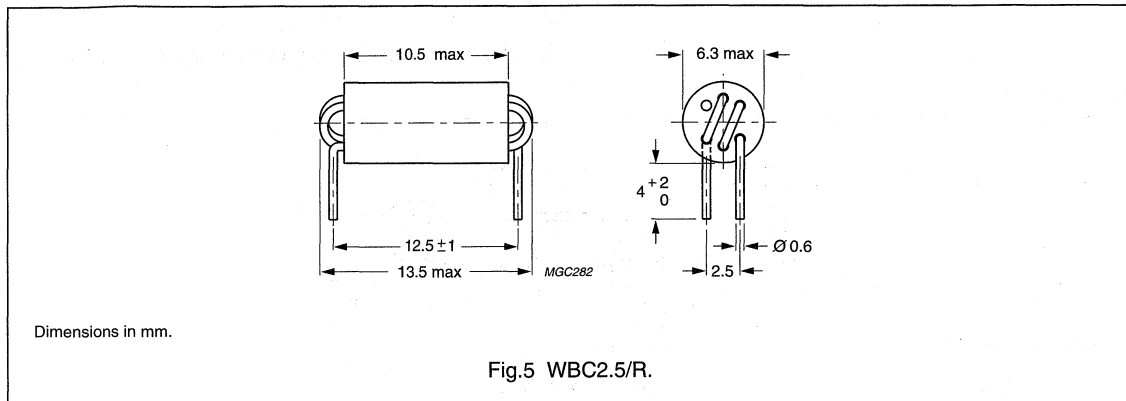
# Wideband chokes

### General data WBC2.5/R

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

### Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.5

GRADE	No. OF TURNS	Z  at f		TYPE NUMBER
		(Ω)	(MHz)	
3S4	2.5	≥600	50	WBC2.5/R-3S4 <sup>sup</sup>
4B1	2.5	≥700	75	WBC2.5/R-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>



### General data WBC2.5/SP

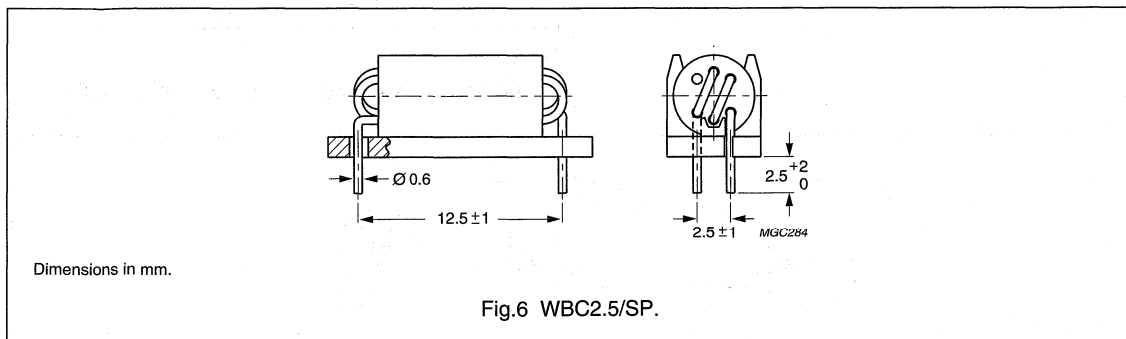
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Support	polyamide (PA6.6) plate to allow mounting across circuit tracks; flame retardant in accordance with UL 94V-0
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

### Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.6

GRADE note 1	No. OF TURNS	Z  at f		TYPE NUMBER
		(Ω)	(MHz)	
3S4	2.5	≥600	50	WBC2.5/SP-3S4 <sup>sup</sup>
4B1	2.5	≥700	75	WBC2.5/SP-4B1 <sup>sup</sup>

#### Note

1. Colour code 3S4 = blue, 4B1 = green.



Soft Ferrites

Wideband chokes

General data WBC3/R

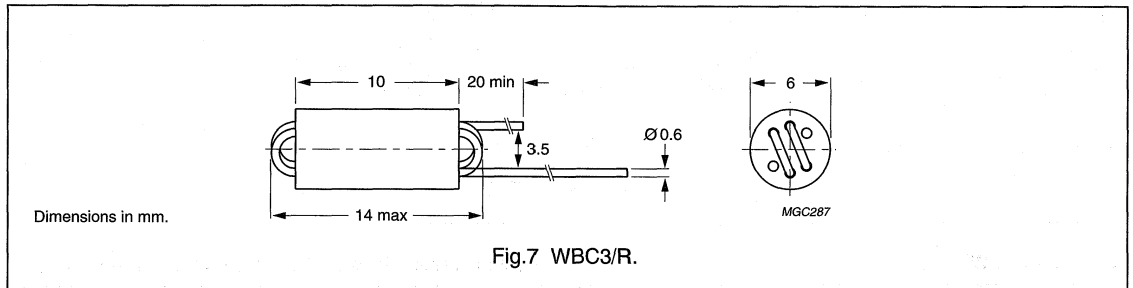
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Wire material	copper (Cu), tin-lead (SnPb) plated
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1

Grades, parameters and type numbers; see Fig.7

GRADE	No. OF TURNS	Z  at f		TYPE NUMBER
		(Ω)	(MHz)	
3S4	3	≥650	63	WBC3/R-3S4
4B1	3	≥800	110	WBC3/R-4B1
4S2	3	500 <sup>(1)</sup>	10	WBC3/R-4S2
		1000 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	
		688 <sup>(1)</sup>	100	

Note

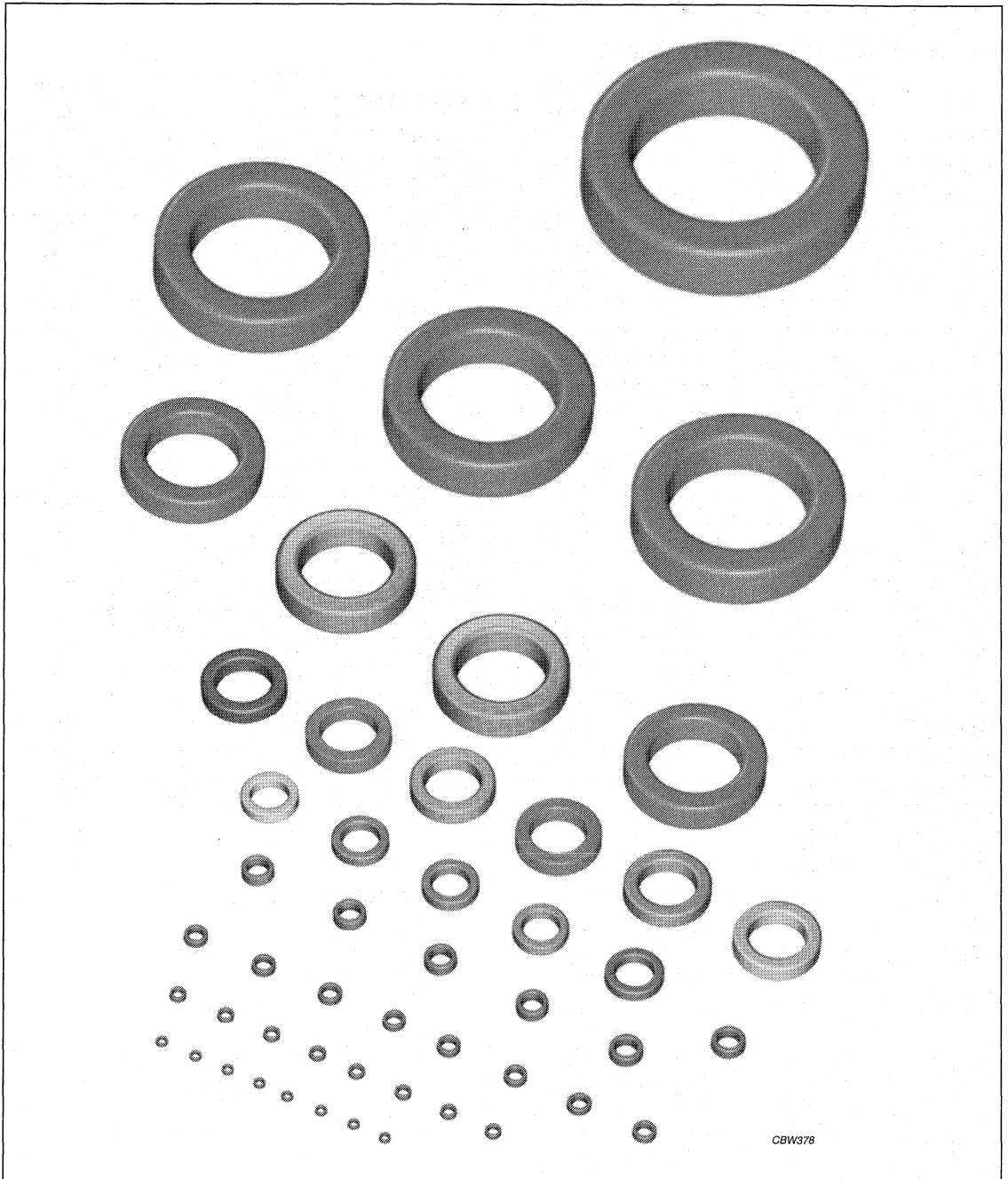
1. Minimum guaranteed impedance is  $|Z|_{typ} - 20\%$ .





Soft Ferrites

Ferrite ring cores (toroids)



CBW378

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
TC2.5/1.3/0.8	2.7	0.49	0.012
TC2.5/1.3/1.3	4.29	0.76	0.022
TC2.5/1.3/2.5	8.57	1.55	0.044
TC2.5/1.5/0.8	2.21	0.37	0.012
TC2.5/1.5/1-S	2.94	0.49	0.015
TC3.1/1.3/1.3	6.35	1.06	0.033
TC3.1/1.8/2	9.10	1.26	0.05
TC3.4/1.8/1.3	7.3	0.96	0.035
TC3.4/1.8/2	11.5	1.52	0.06
TC3.5/1.6/1.3	8.3	1.15	0.043
TC3.5/1.8/1.8	11.0	1.44	0.06
TC3.9/1.8/1.8	14.8	1.83	0.09
TC3.9/1.8/2.5	21.1	2.6	0.12
TC3.9/2.2/1.3	9.2	1.0	0.045
TC4/2/2	16.7	1.92	0.095
TC4/2.2/1.1	8.8	0.96	0.04
TC4/2.2/1.3	9.8	1.07	0.05
TC4/2.2/1.6	12.9	1.40	0.06
TC4/2.2/1.8	14.4	1.56	0.07
TC5.8/3.1/1.5	26.1	2.00	0.13
TC5.8/3.1/3.2	55.8	4.28	0.31
TC6/4/2	30.2	1.97	0.15
TC6.3/3.8/2.5	46.5	3.06	0.23
TC7.6/3.2/4.8	148	9.92	0.7
TN9/6/3	102	4.44	0.5
TC9.5/4.8/3.2	148	7.16	0.7
TN10/6/4	188	7.8	0.95
TN13/7.5/5	368	12.2	1.8
TX13/7.1/4.8	361	12.3	1.8
TX13/7.9/6.4	442	14.1	2.2
TN14/9/5	430	12.3	2.1
TN14/9/9	774	22.1	3.8
TX16/9.1/4.7	548	14.7	2.7
TN16/9.6/6.3	760	19.7	3.8
TN19/11/10	1795	40.8	9.2
TN19/11/15	2692	61.2	13.8
TN20/10/7	1465	33.6	7.7
TX22/14/6.4	1340	24.8	6.5
TX22/14/13	2750	50.9	14

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
TN23/14/7	1722	30.9	8.4
TN25/15/10	2944	48.9	15
TN26/15/10	3360	55.9	17
TN26/15/20	6720	112	34
TN29/19/7.5	2700	36.9	13.5
TX29/19/7.6	2600	35.5	13
TN19/19/15	5410	73.9	28
TN32/19/13	5820	76.5	29
TN36/23/10	5730	63.9	28
TN36/23/15	8600	95.9	42
TX36/23/15	8410	93.8	40
TX39/20/13	9513	112	45
TL42/26/13	9860	95.8	53
T50/30/19	22378	186	100
TX51/32/19	21500	172	100
TL58/41/18	23200	152	110
TL63/38/25	46500	306	220
TX74/39/13	34300	208	170
TL87/54/14	46400	217	220
T87/56/13	42133	194	200
TL102/66/15	68200	267	325
TL107/65/18	96000	370	456
T107/65/25	133000	514	680
T140/106/25	161100	422	800

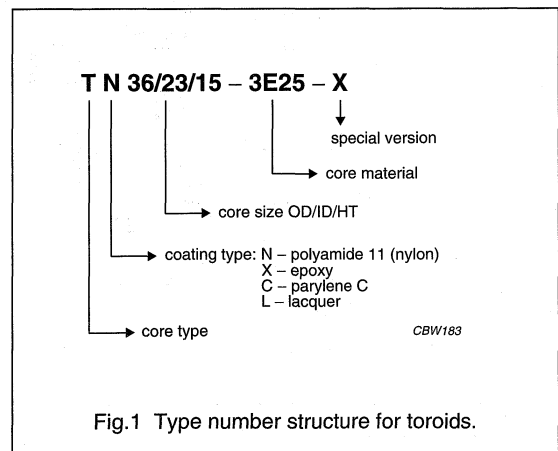


Fig.1 Type number structure for toroids.

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC2.5/1.3/0.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	11.3	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2.7	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	5.53	mm
$A_e$	effective area	0.49	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.012	g

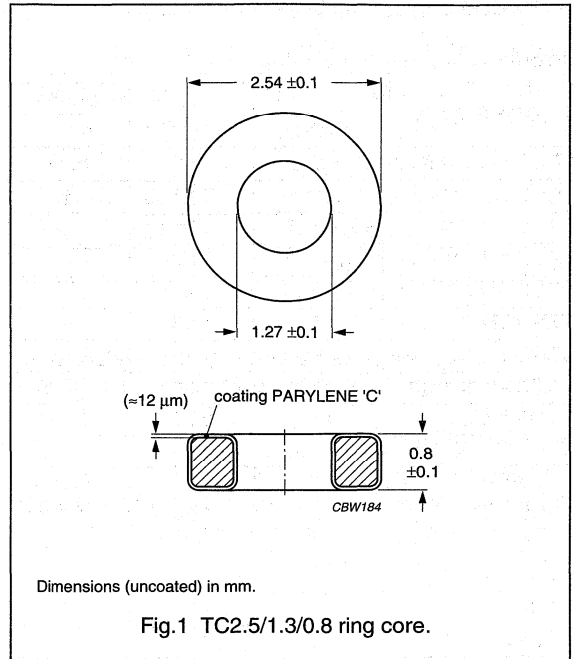
### Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4A11	94 +25/-20%	≈850	TC2.5/1.3/0.8-4A11

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC2.5/1.3/1.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	7.14	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	4.29	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	5.53	mm
$A_e$	effective area	0.76	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.022	g

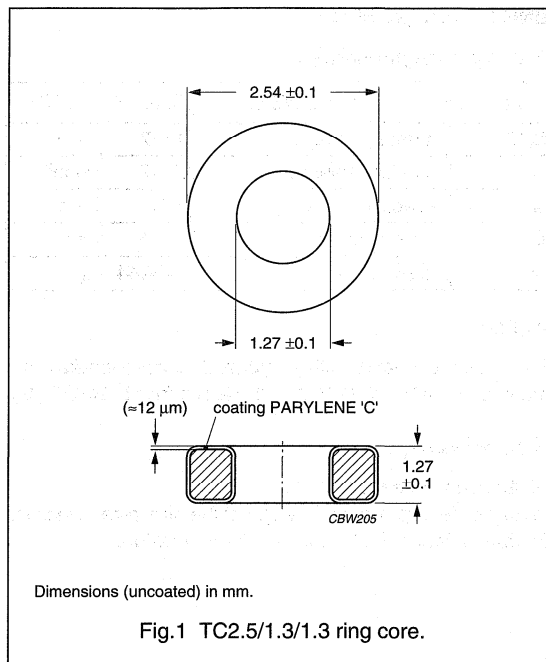
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4A11 <small>des</small>	150 ±25%	≈850	TC2.5/1.3/1.3-4A11
3S4 <small>des</small>	300 ±25%	≈1700	TC2.5/1.3/1.3-3S4
3E25 <small>des</small>	970 ±30%	≈5500	TC2.5/1.3/1.3-3E25
3E6 <small>des</small>	1835 ±30%	≈10000	TC2.5/1.3/1.3-3E6 <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

1. Maximum tolerances on mechanical dimensions are ±0.13 mm.



## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC2.5/1.3/2.5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.57	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8.57	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	5.53	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.55	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.044	g

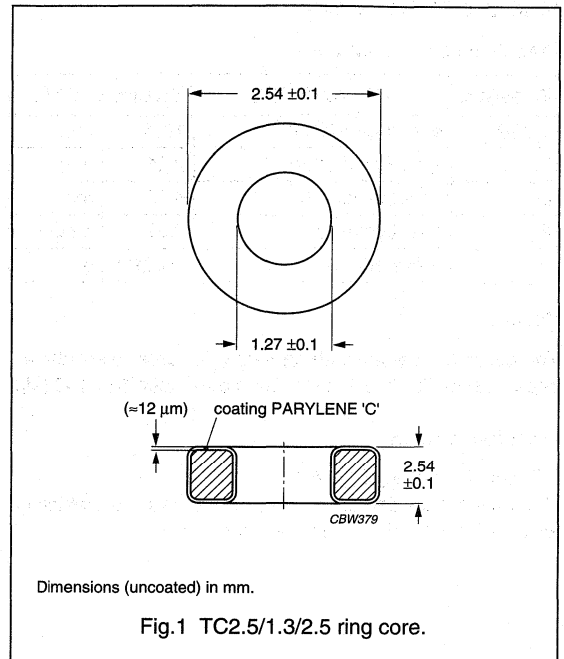
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E28 <small>des</small>	1400 ±25%	≈4000	TC2.5/1.3/2.5-3E28

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC2.5/1.5/0.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	16.4	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2.21	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	6.02	mm
$A_e$	effective area	0.37	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.012	g

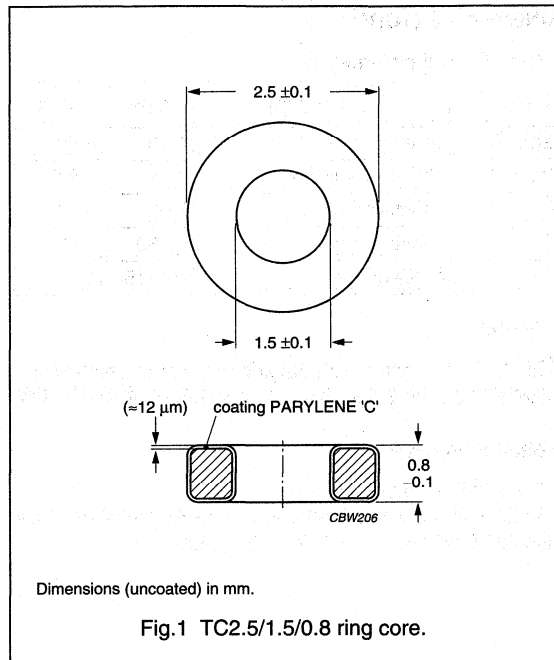
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E6 <small>des</small>	765 ±30%	≈10000	TC2.5/1.5/0.8-3E6

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC2.5/1.5/1-S

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	12.3	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	2.94	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	6.02	mm
$A_e$	effective area	0.489	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 0.015$	g

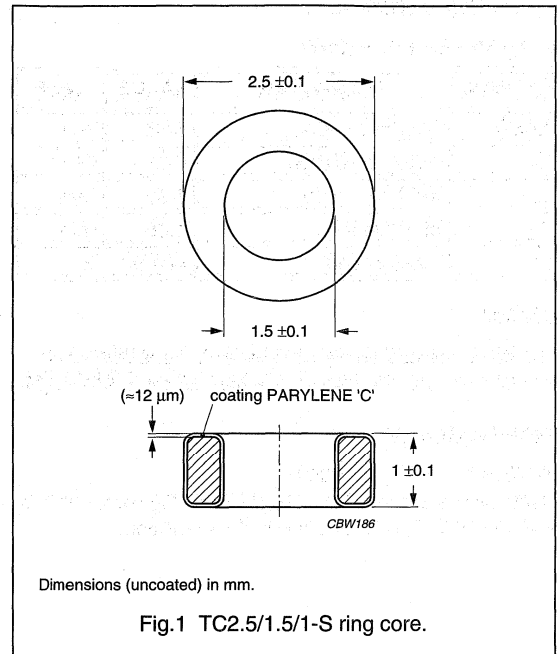
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4A11 <small>des</small>	71 ± 25%	$\approx 700$	TC2.5/1.5/1-4A11-S
3E5 <small>des</small>	920 ± 30%	$\approx 9000$	TC2.5/1.5/1-3E5-S
3E6 <small>des</small>	1020 ± 30%	$\approx 10000$	TC2.5/1.5/1-3E6-S

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.1/1.3/1.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.65	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	6.35	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	5.99	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.06	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 0.033$	g

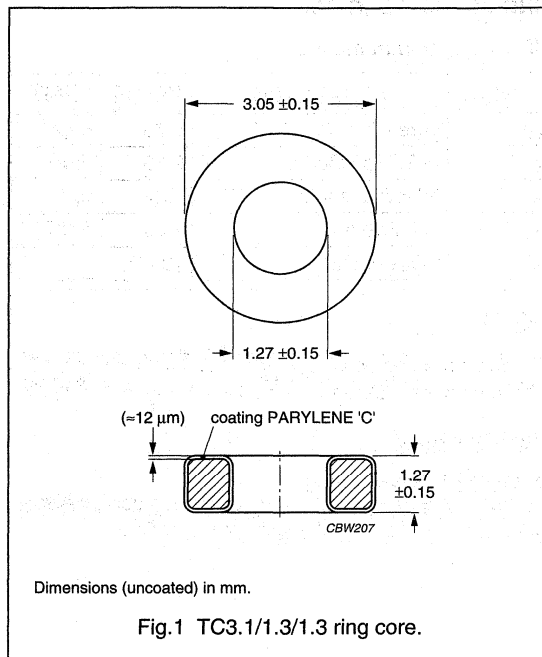
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4A11 <small>des</small>	$190 \pm 20\%$	$\approx 850$	TC3.1/1.3/1.3-4A11
3E25 <small>des</small>	$1225 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 5500$	TC3.1/1.3/1.3-3E25

Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.1/1.8/2

RING CORES (TOROIDS)

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.75	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9.10	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	7.23	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.26	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.05	g

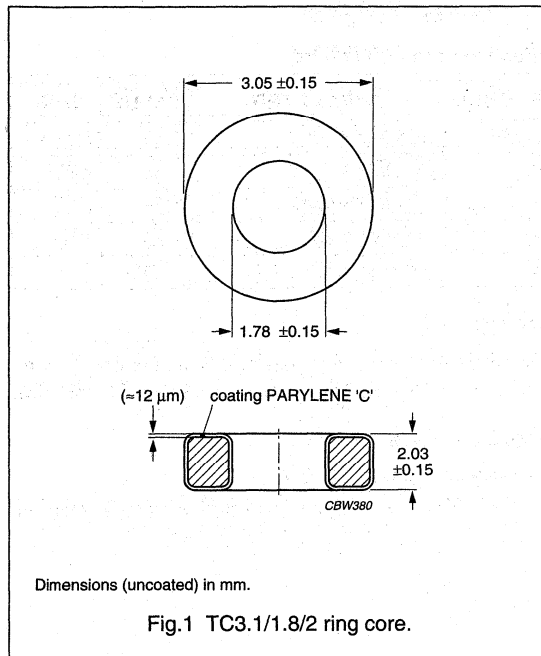
Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E28 <small>des</small>	1 100 ±25%	≈5000	TC3.1/1.8/2-3E28

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.4/1.8/1.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	7.93	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	7.3	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	7.62	mm
$A_e$	effective area	0.96	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.035	g

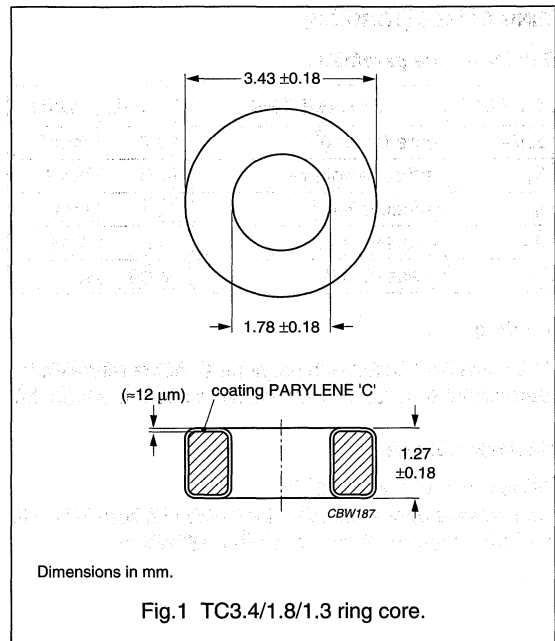
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	110 ±20%	≈750	TC3.4/1.8/1.3-3D3
3B7 <sup>sup</sup>	375 ±20%	≈2300	TC3.4/1.8/1.3-3B7
3E27	660 ±20%	≈4200	TC3.4/1.8/1.3-3E27
3E6 <sup>des</sup>	1580 ±30%	≈10000	TC3.4/1.8/1.3-3E6

Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.4/1.8/2.1

RING CORES (TOROIDS)

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	4.97	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	11.5	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	7.54	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.52	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.06	g

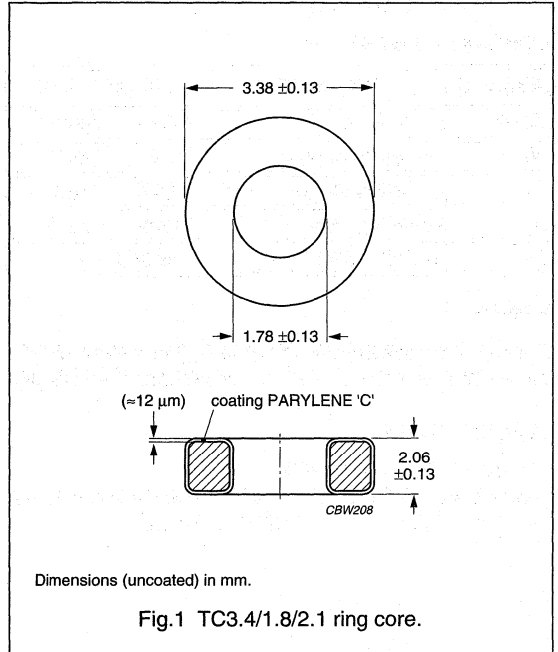
Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <small>des</small>	1 420 ±25%	≈5600	TC3.4/1.8/2.1-3E25
3E28 <small>des</small>	1 045 ±25%	≈4000	TC3.4/1.8/2.1-3E28

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.5/1.6/1.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	6.32	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	8.3	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	7.25	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.15	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 0.043$	g

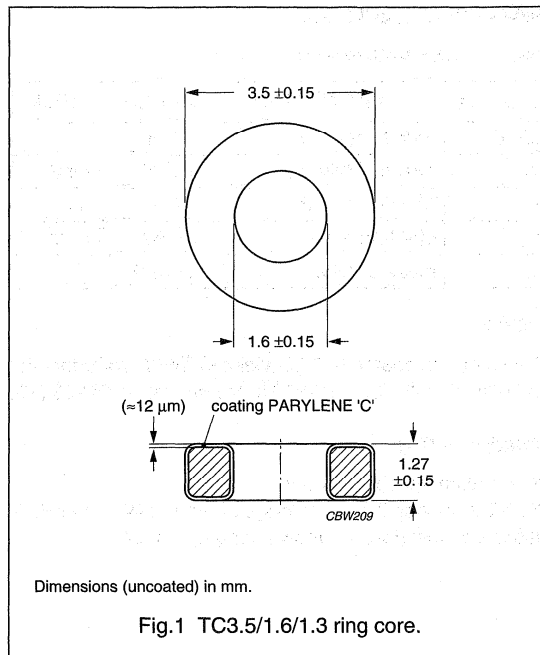
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	$862 \pm 20\%$	$\approx 4300$	TC3.5/1.6/1.3-3C11



## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.5/1.8/1.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.31	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	11.0	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	7.65	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.44	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.06	g

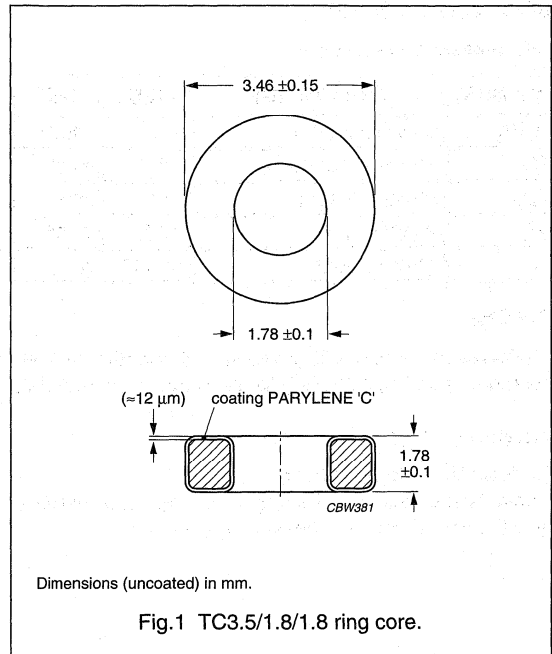
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E28 <small>des</small>	950 ±25%	≈4000	TC3.5/1.8/1.8-3E28

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.9/1.8/1.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	4.44	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	14.8	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	8.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.83	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core	≈0.086	g

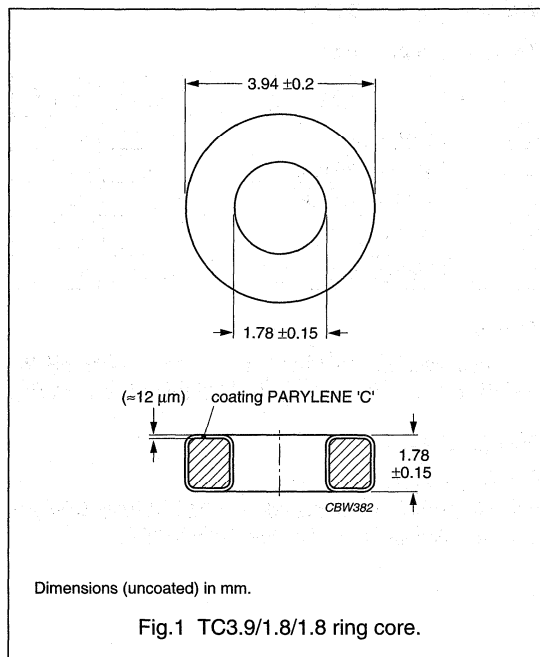
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E28 <small>des</small>	1 400 ±30%	≈5000	TC3.9/1.8/1.8-3E28

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.9/1.8/2.5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.11	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	21.1	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	8.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	2.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.12	g

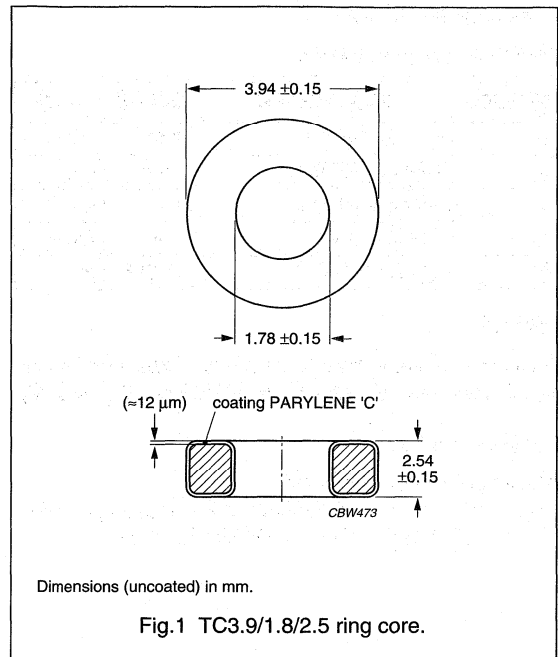
### Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E28	2020 ±30%	≈4000	TC3.9/1.8/2.5-3E28

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC3.9/2.2/1.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	9.20	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9.20	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	9.20	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.00	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.045	g

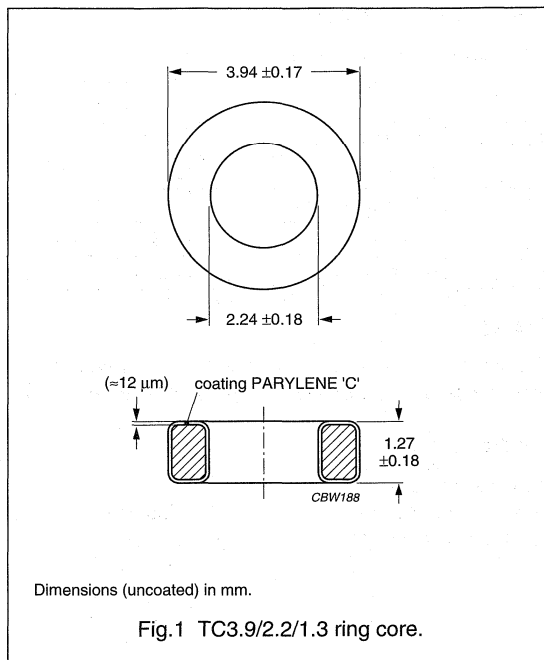
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	97 ±20%	≈750	TC3.9/2.2/1.3-3D3
3B7 <sup>sup</sup>	325 ±20%	≈2300	TC3.9/2.2/1.3-3B7
3E27	575 ±20%	≈4100	TC3.9/2.2/1.3-3E27

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC4/2/2

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	4.54	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	16.7	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	8.71	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.92	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.095	g

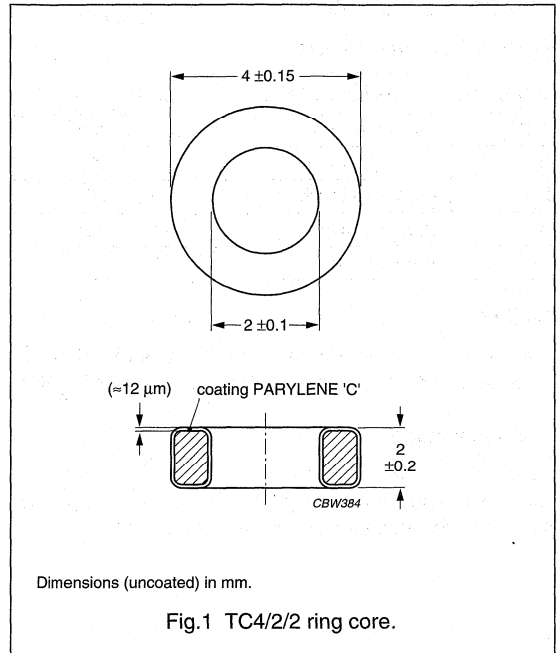
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3C11	1190 ±25%	≈4300	TC4/2/2-3C11
3E28 <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	1110 ±25%	≈4000	TC4/2/2-3E28

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC4/2.2/1.1

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	9.55	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8.82	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	9.18	mm
$A_e$	effective area	0.961	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.04	g

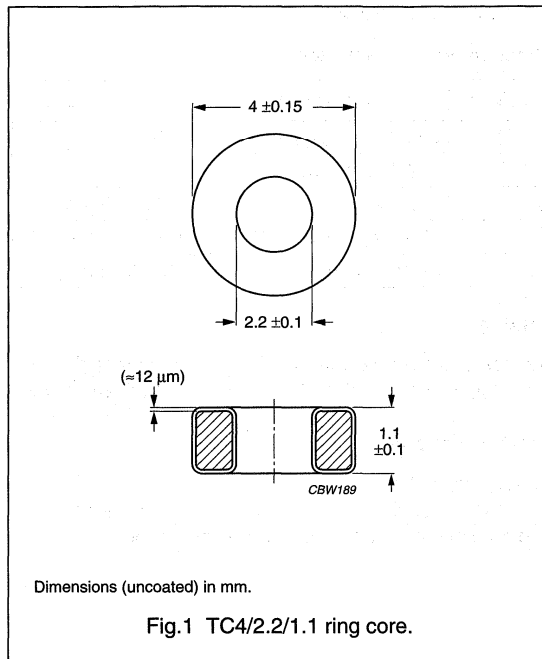
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	16 ±25%	≈125	TC4/2.2/1.1-4C65
4A11	92 ±25%	≈700	TC4/2.2/1.1-4A11
3F3	260 ±25%	≈2000	TC4/2.2/1.1-3F3
3E25	725 ±30%	≈5500	TC4/2.2/1.1-3E25
3E5	1120 ±30%	≈8500	TC4/2.2/1.1-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	1315 ±30%	≈10 000	TC4/2.2/1.1-3E6

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC4/2.2/1.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	8.28	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	10.2	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	9.18	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.11	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.05	g

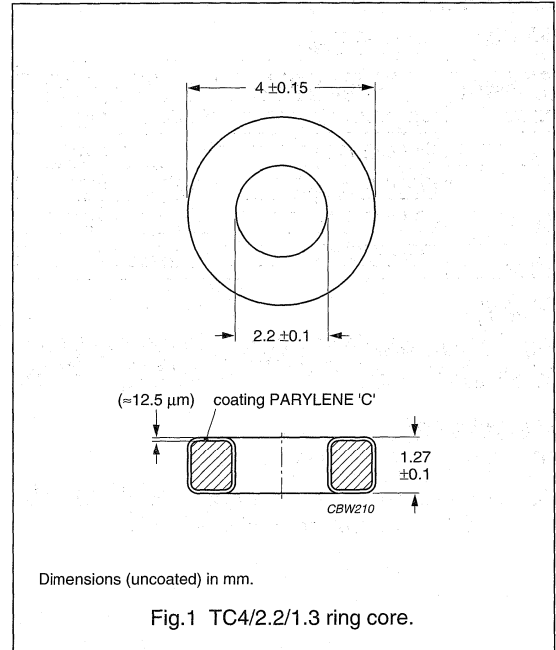
### Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133.

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4A11	122 ±20%	≈800	TC4/2.2/1.3-4A11
3E25	720 ±25%	≈5500	TC4/2.2/1.3-3E25

Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC4/2.2/1.6

**RING CORES (TOROIDS)**

**Effective core parameters**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	6.56	mm <sup>-1</sup>
V <sub>e</sub>	effective volume	12.9	mm <sup>3</sup>
l <sub>e</sub>	effective length	9.18	mm
A <sub>e</sub>	effective area	1.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.06	g

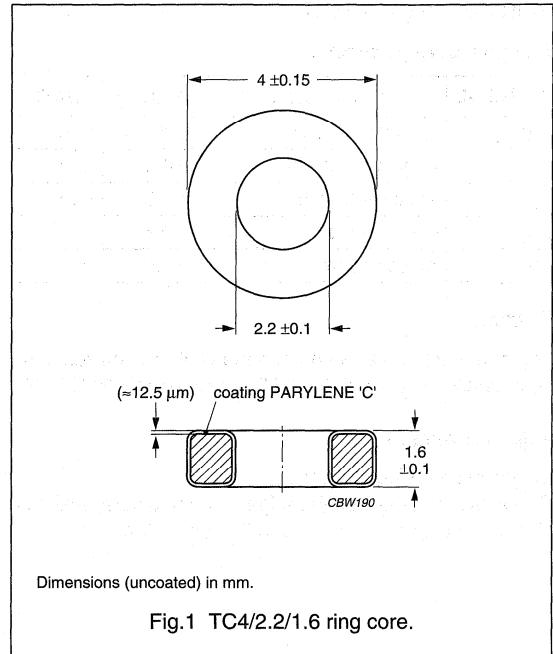
**Coating**

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

**Isolation voltage**

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



**Ring core data**

GRADE	A <sub>L</sub> (nH)	μ <sub>i</sub>	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	24 ±25%	≈125	TC4/2.2/1.6-4C65
4A11	134 ±25%	≈700	TC4/2.2/1.6-4A11
3S4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	325 ±25%	≈1700	TC4/2.2/1.6-3S4
3F3	380 ±25%	≈2000	TC4/2.2/1.6-3F3
3E25	1050 ±30%	≈5500	TC4/2.2/1.6-3E25
3E5	1630 ±30%	≈8500	TC4/2.2/1.6-3E5
3E6 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	1915 ±30%	≈10000	TC4/2.2/1.6-3E6



# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC4/2.2/1.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.89	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	14.4	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	9.18	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.56	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.07	g

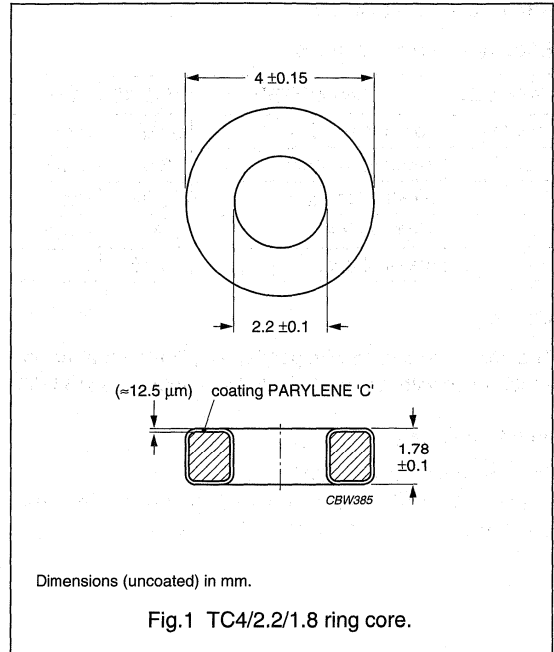
### Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E6 <small>des</small>	2 130 ±30%	≈10000	TC4/2.2/1.8-3E6

00  
00  
00  
00  
00  
00

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC5.8/3.1/1.5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	6.52	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	26.1	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	13.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	2.00	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.13	g

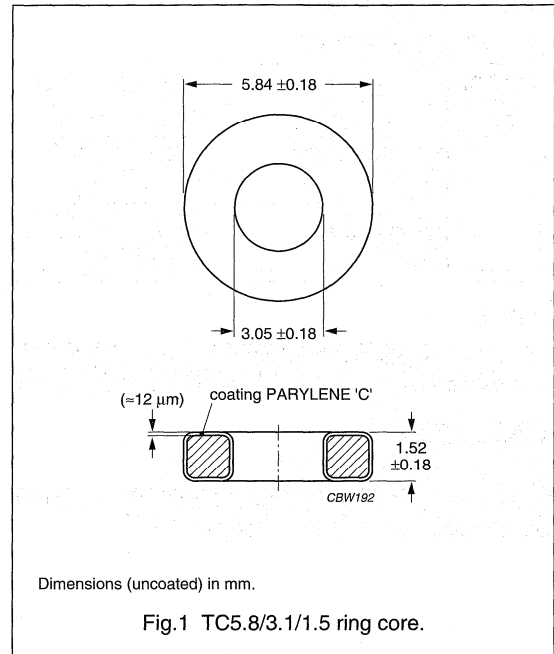
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	25 ±25%	≈125	TC5.8/3.1/1.5-4C65 <sup>(1)</sup>
4B1 <small>des</small>	50 ±25%	≈250	TC5.8/3.1/1.5-4B1 <sup>(1)</sup>
3B7 <small>sup</small>	450 ±20%	≈2300	TC5.8/3.1/1.5-3B7
3E27	890 ±20%	≈4600	TC5.8/3.1/1.5-3E27

## Note

1. Dimensions with coating.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC5.8/3.1/3.2

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.04	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	55.8	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	13.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	4.28	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.31	g

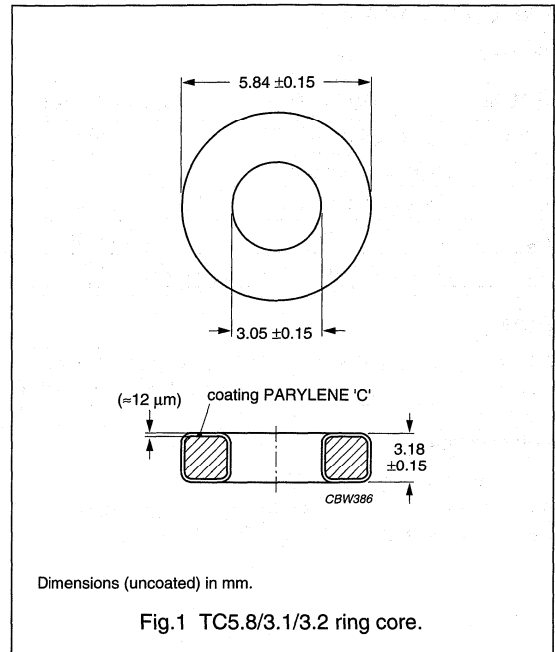
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

Dc isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3B7 <sup>sup</sup>	940 ±25%	≈2300	TC5.8/3.1/3.2-3B7 <sup>(1)</sup>
3E28 <sup>des</sup>	1650 ±25%	≈4000	TC5.8/3.1/3.2-3E28
3E6 <sup>des</sup>	4130 ±30%	≈10000	TC5.8/3.1/3.2-3E6

## Note

1. Dimensions with coating.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC6/4/2

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	7.75	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	30.2	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	15.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	1.97	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.15	g

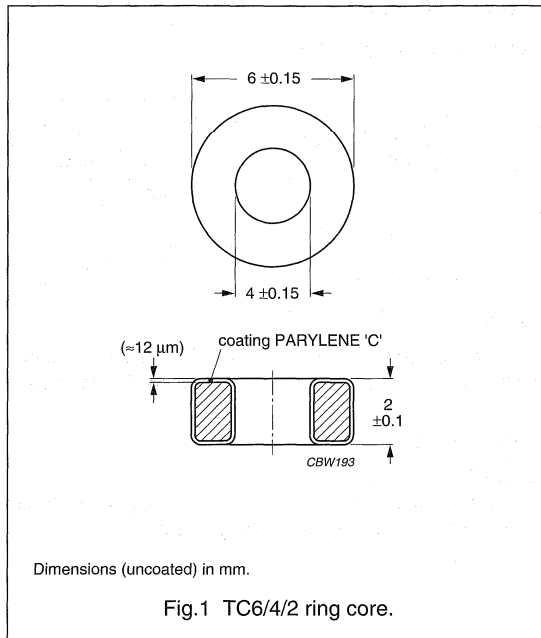
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	20 ±25%	≈125	TC6/4/2-4C65
4A11	114 ±25%	≈700	TC6/4/2-4A11
3S4 <small>des</small>	275 ±25%	≈1700	TC6/4/2-3S4
3F3	325 ±25%	≈2000	TC6/4/2-3F3
3E25	890 ±30%	≈5500	TC6/4/2-3E25
3E5	1380 ±30%	≈8500	TC6/4/2-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	1620 ±30%	≈10000	TC6/4/2-3E6

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC6.3/3.8/2.5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	4.97	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	46.5	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	15.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	3.06	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.23	g

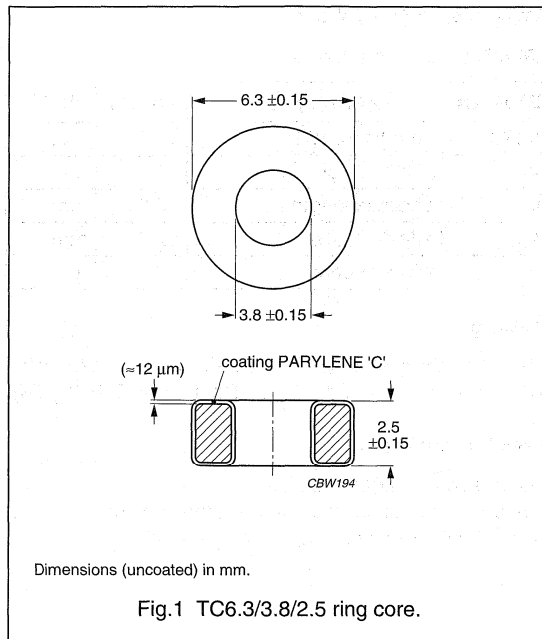
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
4A11	177 ±25%	≈700	TC6.3/3.8/2.5-4A11
3F3	500 ±25%	≈2000	TC6.3/3.8/2.5-3F3
3E25	1390 ±30%	≈5500	TC6.3/3.8/2.5-3E25
3E5	2150 ±30%	≈8500	TC6.3/3.8/2.5-3E5
3E6 <small>des</small>	2530 ±30%	≈10000	TC6.3/3.8/2.5-3E6
3E7 <small>des</small>	3600 +30/-40%	≈12000	TC6.3/3.8/2.5-3E7

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC7.6/3.2/4.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.51	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	148	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	15.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	9.92	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.7	g

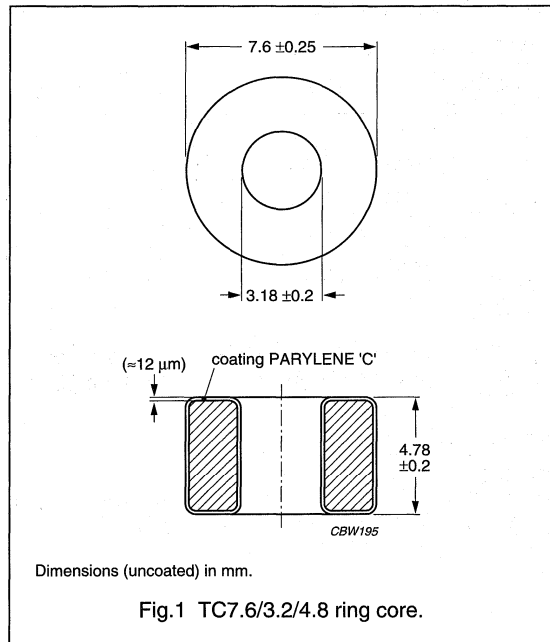
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E28 <small>des</small>	3800 ±30%	≈4000	TC7.6/3.2/4.8-3E28
3E6 <small>des</small>	8360 ±30%	≈10000	TC7.6/3.2/4.8-3E6

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN9/6/3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	5.17	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	102	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	22.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	4.44	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.5	g

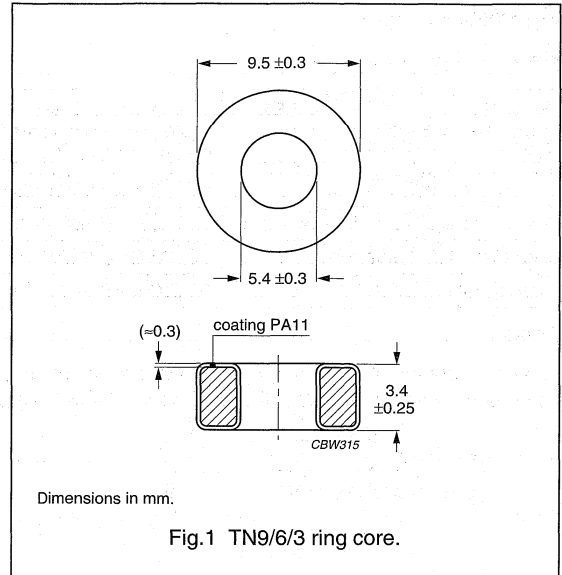
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1 000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	30 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN9/6/3-4C65
4A11	170 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN9/6/3-4A11
3R1 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	≈800	black	TN9/6/3-3R1
3F3	440 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN9/6/3-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	560 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN9/6/3-3C90
3E25	1 340 ±30%	≈5500	orange	TN9/6/3-3E25
3E5 <sup>(2)</sup>	2 070 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL9/6/3-3E5
3E6 <sup>(3)</sup> <small>des</small>	2 435 ±30%	≈10000	—	TC9/6/3-3E6

## Notes

- Due to the rectangular BH-loop of 3R1, inductance values strongly depend on the magnetic state of the ring core and measuring conditions. Therefore no  $A_L$  value is specified. For the application in magnetic amplifiers  $A_L$  is not a critical parameter.
- Ring cores in 3E5 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter =  $9.3 \pm 0.4$  mm; inside diameter =  $5.75 \pm 0.3$  mm; height =  $3.25 \pm 0.3$  mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.
- Ring cores in 3E6 are coated with parylene C and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter =  $9.0 \pm 0.2$  mm; inside diameter =  $6.0 \pm 0.2$  mm; height =  $3.0 \pm 0.15$  mm.

## WARNING

Do not use grade 3R1 cores close to their mechanical resonant frequency. For more information refer to "3R1" material specification in this data handbook.

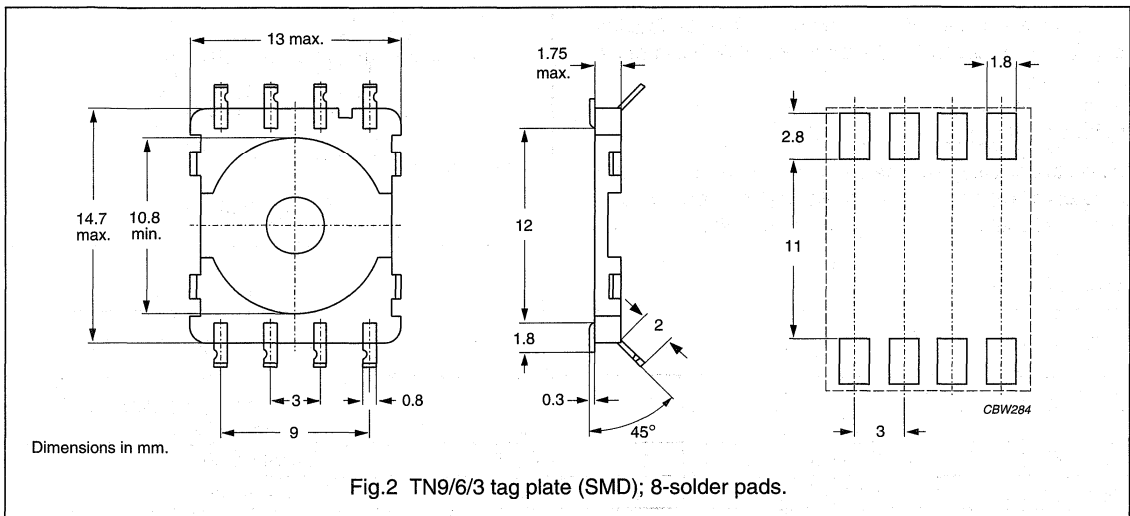
# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN9/6/3

## Tag plate

### General data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Tag plate material	liquid crystal polymer (LCP), glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"; UL file number E83005 (M)
Solder pad material	copper-tin alloy (CuSn), tin-lead alloy (SnPb) plated
Maximum operating temperature	155 °C, "IEC 60085", class F
Resistance to soldering heat	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s
Solderability	"IEC 60068-2-20", Part 2, Test Ta, method 1: 235 °C, 2 s

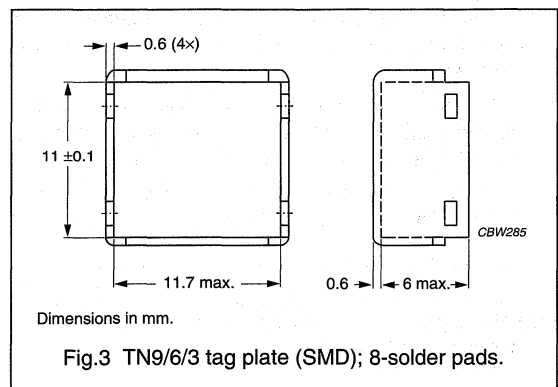


### Type number information for TN9/6/3 tag plate (SMD) with 8 solder pads

NUMBER OF SOLDER PADS	TYPE NUMBER
8	TGPS9

### Cover data

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Cover material	polyamide (PA4.6) glass reinforced, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-0"
Maximum operating temperature	130 °C, "IEC 60085" class B
Type number	COV9





## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TC9.5/4.8/3.2

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.98	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	144	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	20.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	6.95	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.7	g

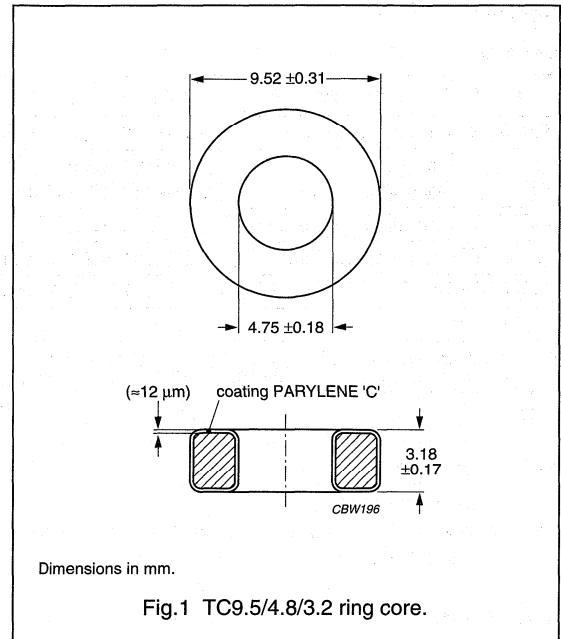
## Coating

The cores are coated with parylene C, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 94133 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	330 ±20%	≈750	TC9.5/4.8/3.2-3D3
3B7 <sup>sup</sup>	1000 ±20%	≈2300	TC9.5/4.8/3.2-3B7
3C81	1200 ±20%	≈2700	TC9.5/4.8/3.2-3C81
3E27	2135 ±20%	≈4900	TC9.5/4.8/3.2-3E27
3E6 <sup>des</sup>	4390 ±30%	≈10100	TC9.5/4.8/3.2-3E6 <sup>(1)</sup>
3E7 <sup>des</sup>	5323 ±30%	≈12000	TC9.5/4.8/3.2-3E7 <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

1. Dimensions with coating.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN10/6/4

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.07	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	188	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	24.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	7.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.95	g

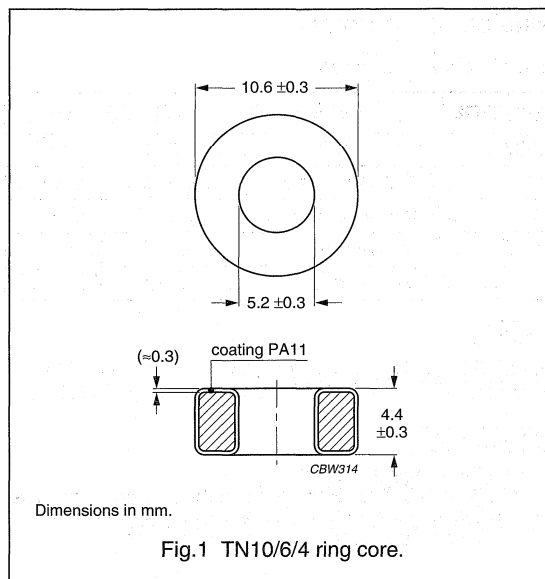
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	52 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN10/6/4-4C65
4A11	286 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN10/6/4-4A11
3F3	740 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN10/6/4-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	940 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN10/6/4-3C90
3C11	1750 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN10/6/4-3C11
3E25	2250 ±30%	≈5500	orange	TN10/6/4-3E25
3E5	3470 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL10/6/4-3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>
3E6 <small>des</small>	4085 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL10/6/4-3E6 <sup>(1)</sup>

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter = 10.25 ±0.4 mm; inside diameter = 5.75 ±0.3 mm; height = 4.25 ±0.3 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.021	≤0.021	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.03	≤0.04

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX13/7.1/4.8

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.40	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	361	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	29.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	12.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈1.8	g

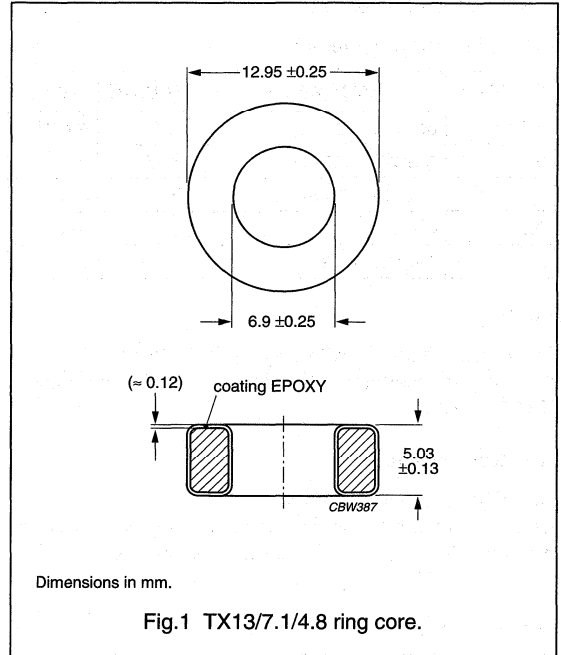
### Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3D3 <sup>sup</sup>	415 ±20%	≈750	—	TX13/7.1/4.8-3D3
3F3	990 ±20%	≈1800	blue/white	TX13/7.1/4.8-3F3
3C90 <sup>des</sup>	1260 ±20%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TX13/7.1/4.8-3C90
3C81	1475 ±20%	≈2700	brown/white	TX13/7.1/4.8-3C81
3E27	2750 ±20%	≈5000	green/white	TX13/7.1/4.8-3E27
3E6 <sup>des</sup>	5400 ±30%	≈10400	purple/white	TX13/7.1/4.8-3E6

### Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.08	—	—
3C90	≥320	≤0.036	≤0.036	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤0.04	≤0.07

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN13/7.5/5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.46	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	368	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	30.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	12.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈1.8	g

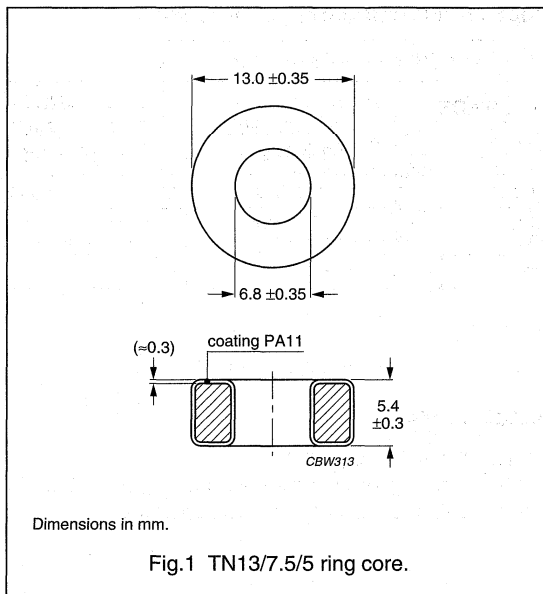
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	64 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN13/7.5/5-4C65
4A11	360 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN13/7.5/5-4A11
3F4	460 ±25%	≈900	beige	TN13/7.5/5-3F4
3F3	900 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN13/7.5/5-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	1170 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN13/7.5/5-3C90
3C11	2200 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN13/7.5/5-3C11
3E25	2810 ±30%	≈5500	orange	TN13/7.5/5-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	4340 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL13/7.5/5-3E5
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	5095 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL13/7.5/5-3E6
3R1 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	black	TN13/7.5/5-3R1

## Notes

- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter = 12.75 ±0.4 mm; inside diameter = 7.25 ±0.35 mm; height = 5.25 ±0.3 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.
- Due to the rectangular BH-loop of 3R1, inductance values strongly depend on the magnetic state of the ring core and measuring conditions. Therefore no  $A_L$  value is specified. For the application in magnetic amplifiers  $A_L$  is not a critical parameter.

## WARNING

Do not use 3R1 cores close to their mechanical resonant frequency. For more information refer to "3R1" material specification in this data handbook.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN13/7.5/5

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.041	≤0.041	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.04	≤0.07

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX13/7.9/6.4

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.21	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	442	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	31.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14.1	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 2.2$	g

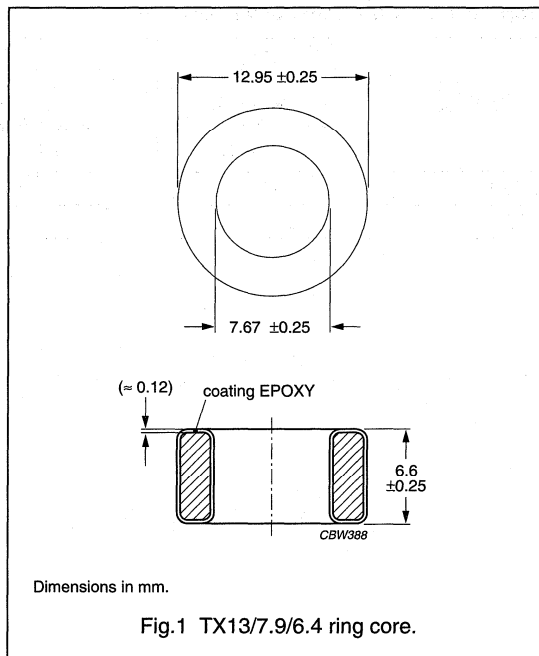
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	1 100 $\pm 20\%$	$\approx 1800$	blue/white	TX13/7.9/6.4-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	1380 $\pm 20\%$	$\approx 2300$	ultramarine/white	TX13/7.9/6.4-3C90
3C81	1620 $\pm 20\%$	$\approx 2700$	brown/white	TX13/7.9/6.4-3C81
3E27	3000 $\pm 20\%$	$\approx 5000$	green/white	TX13/7.9/6.4-3E27
3E25	3000 $\pm 20\%$	$\approx 5000$	orange/white	TX13/7.9/6.4-3E25
3E6 <small>des</small>	5900 $\pm 30\%$	$\approx 10600$	purple/white	TX13/7.9/6.4-3E6

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B} = 200 \text{ mT};$ T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B} = 100 \text{ mT};$ T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B} = 50 \text{ mT};$ T = 100 °C
3C81	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.10$	–	–
3C90	$\geq 320$	$\leq 0.044$	$\leq 0.044$	–
3F3	$\geq 320$	–	$\leq 0.05$	$\leq 0.09$

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN14/9/5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.84	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	430	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	35	mm
$A_e$	effective area	12.3	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈2.1	g

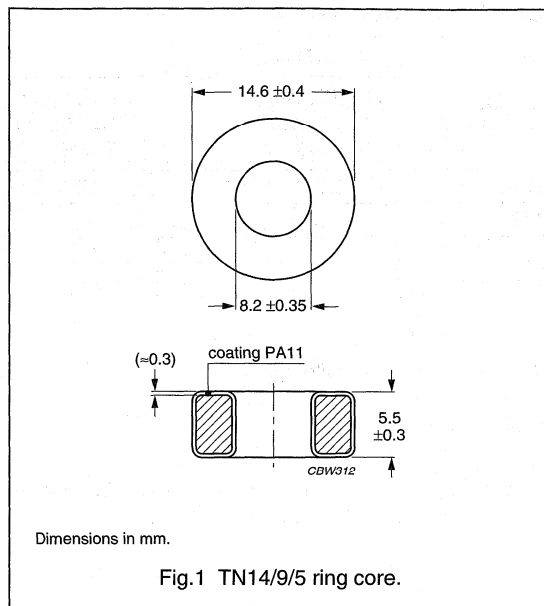
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	55 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN14/9/5-4C65
4A11	310 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN14/9/5-4A11
3R1 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	≈800	black	TN14/9/5-3R1
3F3	790 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN14/9/5-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	1015 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN14/9/5-3C90
3C11	1900 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN14/9/5-3C11
3E25	2430 ±30%	≈5500	orange	TN14/9/5-3E25
3E5 <sup>(2)</sup>	3760 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL14/9/5-3E5
3E6 <sup>(2)</sup> <small>des</small>	4415 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL14/9/5-3E6

## Notes

- Due to the rectangular BH-loop of 3R1, inductance values strongly depend on the magnetic state of the ring core and measuring conditions. Therefore no  $A_L$  value is specified. For the application in magnetic amplifiers  $A_L$  is not a critical parameter.
- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions: Outside diameter = 14.25 ±0.4 mm; inside diameter = 8.75 ±0.35 mm; height = 5.25 ±0.3 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## WARNING

Do not use 3R1 cores close to their mechanical resonant frequency. For more information refer to "3R1" material specification in this data handbook.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN14/9/5

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.048	≤0.048	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.05	≤0.08



## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN14/9/9

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.58	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	774	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	35	mm
$A_e$	effective area	22.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈3.8	g

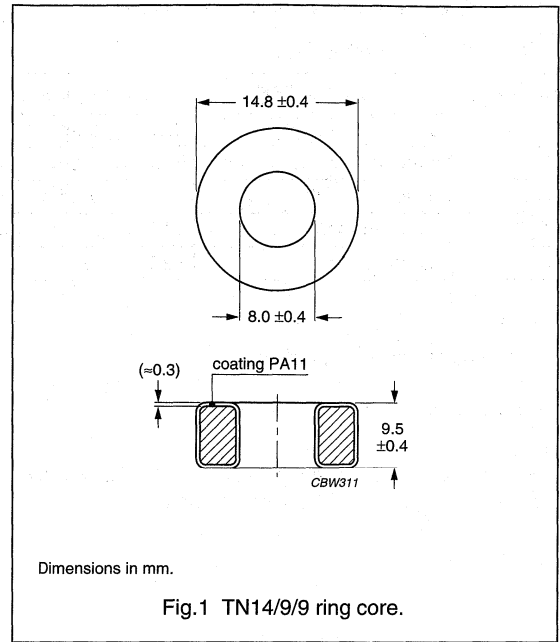
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4A11	560 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN14/9/9-4A11
3F3	1430 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN14/9/9-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	1825 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN14/9/9-3C90
3C11	3400 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN14/9/9-3C11
3E25	4370 ±30%	≈5500	orange	TN14/9/9-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	6760 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL14/9/9-3E5
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	7955 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL14/9/9-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions: outside diameter = 14.25 ±0.4 mm; inside diameter = 8.75 ±0.35 mm; height = 9.25 ±0.4 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192084.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.087	≤0.087	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤0.09	≤0.15

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX16/9.1/4.7

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.53	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	548	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	37.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	14.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core	≈2.7	g

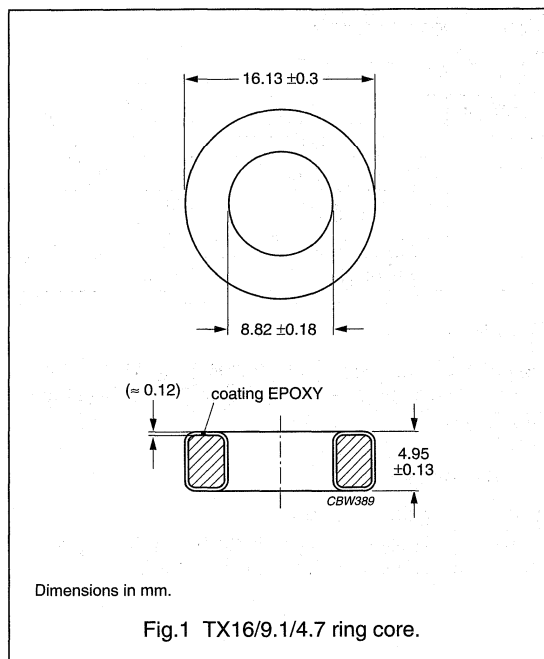
### Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	$1215 \pm 20\%$	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TX16/9.1/4.7-3C90
3C81	$1400 \pm 20\%$	≈2700	brown/white	TX16/9.1/4.7-3C81
3E27	$2600 \pm 20\%$	≈5000	green/white	TX16/9.1/4.7-3E27
3E6 <small>des</small>	$5200 \pm 30\%$	≈10500	purple/white	TX16/9.1/4.7-3E6

### Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.11	—
3C90	≥320	≤0.055	≤0.055

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN16/9.6/6.3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

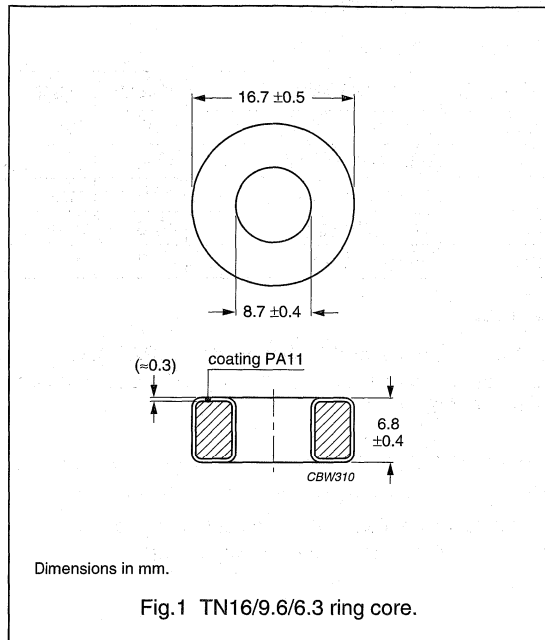
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.95	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	760	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	38.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	19.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈3.8	g

### Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.  
Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4A11	450 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN16/9.6/6.3-4A11
3F3	1160 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN16/9.6/6.3-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	1480 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN16/9.6/6.3-3C90
3C11	2700 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN16/9.6/6.3-3C11
3E25	3540 ±30%	≈5500	orange	TN16/9.6/6.3-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	5470 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL16/9.6/6.3-3E5
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	6430 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL16/9.6/6.3-3E6

### Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter = 16.25 ±0.5 mm; inside diameter = 9.35 ±0.4 mm; height = 6.55 ±0.4 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

### Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.085	≤0.085	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.09	≤0.15

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN19/11/10

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.08	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1795	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	44.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	40.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈9.2	g

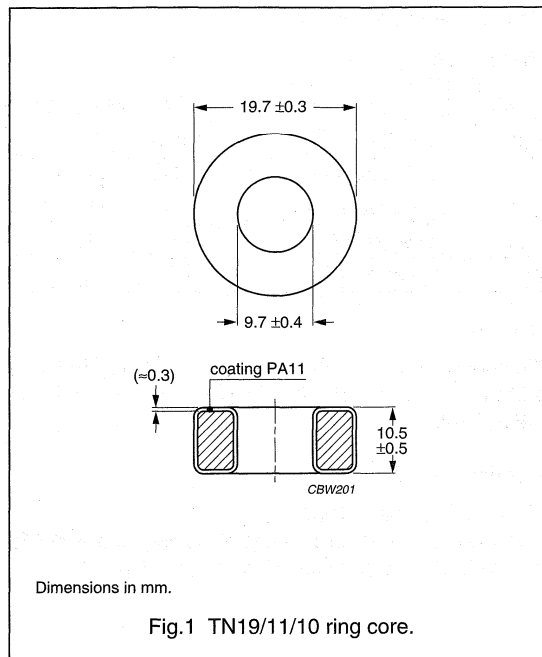
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	2680 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN19/11/10-3C90
3C11	5000 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN19/11/10-3C11
3E25	6420 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN19/11/10-3E25

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.20	≤0.20

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN19/11/15

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.718	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2692	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	44.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	61.2	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈13.8	g

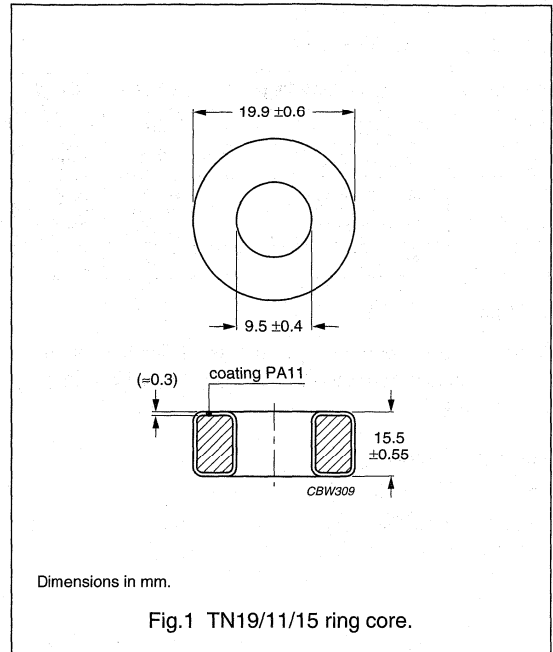
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	4020 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN19/11/15-3C90
3C11	7500 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN19/11/15-3C11
3E25	9630 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN19/11/15-3E25

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.30	≤0.30

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN20/10/7

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.30	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1465	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	43.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	33.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈7.7	g

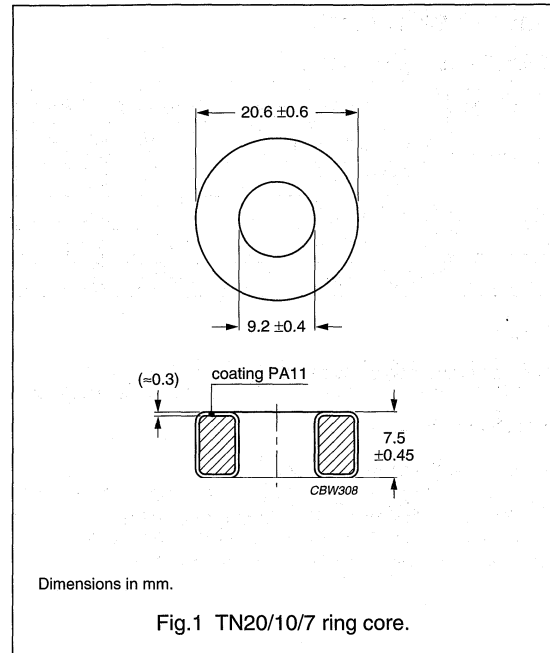
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	121 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN20/10/7-4C65
3C90 <small>des</small>	2230 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN20/10/7-3C90
3C11	4150 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN20/10/7-3C11
3E25	5340 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN20/10/7-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	8250 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL20/10/7-3E5
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	9685 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL20/10/7-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter = 20.25 ±0.6 mm; inside diameter = 9.75 ±0.4 mm; height = 7.25 ±0.45 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.15	≤0.16

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX22/14/6.4

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.20	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1340	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	54.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	24.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈6.5	g

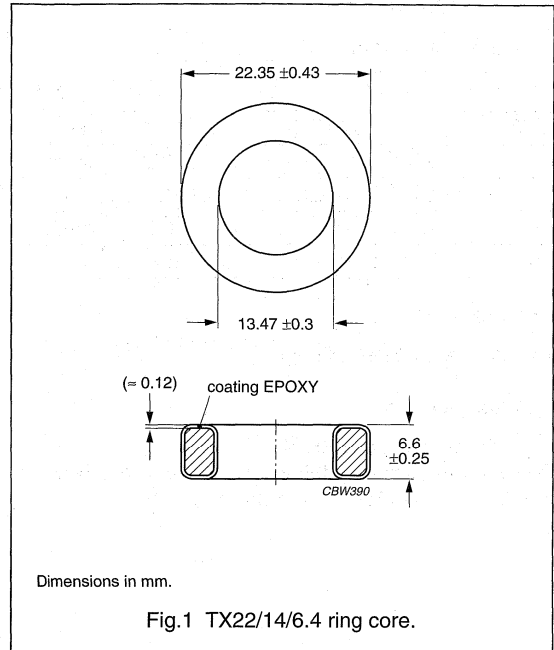
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65 <sup>(1)</sup>	75 ±25%	≈125	violet/white	TL22/14/6.4-4C65
3C90 <b>des</b>	1400 ±20%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TX22/14/6.4-3C90
3C81	1650 ±20%	≈2700	brown/white	TX22/14/6.4-3C81
3E27	3055 ±20%	≈5300	green/white	TX22/14/6.4-3E27
3E6 <b>des</b>	6000 ±30%	≈10500	purple/white	TX22/14/6.4-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 4C65 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
outside diameter = 22.35 ±0.4 mm; inside diameter = 13.45 ±0.6 mm; height = 6.6 ±0.4 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192084.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̄ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̄ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.21	—
3C90	≥320	≤0.13	≤0.13

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX22/14/13

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.07	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2750	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	54.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	50.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈14	g

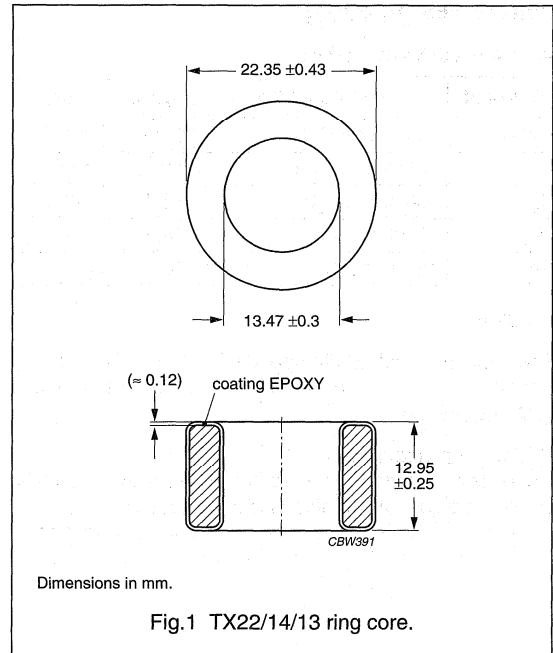
### Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	2 200 ±20%	≈1800	blue/white	TX22/14/13-3F3
3E27	6 110 ±20%	≈5000	green/white	TX22/14/13-3E27
3E6 <small>des</small>	12080 ±30%	≈10300	purple/white	TX22/14/13-3E6

### Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3F3	≥320	≤0.30	≤0.52



## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN23/14/7

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.81	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1722	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	55.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	30.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈8.4	g

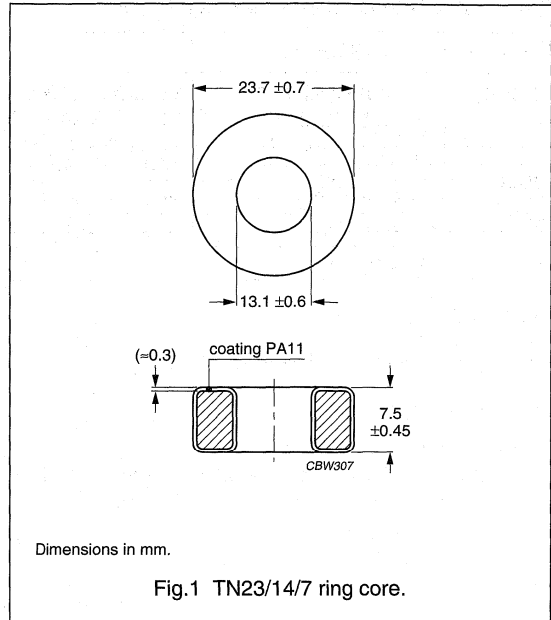
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	87 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN23/14/7-4C65
4A11	485 ±25%	≈700	pink	TN23/14/7-4A11
3R1 <sup>(1)</sup>	—	≈800	black	TN23/14/7-3R1
3F3	1250 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN23/14/7-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	1600 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN23/14/7-3C90
3C11	3000 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN23/14/7-3C11
3E25	3820 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN23/14/7-3E25

## Note

- Due to the rectangular BH-loop of 3R1, inductance values strongly depend on the magnetic state of the ring core and measuring conditions. Therefore no  $A_L$  value is specified. For the application in magnetic amplifiers  $A_L$  is not a critical parameter.

## WARNING

Do not use grade 3R1 cores close to their mechanical resonant frequency. For more information refer to "3R1" material specification in this data handbook.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN23/14/7

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.19	≤0.19	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤0.19	≤0.33

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN25/15/10

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.23	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2944	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	60.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	48.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈15	g

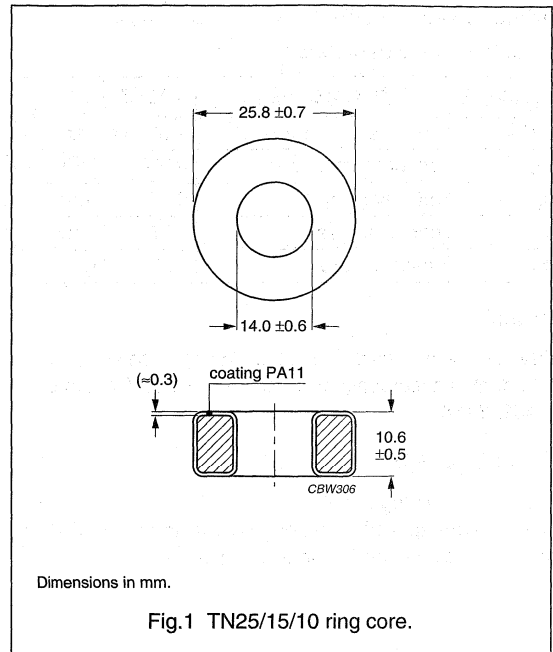
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	1840 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN25/15/10-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	2350 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN25/15/10-3C90
3C11	4400 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN25/15/10-3C11
3E25	5620 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN25/15/10-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	8680 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL25/15/10-3E5
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	10200 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL25/15/10-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter = 25.25 ±0.7 mm; Inside diameter = 14.75 ±0.6 mm; Height = 10.25 ±0.5 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.33	≤0.33	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.32	≤0.56

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN26/15/10

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.08	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3360	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	60.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	55.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈17	g

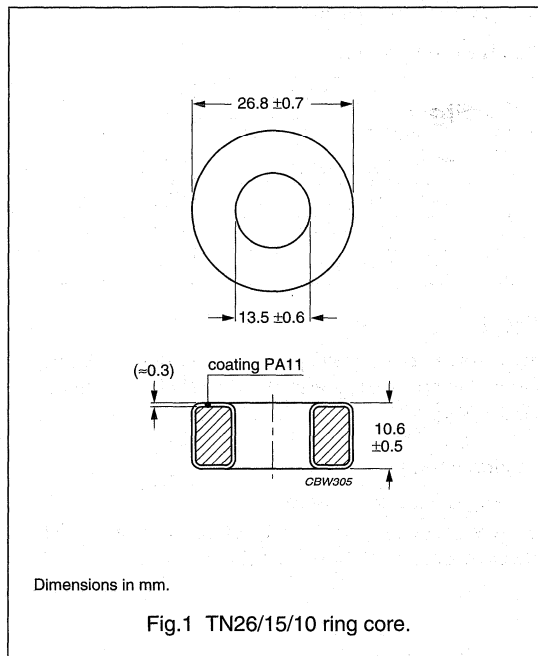
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	2645 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN26/15/10-3C90
3C11	5000 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN26/15/10-3C11
3E25	6420 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN26/15/10-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	10000 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL26/15/10-3E5

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
Outside diameter = 26.25 ±0.7 mm; Inside diameter = 14.25 ±0.6 mm; Height = 10.35 ±0.5 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.38	≤0.38

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN26/15/20

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.538	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	6720	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	60.1	mm
$A_e$	effective area	112	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of set	≈34	g

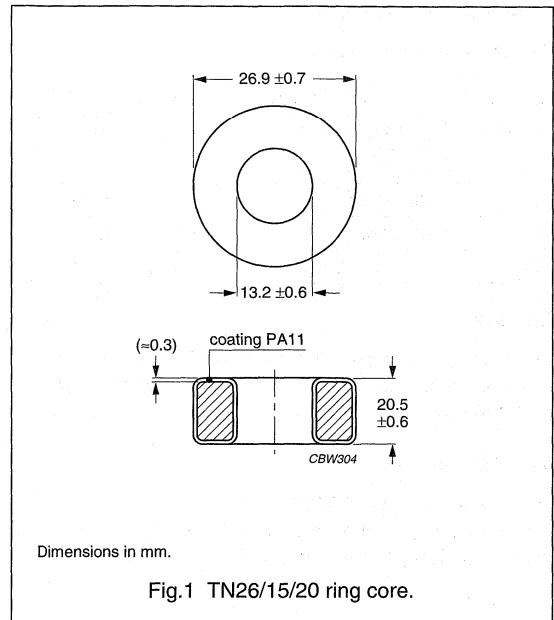
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	5400 ±25%	≈2300	red	TN26/15/20-3C90
3C11	10000 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN26/15/20-3C11
3E25	12800 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN26/15/20-3E25

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.75	≤0.75

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN29/19/7.5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.98	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2700	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	73.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	36.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core	≈13.5	g

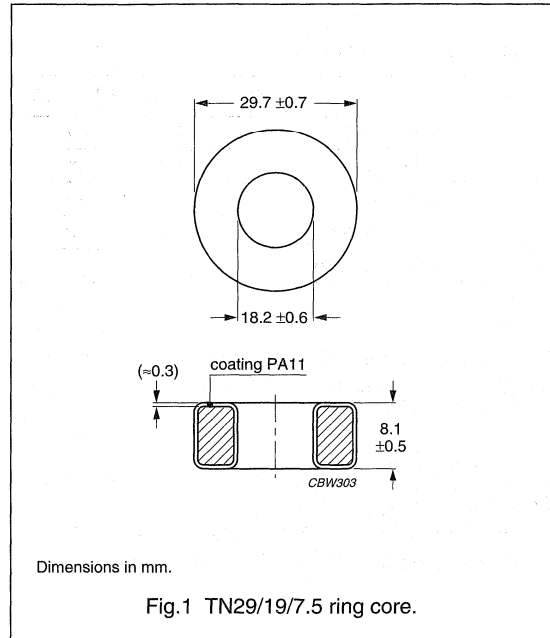
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	1460 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN29/19/7.5-3C90
3C11	2700 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN29/19/7.5-3C11
3E25	3550 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN29/19/7.5-3E25
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	6340 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL29/19/7.5-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
outside diameter = 29.25 ±0.7 mm; inside diameter = 18.75 ±0.6 mm; height = 7.75 ±0.5 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.30	≤0.30

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX29/19/7.6

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.06	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2600	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	73.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	35.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈13	g

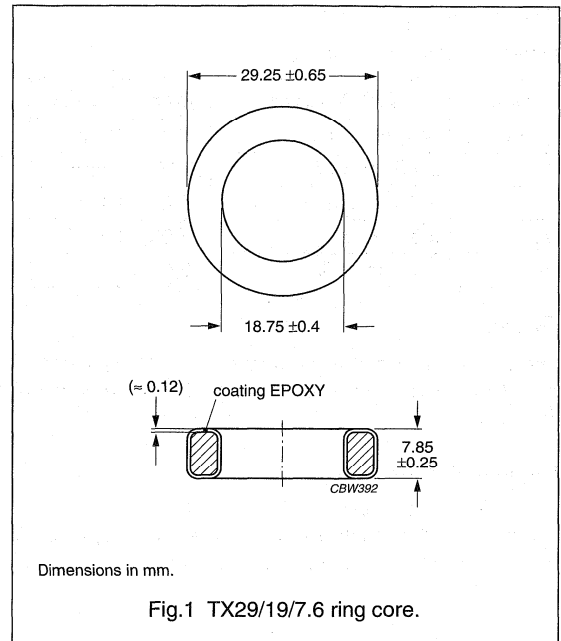
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	1740 ±20%	≈2800	brown/white	TX29/19/7.6-3C81
3E27	3225 ±20%	≈5300	green/white	TX29/19/7.6-3E27

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤0.53

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN29/19/15

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.98	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	5410	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	73.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	73.9	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 28$	g

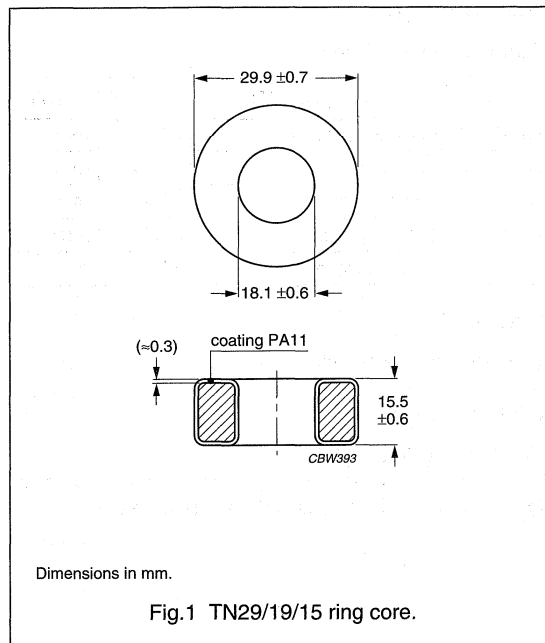
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3E25	$7000 \pm 25\%$	$\approx 5500$	orange	TN29/19/15-3E25
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup>	$12850 \pm 30\%$	$\approx 10000$	purple/white	TL29/19/15-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions:  
outside diameter =  $29.25 \pm 0.7$  mm; inside diameter =  $18.75 \pm 0.6$  mm; height =  $15.45 \pm 0.5$  mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.



## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN32/19/13

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.99	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5820	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	76	mm
$A_e$	effective area	76.5	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈29	g

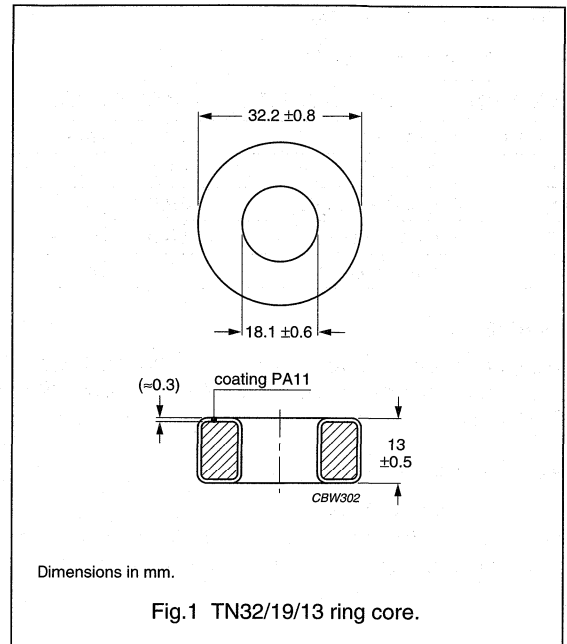
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	2270 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN32/19/13-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	2910 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN32/19/13-3C90
3C11	5450 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN32/19/13-3C11
3E25	6950 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN32/19/13-3E25
3E5 <sup>(1)</sup>	10700 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL32/19/13-3E5

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E5 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions: outside diameter = 31.75 ± 0.8 mm; inside diameter = 18.75 ± 0.7 mm; height = 12.75 ± 0.5 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.65	≤0.65	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.64	≤1.1

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN36/23/10

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.40	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5730	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	89.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	63.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈28	g

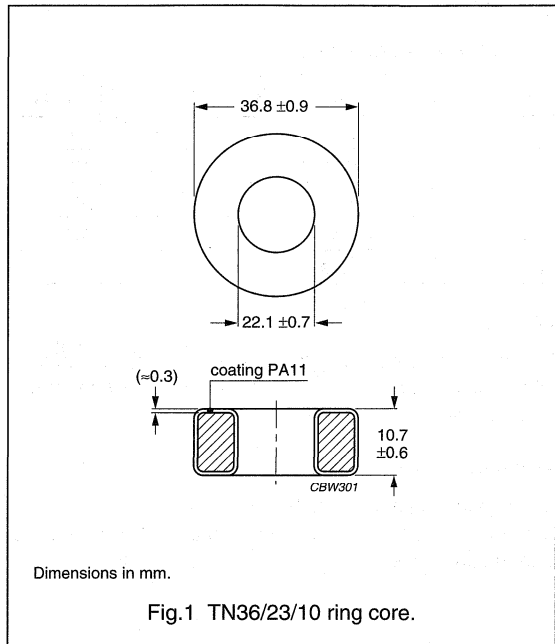
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	112 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN36/23/10-4C65
3C90 <small>des</small>	2060 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN36/23/10-3C90
3C11	3900 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN36/23/10-3C11

## Properties of core under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.64	≤0.64

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN36/23/15

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.935	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8600	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	89.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	95.9	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈42	g

## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

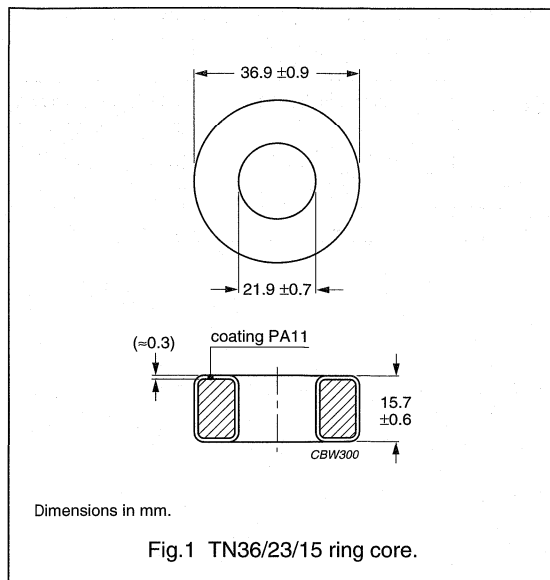
DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.  
Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.

## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65	170 ±25%	≈125	violet	TN36/23/15-4C65
4A11	940 ±25%	≈700	uncoated	T36/23/15-4A11 <sup>(1)</sup>
3R1	—	≈800	black	TN36/23/15-3R1 <sup>(2)</sup>
3S4	2285 ±25%	≈1700	uncoated	T36/23/15-3S4 <sup>(1)</sup>
3F3	2420 ±25%	≈1800	blue	TN36/23/15-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	3090 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine	TN36/23/15-3C90
3C11	5800 ±25%	≈4300	white	TN36/23/15-3C11
3E25	7390 ±25%	≈5500	orange	TN36/23/15-3E25
3E5	11400 ±30%	≈8500	yellow/white	TL36/23/15-3E5 <sup>(3)</sup>
3E6 <small>des</small>	13600 ±30%	≈1000	purple/white	TL36/23/15-3E6 <sup>(3)</sup>

## Notes

- Uncoated ring cores have the following dimensions: outside diameter = 36 ±0.7 mm; inside diameter = 23 ±0.5 mm; height = 15 ±0.3 mm.
- Due to the rectangular BH-loop of 3R1, inductance values strongly depend on the magnetic state of the ring core and measuring conditions. Therefore no  $A_L$  value is specified. For the application in magnetic amplifiers  $A_L$  is not a critical parameter.
- Ring cores in 3E5 and 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane) and have different dimensions: outside diameter = 36.25 ±0.9 mm; inside diameter = 22.75 ±0.7 mm; height = 15.25 ±0.6 mm; flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.



## WARNING

Do not use 3R1 cores close to their mechanical resonant frequency. For more information refer to "3R1" material specification in this data handbook.

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TN36/23/15

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; B̂ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; B̂ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; B̂ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤0.96	≤0.96	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤0.95	≤1.7

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX36/23/15

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.96	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	8440	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	89.7	mm
$A_e$	effective area	94.1	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈40	g

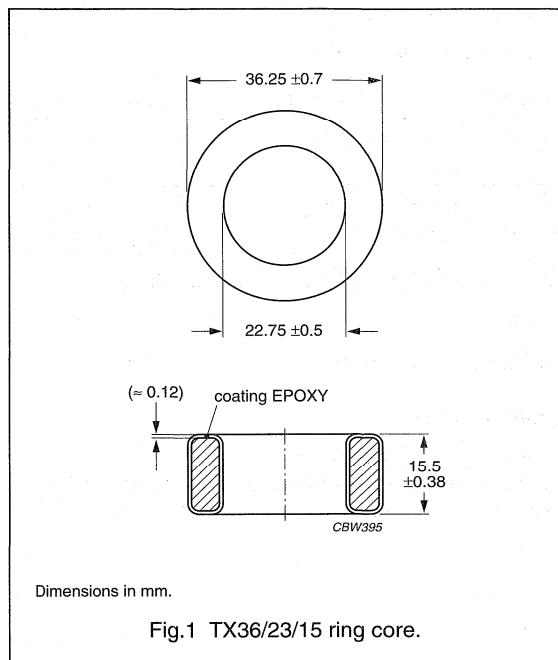
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C81	3670 ±20%	≈2700	brown/white	TX36/23/15-3C81
3E27	6800 ±20%	≈5000	green/white	TX36/23/15-3E27
3E6 <small>des</small>	13600 ±30%	≈10400	purple/white	TX36/23/15-3E6

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤1.7

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX39/20/13

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.76	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9513	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	84.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	112	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈45	g

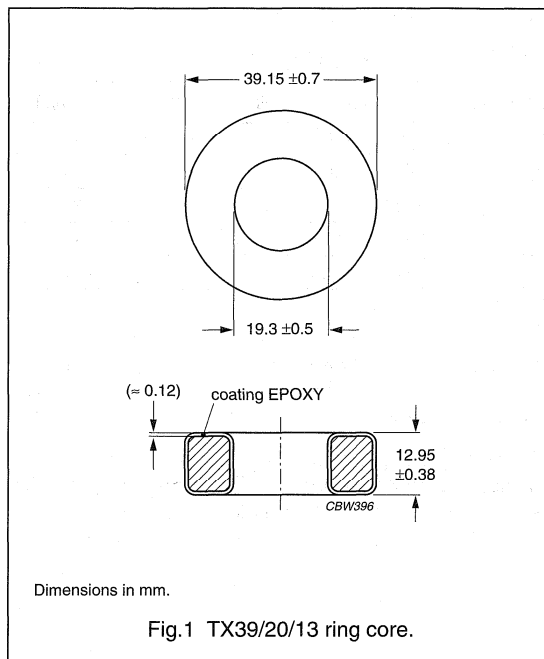
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	3800 ±20%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TX39/20/13-3C90
3C81	4700 ±20%	≈2700	brown/white	TX39/20/13-3C81
3E27	8720 ±20%	≈5000	green/white	TX39/20/13-3E27

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤1.9	—
3C90	≥320	≤1.1	≤1.1

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL42/26/13

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.076	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	9860	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	103	mm
$A_e$	effective area	95.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈53	g

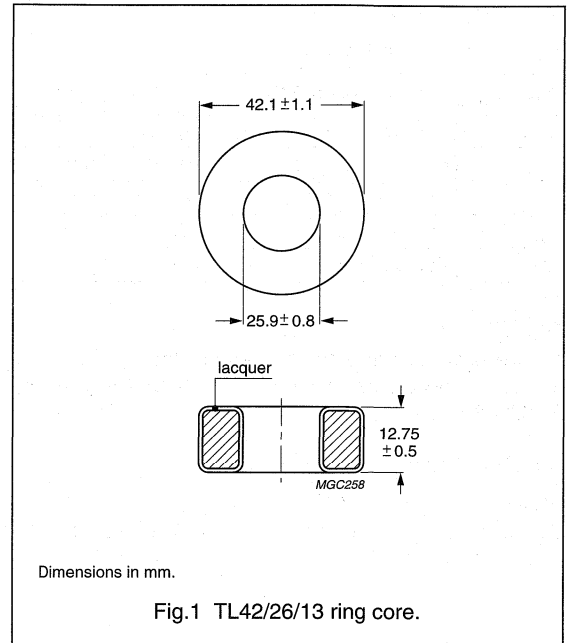
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	2690 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TL42/26/13-3C90
3C11	5000 ±25%	≈4300	white	TL42/26/13-3C11
3E25	6425 ±25%	≈5500	orange/white	TL42/26/13-3E25
4A11	820 ±25%	≈700	pink/white	TL42/26/13-4A11

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤1.1	≤1.1

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL42/26/18

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.769	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	13810	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	103	mm
$A_e$	effective area	134	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 55$	g

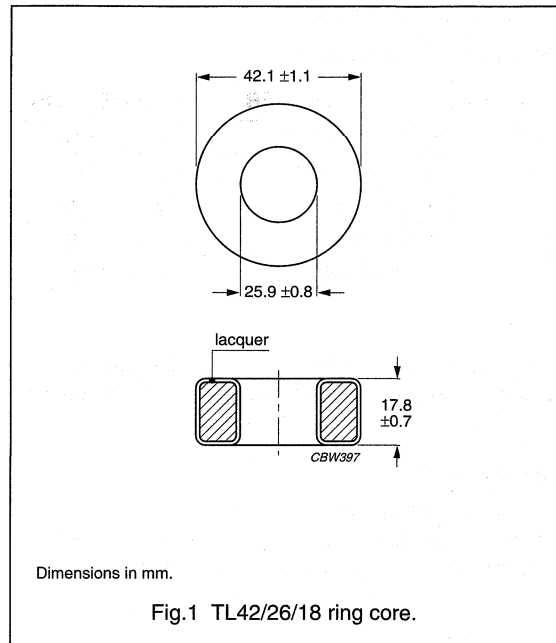
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3E5	12900 $\pm 30\%$	$\approx 8500$	yellow/white	TL42/26/18-3E5



## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

T50/30/19

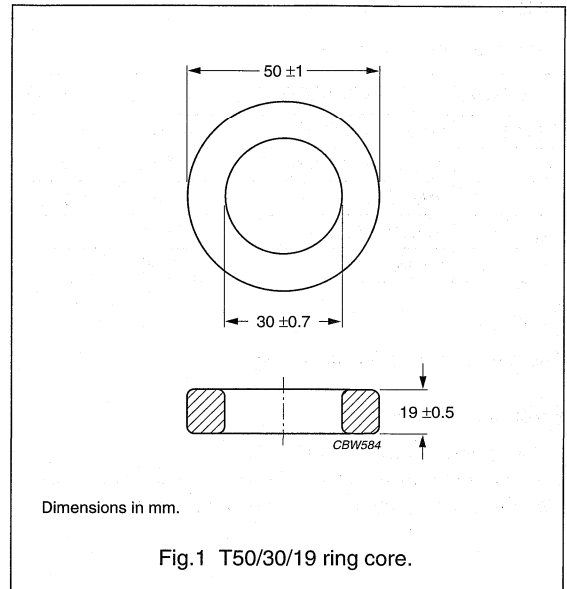
## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.65	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	22378	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	120.4	mm
$A_e$	effective area	186	mm <sup>2</sup>
$m$	mass of core	≈100	g

## Coating

Coated cores are available on request.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E6 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	19400 ±30%	≈10000	T50/30/19-3E6

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX51/32/19

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.73	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	21 500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	125	mm
$A_e$	effective area	172	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈100	g

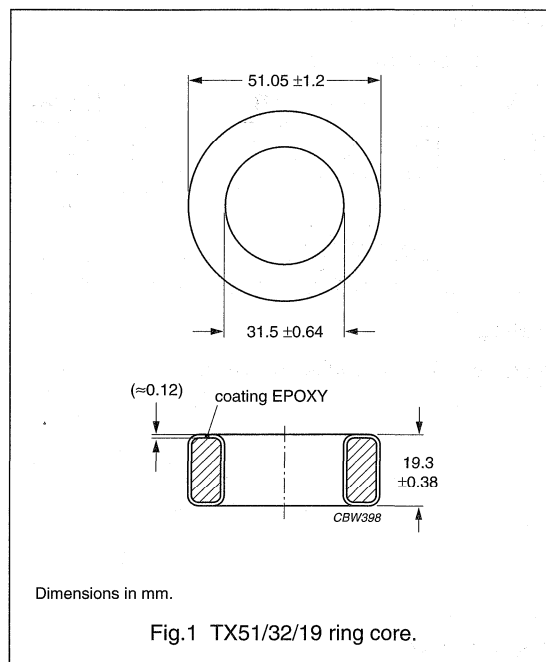
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	3200 ±20%	≈1800	blue/white	TX51/32/19-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	3980 ±20%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TX51/32/19-3C90
3C81	4800 ±20%	≈2700	brown/white	TX51/32/19-3C81
3E25	8890 ±20%	≈5000	orange/white	TX51/32/19-3E25
3E27	8890 ±20%	≈5000	green/white	TX51/32/19-3E27
3E6 <small>des</small>	17300 ±20%	≈10000	purple/white	TX51/32/19-3E6

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; $\dot{B}$ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤4.4	–	–
3C90	≥320	≤2.4	≤2.4	–
3F3	≥320	–	≤2.4	≤4.1

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL55/32/18

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.651	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	26580	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	132	mm
$A_e$	effective area	202	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈134	g

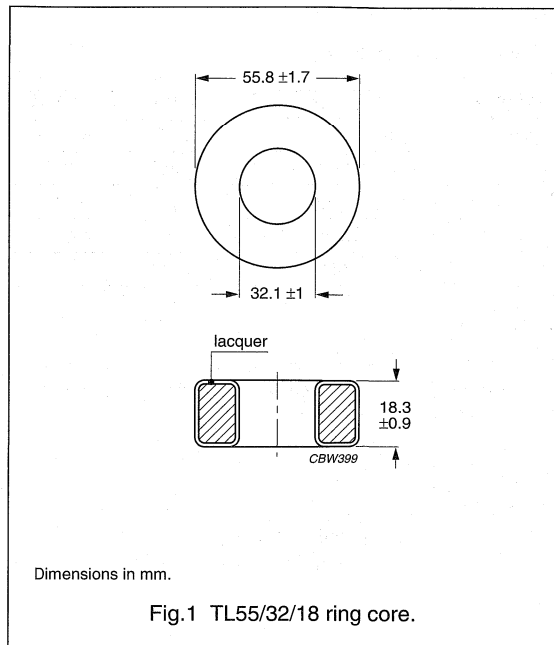
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4A11	1 350 ±25%	≈700	pink/white	TL55/32/18-4A11
3E25	10 620 ±25%	≈5500	orange/white	TL55/32/18-3E25
3E27	10 620 ±25%	≈5500	green/white	TL55/32/18-3E27

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL58/41/18

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.0	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	23200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	152	mm
$A_e$	effective area	152	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈110	g

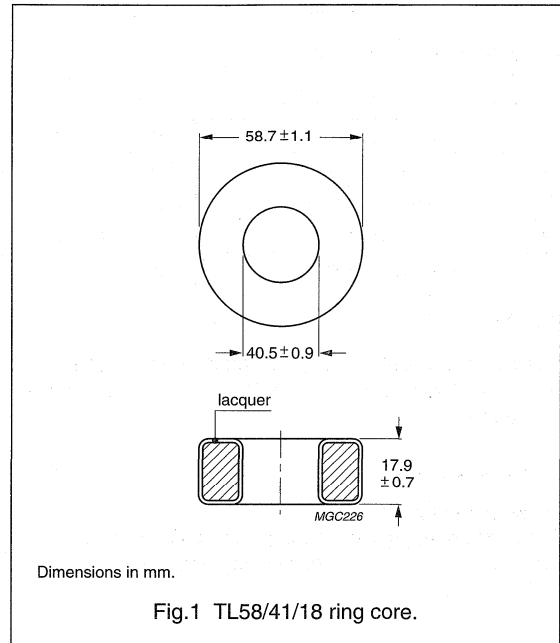
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	2890 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TL58/41/18-3C90
3C11	5400 ±25%	≈4300	white	TL58/41/18-3C11
3E25	6900 ±25%	≈5500	orange/white	TL58/41/18-3E25

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; $\hat{B}$ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤2.6	≤2.6

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL63/38/25

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.497	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	46500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	152	mm
$A_e$	effective area	306	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈220	g

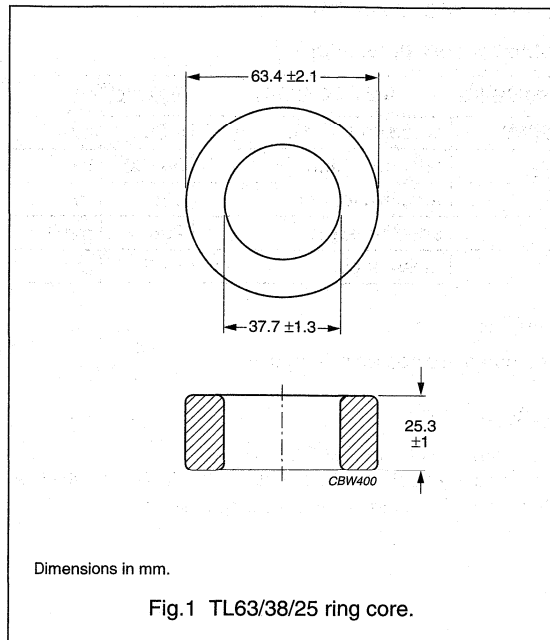
### Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E192048.

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	4550 ±25%	≈1800	blue/white	TL63/38/25-3F3
3E25	13900 ±25%	≈5 500	orange/white	TL63/38/25-3E25

### Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3F3	≥320	≤5.1	≤8.8

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TX74/39/13

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.80	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	34300	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	165	mm
$A_e$	effective area	208	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈170	g

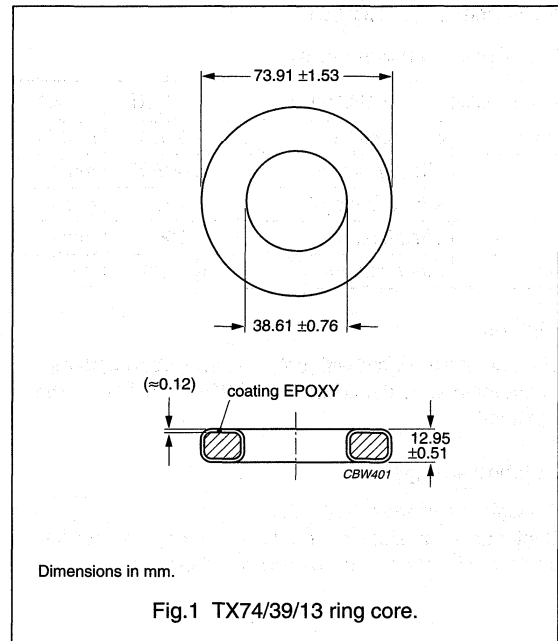
## Coating

The cores are coated with epoxy.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F3	2900 ±20%	≈1800	blue/white	TX74/39/13-3F3
3C90 <small>des</small>	3620 ±20%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TX74/39/13-3C90
3C81	4350 ±20%	≈2700	brown/white	TX74/39/13-3C81
3E25	8060 ±20%	≈5000	orange/white	TX74/39/13-3E25
3E6 <sup>(1)</sup> <small>des</small>	15776 ±30%	≈10000	purple/white	TL74/39/13-3E6

## Note

- Ring cores in 3E6 are lacquered (polyurethane); flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at		
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 400 kHz; Ḃ = 50 mT; T = 100 °C
3C81	≥320	≤7.0	—	—
3C90	≥320	≤4.0	≤4.0	—
3F3	≥320	—	≤3.8	≤8.1

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL87/54/14

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.987	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	46400	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	214	mm
$A_e$	effective area	217	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈220	g

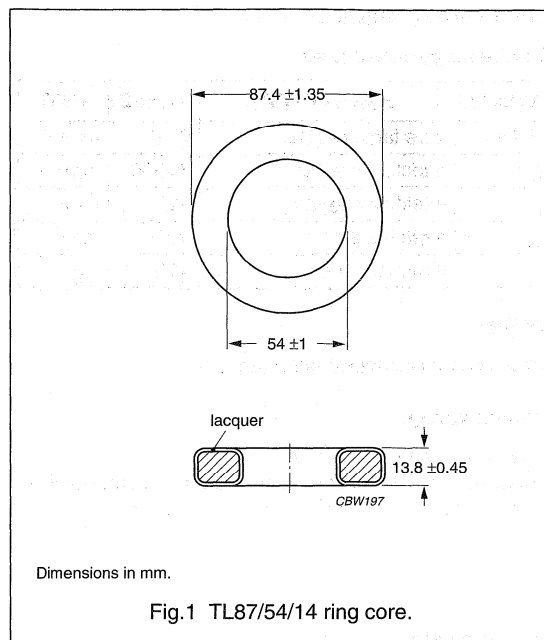
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3C90 <small>des</small>	2930 ±25%	≈2300	ultramarine/white	TL87/54/14-3C90
3C11 <small>des</small>	5470 ±25%	≈4300	white	TL87/54/14-3C11

## Properties of cores under power conditions

GRADE	B (mT) at	CORE LOSS (W) at	
	H = 250 A/m; f = 25 kHz; T = 100 °C	f = 25 kHz; Ḃ = 200 mT; T = 100 °C	f = 100 kHz; Ḃ = 100 mT; T = 100 °C
3C90	≥320	≤5.5	≤5.5

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

T87/56/13

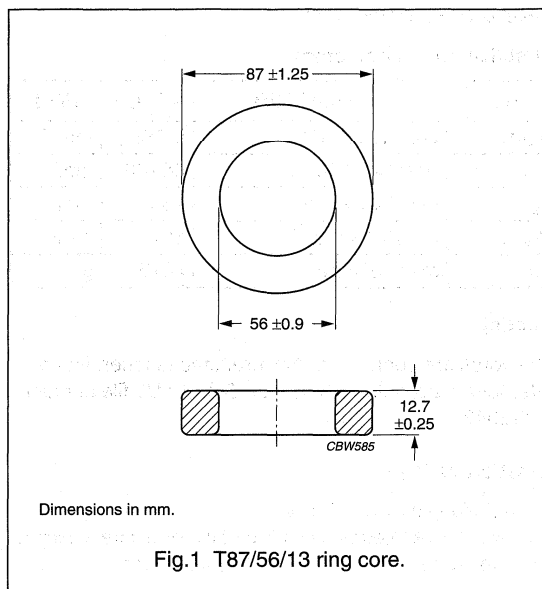
## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.123	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	42133	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	217.5	mm
$A_e$	effective area	194	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈200	g

### Coating

Coated cores are available on request.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E6 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	11190 ±30%	≈10000	T87/56/13-3E6



# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL102/66/15

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.956	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	68200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	255	mm
$A_e$	effective area	267	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈325	g

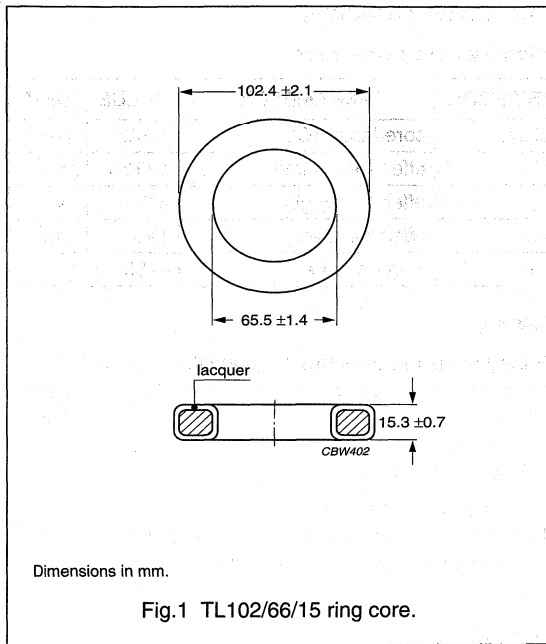
### Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

### Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
4C65 <small>des</small>	165 ±25%	≈125	violet/white	TL102/66/15-4C65
3C11 <small>des</small>	5300 ±25%	≈4300	white	TL102/66/15-3C11
3E25 <small>des</small>	7900 ±25%	≈5500	orange/white	TL102/66/15-3E25

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

TL107/65/18

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.700	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	96000	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	259	mm
$A_e$	effective area	370	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 456$	g

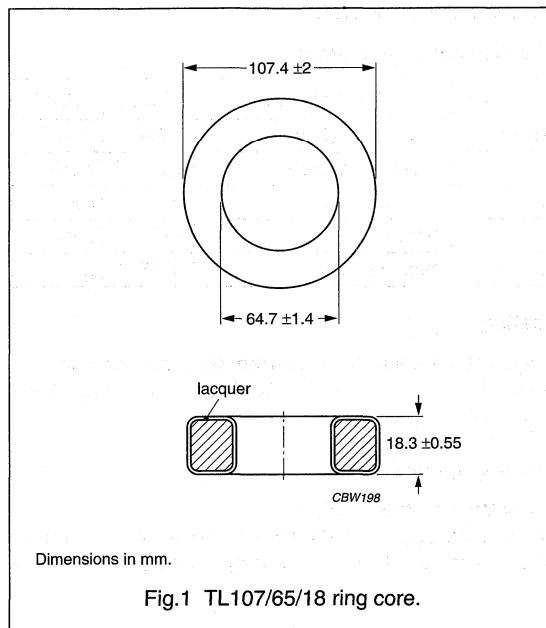
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyurethane lacquer, flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 192048.

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 2000 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <small>des</small>	1354 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 750$	–	T107/65/18-3F4 <sup>(1)</sup>
3E25 <small>des</small>	9900 $\pm 25\%$	$\approx 5500$	orange/white	TL107/65/18-3E25

## Note

1. Non-coated. Dimensions for this core are: outside diameter =  $107 \pm 2$  mm; inside diameter =  $65 \pm 1.3$  mm; height =  $18 \pm 0.35$  mm.

# Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

T107/65/25

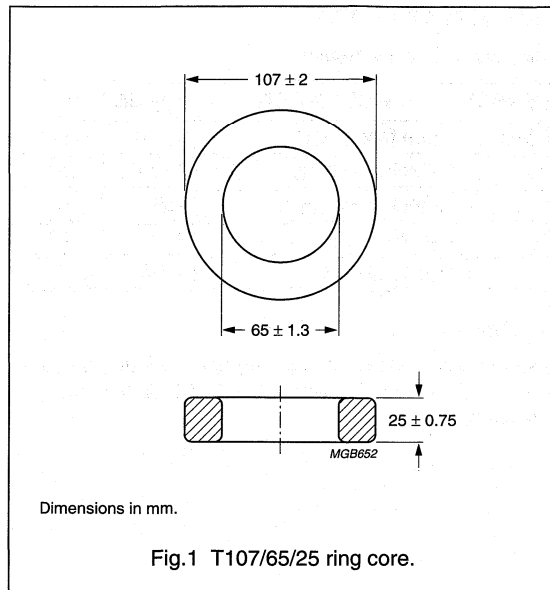
## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.504	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	133000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	259	mm
$A_e$	effective area	514	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈680	g

### Coating

Coated cores are available on request.



### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3F4 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	1870 ±25%	≈750	T107/65/25-3F4
3F3 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	4485 ±25%	≈1800	T107/65/25-3F3

## Ferrite ring cores (toroids)

T140/106/25

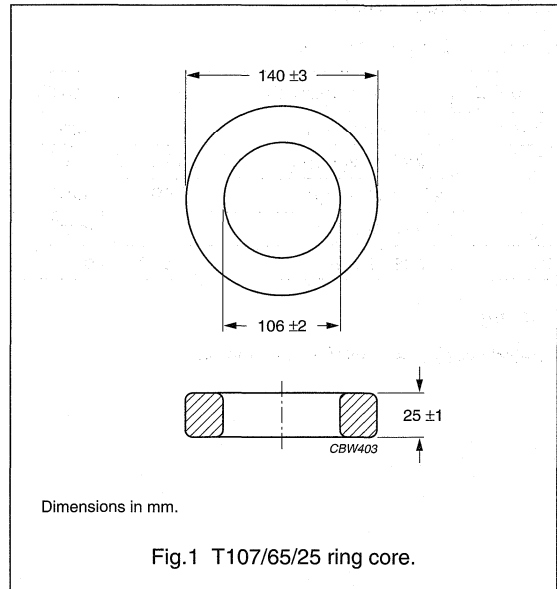
## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.903	$\text{mm}^{-1}$
$V_e$	effective volume	161100	$\text{mm}^3$
$l_e$	effective length	382	mm
$A_e$	effective area	422	$\text{mm}^2$
m	mass of core	$\approx 800$	g

## Coating

Coated cores are available on request.

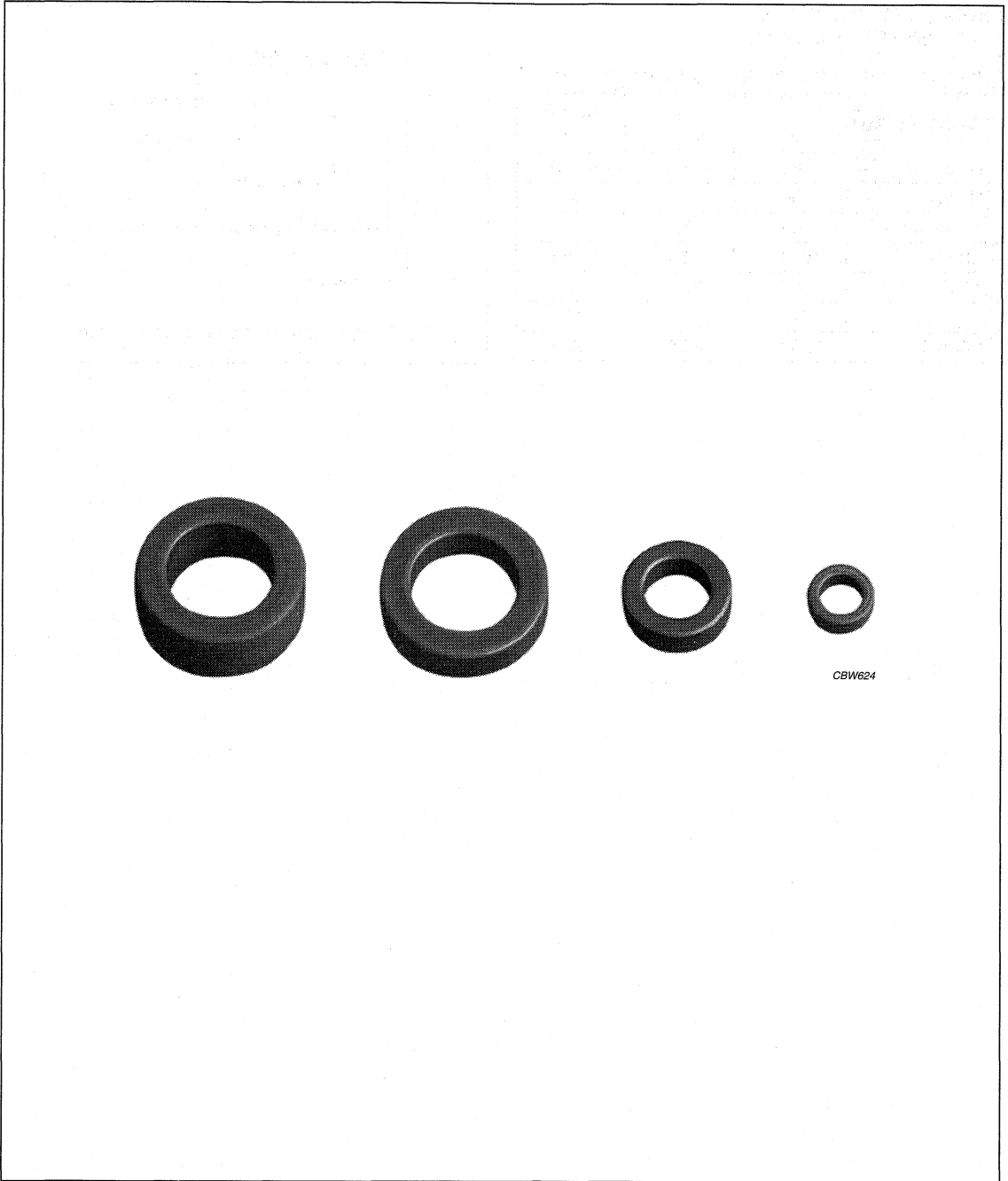


## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	TYPE NUMBER
3E25 <span style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 0 2px;">des</span>	7700 $\pm 30\%$	$\approx 5500$	T140/106/25-3E25

**Soft Ferrites**

**Iron powder ring cores (toroids)**



CBW624

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND  
TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

Product overview iron powder ring cores (toroids)

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
TN7.5/4.1/3	83	4.81	0.6
TN12/8/4.4	290	9.37	2
TN17/9.8/4.4	635	15.8	5
TN20/13/6	1020	20.4	7.5
TN24/15/7.5	1895	32.8	13
TN27/15/11	3720	60.4	25
TN33/20/11	5200	65.0	35

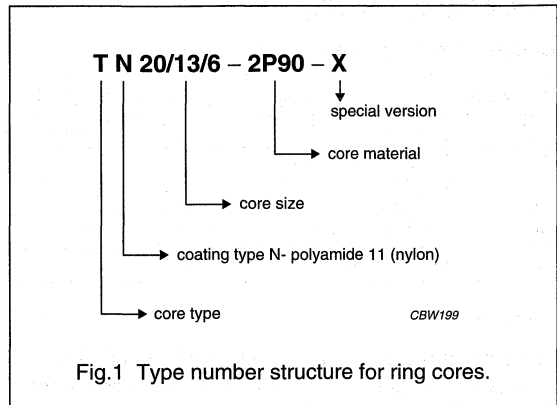


Fig.1 Type number structure for ring cores.

## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN7.5/4.1/3

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.58	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	83	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	17.3	mm
$A_e$	effective area	4.81	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈0.6	g

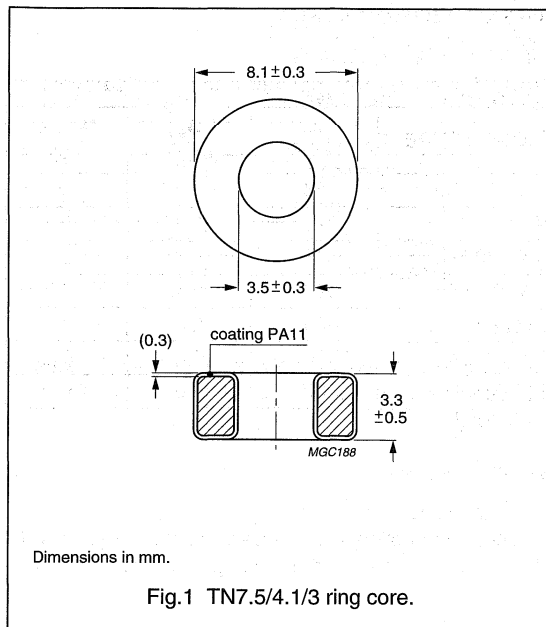
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	14 ±10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN7.5/4.1/3-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	18 ±10%	≈50	dark blue	TN7.5/4.1/3-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	23 ±10%	≈65	dark red	TN7.5/4.1/3-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	28 ±10%	≈80	dark green	TN7.5/4.1/3-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	30 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN7.5/4.1/3-2P90

## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN12/8/4.4

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	3.30	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	290	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	30.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	9.37	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈2	g

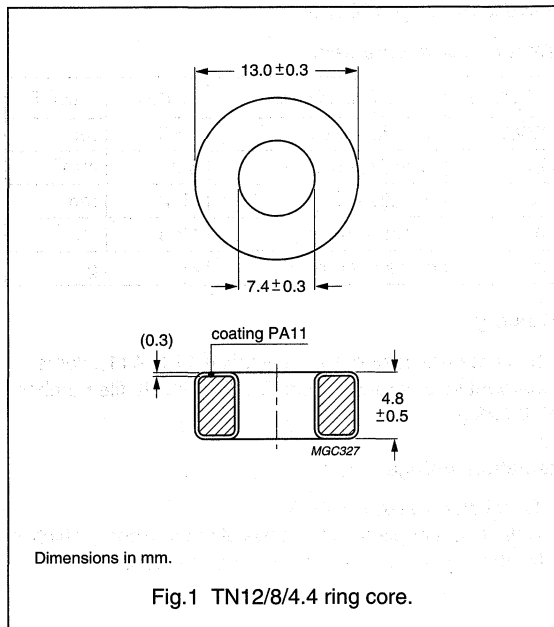
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	15 ±10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN12/8/4.4-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	19 ±10%	≈50	dark blue	TN12/8/4.4-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	25 ±10%	≈65	dark red	TN12/8/4.4-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	31 ±10%	≈80	dark green	TN12/8/4.4-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	33 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN12/8/4.4-2P90



## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN17/9.8/4.4

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.55	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	635	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	40.2	mm
$A_e$	effective area	15.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈5	g

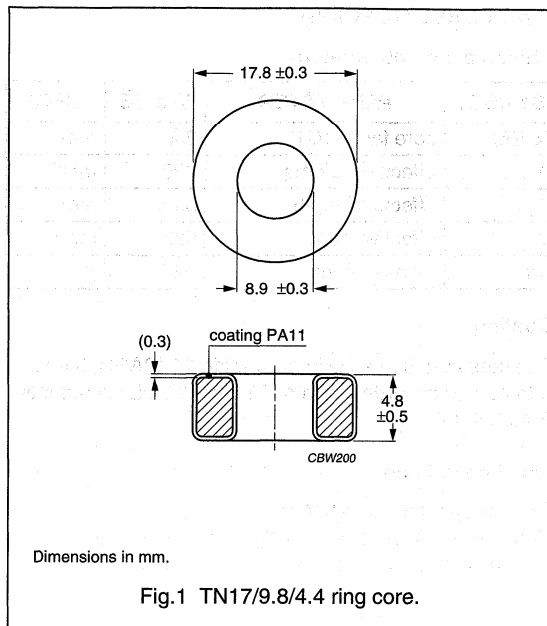
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	20 ±10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN17/9.8/4.4-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	25 ±10%	≈50	dark blue	TN17/9.8/4.4-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	32 ±10%	≈65	dark red	TN17/9.8/4.4-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	40 ±10%	≈80	dark green	TN17/9.8/4.4-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	42 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN17/9.8/4.4-2P90

## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN20/13/6

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	2.44	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1 020	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	49.9	mm
$A_e$	effective area	20.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈7.5	g

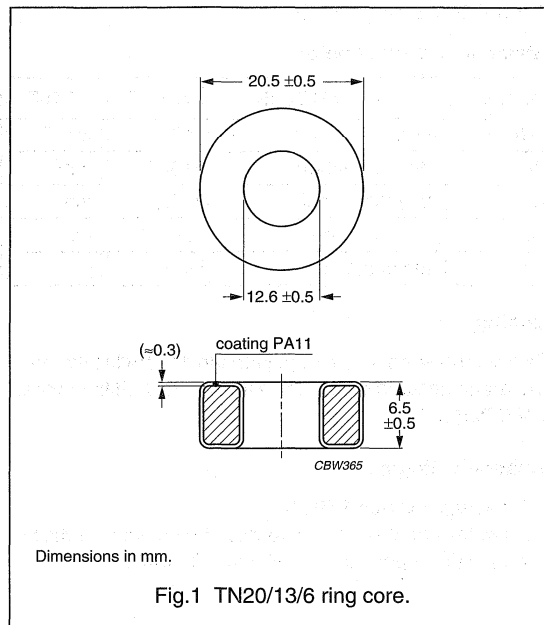
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	21 ± 10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN20/13/6-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	26 ± 10%	≈50	dark blue	TN20/13/6-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	34 ± 10%	≈65	dark red	TN20/13/6-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	41 ± 10%	≈80	dark green	TN20/13/6-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	44 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN20/13/6-2P90

## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN24/15/7.5

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.76	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	1 895	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	57.8	mm
$A_e$	effective area	32.8	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈13	g

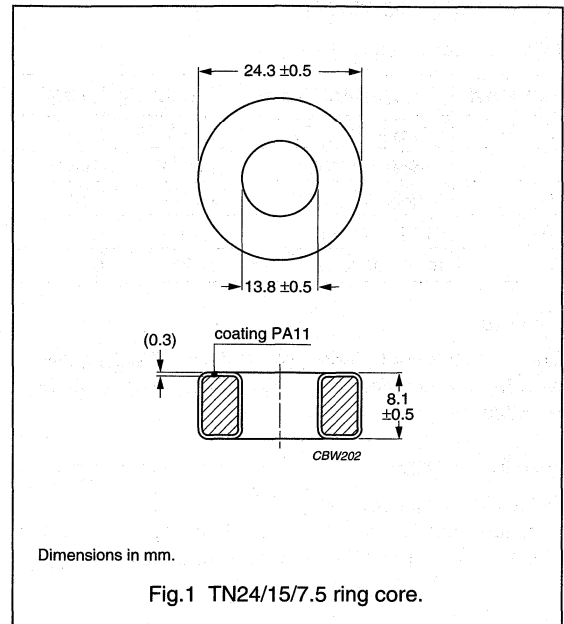
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	29 ±10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN24/15/7.5-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	36 ±10%	≈50	dark blue	TN24/15/7.5-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	47 ±10%	≈65	dark red	TN24/15/7.5-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	57 ±10%	≈80	dark green	TN24/15/7.5-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	61 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN24/15/7.5-2P90

## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN27/15/11

## RING CORES (TOROIDS)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.02	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3720	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	61.6	mm
$A_e$	effective area	60.4	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈25	g

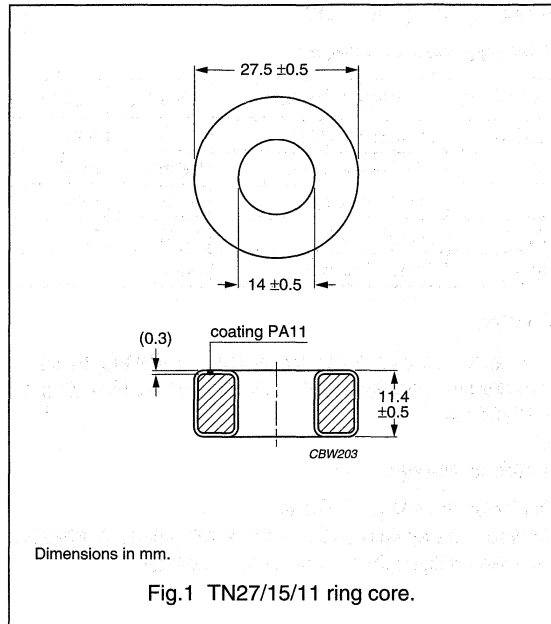
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	49 ±10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN27/15/11-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	62 ±10%	≈50	dark blue	TN27/15/11-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	80 ±10%	≈65	dark red	TN27/15/11-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	94 ±10%	≈80	dark green	TN27/15/11-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	105 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN27/15/11-2P90

## Iron powder ring cores (toroids)

TN33/20/11

## RING CORES

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	1.23	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	5200	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	80.0	mm
$A_e$	effective area	65.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
m	mass of core	≈35	g

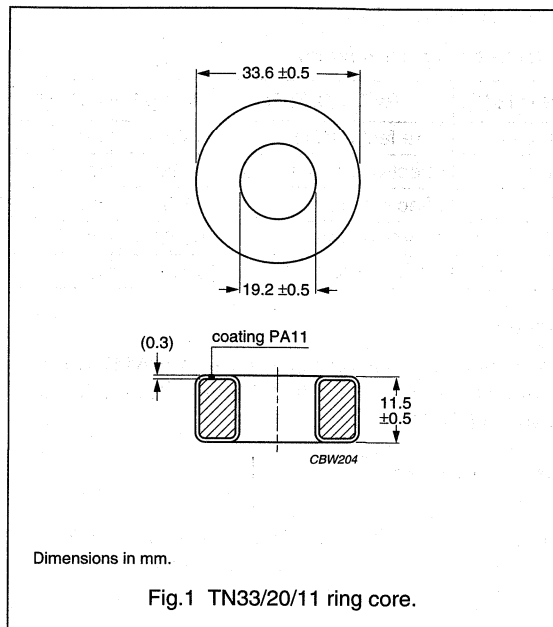
## Coating

The cores are coated with polyamide 11 (PA11), flame retardant in accordance with "UL 94V-2"; UL file number E 45228 (M).

## Isolation voltage

DC isolation voltage: 1500 V.

Contacts are applied on the edge of the ring core, which is also the critical point for the winding operation.



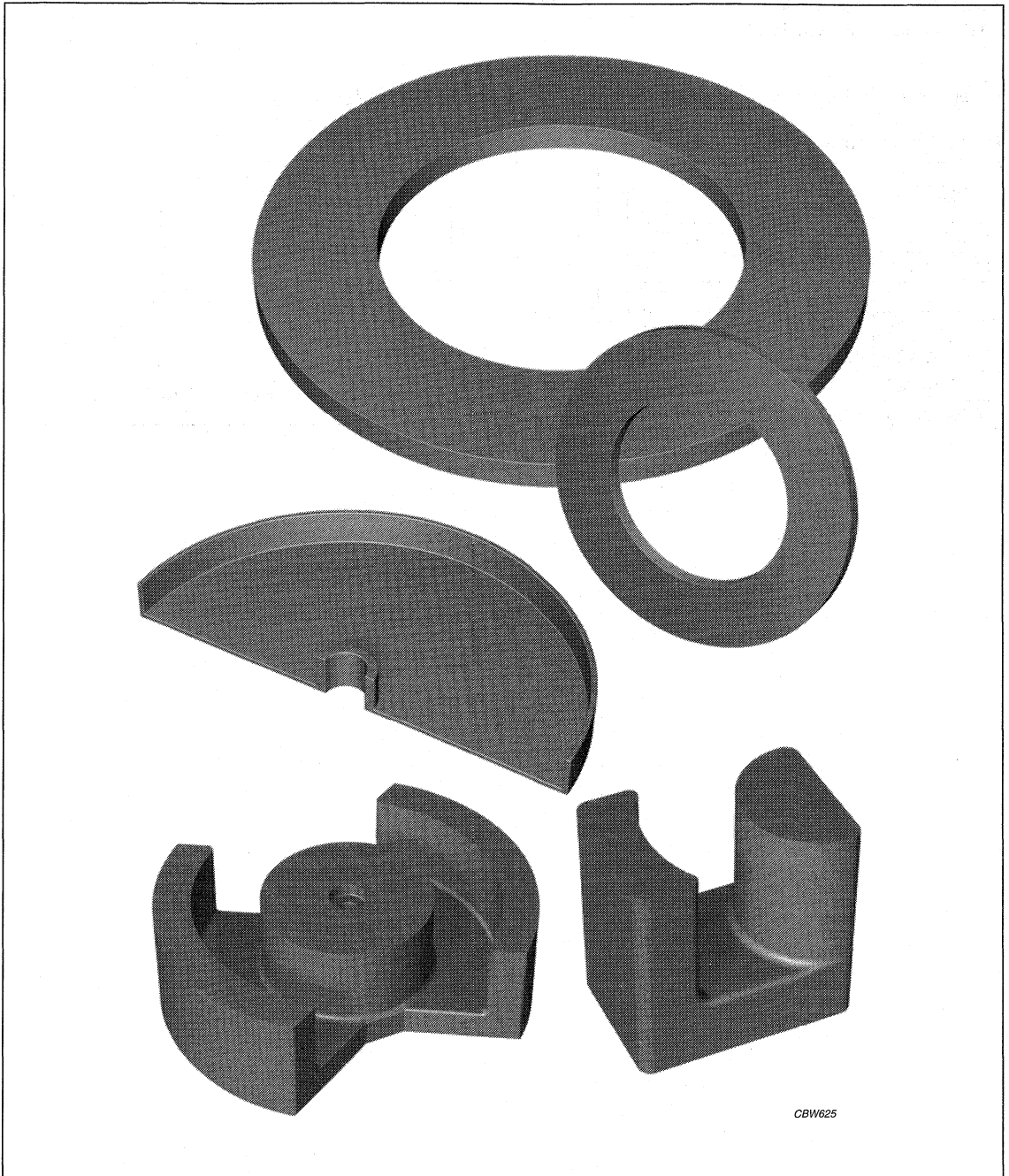
## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	$\mu_i$	COLOUR CODE	TYPE NUMBER
2P40 <sup>sup</sup>	41 ±10%	≈40	dark yellow	TN33/20/11-2P40
2P50 <sup>sup</sup>	51 ±10%	≈50	dark blue	TN33/20/11-2P50
2P65 <sup>sup</sup>	67 ±10%	≈65	dark red	TN33/20/11-2P65
2P80 <sup>sup</sup>	82 ±10%	≈80	dark green	TN33/20/11-2P80
2P90 <sup>sup</sup>	87 +10/-15%	≈90	dark brown	TN33/20/11-2P90



Soft Ferrites

Specialty Ferrites



CBW625

For more information on Product Status Definitions, see page 3.

Soft Ferrites

Specialty Ferrites

PRODUCT OVERVIEW AND TYPE NUMBER STRUCTURE

- Machined Ferrites
- Ferrites for particle accelerators toroids.

Product overview toroids

CORE TYPE	$V_e$ (mm <sup>3</sup> )	$A_e$ (mm <sup>2</sup> )	MASS (g)
T76/38/13	38500	232	≈220
T170/110/20	251500	589	≈1300
T240/160/20	482000	789	≈2500
T498/270/25	3120000	2760	≈17000
T498/300/25	2900000	2420	≈15000
T500/240/25	3300000	3100	≈19000
T500/300/25	2950000	2450	≈16000

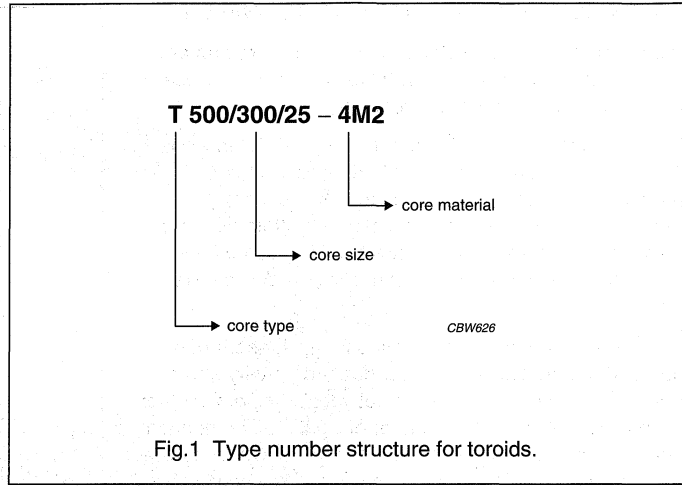


Fig.1 Type number structure for toroids.



# Machined Ferrites

# Survey

## MACHINED FERRITES AND SPECIALTY SHAPES

We stock most of our material grades in blocks and are able to machine numerous prototype cores. Very close tolerances can be realized if required.

Ferrites, being very hard and brittle are difficult to work. The machining and grinding of ferrites and similar materials to micron precision, places stringent requirements on machines and men. To attain optimum standards requires close cooperation between us, the manufacturers of the machines and the machine tools we use.

There are several reasons to choose machined ferrite cores. Samples are sometimes required on very short notice, while pressing tools are not yet available. On other occasions, only a limited number of cores will be needed and it is not worthwhile to make a tool at all. Cores can be so complicated or large that machining is the only viable solution.

Figures 1 to 5 provide a good impression of the variety of cores we have produced. For some of the cores we also have pressing tools available.

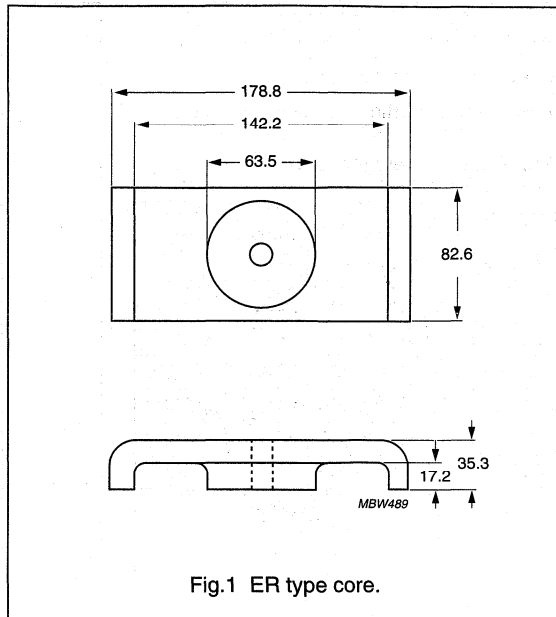


Fig.1 ER type core.

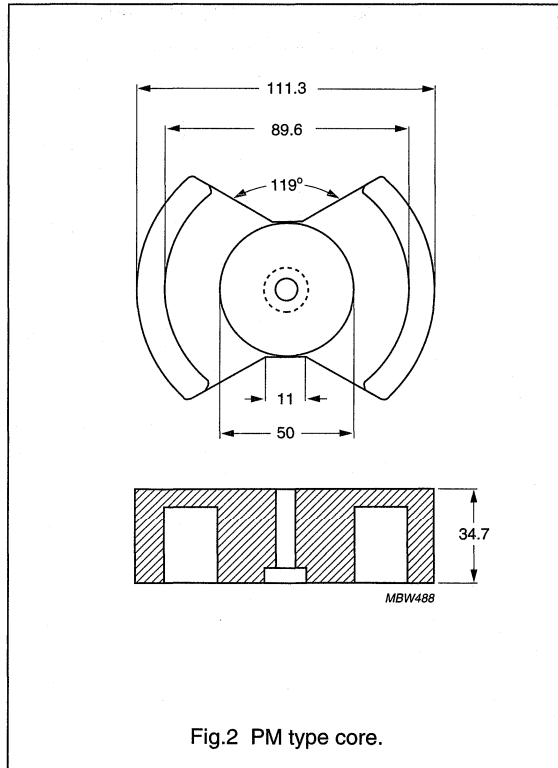


Fig.2 PM type core.

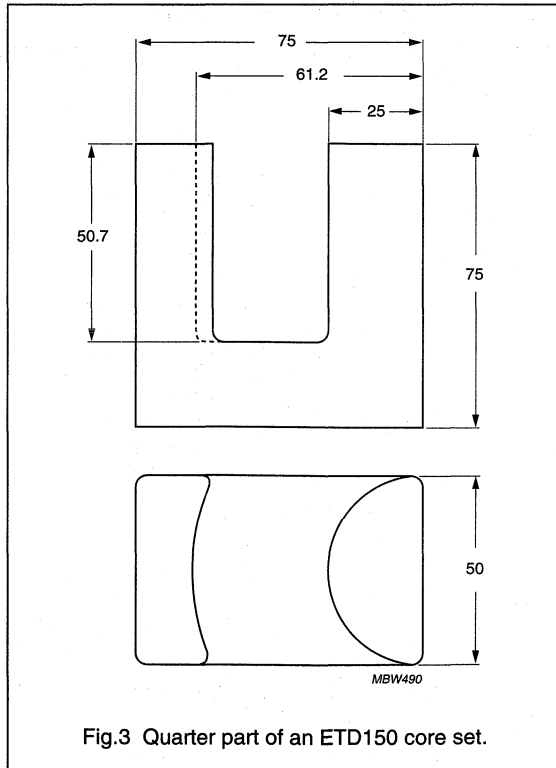
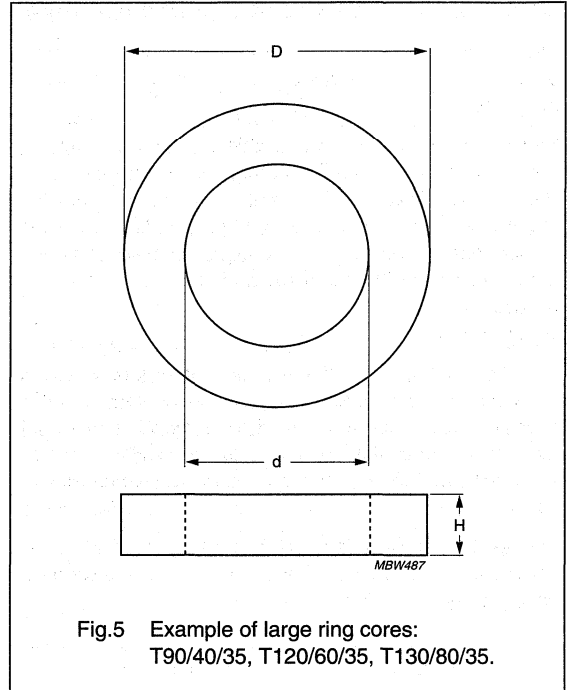
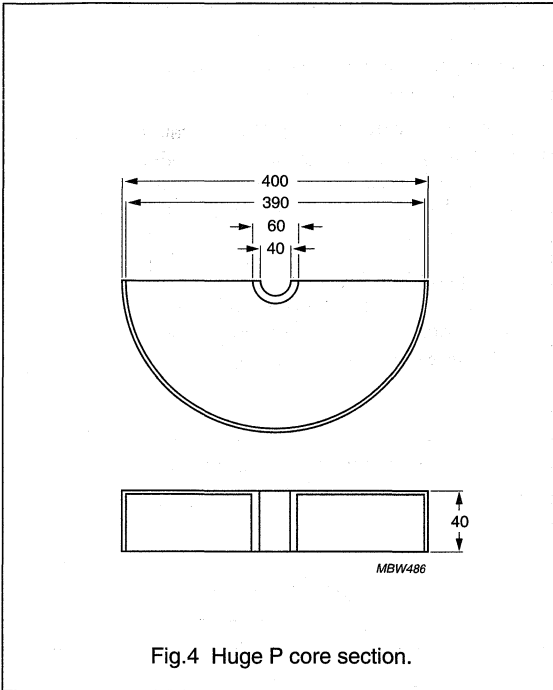


Fig.3 Quarter part of an ETD150 core set.

Machined Ferrites

Survey



**FERRITE IN SCIENTIFIC PARTICLE ACCELERATORS****The application**

Ferrites are used extensively in modern scientific experiments. One of the most exciting and advanced applications is in particle accelerators. Scientists are trying to discover the mysteries of the universe by smashing atomic particles with titanic forces. This requires particle beams to be accelerated to very high speeds and guided into a collision chamber with the help of specially designed magnetic rings and kicker magnets.

**Our materials**

At Philips' research and development laboratories located in Eindhoven, The Netherlands, we can build on 50 years' experience in ferrite technology. We developed the required materials which fulfil the demanding specifications. Due to our long involvement with ferrite technology, we are one of only two major suppliers in the world who support such demanding projects. Because of the extremely demanding nature of the specifications, these magnetic rings and blocks are designed and developed in close interaction with the scientists. This has enabled us to develop unique material grades, which are processed in our highly controlled production environment to deliver the required product performance.

**Our product range**

Our range of large ring cores and blocks was developed especially for use in scientific particle accelerators. Applications include kicker magnets and acceleration stations. Dynamic behaviour under pulse conditions is important for both applications, so special ferrite grades are optimized for low losses at high flux densities. These large rings have also been used successfully in delay lines for very high powers such as in pulsed lasers or radar equipment. Sizes other than those mentioned in the following tables can be made on request.

- Standard range of sizes
- Optimized grades for particle accelerators
- Other sizes on request.

General properties of the grades are described in the section on Material Grades. Specific properties, related to their use in particle accelerators, are provided in the following table.

**Relevant properties of ferrites in accelerator applications**

Properties specified in this section are related to room temperature (25 °C) unless otherwise stated. They have been measured on sintered, non-ground ring cores of dimension  $\varnothing 25 \times \varnothing 15 \times 10$  mm which are not subjected to external stresses.

Products generally do not fully comply with the material specification. Deviations may occur due to shape, size and grinding operations. Detailed specifications are given in the data sheets or product drawings.

## Ferrites for particle accelerators

## Material grades

**MATERIAL GRADES****Material grades and relevant values**

PARAMETER	8C11	8C12	4M2	4E2	4B3
$\mu_i$ ( $\pm 20\%$ )	1200	900	140	25	300
$\mu_{rem}$ approx.	850	600	130	20	–
$B_s$ 25 °C (mT, 800 A/m)	$\geq 300$	280	250	250	$\geq 300$
$B_s$ 40 °C (mT, 800 A/m)	$\geq 280$	250	220	220	–
$H_c$ (A/m, after 800 A/m)	$\leq 20$	30	100	500	$< 80$
$\rho$ DC ( $\Omega m$ )	$> 10^5$	$> 10^5$	$> 10^5$	$> 10^5$	$> 10^5$
$T_C$ (°C)	$\geq 125$	$\geq 125$	$\geq 150$	$\geq 400$	$\geq 250$
$\mu Q$ in remanence 200 kHz:					
10 mT		$15 \times 10^3$			
20 mT		$9 \times 10^3$			
50 mT		$4 \times 10^3$			
$\mu Q$ in remanence 500 kHz:					
10 mT		$10 \times 10^3$			
20 mT		$6 \times 10^3$			
50 mT		$25 \times 10^3$			
$\mu Q$ in remanence 1 MHz:					
5 mT		$10 \times 10^3$	$20 \times 10^3$		
10 mT		$75 \times 10^3$	$20 \times 10^3$		
20 mT		$5 \times 10^3$	$15 \times 10^3$		
30 mT		–	$8 \times 10^3$		
$\mu Q$ in remanence 2.5 MHz:					
5 mT			$20 \times 10^3$		
10 mT			$20 \times 10^3$		
20 mT			$15 \times 10^3$		
30 mT			$7 \times 10^3$		
$\mu Q$ in remanence 5 MHz:					
5 mT			$15 \times 10^3$		
10 mT			$15 \times 10^3$		
20 mT			$10 \times 10^3$		
30 mT			$7 \times 10^3$		
$\mu Q$ in remanence 10 MHz:					
5 mT			$12 \times 10^3$		
10 mT			$10 \times 10^3$		
$\mu Q$ in remanence 80 MHz:					
1 mT				$2.5 \times 10^3$	
$\mu Q$ in remanence 100 MHz				$2 \times 10^3$	

## Ferrites for particle accelerators

## Material grades

PARAMETER	8C11	8C12	4M2	4E2	4B3
Decrease in $\mu Q$ (%), measured 10 ms after application of DC bias (approx.)		10	15	30	
$\mu_{\Delta}$ with DC bias field (approx.):					
0 A/m		600	130		
250 A/m		120	80		
500 A/m		50	40		
1000 A/m		22	22		
2000 A/m		8	12		
3000 A/m		5.5	8		
Frequency range (with or without DC bias) in MHz		0.5 to 10	2 to 10	20 to 100	
Application area and special features	kicker magnets; high resistance	high frequency ratio possible with DC bias	fast recovery after magnetic bias	high frequency material	high ( $B_s + B_r$ )

Ferrite for particle accelerators

T76/38/13

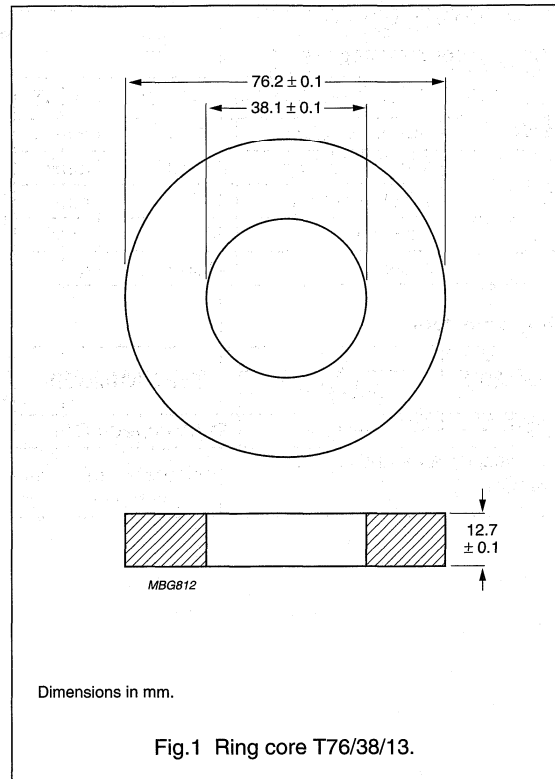
RING CORES (TOROID)

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.716	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	38500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	166	mm
$A_e$	effective area	232	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈220	g

Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
4M2	≈250	T76/38/13-4M2
8C11	≈2000	T76/38/13-8C11
8C12	≈1600	T76/38/13-8C12



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.1 Ring core T76/38/13.

## Ferrite for particle accelerators

T170/110/20

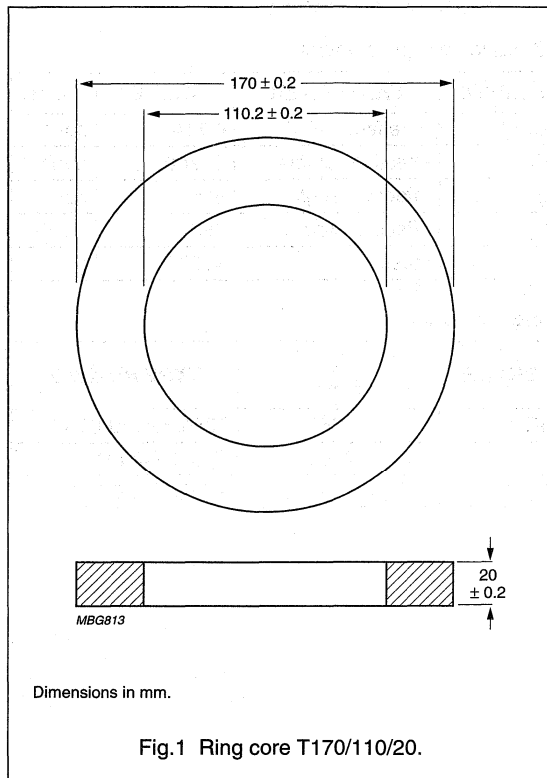
## RING CORES (TOROID)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.725	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	251 500	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	427	mm
$A_e$	effective area	589	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈1300	g

## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
8C11	≈2600	T170/110/20-8C11



## Ferrite for particle accelerators

T240/160/20

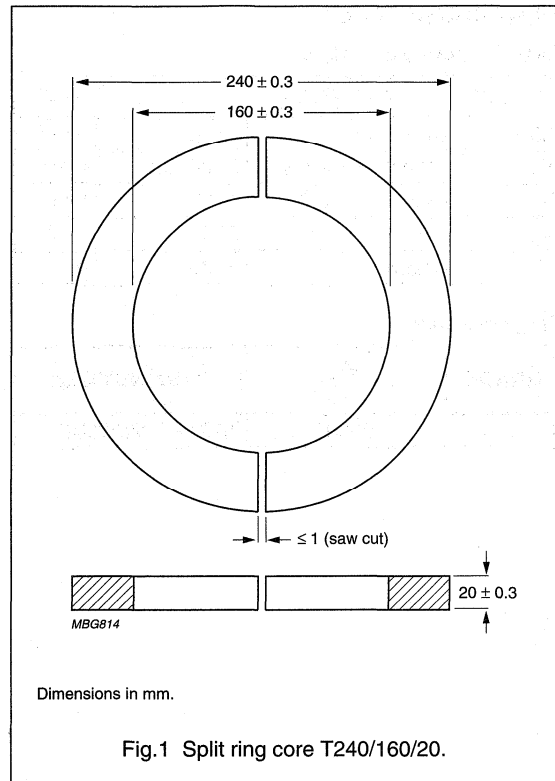
## SPLIT RING CORE (TOROID)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.774	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	482000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	611	mm
$A_e$	effective area	789	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈2500	g

## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
8C11	–	T240/160/20-8C11





## Ferrite for particle accelerators

T498/270/25

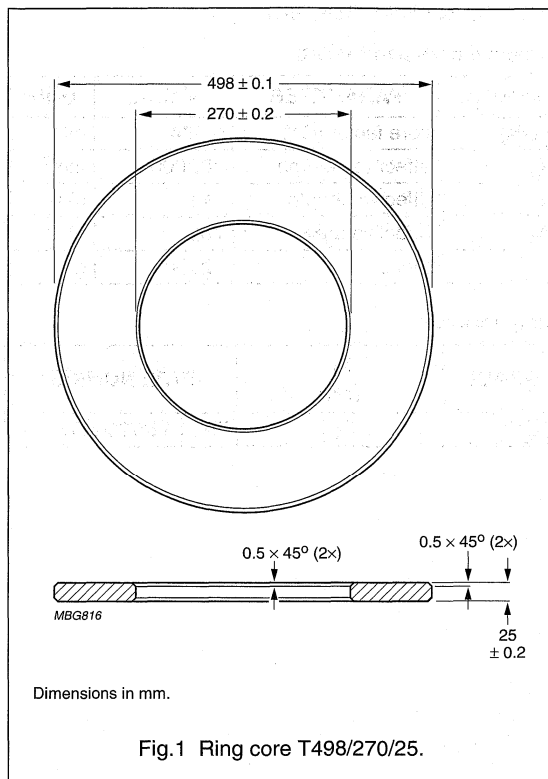
## RING CORE (TOROID)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.409	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3120000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	11130	mm
$A_e$	effective area	2760	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈17000	g

## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
8C12	≈2 800	T498/270/25-8C12



# Ferrite for particle accelerators

T498/300/25

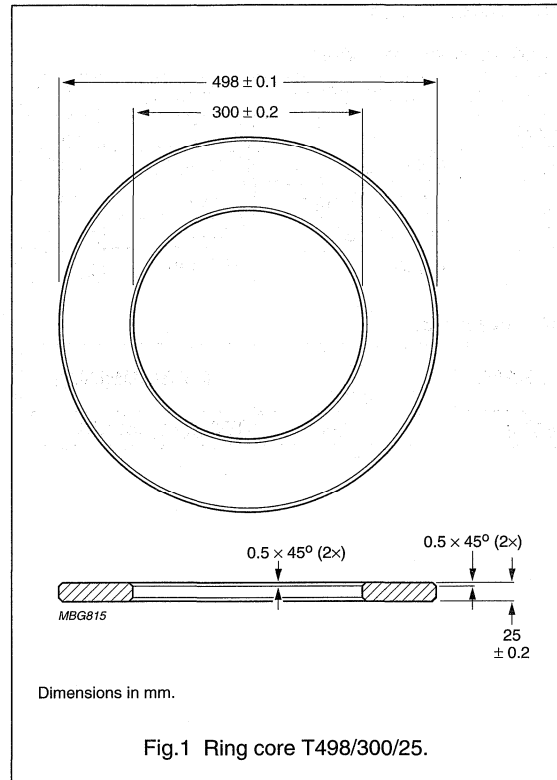
## RING CORE (TOROID)

### Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.496	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2900000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	1200	mm
$A_e$	effective area	2420	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈15000	g

### Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
8C12	≈2300	T498/300/25-8C12



Ferrite for particle accelerators

T500/240/25

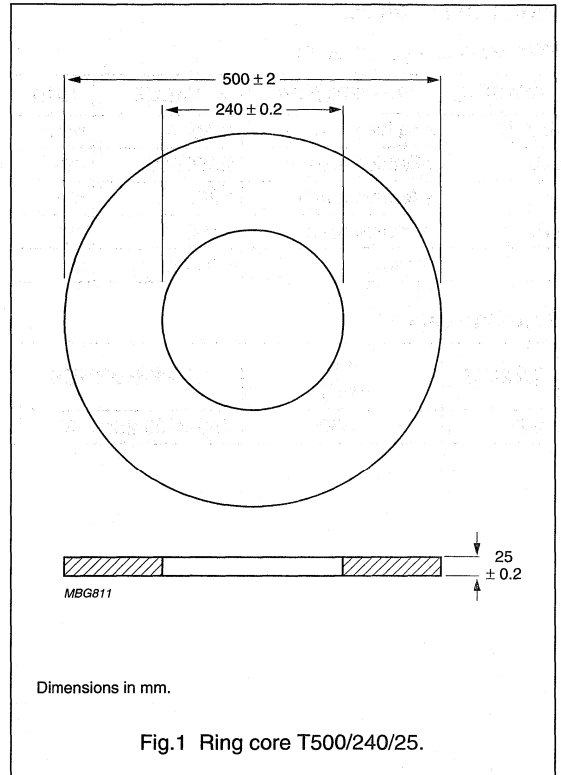
RING CORE (TOROID)

Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(I/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.342	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	3300000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	1060	mm
$A_e$	effective area	3100	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈19000	g

Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
4B3	≈1300	T500/240/25-4B3



## Ferrite for particle accelerators

T500/300/25

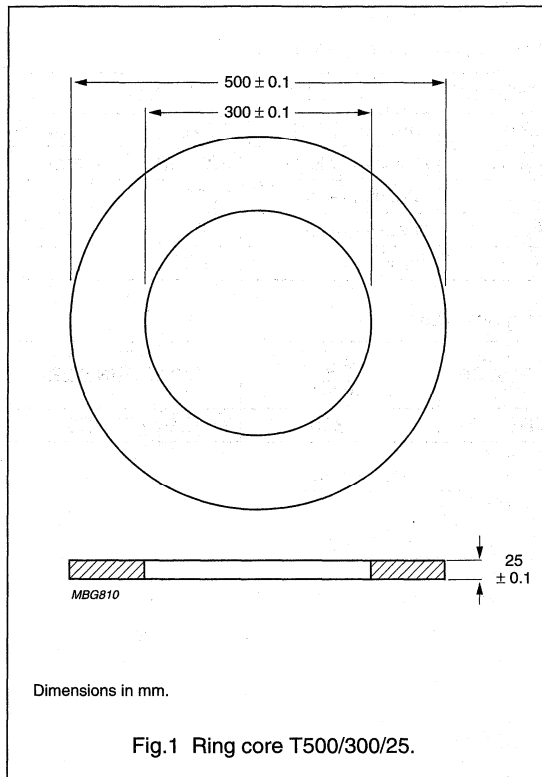
## RING CORE (TOROID)

## Effective core parameters

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$\Sigma(l/A)$	core factor (C1)	0.49	mm <sup>-1</sup>
$V_e$	effective volume	2950000	mm <sup>3</sup>
$l_e$	effective length	1200	mm
$A_e$	effective area	2450	mm <sup>2</sup>
	mass	≈16000	g

## Ring core data

GRADE	$A_L$ (nH)	TYPE NUMBER
4M2	≈350	T500/300/25-4M2



## **FERROXCUBE North America Sales Offices**

<b>State</b>	<b>Sales Office</b>	<b>Phone</b>	<b>Fax</b>	<b>E-mail/Website</b>
Arizona	Harper and 2, Tempe, AZ	(480) 804-1290	(480) 804-1291	www.harperandtwo.com
Arkansas	PEI, Richardson, TX	(972) 479-9777	(972) 479-9778	johnhunter@peielectronicsales.com
California - San Diego	Harper and 2, San Diego, CA	(858) 391-1940	(858) 391-1945	www.harperandtwo.com
California - South	Harper and 2, Signal Hill, CA	(562) 424-3030	(562) 424-6622	www.harperandtwo.com
Hawaii	Harper and 2, Signal Hill, CA	(562) 424-3030	(562) 424-6622	www.harperandtwo.com
Louisiana	PEI, Richardson, TX	(972) 479-9777	(972) 479-9778	johnhunter@peielectronicsales.com
Minnesota	ECS, Eden Prairie, MN	(612) 946-9510	(612) 946-9052	shauschild@ecs-sales.com
Nevada (Clark County)	Harper and 2, Tempe, AZ	(480) 804-1290	(480) 804-1291	www.harperandtwo.com
New Mexico	Harper and 2, Tempe, AZ	(480) 804-1290	(480) 804-1291	www.harperandtwo.com
North Dakota	ECS, Eden Prairie, MN	(612) 946-9510	(612) 946-9052	shauschild@ecs-sales.com
Oklahoma	PEI, Richardson, TX	(972) 479-9777	(972) 479-9778	johnhunter@peielectronicsales.com
South Dakota	ECS, Eden Prairie, MN	(612) 946-9510	(612) 946-9052	shauschild@ecs-sales.com
Texas	PEI, Richardson, TX	(972) 479-9777	(972) 479-9778	johnhunter@peielectronicsales.com
Wisconsin (Western)	ECS, Eden Prairie, MN	(612) 946-9510	(612) 946-9052	shauschild@ecs-sales.com
Mexico (excl. Baja)	R.V. Componentes, Guadalajara, MX	523-122-2325	523-122-2332	jreynoso_rv@infosel.net.mx
Mexico (Baja)	Harper and 2, San Diego, CA	(858) 391-1940	(858) 391-1945	www.harperandtwo.com
<b>All others in North America</b>	<b>Philips Ferrite Ceramics, Roswell, GA</b>	<b>(877) 433-77483</b>	<b>(770) 992-0725</b>	<b>ferrite_ceramics@philips.com</b>
<b>Internet address:</b>	<b>www.ferroxcube.com</b>			

# FERROXCUBE - your global partner

**Australia:** Philips Components, HOMEBUSH,  
Tel. +61 2 9704 8141, Fax. +61 2 9704 8139

**Austria:** contact Philips Components, Germany,  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 305, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

**Benelux:** Philips Components, EINDHOVEN,  
Tel. +31 40 25 90 772, Fax. +31 40 25 90 777

**Canada:** contact Philips Ferrite Ceramics, USA,  
Tel. +1 877 433 77483, Fax. +1 770 992 0725

**China:** Philips Company, SHANGHAI,  
Tel. +86 21 6354 1088, Fax. +86 21 6354 1060

**Czech Republic:** contact Philips Components, Germany,  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 305, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

**Denmark:** contact Philips Components, Sweden,  
Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745

**Finland:** Philips Components, ESPOO,  
Tel. +358 9 615 800, Fax. +358 9 615 80510

**France:** Philips Composants, SURESNES,  
Tel. +33 1 4099 6161, Fax. +33 1 4099 6048

**Germany:** Philips Components, HAMBURG,  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 302, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

**Greece:** contact Philips Components, Italy,  
Tel. +39 039 203 6854, Fax. +39 039 203 6842

**Hungary:** contact Philips Components, Germany,  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 305, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

**Hong Kong:** Philips Hong Kong, KOWLOON,  
Tel. +852 2784 3000, Fax. +852 2784 3003

**Indonesia:** contact Philips Singapore,  
Tel. +65 350 1701, Fax. +65 355 1758

**Ireland:** contact Philips Components, U.K.,  
Tel. +44 1306 512 000, Fax. +44 1306 512 345

**Israel:** Rapac Electronics, TEL AVIV,  
Tel. +972 3 6450 444, Fax. +972 3 6491 007

**Italy:** Philips Components, MONZA,  
Tel. +39 039 203 6854, Fax. +39 039 203 6842

**Malaysia:** contact Philips Singapore,  
Tel. +65 350 1701, Fax. +65 355 1758

**Mexico:** contact Philips Ferrite Ceramics, USA,  
Tel. +1 877 433 77483, Fax. +1 770 992 0725

**New Zealand:** Philips New Zealand, AUCKLAND,  
Tel. +64 9 815 4000, Fax. +64 9 849 7811

**Norway:** contact Philips Components, Sweden,  
Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745

**Philippines:** contact Philips Singapore,  
Tel. +65 350 1701, Fax. +65 355 1758

**Poland:** contact Philips Components, Germany,  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 305, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

**Portugal:** contact Philips Components, Spain,  
Tel. +34 93 301 63 12, Fax. +34 93 301 42 43

**Singapore:** Philips Singapore, SINGAPORE,  
Tel. +65 350 1701, Fax. +65 355 1758

**Spain:** Philips Components, BARCELONA,  
Tel. +34 93 301 63 12, Fax. +34 93 301 42 43

**Sweden:** Philips Components, STOCKHOLM,  
Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745

**Switzerland:** contact Philips Components, Germany,  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 302, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

**Taiwan:** Philips Taiwan, TAIPEI,  
Tel. +886 2 2134 2939, Fax. +886 2 2134 2929

**Turkey:** contact Philips Components, Italy,  
Tel. +39 039 203 6854, Fax. +39 039 203 6842

**United Kingdom:** Philips Components, DORKING,  
Tel. +44 1306 512 000, Fax. +44 1306 512 345

**United States:** Philips Ferrite Ceramics, ROSWELL, GA,  
Tel. +1 877 433 77483, Fax. +1 770 992 0725

**For all other countries apply to closest regional sales office:**

■ HAMBURG, Germany  
Tel. +49 40 527 28 305, Fax. +49 40 527 28 306

■ ROSWELL (GA), United States  
Tel. +1 877 433 77483, Fax. +1 770 992 0725

■ TAIPEI, Taiwan  
Tel. +886 2 2134 2939, Fax. +886 2 2134 2929

FCD01

© Philips Electronics N.V. 2000

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.  
The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

**Internet:** [www.ferroxcube.com](http://www.ferroxcube.com)

Printed in The Netherlands

9398 188 01011

Date of release: June 2000



# PHILIPS

*Let's make things better.*